A Concise

Dictionary

of

Old Icelandic

Fonts by Monokrom
Formatting by Prince

Published by Oxford University Press

1910

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Scanning and proofreading by Sean Crist.
Further proofreading and HTML encoding by Tim Stridmann.
CSS styling by Håkon Wium Lie.

A

A, a negative suffix to verbs, *not*; era útmakligt, *at it is not unmeet that*.

ABBADIS (pl. -AR), f. *abbess*.

ABBAST (AÐ), v. ref. *to be angry, to quarrel* (a. við e-n, upp á e-n).

ABBINDI (= afbindi), n. *constipation*.

AÐAL, n. *nature, disposition*.

AÐAL- in compds., *chief, head, principal*; -AKKERI, n. *sheet-anchor*; -BÓL, n. *manor*; -BORINN, pp. *of noble birth*, = óðal-borinn; -FESTR, f. see alaðsfestr; -FYLKING, f. *the main body of troops, centre*; -HAF, n. *the high sea*; -HENDA, f. = alhenda; -HENDING, f. *full* or *perfect rhyme*, as *góð: blóð* (opposed to 'skothending'); -HENDR, a. (verse) *with perfect rhymes*; -KELDA, f. *chief well*; -KIRKJA, f. *chief part of a church*, opp. to 'forkirkja'; -LIGA, adv. *completely, quite*; -MERKI, n. *chief banner*; -RITNING, f. *chief writing*; -SKÁLI, m. *the main hall*, opp. to 'forskáli, forhús'; -TRÉ, n. *trunk of a tree*; -TROLL, n. *downright ogre*; -TÚLKR, m. *chief spokesman*.

AÐILD, f. *chief defendantship or prosecutorship*.

AÐILDARMAÐR, m. = aðili.

AÐILI (-JA, -JAR, later -A, -AR), m. *chief defendant* (varnaraðili) or *prosecutor* (sóknaraðili, sakaraðili).

AF, prep. w. dat. I. Of place: (1) *off, from*; G. hljóp af hesti sínum, *G. jumped off his horse*; ganga af mótinu, *to go away from the meeting*; Flosi kastaði af sér skikkjunni, *threw off his cloak*; Gizzur gekk af útsuðri at gerðinu, *from the south-west*; hann hafði leyst af sér skúa sína, *he had taken off his shoes*; Steinarr vildi slíta hann af sér, *throw him off*; tók Gísli þá af sér vápnin, *took off his arms*; bréf af Magnúsi konungi, *a letter from king Magnus*; land af landi, *from one land to the other*; hverr af öðrum, *one after another, in succession*; vil ek þú vinnir af þér skuldina, *work off the debt*; muntu enga sætt af mér fá, *no peace at my hand*; rísa af dauða, *to rise from the dead*; vakna af draumi, *to awaken from a dream*; lúka upp af hrossi, *to open a gate from off a horse*; vindr stóð af landi, *the wind blew from the land*; (2) *out of*; verða tekinn af heimi, *to be taken out of the world*; gruflar hón af læknum, *she scrambles out of the brook*; Otradalr var mjök af vegi, *far out of the way*. Connected with út; föstudaginn fór út herrinn af borginni, *marched out of the town*. II. Of time; *past, beyond*: af ómaga-aldri, *able to support oneself, of age*; ek em nú af léttasta skeiði, *no longer in the prime of life*; þá er sjau vikur eru af sumri, *when seven weeks of summer are past*; var mikit af nótt, *much of the night was past*. III. In various other relations: (1) þiggja lið af e-m, *to receive help from one*; hafa umboð af e-m, *to be another's deputy*; vera góðs (ills) maklegr af e-m, *to deserve good (bad) of one*; féll þar lið mart af Eyvindi, *many of Eyvind's men fell there*; þá eru þeir útlagir ok af goðorði sínu, *have forfeited their* 'goðorð'; þá skalt þú af allri fjárheimtunni, *forfeit all the claim*; ek skal stefna þér af konunni, *summon thee to give up*; (2) *off, of*; höggva fót, hönd, af e-m, *to cut off one's foot,*

hand; vil ek, at þú takir slíkt sem þér líkar af varningi, *whatever you like of the stores*; þar lá forkr einn ok brotit af endanum, *with the point broken off*; absol., beit hann höndina af, *bit the hand off*; fauk af höfuðit, *the head flew off*; (3) *of, among*; hinn efniligasti maðr af ungum mönnum, *the most promising of the young men*; (4) *with*; hláða, (ferma) skip af e-u, *to load (freight) a ship with*; fylla heiminn af sínu kyni, *to fill the world with his offspring*; (5) *of* (= *ór* which is more frequent); húsit var gert af timbr stokkum, *was built of trunks of trees*; (6) *fig.*, eigi vita menn hvat af honum er orðit, *what has become of him*; hvat hefir þú gert af Gunnari, *what hast thou done with Gunnar?*; (7) denoting parentage, descent, origin; ok eru af þeim komnir Gilsbekkingar, *are descended from them*; kominn af Trójumönnum, *descended from the Trojans*; (8) *by, of* (after passive); ek em sendr hingat af Starkaði, *sent hither by*; ástsæll af landsmónnum, *beloved of*; (9) *on account of, by reason of, by*; úbygðr at frosti ok kulda, *because of frost and cold*; ómáli af áverkum, *speechless from wounds*; af ástæld hans, *by his popularity*; af því, *therefore*; af hví, *wherefor why*; af því at, *because*; (10) *by means of, by*; framfœra e-n af verkum sínum, *by means of his own labour*; af sínu fé, *by one's own means*; absol., hann fekk af hina mestu sœmd, *derived great honour from it*; (11) with adjectives, *in regard to*; mildr af fé, *liberal of money*; góðr af griðum, *merciful*; fastr af drykk, *close (stingy) in regard to drink*; (12) used absol. with a verb, *off away*; hann bað hann þá róa af fjörðinn, *to row the firth off*; ok er þeir höfðu af fjörðung, *when they had covered one forth of the way*; sofa af nóttina, *to sleep the night away*.

AFAR, adv., used as an intensive before an adj. or another adv., *very, exceedingly* (a. auðigr, a. breiðr, a. vel, a. illa).

AFARKOSTA-LAUST, adv. *on fair terms*.

AFAR-KOSTR, m. *hard terms*; -LIGR, a. *immense, huge*; -MENNI, n. *an outstanding man*; -ORÐ, n. *overbearing word*; -ÚÐIGR, a. *overbearing*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *proud speech*.

AF-AUÐIT, pp. n., e-m verðr afauðit um e-t, *one has bad luck (fails) in a thing*; -BLÓMGA (AÐ), v. *to deprive of flowers*; fig., afblómga frægð e-s, *to detract from one's fame*; -BOÐ, n. *threats, high words*; -BRAGÐ, n. *paragon* (afbragð annarra manna); in genitive as a prefix to nouns, *surpassing, excellent* (afbragðs vænleikr, afbragðs maðr).

AFBRAGÐLIGR, a. *surpassing*.

AFBRIGÐ, n. deviation, transgression.

AFBRIGÐAR-TRÉ, n. *tree of transgression*.

AF-BRIGÐI, n. (1) *alteration*; (2) = -brigð; -BROT, n. *offence, transgressi on*; -BRUGÐNING, f. *deviation*; -BRÚÐIGR, a. *jealous*; -BRÝÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to be jealous*; -BRÝÐI, n. *jealousy*.

AFBURÐAR, gen. from 'afburðr', used as an intensive before adjectives and adverbs, *very, exceedingly* (a. digr, a. vænn, a. sterkliga, a. vel).

AFBURÐAR-MAÐR, m. *man of mark*; -SAMR, a. *given to distinguish oneself*; -SKIP, n. *first-rate ship*.

AF-BURÐR, m. *superiority*; kvað honum eigi annat vænna til afburðar, *to get the better of it*; ok vilda ek, at hón yrði eigi með minnum afburðum, *less glorious*; -DALR, m. *a remote, an out-oj-the-way,*

valley; -DEILINGR, m. *part, portion, share*; -DRÁTTR, m. (1) *diminution, deduction*; (2) *subtraction*; -DRIF, n. pl. *destiny, fate* (líkligr til stórra afdrifa); -DRYKKJA, f. = ofdrykkja; -DŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to take away from one by judicial decision* (afdœma e-n e-u); (2) *to prohibit*; -EGGJA (AÐ), v. *to dissuade*; -EIGNA (AÐ), v. *to dispossess* (afeigna e-m e-t); -EISTA (AÐ), v. *to castrate*; -ERFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to disinherit*; -EYRINGR, m. *one whose ears have been cut off*; -FALL, n. *diminution, abatement*; selja e-t með afföllum, *to sell at a discount*.

AFFARA-, gen. pl. from 'afför', *departure*; hence AFFARA-DAGR, m. *the last day of a feast*; -dagr jóla, *Twelth Night*; AFFARA-KVELD, n. *the last evening of a feast*.

AF-FEÐRAST (AÐ), v. *to degenerate*; -FERMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to unload* (afferma skip); -FLETTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to strip* (affletta e-n e-u); -FLUTNINGR, m. (1) *depreciation*; (2) *dissuasion*; -FLYTJA (see FLYTJA), v. (1) *to disparage* (afflytja fyrir e-m); (2) *to represent as unadvisable*; -FŒRA, v. *to misrepresent*; -GAMALL, a. *very old, decrepit*; -GANGA, f. (1) *digression*; (2) *deviation from the right course* (afganga guðs laga); -GANGR, m. (1) *surplus*; hafa hey með afgöngum, *to spare*; afgangs, *left over, remaining*; (2) *decease, death*; -GELJA, f. *chattering*; -GIPT, f. *indulgence, absolution*.

AFGIPTAR-BRÉF, n. *letter of indulgence*.

AF-GJARN, a. *eager to be off* (afgjarnt er öfundarfé); -GJÖF, f. *tribute*; -GLAPA (AÐ), v. *to disturb an assembly or public meeting*; -GLAPAN, f. *disturbance* (þings afglapan); -GLAPI, m. *fool, simpleton*; -GREIZLA, f. *payment, contribution*.

AFGÖNGU-DAGR, m. = affara-dagr.

AF-GØRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to do amiss, do wrong* (ek hefi engan hlut afgørt við þik); -GØRÐ, f. *transgression, offence*; -HALLR, a. *having a downward slope*; -HAUGR, m. *side-mound*; -HEFÐ, f. *withholding, another's property*; -HELGAST (AÐ), refl. *to become unholy, to be profaned*; -HELLIR, m. *side-cave*; -HENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. (1) *to hand over*; (2) *to pay* (afhenda skuld); -HENDIS, adv. *off one's hand*; -HENDR, a. *out of one's hand*; segja e-n (sér) afhendan, *to give one up*; -HENT, a. n. *unfit* (e-m er e-t afhent); -HEYRANDI, pr. p. *out of hearing*; *absent*, opp. to 'áheyrandi'; -HEYRIS, adv. *out of hearing*, opp. to 'áheyris'; -HLAUP, n. *surplus*; -HLUTR, m. *share of a thing*; -HLÝÐAST (-DD), v. refl. *to disobey*; -HRAPI, m. *impoverishment*; -HROÐ, n. *damage, loss*; gjalda mikit afhroð, *to sustain a heavy loss*; gera mikit afhroð, *to make great havoc*; -HUGA, a. indecl. *having turned one's mind from*; verða afhuga e-u, *to mind no* more; -HUGAÐR, a. = -huga (-hugaðr við e-t); -HUGAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to put out of one's mind*, with dat.; -HÚS, n. *outhouse, side-apartinent*; -HVARF, n. *deviation from the direct path* (opp. to 'gagnvegr'); -HÝÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to scourge thoroughly*; -HYLJA (see HYLJA), v. *to uncover*; -HYRNING, f. *by-corner, recess*; -HÆRA (-ÐS, -ÐR), v. *to cut off the hair*; -HÖFÐA (AÐ), v. *to behead*; -HÖGG, n. *hewing off, mutilation*; *chippings*.

AFI, m. (1) *grandfather*; (2) *man*; a. eptir afa, *in regular descent*.

AF-KAUP, n. *bad bargain* (opp. to 'hagkeypi').

AF-KÁRR, a. *strange, prodigious*.

AFKLEYFIS-ORÐ, n., -SAMSTAFA, f. *a superfluous word, syllable* (in a verse).

AF-KLÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to undress*; refl., afklæðast, *to undress oneself*; -KOMANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *descendant*; -KVISTR, m. *lateral branch, offshoot*; -KVÆMI, n. *offspring*.

AFKVÆMIS-MAÐR, m. *descendant*.

AF-KYNJAÐR, pp. *degenerate*; -KYNJAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to degenerate*.

AFL, m. *hearth of a forge*.

AFL, n. (1) *physical strength* (ramr styrkr, at afli); (2) *force, violence* taka með afli, *by force*; (3) *plurality of votes, majority*; ok skal afl ráda, *the majority shall decide*; (4) *virtue, inherent power*; a. dauðfœrandi grasa, *the virtue of poisonous herbs*.

AFLA (AÐ), v. *to gain, earn, procure* (a. e-m e-s); a. sér fjár ok frama, *to earn fame and wealth*; aflaði þessi bardagi honum mikillar frægðar, *brought him great fame*; (2) with acc., *to earn* (aflaði hann þar fé mikit); refl., e-m aflast e-t, *one gains a thing*; (3) with dat., *to perform, accomplish* (hann aflaði brátt mikilli vinnu); with infin., *to be able* (ekki aflar hann því at standa í móti yður).

AFLA-FÁR, a. *short of strength*; *e-m* verðr afla-fátt, *one fails in strength*.

AFLAG, n. (1) *slaughtering of cattle*; (2) gen., aflags = afgangs, *left over*.

AF-LAGA, adv. *unlawfully*; -LAGLIGA, adv. = aflaga.

AFLA-LÍTILL, a. *deficient in strength, weak*; -MAÐR, m. *powerful man*; -MIKILL, a. (1) *strong*; (2) *powerful*; -MUNR, m. *odds*; etja við -muninn, *to fight against odds*.

AFLAN, f. *gain, acquisition*.

AFLANAR-MAÐR, m. *good steward*.

AFLA-SKORTR, m. *short-coming in power or strength*; -STUND, f. *fishing season*.

AF-LAUSN, f. (1) *discharge (release) from claim* or *obligation*; (2) *absolution, indulgence* (aflausn synda); -LOT, n. (1) *leaving off, relinquishing* (aflát synda, misverka); án afláti, *incessantly*; (2) *remission, pardon* (aflat misgerninga, synda); -LÁTA (see LÁTA), v. with infin. *to cease*; -LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. (1) *to put aside*; (2) *to give up, abandon*; -LEIÐING, f. (1) *terms*; góðar afleiðingar eru með þeim, *they are on good terms*; (2) *metric., continuation*; -LEIÐINGR, m. = afleiðing (1); þeir skildu góðan afleiðing, *they parted on friendly terms*; -LEIÐIS, adv. (1) *out of the right path or course* (sigla afleiðis); (2) fig., ganga afleiðis, *to go astray*; snua (draga, fœra) e-t afleiðis, *to pervert, misrepresent* (þú fœrðir orð þeirra afleiðis); snúa e-m afleiðis, *to lead astray*; -LEIFAR, f. pl. *leavings, remnants*; -LEITINN, a. *of odd appearance*; -LEITLIGA, adv. *perversely* (illa ok afleitliga); -LEITLIGR, a. *perverse, deformed*; -LEITR, a. (1) *strange, hideous, disgusting* (hversu afleitir OSS sýnast þeirra hættir); (2) with dat., *deserted by*; afleitr hamingjunni, *luckless*; -LENDIS, adv. *abroad* (= erlendis); -LENDR, a. *far from land, in open sea*; -LETJA (see LETJA), v. *to dissuade from* (afletja e-n at gera e-t, afletja e-t fyrir sér); -LÉTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to cease*; cf. létta af; -LÉTTR, a. *prompt, ready*.

AFL-FÁTT, a. n. *short of strength*; e-m verðr -fátt, *one fails in strength*.

AFL-GRÓF, f. *forge-fit*; -HELLA, f. *hearth-stone in a forge*.

AFLI, m. (1) *means, gain, earnings, proceeds* (afli ok herfang); (2) *might, power*; hafa afla til einskis, *to have means for nothing, be unable to do anything*; (3) *troops, forces*; þeir draga afla at ýður, *they*

gather forces against you; aflinn (*the main body*) Magnúss, konungs flýði allr.

AF-LIMA (AÐ), v. *to dismember, mutilate*; -LIMA, a. indecl. (1) *dismembered, mutilated*; (2) fig., verða aflima, *to lose the use of one's limbs, to become paralysed*; verða e-m aflima, *to be parted from* (ek kveð aflima orðnar þérdísir); -LIMAN, f. *dismembering, mutilation*.

AFL-LAUSS, a. *nerveless, weak, palsied, paralytic*; -LEYSI, n. *weakness, nervelessness*; -LÍTILL, a. *weak, feeble*; -MIKILL, a. *strong, of great strength*.

AF-LOFA, v. *to prohibit*; -LOKA (AÐ), v. *to open* (afloka hurðina).

AFL-RAUN, f. *trial (proof) of strength* (þótti þetta mikill -raun); pl. *bodily exercises* (Skallagrímr hendi mikit gaman at -raunum ok leikum); -SKORTR, m. *lack of strength*; (skortr við þik fyrrum).

AFLS-MAÐR, m. *strong man*; -MUNR, m. *difference in strength, odds*.

AFL-VANI, a. *deficient in strength*; verða afl-vani, *to succumb, be over-powered*.

AFL-VÓÐVI, m. *the biceps muscle*.

AF-LÖGLIGA, adv. *unlawfully*; -LÖGLIGR, a. *unlawful, contrary to law*; -MÁ (see MÁ), v. *to blot out, destroy*; -MŒÐRA (AÐ), v. *to wean*; -NÁM, n. (1) *taking away, extirpation, destruction*; (2) at afnámi, *by reservation* (before division of property, spoil, or inheritance); (3) *loss* (ef hann verðr at skaða þeim mönnum, er oss mun þykkja afnám í); (4) *surplus*.

AFNÁMS-FÉ, n., -GRIPR, m. *goods, an article of value, taken before a division*; cf. afnám (2).

AF-NEFJAÐR, pp. *having the nose cut off, noseless*; -NEITA (AÐ or -TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to renounce* (afneita veröldinni); (2) *deny, refuse* (eigi vil ek því afneita); -NEITAN, -NEITING, f. *abnegation, renunciation, denial*; -NEYZLA, f. *use* (afneyzla skógarins); -NITA (-TTA, -TT), v. = -neita.

AFR, n. *some kind of beverage*.

AFR, a. *strong* (a. í tvau áss brotnaði).

AF-RÁÐ, n. *payment*; gjalda afráð, *to pay heavily, suffer severely*.

AF-REIÐ, f. *setting off on horseback*.

AF-REIZLA, f. *outlay, payment*.

AF-REK, n. *great achievement, deed of prowess* (vinna afrek; margir lofuðu mjök afrek Egils).

AF-REKA (AÐ), v. *to achieve, perform* (munu þér mikit afreka).

AFREKS-GRIPR, m. *a thing of great value*; -MAÐR, m. *a valiant man, hero*; -VERK, n. *valiant deed, great achievement, exploit*.

AF-REMMA, f. *restriction, encumbrance*.

AFRENDI, f. *strength, valour*; AFRENDR, a. *strong* (a. at afli); cf. afr-hendr.

AF-RÉTT, f. *common pasture*, = af-réttr.

AFRÉTTAR-DÓMR, m. *a court held for deciding causes concerning common pasture*; -MENN, m. pl. *partners in common pasture*.

AF-RÉTTR, m. *common pasture* (þat er afréttr, er tveir menn eigo saman eða fleiri).

AFR-HENDR, a. *strong*, = afrendr.

AF-ROÐ, n. = afhroð, afráð; -RÓG, n. *justification, excuse*; -RUÐNINGR, m. *clearing of, defence*; -RUNR (pl. -IR), m. *injury, wrong*; -RŒKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to neglect*, = úrœkja (afrœkja boð e-s); refl., afrœkjast e-u *or e-t, to neglect*; *to leave off* (konungar afrœktust at sitja at Uppsölum); -SAKA (AÐ), v. *to excuse, exculpate*; -SAKAN, f. *excuse, exculpation*; -SANNA (AÐ), v. *to prove to be false, refute*; -SEGJA (see segja), v. (1) *to resign, renounce* (afsagði hann

sér heiminn); (2) *to refuse, deny* (þeir afsögðu leiðangr úti at hafa); -SETNING, f. *deposition*; -SIÐA, a. indecl. *immoral*; -SIFJA (AÐ), v. *to alienate from one's family* (afsifja sér e-t); -SÍÐA, adv. *aside, apart*; -SKAPLIGR, a. *monstrous, huge, shocking* (afskapligt áfelli); -SKEIÐIS, adv. *out of the right path, astray*, = afleiðis, afvegis; -SKIPAN, f. *dismissal, deposition*; -SKIPTA, a. indecl. *wronged, cheated*; vera görr afskipta, *to be wronged*.

AFSKIPTA-LAUSS, a. *having nothing to do with* (gera sér -lauss við e-n); -LÍTILL, a. *caring little about* (um e-t); -SAMR, a. = afskiptinn.

AF-SKIPTI, n. pl. *dealings (with), intercourse* (ok engi afskipti veita heiðnum goðum); -SKIPTINN, a. *meddlesome*; -SKIPTR, pp. (1) *wronged, cheated*; (2) afskiptr af e-u, *void of, leaving no interest in*; -SKRÁMLIGR, a. *hideous, monstrous* (afskrámligt illvirki); -SKRÆMILIGA, adv. *hideously*; óttast afskræmiliga, *to be scared at*; -SKURÐR, m. *cutting, off*; -SKYLD, f. *obligation, encumbrance*; -SLIÐRA (AÐ), v. *to unsheath*; -SMEKKR, m. *taste*; -SNIÐ, n. *a bit cut off, snip*; -SNIÐNING, f. *cutting* or *snipping off*.

AFSNIÐNINGAR-JÁRN, n. *chopper*.

AF-SNIÐIS, adv. *obliquely, aslant* (afsniðis um handlegginn); -SPRAKI, m. *rumour, news*; -SPRINGI, n. (1) *offspring, progeny*; (2) *produce, growth of the earth*; -SPRINGR, m. (1) = -springi; (2) *band, detachment*; (3) fig. *offshoot* (er mikill ván, at þar verði nökkur afspringr af þessum ófriði); (4) *rumour, notice* (fá nökkurn afspring um e-t); -SPURN, f. *news, information*; -STANDA (see STANDA), v. *to cease, part with*; -STIGR, m. *bypath*; -STÚKA, f. *side-nook, side-room*; -STYRMI, n. *manikin, pigmy*; -SVAR, n. *refusal*; veita e-a afsvör, *to refuse, deny*; -SVARA (AÐ), v. *to deny, refuse* (afsvara e-u *or* um e-t); -SVEIPA (AÐ), v. *to uncover* (afsveipa líkit); -SVIPTR, pp. *deprived of*; afsviptr þinni ásjónu, *cut off from thy countenance*; -SÝNIS, adv. *out of sight*; -SÆLL, a. *unfortunate, luckless*.

AF-TAK, n. (1) *taking away*; (2) *slaying, manslaughter*; hvat hann vildi bjóða fyrir aftak Geirsteins, *for the slaying of G.*; -TAKA, f. (1) *taking away, loss*; (2) *slaying*, = aftak (hann hafði verit at aftöku Þorkels fóstra).

AFTAKA-MAÐR, m. *a determined person* (-maðr um e-t); -MINNI, a. compar. *less stubborn, more pliable*.

AF-TEKJA, f. *revenue* (ábúð ok aftekja staðanna); -TEKNING, f. *taking away*; -TEKT, f. (1) = aftekja; (2) = aftak 2; -TELJA (see TELJA), v. *to represent as unadvisable, dissuade* (aftelja e-t fyrir e-m); -TIGNA (AÐ), v. *to strip of dignity or honour*; -TRÚA, f. *unbelief heresy*; -TRÚA (AÐ), v. *to make one abandon his religious faith*; refl., aftrúast, *to fall into unbelief*; -TŒKILIGR, a. *adviseable*; -TŒKR, a. *blameworthy* (at fáitt muni vera aftœkt um skapsmuni yðra); -TŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to empty*; refl., aftœmast, *to be emptied or cleared of* (e-u).

AFUSA, f. *gratitude*; see 'aufusa'.

AF-VALDR, a. vera afvaldr e-u *or* e-s, *to be the cause of a thing*; AF-VEGA, adv. *out of the right way, astray*; -VEGAÐR, pp. *led astray, misled*; -VEGAR, -VEGIS, adv. = -vega; -VELTA, a. indecl. *fallen on the back and unable to rise*; -VENSLA, f. *expenses, outlay*; -VIK, n. *creek, recess*; -VINNA, f. = afvensla.

AF-VIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. (1) *to dis-*

grace, dishonour (afvirða náunga sinn); afvirða fyrir e-m, *to throw a slur on one*; (2) *to detest, abhor* (afvirða ódáðirnar); refl., afvirðast, *to think it unworthy of oneself*, with infin.

AFVIRÐILIGR, a. *detestable, mean*.

AF-VIRÐING, f. *disparagement, depreciation*; -VÆNN, a. *unexpected*, = úvænn; -VÖXTR, m. *decrease, loss*, opp. to 'ávöxtr'.

AF-ÞOKKA (AÐ), v. *to disparage, discredit, to bring into discredit* (afþokka fyrir e-m); refl., afþokkast e-m, *to displease*; -ÞOKKAN, f. (1) *disparagement*; (2) *displeasure, dislike*; -ÞVATTR, m. *washing off, ablution*; -ÞÝÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. = afvirða, afþokka; -ÆTA, f. *a great bully*.

AGA, v. impers., nú agir við, *now there is a great uproar*.

AGA-LAUSS, a. (1) *free from disturbances* (var nú allt kyrt ok agalaust); (2) *undiminished*; -SAMLIGR, a. *unruly*; -SAMR, a. *turbulent*; agasamt mun þá verða í heraþinu, ef, *there will be uproar in the district, if*.

AGI, m. (1) *awe, terror* (þá skelfr jörð öll í aga miklum); (2) *uproar, turbulence* (a. ok úfriðr); (3) *discipline, constraint*.

AGN, n. *bait*; ganga á agnit, *to nibble the bait*; -SAX, n. *a knife for cutting bait*; -ÖR, f. *barb of a fish hook*.

AKA (EK, ÓK, ÓKUM, EKINN), v. (1) *to drive* (a vehicle or animal drawing a vehicle), with dat.: gott er heilum vagni heim at a., *it is good to get home safe and sound*; a. þrennum eykjum, *with three yoke of horses*; (2) *to carry or convey in a vehicle, to cart*, with dat. or acc. (hann ók heyjum sínum á yxnum; hann ók skarni á hóla); a. saman hey, *to cart hay*; líkin váru ekin í sleða, *carried in a sledge*; (3) with the prep. í or á; Freyr ók í kerru með gelti; ríðr Þ. hesti þeim, er hann hafði ekit á; (4) absol., *to drive in a vehicle (fóru* þeir í sleðann ok óku alla nóttina); with acc. of the road (óku úrgar brautir); (5) naut., *to trim the sail* (a. seglum at endilöngum skipum); (6) *to remove*, with dat.; ók hann af sér fjötrinum, *worked it off by rubbing*; ók Oddr sér þar at, *worked himself thither* (of a fettered prisoner); a. e-m á bug *or* a. bug; á e-n, *to make one give way, repel*; intrans. = akast, *to move slowly*; hvárrgi ók *(gave way)* fyrir oðrum; a. undan, *to retire, retreat*; (7) impers., hart ekr at e-m, *one is in great straits*; ekr nú mjók at, *I am hard pressed*; e-m verðr nær ekit, *one gets into straits, is hard pressed*; refl., e-m ekst e-t í tauma, *one is thwarted in a thing*.

AKARN, n. *acorn*.

AK-BRAUT, f. *carriage-road*; -FMRI, n. *driving gear, carriage and harness*.

AKKERI, n. *anchor*; liggja um akkeri, *to lie at anchor*; leggjast um a., *to cast anchor*; heimta upp a., *to weigh anchor*; a. hrífr við, *the anchor holds*.

AKKERIS-FLEINN, m. *fluke of an anchor*; -LAUSS, a. *without anchor*; -LEGGR, m. *shank of an anchor*; -LÆGI, n. *anchorage*; -SÁT, f. = -lægi; -STOKKR, m. *anchor-stock*; -STRENGR, m. *anchor-rope, cable*; -SÆTI, n. = -sát.

AKR (gen. AKRS, pl. AKRAR), m. (1) *field, corn-field* (bleikir akrar en slegin tún); (2) *crop* (þeir hófðu niðrbrotit akra hans alla).

AKRA-ÁVÖXTR, m. *produce of the fields*; -GERÐI, n. *enclosure of arable land*; -MERKIL, n. *field-boundary*; -SKIPTI, n. *parcelling out of fields*; -SPILLIR, m. *destroyer of fields*.

AKR-DÁI, m. *a kind of weed (galeopsis)*; -DEILI, n. *patch of arable land*; -FOR, f. *plough-forrow*; -GERÐ, f. *agriculture*.

AKRGERÐAR-MAÐR, m. *husbandman*.

AKR-GERÐI, n. *enclosure of arable land*; -HÆNA, f. *quail*; -KARL, m. *ploughman, reaper*; -KÁL, n. *potherbs*; -KVÍSL, f. *dung-fork*, = mykikvísl; -LAND, n. *arable land*; -LENGD, f. *field's length* (svá at akrlengd var í millum þeirra); -LYKKJA, f. = -gerði; -MAÐR, m. = -karl, akrgerðarmaðr.

AKRPLÓGS-MAÐR, m. *ploghman*.

AKR-REIN, f. *strip of arable land*; -SKIPTI, n. *division of a field*; -SKURÐR, m. *reaping*.

AKRSKURÐAR-MAÐR, m. *reaper*.

AKR-SÚRA, f. *field-sorrel*; -TÍUND, f. *tithe paid on arable land*; -VERÐ, n. *price of a corn field*; -VERK, *field-work, harvest-work*.

AKRVERKS-MAÐR, m. *husbandman*; *tiller of the ground*.

AKTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to number, tax, value* (a. fólkit, a. vísaeyri konungs); (2) *to examine, search into* (aktið þér ok öll leyni þau, er hann má felast); (3) *to devote attention to, to study* (a. ýmisligar íþróttir, bókligar listir); (4) *to procure* (a. þá hluti er hinum sjúka henta); a. e-t inn, *to furnish, supply*; (5) *to debate, discuss in parliament* (nú sem þetta var aktat, gengu menn til lögréttu).

AK-TAMR, a. *tame under the yoke* (griðungr -tamr); -TAUMR, m. esp. in pl. aktaumar, *braces (straps) of a sail* (cf. aka segli); Þórarinn hafði -taumana um herðar sér, *had the braces round his shoulders*; sitja í -taumum, *to manage the sail*; fig., *to have the whole management of a thing*.

ALA (EL, ÓL, ÓLUM, ALINN), v. (1) *to beget*; born ólu þau, *they begat children*; börn þau, er hann elr við þeirri konu, *begets by that woman*; (2) *to bear, give birth to* (þóra ól barn um sumarit); börn þau óll, er alin eru fyrir jól, *who are born before Christmas*; alnir ok úalnir (= úbornir), *born and unborn, present and future generations*; (3) *to bring up (children)*; ala skal barn hvert er borit verðr, *every* child *that is born shall be brought up*; adding the particle 'upp' skal eigi upp ala, heldr út bera arn þetta, *this child shall not be brought up, but be exposed to perish*; of animals, *to rear, breed* (einn smásauð, er hann ól heima í húsi sínu); (4) *to give food to, harbour, entertain* (a. gest ok ganganda); guð elr gesti, *God pays for the guests*; (5) fig. in various phrases; a. aldr, a. aldr sinn, *to pass one's days*; a. súr *to grieve, mourn* (= sýta); a. önn of e-t *or* at e-u, *to take care of, see to*; a. e-t eptir e-m, *to give one encouragement in a thing* (ól hann eptir engum mönnum ódáðir); a. á mál, *to press or urge a matter* (nú elr Gunnarr á málit við þórð ok segir).

ALAÐS-FESTR, f. *the last ounce* (eyrir) *of the sum* 'fjörbaugr' *to be paid by a convict in the Court of Execution*.

AL-AUÐN, f. *total devastation*; -AUÐR, a. *altogether waste*; -BATA, a. indecl *completely cured, quite well*; -BERR, a. (1) *quite bare, stark-naked*; (2) *manifest*; -BITINN, pp. *bitten all over*; -BJARTR, a. *quite bright, brilliant*; -BLINDR, a. *stone-blind*; -BLÓÐUGR, a. *bloody all over*; -BREIÐR, a. *of the full breadth* (albreitt lérept); -BROTINN, pp. *quite broken, shattered*; -BRYNJAÐR, pp. *cased in mail*; -BÚA (see búa), v. *to fit out, furnish or equip completely* (albúa kirkju); -BÚINN, pp. (1) *completely equipped* (ok er Björn var al-

búinn ok byrr rann á); (2) albúinn e-s, at gera e-t, *quite ready (willing) to do a thing*; -BYGÐR, pp. *completely inhabited*, at albygðu landi, *after the colinization was finished*.

ALDA, f. *a heavy (swelling) wave, a roller*.

ALDA, gen. pl. of 'öld'.

ALDAFARS-BÓK, f. = *De Ratione Temporum*, a work by Bede (svá segir heilagr Beda í -bók þeirri, er hann gerði um landaskipan í heiminum).

ALDA-MÓT, n. pl. *the meeting of two (lunar) cycles, change of cycles*.

ALDAR, gen. sing. of 'öld'.

ALDAR-EÐLI, n. *everlasting possession* (at -eðli); -FAÐIR, m. *patriarch*; -FAR, n. *spirit or manners of the age*; -MÁL, n. *tenure for life*; -MENN, m. pl., hinir fyrstu -menn várir, *our first ancestors*; -ROF, n. *end of ages*; -RÓG, n. *strife of men*; -TAL, n. *age* (gamall at -tali); -TRYGÐIR, f. pl. *everlasting truce*; -ÞOPTI, m. = aldavinr.

ALDA-SKIPTI, n. *change of time*; -TAL, n. (1) *chronology*; (2) *computation of time* (by the various chronological cycles).

AL-DAUÐA, a. indecl. *dead and gone, extinct* (eptir dauða Haralds var aldauða hin forna ætt Danakonunga); aldauða arfr, *inheritance to which there is no heir alive*.

ALDA-VINR, m. *old, trusty friend*.

ALDIN, n. *tree-fruit* (nuts, acorns, apples); fig., blezat sé a. kviðar þíns, *the fruit of thy womb*.

ALDIN-BERANDI, pr. p. *bearing fruit*.

ALDIN-FALDA, a. indecl. *wearing an old-fashioned head-dress*.

ALDIN-GARÐR, m. *garden, orchard*.

ALDINI, n. = aldin.

ALDIN-LAUSS, a. *bearing no fruit* (-laust tré).

ALDINN, a. *old* (inn aldni jötunn).

ALDIN-SKÓGR, n. *wood of fruit-trees*; -TRÉ, n. *fruit-tree*; -VIÐR, m. *fruitbearing trees*.

ALDR (gen. ALDRS), m. (1) *age, life-time*; sautján vetra at aldri, *seventeen years of age*; ungr at aldri, *young*; á ungum aldri, *in (one's) youth*; á gamals aldri, *in (one's) old age*; hniginn at aldri, *in the decline of life*; hniginn á efra aldr, *stricken in years*; á léttasta aldri, *in the prime of life*; lifa langan aldr, *to enjoy a long life*; nema, ræna e-n aldri, *to take one's life*; týna (slíta) aldri, *to lose one's life*; (2) *old age*; vera við a., *to be up in years*; aldri farinn *or* orpinn, *very old*; (3) *long period, age* (eptir marga vetr ok mikinn a.); allan a. *through all time, always*; of a., um a. (ok æfi), *for ever and ever*; after a negation, *ever* (þvílíka gersemi höfum vér eigi sét um a.); hverr um a. var svá djarfr, *who ever was so bold?*

ALDRAÐR, a. *elderly* (öldruð kona).

ALDR-DAGAR, m. pl., um -daga, *for ever and ever* (= um aldr); -FREMD, f. *everlasting honour*.

ALDRI, adv. (1) *never* (a. skal ek heðan ganga fyrr en hann ríss upp); (2) *ever*, after a preceding negative or a comparative (er nú ørvænt at vér munum a. fá dýr skotit); gerðu þá verra en aldri fyrr, *worst than ever before*.

ALDRIGI (aldri-gi, dat. of aldr with the negative suffix -gi), adv. = aldri.

ALDR-LAG, n. (1) *one's appointed lot or fortune, destiny*; (2) *end of life, death*; verða e-m at -lagi, *to bring one to his end*.

ALDR-LOK, n. pl. *end of life, death*; -MÁLI, m. *tenure for life*; -NARI, m. poet. name of *fire*; -RUNAR, f. pl. *life-runes, charms for preserving life*; -SÁTTR, a. *on terms of peace forever*; -SLIT, n. pl. *end of*

life, death (til -slita).

ALDRE-MUNR, m. *difference in years*.

ALDR-STAMR, a. *fey, doomed to death*; -TILI, m. *loss of life, death*; -TJÓN, n. *loss of life*; -TREGI, m. *life-long sorrow*.

ALD-RŒNN, a. *elderly, aged*.

ALDYGGILIGR, -DYGGR, a. *faithful*; -DÆLI, a. *very easy to deal with, gentle*.

ALEIGA, f. *one's entire property*; ALEIGUMÁL, n., -SÖK, f. *a suit involving a person's whole property*.

AL-EYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to lay totally waste, devastate*; -EYÐA, f. *devastation*; gera aleyðu, *to turn into a wilderness*; -EYÐA, a. indecl. *altogether waste, empty, void of people* (þar var aleyða at mönnum); hann brennir ok gerir aleyða landit, *makes the land an utter waste*.

AL-FARI, a. fara (ríða í brott) al-fari, *to go away (ride off) for good*; -FARINN, pp. *worn out, far gone*; -FEGINN, a. *very glad*; -FRJÁLS, a. *quite free*; -FRÓÐR, a. *very wise*; -FULLR, a. *quite full*; -FÚINN, a. *quite rotten*; -FÖÐR, m. *father of all* (name of Odin); -GANGSA, a. indecl. *quite common*; -GELDR, a. *quite gelded*; -GERA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to finish, make perfect*.

ALGER-LEIKR, m. *perfection*; -LIGA, adv. *completely, fully*; -LIGLEIKR, m. = -leikr.

AL-GERR, a. *perfect, complete*; *finished*; -GERVI, f. (1) *perfection*; (2) *full attire*; -GILDI, n. *full value*.

ALGILDIS-VITNI, n. *competent witness*.

AL-GJAFTA, a. indecl. *stall-fed*; -GLEYMINGR, m. *great glee*; slá á algleyming, *to become very merry*; -GÓÐR, a. *perfectly good*; -GRÁR, a. *quite grey*; -GRÓINN, pp. *perfectly healed*; -GRŒNN, a. *quite green*; -GULLINN, a. *all-golden*; -GÆFT, adv. *fully*.

AL-GØRA — AL-GØRVI, see algera, &c.

AL-HEIÐINN, a. *utterly heathen*; -HEILAGR, a. *all-holy*; -HEILL, a. (1) *completely whole, entire*; (2) *perfectly healthy* (alheill at líkam); -HEILSA, f. *perfect health*; -HENDA, f. *a metre having two pairs of rhyming words in every line*; -HENDING, f. = -henda; -HENDR, a. *with full rhyme in every line* (tvau kvæði alhend); -HREINN, a. *quite pure, clean*; -HUGA, a. indecl. *wholehearted, in full earnest*; -HUGAT, pp. n. *resolved, fully determined*; ef þér er þat alhugat, *if you are in real earnest*; adv. *in earnest, sincerely* (iðrast alhugat); -HUGI, m. *earnest*; þetta er alhugi minn, *I am in real earnest*; -HUGLIGR, a. *sincere*; -HUNGRAÐR, a. *starving, famished*; -HÚSA (AÐ), v. *to build fully*; -HVÍTR, a. *quite white*; -HÝSA (-TA, -TR), v. = -húsa; alhýst, *with all the buildings finished*; -HÝSI, n. *all the farm-buildings*; -HŒGR, a. *quite easy*; *smooth* (alhœgt tungubragð).

ALI-BJÖRN, m. *tame bear*; -DÝR, n. *domestic animal*; -FÍSKR, m. *fish fattened in a pond*; -FUGL, m. *tame fowl*; -GÁS, f. *tame goose*.

ALIN (gen. sing. ALNAR or ÁLNAR; pl. ALNAR or ÁLNIR), f. = öln; (1) the old Icelandic ell (about half a yard); (2) *unit of value, an ell of woollen stuff* (a. vaðmáls), = one sixth of an ounce(eyrir).

ALI-SAUÐR, m. *home-fed (pet) sheep*; -SVÍN, n. *tame swine*.

AL-JAFN, a. *quite equal*; -JÁRNAÐR, pp. *shod on all four feet*; -KEYPTR, pp. *dearly bought*, = fullkeyptr; -KLÆÐNAÐR, m. *a full suit of clothes*; -KRISTINN, a. *entirely Christian*; -KRISTNAÐR, pp. *completely christianized*; -KUNNA, a. indecl. (1) *universally known, notorious* (sem alkunna er orðit); (2) *fully informed*; unz alkunna,

until I know the whole; -KUNNIGR, a., -KUNNR, a. *notorious*; -KYRRA, a. indecl. *completely calm, tranquil*.

ALL- may be prefixed to almost every adjective and adverb in an intensive sense, *very, extremely*; -ANNT, a. n. *very eager*; -APR, a. *very harsh*; -AUÐSÓTTLIGR, a. *very easy to accomplish*; -AUÐVELDLIGA, adv. *very easily*; -AUÐVELDR, a. *very easy*; -ÁGÆTR, a. *very famous*; -ÁHYGGJUSAMLIGA, adv. *very anxiously*; -ÁKAFTIGA, adv. *with much ardour*; -ÁKAFT, adv. *very fast* (riða -ákaft); -ÁRÆÐILIGA, adv. *very oppositely*; -ÁRÆÐISLÍTILL, a. *very timid*; -ÁSTÚÐLIGR, a. *very hearty, intimate*; -BEINN, a. *very hospitable*; -BEISKR, a. *very harsh, bitter*; -BITR, a. *very sharp*; -BJARTR, a. *very bright, splendid*; -BJÚGR, a. *very much bent*; -BLIÐLIGA, adv. *very kindly*; -BLÍÐR, a. *very mild, gentle*; -BRÁÐGÓRR, a. *very precocious*; -BROSLIGR, a. *very laughable, funny*; -DIGR, a. *very big*; -DJARFLIGA, adv. *very boldly*; -DRENGILIGA, adv. *very gallantly*; -DRÆMT, adv. *very boastfully*; -DÝRR, a. *very dear*; -EIGULEGR, a. *very precious*; -EINARÐLIGA, adv. *very frankly, sincerely*; -ELDILIGR, a. *of a very aged appearance*; -FAGR, a. *very bright, fair*; -FAST, adv. *very firmly*; drekka -fast *to drink very hard*; -FASTORÐR, a. *very true to one's word*; -FÁMÁLIGR, a. *of very few words*; -FÁMENNR, a. *followed or attended to by very few persons*; -FÁRÆÐINN, a. *very chary of words*; -FEGINN, a. *very glad*; -FEGIN-SAMLIGA, adv. *very gladly*; -FEIGLIGR, a. *having the mark of death plain on one's face*; -FEITR, a. *very fat*; -FÉMIKILL, a. *very costly*; -FJARRI, adv. *very far, far from*; -FJARTEKIT, pp. n. *very far fetched*; -FJÖLKUNNIGR, a. *very deeply versed in sorcery*; -FJÖLMENNR, a. *followed or attended by very many people*; *in very great numbers*; -FJÖLRŒTT, pp. n. *very much talked of*; -FORSJÁLL, a. *very prudent*; -FREKR, a. *very daring*; -FRÍÐR, a. *very beautiful*; -FRÓÐR, a. *very learned*; -FRÆGR, a. *very famous*; -FÚSS, a. *very eager*; -FÝSILIGR, a. *very desirable*.

ALL-FÖÐR, m. *father of all* (a name of Odin).

ALL-GAMALL, a. *very old*; -GEMSMIKILL, a. *very wanton*; -GERLA, adv. *very clearly, precisely*; -GERVILIGR, a. *very manly*; -GESTRISINN, a. *very hospitable*; -GEYSILIGR, a. *very impetuous*; -GLAÐLIGA, adv. *very joyfully*; -GLAÐR, a. *very joyfull*; -GLATT, adv. *very bright* (ljós brann -glatt); -GLEYMR, a. *very gleefull, in high* spirits (verða -gleymr við e-t); -GLÆSILIGR, a. *very shiny, splendid*; -GLØGGSÆR, a. *clearly visible, very transparent*; -GLØGGT, adv. *very precisely* (vita e-t -gløggt); -GÓÐR, a. *very good*; -GÓÐVÆNLIGA, adv. *very promisingly*; -GRIMMR, a. *very cruel or fierce*; -GRUNSAMLIGA, adv. *very suspiciously*; -GØRLA, adv. = -gerla; -GØRVILIGR, a. = -gerviligr; -HARÐR, a. *very hard, stern*; -HEIMSKR, a. *very silly, stupid*; -HERÐIMIKILL, a. *very broad-shouldered*; -HJALDRJÚGR, a. *very talkative*; -HÓGLIGA, adv. *very gently*; -HRAUSTR, a. *very valiant*; -HRUMLIGA, adv. *very infirmly* (from age); -HRÆDDR, a. *very much afraid*; -HRÆÐINN, a. *very timid*; -HUGSJÚKR, a. *very much grieved, anxious*; -HVASS, a. *blowing very hard* (var -hvast í norðan); -HYGGILIGR, a. *very prudent judicious*; -HÆÐILIGR, a. *very scoffing*; -HÆLDREGINN, a. *very slow in walking, dragging the heels*; -HŒGLIGA,

adv. *gently, meekly* (svara -hœgliga); -IÐINN, a. *very diligent*; -ILLA, adv. *very badly*; -ILLR, a. *very bad*; -JAFNLYNDR, a. *very calin, even-tempered*.

AL-LJÓSS, a. (1) *quite light*; dagr aljóss, *broad daylight*; (2) *quite clear*.

ALL-KALDR, a. *very cold*; -KAPPSAMLIGA, adv. *with zery much zeal, very liberally*; -KARLMANNLIGA, adv. *very manfully*; -KAUPMANNLIGA, adv. in *a very businesslike way*; -KÁTLIGR, a. *very funny*; -KÁTR, a. *very merry*; -KERSKILIGR, a. *very funny, pleasant*; -KYNLIGR, a. *very strange*; -KÆRR, a. *very dear, beloved*; -LANGR, a. *very long*; -LAUST, adv. *very loosely*; -LÁGR, a. *very low, short of stature*; -LÉTTBRÚNN, a. *of very cheerful countenance*; -LÉTTMÆLT, pp. n. *very cheerfully spoken*; -LÉTTR, a. *very light (in weight)*; -LÍKLIGA, adv. *in very agreeable terms*; -LÍKLIGR, a. *very likely*; -LÍKR, a. *very like*; -LÍTILL, a. *very little*; -LYGINN, a. *much given to lying*; -MANNHÆTTR, a. *very dangerous*; -MANNSKŒÐR, a. *very murderous*; -MANNVÆNN, a. (a man) *of very great promise*; -MARGLIGA, adv. *very affably*; -MARGMÆLTR, a. *very talkative*; -MARGR, a. *very numerous*; pl. allmargir, *very many*; -MARGRŒTT, pp. n. *very much spoken of*; -MÁLUGR, a. *very loquacious*; -MÁTTFARINN, a. *very much worn out*; -MÁTTLÍTILL, a. *very weak*; -MEGINLAUSS, a. *very void of strength*; -MIKILL, a. *very great*; -MISJAFNT, adv. *very variously, in very different ways*; -LJÓSS, a. *very light*; -MJÓR, a. *very slim, slender*; -MJÖK, adv. *very much*; -NAUÐIGR, a. *very reluctant*; -NAUÐULIGA, adv. *very dangerously* (-nauðuliga staddr); -NÁINN, a. *very near, nearly related*; -NÆR, adv. *very near*; -NÆRRI, adv. = -nær.

AL-LOÐINN, a. *shaggy all over*; -LOKIT, pp. n. *entirely gone*.

ALL-OPT, adv. *very often*; -ORÐFÁTT, a. n., gera allorðfátt um, *to be very chary of words as to*; -ÓGURLIGR, a. *very frightfull*.

ALLR (ÖLL, ALLT), a. (1) *all, entire, whole*; hón á allan arf eptir mik, *she has all the heritage after me*; af öllum hug, *with all (one's) heart*; hvítr a., *white all over*; bú allt, *the whole estate*; allan daginn, *the whole day*; í allri veröld, *in the whole world*; allan hálfan mánuð, *for the entire fortnight*; with addition of 'saman'; allt saman féit, *the whole amount*; um þenna hernað allan saman, all *together*; (2) used almost adverbially, *all, quite, entirely*; klofnaði hann a. í sundr, *he was all cloven asunder*, kváðu Örn allan villast, *that he was altogether bewildered*; var Hrappr a. brottu, *quite gone*; a. annarr maðr, *quite another man*; (3) *gone, past*; áðr þessi dagr er a., *before this day is past*; var þá óll þeirra vinátta, *their friendship was all over*; allt er nú mitt megin, *my strength is exhausted, gone*; (4) *departed, dead* (þá er Geirmundr var a.); (5) neut. sing. (allt) used as a subst. in the sense of *all, everything*; eigi er enn þeirra allt, *they have not yet altogether won the game*; þá var allt *(all, everybody)* við þá hrætt; hér er skammætt allt, *here everything is transient*; with a compar. *all the more* (því öllu þungbærri); with gen., allt missera (= öll misseri), *all the year round*; allt annars, *all the rest*; *at* öllu annars, *in all other respects*; alls fyrst, *first of all*; alls mest, *most of all*; in adverbial phrases: at öllu, *in all respects, in every way*; í öllu, *in everything*; með öllu, *wholly, quite*; neita með öllu, *to refuse outright*; (6) pl. allir (allar, öll), as adj. or substantively,

all (þeir gengu út allir); ór öllum fjórðungum á landinu, *from all the quarters of the land*; allir aðrir, *all others, every one else*; flestir allir, *nearly all, the greatest part of*; gen. pl. (allra) as an intensive with superlatives, *of all things*, all *the more*; nú þykkir mér þat allra sýnst, er, *all the more likely, as*; allra helzt, er þeir heyra, *particularly now when they hear*; allra sízt, *least of all*.

ALLRAHEILAGRA-MESSA, f., -MESSUDAGR, m. *All Hallow-mass, All Saints' day*.

ALL-RAMMSKIPAÐR, pp. *very strongly manned*; -RAUÐR, a. *very red*; -RÁÐLIGR, a. *very advisable*; -REIÐILIGR, a. *looking very angry*; -REIÐR, a. *very angry*; -RÍKMANNLIGR, a. *very grand, magnificent*; -RIKR, a. *very powerful*; -RÖSKLIGA, adv. *very briskly*.

ALLS, gen. sing. of 'allr', used as an adv.; (1) a. ekki (eigi), *not at all, by no means*; þeir ugðu a. ekki at sér, *they were not a bit afraid*; a. engi, *no one at all*; sometimes without a negative following it, *quite, altogether*; ær a. geldar, *ewes quite barren*; a. vesall, *altogether wretched*; hann var eigi a. tvítugr, *not quite twenty years old*; (2) in connection with numbers, *in all*; alls fórust níu menn, *there perished nine in all*; (3) *far*; alls of lengi, alls til lengi, *far too long a time*.

ALLS, conj. *as, since* (a. þú ert góðr drengr kallaðr); with addition of 'er' (a. er þú ert svá þráhaldr á þínu máli).

ALL-SANNLIGR, a. *very likely*; -SÁTTFÚSS, a. *very placable*; -SEINN, a. *very slow*; -SEINT, adv. *very slowly*.

ALLS-ENDIS, adv., esp. with a preceding negative, *in every respect, quite, thoroughly*; also, til alls-endis; -HÁTTAR, adv. *of every kind*.

ALLSHERJAR-, *general, public, common*; -BÚÐ, f. *the booth of the* -goði; -DÓMR, m. *public judgement*; -FÉ, n. *public property*; -GOÐI, m. *the supreme priest* (who opened the alþingi every year); -LIÐ, n. *public troops*; -LÝÐR, m. *the people, commonalty*; -LÖG, n. pl. *public law*; -ÞING, n. *general assembly*.

ALL-SIGRSÆLL, a. *very successful in war*; -SKAMMR, a. *very short*; neut., -skammt, *a very short way, short distance*; -SKÖMMU, *a very short time ago*; -SKAPLIGA, adv. *very fittingly*; -SKAPVÆRR, a. *of a very gentle disposition*; -SKAPÞUNGR, a. *very depressed in spirit* (e-m er -skapþungt); -SKEMTILIGR, a. *vey amusing*; -SKILLÍTILL, a. *very-untrustworthy*; -SKJALLKŒNLIGA, adv. *in a vey coaxing way*; -SKJÓTT, adv. *very soon*; -SKYGN, a. *very sharp-sighted*; -SKYLDR, a. (1) *very obligatory*, neut., -skylt, *bounden duty*; (2) *very nearly related, near akin*; -SKYNSAMLIGA, adv. *vely judiciously*; -SKÖRULIGR, a. *very striking or magnificent* (allskörulig veizla); -SLÆLIGA, adv. *very sluggishly*; -SLŒLIGA, adv. *very cunninly*; -SMÁR, a. *very small*; -SNARPLIGA, adv. *very sharply or smartly*; -SNARPR, a. *very sharp*; -SNEMMA, adv. *very early*; -SNJALLR, a. *vey shrewd or clever*; -SPAKR, a. *very gentle, very wise*; -STARSÝNN, a. *looking fixedly upon*; -STERKLIGR, a. *vey strong looking*; -STERKR, a. *very strong*; -STILLILIGA, adv. *very calmly, very composedly*; -STIRÐR, a. *very stiff*; -STÓRHÖGGR, a. *dealing very hard blows*; -STÓRLIGA, adv. *very haughtily*; -STÓRMANNLIGA, adv. *very munificently*; -STÓRORÐR, a. *using very big, words*; -STÓRR, a. *very great or big*; -STYGGR, a. *very ill-humoured, very*

cross; -styrkliga, adv. *very stoutly*; -styrkr, a. *very strong*.

alls-valdandi, pr. p. of God, *Almighty*; -valdari, m. *almighty ruler*; -valdr, a. = -valdandi; -vesall, a. *utterly wretched*.

all-svangr, a. *very hungry*.

all-svinnliga, adv. *very wisely, prudently*.

alls-völdugr, a. = alls-valdr.

all-sættfúss, a. *very placable, very eager for peace*.

all-sœmiligr, a. *very honourable*.

allt, neut. from 'allr'; (1) *right up to, all the way*; Brynjólfr gengr a. at honum, *close up to him*; a. norðr um Stað *all the way north, round Cape Stað*; (2) *everywhere*; Sigröðr var konungr a. um Þrændalög, *over all Drontheim*; vóru svírar a. gulli búnir, all *overlaid with gold*; (3) *already*; vóru a. komin fyrir hann bréf, *warrants of arrest were already awaiting him*; (4) of time, *all through, until* (a. til Jónsvöku); (5) a. til, a. of, *far too* (þú ert a. of heimskr); (6) a. at einu, a. eins, *all the same, nevertheless* (ek ætla þó útan a. eins).

all-tillátsamr, a. *very indulgent*; -tíðrœtt, pp. n. *very much talked of*; -tíðvirkr, a. *very quick at work*; -torfyndr, a. *very hard to find*; -torfœrt, a. n. *very hard to pass*; -torsótr, pp. *very difficult to reach*; -tortryggiliga, adv. *very suspiciously*; -trauðr, a. *very slow, unwilling*; -tregr, a. *very tardy*; -trúr, a. *very true*; -tryggr, a. *very trusty*; -undarligr, a. *very strange*; -ungr, a. *very young*; -úbeinskeytr, a. *shooting very badly*; -úblíðr, a. *very harsh, unkind*; -úbragðligr, a. *very ill-looking*; -údæll, a. *very untractable*; -úfagr, a. *very ugly*; -úfimliga, adv. *very awkwardly*; -úframliga, adv. *very timidly*; -úfrýnn, a. *very sullen*; -úfrægr, a. *very inglorious*; -úglaðr, a. *very gloomy, sad*; -úhœgr, a. *very difficult*; -úhöfðingligr, a. *very plebeian*; -úkátr, a. *in very low spirits*; -úknár, a. *very weak of frame*; -úkonungligr, a. *very unkingly*; -úkunnigr, a. *quite unknown*; -úlífligr, a. *very unlikely to live*; -úlíkliga, adv. *very unlikely*; -úlíkr, a. *very unlike*; -úmáttuliga, adv. *very weakly*; -úráðinn, a. *very undecided*; -úráðliga, adv. *very unadvisedly* or *rashly*; -úsannligr, a. *very unjust, very unlikely*; -úsáttfúss, a. *very implacable*; -úskyldr, a. *far from being incombent on one* (hitt ætla ek mér -úskylt); -úspakr, a. *very unruly*; -úsváss, a. *very uncomfortable* (var þá veðr -úsvást); -úsýnn, a. *very uncertain, very doubtful*; -úsæligr, a. *of very wretched appearance*; -úvinsæll, a. *very unpopular*; -úvísliga, adv. *very unwisely*; -úvænligr, a. *of very unfavourable prospect*; -úvænn, a. (1) *very ugly*; (2) *very unpromising or unfavourable*; neut., -úvænt, *very unfavourably*; -úþarfr, a. *very unprofitable, injurious (e-m)*.

all-valdr, m. *sovereign, king* (heilit all-valdar báðir!).

allvalds-konungr, m. = allvaldr.

all-vandlátr, a. *very difficult to please*; -vandliga, adv. *very carefully, exacctly*; -vant, a. n., e-m er -vant um, *one is in a very great strait*; -varfœrr, a. *very cautious, careful*; -vaskr, a. *very brisk or gallant*; -veðrlítit, a. n. *very calm*; -vegliga, adv. *splendidly, nobly*; -vegligr, a. *very grand*; -vel, adv. *very well*; -vesall, a. *very miserable, vile*;

-VINGOTT, a. n. *on very friendly terms* (var -vingott með þeim); -VINSÆLL, a. *very popular*; -VIRÐULIGR, a. *very worthy, dignified*; -VITR, a. *very wise*; -VITRLIGA, adv. *very prudently*; -VÍÐA, adv. *very widely*; -VÍGLIGA, adv. *in a very warlike manner*; -VÍGMANNLIGA, adv. *very martially*; -VÍGMÓÐR, a. *quite wearied out with fighting*; -VÍSS, a. *quite certain*; -VÆNLIGR, a., -VÆNN, a. *very promising*; þykkja -vænt um e-n, *to be delighted with one*; -VÆNT, adv. *very favourably* (konungr tók þessu -vænt); -VÖRPULIGR, a. *of a very stately frame*; -VÖXTULIGR, a. *very tall*; -ÞARFLIGA, adv. *very pressingly*; biðja -þarfliga, *to beg very hard*; -ÞÉTTR, a. *very crowded*; -ÞREKLIGR, a. *of a very robust frame*; -ÞUNGLIGA, adv. *very heavily*; taka -þungliga á e-m, *to be very hard upon*; -ÞUNGR, a. (1) *very disagreeable, hard*; (2) *hostile, badly disposed towards* (til e-s); -ÞYKKR, a. *very thick*; féllu þeir -þykkt, *in great numbers*; -ŒFR, a. *very furious*; -ŒGILIGR, a. *very terrible*; -ŒSTR, pp. *greatly excited*; -ÖRORDR, a. *very frank, outspoken*; -ØRUGGR, a. *very unflinching*.

ALMANNA-BYGÐ, f. *a well-peopled district*; -FŒRI, n. *public way*; -LEIÐ, f. *public road*; -LOF, n. *universal praise*; -SKRIPT, f. *general confession*; -STOFA, f. *the common hall*, opp. to 'litla stofa'; -TAL, n. (1) *common reckoning* (at -tali); (2) *general census*; -VEGR, m. *high road*, = þjóðvegr, þjóðleið.

AL-MÁTTIGR, a. *almighty*; -MÁTTR, m. *almightiness, omnipotence*; -MENNI, n. *the people, public*; -MENNILIGA, adv. *generally, commonly*; -MENNILIGR, a. *general, common*.

ALMENNING, f., ALMENNINGR, m. (1) *common land*; (2) *common or public pasture*; (3) *public thoroughfare* (in Norse towns); (4) *the people, public in general*; (5) *levy, conscription*; fullr (allr), hálfr almenningr, *a full (complete) or half levy of men and ships*.

ALMENNINGS-BRÉF, n. *proclamation*; -DRYKKJA, f. *public banquet*; -FAR, n. *public ferry*; -GATA, f. *public road*; -GLÓFAR, m. pl. *common gloves*; -HÚS, n. *a house for the use of travellers*; -MÖRK, f., -SKÓGR, m. *public forest*; -STRÆTI, n. *public thoroughfare*; -TOLLR, m. *public tax*; -TRÚ, f. *Catholic faith* (= almennilig trú); -VEGR, m. *public way*; -ÖL, n. *common ale*.

ALMENNR, a. *common, general, public*.

AL-MÚGI, m. *the commons, common people* (konungrinn ok almúginn); -MÚGR, m. = al-múgi; -MÆLI, n. (1) *common saying, general report*; þat er almæli, at, *all people say (agree) that*; (2) *saying, proverb*; þótt almælit sannaðist, at móðurbrœðrum verði menn líkastir, *though the saying proved true, that*; -MÆLTR, pp. *spoken by all*; -mælt tíðindi, *common news*; (2) of a child *that has learnt to talk*; -MÆTTI, n. = almáttr.

AL-NAKTR, a. *quite naked*.

ALNA-MÁL, n. *measure by the ell* (see alin).

AL-NÝR, a. *quite new*; -NÖKTR, a. = al-naktr.

AL-OGAT, a., -OGI, m., -OGLIGR, a., see -hugat, -hugi, -hugligr.

ALR (-S, -IR), m. awl; skjálfa þótti húsit, sem á als oddi léki, *as if it were balanced on the point of an awl*.

AL-RAUÐR, a. *quite red*; -RÁÐINN, pp. *quite determined*; -RÁNN, a. *utterly plundered*; -REYNDR, pp. *fully proved*.

ALRI, m. *elder tree*, see elri.

AL-ROSKINN, a. *quite grown up*;

-rotinn, a. *quite rotten*; -rœmdr, pp. *rumoured by all*; alrœmt er, *every one says*; -sagðr, pp. *spoken of by all*; -sátt, f., alsáttum sáttir, *completely reconciled*; -sáttr, a. *fully reconciled*; -sekr, a. *an outlaw in the greater degree* = skógarmaðr; -siða, a. indecl., er Kristni var alsiða, *when the Christian faith had become universal*; -skip-aðr, pp. (1) of a ship, *fully manned*; (2) of a bench, *quite full*; -skjaldaðr, a. closely set with shields; -skrifaðr, pp. *written all over*; -skygn, a. *fully seeing*; -skyldr, a. (1) *quite bound in duty, obliged*; (2) *quite binding*; -slitinn, pp. *quite worn out*; -slíkr, a. *quite the same*; -smíðaðr, pp. *completely built*; -snauðr, a. *very poor*; -snotr, a., -spakr, a. *all-wise, very clever*; -stýfðr, pp. (a metre) *in masculine rhymes*; -stýfingr, m. *an animal with close-cropped ears* (= afeyringr); -svartr, a. *quite black*; -sveittr, a., -sveitugr, a. *perspiring all over*; -sviðr, -svinnr, a. *all-wise*; -sýkn, a. *altogether free* or *guiltless* (al-sýkn saka); -sýkna, f. *complete rehabilitation*; -sæll, a. *altogether happy*; -sætt, f., -sætti, n. *complete reconciliation*.

altari, n. and m. *altar*.

altaris-blæja, f. *altar-cloth*; -bók, f. *altar-book*; -bríkr, f. *altar-piece*; -búnaðr, m. *altar-furniture*; -dagr, m. *anniversary of the consecration of an altar*; -dúkr, m. *altar-cloth*; -embætti, n. *service of the altar*; -fórn, f. *offering on the altar*; -gólf, n. *the floor round an altar*; -horn, n. *corner of an altar*; -hús, n. *chapel*; -klæði, n. *altar-cloth*; -líkneski, n. *image placed on an altar*; -messa, f. *mass at an altar*; -staðr, m. *the place where an altar stands*; -steinn, m. *altar-slab*; -stika, f. *candlestick for an altar*; -þjónusta, f. *altar service*.

al-tjaldaðr, pp. *hung all round with tapestry*; -ugat, a. = alhugat.

al-úð, f. (older form ölúð) *affection, sincerity*.

alúðar-maðr, m., -vinr, m. *sincere* or *devoted friend*.

al-valdr, a. = allvaldr.

alvara, f. (1) *seriousness, earnest*; taka e-t fyrir alvöru, *to take it in earnest*; vissa ek eigi, at þér var a., *that you were in earnest*; (2) *affection* = alúð; er öll hans a. *(inclination)* til Ólafs konungs.

alvar-liga, adv. (1) *seriously, earnestly*; (2) *heartily* (fagna e-m -liga); (3) *entirely* (-liga hreinn); -ligr, a. *hearty, affectionate* (-lig vinátta).

al-vaskligr, a. *most valiant, martial*; -vaxinn, pp. *quite grown up*; -vapnaðr, pp. *in full armour*; -vátr, a. *thoroughly wet, wet through*; -al-verki and -verkja, a. indecl. *aching, feeling pains all over the body*.

al-virkr, a. alvirkr dagr, *a full working day*; -víst, a. *with full certainty*; -vitr, a. *all-wise*; -væpni, n. *complete arms*; hafa alvæpni, með alvæpni, *(to be) fully armed*.

al-vítr, f. *fairy maid, Valkyrie*.

alvöru-liga, adv. *earnestly, sincerely*; -ligr, a. = alvarligr; -samliga, adv. = -liga; -samligr, a. *sincere, devoted* (-samlig þjónusta).

al-yrkr, a. = alvirkr (dagr); -þakinn, pp. *thatched all over*; -þiljaðr, pp. *completely wainscotted or panelled*.

alþingi, n. *the annual parliament or general assembly* of the Icelandic Commonwealth (held in June).

al-þingis, adv. *quite, altogether* (= öllungis).

ALÞINGIS-DÓMR, m. *court of justice at the* alþingi; -FÖR, f. *journey to the* a.; -HELGUN, f. *inaugeration of the* a.; -LOF, n. *permission, leave, given by the* a.; -MÁL, n. *parliamentary rules or proceedings*; -NEFNA, f. *nomination of judges in courts of the* a.; -REIÐ, f. *journey to the* a.; -SÁTT, f. *agreement entered into at the* a.; -SÁTTARHALD, n. *the keeping of* alþingissátt.

AL-ÞJÓÐ, f. *people in general* (alþjóð manna).

AL-ÞYKKR, a. *quite thick, foggy* (veðr alþykkt).

AL-ÞÝÐA, f. (1) *the whole people* (bauð hann alþýðu ríkis síns at göfga líkneskjuna); (2) *people in general, the majority or bulk of the people* (var þat heit þá fest ok játat af altri alþýðu); vera lítt við alþýðu skap, *to be upopular*; (3) *the common people* (ánauð ok úlfrelsi gekk yfir fólk allt, bæði ríka menn ok alþýðu).

AL-ÞÝÐAST (DD), v. refl., alþýðast til e-s, *to incline towards, attach oneself to*; -ÞÝÐI, n. = þýða.

ALÞÝÐIS-FÓLK, n. *the common people*.

ALÞÝÐLIGR, a. *common, general*; -ligr maðr = mennskr maðr, *a common man*; í ligri rœðu, *in ordinary speech*; hitt væri -ligra, *more plain*.

ALÞÝÐU-DRYKKJA, f. *common banquet*; -LEIÐ, f. *high-road* (= almannaleið); -LOF, n. *general praise, popularity*; -MÁL, n. *general report*; -TAL, n. *common reckoning*, opp. to 'rímtal'; -VÁPN, n. *ordinary weapon*; -VEGR, m. = -leið; -VIRÐING, f. *public opinion*; -VITNI, n. *universal testimony*; -ÞYSS, m. *general tumult*.

AL-ÞÆGR, a. *quite acceptable or pleasing* (to one); -ŒSTR, pp. *quite excited, stirred up*.

AMA (AÐ), v. *to vex, molest*; refl., amast við e-n, e-t, *to inconvenience, trouble* (ömuðust liðsmenn lítt við hana); *to object to, disapprove, show dislike to* (a. við bygð e-s).

AMALERA (AÐ), v. *to enamel* (foreign word).

AMBAN, f. (Norse) = ömbun.

AMBÁTT, f. (1) *bondwoman*; (2) *concubine*.

AMBÁTTA-FANG, n. *tussle between bondwomen*.

AMBÁTTAR-BARN, n., -DÓTTIR, f. *child, daughter of a bondwoman*; -LIGR, a. *vile, like an* ambátt; -MÓT, n. *exfiression (mien) of a bondwoman* (er eigi -mót á henni); -SONR, m. *son of a bondwoman*.

AMBOÐ, n. = andboð, annboð.

AMMA, f. *grandmother* (fóður-móðir, móður-móðir).

AMPLI, m., AMPÚLL, m. *jug* (ampulla).

AMRA (AÐ), v. *to howl or yell piteously* (of cats).

AN, conj. *than* (an old form for 'en').

AND-, a prefix denoting whatever is *opposite, against, towards*, and fig. *hostile, adverse*; often spelt an- or ann-.

ANDA (AÐ), v. *to breathe, live* (meðan þeir megu a.); refl., andast, *to breathe one's last, die*; ANDAÐR, pp. *dead*; hún var þá önduð, *had breathed her last*.

ANDA-GIFT, f. *inspiration*; -KAST, n. *breathing*; -LAUSS, a. *without breathing* (lifa -lauss); -LIGA, adv. *spiritually*; -LIGR, a. *spiritual* (-lig fœða).

ANDAR-, gen. from 'önd'; -AUGA, n. *spiritual eye*; -DAUÐI, m. *spiritual death*; -DRÁTTR, m. *breath, respiration*.

ANDAR-EGG, n. *duck's egg*; -FYGLI, n. *ducks*.

ANDAR-GJÖF, f. = -gift; -GUSTR, m. *breath of wind*; -HEILSA, f. *spiritual wel-*

fare; -KRAPTR, m. *strength of mind*; -RÚM, n. *breathing time*; -SÁR, n. *mental wound*.

ANDAR-STEGGI, -STEGGR, m. *drake*.

ANDAR-SÝN, f. *vision*; -TAK, n. *breath*; -VANI, -VANR, a. *breathless, lifeless*.

AND-BLÁSINN, pp. *blown up, inflated with wind or air*.

AND-BOÐ, n. *utensil* (= annboð).

AND-DYRI, n., -DYRR, f. pl. *porch*.

AND-FANG, n. *reception, hospitality*.

AND-FÆLUR, f. pl. *fright*; vakna með -fælum, *to awake in a fright*.

AND-FŒTINGR, m. (1) *a person whose feet are turned backwards*; (2) pl. AND-FŒTINGAR, *Antipodes*.

AND-HLAUP, n. *suffocation*.

AND-HVALR, m. *bottle-nosed whale*.

ANDI, m. (1) *breath, breathing*; a. Ingimundar er ekki góðr, *his breath smells, is foul*; (2) *current of air* (a handar þinnar); (3) gramm., *aspiration* (linr, snarpr a.); (4) *soul* (guð skapaði líkamann ok andann); gjalda guði sinn anda, *to die*; (5) *spirit, spiritual being*; úhreinn a., *an unclean spirit*; heilagr a., *the Holy Ghost*.

AND-KOSTR, m. see annkostr.

AND-LAUSS, a. *breathless, lifeless*.

AND-LÁT, n. (1) *death* (þá er þú fregn andlát mitt); (2) *the last gasp*; þá var konungr nær andálti, *was almost breathing his last*.

ANDLÁTS-DAGR, m., -DŒGR, n. *day of death*; -SORG, f. *grief for a death*; -TÍÐ, f., -TÍMI, m. *time of death*.

AND-LIGA, adv. *spiritually*; -LIGR, a. *spiritual* (biskup hefir andligt vald til andligra hluta).

ANDLIT, n. *face countenance*.

ANDLITS-BJÖRG, f. *visor*; -BLIÐA, f. *mild expression of the countenance*; -MEIN, n. *cancer in the face*; -SKEPNA, f. *form or make of the face*; -SKÖP, n. pl. = -skepna; var vel sköpum, *had well formed features*; -VÆNN, a. *fine-featured*; -VÖXTR, m. *form of the face, features*; AND-MARKI, m. see annmarki.

AND-MÁLUGR, a. *contentious, quarrelsome*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *contradiction, objection*.

AND-NES, n. *promontory, headland*; -ORÐA, a. *indecl.*, at verða andorða, *to come to words with*; -ÓF, n. *paddling with the oars, so as to keep a boat from drifting* (cf. andœfa).

AND-RAMMR, a. *having foul breath*.

ANDRAR, m. pl. *snow-shoes*.

ANDRJÁ, f. *tumult, uproar*.

AND-RÓÐI, m. *pulling against tide and wind*; þeir tóku (áttu) mikinn -róða, *they had a hard pull*; -RÓÐR (-RA), m. = andróði; -SAKA (AÐ), v. *to reprimand* (hann -sakaði sveinana harðliga); -SAKAN, f. *reprimand, rebuke*; -SKOTI, m. (1) *opponent, adversary*; (2) *the devil, satan*.

AND-SPILLI, n. *colloquy, discourse*.

AND-SPJALL, n. (1) = andspilli; (2) pl. ANDSPJÖLL, *answer, reply*.

AND-STEFJA (AÐ), v. *to respond, answer*; -STEFNA (-DA, -T), v. = -stefja; -STREYMI, n. *adversity*; -STREYMR, a. *strongly adverse* (-streym ørlög); Sighvatr var heldr -streymr um eptirmálin, *hard to come to terms with*; -STYGÐ, f. *disgust*; e-m er -stygð af e-u, *one feels abhorrence for*; -STYGGILIGR, -STYGGR, a. *abominable, odious*; -SVAR, n. *answer, reply, decision* (vera skjótr í -svörum); -SVARA (AÐ), v. (1) *to answer* (e-m); (2) *to respond* (= andstefja); (3) *to answer for, be responsible for* (e-u).

ANDSVARA-MAÐR, m. *respondent, de-*

fender.

AND-SYPTIR, m. *difficulty in breathing*.

AND-SŒLIS, adv. *against the course of the sun, widdershins* (-rangsœlis), opp. to 'réttsœlis'.

AND-VAKA, f. (1) *sleeplessness*; (2) *vakefulness*; AND-VAKI, a. *sleepless* (liggja -vaki).

AND-VANA or -VANI, a. *destitute of, wanting*, with gen. (auðs andvani ok alls gamans); -VANR, a. = -vani; andvanr átu, *famished for food*.

ANDVARA-GESTR, m. *unwelcome guest*; -LAUSS, a. *free from care or anriety*.

AND-VARÐA (AÐ), v. *to hand over* (= afhenda).

AND-VARI, m. *care*, anxiety.

AND-VARP, n. (1) *breath, breathing*; (2) *sigh*; -VARPA (AÐ), v. *to heave a sigh* (-varpa öndinni); -VARPAN, f. *sighing*, sobbing.

AND-VEGI, n. *throne* (= öndvegi); -VERÐR, a. = öndverðr; -VIÐRI, n. *head wind*; -VIRÐI, n. *worth, equivalent, price*; andvirði hvalsins, *the value of the whale*.

AND-VIRKI, n. (1) *hay, haystacks, croft*; nautafjöldi var kominn í tún ok vildi brjóta -virki, *throw down the cocks*; -virki *(fodder)* gekk þar upp fyrir hestum; (2) Norw. *agricultural implements*; viðarköst, timbr, grindr, sieða eða önnur -virki; (3) fig., legit hafa mér -virki nærr garði en at berjast við þik, *I have had business more urgent than to that with you*.

AND-VITNI, n. *contradictory testimony*; -VÍGR, a. *a match for* (bann var eigi betr en -vígr öðrum þeirra brœðra); -YRÐI, n. pl. *objection, contradiction*; -ÆRA, f. *resistance*; -ÆRIS, adv. *adversely, unfavourably* (ganga mun ykkr -æris); -ŒFA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to keep pulling against wind and tide* so as to prevent a boat from drifting astern; -ŒPA (-TA, -T), v. *to reply against* (ekki er þess getit, at þórðr andœpti þessarri vísu).

ANG, n. *fragrance* (með unað ok a.).

ANGA (AÐ), v. *to exhale odour or fragrance*; ANGAN, f. *sweet odour*; a. Friggjar, *the love of Frigg*.

ANGI, m. *sweet odour*.

ANGI, m. *prickle, sting* (þetta mál hefir anga).

ANGIST, f. *anguish*.

ANGISTAR-ÁR, n. *year of misery*; -NEYÐ, f. *great distress*; -TÍMI, m. *hour of distress*.

ANGR (gen. -RS), m. *grief, sorrow*; gera e-m angr, *to do one harm*; vera e-m at angri = angra e-n.

-ANGR (gen. -RS), m. in Norse local names, *bay, firth*.

ANGRA (AÐ), v. *to grieve, vex, distress* (mik hefir angrat hungr ok frost); with dat. (hvárt sem mér angrar reykr eða bruni); impers. *to be grieved* (angraði honum mjök); refl., angrast af e-u, *to be vexed at, take offence at*; a. við e-n, *to fall out with*.

ANGRAÐR, pp. *sorrowful, sad, vexed* (reiðr ok a.).

ANGRAN, f. *sorrow, affliction*.

ANGR-FULLR, a. *sorrowful, sad*; -GAPI, m. *rash, foolish person*; -LAUSS, a. *free from care*; -LIGR, a. *sad*; -LJÓÐ, n. pl. *mourning songs, dirges*; -LYNDI, n. *sadness, low spirits*; -MŒÐAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to be in low spirits*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *sorrowfully, sadly*; -SAMLIGR, a. = -fullr; -SAMR, a. (1) *troublesome* (-söm fluga); (2) *depressed, downcast*; e-m er -saint, *one is in low spirits*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *depression of spirits*; -VÆRI, f. *dejection*; -ŒÐI, n. *moody temper, sullenness*.

ANKANNA-FULLR, a. *full of faults*; -LAUST, adv. *with flawless title* (Magnús konungr hafði þá ríki einn saman ok ankannalaust).

ANN-, in several compds. = and-.

ANNA (AÐ), v. *to be able to do* (a. e-u); cf. 'annast'.

ANNARLIGR, a. *strange, alien*.

ANNARR (ÖNNUR, ANNAT), a., indef. pron., ord. numb.; (1) *one of the two, the one (of two)*; Egill þessi hefir aðra hönd *(only one hand)* ok er kaliaðr einhendr; á aðra hönd, *on the one side*; a. … a. *one … the other* (hét a. Sörli, en a. Þorkell); (2) *second*; í annat sinn, *for the second time*; høggr hann þegar annat (viz. högg), *a second blow*; (3) *the next following*; á öðru hausti, *the next autumn*; annat sumar eptir; fig., *next in value* or *rank*; annat mest hof í Noregi, *the next greatest temple*; fjölmennast þing annat eptir brennu Njáls, *the fullest assembly next to that after the burning of N.*; (4) *some other* (hón lék á gólfinu við aðrar meyjar); Þórarinn ok tíu menn aðrir, *and ten men besides*; hann var örvari af fé en nokkurr a., *than anybody else*; (5) *other, different*; öl er a. maðr, *ale (a drunken man) is another man, is not the same man*; þau höfðu annan átrúnað, *a different religion*; (6) in various combinations; a. slíkr, *such another, another of the same sort*; gekk a. til at öðrum *(one after another)* at biðja hann; hverja nótt aðra sem aðra, *every night in turn*; annat var orð Finns harðara en annat, *each word of Finn was harder than another*; aðrir … aðrir, *some … others*; einir ok aðrir, *various*; ymsir ok aðrir, *now one, now another* (nefna upp ymsa ok aðra); hvárr (*or* hverr) … annan, *each other, one another* (hétu hvárir öðrum atförum); við þau tíðindi urðu allir giaðir ok sagði hverr öðrum, *one told the news to another, man to man*.

ANNARRA-BRŒÐRA, gen. pl. used ellipt. in the sense of children of 'næsta brœðra', *third cousins*; -BRŒTRI, m. *third cousin*.

ANNARR HVÁRR, indef. pron., *one or other of two persons, either* (drepa annan hvárn þeirra sona Skallagríms); at öðru hváru, *every now and then*, aðrir hvárir, *one or other of the two parties*; neut. used as adv., annat hvárt … eða, *either … or*.

ANNARR HVERR, indef. pron. *every other alternately*; annan hvern dag, *every other day*; annat hvert orð, *every other (second) word*; at öðru hverju, *every now and then*.

ANNARR TVEGGI, ANNARR TVEGGJA, indef. pron. *one or other of the two* = annarr hvárr; er aðrir tveggju eru lengra í burt komnir en ördrag, *when either of the two parties has got further away than an arrow's flight*; annat tveggja … eða, *either … or*.

ANNARS, gen. from 'annarr', used as adv. *otherwise, else* (stendr a. ríki þitt í mikilli hættu).

ANNARSLIGR, a. = annarligr.

ANNARSTAÐAR, adv. *elsewhere, in another place* = annars staðar.

ANNAST (AÐ), v. refl. (1) *to take care of* (mál þetta mun ek a.); (2) *to provide for, support* (a. börn, ómaga); a. sik, *to support oneself*; (3) a. um e-t, *to be busy about, to occupy oneself with* (a. um matreiðu).

ANNÁLL (-S, -AR), m. *chronological register, annals*.

ANN-BOÐ, n. *agricultural implements*.

ANN-FRIÐR, m. *cessation from lawsuits*

during the spring farming.

ANN-KOSTR, m. = önnkostr.

ANN-KVISTA, v. *to take care of*.

ANNMARKA-FULLR, a. *faulty, full of faults*; -LAUSS, a. *faultless*.

ANN-MARKI, m. (1) *defect, flaw, fault* (þú leyndir -marka á honum); (2) *adversity* (þú gaft mér varygð í farsælu, huggan í -marka).

ANN-RIKT, a. n., eiga -ríkt, *to be very busy*; -SAMLIGR, a. *toilsome, laborious*; -SAMT, a. n., e-m er -samt, *one is very busy*; -SEMD, f. *business, care, concern*; bera mikla -semd fyrir e-u, *to be concerned about*.

ANNT, a. n., e-m er a., *eager, anxious*; mörgum var a. heim, *many were eager to get home*; hví mun honum svá a. at hitta mik, *why is he so eager?* ekki er a. um þat, *it is not pressing*; hvat er nú a. mínum einga syni, *what has my only son at heart?* sagði sér a. *(that he was busy)* um daga; vera a. til e-s, *to be eager for*.

ANTIKRISTR, m. *antichrist*.

ANZA (AÐ), v. (1) *to heed, take notice of* (a. e-u); (2) *to reply, answer* (a. til e-s).

APA (AÐ), v. *to mock, make sport of, to befool* (margan hefir auðr apat); refl., apast at e-u, *to become the fool of*.

APALDR (gen. -RS or -S, pl. -RAR or -AR), m. *apple-tree*.

APALDRS-GARÐR, m. *orchard*; -KLUBBA, -KYLFA, f. *club made of apple-tree*; -TRÉ, n. *apple-tree*.

APAL-GRÁR, a. *dapple-grey*.

API, m. (1) *ape, monkey*; (2) *fool* (margr verðr af aurum api).

APLI, m. *bull* = þjórr, graðungr.

APPELLA, APPELLERA (AÐ), v. *to cite, summon to the pope*.

APR (ÖPR, APRT), a. (1) *hard, sharp*; en aprasta hríð, *the sharpest fighting*; aprastr við at eiga, *the worst to deal with*; (2) *sad, dispirited*.

APRLIGR, a. *cold, chilly* (-ligt veðr).

APTAN, adv. *from behind behind*, opp. to 'framan'; þá greip hann a. undir hendr honum, *from behind*; fyrir a., as prep. with acc., *behind*; ek hjó varginn í sundr fyrir a. bóguna, *just behind the shoulders*.

APTANN (gen. -S, dat. APTNI; pl. APTNAR), m. *evening*; síð um aptaninn, *late in the evening*; miðr a., *middleeve, 6 o'clock*.

APTAN-DRYKKJA, f. *evening carouse*; -KVELD, n. = aptann; -LANGT, adv. *all the evening*; -SKÆRA, f. *twilight*; -STJARNA, f. *evening* star; -SÖNGR, m. *evensong, vespers*.

APTANSÓNGS-MÁL, n. *the time* of *evensong*.

APTAN-TÍÐIR, f. pl. = aptansöngs tíðir; -TÍMI, m. *the time of evening*.

APTARI, a. compar. = eptri.

APTARLA, adv. *behind, far in the rear*.

APTARR, adv. compar. *farther back*.

APTAST, adv. superl. *farthest back*.

APTASTR, a. superl. *farthest back*.

APTNA (AÐ), v. impers. *to become evening*; refl., aptnast = aptna.

APTR, adv. (1) *back*; fara (snúa, koma, senda, sœkja, hverfa) a., *to go (turn &c.) back*; reka a., *to drive* back, *repel*; kalla a., *to recall, revoke*; (2) *backwards*; fram ok a., *backwards and forwards, to and fro*; þeir settu hnakka á bak sér a., *they bent their necks backwards*; (3) lúka (láta) a., *to shut, close*; hlið, port, hurð er a., *is shut*; (4) *at the back, in the rear*; þat er maðr fram, en dýr a., *the fore part a man, the hind part of a beast*; bæði a. ok fram, *stem* and *stern* (of a ship); Sigurðr sat a.

á kistunni, *S. sat aft on the stern-chest*; (5) *again*; Freyja vaknar ok snerist við ok sofnar a., *and falls asleep again*.

APTRA (AÐ), v. *to take back, withdraw, recall*; a. ferð sinni, *to desist from, give up*; a. sér, *to withdraw, waver, hesitate*.

APTRAN, f. *withdrawal, keeping back*.

APTR-BATI, m. *convalescence*; vera í -bata, *to be on the way to recovery*; -BATI, a. *convalescent, getting better, recovering*; -BEIÐILIGR, a. *reciprocal*; -BORINN, pp. *born again, regenerate*; -BYGGI, m. (esp. pl. -byggjar opp. to frambyggjar) *a man in the stern in a ship of war*; -DRÁTTR, m. *reflux of the tide* (-dráttr hafsins); -DREPA, f. *relapse, shock*; -ELDING, f. *dawning*; -FERÐ, f. *journey back, return*; -FŒRSLA, f. *bringing back*; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -GANGA, f., -GANGR, m. *ghost, apparition*; -GJALD, n. *repayment*; -HALD, n. *checking, holding back*.

APTRHALD-SAMR, a. *saving, close*.

APTRHALDS-MAÐR, m. *one who impedes the progress of a thing*.

APTR-HLAUP, n. *runing back*; -HNEKKING, f. *repulse*; -HUPPR, m. *haunch*; -HVARF, n. (1) *return*; illr -hvarfs, *disinclined to face the enemy again*; (2) *relapse*, apostasy; (3) *turning away from sin* (rare); -KALL, n. *recalling, revocation*; -KAST, n. *hurling back, repulse*; -KAUP, n. *repurchase*; -KOMA or -KVÁMA, f. *coming back, return*; -KVÆMT, a. n. *admitting of return*; esp. eiga -kvæmt, *to be allowed to return* (from exile); -LAUSN, f. *redemption*; *right of redeeming*; -MJÓR, a. *tapering behind*; -MUNDR, m. *regret, loss*; mér er mikill -mundr at e-u, *I miss a thing greatly*; -REKA, a. indecl. *driven back* (by stress of weather); -REKSTR, m. *driving back, repulse*; -SJÁ, f. *regret, longing* (= eptirsjá); -SKIPAN, f. *restoration* (-skipan allra hluta); -VELTING, f. *rolling back*.

APYNJA, t *she-ape, she-monkey*.

ARA-HREIÐR, n. *eagle's nest, eyrie*.

ARÐAR-, gen. from 'örð'; -LEIGA, f. *rent for one yeay's crop*; -MÁLI, m. *contract, agreement for one year*.

ARÐR (gen. arðrs), m. a simple form *plough*.

ARÐR-FOR, f. *furrow, trench made by plough*; -GANGR, m. *coulter*; -JÁRN, n. *plough-iron*; -járn þat er ristill (*coulter*) heitir; -UXI, m. *plough-ox*.

ARÐS-GELDINGR, m. = arðruxi.

ARFA, f. *heiress* (Norse, rare).

ARFA-SÁTA, f. *a heap, or small tick, of chickweed* (arfi).

ARFA-ÞÁTTR, m. *section of law treating of inheritance (arfr)*.

ARF-BORINN, pp. *by birth entitled to inherit, legitimate* (= til arfs alinn); -DEILD, f. = arfskipti; -GENGR, a. *entitled to inherit*.

ARFI, m. *heir, heiress*; a. e-s or at e-u, *heir to a property*.

ARFI, m. *chickweed*.

ARF-KAUP, n. *sum paid for another's expectation* of inheritance; -LEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to adopt as an heir* (= ættleiða); -LEIÐING, f. *adoption of an heir*; -NYTI (gen. -NYTJA), m. *heir, inheritor* (poet.).

ARFR (gen. ARFS), m. (1) *inheritance*; taka arf, *to take possession of an inheritance*; taka arf eptir e-n, *to be heir to a person, to inherit*; standa til arfs eptir e-n, *to be entitled to inherit a person*; hón á allan arf eptir mik, *she is my sole heir*; selja arf, *to sell the expectation of* inheritance (= selja arfván); (2) *patrimony* = föðurleifð.

ARF-RÁN, n. *unjust taking of one's inher-*

itance; -RÆNING, f. = arf-rán; -RÆNINGR, m. *one stripped* of *his inheritance*; -SAL, n. *cession of right of inheritance* (on condition of getting maintenance for life).

ARFSALS-MAÐR, m. *one who has made another his heir on condition of being maintained by him for life*; -MÁLDAGI, m. *deed concerning* 'arfsal'.

ARF-SKIPTI, n. *partition of an inheritance*; -SKOT, n. *fraud in matters of inheritance*; -SÓKN, f. *suit in a case of inheritance*; -SVIK, n. pl. *defrauding in matters of inheritance*; -SVIPTING, f. *taking-away of one's inheritance*; -TAK, n. *the act of taking one as* arfsalsmaðr (taka e-n arftaki); -TAKA, f. *receiving, taking possession of, an inheritance*; -TAKARI, -TAKI, m. *inheritor*; -TEKINN, pp. *taken by inheritance*; -TEKJA, f. = -taka.

ARFTEKJU-LAND, n. *land obtained by inheritance*.

ARF-TŒKI, n. = arftaka; -TŒKR, a. = arfgengr; verða arftœkr e-s, *to receive by inheritance*.

ARFTÖKU-KARL, m. *one taken as* arfsalsmaðr; -MAÐR, m. *inheritor, successor to an inheritance*.

ARF-VÁN, f. *expectancy of inheritance*; -ÞEGI, m. *heir*.

ARG-HOLA, f. *harlot*.

ARGR, a. (1) *unmanly, effeminate, cowardly* (sem fyrir úlfi örg geit rynni); (2) *lewd*; (3) *wicked, pernicious* (þú hit argasta dýr).

ARGSKAPR, m. *effeminacy, cowardice, wickedness*.

ARI, m. *eagle* (= örn).

ARIN-DÓMR, m. *fireside gossip*; -ELDR, m. *hearth-fire*; -ELJA, f. *a home-rival to a wife*; -GREYPR, a. *encompassing the hearth* (bekkir aringreypir); -HELLA, f. *hearth-stone*.

ARINN (gen. ARINS; dat. ARNI; pl. AMAR), m. (1) *hearth* (eldr var á arni); as a law term, fara eldi ok arni, *to remove one's homestead*, taking fire and hearth together; (2) *an elevated platform*.

ARINS-HORN, n. *corner of the hearth*; -JÁRN, n. *poker*.

ARKA (AÐ), v. *to walk heavily, trudge*; a. at auðnu, *to take whatever course fate may decide*.

ARKAR-FÓTR, m. *the foot of a chest* (örk); -SMÍÐ, f. *the building of Noah's Ark*.

ARMA, f. *pity*; dróttinn sá örmu á mannkyni, *took pity upon*.

ARM-BAUGR, m. *armlet, bracelet*; ARM-BRYST, n. *cross-bow*.

ARM-FYLKING, f. = fylkingar-armr.

ARMINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *poor fellow* (= aumingi).

ARM-LEGGR, m. *arm* (= armr).

ARMLIGR, a. *pitiful, miserable*.

ARMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *arm*; leggja arma um e-n, *to embrace* (of a woman); koma á arm e-m, *to come into one's embraces* (of a woman marrying); (2) *the wing of a body*, opp. to its centre; armar úthafsins, *the arms of the ocean*, viz. bays and firths; armr fylkingar, *a wing of an army*.

ARMR, a. (1) *unhappy, poor*; (2) *wretched, wicked*; hinn armi Bjarngrímr, *the wretch, scoundrel B.*; hin arma kerlingin, *the wicked old woman*.

ARM-SKAPAÐR, pp. *misshapen miserable, poor*; -VITKI, f. *compassion*; -VITUGR, a. *charitable, compassionate*; lítt armvitugr, *hard-hearted*.

ARMŒÐA, f. *distress, trouble*; ARMŒÐAST, v. refl. *to distress oneself*.

ARNAR-, gen. from 'örn'; -HAMR, m. *eagle's plumage*; -HREIÐR, n. *eagle's nest*,

eyrie; -KLÓ, f. *talon of an eagle*; -LÍKI, n. *eagle's shape*; -UNGI, m. *eaglet*.

ARNING, f. *tillage, ploughing* (related to 'erja').

ARN-SÚGR, m. *the rushing, sound caused by the flight of an eagle*.

ARS, m. *posteriors*, = rass.

ARTA, f. *a species of teal, garganey*.

ASKA, f. *ashes* (mold ok a.; dust eitt ok a.). Cf. ösku-.

ASKA-SMIÐR, m. *shipwright?*

ASKA-SPILLIR, m. *ship spoiler?*

ASK-LIMAR, f. pl. *branches of an ash*.

ASK-MAÐR, m. *shipman*, viking, *pirate*; cf. askr (3).

ASKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *ash, ash-tree*; (2) ash-spear; (3) small ship (þeir sigla burt á einum aski); (4) *wooden vessel or dish* (stórir askar fullir af skyri); (5) a Norse *measure for liquids* equal to four bowls (bollar), or sixteen 'justur'.

ASK-RAKKI, m. *marten*; -VIÐR, m. *ash-tree*.

ASNA, f. *she-ass*.

ASNA-HÖFUÐ, n. *ass's-head*; -KJÁLKI, m. *jawbone of an ass*.

ASNI, m. *ass, donkey*.

AT, prep. A. with dative. I. Of motion; (1) *towards, against*; Otkell laut at Skamkatli, *bowed down to S.*; hann sneri egginni at Ásgrími, *turned the edge against A.*; (2) *close -up to*; Brynjólfr gengr alit at honum, *quite up to him*; þeir kómust aldri at honum, *they could never get near him, to close quarters with him*; (3) *to, at*; koma at landi, *to come to land*; ganga at dómi, *to go into court*; (4) *along* (= eptir); ganga at stræti, *to walk along the street*; dreki er niðr fór at ánni *(went down the river)* fyrir strauminum; refr dró hörpu at ísi, *on the ice*; (5) denoting hostility; renna (sœkja) at e-m, *to rush at, assault*; gerði þá at þeim þoku mikla, *they were overtaken by a thick fog*; (6) *around*; vefja motri at höfði sér, *to wrap a veil round one's head*; bera grjót at e-m, *to heap stones upon the body*; (7) denoting business, engagement; ríða at hrossum, at sauðum, *to go looking after horses, watching sheep*; fara at landskuldum, *to go collecting rents*. II. Of position, &c.; (1) denoting *presence at, near, by, upon*; at kirkju, *at church*; at dómi, *in court*; at lögbergi, *at the hill of laws*; (2) denoting *participation in*; vera at veizlu, brullaupi, *to be at a banquet, wedding*; vera at vígi, *to be an accessory in man-slaying*; (3) ellipt., vera at, *to be about, to be busy at*; kvalararnir, er at vóru at pína hann, *who were tormenting him*; var þar at kona nökkur at binda *(was there busy dressing)* sár manna; (4) with proper names of places (farms); konungr at Danmörku ok Noregi, *king of*; biskup at Hólum, *bishop of Holar*; at Helgafelli, at Bergþórshváli; (5) used ellipt. with a genitive, *at* (a person's) *house*; at hans *(at his house)* gisti fjölmenni mikit; at Marðar, *at Mara's home*; at hins beilaga Ólafs konungs, *at St. Olave's church*; at Ránar, *at Ran's (abode)*. III. Of time; (1) *at, in*; at upphafi, *at first, in the beginning*; at skilnaði, *at parting, when they parted*; at páskum, *at Easter*; at kveldi, *at eventide*; at þinglausnum, *at the close of the Assembly*; at fjöru, *at the ebb*; at flœðum, *at the floodtide*; (2) adding 'komanda' or 'er kemr'; at ári komanda, *next year*; at vári, er kemr, *next spring*; generally with 'komanda' understood; at sumri, hausti, vetri, vári, *next summer*, &c.; (3) used with an absolute dative and present or

past part.; at sér lifanda, *duing his lifetime*; at öllum ásjándum, *in the sight of all*; at áheyranda höfðingjanum, *in the hearing of the chief*; at upprennandi sólu, *at sunrise*; at liðnum sex vikum, *after six weeks are past*; at honum önduðum, *after his death*; (4) denoting uninterrupted succession, *after*; hverr at öðrum, annarr at öðrum, *one after another*; skildu menn at þessu, *thereupon, after this*; at því *(thereafter)* kómu aðrar meyjar. IV. fig. and in various uses; (1) *to, into*, with the notion of destruction or change; brenna (borgina) at ösku, *to burn to ashes*; verða at ormi, *to become a snake*; (2) *for, as*; gefa e-t at gjöf, *as a present*; eiga e-n at vin, *to have one as friend*; (3) *by*; taka sverð at hjöltum, *by the hilt*; draga út björninn at hlustunum, *by the ears*; kjósa at afli, áliti, *by strength, appearrance*; (4) *as regards as to*; auðigr at fé, *wealthy in goods*; vænn (fagr) at áliti, *fair of face*; (5) as a law term, *on the grounds of, by reason of*; ryðja (*to challenge)* dóm at mægðum, kvið at frændsemi; (6) as a paraphrase of a genitive; faðir, móðir at barni (= barns, *of a child)*; aðili at sök = aðili sakar; (7) with adjectives denoting colour, size, age, *of*; hvítr, svartr, rauðr at lit, *while, black, red of colour*; mikill, lítill at stœrð, vexti, *tall, small of stature*; tvítugr at aldri, *twenty years of age*; kýr at fyrsta, öðrum kálfi, *a cow that has calved once, twice*; (8) determining the source from which anything comes, *of, from*; Ari nam ok marga frœði at Þuríði *(from her)*; þiggja, kaupa, geta, leigja e-t at e-m, *to receive, buy, obtain, borrow a thing from one*; hafa veg (virðing) styrk at e-m, *to derive honour, power, from one*; (9) *according, to, after* (heygðr at fornum sið); at ráði allra vitrustu manna, *by the advice of*; at landslögum, *by the law of the land*; at vánum, *as was to be expected*; at leyfi e-s, *by one's leave*; (10) in adverbial phrases; gróa (vera grœddr) at heilu, *to be quite healed*; bíta af allt gras at snøggu, *quite bare*; at fullu, *fully*; at vísu, *surely*; at frjálsu, *freely*; at eilífu, *for ever and ever*; at röngu, at réttu, *wrongly, rightly*; at líku, at sömu, *equally, all the same*; at mun, at ráði, at marki, *to a great extent*. B. with acc., *after, upon* (= eptir); sonr á at taka arf at föður sinn, *to take the inheritance after his father*; eiga féránsdóm at e-n, *to hold a court of execution upon a person*; at þat (= eptir þat), *after that, thereafter*; connected with a past part. or adj., at Gamla fallinn, *after the fall of Gamli*; at Hrungni dauðan, *upon the death of Hrungnir*.

AT, (1) as the simple mark of the infinitive, *to*; at ganga, at ríða, at hlaupa, *to walk, to ride, to run*; (2) in an objective sense; hann bauð þeim at fara, sitja, *he bade (ordered) them to go, sit*; gefa e-m at eta, at drekka, *to give one to eat, to drink*; (3) denoting design or purpose, *in order to* (hann gekk í borg at kaupa silfr).

AT, (1) demonstrative particle before a comparative, *the, all the, so much the*; hón grét at meir, *she wept the more*; þykkir oss at líkara, *all the more likely*; þú ert maðr at verri *(so much the worse)*, er þú hefir þetta mælt; (2) rel. pron., *who, which, that* (= er); þeir allir, at þau tíðindi heyrðu, *all those who heard*; sem þeim er títt, at (*as is the custom of those who*) kaupferðir reka.

AT, conj., *that*; (1) introducing a subjective or objective clause; þat var einhverju sinni, at Höskuldr hafði vinaboð, *it happened once that H.*; vilda ek, at þú

réðist austr í fjörðu, *I should like you to go*; (2) relative to 'svá', denoting proportion, degree; svá mikill lagamaðr, at, *so great a lawyer, that*; (3) with subj., denoting end or purpose, *in order that* (skáru þeir fyrir þá (*viz.* hestana) melinn, at þeir dœi eigi af sulti); (4) *since, because, as* (= því at); (5) connected with þó, því, svá; þó at (with subj.), *though, although*; því at, *because, for*; svá at, *so that*; (6) temp., þá at (= þá er), *when*; þegar at (= þ. er), *as soon as*; þar til at (= þ. t. er), *until, till*; áðr at (= á. en), *before*; (7) used superfluously after an interrog. pron. or adv.; Olafr spurði, hvern styrk at hann mundi fá honum, *what help he was likely to give him*; in a relative sense; með fullkomnum ávexti, hverr at *(which)* þekkr ok þægiligr mun verða.

AT, negative verbal suffix, = -a; var-at, *was not*.

AT, n. *an incited conflict or fight* (see etja); odda at, Yggs at, *battle*.

ATA (AÐ), v. *to stain, smear*.

ATALL (ÖTUL, ATALT), a. *fierce*; ötul augu, *fierce, piercing., eyes*.

AT-BEINI, m. *assistance, help*.

ATBLÁSTRAR-MAÐR, m. *instigator*.

ATBURÐA-LAUSS, a. *eventless, uneventfull*.

AT-BURÐR, m. (1) *occurrence, event*; verðr sá atburðr, at, *it so happens that*; dráp Bárðar ok þá atburði er þar höfðu orðit, *and the events that had happened there*; (2) *incident, circumstance*; Ó. sagði honum alla atburði *(all the circumstances, particulars)* um sitt mál; í hverjum atburðum, *under what circumstances*; með hverjum atburðum, *in what manner, how*; (3) *chance, accident*; slíkt kalla ek atburð, en eigi jartegn, *such a thing I call an accident, and not a miracle*; af atburð, *by chance*; *accidentally*; með atburð, *by chance*; *per adventure, perhaps*; (4) *attack*; (5) *gesture* (með atburð kallaði hann mik til sín); var hón en fríðasta jungfrú ok vel at atburðum, *of good manners, well-bred*.

AT-BÚNAÐR, m. *proper outfit, equipment, &c.*; veita atbúnað dauðum mönnum, *to lay out dead bodies*.

AT-DJÚP, n. *deep water close to shore*; -DJÚPR, a. *deep close to the shore*.

ATDRÁTTAR-MAÐR, m., mikill -maðr, *a good housekeeper*.

AT-DRÁTTR, m. *provisions, supplies for household use*; hafði hann atdrátt at þeirra búi, *he supplied their household*; atdrættir ok útvegar, *ways and means*.

AT-DUGNAÐR, m. *assistance, help*.

AT-EGGJAN, f. *egging on*, = áeggjan.

AT-FALL, n. *rising tide, flood-tide*.

ATFANGA, gen. pl. from atföng, *provisions*; -DAGR, m., -KVELD, n. *the day, or evening, preceding a church festival*; atf. jóla, *Christmas Eve*; -LAUSS, a. *destitute of means of subsistence, without resources*; -MAÐR, m. = atdráttarmaðr.

ATFARA-LAUST, a. n. *without onslaught* or *armed aggression* (see atför).

ATFARAR-DÓMR, m. *sentence of execution* (for payment); -ÞING, n. *court of execution*.

AT-FERÐ, f. (1) *proceeding, conduct, behaviour* (skynsamlig atferð); víkjast eptir atferðum enna fyrri frænda þinna, *to follow their (good) example*; (2) *activity, energy*; (3) *assault*; veita e-m atferð, *to set upon one*; (4) a law term, *execution* (með dómrofum ok atferðum).

ATFERÐAR-BÓT, f. *improvement of conduct*; -GÓÐR, a. *well-behaved*; -LEYSI, n. *inactivity, idleness*; -MAÐR, m. *energetic*

man.

ATTERÐLIGR, a. *fit or manly*.

AT-FERLI, n. *action, proceeding, procedure* hann spurðist fyrir um aiferli heraðsmanna, *what they were doing*; -FLUTNING, f. *conveyance to a place, supply*; -FRÉTT, f. *asking, inquiry*.

ATFRÉTTAR-MAÐR, m. *inquirer* (e-s, *after something*).

AT-FUNDULL, a. *fault-finding, censorious*; -FYLGI, n., -FYLGJA, f. *help, backing, support*; -FYNDILIGR, a. *blameable, reprehensible*; -FYNDLI, f. *censoriousness*; -FŒRSLA, f. *exertion, activity*.

ATFŒRALU-MAÐR, m. *a man of vigour*.

AT-FÖR, f. (1) *proceeding, method*; (2) *attack*; gera atför at e-m, veita e-m atför, *to make an attack upon*; (3) a law term, *execution* (dómr ok atför); -GANGA, f. (1) *attack, onslaught*; veita e-m atgöngu, *to attack*; (2) *help, assistance*; -GANGR, m. (1) *fighting, combat*; (2) *inroad, intrusion*; veita e-m atgang, *to intrude upon*; (3) *help, cooperation*.

ATGANGS-MIKILL, a. *energetic*.

ATGEIRR, m. *bill or halberd*.

ATGENGILIGR, a. *acceptable, inviting*.

AT-GERÐ, AT-GERVI, see atgørð, atgørvi.

AT-GEYMINN, a. *careful, mindful, attentive*; -GEYMSLA, f. *attention, heedfulness*; -GÆZLA, f. *care, caution*.

AT-GØRÐ, f. (1) *achievement* (þessa heims atgørðir); (2) *accomplishment, ability*; (3) *surgical operation* (cf. gøra at meini); (4) pl., *measures, steps taken*; litlar atgørðir, *small measures*; var eigi vænt til atgørða, *there were few expedients*.

ATGØRÐA-LAUSS, a. *inactive, idle*; -laust er um e-t, *no steps are taken*; -MAÐR, m. *a ready man*.

ATGØRÐAR-MAÐR, m. = atgørvimaðr; -MIKILL, a. *active, energetic*; -VINR, m. *a friend in deed*.

AT-GØRVI, f. (or neut.), *accomplishments, ability*.

ATGØRVI-MAÐR or ATGØRVIS-MAÐR, m. *a man of great* (physical) *accomplishments*.

ATHAFNAR-LAUSS, a. *inactive*; -MAÐR, m. *an enterprising man*.

AT-HALD, n. (1) *constraint, restraint*; (2) *ascetic abstinence*.

ATHALDS-MAÐR, m. *ascetic*; -TAUMR, m. *constraining force*.

AT-HJÚKAN, f. *nursing, attendance on a sick person*.

AT-HLAUP, n. *onset, attack*; í einu athlaupi, *in one rush* (in a battle); tókst nú þegar athlaup, *a hand to hand fight*.

AT-HLÁTR, m. *mockery, laughing-stock*; -HLŒGI, n. = -hlátr; -HLŒGILIGR, a. *ridiculous*.

ATHUGA-LAUSS, a. *heedless, careless*; -LEYSI, n. *heedlessness*; -LÍTILL, a. *rather heedless*.

AT-HUGALL, a. *heedful, thoughtfull, carefull*.

ATHUGA-MAÐR, m. *devout person*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *attentively*; -SAMLIGR, a. (1) *attentive*; (2) = -verðr; -SAMR, a. *heedful, attentive*; -VERÐR, a. *worthy of attention*.

AT-HUGI, m. *attention, meditation*; af öllum athuga, *carefully*; flytja fram bœnir sínar með athuga, *with devotion*; leiða e-t athuga, *to reflect upon, to take into consideration*.

ATHUGLIGA, adv. *attentively*.

AT-HVARF, n. *courteous attentions to any one*, in the phrases, gøra e-m athvarf, gøra at athvarfi við e-n.

AT-HYGGJA, f. *attention* (með allri hugarins athyggju); -HYGLI, f. *heedful-*

ness, attentiveness; -HYLLAST, v. refl., *to cultivate one's friendship*; *to side with* (e-n); -HŒFI, n. *conduct, behaviour, proceeding* (í öllu sínu athœfi); -HŒFILIGR, a. *fit, fitting*; -HÖFN, f. (1) *doings, business*; fengin var þeim önnur athöfn, *occupation*; (2) *behaviour, conduct*; -KALL, n. *demand, claim*; -KAST, n. *rebuke, reproach*.

ATKERI, m. *anchor*; see 'akkeri'.

AT-KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. (1) *arrival*; (2) *pain, visitation*; -KOMINN, pp. *situated* (vel, illa atkominn).

ATKVÆÐA-LAUSS, a. *unimportant, of no consequence*; -MAÐR, m. *a man of importance*; -MIKILL, a. *of weight, influential*.

AT-KVÆÐI, n. (1) *technical term*; skal sœkja sem þjófssök fyrir utan atkvæði, *with exception of the technical terms, without calling it theft*; (2) *word, expression*; (3) *sound, pronunciation* (atkvæði nafns hvers þeirra); (4) *decision*; var því vikit til atkvæða Marðar, *referred to Mard's decision*; S. veitti atkvæði *(ordered, decreed)*, at hætta skyldi áverkum; af atkvæði guðanna, *by the gods' decree*; (5) *spell, charm*; atkvæði Finnunnar, *the spell of the Finnish witch*.

AT-LAGA, f. (1) *laying the ships alongside for attack* in a sea-fight, *attack, assault* (also on land); (2) *landing* without notion of fight (jarl skipði svá fyrir um atlöguna).

AT-LÁT, n. *coinpliance*; atlát synda, *indulgence in sin*.

ATLÁTSAMR, a. *compliant* (e-u).

ATLOGU-SKIP, n. *a ship engaged in battle*.

ATMÆLASAMR, a. *fault-finding*.

AT-MÆLI, n. *blame, censure*; -RÁS, f. *charge, attack*; -REIÐ, f. (1) *riding at*; (2) *charge of horse*.

ATREIÐAR-ÁSS, m. *quintain-post*.

AT-REKANDI, m. *vigorous efforts, great exertions*.

AT-RENNA, f. *running knot, noose, slip-knot*.

ATRENNU-LYKKJA, f. = atrenna.

ATRIÐ, n. *movement*; hann hafði allt eitt atriðit, *he did both things at once*.

AT-RÓÐR, m. (1) *rowing towards*; (2) *rowing against the enemy* (to make an attack).

ATSAMR, a. *quarrelsome, contentious*.

AT-SETA, f. *residence*; hafa atsetu e-s staðar, *to reside*, esp. of kings; -SETR, n. = -seta.

AT-SKELKING, f. *derision, ridicule*.

ATSKILJANLIGR, a. *various, different*.

ATSKJALDAÐR, a. *covered with shields*.

ATSKJÓTAÐR, a. *situated*; illa atskjótaðr, *badly off*.

AT-SÓKN, f. (1) *onslaught, attack*; (2) *run of visitors or guests seeking hospitality* (föng vóru lítil, en atsókn mikil).

ATSÓKNAR-MAÐR, m. *aggressor*.

AT-SPURNING, f. *inquiry*; leiða at-spurningum um e-ð, *to make inquiries about a thing*.

AT-STAÐA, f. (1) *assistance, support*; (2) *zeal*; (3) *importunity, obtrusion*; -STADDR, a. *situated, circumstance* (vel, illa atstaddr); -STUÐNING, f., -STUÐNINGR, m., -STÓÐ, f. *support, assistance*; -SÚGR, m., only in the phrase, bora frekan atsúg til e-s, *to lay vigorous claim to*; -SVIF, n. *incident, bearing*; -TEKINN, pp. = -staddr; -TEKT, f. *state, condition*.

AT-TÓNN, f. *tusk*, = vígtönn (cf. at, n.).

AT-VEIZLA, f. *assistance* (cf. 'veita at'); -VORKNAÐR, m. *work*, esp. in haymaking; var þórgunnu ætlat nautsfóðr til atverknaðar, *to toss and dry it*.

AT-VIK, n. (1) esp. in plur., *details, particulars*; eptir atvikum, *according to the*

circumstances of the case; greina e-t með atvikum, *circumstantially*; (2) *concession*; (3) *onset, assault*, = atvígi.

AT-VINNA, f. (1) *assistance, support*; (2) means of subsistence.

ATVINNU-LAUSS, a. *without means of subsistence*.

AT-VIST, f. *presence, esp. the act of being present at a crime*; vera í atsókn ok atvist, *to be present and a partaker in the onslaught*; ATVISTAR-MAÐR, m. *aider and abettor*.

AT-VÍGI, n. *onset, onslaught*.

ATYRÐA (-RTA, -RÐR), v. *to rebuke*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *abusive words*.

AUÐ-, adverbial prefix to a great many adjectives, adverbs, and participles (opp. to tor-), *easily*; -BÉÐINN, pp. *easily persuaded*; -BŒNN, a. *easily moved by entreaty*; -BŒTTR, pp. *easily compensated for*; -EGGJAÐR, pp. *easily egged on*; -FENGINN, pp., -FENGR, a. *easy to get*; -FUNDINN, pp., -FYNDR, a. *easy to find*; -FUNDIT (-FYNT), *easy to perceive, clear*; -FŒRR, a. (1) *easy to pass* (-fœrr vegr); (2) easily accessible.

AUÐGA (AÐ), v. *to enrich* (a. e-n e-u); refl., auðgast, *to grow wealthy*.

AUÐ-GENGR, a. *easy to pass* (stígr -gengr); -GÆTLIGR, a., -GÆTR, a. *easy to get*; -GÖRR, pp. *easily done*; -HEYRT, pp. n. *easily heard, clear*.

AUÐ-HÓF, n., -HŒFI, n. pl. *riches*, = auðœfi.

AUÐIGR and AUÐUGR, a. *rich, wealthy* (a. at fé); skip mikit ok auðigt, *with a rich lading*.

AUÐIT, pp. n. of an obs. verb; e-m verðr e-s au., *it falls to one's lot*; oss varð eigi þeirrar hamingju au., *this good fortune was not destined for us*; þó at mér verði lífs au., *though life be granted to me*; hafði au., *they had won the day*; varð þeim eigi erfingja au., *to them no heir was granted*; au. fé, *means possessed*.

AUÐ-KENDR, pp. *easy to recognize, of distinguished appearance*; -KENNI, n. *mark, distinction*; -KENNILIGR, a. *easy to recognize*; -KEYPTR, pp. *easily bought, cheap*; -KJÖRINN, pp. *easily chosen, easy to decide on*; -KUMALL, a. *tender, delicate, easily hurt or wounded*; -kumall í skapi, *irritable*; -KVADDR, pp. *easily moved* (váru menn til þass -kvaddir).

AUÐ-KVISA, f., -KVISI, m.; see 'aukvisi'.

AUÐ-KVÆÐR, a. *easily talked over, easily moved, pliable*.

AUÐ-KYMLI, f. *weakness* (þá varp hón af sér -kymli konunnar).

AUÐ-KÝFINGR, m. *a man of great wealth*.

AUÐ-LATTR, pp. *easily kept in check*; -LÁTINN, pp. *of easy, affable manners, complaisant*.

AUÐ-LEGÐ, f. *wealth, riches*; -MAÐR, m. *wealthy man*; -MILDINGR, m. *generous, free-handed man*.

AUÐ-MJÚKLIGA, adv. (1) *humbly*; (2) *easily*; -MJÚKLIGR, a. *humble* (auðmjúkligt bœnarbréf); -MJÚKR, a. (1) *humble, meek*; (2) *pliable, docile*; -MUNAÐR, pp. *easily remembered*; -MÝKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to humble*; auð-mýkja sik, *to humble oneself*; (2) *to make pliable*; -MÝKT, f. *meekness, humility*.

AUÐN, f. (1) *wilderness, desert* (úfœriligar auðnir); (2) *uninhabited and uncultivated tract of land, waste* (bygðust þá margar auðnir landsins); (3) *deserted farm or habitation* (sá bœr hét síðan á Hrappstöðum, þar er nú auðn); (4) *desolation*; ríki mitt stendr mjök til auðnar, *is in a state of desolation*; liggja (leggja) í auðn,

to lie (to lay) waste; (5) *destruction* (auðn borgarinnar).

AUÐNA, f. (1) *fate*; a. mun því ráða, *Fate must settle that*; (2) *good fortune*; með auðnu þeirri, at Þorkatli var lengra lífs auðit, *by that good fortune that longer life was destined for Thorkel*.

AUÐNA, f. *desolation*, = auðn.

AUÐNA (AÐ), v. impers. *to fall out by fate*; ef honum auðnaði eigi aptr at koma, *if he did not have the good fortune to return*; ef guð vill, at þess auðni, *that it shall succeed*; sem auðnar, *as luck decides*.

AUÐNAR-GLUTR, n. *squandering, prodigality*; -HÚS, n. *deserted house*; -MAÐR, m. *destroyer*; -ÓÐAL, n. *impovetished estate*; -SEL, n. *deserted shieling*; -STAÐR, m. *a desert place*.

AUÐNU-LAUSS, a. *luckless*; -MAÐR, m. *lucky man, favourite of fortune*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *fortunately*.

AUÐ-NÆMILIGR, a. *easy to learn*.

AUÐ-NÆMR, a. *easily learned, soon got by heart*.

AUÐR, a. *empty, void, desolate*; húsin voru auð, *uninhabited*; auð skip (= hroðin), *empty ships*, all the crew being slain or put to flight; a. af mönnum, *void of people*; a. at yndi, *devoid of pleasure, cheerless*.

AUÐR, m. *riches, wealth*; auðr fjár, *great wealth*; auðr er valtastr vina, *wealth is the ficklest of friends*.

AUÐ-RÁÐ, n. *wealth*, = auðræði.

AUÐ-RÁÐINN, pp. (1) *easily explained* (of a dream); (2) *easy to manage* (of a boat); -RÁÐR, a. *pliable, yielding*.

AUÐ-RANN, n. *rich house*; -RÆÐI, n. pl. *means, property, wealth*; -SALIR, m. pl. *rich (splendid) halls*.

AUÐ-SÉNN, pp. *easily seen, evident*; -SKILLIGR, a. *easy to understand*; -SKREIÐR, a. = örskreiðr; -SKŒÐR, a. *easily damaged, delicate, tender*; -SÓTTLIGR, a. (1) *easy to perform, an easy task* (þótti þetta eigi vera -sóttligt); (2) *that can easily be taken by force* (borg -sóttlig); -SÓTTR, pp. *easy to win* (mal -sótt); auðsóttr til bœna, *pliable, yielding*.

AUÐ-STAFR, m. poet. *wealthy man*.

AUÐ-SVEIPR, a. *pliable, yielding*.

AUÐ-SÝNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to show, exhibit*; refl., -sýnast, *to appear clearly*; -SÝNILIGA, adv. *clearly*; -SÝNILIGR, a. *evident, clear*; -SÝNING, f. *making evident, explanation*; -SÝNN, a. easily *seen, clear, evident*; -SÆLIGR, a. = -sýniligr; -SÆR, a. = -sýnn; -TRÚA, a. indecl., -TRÚINN, a. *credulous*; -TRYGGI, f. *simplicity, credulity*; -TRYGGR, a. *simple-hearted, credulous*.

AUÐUGR, a., see 'auðigr'.

AUÐ-VELDA (AÐ), v. *to make easy, take lightly*.

AUÐVELDA-VERK, n. *an easy task*.

AUÐ-VELDI, n. *easiness, facility*; með -veldi, *easily*; -VELDLIGA, adv. (1) *easily, lightly*, taka -veldliga í e-u, *to make light of*; (2) *without reluctance, willingly*; -VELDLIGR, a. *easy to overcome* (hversu -veldlig sú borg var); -VELDR, a., -VELLILIGR, a. (1) *easy*; (2) *compliant*.

AUÐ-VIRÐA, &c.; see 'afvirða'.

AUÐ-VITAÐ, pp. n. *easy to know, clear, evident*; -VÍST, a. n., = -vitað.

AUÐ-ÞRIFLIGR, a. *weakly, feeble*.

AUÐ-ŒFI, n. pl. *opulence, wealth, riches*.

AUFI, interj. *woe! alas!*; a. mér or a. mik, *woe is me!*

AUFUSA or AUFÚSA, f. *thanks, gratitude, satisfaction, pleasure*; kunna e-m aufúsu fyrir e-t, *to be thankful, obliged to one, for a thing*; gefa e-m aufúsu, *to thank*; e-m er

au. á e-u, *one is pleased, gratified, with*; ef yðr er þar nökkur au. á, *if it be any pleasure to you*; var mönnum mikil au. á því, *were much pleased by it*.

AUFÚSA-GESTR, m. *a welcome guest*, opp. to 'andvara-gestr'; -LAUSS, a. *ungrateful, unthankful*; -ORÐ, n. *thanks*; -SVIPR, m. *friendly mien*.

AUGA (gen. pl. AUGNA), n. *eye*; lúka (bregða) upp augum, bregða augum í sundr, *to open (lift up) the eyes*; lúka aptr augum, *to shift the eyes*; renna (bregða, leiða) augum til e-s, *to turn the eyes to*; leiða e-n augum, *to measure one with the eyes*; berja augum í e-t, *to take into consideration*; koma augum á e-t, *to set eyes on, become aware of*; hafa auga á e-u, *t have, keep, an eye upon*; segja e-m e-t í augu upp, *to one's face, right in the face*; unna e-m sem augum í höfði sér, *as one's own eye-balls*; e-m vex e-t í augu, *one has scruples about*; náit er nef augum, *the nose is neighbor to the eyes*; gløggt er gests augat, *a guest's eye is sharp*; mörg eru dags augu, *the day has many eyes*; eigi leyna augu, ef ann kona manni, *the eyes cannot hide it if a woman loves a man*; (2) *hole, aperture* in a needle (nálarauga), in a millstone (kvarnarauga) or an axe-head; (3) *pit* full of water.

AUGA-BORA, f. *socket of the eye*; -BRAGÐ, n. (1) *twinkling of an eye, moment*; á einu augabragði, *in the twinkling of an eye*; (2) *glance, look*; snart -bragð, *a keen glance*; hafa -bragð af e-u, á e-u, *to cast a look at*; (3) *a butt for ridicule*, hafa en at -bragði, *to make sport of ridicule* verða at -bragð *to become a laughingstock*; -BRAGÐLIGR, a. (1) *momentary*; (2) *instantaneous*; -STAÐR, m. *socket of the eye*; -STEINN, m. *apple (or pupil) of the eye*.

AUGBRÁ, f. *eye-lashes*; -DAPR, a. *weak-sighted*; -FAGR, a. = augnafagr; -LIT, n. *face, countenance*; fyrir (or í) gúðsaugliti, *before the face of God*; -LJÓS, n., in the phrase, koma í -ljós, *to come to light, appear*; -LJÓSS, a. *clear, manifest*.

AUGNA-BENDING, f. *a warning look or glance*; -BRAGÐ, n. = augabragð; -FAGR, a. *fair-eyed, having beautiful eyes*; -FULLR, a. *full of eyes*; -GAMAN, n. *delightfull of the eyes*; -KARL, m. *pan of the hip-joint*; -KAST, n. *wild glance*; -LAG, n. *look*; -MEIN, n. *disease of the eye*; -MYRKVI, m. *dimness of the eye*; -SJÁLDR, n. *eyeball, pupil*; -SKOT, n. (1) *look, glance of the eye*; (2) *measure by the eye* (at augnaskoti); -STAÐR, m. = augastaðr; -SVEINN, m. *a Iad leading a blind man*; -VERKR, m. *pain in the eye*; -ÞUNGI, m. *heaviness of the eye*.

AUG-SJÁNDI, pr. p. *seeing with one's own eyes*; at augsjándum postulum sínum, *in sight of his apostles*; -SJÓN, f. = augsýn; -SÚRR, a. *blear-eyed*, = súreygr; -SÝN, f. sight; koma í -sýn e-m, *to appear before him*; í -sýn e-m, *in the face of*; -SÝNAST (D), v. refl. *to appear clearly*; -SÝNILIGA, adv. *visibly*; -SÝNILIGR, a. *visible*; -SÝNN, a. = auð-sýnn, aug-ljóss.

AUK, adv. and conj. (1) *besides*, = at auki (hundrað manna ok auk kappar hans); (2) also, = ok.

AUKA (EYK, JÓK, JÓKUM, AUKINN), v. (1) *to augment, increase* (a. virðing e-s; a. ætt sína; a. vandræði); *to prolong* (a. þing); aukanda ferr am e-t, *something goes on increasing*; eigi er þat aukit *(it is no exaggeration)* þó at hann sé sagðr ríkastr maðr á Íslandi; orðum aukit, *exaggerated*; aukin (*more than*) þrjú hundruð manna; (2) *to add*, with dat. (jók ek

því es mér varð síðar kunnara); a. synd á synd ofan, *to heap sin upon sin*; a. e-u við, *to add*; aukast orðum við, *to come to words, to converse*; with acc., a. ný vandræði (= nýjum vandræðum) á hin fornu, *to add new difficulties to old ones*; impers., jók stórum hans harm, *his grief increased greatly*; (3) *to surpass, exceed*; þat er eykr sex aura, þá á konungr hálft þat er eykr, *if it exceeds six ounces, the king takes half the excess*.

AUKA (AÐ), v. (a Norse form) = the preceding.

AUKA-GØRÐ, f. *unnecessary work*.

AUKA-HLUTR, m., at -hlut, *in addition, to boot*, = at auk.

AUKAN, f. *increase, augmenttation*.

AUKA-NAFN, n. *nickname, additional name*; -SMÍÐI, n. *superfluous thing*; -TUNGL, n. *intercalary moon*; -VERK, n. *superfluous work*.

AUKI, m. (1) *addition, increase* (a. fagnaðar, pínsla); verða at moldar auka, *to become dust, to die*; til auka, *in addition, to boot*; fœrast í alla auka (afls síns), *to exert to the utmost one's bodily strength*; (2) *seed, progeny, offspring* (eigi gaft þú mér auka eðr afkvæmi); (3) *produce of the earth*; (4) *interest of capital*.

AUK-NEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to nickname*; -NEFNI, n. *contemptuous name, nickname* (eigi em ek bastarðr nema at -nefni, of William the Conqueror).

AUKNING, f. *increase*.

AUKVISI, m. *degenerate person, laggard* (einn er au. ættar hverrar).

AUMA, f. *misery*, in the phrase, sjá aumu *or* aumur á e-m, *to take pity upon*; cf. 'arma'.

AUM-HJARTAÐR, a. *tender-hearted, charitible*.

AUMINGI (-JA), m. *miserable person, wretch* (guð aumingi).

AUMKA (AÐ), v. *to commiserate, to feel pity for* (a person, &c.).

AUMKAN, f. *lamentation, wailing*.

AUM-LEIKR, m. *misery, wretchedness*; -LIGA, adv. *piteously, wretchedly*; -LIGLEIKR, m. = -leikr; -LIGR, a. *poor, miserable* (aumligr ok hörmuligr).

AUMR, a. *poor, miserable, unhappy, wretched*.

AUM-STADDR, pp. *in a poor, wretched state*; *miserably situated*.

AURA-, gen. pl. from aurar; see 'eyrir'.

AURA-DAGR, m. *pay-day*; -LAG, n. *standard of money*; -LÁN, n. *wordly luck*; -LÓGAN, f. *squandering money, profuseness*; -LYKT, f. *payment*; -SKORTR, m. *scarcity of money*; -TAKA, f. *receipt of money*.

AUR-BORÐ, n. *the second plank from the keel of a boat*.

AUR-GÁTI, m.; see 'ørgáti'.

AURIGR (acc. AURGAN), a. *clayey, muddy*.

AURR, m. *moist earth, clay, mud* (aurr etr iljar, en ofan kuldi).

AURRIÐA-BEKKR, m. *trout-stream*; -FLSKI, n. *trout-fishery*; -NET, n. *troutnet*; -VATN, n. *a lake with trout*.

AURRIÐI, m. *salmon-trout*.

AUR-SKÓR, m. *'mud-shoe', horse-shoe*; -SKRIÐA, f. *landslip*.

AUSA (EYS, JÓS, JÓSUM, AUSINN), v. *to sprinkle, pour*, with dat.; þær taka hvern dag vatn í brunninum ok ausa (*viz.* því) upp yfir askinn, *pour it over the ash-tree*; a. síld ór netjum, *to empty the nets of the herrings*; fig., a. sauri á e-n, *to bespatter with abuse*; a. e-m e-u í augu upp, *to throw … in one's face*; (2) a. e-n (*or* e-t) e-u, *to besprinkle with a thing*; a. e-n

moldu, *to sprinkle with earth, to bury*; a. barn vatni, a sort of baptism in the heathen age (Sigurðr jarl jós sveininn vatni ok kallaði Hákon); (3) with acc., *to bale*; a. skip upp, *to bale the ship out*; fig., a. bát sinn, *to make wetter*; (4) of a horse, *to kick or lash out with the hind legs*.

AUSA, f. *ladle*; ekki er enn sopit, þó í ausuna sé komit, *there's many a slip 'twixt the cup and lip*.

AUS-KER, n. = austrs-ker.

AUSLI, m.; see 'auvisli, usli'.

AUSTAN, adv. *from the east*; á austan, *blowing from east*; fyrir austan (as a prep. with acc.), *east of*; (2) without motion, *on the eastern side* (þrjú hlið vóru austan á borginni); (3) with gen., *to the east of* (austan árinnar; austan fjarðar).

AUSTAN-FERÐ, f. *journey from the east*; -GOLS, f. *light breeze from the east*; -KVÁMA, f. *arrival from the east*; -MARÐ, m. *a man from the east*; -VEÐR, n. *easterly gale*; -VERÐR, a. *eastern, easterly*; -VINDR, m. *east wind*.

AUSTAR-LIGA, adv., -LIGR, a. *easterly*.

AUSTARR, adv. compar. *more to the east*; AUSTAST, adv. superl. *most to the east*; AUSTASTR, a. superl. *most easterly, easternmost*.

AUST-FIRÐINGR, m. *one from the east of Iceland*; -FIRÐIR, m. pl. *the east firths of Iceland*; -FIRZKR, a. *from the east firths (of Iceland)*; AUST-KER, n. = austrs-ker.

AUST-MAÐR, m. *'eastman', a man from the east*; in Iceland and in the Orkneys, *a man from Norway*.

AUSTR, n. (1) *the east* (sól í austri; til austrs); (2) as adv., *in the east* (ek var a. ok ána varðak); *towards the east* (þú vart a. sendr).

AUSTR (-RA or -RAR), m. (1) *the act of baling out water*; standa í austri, *to be engaged in baling*; (2) *bilge-water* (skipit fullt af austri).

AUSTR-ÁTT, f. = austrætt.

AUSTR-BITI, m. *a cross-beam near the baling place* (in a ship).

AUSTRFARAR-KNÓRR, m., -SKIP, n. *vessel bound for the Baltic*.

AUSTR-FERÐ: -FÖR, f. *voyage to the east*, esp. to Russia or the eastern Baltic.

AUSTR-HÁLFA, f. (1) *the eastern part*; hennar *(of Europe)* -hálfa; (2) *Asia* (-austrhálfa heimsins).

AUSTRHÁLFU-LÝÐR, m., -ÞJÓÐ, f. *people of the east*.

AUSTR-KENDR, a. *easterly* (var veðrit austrkennt).

AUSTR-KER, n. *scoop*, = austrs-ker.

AUSTR-LIGR, a. *eastern*.

AUSTR-LÖND, n. pl. *the East*.

AUSTR-MÁL, n. *turn at baling*.

AUSTR-OKA (AÐ), v. *to lavish, squander* (-oka fé sínu).

AUSTR-RÍKI, n. *the eastern empire*, esp. the east of Europe; also of Asia.

AUSTR-RÚM, n. *the baling place* in a ship.

AUSTRS-KER, n. *scoot, bucket for bating out water*.

AUSTR-VEGR, m. *the east*, esp. the eastern Baltic, Russia.

AUSTRVEGS-KONUNGR, m. *king of Russia*; -konungar, *the three kings from the east*; -MAÐR, m. *inhabitant of the* austrvegr.

AUSTR-ÆTT, f. *eastern region of the heaven, east*.

AUST-RŒNN, a. *eastern, coming from the east*; -rœn gola, *easterly breeze*; -rœnn maðr = austmaðr; -rœnn viðr, *timber from Norway*.

AUST-SKOTA, f. *scoop*, = austrs-ker.

AUVI, interj. *alas!* = aufi (auvi mér veslugri).

AUVIRÐAST (AÐ), v. refl., *to become worthless*, = afvirðast.

AUVIRÐI, n. (1) *worthless wretch*; (2) a law term, *damage, anything impairing the value of a thing*.

AUVIRÐILIGR, a. *worthless, wretched*.

AUVIRÐIS-MAÐR, m. *a worthless wretch*.

AUVIRÐSKAPR, m. *worthlessness*.

AUVISLA-BÓT, f. *compensation for damage*.

AUVISLI (af, vesall), m., contr. AUSLI, USLI; (1) a law term, *damage*; bœta auvisla, *to pay compensation for damage done*; (2) *hurt, injury* in general; setja undan öllum auvisla, *to get off unscathed*.

AX, n. *ear of corn*.

AXAR-, see 'øxar-'.

AX-HELMA, f. *stalk and ear of corn*.

AXLAR-BEIN, n. *shoulder-bone, shoulder-blade*; -LIÐR, m. *shoulder-joint*.

AXL-BYRÐR, f. *load borne on the shoulder* (öxl); -HÁR, a. *as high as a man's shoulder* (axlhár e-m).

AY, interj. = auvi (ay mér veslugri).

Á

Á, prep., A. with dat. I. of place; (1) *on, upon, in*; á gólfi, *on the floor*; á hendi, *on the hand* (of a ring); á sjá ok landi, *on sea and land*; á bókum enskum, *in English books*; á himni, *in heaven*; á jörðu, *on earth*; hafa lykil á sér,… *on one's person*; vera á þingi, *to be present at a meeting*; vera í skógi, *to be out in a forest* (of a hunter, robber, deer); þær eyjar liggja á Breiðafirði,… *in Broad firth*; (2) in connexion with proper names of countries, esp those ending in '-land', *in*; á Englandi, Írlandi, Skotlandi, Bretlandi, Grœnlandi, Íslandi, &c., á Mœri, Ögðum, Fjölum; á Mýrum (in Iceland); á Finnmörk, á Fjóni (a Danish island), but í Danmörk, Svipjóð; also before names of Icel. farms denoting open spaces; á Þórisstöðum, á Möðruvöllum, á Fitjum. II. of time; (1) *during, in the course of*; á nótt, *by night*; á degi, *by day*; á því ári, vári, sumri, *in that year, spring, summer*; á þrem sumrum, *in the course of three summers*; var hann á fám dögum heill, *within few days*; á dögum e-s, *in the days of, in his reign or time*; (2) used of a fixed recurrent period or season; á várum, sumrum, haustum, vetrum, *every spring, summer*, &c.; á kveldum, *in the evening*; þrisvar á ári, mánuði, *three times a year, a month*. III. fig. and in various relations; (1) denoting personal relation, *in, to, towards*; bœta e-t á e-m, *to make amends to one* (personally); sjá á e-m, *to read one* or *in one's face*; hafa elsku (hatr) á e-m, *to bear love (hatred) to one*; rjúfa sætt á e-m, *to break a truce on one*; (2) with a reflexive pron., denoting personal appearance, temper, look; vera þungr, léttr á sér, *to be heavy* or *light* (either bodily or mentally); kátr ok léttr á sér, *of a gay and light disposition*; þat bragð hafði hann á sér, *he looked as if*; sýna fáleika á sér, *to show displeasure*; (3) as periphrasis of the possessive pron. or a genitive; hann rétti á sér fingrna, *he stretched his fingers*; fótrinn á honum, *his foot*; í vörunum á honum, *in his lips*; stafn, skutr, árar, segl á skipi, *the stem, stern, oars, sail of a ship*; blöð á tré, *leaves of a tree*; egg á sverði = sverðsegg; (4) denoting instrumentality, *by, by means of*; afla fjár á hólmgöngum, *to make money by duelling*; fella e-n á bragði,… *by a trick* (in wrestling); komast undan á flótta, *to escape by flight*; (5) with numerals; á þriðja tigi manna, *between twenty and thirty*; á níunda tigi, *between eighty and ninety years of age*; á öðru hundraði skipa, *with above a hundred sail*; (6) in many adverbial phrases; á lífi, *alive*; á brautu, *away*; á floti, *afloat*; á milli, *between*; á laun, *secretly*; á móti, *against*; á enda, *at an end*; á flugi, *a-flying, in the air*; á gangi, *walking*; á skjálfi, *a-shivering*; á hleri, *a-listening*; á veiðum, *a-hunting*; á beit, *a-grazing*; (7) used absol. in reference to the air or the weather; þoka var á mikil, *a thick fog was on*; allhvast á norðan, *very strong breeze from the north*; gørði á regn, *rain came on*. B. with acc. I. of place; (1) indicating direction with or without motion, *towards, to, on, upon*; ganga á land, *to go ashore*; ganga á skóg, *into the wood*; stíga á skip, *to*

go on board; á bæði borð, *on both sides* (of the ship); á hlið, *sidewise*; höggva á tvær hendr, *to hew* or *strike right and left*; stefna á fótinn, *to aim at the foot*; gekk veðrit á vestr, *the wind veered to the west*; hárit tók ofan á belti, *reached down to the belt*; reka austr á haf, *to drift eastwards on the sea*; (2) in some cases the acc. is used instead of the dat., esp. with verbs denoting *to hear* or *to see*; þeir sá boða mikinn inn á fjörðinn, *they saw great breakers away in the firth*; with phrases denoting *to be placed, seated, to sit*, the seat is freq. in acc.; sitja á miðjan bekk, *to be seated on the middle bench*; skyldi konungs sæti vera á þann bekk; (3) denoting parts of the body; bíta e-n á barka, *to bite one in the throat*; skera e-n á háls, *to cut one's throat*; kalinn á kné, *frozen (frost-bitten) up to the knee*. II. of time; (1) connected with 'evening, morning, the seasons' with the article; á kveldit, *every evening*; á sumarit, *every summer*; á vetrinn, *in the winter-time*; the plur., however, is much more common in such cases; á nætrnar, *by night, everynight*; á morgnana, *in the morning, every morning*; á kveldin, *in the evening*; á várin, *in spring*; á sumrin, *in summer*; á haustin, *in autumn* (cf. A. II. 1.); 'dagr' is always used in sing. with the art. suffixed; á daginn, *during the daytime, every day in turn*; (2) denoting a movement onward in time; er leið á vetrinn (daginn, kveldit, nóttina), *as the winter*, &c., *wore on*. III. fig. and in various relations; (1) *on, upon, to*; bjóða vöxtu á féit, *to offer interest on the money*; fá á e-n, *to make an impression upon*; koma á rœðu við e-n, *to enter into talk with, to speak with*; (2) of colour, complexion, *in respect of, in regard to*: hvítr, jarpr, døkkr á hár, *having, white, brown, dark hair*; døkkr á hörund, *of dark complexion*; (3) *denoting skill, dexterity*; hagr á tré, *a good carpenter*; hagr á járn, málm, *an expert worker in iron, metals*; fimir á boga, *good at the bow*; meistari á hörpuslátt, *a master in harp-playing*; mikill á íþrótt, *highly accomplished*; frœðimaðr á landnámssögur ok forna frœði, *a great scholar in history and antiquities*; (4) *denoting dimensions*; á hæð (lengd, breidd, dýpt), *in height (length, breadth, depth)*; (5) denoting *instrumentality*; bjargast á sínar hendr, *to live on the work of one's own hands*; vega á skállir, *to weigh in scales*; nefna e-n á nafn, *by name*; (6) denoting *manner*; á þessa lund, *in this wise*; á marga (ymsa, alla) vega, *in many (various, all) respects*; esp. of a language; mæla, rita á e-a tungu, *to speak, write in a tongue*; á Írsku, *in Irish*; (7) in some phrases the acc. is used instead of the dat.; hann lét ekki á sik finna, *he showed no sign of motion*; (8) in distributive sense; skal mörk kaupa gæzlu á kú eðr oxa, *a mark … for every cow*; (9) connected with nouns, in prepositional and adverbial phrases; á hendr e-m, *against*; á hœla e-m, *at one's heels, close behind*; á bak e-m, *at the back of, behind*; á braut, *away*; á víxl, *so as to cross, cross-wise*.

Á (gen. ÁR, pl. ÁR, gen. Á, dat. ÁM), f. *river*; hér kemr á til sævar, *here the river runs into the sea*, fig., = *this is the very end*.

Á-AUKI, m. (1) *increase*; (2) *interest of money, yield, profit*; (3) *reward*.

Á-AUSTR (-RS), m. *abusive language*.

Á-BARNING, f. (1) *thrashing, flogging* (= barsmíð); (2) *assault* (of the Evil One), *temptation*.

Á-BATAN, f. = ábati.

Á-BATI, m. *profit, gain*.

Á-BERSEMI, f. *disposition to accuse*.

Á-BLÁTSINN, pp. *inspired* (bók guðliga áblásin).

Á-BLÁSNING, f. (1) *breathing upon* (með elds á.); (2) gramm., *aspiration*; (3) *inspiration*; Á-BLÁSTR, m. (1) *breathing upon*; (2) *inspiration*.

ÁBÓTA-DŒMI, n. *abbacy, abbotship*; -KOSNING, f. *election of an abbot*; -LIGR, a. *abbatial*; -SONR, m. *son of an abbot*; -STÉTT, f. *the rank, dignity of an abbot*; -STOFA, f. *abbot's parlour*; -SÆTI, n. *seat* of *an abbot*; -VALD, n. *the power, dignity of an abbot*.

ÁBÓTA-VANT, a. n. *in need of improvement, imperfect* (þar ER honum þótti -vant um kristnihaldit).

ÁBÓTI, m. *abbot*.

Á-BREIÐA, f., Á-BREIZL, n. *bed-covering, counterpane*.

Á-BRÚÐIGR, a. = afbrúðigr; ÁBBRÝÐA, v. = afbrýða; Á-BRÝÐI, f. = afbrýði.

ÁBURÐAR-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *fine clothes, showy dress*; -KONA, f. *a showy, dressy woman*; -MAÐR, m. *showy person, dandy*; -MIKILL, a. *puffed up, showy*; -SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *showy*.

Á-BURÐR, m. (1) *charge*; (2) *salve, ointment*; (3) *pomp or bravery in dress* (cf. 'berast mikit á').

Á-BÚÐ, f. (1) tenancy; ef land spillist í ábúð hans, *during his tenancy*; (2) *duties of a tenant*.

ÁBÚÐAR-MAÐR, m. *an inhabitant*; -SKYLDA, f. *duties ol a tenant*.

Á-BÚNAÐR, m. *tenancy* (= ábúð).

Á-BYRGÐ, f. *responsibility*; vera í á. um e-t, *to be responsible for*; vera ór á. um e-t, *to be exempt from responsibility in a case*; hafa mikit í á., *have much at stake*; e-t er í ábyrgðum við mik, *I am responsible for it*.

ÁBYRGÐAR-FULLR, a. *full of responsibility, responsible*; -HLUTR, m. *an object, matter involving risk, a responsibility*; -LAUSS, a. *irresponsible, free from risk*; -LÍTILL, a. *involving little risk*; -RÁÐ, n. *responisible step*; -SAMLIGR, a. *momentous, very important*.

Á-BYRGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make one answerable for* (á e-m e-t *or* e-t á hendi e-m); refl., ábyrgjast e-t, *to answer for, warrant*.

Á-BŒLI, n. *tenancy, farm*, = ábúð.

ÁÐAN, adv. (1) *before* (löngu á.); (2) *a little while ago* (Kolr fór frá seli á.).

ÁÐR, adv. (1) *already* (ek hef áðr ráðit brullaup Mitt); (2) *before, heretofore*; litlu (löngu) á., *a little while* (long) *before*; (3) = áðr en, *previous to the time when, before, ere*; þeir höfðu skamma hríð setið á. þar kom Gunnhildr, *they had sat but a short while before G. came*; dóu margir á. þeir kœmi til fyrirheitsjarðar, *before they came to the land of promise*; (4) *until, till* (þat var svipstund ein á. stofan brann); (5) sem á., *nevertheless, for all that* (hón bað hann þat eigi gera, en hann tekr hana sem á.).

ÁÐREIFING, f. *sprinkling upon*.

ÁÐR-NEFNDR, pp. *before mentioned*.

Á-DRYKKJA, f. the act of drinking to; sitja fyri ádrykkju e-s, *to sit over against one as his drinking-mate* (regarded as a mark of honor).

Á-DRYKKR, m. *a wave dashing over a ship*.

Á-EGGJA (AÐ), v. *to egg or urge on, to exhort* (á e-m).

Á-EGGJAN, f. *egging on, instigation*.

ÁEGGJANAR-FÍFL, n. *a fool or tool egged on by another* (hafa e-n at -fífli); -GRE-

JNIR, f. pl. *exhortations*; -ÓP, n. *encouraging shout*.

Á-EGGJARI, m. *instigator* (áeggjari glœpa).

ÁFA, f. *disturbance, quarrel, strife*.

Á-FALL, n. (1) *heazy sea* (dashing over a ship); (2) law term, *imposition of a fine* (á. sektar); (3) = áfelli, *calamity, visitation*.

ÁFALLS-DÓMR, m. *sentence of condemnation or punishment*.

Á-FANG, n. (1) *laying hands upon, rough handling* (varð hann fyrir miklu spotti ok áfangi); (2) *mulct, fine*, incurred by illegal seizure of another man's goods; sex aura á., *a fine of six ounces*.

Á-FANGI, m. = áfang 2.

Á-FANGR, m.; see ái-vangr.

Á-FASTR, a. *fastened to, joined to*.

Á-FÁTT, a. n. *defective, faulty*.

Á-FELLI, n. *calamity*; standa undir áfelli, *to be under great hardship*; hvert á. jarl hafði veitt honum, *what penalties the earl had laid on him*.

ÁFELLIS-DÓMR, m. *condemnation*.

Á-FENGINN, pp., -FENGR, a. *intoxicating* (á. mjöðr, drykkr).

Á-FLOG, n. pl. *brawl fighting*.

Á-FORM, n. *arrangement*.

Á-FORMA (AÐ), v. *to arrange about a thing* (um e-t).

Á-FRAM, adv. *forward, onward*; féll hann á., *on the face*; komst aldri lengra á. fyrir honum um skáldskapinn, *he never got any further in his verse making*; héldu þeir á. leiðina, *they held forward on their way*.

Á-FRÁ, prep. *from*, = frá (á. þeim degi).

Á-FRÝJA, v. = frýja á e-n.

Á-FRÝJA, f. *reproach, rebuke*.

Á-FÝSI, f. *gratification, satisfaction* (oss er engi á. at).

Á-FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to reproach*.

Á-GANGA, f. = ágangr (veita e-m ágöngu).

Á-GANGR, m. *molestation, annoyance, assault, aggression*.

ÁGANG-SAMR, a. *agressive*.

ÁGANGS-MAÐR, m. *an aggressor* (við mína ágangsmenn).

Á-GAUÐ, f. *barking* (at one); *abusive language*; veita e-m mikla ágauð, *to abuse grossly*.

Á-GENGILIGR, a. *acceptable, agreeable*.

Á-GENGT, a. n., e-m verðr ágengt, *one is exposed to ágangr*.

Á-GILDI, n. *value of a ewe* (ær).

Á-GILDR, a. *of a ewe's value*.

Á-GIRNAST (D), v. refl. *to covet, lust after* (ágirnast e-t = girnast á e-t); ÁGIRND, f. (1) *ardent desire, ambition*; (2) *cupidity, avarice* (hann hafði dregit undir sik Finnskattinn með ágirnd).

ÁGIRNDAR-BÁL, n., -ELDR, -LOGI, m. *flame of ambition* or *cupidity*; -LÖSTR, m. *vice (passion) of avarice*.

Á-GIRNI, f. (1) *ambition*; (2) *greed, cupidity*.

Á-GIRNIS-FULLR, a. *avaricious, selfish*.

Á-GJARN, a. (1) *ambitious* (á. ok fégjarn); á. til fjár, *covetous*; (2) *impetuous, eager* (kappar ágjarnir ok óhræddir).

ÁGJARN-LIGA, adv. (1) *eagerly, vehemently*; (2) *with greed* or *cupidity*; -LIGR, a. *proceeding from cupidity* or *avarice* (-lig rán).

ÁGÓÐA-HLÚTR, m. *profitable share*.

Á-GÓÐI, m. *gain, profit, benefit*.

Á-GRIP, n., in the phrase, lítill ágripum, *small of size*.

ÁGÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to praise or commend highly*.

ÁGÆTA-, gen. pl. from 'ágæta', is prefixed to many words to express some-

thing *capital, excellent*; -GÓÐR, a. *excellent*; -GRIPR, m. *capital thing*; -NAUT, n. *fine ox*; -SKJÓTR, a. *very swift*; -VEL, adv. *excellently well*.

ÁGÆTI, n. *glory, fame, renown, excellence*; in pl., *glorious deeds* (mikil ágæti vóru sögð af Gunnari); gera e-t at ágætum, *to praise highly*.

ÁGÆTINGR, m. = ágætismaðr, ágætr maðr.

ÁGÆTIS-, gen. from 'ágæti', prefixed to a great many words with the same meaning as 'ágæta-'; -GRIPR, m. = ágæta-gripr; -LÆKNIR, m. *excellent physician*; -MAÐR, m. *excellent man*; -VERK, n. *master-piece*; used as an adv. *highly, extremely* (húsfrú ágætis siðsöm).

ÁGÆT-LIGA, adv. *capitally*; -LIGR, a. *excellent, goodly*.

ÁGÆTR, a. *famous, excellent*; ágætr höfðingi, *excellent chief*; ágætir gimsteinar, *noble gems*.

Á-GØRÐ, f. *gain, profit* (= ávöxtr).

Á-HALD, n. (1) *laying hold of*, esp. in pl., *fighting, brawl*; verða áhöld með mönnum, *they come to a tussle*; (2) *possession*; veita e-u áhald or áhöld, *to take possession of*; (3) hafa áhöld við e-m um e-t, *to be equal to (match for) one in a thing*.

Á-HANKAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become entangled*.

Á-HEIT, n. *invocation, vow*.

Á-HENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to lay hands upon, seize*; Á-HENDR, pp. *within reach*; þau urðu áhend, *they were seized*.

Á-HEYRANDI, pr. p. *within hearing, listening*; at öllum boðsmönnum áheyröndum, *in the hearing (presence) of all the guests*.

Á-HEYRILIGR, a. *worth hearing, well soundin*; Á-HEYRIS, adv. *within hearing, in one's hearing*; Á-HEYRSI, Á-HEYRSLI, a. indecl., verða e-s á., *to get to know by hearing*.

Á-HLAUP, n. (1) *onset, attack, incursion*; gera e-t með áhlaupum, *to do a thing, impetuously*; (2) *leaping, covering* (of animals).

Á-HLAUPS-MAÐR, m. *an impetuous person*.

Á-HLEKKING, f. (1) *stumbling block* (drepa fótum í áhlekkingar); (2) *error, slip*; (3) *adversity*; Á-HLEYPINN, a. *impetuous, vehement*; Á-HLÝÐAST (DD), v. refl. *to give ear to, listen to* (á. ummæli e-s); á. við e-n, *to agree with*; Á-HLÝÐINN, a. *giving a willing ear, listening readily* (á. um e-t, til e-s); ekki á., *obstinate, self-willed*.

ÁHRINS-ORÐ, n. pl. *words (spells) that come true* (verða at -orðum).

ÁHUGA-FULLR, n. pl. *full of care*; -LÍTILL, a. *slow*; -MAÐR, a. *eager, aspiring* man; -MIKILL, a. *eager, vigorous*; -SAMT, a. n., e-m er -samt, *one is concerned* (about something); -VERÐR, a. *causing concern, serious*.

Á-HUGI, m. (1) *intention, mind*; e-m er e-t í áhuga, *one intends to do a thing*; (2) *eagerness* (ekki skortir ykkr áhuga); (3) *mind, opinion* (eigi er því at leyna, hverr minn á. er um þetta); (4) *care, solicitude*, áhyggja; (5) *devotion*; biðja þeir goðm með miklum áhuga, *fervently*.

Á-HYGGJA, f. *care, concern, anxiety*; bera áhyggju fyrir e-m, *to be concerned about*; fær þat honum mikillar áhyggju ok reiði, *it causes him much concern and anger*.

ÁHYGGJAST (AÐ), v. refl., á. e-t *or* um e-t, *to be concerned about, take care or thought for*.

ÁHYGGJU-FENGINN, -FULLR, a. *anxious,*

concerned; -LAUSS, a. *unconcerned*; -MIKILL, a. *very anxious*; e-m gerist mikit, *one grows very anxious*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *gravely, anxiously*; -SAMLIGR, a. *anxious-looking*; -SAMR, a. *anxious, careful*; -SVIPR, m., -YFIRBRAGÐ, n. *grave, anxious look*.

ÁHÖFN, f. (1) *freight or loading of a ship*; (2) *luggage*.

Á-HÖGG, n. *slaughter of a ewe* (ær).

ÁI, m. *great-grandfather*.

ÁI-FANGI, ÁI-FANGR, m. *resting-place* (for horses to rest and graze); -FÓÐR, n. *fodder for horses at a resting-place*; -VANGR, m. = ái-fangr (cf. 'æja', *to bait*, and 'vangr', *field*).

ÁKAFA-MAÐR, m. *an eager, impetuous man* (-maðr um e-t).

ÁKAFAST (AÐ), v. refl., *to be vehement, eager*; á. á e-t, *to busy oneself eagerly with a thing*.

ÁKAFI, m. *eagerness, vehemence*; með ákafa miklum, *vehemently*; í ákafa, *eagerly, impetuously*; the gen. 'ákafa' is prefixed to a great many adjectives and to some substantives, in the sense of *in a high degree, very*; ákafa fagr, *very beautiful*; ákafa reiðr, *very angry, furious*; ákafa dríf a, *a heavy snow-drift*.

ÁKAF-LEIKR, m. *eagerness, vehemence*; -LIGA, adv. (1) vehemently, impetuously; fara ákafliga, *to rush on*; biðja -liga, *to pray ferevently*; (2) *very, exceedingly* (-liga reiðr); -LIGR, a. *vehement, hot* (ákafligr bardagi, -lig reiði); -LYNDI, n. *a hot, impetuous temper*; -LYNDR, a. *hot-tempered, impetuous*.

ÁKAFR, a. *vehement, fierce* (á. bardagi); þenna dag var veizlan allra áköfust, *at the highest pitch*; neut. as adv., kalla ákaft á Bárð, *to pray to B. fervently*; ríða sem ákafast, *to ride at a furious pace*.

Á-KALL, n. (1) *calling upon, invocation* (á. á nafn guðs); (2) *clamour, shouting*; (3) *claim, demand* (á. til *e-s, to a thing)*.

ÁKALLS-LAUSS, a. *free from all claims or demands*.

Á-KALS, n. *an inportunate, urgent request* (cf. kalls).

Á-KAST, n. (1) *throwing upon, casting at*; (2) fig., *assault* (á. óhreins anda); (3) pl. *taunts*; Á-KASTAN, f. *casting upion*; ÁKASTA-SAMR, a. *taunting*.

Á-KEFÐ, f. = ákafi (vægiliga en eigi með ákefð).

Á-KEFÐARORÐ, n. pl. *passionate or violent words*.

Á-KENNING, f. (1) *smack, savour* (hafa á. e-s *or* af e-u); (2) *slight reprimand* (gera e-m á.); Á-KENNINGR, m. = ákenning.

Á-KEYPI, n. *right of pre-emption*.

Á-KLAGAN, f. *accusation, charge*.

ÁL-KLÆÐI, n. *bed-covering, counterpane* (sængr með áklæðum).

Á-KNEIKI, n. *shame* (snúa e-u e-m til ákneikis); -KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. (1) *touch*; úfriðar á., *visitation of war*; (2) *hurt, wound*.

Á-KÚFÓTTR, a. *round as a ball*.

Á-KVEÐINN, pp. *fixed, appointed*; ákveðin orð, *marked, pointed words*; með ákveðnum orðum, *in express words*.

Á-KVÆÐI, n. *decision, verdict*; með ákvæðum, *expressly*.

ÁKVÆÐIS-TEIGR, m. *a piece of field to be mown in a dey*; -VERK, n. *piecework* (þat er títt á Íslandi at hafa ákvæðisverk).

Á-KYNNIS, adv. *on a visit*.

Á-KÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to complain of*.

Á-KÆRA, f. *charge, complaint* (bera ákæru á e-n); Á-KÆRARI, m. *accuser, complainant*; Á-KÆRSLA, f. = ákæra.

ÁKÆRSLU-LAUSS, a. = ákærulauss; -MAÐR, m. = ákærumaðr.

ÁKÆRU-LAUSS, a. *undisputed, unimpeached*; -MAÐR, m. *accuser, complainant*.

ÁL (pl. -AR), f. *leather-strap*.

Á-LAG, n. (1) esp. pl., ÁLÖG, *impost, tax, burden*; (2) *visitation, tribulation*; (3) law term, *additional fine*; (4) *spell, charm*.

Á-LAGA, f. esp. pl. álögur = álag (1).

ÁLA-GARÐR, m. *eel-pond, stew for eels*.

ÁLAGS-HÁTTR, m. a kind of metre, the first syllable of the following line completing the sentence.

ÁLAR-ENDI, m. *end of a leather strap*; -REIP, n. *rope of leather*.

ÁLA-VIRKI, n. = álagarðr.

ÁL-BELTI, m. *leathern belt*; -BORINN, pp. *measured with a thong or cord* (of a field); -BURBR, m. *measurement (of a field) with a cord*.

Á-LEIÐIS, adv. (1) *onwards forwards* (fóru á. til skipa sinna); vildu snúa á. för sinni, *proceed on their journey*; fig., koma e-u á., *to bring about*; víkja á. með e-m, *to side with one*; (2) *on the right path*, opp. to afleiðis; snúa e-m á., *to convert one*.

Á-LEIKNI, f. *pertness*; Á-LEIKR, m. *trick*; Á-LEIKSI, a. *having got the worst of the game*.

Á-LEITA (AÐ), v. *to molest, annoy*; Á-LEITILIGR, a. *reprehensible*; ÁLEITINN, a. *aggressive*; Á-LEITNI, f. (1) *aggressiveness* (á. við e-n); (2) *blame, censure*.

Á-LENGDAR, adv. *for the future* (engum friði heit ek þér á.).

Á-LENGR, adv. (1) *for the future, always* (þessi illvirki skyldi eigi á. úhefnd vera); (2) *furthermore*; (3) á. er, *as soon as* (álengr er hann er sextán vetra).

ÁLFA, f. = hálfa.

ÁLFA-BLÓT, n. *sacrifices to the elves*; ÁLFA-KYN, n. *the race of elves*.

ÁLF-KONA, f. *female elf*; ÁLF-KUNNIGR, -KUNNR, a. *akin to the elves*.

ÁLFR (-S, -AR), m. *elf, fairy* (hóll er skamt heðan er álfar búa í).

ÁLF-REK, n., -REKI, m. *dirt, excrements* (which drive away the elves); ganga -rek, -reka, at -reka = ganga ørna sinna.

ÁLF-RÖÐULL, m. poet. *the sun*.

Á-LIT, n. (1) *aspect, appearance, countenance* (vænn at áliti, fagr álitum, døkkr álits); (2) *view, consideration, reflection*; með skjótum álitum, *without mature consideration*; eigi með nógum álitum, *inconsiderately*; gøra e-t at álitum, *to take into consideration*; (3) *opinion, judgement* (at réttsýnna manna áliti).

ÁLITA-LEYSI, n. *absence of reflection*; -LÍTILL, a. *inconsiderate*; -MÁL, n. pl. in the phrase, gøra e-t at -málum = gøra e-t at álitum.

ÁLIT-LIGA, adv. *becomingly, respectably, pretty well*; -LIGR, a. *deliberate*.

Á-LITNING, f. *consideration* (á. himnaríkis fagnaðar).

Á-LÍKR, a. *like, resembling*.

Á-LJÓTR (gen. -S or -AR), m. (1) *serious bodily injury that leaves a mark, wilfully inflicted*; (2) *contumelious language* (mæla áljót).

ÁLJÓTS-EYRIR, m. *a fine for* 'áljótr'.

ÁLKA, f. *auk*; ÁLKU-UNGI, m. *young auk* (fugl þvílikastr sem álku-ungi).

ÁLL (-S, -AR), m. (1) *eel*; (2) *a deep narrow channel in sea or river* (eru nú þeir einir álar til lands, er ek get vaðit); (3) *germ, sprout of a plant*.

ÁLMR, m. (1) *elm*; (2) poet. *man*.

ÁLM-SVEIGR, m. *elm-twig*; -TRÉ, n. *elm-tree* = álmr (1).

ÁLMVIÐAR-SKÓGR, m. *elm-wood*.

ÁLNAR-BREIÐR, a. *an ell broad*; -KEFLI, n. *a staff an ell long*; -LANGR, a. *an ell long*; -TÍUND, f. *tithe of the value of an ell*; -VIRÐI, n. *the value of an ell* (alin, öln).

ÁLPT (pl. ÁLPTIR and ELPTR), f. *swan*.

ÁLPTAR-HAMR, m. *the skin and plumage of a swan*; -HREIÐR, n. *swan's nest*; -LÍKI, n. *swan's shape or form*.

ÁLPT-VEIÐR, f. *catching wild swans*.

ÁL-REIP, n. *rope of leather*.

Á-LÚTR, a. *bending forwards, stooping* (cf. lútr).

Á-LYGI, f. *slander, calumny*.

Á-LYKT, f. *issue, decision*.

ÁLYKTAR-ÁMINNING, f. *final admonition*; -DÓMR, m. *final judgement*; -ORÐ, n. *the last word, peroration*; -VITNI, n. *conclusive testimony*.

Á-LYKTAN, f. *conclusion, final decision*.

Á-LÆGJA, a. indecl. *in heat* (of a mare).

ÁMÁTLIGR, ÁMÁTTIGR, a. *loathsome, unpleasant, piteous*.

Á-MINNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to admonish*; Á-MINNING, f. (1) *admonition, warning*; *the act of reminding one* (of something); (2) *recollection* (á. allra synda).

ÁMINNINGAR-MAÐR, m. *admonisher, reminder*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *admonition, exhortation*; -VÍSUR, f. pl. *admonitory or warning verses*.

Á-MÓT, n. *cofluence of* (two or more) *rivers* (uppi hjá ámóti).

Á-MUNR, a. *like* (á. e-m).

ÁMU-SÓTT, f. *erysipelas*.

Á-MÆLA (-TA, -T), v. *to blame* (á. e-m fyrir e-t).

Á-MÆLANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *reprover*.

Á-MÆLI, n. *blame, reproof, reproach*; leggja e-m e-t til ámælis, *to reproach one for, or with, a thing*.

ÁMÆLIS-LAUST, adv. *without reproach*; -ORÐ, n. *reproof*; -SAMR, a. *bringing reproach, shameful*; -VERÐR, a. *blameworthy*.

ÁN, prep. *without*; (1) with gen.; þess máttu Gautar illa án vera, *they could not well do without it*; án allrar vægðar, *without any mercy*; (2) with dat.; án e-s ráði, *without (against) his will*; án afláti, *incessantly*; (3) with acc.; án alla flærð, *without any deceit*; án leyfi, *without leave*.

Á-NAFNAÐR, a. *renowned, famous*.

ÁNAUÐ, f. (1) *oppression, constraint*; (2) *bondage*; (3) *straits, hardship* (also in pl.).

ÁNAUÐAR-OK, n. *yoke of bondage*; -VIST, f. *life of oppression or bondage*.

Á-NAUÐGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to reduce to bondage, to enslave* (á. e-m); (2) *to oppress*; Á-NAUÐIGR, a. *oppressed, enslaved*; Á-NAUÐR, m. = ánauð.

Á-NEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to name, appoint* (á. dag til orrustu).

Á-NETJA (AÐ), v. *to entangle as in a net* (á. e-n e-u); refl., ánetjast e-u, *to be entangled in*.

Á-NEYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to force, subject by force*.

ÁNING, f. *resting, baiting*; cf. 'æja'.

Á-NYT, f. *ewe's milk*, = ær-nyt.

Á-NÝJA (AÐ), v. *to renew*.

Á-NŒGJA, v. = nœgja; lát sér e-t á., *to be content, rest satisfied, with*.

ÁR, n. (1) *year*; at ári, *next year*; telja árum, *to count time by years*; (2) plenty, abundance, fruitfulnes (þá var ár um öll lönd); (3) the name of the Rune *A*.

ÁR, f. *oar*; draga skip á árum, *to pull the boat with oars*; þungr undir árum, *heavy to pull*; draga árar um e-t, *to contend for*; koma eigi ár sinni fyrlr borð, *to be under restraint*.

ÁR, n. *first beginning*; ár var alda, *in*

times of yore; at morgins ári, um morguninn í ár = árla um morguninn, *early in the morning*.

ÁR, adv. (1) *anciently, of yore*; (2) *early* (ár um morguninn).

ÁRA-BURÐR, m. *the movement of the oars*; koma (ráðast) undir -burð e-s, *to become dependent on one*; vera undir -burði e-s, *to be under one's protection*; -GANGR, m. *splashing of oars*; -GLAM, n. = -gangr; -LAG, n. *time in rowing*; kunna áralag, *to be able to handle an oar*.

ÁR-ÁLL, m. *river-channel*.

ÁR-ANGR (-RS), m. (1) *season*, = árferð; (2) *produce of the earth*.

ÁRAR-HLUMR, m. *oar-handle*; -HLUTR, m. *piece of an oar*; -STUBBI, m. *stump* of *an oar*; -TRÉ, n. *wood for making oars*.

Á-RÁS, f. *assault, attack*, -áhlaup.

ÁRA-TAL, n. *number of years*; fimtugr at -tali, *fifty years of age*; -TALA, f. (1) = -tal; (2) *calculation, reckoning of years*.

ÁR-BAKKI, m. *bank of a river*.

ÁR-BÓT, f. *bettering of the season of produce*.

ÁR-BROT, n. *inundation of a river*; -BRÚ, f. *bridge over a river*.

ÁR-BÚINN, a. *early ready*.

ÁR-BÝLL, a. *dwelling in abundance*.

ÁR-DAGAR, m. pl., í -daga, *in days of yore*; -DEGIS, adv. *early in the day*.

ÁR-DJÚP, n. *pool in a river*.

Á-REIÐ, *charge of cavalry, invasion of horsemen*; Á-REITINGR, m. *inducement*.

Á-RENNILGR, a. *easy to face*.

Á-REYÐR, f., a kind of *salmon*.

ÁR-EYRR, f. *bar, sandbank at the mouth of a river*; -FARVEGR, m. *course of a river*.

ÁR-FERÐ, f. (1) *season* (góð árferð); (2) *good luck*.

ÁR-FLÓTR, a. *fast, swift* (of a rowing vessel).

ÁR-GALI, m. *'the early singer', the cock, chanticleer*.

ÁRGALLA-LAUSS, a. *free from failure of crop, fertile*. ÁR-GALLI, m. *failure of crop*.

ÁR-GANGR, m. *a year's course, year*.

ÁR-GLJÚFR, n. pl. *steep cliff's over-hanging a river*.

ÁR-GUÐ, m. *god of plenty* (the god Frey); -GŒZKA, f. *good season*.

ÁR-HLUTR, m. *one's portion of a river* (as regards fishing rights).

Á-RIÐA, f. *smearing, rubbing* (cf. ríða á').

ÁRLA, adv. (1) *early*; with gen., árla dags; (2) *in times of yore*.

ÁR-LANGT, adv., -LENGIS, adv. *for a year, during a whole year*; -LIGA, adv. (1) = árla; (2) *yearly*; -LIGR, a. (1) annual, yearly; (2) early.

ÁR-MAÐR, m. *steward*, esp. of a king's or bishop's estates.

ÁR-MEGN, n. *main stream or current of a river*.

ÁR-MENNING, f. *stewardship*.

ÁRNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to earn, gain, get* (á. e-t); (2) á. e-m e-s, *to procure a thing for one*; á. e-m góðs, *to pray for good to one*; á. e-m ills, *to imprecate evil upon, to curse*; á. e-m lífs, *to intercede for one's life*; á. e-s við guð, *to pray to God for a thing*.

ÁRNA (AÐ), v. *to go forward, to wander* (á. úrgar brautir).

ÁRNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. *intercessor* (esp. of Christ and the saints); -ORÐ, n. *intercession* (of the saints).

ÁRNAÐR, m. *intercession*.

ÁRNAN, f. = árnaðr.

ÁRNANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *intercessor*, = árnaðarmaðr.

ÁR-OSS, m. *mouth of a river*.

ÁRR (pl. ÆRIR and ÁRAR, acc. ÁRU and

ÁRA), m. (1) *messenger, servant*; (2) pl. angels (ærir ok höfuðærir).

ÁRR, a. *early* (at árum degi).

ÁR-RISULL, a. *given to rising early*.

ÁR-SALI, -SALR, m. *precious hangings of a bed* (kult ok blæjur ok ársali).

ÁR-SAMR, a. *fertile* (ársamr vetr).

ÁR-SÁINN, pp. *early sown*.

ÁR-SKYLD, f. *yearly rent*.

ÁR-STRAUMR, m. *current in a river*; -STRÖND, f. *bank of a river*.

ÁR-SÆLI, f. *the fact of having prosperous seasons* (during one's reign); -SÆLL, a. *happy in having good seasons*.

ÁR-TAL, n. *reckoning by years*; -TEKJA, f. *yearly rent*; -TÍÐ, f. *anniversary of a man's death*.

ÁRTÍÐAR-DAGR, m. = ártíð; -SKRÁ, f. *obituary*.

Á-RUNI, m. *attack*, = árás.

ÁR-VAÐ, n. *ford of a river*.

ÁR-VAKR, a. *early awake, early rising* (árvakr ok ósvefnugr).

ÁR-VEGR, m. = árfarvegr.

ÁR-VÆNLIGR, -VÆNN, a. *promising a good season*.

ÁR-VÖXTR, m. *the rising or swelling of a river*.

ÁRÆÐA-MIKILL, a. *daring, enterprising* (cf. áræðis-mikill).

Á-RÆÐI, n. (1) *attack*; veita e-m á., *to talk*; (2) *courage, daring, pluck*.

Á-RÆÐILIGR, a. (1) *likely, probable*; (2) *daring, dangerous*; (3) ekki áræðiligt, *not easy to face*.

Á-RÆÐINN, a. *daring, enterprising*.

ÁRÆÐIS-FULLR, a. = áræðinn; -LÍTILL, a. *of small courage*; -MIKILL, a. *daring*; -RAUN, f. *test of courage, daring deed*; -SKORTR, m. *want of courage*; -SNARR, a. *of great courage, plucky*.

Á-SAKA (AÐ), v. *to accuse, reproach* (opp. to 'afsaka'); Á-SAKAN, f. *charge censure*.

ÁSAKANAR-EFNI, n. *matter for cen sure*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of reproach*.

Á-SAKARI, m. *accuser, adversary*.

Á-SAMT, adv. (1) vera á., *to be together*, esp. of married people; (2) koma á, *to agree*; þau kómu vel á., *they lived happily together*.

Á-SAUÐR, m. *ewe*; coll. *ewes*.

Á-SÁLD, a. *sprinkling*, fig., *of a snow storm*.

Á-SÁTTR, pp. *agreed, having come to terms* (á. um e-t).

ÁS-BRÚ, f. *bridge of the Gods, the rainbow*.

ÁS-DRENGR, m. *short pillar*; -ENDI, m. *the end of a beam*.

Á-SETA, f. (1) *sitting upon*; (2) tenure *of a farm* (áseta á jörð).

Á-SETNING, f. *laying on, putting on* (á. stólunnar).

ÁS-GARÐR, m. *the residence of the Gods*; -GRINDR, f. pl. *the gate of ásgarðr*.

Á-SIGLING, f. *sailing upon*.

Á-SJÁ (gen. ÁSJÁR), f. (1) *help, aid, protection* (biðja e-n ásjár); (2) *superintendence, inspection*; (3) *appearance, shape*.

ÁSJÁ, -LIGR, a. *handsome, pretty*; -MÁL, n. *a matter worthy of, or requiring, consideration*.

Á-SJÁNA, f. older form for 'ásjóna'.

ÁSJÓN, f. *superintendence, inspection* = ásýn.

Á-SJÓNA, f. (1) *countenance, look*; kvenna vænst bæði at ásjónu (*appearance*) ok vitsmunum; greppligr í ásjónu, *ugly-looking*; (2) *form, shape* (andi drottins í dúfu ásjónu).

Á-SKELLING, f. *chiding, severe reproof* (cf. 'skella á.').

Á-SKEYTI, n. *attack*.

Á-SKILNAÐR, m. (1) *disagreement, difference*; (2) *separation*; í tvennum áskilnaði, *in two different ways*.

Á-SKORAN, f. *a pressing request*; *a challenge*.

Á-SKOT, n. *shooting at*; svá mikil á., at, *so hard shooting, that*.

ÁS-KUNNIGR, -KUNNR, a. *akin or related to the gods*.

Á-SKURÐR, m. *carving*, in wood or stone (áskurðr ok trésmíði).

Á-SKYNJA, a. indecl., á. e-rar íþróttar, *experienced, expert in an art*; also with dat.; Á-SKYNJANDI, pr. p. = áskynja.

Á-SLÁTTA, f. *injury* inficted by some one (á. djöfuls).

ÁS-LIÐAR, m. pl. *champions of the Gods*; -MEGIN, n. *the divine strength of the Gods*, esp. used of Thor; -MEGIR, m. pl. *the sons of the Gods*; -MÓÐR, m. *divine wrath* (sá hann þá Þór í ásmóði).

Á-SÓKN, f. (1) *attack, assault*; (2) *indictment, accusation*; ÁSÓKNAR-MAÐR, m. *accuser*.

ÁSS (gen. ÁSS and ÁSAR; pl. ÆSIR, acc. ÆSI and ÁSU), m. *one of the old heathen gods* in general, or esp. one of the older branch, in opp. to the younger ones (the *Vanir*).

ÁSS (gen. ÁSS, pl. ÁSAR), m. (1) *a thick pole, main beam* (in a house); (2) in a ship, *yard of a sail* (beitiáss); (3) *rocky ridge*.

ÁS-STUBBI, m. *stump of a beam*.

ÁST, f. (1) *love, affection*; hafa á. á e-m *to feel a love for*; fella á. til e-s *or* við e-n, *to take a fancy to or for one*; (2) pl. ástir, *love between man and woman*, esp. *affection between man and wife* (vel er um ástir okkrar, sagði hón).

Á-STAÐA, f. (1) *assertion, contention*; (2) pl. *disagreement, discord*.

ÁSTA-LAUSS, a. *loveless*.

ÁSTAR-ANDI, m. *spirit of love*; -ANGR, n. *grief from love*; -AUGA, n. *loving eye, tender look* (líta, renna -augum til e-s); -BAND, n. *tie or bind of love*; -BOÐORÐ, n. *commandment of love*; -BRAGÐ, n. *token of love*; -BRÍMI, -BRUNI, m. *fire of love, ardent love*; -DRYKKR, m. *love-potion*; -ELDR, m. = -brími: -FULLR, a. (1) *loving*; (2) *enamoured*; -FUNDR, m. *affectionate meeting*; -GJÖF, f. *gift of grace*; -GREIN, f. *kind of affection*; -GYÐJA, f. *goddess of love*; -GØRNINGR, m. *act of charity*; -HARMR, m. *grief from love*; -HIRTING, f. *chastisement of love*; -HITI, m. *warmth of love*; ÁSTAR-HUGI, m. *love, affection*; ÁSTAR-HUGR, m. *love, affection*; -HYGLI, f. *devotion*; -ILMR, m. *sweetness of love*; -KVEÐJA, f. *hearty greeting*; -KVEIKJA, f. *kindler of love*; -LAUSS, a. *loveless*; -LEYSI, n. *absence of love*; -LOGI, m. *flame of love*; -MARK, n. *token of love*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of love* (mæla -orðum til e-s); -REIÐI, f. *anger from love*; -SAMBAND, n. *band of love*; -SIGR, m. *victory of love*; -SNÆÐINGR, m. *love feast*; -SŒTLEIKR, m. *sweetness of love*; -VÁRKUNN, f. *compassion*; -VERK, n. *act of charity*; -VÉL, f. *artifice of love* (bók -véla, *Ars amandi)*; -ÞJÓNUSTA, f. *service of love*; -ÞOKKI, m. *love, affection*; -ŒÐI, n. *fury of love*.

ÁST-BLINDR, a. *blind from love*; -BUNDINN, pp. *in bonds of love, deeply enamoured*.

Á-STEMMA, f. *damming up of a river*.

ÁST-FENGINN, pp. (1) *love-exciting* (-fenginn drykkr); (2) *bound in love* (-fenginn við Maríu); -FÓLGINN, pp. *beloved, dear to one* (e-m); -FÓSTR, n. *lov-*

ing fosterage (leggja -fóstr við e-n; fœða e-n upp -fóstri); -GJÖF, f. *gift of love, grace*; -GOÐI, or -GÓÐI, m. *darling*; -HOLLR, a. *affectionate* (e-m); -HUGAÐR, a. *dearly loving, affectionate*; -HUGI, m. *affection*.

Á-STIG, n. *treading-upon* (slétt stræti til ástigs).

ÁST-IGR, a. *dear, lovely*; pl. contr. ástgir, ástgar; -KYNNI, n. *hearty welcome*; Á-LAUSS, a. *void of love, loveless*; -LEYSI, n. *want of love, unkindness*; -MENN, m. pl. *dearly beloved friends*; -MÆR, f. *darling maid, sweetheart*; -RÁÐ, n. *kindly advice*.

Á-STRÍÐARI, m. *adversary, tempter*.

ÁST-RÍKI, f. *affectionate tenderness* hafa -ríki af e-m, *to be much loved by*; -RÍKR, a. *full of love* (-ríkt hugskot) -ríkr e-m or til e-s, *full of love to*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *affectionately*; -SAMLIGR, a. *affectionate*; -SAMR, a. *full of love, tenderly disposed towards* (við e-n); -SEMD, f. *love, affection*.

ÁSTSEMDAR-FRÆNDSEMI, f. *affectionate relationship*; -RÁÐ, n. *kind advice*; -VERK, n. *work of love*; -VINÁTTA, f. *loving-friendship*.

ÁST-SEMI, f. = -semd; -SÆLD, f. *popularity*; -SÆLL, a. *beloved by all, popular* (-sæll e-m *or* af e-m).

Á-STUNDA (AÐ), v. *to study, take pains with*, = stunda á e-t; Á-STUNDAN, f. (1) *care, painstaking endeavour*; (2) *strong desire* (hafa á. til guðs); (3) *intention*.

ÁST-ÚÐ, f. *love, affection*; leggja ástúð til e-s, *to become fond of one*.

ÁSTÚÐAR-FRÆNDSEMI, f. *affectionate kinship*; -VINR, m. *dear friend*.

ÁST-ÚÐIGR, a. *beloved, dear* (-úðigr öllu fólki); -úðigt er með þeim, *they are on friendly or loving terms*; -ÚÐLIGR, a. *amiable, friendly* (við e-n *or* e-m); *loving*.

ÁST-VINA, f. *dear (female) friend*; -VINÁTTA, f. *intimate friendship*; -VINR, m. *intimate friend*; -ÞOKKI, m. = ástarþokki.

ÁS-YRJA, f. *goddess*, the fem. answering to 'áss'.

Á-SÝN, f. (1) *countenance, presence* (kásta e-m burt frá sinni á.); (2) *appearance, shape* (guðs hold ok blóð í á. brauðs ok víns); (3) *view, opinion* (með rangri á.); (4) dat. pl. used as adv., hversu var hann ásýnum, *how did he look?*; gen. as adv., minna ásýnar, *apparently less*.

Á-SÝNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to shew*; Á-SÝND, f. = ásýn; ásýndum = ásýnum; ásýndar = ásýnar; Á-SÝNILIGR, a. *conspicuous, stately*; Á-SÝNIS, adv. *in appearance, to look at* (friðr á.); Á-SÝNT, a. n. *to be seen, visible*; ef eigi verðr á., *if no mark* (of the blow) *can be seen*; þat er á., *it is evident*.

Á-SŒKNI, f. *aggressiveness*.

ÁT, n. (1) the act of *eating*; eiga át ok drykkju við e-n, *to eat and drink with one*; kýr hafnaði átinu, *the cow would not eat*; (2) *food* (át ok drykkr).

ÁTA, f. (1) *eating*; góðr átu, *good eating*; (2) *food, meat*; sá hafi húð ok átu, er átti, *let the owner* (of the ox) *have the hide and meat*.

Á-TAK, n. (1) *touch, touching*; svá átaks *(to the touch)* sem skinn; (2) *firm hold or grasp*; átök ok sviptingar, in wrestling.

Á-TALA, f. *rebuke, reprimand* (veit e-m átölur).

ÁTAN, n. *eatable thing, proper food* (cf. 'úátan').

Á-TEKJUR, f. pl. *manner of taking a thing* (Þorsteini óx móðr við átekjur hans).

Á-TEKNING, f. (1) *touching*; (2) *the sense of feeling*; Á-TEKT, f. (1) = átekjur; (2) = átekning (1).

ÁT-FÁTT, a. n. *short of food*.

ÁT-FREKR, a. *greedy, voracious*; -GIRNI, f. *greediness of food*.

ÁTJÁN, card. numb. *eighteen*.

ÁTJÁNDI, ord. numb. *eighteenth*.

ÁTJÁN-SESSA, f. *a shiphaving eighteen rowing benches*.

Á-TROÐ, n., ÁTROÐI, m. *treading, upon, trampling* (verða fyrir átroða).

ÁTRÚNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. *a believer, a worshipper*.

Á-TRÚNAÐR, m. *belief in* (drauma á.); forn á., *the old heathen faith*.

ÁTT, f. (1) *family, race*; (2) *quarter, direction*; see 'ætt'.

ÁTTA, card. numb., *eight*; ÁTTANDI, ord. numb. *eighth* = átti, áttundi.

ÁTTAR-AUKI, m. *increase of the family*; -MÓT, n. *relationship*; -ŒXLING, f. *propagation of kin*.

ÁTTA-TIGIR, m. pl., -TÍU, card. numb. *eighty*.

ÁTT-BOGI, m. *lineage*, = ættbogi.

ÁTT-FEÐMINGR, m. *a measure of eight fathoms* (-feðmingr torfs).

ÁTT-HAGI, m. *one's native place, one's home* (í átthaga sínum).

ÁTT-HYRNDR, a. *eight-cornered, octagonal*.

ÁTTI, ord. numb. *the eighth* (átti dagr Jóla; við átta mann).

ÁTTJÁN, card. numb. *eighteen*, the older form = átján.

ÁTT-LEGGR, m. = ættleggr; -LERA, a. indecl. *degenerate*.

ÁTT-MÆLT, a. n. name of a metre, a verse containing eight lines, each being a separate sentence.

ÁTT-NIÐJUNGR, -NIÐR, -RUNNR, m. *kinsman, descendant*.

ÁTT-RŒÐR, a. (1) *eighty years of age*; (2) *measuring eighty fathoms*, in height, breadth, or depth.

ÁTT-STAFR, m. *kinsman*, = ættingi.

ÁTT-STRENDR, a. *octagonal*.

ÁTTUGANDI, ord. numb. *eightieth*.

ÁTTUNGR, m. (1) *the eighth part* (á. manna); (2) *division of the country* (in some parts of Norway).

ÁTTUNGR, m. *kinsman*, = ættingi.

ÁTTUNGS-KIRKJA, f. *a church* belonging to an 'áttungr' (in Norway).

ÁTT-VÍSI, f. *genealogical knowledge*, = ættvísi.

ÁTT-SERINGR, m. *eight-oared boat*; -ÆRR, a. *of eight oars* (skip áttært).

ÁTU-ÞÝFI, n. *stolen eatables*.

ÁTÖLU-LAUSS, a. *undisputed*.

ÁVALT (= of allt), adv. *always*.

Á-VANT, a. n. in the phrase, e-s er á., *is wanted, needed* (einnar mér Freyju á. þykkir).

Á-VARÐR, a. *dear, acceptable*, only of man in relation to the gods (avarðir goðunum; ávarðr Guði).

Á-VARP, n. *calculation* (in round numbers), *opinion, estimate* (at ávarpi flestra manna).

Á-VAXTA (AÐ), v. *to make fertile or productive*; á. fé, *to put out to interest*; refl., ávaxtast, *to increase*; ávaxtast með þorn ok klungr, *to become overgrown with*.

ÁVAXTA-LAUSS, a. (1) *unproductive*; (2) *fruitless, resultless*; -LIGR, a. *profitable, useful (e-m)*.

Á-VAXTAN, f. *increase, augmentation*.

ÁVAXTAR-SAMLIGR, a. *profitable*; -SAMR, a. = ávaxt-samr; -TÍMI, m. *the time of harvest*.

ÁVAXTA-SAMR, a. = ávaxtsamr.

ÁVAXT-LAUSS, a. *unfruitful*; -SAMLIGR, a. = ávaxtar-samligr; -SAMR, a. *profitable,*

fruitful.

Á-VÁN, f. *faint expectation or hint* segja e-m áván e-s, *to give one some hint of a thing*.

Á-VEIÐR, f. *river fishery*.

Á-VERK, n. (1) *bodily injury or lesion, wound* (veita, bjóða, e-m á.); (2) *unlawful use of another man's land* (as cutting trees in his forest).

ÁVERKA-BÓT, f. *compensation for an* áverki; -DREP, n. *a stroke producing* áverki; -MAÐR, *perpetrator of an* áverki; -MÁL, n. *an action concerning* áverki.

Á-VERKI, m. = áverk.

Á-VIÐRIS, adv. *on the weather side of* (áviðris e-u = á veðr e-u).

Á-VILJAÐR, a. *inclined to*, with inf.

Á-VINNA (see VINNA), v. *to gain, make profit*.

Á-VINNINGR, m. (1) *attainment*; í ávinning, at, *in order to attain, that*; (2) *profit, gain*.

Á-VINNT, a. n. *dificult, toilsome*; þa mun á. um söxin, *then those in the bow will be hard put to it*.

Á-VIST, f. *abode, residence*; Snorra þótti betra ávistar í Hlíð, *Snorra prefered living at Hillside*.

Á-VITA, a. indecl., verða e-s á., *to become aware of a thing*.

Á-VITALL or Á-VITULL, m. *hint, intimation, indication*.

Á-VITI, a. = ávita.

Á-VÍGA, a. indecl in phr. verða á., *to lose most people in a combat*.

Á-VÍSA (AÐ), v. *to point at, indicate*.

Á-VÍSAN, f. *indication intimation*.

Á-VÍT, n. pl. *reprimand, rebuke*; berja e-n ávitum, *to upbraid one*.

Á-VÍTA (AÐ), v. *to chide, rebuke* (á. e-n um e-t).

ÁVÍTA-LAUST, a. n. *blameless*.

ÁVÍTAN, f. *rebuke, reprimand*.

ÁVÍTANAR-ORÐ, n. *word of blame*.

ÁVÍTA-ORÐ, n. = ávítanarorð; -SAMLIGR, a. *blameable*.

ÁVÍT-SAMLIGR, a. = ávítsamligr; -SAMR, a. *apt to blame, censorious*.

Á-VÆNI, n. = áván.

Á-VÖXTR, m. (1) *produce, growth, ruit*; (2) *interest, rent*; (3) *gain*.

Á-ÞEKKR, a. *similar* (á. e-m).

ÁÞÉTTAR-ORÐ, ÁÞÉTTIS-ÓRÐ, n. *defamatory language, invective*.

Á-ÞJÁ (see ÞJÁ), v. *to oppress*.

Á-ÞJÁN, f. *oppression, harsh or oppressive rule*.

ÁÞJÁNAR-OK, n. *yoke of tyranny*.

Á-ÞRÆTNI, f. *mutual strife*.

Á-ÞYNGD, f. *exaction, oppression*.

B

BAÐ, n. *bath*, esp. *steam-* or *vapour-bath* (fara *or* ganga til baðs, koma ór baði, ganga frá baði; taka bað).

BAÐAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to take a bath, to bathe*.

BAÐ-FERÐ, f. *going to the bath* (vera í -ferð); um -ferðir, *about the time for bathing*; -KÁPA, f. *bathing-cloak*; -KONA, f. *female bathing attendant*.

BAÐMR, m. (1) *tree*; (2) *bosom*.

BAÐ-STOFA, f. *bath-room, bathing room*, in later times, *sitting room*.

BAÐSTOFU-GLUGGR, m. *opening (window) in the roof of a* baðstofa.

BAGALL, m. *a bishop's staff or crozier*.

BAGAL-STAFIR, m. = bagall.

BAGGI, m. *pack, bundle*.

BAGLAÐR, a. *crooked, deformed*.

BAK, n. (1) *back* (binda bagga á b. sér); fig. bera sök á baki, *to be guilty*; leggja bleyðiorð á b. e-m, *to charge one with being a coward*; hafa marga vetr á baki, *to be advanced in years*; snúa baki við, *to turn the back, flee*; ganga á b. heitum, orðum, *to go back on one's word*; (2) = hestbak; fara á b., *to mount*; fara, stíga, spretta af baki, *to dismount*; (3) *the backside of a thing* (cf. handarbak, hurðarbak, húsbak); á baki húsunum, *at the back of the houses*; gøra e-t á baki e-m, *in one's absence, behind one's back*; ríða at baki e-m, *behind him on the same horse*; berr er hverr at baki nema sér bróður eigi, *bare is one's back without a brother behind it*; á bak, (a) *behind*; koma á b. e-m, *to attack in the rear*; (b) *after*; á b. jólum, *after Christmas*; hvat sem á b. kemr, *whatever may come after or follow*; (c) absol., falla á b. aptr, *to fall backwards*; brjóta á b. orð e-s, *to refute, make them null and void*; brjóta á b. Rómverja, *to defeat them*.

BAKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to bake* (b. brauð); (2) *to warm and rub the body, and limbs, at a large fire* (see 'bakeldr') esp. refl. bakast (við eld); (3) *to rub* = strjúka; bakaði Helgi fótinn, *he rubbed the (broken) leg*.

BAKAN, n. *bacon* (rare).

BAKARA-MEISTARI, m. *master-baker*; -OFN, m. *baker's oven*.

BAKARI, m. *baker*.

BAK-BIT, n. *back-biting slander*; -BÍTARI, m. *backbiter, slanderer*; -BORÐI, m. *the larboard side of a ship, port*, opp. to 'stjórnborði'; -BRJÓTA (see BRJÓTA), v. *to violate*, = brjóta á bak; -BYRÐINGAR, m. pl. *the crew on the larboard side* opp. to 'stjórnbyrðingar'; -BYRÐR, f. *a burden to carry on the back*.

BAKELDA-GØRÐ, f. *the action of making a* bakeldr, or *the rubbing of the back at a* bakeldr.

BAK-ELDR, m. *a fire at which to bake (warm and rub) the body and limbs* (sitja við -elda).

BAK-FALL, n. (1) *falling backwards*, esp. in pl., róa -föllum, knýja árar með stórum -föllum, *to take long pulls with the oars*; (2) *attack in the rear*, = -slag; veita e-m -fall, *to attack in the rear*; -FERÐ, f. *mounting, on horseback*; -FERLA (AÐ), v. *to drive back, annul, make void*; -HLUTR, m. *the hind part, backside*; -HOLD, n. pl. *the flesh on the btick of cattle*; -HVERFAST (Þ), v. refl., *to turn one's back upon* (við e-ð);

-JARL, m. *a foe attacking in the rear*.

BAKKA-KÓLFR, m. *a kind of blunt headed arrow*; -STOKKAR, m. pl. *stocks on which a ship is built*; setja fram af -stokkum, *to launch*.

BAKKI, m. (1) *bank* (of a river, lake, chasm, &c.); (2) *ridge, bank* (hann settist undir bakka í hrísrunni); (3) *a mound on which the target is set up*; setja spán í bakka, *to set up a target*; (4) *bank of clouds above the horizon*; (5) *back of a knife* or other cutting instrument, opp. to 'egg'.

BAK-KLÆÐI, n. *tapestry*; -LENGJA, f. *the back-strip of a hide*; -MÁLL, -MÁLUGR, a. *backbiting, slanderous*; -MÆLA (-TA, -T), v. *to backbite* (-mæla e-m); -MÆLGI, f., -MÆLI, n. *backbiting, slander*.

BAKMÆLIS-MAÐR, m. *calumniator*.

BAK-RAUF, f. *anus*, a nickname; -SÁRR, a. *having a sore back* (of a horse); -SETJA (see SETJA), v. *to neglect, omit* (-setja at gera e-t); -SKYRTA, f. *the hind part of a shirt*; -SLAG, n., -SLETTA, f. *attack in the rear*, = bakfall (2); -SLETTR, m. = baksletta; -STAKKR, m. *the hind part of a cloak*; -STOKKAR, m. pl. bakkastokkar.

BAKSTR (-RS), m. (1) *baking*; (2) *baked bread* esp. *communion bread*; (3) *poultice, fomentation*; (4) *warming, rubbing* (of the body).

BAKSTR-BRAUÐ, n. *baked bread*; -BUÐKR, m. *a box in which the communion bread was kept*; -ELDR, m. (1) = bakeldr; (2) *fire for making bread* (gera þeir -elda stóra til brauðs); -HÚS, n. *bakehouse*; -JÁRN, n. *an iron plate for baking communion bread*; -KONA, f. *female baker*; -OFN, m. *baking-oven*; -SVEINN, m. *baker-boy*.

BAK-VANA, a. indecl. *having a sore back* (of horses); -VERKR, m. *pain in the back*; -VERPAST (T), v. (1) *to turn away from, disregard* (við e-t *or* við e-m); (2) *to flee before one* (-verpast við sínum úvinum).

BALDIKIN, n. *baldaquin, rich brocade*.

BALDINN, a. *untractable, unruly*.

BALDRAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to crowd to together in a confused throng*.

BALDRIÐI, m. = ballriði.

BALI, m. *grassy bank*.

BALLR, a. *dangerous, dire*; böll ráð, *fatal schemes*; ballir draumar, *bad, ill-boding dreams*; böll þrá, *heavy grief*.

BALLRAST (AÐ), v. refl. = baldrast.

BALL-RIÐI, m. poet., *'bold rider', hero* (Freyr er beztr allra ballriða).

BALSAMR, m. *balsam*.

BANA (AÐ), v. *to kill*, with dat.

BANA-BLOÐ, n. *blood shed in slaying*; -DAGR, m. *day of death*; -DRYKKR, m. *baneful drought, poison*; -DŒGR, n. = -dagr; -HÖGG, n. *death-blow* (fá -högg; varð þat hans -högg); -LAG, n. *stabbing to death*; BANA-MAÐR, m. *killer, slayer*; -ORÐ, n. (1) *tidings of one's death* (segja -orð e-s); bera -orð af e-m, *to slay one in fight*; (2) *death*; þiggja -orð af e-m, *to be killed by one*; kenna e-m -orð, *to charge with slaying one*; -RÁÐ, n. *planning a person's death*; ráða *or* veita e-m -ráð, *to bring about one's death*; -SÁR, n. *death-wound, a mortal wound*; -SKOT, n. *mortal shot*; -SÓTT, f. *death sickness, mortal illness*; -SPJÓT, n., in the phrase, berast -spjót eptir, *to be deadly enemies*; -TILRÆÐI, n. *mortal attack* (veita e-m -tilræði); -ÞÚFA, f. *a knoll that causes one's death*; hníga við -þúfu, *to die*; drepa fótum við -þúfu, *to stumble against or over a fatal knoll*.

BAND, n. (1) *the act of binding or settling*, opp. to 'lausn'; fig., lausn ok b. allra vandamála, *the decision in all difficult cases*;

(2) *band, cord* (mjótt b.); (3) in pl., (*a*) *bonds, fetters* (hafa e-n í böndum); (*b*) *bond, confederacy* (ganga í bönd ok eið); (*c*) poet., *the gods*, cf. 'höpt'; blóta bönd, *to worship the gods*; at mun banda, *at the will of the gods*.

BANDA (AÐ), v. *to make a sign by waving the hand*; b. á móti fénu, *to drive away the sheep*; with dat., b. höndum; *to wave the hands*.

BANDA-MAÐR, m. *confederate, one who is in league with others*.

BANDINGI (-JA), m. *prisoner*.

BAND-VETLINGR, m. *a kind of glove*.

BANG, n. *hammering*; BANGA (AÐ), v. *to hammer, knock*; b. dyrr *or* á dyrr, *to knock at the door*.

BANG-HAGR, a. *knowing how to use the hammer*.

BANI, m. (1) *death*; fá (bíða, hafa, taka) bana, *to die*; ráða sér bana, *to commit suicide*; leiða e-n til bana, *to cause one's death* (of an illness); kominn at bana, *sinking fast*; (2) *that which causes death, bane*; *slayer* (fjögurra manna b.).

BANN, n. (1) *excommunication, anathema, interdict*; hit meira b, *the greater exc.*; hit minna b. *(the lesser exc.)* þat sem forboð er kallat á norrœnu; (2) *prohibition*, opp. to 'lof' (hlýða boði ok banni e-s); leggja b. fyrir e-t, *to prohibit*.

BANNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to forbid, prohibit* (b. e-m e-t *or* with infin.); (2) *to curse* (b. e-m); refl. bannast um, *to swear* (to do a thing).

BANNAÐAR-ORÐ, n. = bannanarorð.

BANNAN, f. *curse, imprecation*.

BANNANAR-ORÐ, n. pl. = bannan.

BANN-FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to place under the ban*.

BANNS-ATKVÆÐI, n. *sentence of excommunication*; -ÁFELLI, n., -DÓMR, m. = -atkvæði.

BANN-SETJA (see SETJA), v. (1) *to place under the ban*; (2) *to curse*; -SETNING, f. *excomunication*; -SETTLIGA, adv. *wickedly*; -SETTLIGR, a. *execrable, detestable*; -SETTR, pp. (1) *placed under the ban*; (2) *accursed*.

BANNS-MÁL, n. *a case liable to excommunication*; -PINA, f. *punishinent of excommunication*; -SPJÓT, n. *spear of excommunication*; -VERK, n. *an act liable to excommunication*.

BANN-SYNGJA (see SYNGJA), v. *to pronounce an anathema against*.

BANNS-SÖK, f. *an offense liable to excommunication*.

BAN-ORÐ, f. = banaorð; -VÆNLIGR, a. *mortal, deadly*; -VÆNN, a. (1) = -vænligr (-vænt sár); (2) *deadly sick*; ok er dró at því at hann var -vænn, *when all hope of life was gone*.

BARAR, f. pl. (1) *hand-barrow, stretcher* (Þ. var borinn í börum um fjallit); (2) *funeral bier* carried by horses (mœddust hestarnir undir börunum).

BARÁTTA, f. (1) *contest, fighting*; (2) *fight, battle*.

BARÁTTU-FULLR, a. *combative, fond of fighting*; -MAÐR, m. *warrior*; -SAMR, a. *given to fighting*.

BARÐ, n. (1) *beard* (rare); (2) *brim*, of a hat or helmet; (3) *the beak or armed prow of ships* (of war), *stem*; róa fyrir b. e-m (= róa fyrir stafn e-m), *to thwart one*.

BARÐA, f. *a kind of axe*.

BARDAGA-BÚINN, pp. *ready for battle*; -FREST, n. *delay of battle*; -FULLR, a. = -gjarn; -FÝST, f. *love of combat*; -GJARN, a. *eager for combat*; -GUÐ, m. *god of battle*; -GYÐJA, f. *goddess of battle*; -LAUST,

adv. without *battle*; -LIST, f. *art of war*; -LYKT, f. *the close of a battle*; -MAÐR, m. *warrior*; -STEF, n., -STEFNA, f. *a time fixedfor a battle*.

BARDAGI, m. (1) *beating, thrashing*; (2) *fight, battle* (heyja, eiga bardaga við e-n); (3) *calamity, scourge*.

BARÐ-HVALR, m. *a sort of whale*.

BARÐI, m. *a sort of ship,* '*ram*'.

BARÐ-MIKILL, a. *with a great* 'barð' (3).

BARIR, f. pl. = barar (rare).

BARKA-KÝLI, n. *Adam's apple*.

BARKI, m. *windpipe, weazand*.

BARKI, m. *a sort of small boat, launch*.

BARK-LAUSS, a. *without bark* (börkr).

BARLAK, n. *barley*, = bygg.

BARMI, m. poet., *brother*.

BARMR, m. *brim, rim* (of a vessel or a steel cap).

BARM-TOG, n. *a rope* for hauling the nets ashore.

BARN, n. (1) *bairn, child*; vera með barni, *to be with child*; ganga með barni, *to go with child*; barns hafandi *or* hafandi at barni, *with child, pregnant*; frá blautu barni, *from one's tender years*; (2) = mannsbarn; hvert b., *every man, every living soul*.

BARNA (AÐ), v. *to get with child*.

BARNA-BÖRN, n. pl. *grandchildren*; -ELDI, n. *procreation of children*; -FŒRI, n. in the phrase, ekki -fœri, *no task for children*; -GAMAN, n. *child's play*; -KARL, m. *children's friend*.

BARN-ALDR, m. = barnsaldr.

BARNA-LEIKR, m. *child's play*.

BARN-ALINN, pp. *native*; -alinn á Íslandi, *a native of Iceland*.

BARNA-MÁL, n. *childish affair*; gera e-t at -málum, *to treat as a trifle, trifle with*; -MESBA, f. *Holy Innocents' Day*; -SKAP, n. *childish temper*; hafa ekki -skap, *to be no baby*; -VIPR, n. *childish trifles, gewgaws*; -ÞÁTTR, m. *the section of law concerning infants*.

BARN-BERI, a. *with child, pregnant*; -BURÐR, m. *childbirth*; -BÆRR, a. *capable of bearing children*, opp. to 'úbyrja'; -DÓMR, m. *childhood*; -EIGN, f. (1) *getting or having children*; (2) *children, family* (furðu illa -eign gat Loki); -ESKJA, f. *childhood*, = barnœska; -FAÐIR, m. *a childs alleged father*; -FÓSTR, n. *fostering of a child* (a kind of adoption in olden times); bjóða e-m -fóstr, *to offer to do this for another man*; -FÓSTRA, f. *foster-mother*; -FÓSTRI, m. *foster-father*; -FÚLGA, f. *pay for the maintenance of a child*; -FŒDDR, pp. = -alinn; borinn ok -fœddr, *born and bred*; -FŒÐI, n. *native place, birthplace* (eiga -fœði e-s staðar); -GETNAÐR, m. (1) *procreation of children*; (2) *pregnancy* (hón hafði fengit -getnað af þeirra samvistu); -GŒLUR, f. pl. *nursery songs, lullabies*.

BARNINGR, m. *thrashing*, see 'lamabarningr'.

BARN-LAUSS, a. *childless*; -LEIKR, m. = barnaleikr; -LEYSI, n. *childlessness*; -LIGR, a. *childish, childlike*.

BARNS-ALDR, m. (time of) *childhood* (nýkominn af -aldri); -BEIN, n., in the phrase, frá (*or* af) blautu -beini, *from childhood*; -FULL, a. f. *pregnant*; -FYLGJA, f. *the after-birth*, = eptirburðr; -GRÁTR, m. *the crying of a baby*; -HÚFA, f. *child's cap*.

BARN-SKIKKJA, f. *childs cloak*; -SKÍRN, f. *christening of an infant*; -SKIRNAR-ORÐ, n. pl. *words used in christening, baptismal formula*.

BARN-SÓTT, f. *pains, throes of childbirth*

(taka -sótt); -sæll, a. *fortunate in one's children*; -sæng, f. *childbed*; -teitr, a. *glad as a child*; -ungr, a. *very young, youthful*; -úmagi, m., -úmegð, f. (see these words); -œska, f. *childhood* (bráð er barnœska).

barr, n. (1) *acicular leaves, needles* of the fir or pine (wrongly applied by Snorri, who speaks of the 'barr' of the ash); (2) *barley*.

barr-axlaðr, a. *high-shouldered, with sharp, prominent shoulder bones*; -haddaðr, a. poet., *barley-haired* (of the earth).

barreyskr, a. *from Barra* (in the Hebrides).

barr-skeptr, a. *high-shafted*, of an axe (breiðöx barrskept).

barr-viðr, m. *pine-forest*; *the wood of the fir*.

bar-smíð, m. (1) *thrashing, flogging*; (2) in pl., *fight, row*.

barún (pl. barúnar), m. *baron*.

bar-viðri, n. *beating storm, violent blasts* (b. ok regn mikit).

bassi, m. *bear*, = bersi.

bast, n. (1) *bast, the inner bark of the lime-tree* (bleikr sem b.); (2) *cord or string of bast* (sá, þeir á b. bauga dregna).

basta (að), v. *to bind with a rope of bast* (úbastaðr ok úbundinn).

bastarðr, m. *bastard*.

bastari, m. *bastrope-maker*.

bast-bleikr, a. *pale as bast* (= bleikr sem b.); -lina, f. *cord of bast*; -taug, f. rope or cord of bast; -vesall, a. = -bleikr; -øx, f. *a kind of axe*.

bati, m. *improvement, advantage*.

batna (að), v. (1) *to improve, get better*; (2) impers., e-m batnar, one *recovers* (after sickness); the disease is added in gen. (e-m batnar síns meins, sjúkleika).

batnaðr (gen. -ar), m. *improvement* (berja e-n til batnaðar).

bauga-brot, n. *fragments* of *rings* (given in payment); -tal, n. *enumeration of 'rings'* (baugar), *the section of law dealing with weregilds*.

baug-bót, f. *supplemental payment to the* 'baugr' (baugþak, þveiti); -broti, m. *'ring-breaker', free-handed man*; -bœtandi (pl. -endr), m. *one who has to pay the weregild* (baugr); -eiðr, m. *the oath upon the sacred temple ring*; -gildi, n. (1) *the 'weregild' to be paid to the 'agnates' of the slain*, opp. to 'nefgildi', *the same amount to be paid to the 'cognates'*; (2) *agnatic relationship*.

baug-gildingr, m. see next entry.

bauggildis-maðr, m., usually pl. -menn, *agnates* who are bound to pay or receive the 'bauggildi'.

baug-gildr, a. *payable, fit to pay as* 'bauggildi' (-gildr eyrir, -gilt fé).

baugr (-s, -ar), m. (1) *ring, armlet* (of gold or silver) worn on the wrist, esp. *the sacred ring* (stallahringr) on the altar in heathen temples, cf. 'baugeiðr'; (2) in olden times, before minted gold or silver came into use, such rings were commonly used as a medium of payment; hence 'baugr' simply means *money*; (3) *fine of varying amount for manslaughter, weregild*; (4) *gaff-hook?* (5) in the phrase, eiga (kost) á baugi, *to have a (single) chance left*; ef sá væri á. baugi, *if there were no other chance*; þú munt eiga slíkan á baugi brátt, *thou wilt soon have the very same chance or lot* (viz. death); (6) *the painted circle on a round shield*.

baug-rýgr (-rýgjar, -rýgir), f. *an only daughter entitled to receive and pay*

weregild.

BAUGS-HELGR, f. *personal sacredness* (so that one's death must be atoned for by a weregild).

BAUG-VARIÐR, pp. *adorned with rings*; -ÞAK, n. *'ring-covering', supplemtal payment* to be added to the 'baugr' (3); at -þaki, fig., *in addition, to boot*; -ÞIGGJANDI (-ENDR), m. *receiver of weregild*.

BAUKA (AÐ), v. *to dig, to rummage*.

BAULA, f. *cow*; BAULU-FALL, n. *the carcass of a slaughtered cow*; -FÓTR, m. *cow's foot*, a nickname.

BAUN (pl. -IR), f. *bean*; BAUNA-LÖGR, m. *bean-broth*.

BAUTA, v. *beat, chase?* (svá bautu vér björnuna).

BAUTAÐAR-, BAUTAR- or BAUTA-STEINN, m. *stone monunent, memorial stone* (reisa, setja bautastein).

BAZTR, a. superl. = beztr.

BÁÐIR (BÁÐAR, BÆÐI, gen. BEGGJA), a. *both* (báðir tveir).

BÁGI, m. poet., *adversary*.

BÁGR, a. *uneasy, awkward* (verðr honum nú bág höndin); bágt var mjök um matbjargir, *provisions were very scarce*.

BÁGR, m. *contest, resistance*, in such phrases as, brjóta bág við e-n, *to contend against, offer resistance to*; fór í bág með þeim, *a conflict arose between them*; *they quarrelled*.

BÁG-RÁÐR, a. *difficult to deal with*, opp. to 'auð-ráðr'; -RÆKR, a. *difficult to drive* (of geese).

BÁKN, n. *beacon, signal*.

BÁKNA (AÐ), v. *to beckon, make signals* (þeir báknuðu vápnunum til þeirra Hákonar).

BÁL, n. (1) *fire*; slá b. = drepa eld; (2) *flame, blaze*; gera b., *to make a blaze*; (3) *pyre, funeral pile*; bera e-n á b., *to carry to the pyre*; stíga á b., *to mount the pyre*.

BÁL-FÖR, f. *funeral*.

BÁLKR, m. (1) *partition, balk* (b. um þveran hellinn); (2) section in a code *of laws*; (3) *body, group, host*.

BÁRA, f. *wave, billow*; vant er at sigla milli skers ok báru, *between Scylla and Charybdis*.

BÁRA (AÐ), v. *to fall and rise in waves* (vatnit hrœrðist mjök ok báraði).

BÁRÓTTR, a. *undulated, wavy* (haussinn var allr b. útan sem hörpuskel).

BÁR-STÓRT, a. n., var -stórt, *the waves ran high*.

BÁRU-FALL, n. *heavy sea*; -SKOT, n. *swell*; -STORMR m. *storm with heavy sea*; -STÓRT = bár-stórt.

BÁSA (AÐ), v. *to drive into a stall*, with dat. = bæsa.

BÁS-HELLA, f. *a flagstone separating two stalls in a cowhouse*.

BÁSS, m. *boose* or *stall in a cowhouse* (binda kú í bás).

BÁSÚN, m. *bassoon* (for. word).

BÁT-FESTR, f. *a rope by which a boat is made fast*; -LAUSS, a. *having no boat*; -LEYSI, n. *want of a boat*; -MAÐR, m. *boatman*.

BÁTR (-S, -AR), m. *boat*; sjá fyrir báti sínum, *to go one's own course, to mind one's own business*.

BÁTS-BORÐ, n. *the side of a boat*; -FARMR, m. *boat's freight*; -HAKI, m. *boat-hook*.

BÁT-STAFN, m. *boat's prow*.

BEÐJA, f. poet., *bed-fellow, wife*.

BEÐ-MÁL, n. pl. *bed-talk*.

BEÐR (-JAR, -IR), m. *bolster, bedding*; ganga á beð e-m, *to go to bed with one, to marry*.

BEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to ask, beg, request*; b. e-n e-s, *or* b. e-m *(for one)* e-s; b. e-s af e-m, *to ask a thing of or from a person*; b. e-n máls, orða, *to address one*; with acc., b. lögbeiðing, *to make a lawful request*; refl., beiðast, *to request on one's own behalf* (b. laga, griða); BEIDDR, pp. *unwilling reluctant* (b. fór ek heiman at biðja þín, Guðrún).

BEIÐING, f., BEIÐNI, f., BEIÐSLA, f. *request, demand*.

BEIÐSLU-MAÐR, m. *a person asking*.

BEIMAR, m. pl. poet., *men, heroes*.

BEIN, n. (1) *bone*; láta með beini ganga, *to deal blows to the very bone, give no quarter*; hafa b. í hendi, *to be well off*; (2) *leg*, = fótleggr; (3) pl. *mortal remains*; bera bein *or* beinin, *to be buried* (hér mun ek b. bera á Íslandi).

BEINA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to stretch out, put into motion*; b. flug, *to stretch the wings for flight*; b. skrið sinn, *to creep*, of a serpent; b. raustina, *to raise the voice, speak aloud*; (2) *to further, promote*; b. för (ferð) e-s, *to help one forwards*; b. at *or* til með e-m, *to lend one help, to assist one*; b. e-u til e-s, *to contribute to a thing*; b. at e-u, *to lend a hand to*; b. fyrir e-m, *to support, entertain*.

BEINA-, gen. pl. from 'bein' and gen. sing. from 'beini'.

BEINA-BÓT, f. *accommodation, comfort for guests*.

BEINA-FŒRSLA, f. *removal of bones* (from one churchyard to another); -HRÚGA, f. *heap of bones*; -LAG, n. *burying of one's bones, death*.

BEINA-SPELL, n. *spoiling the comfort of guests*; -ÞURFI, a. *in need of hospitable treatment*.

BEIN-BRJÓTA (see BRJÓTA), v. *to break one's bones*; -BROT, n. *fracture of a bone*; -FASTR, a., -fast sár, *a wound to the bone*; -FISKR, m. *a kind of fish*; -GRÓINN, pp. *grown fast to the bone*; -HÖGG, n. *a blow injuring the bone* (svöðusár ok eigi beinhögg).

BEINI, m. (1) *help, benifit*; (2) esp. *hospitable entertainment, hospitality* (vinna, veita e-m beina); ganga um beina, *to wait upon the guests*.

BEINIR, m. = beini (1).

BEINI-SAMR, a. *ready (willing) to help*; -SEMI, f. *readiness to help*.

BEIN-KNÚTA, f. *joint-bone*; -KROSS, m. *cross of bone*; -LAUSS, a. *boneless, without bones*.

BEIN-LEIÐIS, adv. *straight, directly*.

BEIN-LEIKI, m. *hospitable treatment, hospitality*, = beini (2).

BEINN, a. (1) *straight*; bein rás, *straight course*; beinstr vegr, *the straightest (shortest) way*; (2) *hospitable* (bóndi var beinn við þá); gera beint við e-n, *to treat one kindly*.

-BEINN, a. *-legged* (berbeinn, *barelegged*; digrbeinn, *thick-legged*).

BEINN, m. *a kind of tree, ebony?*

BEIN-SKEYTI, f. *straight shooting, marksmanship*; -SKEYTR, a. *straight shooting, a good shot*.

BEINS-LITR, m. *colour of a bone*.

BEIN-STÓRR, a. *big-boned* (maðr mikill ok beinstórr).

BEINT, adv. (1) *straight, in a straight line, straight on*; (2) *just* (þat kom mér b. í hug); b. sex tigir skipa, *precisely sixty ships*; nú b., *just now*; þá b., b. í þessu, *just then*.

BEIN-VERKIR, m. pl. *pain in the legs*.

BEIN-VITR, m. *holly*.

BEIN-VÖXTR, m. *bone-growth, size of bones* (lítill beinvöxtum).

BEISKA, f. *bitterness, sourness*.

BEISKA (AÐ), v. *to embitter*.

BEISK-LEIKR, m. *bitterness, harshness*; -LIGA, adv. *bitterly* (gráta -liga); -LIGR, a. *bitterish*; -LUNDAÐR, a. *bitterhearted, malevolent*.

BEISKR, a. (1) *bitter, acrid* (b. drykkr); (2) *exasperated, angry* (hón varð beisk við); (3) *painful, sore* (beiskr bruni).

BEIT, f. *pasturage, pasture*.

BEIT, f. *a plate of metal mounted on the brim* (of a thing).

BEIT, n. poet., *ship*.

BEITA, f. *bait*, esp. for fish.

BEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) to 'cause to bite', *graze*, with the animals in dat. (b. nautum), the pasture in acc. (b. haga, land, engi); absol. *to pasture cattle* (b. í skógi); b. upp land, *to exhaust by grazing*; b. upp (*to consume*) engjum ok heyjum; (2) *to handle, use a weapon* (b. sverði); (3) *to hunt* or *chase* (with dogs or hawks); b. e-n hundum, *to set dogs on one*; (4) fig., b. e-n brögðum, úlögum, illu, *to deal cunningly, unlawfully, badly with one*; recipr., við höfum opt brögðum beizt, *schemed against each other*; (5) *to harness* (a horse, &c.) *to a vehicle* (b. hest fyrir vagn); beittu enn blakka mar, *saddle thy black steed*; fig., b. e-n fyrir e-t, *to put one at the head of*; refl., beitast fyrir e-t *or* e-u, to lead the cause; (6) *to furnish (a vehicle) with horses* (vagn at b.); (7) *to steer* or *sail near the wind, to cruise* (beita þeir í brot, frá landinu); fengu þeir beitt fyrir Skotland, *they weathered S.*

BEIT-FISKR, m. *fish to be caught with bait?* (al. 'beinfiskr').

BEITI, n. *pasturage*.

BEITI, n. *heather* (beiti tekr við bitsóttum).

BEITI-ÁSS, m. *sail-yard*.

BEITING, f. (1) *grazing*; (2) *sailing by the wind* (cf. þrá-beiting).

BEITINGA-MÁL, n. *a lawsuit about right of grazing or pasturage*.

BEITTR, a. *sharp, keen* (of cutting instruments).

BEIZL, n. *bridle*; leggja b. við hest, *to bridle a horse*.

BEIZLA (AÐ), v. *to bridle*.

BEIZLA, f. = beiðsla.

BEIZL-ÁL, f. *bridle-rein*; -HRINGR, m. *bridle-ring*; -TAMR, a. *used to the bridle*; -TAUMR, m. *bridle-rein*.

BEIZLU-MAÐR, m. = beiðslumaðr.

BEJUR, BÆJUR, f. pl. *fetters, irons* (foreign word).

BEKKJAR-GJÖF, f. *'bench-gift'* (a gift which the bridegroom offered to the bride at the wedding festival).

BEKKJAR-KVERN, f. *water-mill*.

BEKKJAST (T), v. refl. *to strive to get a thing* (b. til e-s); b. til við e-n, *to pick a quarrel with one*.

BEKKJU-NAUTR, m. *bench-fellow*.

BEKK-KLÆÐI, n. *covering of a bench*.

BEKKR (gen. -S or -JAR, pl. -IR), m. *bench*; œðri b., *the upper bench* (along the north side of the hall, looking towards the sun); úœðri b., *the lower (inferior) bench* (along the southern side); breiða, strá bekki, *to cover, strew the benches* (in preparation for a feast or wedding).

BEKKR (gen. -S or -JAR, pl. -IR), m. *beck, brook* (poet.).

BEKK-SKRAUTUÐR, m. *adorner (ornament) of the bench* (poet.).

BEKK-SŒMR, a. *adorning the bench*.

BEKRI, m. *ram*; brjóta bekrann, *to break one's neck* (rare).

BELG-FLÁTTR, m. *flaying or taking off*

the skin of an animal entire (flá hafrana -flætti).

BELGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to inflate, puff out* (b. hvápta, augun).

BELGR (gen. -S or -JAR, pl. -IR), m. (1) *the skin* (of a quadruped) taken off whole (cf. kálfsbelgr, kattbelgr, hafrbelgr, otrbelgr); (2) *skin-bag, skin-case* (draga belg á *or* yfir hofuð e-m); (3) *bellows* (smiðjubelgr).

BELJA (AÐ), v. *to bellow* (b. sem naut).

BELJAN, f. *bellowing, lowing*.

BELLA (BELL, BALL, —), v. *to hit, hurt*, with dat. (ball þér nú?); ekki má ófeigum b., *one not fated to die is proof against all shots*.

BELLA (-DA, -T), v. *to dare, venture*, with dat.; (hverr mun hafa þessu bellt?); *to deal in, display* (bella svikum, lygi, gleði).

BELLI-BRAGÐ, n. *knavish trick*.

BELLINN, a. *tricky, trickish*.

BELL-VISI, f. *trickishness*.

BELTA-DRÁTTR, m. *a close struggle*.

BELTI, n. *belt* (cf. gjörð, lindi).

BELTIS-PÚSS, m. *a pouch attached to the belt*; -STAÐR, m. *waist*.

BEN (-JAR, -JAR), f. (1) *mortal wound* (ben, ef at bana verðr); (2) *small bleeding wound*; also of *the wound produced by letting blood*.

BEN, n. *wound* = ben, f.

BENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to beckon, make a size with the head or hand* (b. e-m til sín, at fylgja sér); with acc., b. e-t fyrir, *to forebode, betoken*.

BENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to bend* (b. sverð um kné sér); b. boga, *to bend a bow*; b. höfuðit, *to bow the head*; refl., bendast á um e-t, *to dispute, contest about*.

BENDA, f. *band, tie* (cf. höfuðbenda).

BENDI, n. *cord*.

BENDILL, m. *small cord, string*.

BENDING, f. (1) *sign, token*; gera e-m bending, *to make a sign to one*; (2) *foreboding, betokenig* (víst eru þetta bendingar stórra bardaga).

BENDR, pp. *bended, bent* (skjóta af bendum boga).

BENJA (AÐ), v. *to wound mortally* (bróður minn hefr þú benjaðan).

BENJA-LÝSING, f. a sort of *coroner's inquest upon a slain man*; -VÁTTR, m. a sort of *coroner's juryman*; -VÆTTI, n. *the verdict of a* benjaváttr.

BEN-LAUSS, a. *free from wounds*; -LOGI, m. poet. '*wound-flame*', *sword*; -RÖGN, n. '*wound-drops*'; -VÖNDR, m. poet. '*wound-wand*', *sword*.

BENZL, n. pl. *bent state of a bow*; taka boga af benzlum, *to unbend it*.

BER (gen. pl. BERJA), n. *berry*.

BERA (BER; BAR, BÁRUM; BORINN), v. I. (1) *to bear, carry, convey* (bar B. biskup í börum suðr í Hvamm); b. (farm) af skipi, *to unload a ship*; b. (mat) af borði, *to take (the meat) off the table*; b. e-t á hesti, *to carry on horseback*; (2) *to wear* (b. klæði, vápn, kórónu); b. œgishjálm, *to inspire fear and awe*; (3) *to bear, produce, yield* (jörðin berr gras; tré bera aldin, epli); (4) *to bear, give birth to*, esp. of sheep and cows; kýr hafði borit kálf, *had calved*; absol., ván at hón mundi bera, *that the cow would calve*; the pp. is used of men; hann hafði verit blindr borinn, *born blind*; verða borinn í þenna heim, *to be born into this world*; þann sóma, sem ek em til borinn, *born to*; borinn e-m, frá e-m (rare), *born of*; Nótt var Nörvi borin, *was the daughter of N.*; borinn Sigmundi, *son of S.*; (5) b. e-n afli, ofrafli, ofrliði, ofrmagni, ofríki, *to bear one down, overcome,*

oppress, one by odds or superior force; b. e-n ráðum, *to overrule one*; b. e-n málum, *to bear one down (wrongfully) in a lawsuit*; b. e-n sök, *to charge one with a fault*; b. e-n bjóri, *to make drunk with beer*; verða bráðum borinn, *to be taken by surprise*; borinn verkjum, *overcome by pains*; þess er borin ván, *there is no hope, all hope is gone*; borinn baugum, *bribed*; cf. bera fé á e-n, *to bribe one*; (6) *to lear, be capable of bearing* (of a ship, horse, vehicle); þeir hlóðu bæði skipin sem borð báru, *with as much as they could carry*; fig., to sustain, *support* (svá mikill mannfjöldi, at landit fekk eigi borit); of persons, *to bear up against, endure, support* (grief, sorrow, &c.); absol., bar hann drengiliga, *he bore it manfully*; similarly, b. (harm) af sér, berast vel (illa, lítt) af; bar hon sköruliga af sér, *she bore up bravely*; hversu berst Auðr af um bróðurdauðann, *how does she bear it?* hon berst af lítt, *she is much cast down*; b. sik vel upp, *to bear well up against*; (7) b. e-t á, e-n á hendr e-m, *to charge or tax one with* (eigi erum vér þess valdir, er þú berr á oss); b. (kvið) á e-n, *to give a verdict against, declare guilty* (í annat sinn báru þeir á Flosa kviðinn); b. af e-m (kviðinn), *to give a verdict for*; b. e-t af *sér, to deny having done a thing*; b. *or* b. vitni, vætti, *to bear witness, testify*; b. *or* b. um e-t, *to give a verdict in a case*; b. e-n sannan at sök, *to prove guilty by evidence*; b. e-n undan sök, *to acquit*; b. í sundr frændsemi þeirra, *to prove (by evidence) that they are not relations*; b. e-m vel (illa) söguna, *to give a favourable (unfavourable) account of one*; refl. (pass.), berast, *to be proved by evidence* (þótt þér berist þat faðerni, er þú segir); (8) *to set forth, report, tell*; b. e-m kveðju (orð, orðsending), *to bring one a greeting, compliments (word, message)*; b. *or* b. fram erindi sín fyrir e-n, *to state (tell) one's errand* or *to plead one's case before one*; b. e-m njósn, *to apprise one*; b. e-t upp, *to produce, mention, tell*; b. upp gátu, *to give (propound) a riddle*; b. upp erindi sín, *to state one's errand*; b. saman ráð sín, *to consult together*; eyddist það ráð, er þeir báru saman, *which they had designed*; (9) *to keep, hold, bear*, of a title (b. jarlnafn, konnungsnafn); b. (eigi) giptu, gæfu, hammingju, auðnu til e-s, *(not) to have the good fortune to do a thing* (bar hann enga gæfu til at þjóna þér); b. vit, skyn, kunnáttu á e-t, *to have knowledge of, understanding about*; vel viti borinn, *endowed with a good understanding*; b. hug, áræði, þor, traust til e-s, *to have courage, confidence to do a thing*; b. áhyggju fyrir e-u, *to be concerned about*; b. ást, elsku, hatr til e-s, *to bear affection, love, hatred to*; (10) *to bear off* or *away, carry off* (some gain); b. sigr af e-m, af e-u, *to carry off the victory from* or *in*; hann hafði borit sigr af tveim orustum, *he had been victorious in two battles*; b. hærra (lægra) hlut *to get the best (the worst) of it*; b. efra (hærra) skjöld, *to gain the victory*; b. hátt (lágt) höfuðit, *to bear the head high (low), to be in high (low) spirits*; b. halann bratt, lágt, *to cock up or let fall the tail, to be in high or low spirits*; (11) with preps.; b. af e-m, *to surpass*; en þó bar Bolli af, *surpassed all the rest*; b. af sér högg, *lag to ward off, parry a blow* or *thrust*; b. eld at, *to set fire to*; b. fjötur (bönd) at e-m, *to put fetters (bonds) on one*; b. vápn á e-n, *to attack one with sharp weapons*; b. á *or* í, *to smear, anoint* (b. vatn í augu sér, b. tjöru í höfuð sér); b. e-t til, *to apply to, to try if it fits* (b.

til hvern lykil af öðrum at portinu); b. e-t um, *to wind round*; þá bar hann þá festi um sik, *made it fast round his body*; b. um með e-n, *to bear with, have patience with*; b. út barn, *to expose a child*; (12) refl., berast mikit (lítit) á, *to bear oneself proudly (humbly)*; láta af b., *to die*; láta fyrir b. e-s staðar, *to stay, remain in a place* (for shelter); b. e-t fyrir, *to design a thing* (barst hann þat fyrir at sjá aldregi konur); at njósna um, hvat hann bærist fyrir, *to inquire into what he was about*; b. vápn á, *to attack one another*; b. at *or* til, *to happen*; þat barst at *(happened)* á einhverju sumri; ef svá harðliga kann til at b., *if that misfortune does happen*; b. í móti, *to happen, occur*; hefir þetta vel í móti borizt, *it is a happy coincidence*; b. við, *to be prevented*; ok nú lét almáttugr guð við b. kirkjubrunann, *prevented, stopped the burning of the church*; II. impers., denoting a sort of passive or involuntary motion; (1) with acc., *it bears or carries one to a place*; alla berr at sama brunni, *all come to the same well (end)*; bar hann (acc.) þá ofan gegnt Ösuri, *he happened to come down just opposite to* Ö.; esp. of ships and sailors; berr oss (acc.) til Íslands eða annarra landa, *we drift to Iceland or other countries*; þá (acc.) bar suðr í haf, *they were carried out southwards*; Skarpheðin (acc.) bar nú at þeim, *S. came suddenly upon them*; ef hann (acc.) skyldi bera þar at, *if he should happen to come there*; e-n berr yfir, *one is borne onwards*, of a bird flying, a man riding; hann (acc.) bar skjótt yfir, *it passed quickly* (of a flying meteor); (2) followed by preps.; Gunnar sér, at rauðan kyrtil bar við glugginn, *that a red kirtle passed before the window*; hvergi bar skugga (acc.) á, *there was nowhere a shadow*; e-t berr fram (hátt), *is prominent*; Ólafr konungr stóð í lyptingu ok bar hann (acc.) hátt mjök, *stood out conspicuously*; e-t berr á milli, *comes between*; leiti (acc.) bar á milli, *a hill hid the prospect*; fig. e-m berr e-t á milli, *they are at variance about a thing*; mart (acc.) berr nú fyrir augu mér, *many things come now before my eyes*; veiði (acc.) berr í hendr e-m, *game falls to one's lot*; e-t berr undan, *goes amiss, fails*; b. saman, *to coincide*; bar nöfn þeirra saman, *they had the same name*; fig., with dat.; bar öllum sögum vel saman, *all the stories agreed well together*; fund váru bar saman, *we met*; (3) b. at, til, við, at hendi, til handa, *to befall, happen*, with dat. of the person; svá bar at einn vetr, *it happened one winter*; þó at þetta vandræði (acc.) hafi nú borit oss (dat.) at hendi, *has befallen us*; bar honum svá til, *it so befell him*; þat bar við *(it so happened)*, at Högni kom; raun (acc.) berr á, *it is proved by fact*; (4) of time, *to fall upon*; ef þing (acc.) berr á hina helgu viku, *if the parliament falls in the holy week*; b. í móti, *to coincide, happen exactly at the same time*; (5) denoting cause; e-t berr til, *causes a thing*; konungr spurði, hvat til bæri úgleði hans, *what was the cause of his grief*; ætluðu þat þá allir, at þat mundi til b., *that that was the reason*; berr e-m nauðsyn til e-s, *one is obliged to do a thing*; (6) e-t berr undir e-n, *falls to a person's lot*; hon á arf at taka, þegar er undir hana berr, *in her turn*; e-t berr frá, *is surpassing*; er sagt, at þat (acc.) bæri frá, hvé vel þeir mæltu, *it was extraordinary how well they spoke*; (7) e-t berr bráðum, *happens of a sudden*; e-t berr stóru, stórum (stœrrum), *it amounts to much (more), it matters a great*

deal (more), it is of great (greater) importance; (8) absol. or with an adv., vel, illa, with infin.; e-m berr (vel, illa) at gera e-t, *it becomes, beseems one (well, ill) to do a thing* (berr yðr vel, herra, at sjá sannindi á þessu máli); used absol., berr vel, illa, *it is beseeming, proper, fit*, or *unbeseeming, improper, unfit* (þat þykkir eigi illa b., at).

BERA (AÐ), v. *to make bare* (hon beraði likam sinn).

BERA, f. *she-bear*, = birna.

BER-BAKT, adv. *bare-backed, without saddle* (ríða -bakt); -BEINN, a. *barelegged*; -BRYNJAÐR, a. *wearing a coat of mail with no garment over it*; -DREYMR, a. *having clear dreams as to the future*.

BER-FJALL, n. *bear-skin* (cf. 'bera').

BER-FŒTTR, a. *bare-footed, barelegged*; berfœttr bróðir, *bare-footed friar, minorite*.

BERG, n. (1) *rock, boulder*; (2) *cliff, precipice* (framan í bergi).

BERG-BÚI, m. *rock-dweller, giant*; -DANIR, m. pl. = -búar; -HAMARR, m. *rocky precipice*; -HLÍÐ, f. *the side of a berg, mountain slope*; -HÖGG, n. *a quarrying tool*.

BERGI-BITI, m. *a bit to taste, small bit*; -LIGR, a. *inviting to taste*.

BERGING, f. *tasting, taste*.

BERGISAMLIGR, a. = bergiligr.

BERGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to taste*, with dat.; þárgunna vildi øngum mat b., *Th. would taste no food*; b. ölvi, *to taste (drink) ale*; b. dauða, *to taste death*; also b. á e-u (enn höfum við eigi á dauða bergt).

BERGNING, f. = berging (rare).

BERG-NÖS, f. = bergsnös; -RIFA, f. *fissure in a rock*, = bjargrifa; -RISI, m. *hill-giant*; -SKOR, f. *rift in a rocky hill*, = bjargskora; -SNÖS, f. *a rocky projection*; -TOLLR, m. *rock-toll*, paid for catching fowl thereon; -VÖRÐR, m. *a watch or look-out for rocks and cliffs* (halda bergvörð).

BER-HÖFÐI, a. indecl. *bare-headed*; -HÖGG, n. in the phrase, ganga í (or á) -högg við e-n, *to enter into open fight with*; Jóan gekk á berhögg at banna allar þær úhœfur, *interdicted these abuses boldly and openly*.

BERILL, m. *vessel, barrel* for fluids (mjöðrinn var borinn í berlum).

BERINDIS, adv. *openly* (rare).

BERJA (BER; BARÐA, BÖRÐUM; BARÐR, BARIÐR), v. (1) *to beat, strike, smite* (b. e-n); hár svá fagrt sem barit gull, *as beaten gold*; b. korn af hálmi, *to thresh*; b. húð af e-m, *to scourge severely*; b. e-n grjóti, *to stone* (= grýta); b. e-n illyrðum, ávítum, *to abuse, reproach one*; b. á e-m, *to attack one with blows, give one a thrashing*; b. á hurð, dyrr, at hurðu, at dyrum, *to knock, rap at a door*; b. sér á brjóst, *to smite one's breast* (in repentance); b. til e-s = b. á e-m; b. e-n til e-s, *to drive one with blows to do a thing* (verða barðr til bœkr); (2) with dat., b. grjóti í andlit e-m, *to throw stones in one's face*; b. saman vápnum, skjöldum, *to dash weapons, shields against each other*; b. *(to neglect, slight)* guðs boðum; b. e-u niðr (opp. to ljósta e-u upp), *to hush up*; (3) intrans., hjarta hans barði *(beat, throbbed)* undir síðunni; (4) impers., skýjagrjóti barði í augu þeim, *hailstones dashed in their eyes*; þeim barði saman, *they dashed against each other*; (5) refl., berjast, *to fight* (við e-n, *with* or *against a person*; við veðr, *against bad weather*; við e-m, *for a person)*; b. á e-t, *to assail attack* (b. á borgina, á guðs lýð); þótt hann berðist lengi mót (*offered resistance*).

BERJA-VIN, n. *berry-wine*.

BERKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to boast, brag*.

BER-KYRTLAÐR, a. *wearing the kirtle only, without cloak or mantle*; -LEGGJAÐR, -LEGGR, a. *bare-legged*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *openly, barely*; (2) *quite, altogether* (berliga úviljandi); -LIGR, a. *open, manifest, clear*.

BERLINGS-ÁSS, m. *pole* (-áss digr þrettán alna langr).

BER-MÁLUGR, a. *outspoken*; -MÆLGI, f., -MÆLI, n. pl. *outspokenness, frankness*; -MÆLTR, a. = -málugr.

BERNSKA, f. *childhood* (hann var þá í bernsku).

BERNSK-LIGA, adv. *childishly*; -LIGR, a. *childish*; BERNSKR, a. *childish, childlike*.

BERNSKU-ALDR, m. *years, days, of childhood*; -BRAGÐ, n. *childish trick*; -LIGR, a. *belonging to childhood, childish*; -MAÐR, m. *childish person, youth*; -RÁÐ, n. *childish design*.

BERR, a. (1) *bare, naked* (lík bert ok blóðugt); undir berum himni, *in the open air*; hvíla á berri jörðu, *on the bare ground*; (2) *open, clear, manifest*; segja e-t berum orðum, *in plain words* verða berr at e-u, *to be convicted of a thing*; gøra e-t bert, *to make known*; gøra sik beran í e-u, *to reveal, show one's mind in a thng*; vóru berastir í því prændir, *the Th. were most undisguised in it*.

BER-SERKR (-S, -IR), m. *'bear-sark', berserker, a wild warrior* of the heathen age.

BERSERKS-GANGR, m. *fury of the berserkers*.

BERSI, m., see 'bessi'.

BER-SHJALDAÐR, a. *without a shield*; -SYNDUGR, a. *guilty of open sin* (bersyndugr maðr); -SÖGLI, f. *outspokenness, freedom of speech*.

BERT, adv. *openly, clearly* (mæla b.).

BER-YRÐI, n. pl. = bermæli, bersögli.

BESSI (for 'bersi', cf. 'bera', f.), m. *he-bear, Bruin*.

BESTI, n. = bast.

BETR, adv. compar., (1) *better*; b. þœtti mér, *I would rather*; vánu b., *better than expected*; hafa b., *to get the better of it*; (2) *more*; leggit fram b. hit mikla skipit, *bring further forward*; þrjú hundruð ok þrír tigir ok sex b., *to boot*; ef hann orkar (*or* má) b., *if he can do more*; ekki máttu sumir inenn b. en fá staðizt, *they were just able to keep up against him*; svá hár, at engi annarra tók b. en í öxl honum, *reached higher than to his shoulder*.

BETRA (AÐ), v. *to better, improve* (b. líf sitt); refl. *to become better*; impers., þeir sögðu, at konungi betraðist mjök, *that the king felt, much better*.

BETRAN, f. *bettering, improvement*.

BETRANLIGR, a. *improvable*.

BETR-FEÐRUNGR, m. *a man better than his father*, = feðr-betrungr.

BETRI, a. compar., BEZTR, superl. *better, best*; þeim þótti betra at, *they thought it better to*; beztr bóndi, *an excellent farmer*; er mér hefir beztr verit, *best (kindest) towards me*; with gen., meðan bezt er sumars, *during the best part of the summer*.

BEYGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to bend, bow* (b. hálsinn fyrir e-m); b. e-m krók, *to make it awkward for one*.

BEYGLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become bent* (spjótit beyglaðist).

BEYSTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to beat*; b. korn, *to thresh*; b. bakföllum, *to pull hard at the oars*.

BEYSTI, n. *ham, gammon of bacon*.

BEYTILL, m. *fescue-grass* (?), cf. 'góibeytill'.

BEZT (older 'bazt'), adv., superl. to 'vel', *best*; b. búinn, *best equipted*; b. allra manna, *best of all men*.

BEZTR (older 'baztr'), a. superl., see 'betri'.

BIBLIA, f. *the Bible*; also 'biflía'.

BIÐ, n. pl. *waiting, delay*; góðr í bíðum, *patient*.

BIÐA (AÐ), v. *to wait*; b. e-s, *to wait for* (þeir biðuðu þeirra).

BIÐA, f. awaiting (rare).

BIÐAN, f. *delay, biding*.

BIÐ-ANGR, m. = biðan, biðvangr.

BIÐILL (pl. BIÐLAR), m. *wooer, suitor*.

BIÐJA (BIÐ; BAÐ, BÁÐUM; BEÐINN), v. (1) *to ask, beg a thing of one* (b. e-n e-s); with infin., *to beg one to do a thing*; inn bið þú hann ganga, *ask him to step in*; with the infin. sign 'at', *to beg leave*; biðr hann at fara norðr á Hálogaland, *asked for furlough to go to H.*; with 'at' and a subj. (biðja viljum vér, at þú sér í liðsbóninni með oss); b. e-s, *to beg for a thing* (b. miskunnar, matar); b. e-m e-s, *to beg for a thing on behalf of one*; b. e-m lífs, griða, *to beg for one's life, to sue for quarter for another*; b. sér ölmusu, *to ask for alms*; b. (sér) konu, *to ask in marriage*; b. fyrir e-m, *to intercede (pray) for one*; (2) *to pray to God* (b. til guðs); b. bœn sína (bœnar sinnar, bœn sinni), *to say one's prayer*; (3) refl., biðjast fyrir, *to say one's prayers*; b. undan, *to excuse oneself* (from doing a thing).

BIÐ-LEIKA (AÐ), v. *to wait, stay, tarry* (= 'biða').

BIÐ-LUND, f. *forbearance, patience*.

BIÐLUNDAR-GÓÐR, a. *patient*; -MÁL, n. *a matter that can wait*.

BIÐ-LYNDI, n., -STÓLL, m. (rare), = biðlund.

BIÐ-STUND, f. *time passed in waiting delay, respite*.

BIÐSTUNDAR-TÍMI, m. = biðstund.

BIÐ-VANGR, m. = biðangr.

BIFAST (ð and að), v. refl. (1) *to shake, tremble* (allr Ása salr undir bifðist); (2) *to be moved*; vagninn bifast hvergi, *cannot be moved*.

BIF-RÖST, f. poet., mythical name of *the rainbow*.

BIK, n. *pitch* (svartr sem b.; biki svartari); BIKA (AÐ), v. *to pitch*.

BIKARR, m. *large drinking cup, beaker* (cf. 'sáttar-bikarr').

BIKKJA, f. *bitch* (= grey, tík).

BIKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to plunge into water*; hann bikkti sér út af borðinu, hann bikkti í sjóinn, *he plunged overboard*.

BIKKJU-HVELPR, m. *bitch's whelp*; -SONR, m. *son of a bitch*; -STAKKR, m. *skin of a bitch*.

BIL, n. (1) *an open space left* (b. er þarna); (2) *moment*; þat bil, *that very moment*; í því bili, *at the same moment, just then*.

BILA (AÐ), v. (1) *to give way, break, crack*; þá er skipit hljóp af stokkunum, þá bilaði í skarar nökkurar, *some of the seams gave way*; (2) with dat., flestum bilar áræðit, *most people lose heart*; with infin., Þórr vill fyrir engan mun b. at koma til einvígis, *Th. will by no means fail to meet*; (3) impers., hug ok áræði mun mik aldregi b., *I shall never be wanting in courage and pluck*.

BIL-BUGR, m. *failing of heart, giving way*; láta engan -bug á sér sjá, *to show no sign of fear, stand firm*.

BILT, a. n., only in the phrase, e-m

verðr b., *one is startled, alarmed*; Þór (dat.) varð b. einu sinni *(for once Thor's heart failed him)* at slá hann með hamrinum.

BIMBULT, a. n., in the phrase, e-m er b., *one feels uneasy* (kerling fær ekki sofnat um nóttina, svá var henni bimbult).

BINDA (BIND; BATT, BUNDUM; BUNDINN), v. (1) *to bind, tie, fasten, tie up*; b. hest, hund, *to tie up a horse, dog*; b. skó, þvengi, *to tie shoes, thongs*; b. stein við háls e-m, *to fasten a stone to one's neck*; b. fyrir augu e-m, *to blindfold one*; (2) *to bind in parcels, to pack up* (b. varning til skips); b. hey á hest, *to truss hay on a horse's back*; b. korn, *to tie up sheaves of corn*; b. klyf, *to tie up a pack*; (3) b. e-t um e-t, *to bind round*; hann batt silkiræmu um fót sér, *he bound a strip of silk round his leg*; b. um e-t, *to put a bandage on*; batt Yngvildr um fót honum, *bound up his (wounded) leg*; b. um sár, *to bind up a wound*; fig., hefir margr hlotit um sárt at b. fyrir mér, *many a man has had wounds to tie up by my means* (i. e. inflicted by me); þykkir mér bezt um heilt at b., *to bind a sound limb, to keep safe and sound*; b. sár = b. um sár; b. hönd e-s, *to bind his hand*; (4) *to make, form, contract, enter into* (b. samfélag, vináttu, tengdir, hjúskap); b. sætt ok frið, *to make a reconciliation and peace*; b. ráð, *to resolve*; absol. with infin., *to fix, engage* (bundu þeir Þórir at hittast á ákveðnum stáð); (5) refl., *to bind or engage oneself*; em ek þó eigi þess búinn, nema fleiri bindist, *unless more persons bind themselves, enter the league*; b. á hendi (höndum) e-m, *to bind oneself to serve another* (b. á hendi konungum); b. fyrir e-u, *to put oneself at the head of an undertaking*; b. (= binda sik) í e-u, *to engage in a thing* (b. í heitum); b. í banns atkvæði, *to bring on oneself the sentence of excommunication*; with gen. (b. e-s = b. af *or* frá e-u), *to refrain from a thing*; eigi bazt hann ferligra orða, *he did not refrain from bad words*.

BINDANDI, f. = bindendi.

BINDANDIS-TÍMI, m. *time of abstinence*.

BINDENDI, f. and n. *abstinence* (b. matar ok drykkjar ok margra annara girnda).

BINDENDIS-KRAPTR, m. *virtue of abstinence*; -LAUSS, a. *licentious*; -LIF, n. *life of abstinence*; -MAÐR, m. *an ascetic*.

BINGR, m. *bed, bolster* (statt upp úr binginum).

BIRGÐIR, f. pl. *stores, provisions*.

BIRGILIGR, a. *serviceable, useful*.

BIRGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v., b. e-n at e-u, *to furnish, provide one with a thing* (nú vil ek b. bú þitt at málnytuísumar).

BIRGR, a. *well-furnished, provided* (at e-u) *with a thing-* (b. at kosti).

BIRKI-, in compds., *birch-*.

BIRKINN, a. *birchen*; only in 'birkinn viðr' = birkiviðr.

BIRKI-RAPTR, m. *birch-rafter*; -VIÐR, m. *birch-wood*.

BIRKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to bark, strip off the bark from a tree* (b. við).

BIRKJA, f. *birch-juice*.

BIRNA, f. *she-bear*, = bera.

BIRTA (-RTA, -RTR), v. (1) *to brighten, light up, illuminate*; var birt allt hlýrit *(the bow of the vessel was made bright)* bæði hvítum steini ok rauðum; stjörnur birta náttina, *light up the night*; b. blinda, *to make the blind see*; b. hjörtu vár, *to enlighten our hearts*; b. rœðu, *to elucidate, make it clearer*; impers., veðrit (acc.) birtir, *it clears up*; þokunni (dat.) birtir, *the*

fog lifts; (2) *to reveal, manifest, show* (skjótt mun ek b. mitt skaplyndi); with dat., b. ást sinni, *to manifest one's love*; refl., birtast, *to appear* (birtist þá skaði þeirra); dagrinn birtist, *the day dawns*; b. e-m, *to appear to one*.

BIRTA, f. (1) *brightness, fair complexion*; (2) = birti.

BIRTARI, m. *revealer*.

BIRTI, n. *brightness, light*.

BIRTING, f. (1) *brightness*; (2) *revelation*; birtingar tíð, *the Epiphany*.

BIRTINGR, m. *a kind of fish, sea-trout* (?).

BISKUP (-S, -AR), m. (1) *bishop*; (2) *the Jewish high-priest*.

BISKUPA (AÐ), v. *to confirm* (b. börn), = ferma.

BISKUPA-FUNDR, m., -mót, n. *synod of bishops*.

BISKUPAN, f. *confirmation*, = ferming.

BISKUPA-ÞING, n. *council of bishops*.

BISKUP-DÓMR, m. = biskupsdómr; -LIGA, adv. *episcopally*; -LIGR, a. *episcopal*; biskupligt embætti, *the office of bishop*.

BISKUPS-BÚNINGR, m. *bishop's robes*; -BÚR, n. *bishop's larder*; -DÓMR, m. (1) *dignity or rank of a bishop*; (2) *the period during which a bishop holds office, episcopate* (í -dómi e-s); (3) *episcopal see, bishopric*; -DÓTTIR, f. *bishop's daughter*; -DŒMI, n. = -dómr (3); -EFNI, n. *bishop-elect*; -FRÆNDI, m. *relative of a bishop*; -GARÐR, m. *bishop's manor*; -GISTING, f.; -HERBERGI, n. pl. *bishop's apartments*; -KØR, n., -KOSNING, f. *election of a bishop*; -LAUSS, a. *without a bishop* (landit er -laust); -MAÐR, m. *one in the service of a bishop*; -MARK, n. *sign of a bishop*; -MÁGR, m. *brother-in-law of a bishop*; -MESSA, f. *a mass celebrated by a bishop*; -MÍTR, n. *bishop's mitre*; -NAFN, n. *title of a bishop*; -RÍKI, n. *episcopal see, bishopric*; -SEKT, f. *a fine to be paid to the bishop*; -SKATTR, m. *a duty to be paid to the bishop* (in Norway); -SKRÚÐ, n., -SKRÚÐI, m. *bishop's robes*; -SONR, m. *son of a bishop*; -STAFR, m. *bishop's staff, crosier*; -STJÓRN, f. *administration of a bishop*; -STÓLL, m. (1) *episcopal seat*; (2) *bishopric*; -SÝSLA, f. (1) = -stjórn; (2) *province of a bishop, diocese*; -TIGN, f. *dignity* or *rank of a bishop*; -TÍUND, f. *the tithe to be paid to the bishop* (in Iceland); -VATN, n. *water consecrated by the bishop Guðmund*; -VELDI, a. *episcopal power*; -VÍGSLA, f. *consecration of a bishop*.

BISMARA-PUND, n. *a certain weight*.

BISMARI, m. *steel-yard* (mælir ok pundari ok bismari).

BISUND, f. *a gold coin, besant* (*foreign* word).

BIT, n. (1) *bite* (at tönnunum er bitsins ván); (2) *sharpness, edge* (of cutting instruments); (3) *pasture* = beit (Norse).

BITA (AÐ), v. (1) *to cut into bits*; (2) b. út (útbita), with dat., *to extend, distend, stretch out*.

BIT-BEIN, n. *bone of contention* (hafa ríki þessi lengi at öfund orðit ok -beinum); -HUNDR, m. *snappish dog*.

BITI, m. (1) *bit, mouthful*; biðja bitum, *to go begging; (2) eyetooth* (upp eru komnir bitar ok jaxlar); (3) *cross-beam, cross-girder*.

BITILL, m. = bitull.

BITLAÐR, pp. *bitted, bridled*; cf. 'gullbitlaðr'.

BITLINGR, m. *bit, morsel*; stela bitlingum, *to steal trifles*.

BITR (acc. bitran), a. (1) *biting, snapping*

(b. naðra); (2) *cutting, sharp* (bitrt sverð); (3) *painful, bitter* (b. tregi); -LEIKR, m. *bitterness*; -LIGR, a. *sharp, keen* (-ligt sverð).

BIT-SÓTT, f. *disease* (of cattle, sheep) *from vermin*.

BITULL, m. *the bit of a bridle*.

BÍÐA (bíð; beið, biðum; beðit), v. (1) *to abide, wait for*, with gen., bíð þú mín hér, *wait for me here*; þeir biðu byrjar, *they waited for favourable wind*; b. sinnar stundar, *to bide one's time*; b. e-s ór stað (þaðan, héðan), *to stand waiting in the same place (there, here)*; var eigi langt at b., at *(it was not long before)* sannaðist saga ábóta míns; (2) *to suffer, undergo, sustain*, with acc., b. bana (dauða, hel), skaða, *to suffer death, loss*; b. ámæli, *to be blamed*; b. ósigr, *to be defeated*; b. enga ró, *to feel no peace, be uneasy*; b. bót (bœtr) e-s, *to recover, overcome*; (3) e-t bíðr e-s, *is in store for one, awaits one* (fagnaðu, vin minn, því at þín bíðr eilífr fagnaðr); (4) impers., e-t (acc.) bíðr, *there is, there is to be had*, with a preceeding negative; hvárki bíðr þar báru né vinds blæ, *there is felt neither wave nor breath of air*; varla beið brauð eðr fœðu, *was scarcely to be had*.

BÍÐANDI, f. *biding, waiting, delay*.

BIÐENDR, m. pl. *those who wait*; b. eigu byr, *get a fair wind*.

BÍLDÓTTR, a. *spotted on the cheeks* (of a sheep).

BÍLDR, m. *an instrument for letting blood, lancet* (örit var sem bílds spor yæri, *a scar as from a* b.).

BÍLD-ÖR, f. *a kind of arrow*.

BÍLÍFI, n. *luxury*, = býlífi.

BÍTA (BÍT; BEIT, BITUM; BITINN), v. (1) *to bite* with the teeth (hundr bítr mann; E. beit skarð ór horninu); b. gras, *to graze*, also absol. (naut bitu á velli); b. af e-m eyrun, *to bite his ears*; b. e-t í sundr, *to bite asunder or through*; b. á vörrinni, kampinum, *to bite the lip, the beard*; impers., of fish, *to bite, take the bait* (bítr vel á um daginn); (2) of sharp instruments, weapons; þeir er eigi bitu járn, *those whom iron could not bite*; sverðit beit eigi, *did not cut*; e-m bítr, *one's weapon (scythe) cuts well* (allt bitu honum annan veg vápnin); fig., beit þetta ráð, *was effective*; (3) of a ship, *to go near the wind*; skip, er vér köllum b. allra skipa bezt, *the best sailer*; impers., beit þeim eigi fyrir Reykjanes, *they could not clear or weather Reykjaness*; (4) fig., *to bite, sting, hurt* (þik skulu allir eiðar b., þeir er Helga hafðir unna); sekt, sök bítr e-n, *one is convicted or found guilty*; þau mál, sem sekt bítr, *matters liable to punishment*; b. á e-n, *to affect, make an impression on one*; þetta lét Kjartan á sik b., *K. took this to heart*; láta e-t eigi á sik b., *to be proof against, to be unaffected by a thing*; (5) e-t bítr fyrir, *is decisive, decides or settles the matter*, esp. so as to render it impossible; b. e-m at fullu, *to prove fatal to* (hafa mik nú at fullu bitit hans ráð); (6) refl., bítast (of horses), *to bite*, in fighting (var honum mikil forvitni, hvé bítast vildi hestrinn) *to bite one another* (bítast sem hundar eða hestar).

BJALLA, f. *bell* (hann vígði klukkur ok björlur).

BJANNAK, n. *benediction* (from Irish *beannacht)*.

BJARG, n. (1) *rock, boulder*; (2) *precipice, cliff* (by the sea).

BJARGA (BERG; BARG, BURGUM; BORGINN), v. (1) *to help, save*, with dat.;

nema Þ. byrgi honum, *unless Th. helped him*; sá er öldum bergr, *who saves mankind* (viz. against the giants, i. e. Thor); guðs son er öllum heimi barg, *who saved the whole world*; impers., e-m er borgit, *one is saved, comes safe and sound out of danger* (brutu skip sitt ok týndu fé öllu, en mönnum varð borgit flestum); b. skipshöfn, *to rescue the shipwrecked*; b. skipi, *to haul a ship out of the reach of the tide*; b. hval, *to secure a dead whale* (by dragging it ashore); b. konum, *to help labouring women* (cf. 'bjargrúnar'); b. kúm, *to attend cows calving*; b. nám, *to render the last service to dead bodies* (cf. 'nábjargir'); b. sök, máli, *to succeed in winning a case, a suit*; (2) refl., bjargast, *to keep up the heart*, esp. against cold or hunger; Oddr bargst vel á fjallinu (in a snow storm); b. sjálfr, *to gain one's bread*; b. á sínar hendr, *to support oneself with one's own hands*; b. úti, *to find one's food (graze) in the field* (of cattle); Snorri góði fann, at nafni hans bargst lítt við ostinn, *that he got on slowly with eating the cheese*; verði þér nú at b. við slík sem til er, *you must now put up with what you can get*.

BJARGA (AÐ), v. (rare), = preceding (bjargat mun málinu verða).

BJARGAR-VIST, f. *a situation which yields food and clothing*.

BJARG-AURAR, m. pl. *means enough for support*.

BJARG-GENGR, a. *clever at climbing on fowling cliffs* (cf. 'ganga í bjarg').

BJARG-HAGR, a. *a dexterous carpenter or smith for household work*.

BJARG-HÖGG, n. *instrument for hewing steps in a rock*.

BJARG-KOSTR, m. *means of support*; -KVIÐR, m. *verdict of acquital*; -LEYSI, n. *starvation, destitution*; -RÁÐ, n. (1) *means of salvation*; (2) *advice given to an outlaw with intent to save his life*.

BJARG-RIFA, f. *rift in a rock*, = bergrifa.

BJARG-RÚNAR, f. pl. *runes for helping women in labour*; -RÝGR (RÝGJAR, -RÝGIR), f. *midwife*.

BJARG-SKORA, f. *rift in a rocky hill*, = bergskor.

BJARGS-MAÐR, m. *a self-supporting person*.

BJARG-SNÖS, f. = bergsnös; -STEINN, m. *boulder, craig*.

BJARG-VEL, adv. *well enough*.

BJARG-VÆTTR, f. *helping sprite, good genius*.

BJARKAN, n. *the runic letter B*.

BJARKEYJAR-RÉTTR, m. *town-law*.

BJARMAR, m. pl., name of a people or tribe of the Russian empire, *the Perms* of the present day.

BJARNAR-BÁSS, m. = bjarnbáss; -HAMR, m. *the hide, shape of a bear*; -HÍÐ, n. *a black bear's lair*; -HOLD, n. *bear's flesh*; -HRAMMR, m. *bear's* paw; -SLÁTR, n. *meat of a slaughtered bear*.

BJARN-BÁSS, m. *a pit for catching bears*; -DÝR, -DÝRI, n. *bear*; -EGGJAN, f. *brutal provocation*; -FELDR, m. *bear-skin cloak*; -FELL, n. *bear's fell, bear's skin*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. *reward for killing a bear*; -HÚNN, m. *bear's cub*; -IGULL, m. a kind of *sea-urchin*; -ÓLPA, f. = bjarnskinnsólpa; -SKINN, n. *bearskin*.

BJARNSKINNS-ÓLPA, f. *a bearskin cloak*.

BJARN-STAKA, f. *bearskin*; -SVIÐA, f. *large knife for killing bears*; -VEIÐAR, f. pl. *bear-hunting* (fara á -veiðar); -YLR, m. *bear's warmth, the vital warmth of an ice-bear*.

BJART-EYGÐR, -EYGR, a. *bright-eyed*; -HADDAÐR, a. *fair-haired*; -LEIKR, m. *brightness*; -LEITR, a. *fair-complexioned*; -LIGA, adv. *clearly, plainly*; -LITAÐR, a. *light-coloured*.

BJARTR, a. (1) *bright, shining* (bjart ljós, sólskin); (2) *illustrious* (með björtum sigri).

BJART-VIÐRI, n. *clear weather*.

BJÁLFI (or bjálbi), m. *fur, skin*, esp. in compds., hreinbjálfi, geitbjálfi.

BJÁLKI, m. *balk, beam*.

BJÓÐ, n. (1) *small table*; (2) *small bowl*.

BJÓÐA (BÝÐ; BAUÐ, BUÐUM; BOÐINN), v. (1) *to offer*; þeir höfðu boðit honum laun, *they had offered him rewards*; Þ. bauð at gefa *(offered to give)* Gunnlaugi hestinn; b. grið, *to offer pardon*; b. e-t til lífs sér, *as a ransom for one's life*; b. e-t fram, *to proffer, produce* (b. fram vitni); b. e-t upp, af hendi, *to give up, leave off*; þá býðr hann upp hornit, *gives up the horn, will not drink more*; b. e-t undan e-m, *to offer to take a thing off one's hands* (er þá kostr at b. undan þeim manni varðveizluna fjárins); b. e-t við, *to make a bid*; b. við tvenn verð, *to bid double*; refl., bjóðast, *to offer oneself, volunteer one's service*; Þóroddr bauzt *(offered himself)* til þeirrar farar; (2) *to do a thing to one*, in a bad sense; b. e-m ógn, *to wage war against one*; b. e-m ójöfnuð, ofriki, *to treat unfairly, oppress*; b. e-m ógn, *to affright, terrify*; b. e-m rangt, *to treat one unjustly*; (3) *to bid, invite* (b. e-m til sín *or* heim); b. mönnum til boðs, *to bid guests to a banquet, wedding*; (4) *to bid, order*; sem lög buðu, *as the law prescribed*; b. e-m erendi, *to commit a thing to one's charge*; b. e-m varnað á e-u, *to forbid*; b. e-m af landi, *to order one out of the land*; b. e-m af embætti, *to depose one*; b. út liði, skipum, *to levy, troops, ships*; b. e-m um, *to delegate to one, to commit to one's charge* (þeim manni er biskup hefir um boðit at nefna vátta); (5) *to proclaim, announce*; b. trú (kristni), *to proclaim, preach a religion (the Christitian faith)*; b. messudag, *to proclaim a holy day*; (6) of a mental state, *to have presentiment of*; e-m býðr e-t í hug (skap), *one has a fore boding, presentiment of*; mér býðr e-t fyrir, *I forebode*; mér býðr hugr við e-u, *I abhor, dislike*; impers., mér býðr ávallt hita (acc.), er ek kem í þeirra flokk, *I feel uneasy whenever …*; mér bauð ótta, *I felt a fear*; bauð þeim mikla þekt *(they felt much pleasure)*, er þeir sá líkit; ef yðr býðr svá við at horfa, *when you are in such a frame of mind*; (7) býðr e-m, *it beseems, becomes one*; sem konungsbarni býðr, *as befits a princess*; eptir þat fór vígsla fram eptir því sem býðr, *as it is due, or proper*.

BJÓR-BLANDAÐR, pp. *mixed with beer*.

BJÓRR, m. *beer* (öl heitir með mönnum, en með Ásum b.).

BJÓRR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *triangular cut off piece of skin* (bjórar þeir, er menn sníða ór skóm sínum fyrir tám eða hæl); (2) triangular strip of *land*, = geiri (b. lá ónuminn fyrir austan Fljót); (3) *front wall, party wall*; engi var bjórrinn milli húsanna, *there was no partition between the houses*; (4) *a sort of tapestry of triangular shape* (var stofan vel tjölduð ok settir upp bjórar).

BJÓRR (-S, -AR), m. *beaver, esp. the beaver's skin* (b. ok safali).

BJÓR-REIFR, a. *cheerfull from beer drinking*; -SALA, f. *vending of beer*; -SALR, m. *beer-hall*.

BJÓR-SKINN, n. *beaver skin*; -SKINNFEL-

DR, m. *cloak made of beaver skin*.

BJÓR-TUNNA, f. *barrel of beer*; -VEIG, f. beer; -VERPILL, m. *beer-cask*.

BJÚGA (pl. BJÚGU), n. *sausage* (cf. 'mör-bjúga').

BJÚG-LEIKR, m. *crookedness*; -LELTR, a. *of crooked countenance*; -NEFJAÐR, a. *hook-nosed*, = nefbjúgr.

BJÚGR, a. *bowed, hooked, crooked, bent*; hann var b. á baki, *he sat bent or bowed (from age) on horseback*; hvárt er yðr þykkir bjúgt eða beint, *whether it seems to you crooked or straight, whether you like it or not*.

BJÖÐ, f. *flat land*; áðr Börs synir bjöðum of yptu, *ere the sons of B. raised the ground*.

BJÖRG (gen. BJARGAR, pl. BJARGIR), f. (1) *help, deliverance, out of need or danger, esp. help* (food, shelter, transport) *given to an outlaw* (veita e-m b., einnar nætr b.); lögmæt b., *lawful point of defence* (in pleading in the Court); (2) *means of subsistence, stores, provisions* (fjögurra missera b.).

BJÖRK (gen. BJARKAR), f. *birch, birchtree*.

BJÖRN (gen. BJARNAR, pl. BIRNIR, acc. BJÖRNU), m. *bear* (hvítabjörn, *the white bear*; híðbjörn, skógbjörn, urðbjörn, viðbjörn, *the black bear)*.

BLAÐ, n. (1) *leaf of a plant*; (2) *leaf in a book*; (3) *blade of a knife* (knífsblað), *of an oar* (árarblað); (4) *skirt of a kirtle, shirt, cloak* (kyrtilblað, skyrtublað, feldarblað).

BLAÐRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to flutter to and fro*, as a leaf in the wind (sá þeir, at tungan blaðraði); (2) with dat., *to move* (the tongue) *to and fro* (hann blaðraði tungunni ok leitaði við at mæla); *to wag the tail* (b. halanum); (3) absol., *to utter inarticulately* (blaðrar ok bendir hann); with acc. (blaðrandi þessi orð).

BLAÐRA, f. *bladder*; *brain*.

BLAK, n. *slap* (with the open hand).

BLAKA (AÐ and -TA), v. (1) *to flutter, wave* (of the leaves of a tree); (2) with dat., b. vængjunum, *to flap the wings*; (3) with acc., b. e-n, *to give one a slap*.

BLAKA, f. (1) *veil* (cf. 'silkiblaka'); (2) *fan*.

BLAKK-FJALLR, a. *with black hide* (birnir blakkfjallir).

BLAKKR, a. *black, dun-coloured* (beittu, Sigurðr, enn blakka mar).

BLAKKR, m. poet. *a dun-coloured horse*.

BLAKRA (AÐ), v. *to flutter with the wings*.

BLAND, n. (1) *mixture*; í b. við e-n, *in company with*; í b. með e-m, *among*; (2) *sexual intercourse* (hafa konu í b. = til lags við sik).

BLANDA (BLEND; BLÉTT, BLÉNDUM; BLANDINN), v. *to blend, mix*, e-t e-u, *with a thing* (b. mjöð, drykk, eitri); b. e-t saman, *to mix together* (b. saman hvítt ok rautt); more common, b. e-u við e-t; b. vatni við vín, *to mix wine with water*; b. mötuneyti (dat.,) við e-n, *to eat together with one*; refl., blandast við e-n, *to have intercourse with one*, esp. of sexual intercourse (blandast við konur af heiðnum þjóðum).

BLANDA (AÐ), v. = prec.

BLANDA, f. *mixture of two fluids* (fór fyrst ór blóð, síðan blanda), esp. *sour whey mixed with water*.

BLANDAN, f. *mixing, blending*.

BLANDINN, pp. (cf. 'blanda', v.) *mixed*; Helgi var b. mjök, *had a mixed creed*; hón er blandin mjök, *she is a woman of mixed report*.

BLAUÐAST (AÐ), v. refl., = bleyðast.

BLAUÐ-HUGAÐR, a. = blauthugaðr; -LIGA, adv. *cowardly*.

BLAUÐR, a. (1) *weak, cowardly*; bíð nú, ef þú ert eigi b., *if thou art not a coward*; (2) *feminine*, opp. to 'hvatr', but only used of animals, dogs, cats, fishes; hafit nú hendr á hundinum, þótt b. sé, *take the dog, though it be a bitch*.

BLAUT-BARN, n., in the phrase, frá -barns beini = frá blautu barns beini, see 'blautr'; -FISKR, m. *fresh fish*; -HOLDR, a. *having soft, smooth flesh* (mærin var væn ok -hold); -HUGAÐR, a. *faint-hearted* (opposed to 'harðhugaðr'); -KLÆDDR, pp. *clothed in soft raiment* (eða vildut þér sjá -klæddan mann?); -LEIKR, m. *softness*; -LENDR, a. *soft, moist-soiled*; -LIGA, adv. *effeminately* (klæddr -liga); -LIGR, a. *soft, voluptuous* (blautligir kossar) blautlig kvæði, *amorous ditties*.

BLAUTR, a. (1) *soft* (b. sem silkiræma); b. fiskr, *fresh fish*, opp. to 'harðr fiskr'; frá blautu barns beini, *from very babyhood*; (2) *effeminate, timorous, weak* (fár er gamall harðr, ef hann er í bernsku b.); (3) *wet, soaked* (þar vóru vellir blautir, því at regn höfðu verit).

BLÁ-BER, n. *blueberry, bilberry*; -BRÚNAÐR, a. *bluish brown*; -DJÚP, n. *the blue deep sea*; -EYGÐR, -EYGR, a. *blue-eyed*; -FASTR, a. *quite immovable*; -FÁINN, -FÁR, a. *with a bluish polish*; -FELDR, m. *cloak of blue fur*; -FLEKKÓTTR, a. *speckled with blue*; -HVÍTR, a. *bluish white*; -KÁPA, f. *blue cloak*; -KINN, f. *blue cheek*; -KLÆDDR, pp. *dressed in blue*; -LEITR, a. *blue-faced, black-faced*; -LENDINGR, m. *Ethiopian*; -LENZKR, a. *Ethiopian, from Bláland, Ethiopia*; -MAÐR, m. *a black man, negro*.

BLÁMAN, f. *the livid colour of a bruise*.

BLÁ-MENGDR, -MENGJAÐR, a. *blue-mingled*; -MERKTR, pp. *marked with blue*.

BLÁMI, m. *lividness*, = bláman.

BLÁNA (AÐ), v. *to become blue or livid* (þrútna ok b. í andliti).

BLÁR, a. (1) *blue, livid* (b. ok bóðugr); (2) *black* (b. sem kol); falda blá, *to wrap the head in black*.

BLÁ-RENDR, a. *blue-striped* (-rendar brœkr).

BLÁSA (BLÆS; BLÉS, BLÉSUM; BLÁSINN), v. (1) *to blow*, of the wind; blásandi byrr, *a spanking breeze*; (2) *to blow with the mouth* (hann blés í kross yfir drykk sínum); *to pant* (hestrinn tók at frýsa ok b.); b. við, *to draw a deep breath, to sigh* (jarl blés þá við mœðiliga); fig., b. móti e-m, *to be unfavourably disposed towards one*; (3) with dat., *to set in motion by blowing or breathing*; blés mœðiliga öndinni, *breathed hard*; b. e-m e-u í brjóst, *to inspire, suggest a thing to one* (guð blés henni því í brjóst); b. eldi, eitri, of serpents; (4) *to blow with a musical instrument*; b. lúðri, horni, *to blow the trumpet, horn*; b. liði *(troops)* til landgöngu; b. til stefnu, *to a meeting*; b. herblástr, *to sound an alarm*; (5) *to melt, cast* (b. gullmálm, rauða); yxn tveir ór eiri blásnir *(cast)*; (6) *to blow up, inflate* (sem belgr blásinn); (7) impers., blés upp fótinn, kviðinn, *the leg, belly, swelled up*; of land, *to be laid bare, stripped of the turf* (hafði blásit hauginn ok lá silfrit bert).

BLÁSARI, m. *blower of a trumpet or horn*.

BLÁ-SILFR, n. *bad silver*, opp. to 'skírt silfr'.

BLÁSINN, pp. (1) *inflated* (belgr b.); (2) *swollen* (sýndist fótrinn b.); (3) *stripped of turf, bare, barren* (mel-torfa blásin mjök).

BLÁ-STAFAÐR, a. *blue-striped* (segl blástafat).

BLÁSTR (gen. BLÁSTRAR and BLÁSTAR, dat. BLÆSTRI and BLÆSTI), m. (1) *blast, blowing of the wind*; (2) *blowing of an animal, hissing of a serpent* (heyrði blást drekanna); (3) *breathing, breath* (málit gørist af blæstrinum); (4) *blast of a trumpet*; (5) *blowing of a bellows*; (6) *swelling of the body or a limb, mortification*.

BLÁSTR-BELGR, m. *bellows*; -HORN, n. *trumpet, horn*; -JÁRN, n. *blast iron* (cast, not wrought); -PIPA, f. *flute*; -SAMR, a. *windy*; -SVALR, a. *cold-blowing*.

BLÁ-SVARTR, a. *raven-black*; -TÖNN, f. *blue-black tooth*, a nickname.

BLEÐGI or BLEGÐI, m. *wedge, plug*.

BLEÐJA (BLEÐ, BLADDA, BLADDR), v. (1) *to pick off* (leaves or fruit); fig. *to kill off one by one* (b. hirðina *or* b. hirðina af); (2) *to tear asunder* (b. klæði sín); (3) *to cover*, as with a leaf (b. ásjónuna).

BLEIK-ÁLÓTTR, a. *fawn-coloured with a dark stripe down the back* (-álóttr hestr); -HÁRR, a. *fair-haired*; -HVÍTR, a. *yellowish white*.

BLEIKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to bleach* (b. lérept); b. hadda sína, *to wash the hair* (said of women).

BLEIKJA, f. *chalk or white clay*.

BLEIKR, a. *pale, whitish*; bleikt hár, *fair hair*; b. á hár, *fair-haired*; *(wan, pallid)* ok blóðlauss; b. sem nár, *deadly pale*; b. sem bast, *pale as bast*.

BLEK, n. *ink*; -HORN, n. *inkstand*.

BLEKKI-LIGA, adv. *delusively*; -LIGR, a. *delusive* (blekkilig er þessa heims hamingja).

BLEKKING, f. *derision, fraud*.

BLEKKINGA-MAÐR, m. *deceiver*.

BLEKKINGAR-ANDI, m. *lying spirit*.

BLEKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to impose upon, deceive*; refl., blekkjast, *to be disappointed*.

BLEK-SKORTR, m. *lack of ink*.

BLENDINGR, m. (1) *blending, mixture*; (2) *a being half man and half giant* (b. en ekki fullkomit troll).

BLESÓTTR, a. *having a blaze or white mark, on the forehead* (b. hestr).

BLEST-MÆLTR, BLESTR, a. *lisping*.

BLETSA (AÐ), v. = bleza.

BLEYÐA, f. *craven*, = bleyðimaðr.

BLEYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to dishearten, humble* (ef þú bleyðir hjarta þitt); refl., bleyðast, *to lose heart or courage* (= verða blauðr).

BLEYÐI, f. *cowardice*; -MAÐR, m. *coward*; -MANNLIGR, a. *cowardly, craven*; -MARK, n. *mark of cowardice*; -ORÐ, n. *charge of cowardice*; leggja -orð at baki e-m, *to charge one with being a coward* (blauðr); bera bleyðiorð fyrir e-m, *to be called a coward by one*.

BLEYTA, f. *mud, mire*.

BLEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to make soft, moisten* (b. húð); b. hjarta, skaphöfn e-s, *to soften one's heart, temper*.

BLEZA (AÐ), v. *to bless* (blezaði guð þá hinn sjaunda daginn); also with dat. (guð blezaði bæði fuglum ok fiskum).

BLEZAÐAR-FULLR, a. *rich in blessing*.

BLEZAN, f. *blessing, benediction*.

BLEZANAR-ANDI, m. *spirit of blessing*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of blessing*.

BLIAT or BLIAZ, n. *a kind of costly stuff* (for. word).

BLIK, n. (1) *gleam, sheen*; (2) *bleaching* (liggja á bliki); (3) *vizor of a helmet*.

BLIKA (AÐ), v. *to gleam, twinkle* (of shields).

BLIK-HVÍTR, a. *white-gleaming* (of a

shield).

BLIKNA (AÐ), v. *to grow (turn) pale or pallid* (b. af hræzlu, hugleysi).

BLIKNAN, f. *growing pale*.

BLIKRA (AÐ), v. impers., e-m blikrar, *one feels uneasy or anxious*.

BLINDA (AÐ), v. *to blind, derive of sight* (dróttinn blindaði augu þeirra); hann blindar sjálfan sik allra sanninda, *he blinds himself lo all truth*.

BLINDI, f. *blindness*.

BLINDINGR, m. *hidden peg, dowel*.

BLIND-LEIKI, -LEIKR, m. *blindness*.

BLINDR, a. *blind*; b. báðum augum, *blind of both eyes*; hann háfði verit b. borinn, *born blind*; with gen., b. ens sauna um e-t, *blind as to the truth or reality about a thing*; e-m er e-t blint, *it is obscure, hidden to one*; Einarr lét sér þat blint vera, *E. professed ignorance about it*.

BLÍÐA, f. *friendliness, gentleness*; hófst þá enn at nýju b. *(friendly relations)* með þeim mágum.

BLÍÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. = blíðka.

BLÍÐAST (AÐ), v. refl. = blíðkast.

BLÍÐINDI, n. pl. *comforts, delights*.

BLÍÐING, f. *enticement, allurement*.

BLÍÐKA (AÐ), v. *to soften, mitigate* (b. e-n með gjöfum); refl., blíðkast, *to grow mild*; b. e-m, *to insinuate oneself into one's favour*.

BLÍÐKAN, f. *caressing, caresses*.

BLÍÐ-LÁTR, a. *displaying friendliness or kindness*; -LEIKR, m. (1) *friendliness, gentleness*; (2) *mildness, blaminess* (-leikr loptsins); -LEITR, a. *of mild countenance*; -LIGA, adv. *kindly, with kindness* (taka, fagna e-m -liga); -LIGR, a. (1) *gentle, friendly* (-ligr í yfirbragði); (2) *delightful*; -LUNDABR, a. *of gentle disposition*; -LEATI, n. *caressing*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *fair words, blandishments*; -MÆLTR, a. *affable, bland*.

BLÍÐR, a. (1) *gentle, friendly* (vera b. ok þekkr við menn); (2) *plesant, agreeable*; þat er þér blíðara, *that pleases you better*; (3) *mild, balmy* (blítt veðr).

BLÍÐSKAPAR-ORÐ, n. *friendly word*.

BLÍÐ-SKAPR (-AR), m. *friendliness, kindness*; *caresses* (eiga -skap með konu).

BLÍÐU-BRAGÐ, n. *friendly mien* (= blítt yfirbragð); *caressing*; -FULLR, a. *friendly*.

BLÍÐ-VIÐRI, n. *mild weather*; -YRÐI, pl., = blíðmæli.

BLÍGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to gaze* (blígja augum).

BLÍKJA (BLÍK; BLEIK, BLIKU; -), v. an obsolete verb, = blika.

BLÍSTRA, f. *the mouthpiece of bellows*.

BLÍSTRA (AÐ), v. *to whistle*; b. í spor e-m *or* e-s, *to whistle after one who has run away*.

BLÍSTRAN, f. *whistling* (with the mouth).

BLOTA-MAÐR, m. *effeminate person*.

BLOTNA (AÐ), v. *to become soft or moist*; fig., *to give way, yield* (b. við e-t, fyrir e-m).

BLÓÐ, n. (1) *blood*; rann honum mjök b., *he lost much blood*; *nema* (taka) e-m b., *to bleed one*; vekja e-m b., *to draw blood of one*; ganga blóði, *to have a hemorrhage or dysentery*, blanda bloði saman, *to enter into foster-brothership by mixing blood together*; (2) *offspring, blood-relations*.

BLÓÐ-BAND, n. *bandage to stop bleeding*, esp. pl. (-bönd); -BOGI, m. *gush or jet of blood*; -BOLLI, m. = blótbolli; -DREFJAR, f. pl. *scattering of blood*; -DREIF, f. *sprinkling (streak) of blood*; -DREKKR, m. *one who drinks blood*; -DRIF, n. *flowing of blood*; -DROPI, m. *drop of blood*; -DRYKK-

JA, f. *drink of blood*; -DRÖG, n. pl., = -dreif; -FALL, n. *hemorrhage*.

BLÓÐFALLS-SÓTT, f. *the bloody flux, dysentery*.

BLÓÐ-FLEKKR, m. *fleck or stain of blood*; -FORS, m. *gush of blood*; -FULLR, a. *full of blood*.

BLÓÐGA (AÐ), v. *to make bloody, to smear with blood*; refl., blóðgast, *to become bloody*.

BLÓÐ-KÝLL, m. *blood-bag*; fig., *blood-sucker*; -LAUSS, a. *bloodless*; -LÁT, n. (1) *loss of blood*; (2) *blood-letting, bleeding*; -LÁTINN, pp. *(that has been) bled*; -LIFR, f. *clotted blood*; -LIGR, a. *bloody*; -LŒKR, m. *stream of blood*; -MAÐKR, m. *maggot bred in putrefying blood*; -NÆTR, f. pl. *'blood-nights'*, in the prov., 'blóð-nætr eru hverjum bráðastar', referring to the fierce desire to revenge a homicide newly committed; -ORMR, m. poet. *'blood-serpent', sword*; -RAUÐR, a. *blood-red*; -RÁS, f. *hemorrhage*; -REFILL, m. *point of a sword*; -REIÐR, a. *very wrathful* (= dreyrrauðr af reiði); -REITR, m. *field of blood*; -REKINN, pp. *stained with blood*; -RISA, a. *indecl. bruised and bloodly* (blár ok blóðrisa); -SEGI or -SIGI, m. *clot of blood*; -SJÚKR, a. *dysenteric*.

BLÓÐS-LITR, m. *colour of blood*.

BLÓÐ-SÓTT, f. *dysentery*; -SPÝGA, f. *spitting of blood*.

BLÓÐS-TEIGR, m. = blóðreitr.

BLÓÐ-STJARNA, f. *the bloody star, Venus*; -STOKKINN, pp. *bespattered with blood*; -STORKINN, a. *stiff with gore, gory*; -STRAUMR, m. *stream of blood*.

BLÓÐS-ÚTHELLING, f. *shedding of blood*.

BLÓÐ-TJÖRN, f. *pool of blood*.

BLÓÐUGR (acc. BLÓÐGAN), a. *bloody*.

BLÓÐ-VAKA, f. *drawing of blood* (svá hart, at -vaka yrði); cf. 'vekja e-m blóð'; -VARMR, a. *warm-blooded*; -ÆR, f. *a ewe fit for slaughter*; -ÖRN, m. *'blood eagle'*, in the phrase, rísta -örn á baki e-m, a cruel method of putting captured enemies to death in the heathen times; -ØX, f. *'bloody axe'*, a nickname.

BLÓM, n. *bloom, blossom, flower*; fig., í œsku blómi, *in the flower of youth*.

BLÓMA-KINN, f. *'red cheek'*, a nickname; -LIGR, a. *blooming, shining*; -MIKILL, a. *rich-blossoming*.

BLÓMANDI, pr. p. *blooming, flourishing* (b. grös).

BLÓMA-SAMLIGR, a. = blómaligr.

BLÓM-BERANDI, pr. p., -BERANLIGR, a. *bloom-bearing, flourishing*.

BLÓMGA (AÐ), v. *to fertilize*; refl., blómgast, *to blossom, bloom*; fig., *to thrive, flourish, prosper* (réttir siðir skyldu b. fagrliga um norðrlönd); BLÓMGAÐR, pp. *which has blossoms upon it*; BLÓMGAN, f. *the fact of blooming or flourishing*; BLÓMGANDI, pr. p., BLÓMGANLIGR, a. *blooming, flourishing*.

BLÓMI, m. = blóm; fig., standa (vera) með blóma, miklum blóma, *to thrive, prosper, flourish*; í blóma aldrs síns, *in the flower of his age*.

BLÓMSTR (-RS), m. = blóm (allan akrsins b.).

BLÓRA-MAÐR, m. *a person to put the blame upon*.

BLÓT, n. (1) *sacrifice, sacrificial feast or banquet* (efna, efla b.); (2) *idol worship in general*; (3) *idol*, = blœti (öll b. braut hann niðr); (4) *swearing, cursing*.

BLÓTA (BLŒT; BLÉT, BLÉTUM; BLÓTINN), v. (1) *to worship, to worship with sacrifice*, with acc. of that which is worshipped; b. hof, lund, fors, heiðit

goð, álfa, heiðnar vættir, lifandi menn, *to worship temple, grove, waterfall, &c.*; very rare with dat. (b. goðum); (2) *to sacrifice*, with dat. of the object sacrificed (b. mönnum ok fé); absol., b. til friðar, sigrs, langlífis, árs, byrjar, *to make a sacrifice for peace, victory, long life, good season, fair wind*.

BLÓTA (AÐ), v. (1) = blóta (blœt, &c.); (2) *to curse*, with dat. = 'banna' (bið þú fyr þeim, er þér blóta); absol., *to swear*; refl., blótast, *to go about swearing*.

BLÓTAN, f. (1) *sacrificing*; (2) *cursing, swearing*.

BLÓT-AUÐIGR, a. *rich in sacrifices* (-auðigt hof); -BISKUP, m. *heathen priest*; -BOLLI, m. *sacrificial bowl*; -DÓMR, m. *idolatry*; -DRYKKJA, f. *sacrificial feast*; -FÉ, n. *sacred or accursed goods*; -GIRNI, f. *inclination for idolatry*; -GOÐI, m. *heathen sacrificing priest*; -GRÖF, f. *sacrificial pit*; -GUÐ, n. *heathen god*; -GYÐJA, f. *heathen priestess*; -HAUGR, m. *sacrificial mound or cairn*; -HOF, n. *heathen temple*; -HÚS, n. *heathen house of worship*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *heathen chief*; -HÖRGR, m. *stone altar for sacrifice*; -KALFR, m. *calf worshipped with sacrifices*; -KENNIMAÐR, m. *heathen priest*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *garments worn at sacrifices*; -KONA, f. *idolatress*; -KOPPR, m. = -bolli; -LUNDR, m. *sacred grove, heathen place of sacrifice*; -MAÐR, m. *heathen worshipper, idolater*; -MATR, m. *food eaten at the sacrificial feast*.

BLÓTNAÐR, m. *sacrificing to heathen Gods, idolatry*.

BLÓT-NAUT, n. (1) *an ox worshipped as in idol*; (2) *a bull to be sacrificed*; -NEYTI, n. (rare) = -naut; -RISI, m. *a giant worshipped as an idol*.

BLÓTSKAPAR-TÍMI, m. *the time of heathenism*.

BLÓT-SKAPR (-AR), m. (1) *heathen worship, idolatry*; (2) *things belonging to worship*; (3) *sacrifice*; -SKÓGR, m. *sacred or sacrificial forest*; -SPÁNN, m. *chip used in divination*; fella -spán, *to consult the gods*; -STAÐR, m. *a place of heathen sacrifice*; -STALLR, m. *heathen or sacrificial altar*; -TRÉ, n. *sacred tree*; -STÖPULL, m. *a pillar on which an idol stands*; -TRYGILL, m. *small sacrificial trough* (trog); -VEIZLA, f. *sacrificial banquet*; -VIÐR, m. = -lundr; -VILLA, f. *heathenish or idolatrous heresy*; -VÖLLR, m. *heathen sacrificial field*.

BLUNDA (AÐ), v. *to shut the eyes* (b. báðum augum).

BLUNDR, m. *dozing, slumber* (occurs as a nickname).

BLUNDSHAKA (AÐ), v. *to blink with the eyes*; STAFIR, m. pl. *soporiferous runes*; bregða stöfum, *to break the slumberspells*.

BLYGÐ, f. *shame*; BLYGÐA (AÐ), v. *to put to shame, seduce*.

BLYGÐARLAUSS, a. *blameless*.

BLYS, n. *torch*.

BLÝ, n. *lead* (søkkva sem b.); -BAND, n. *leaden band*; -KLEPPR, m. *plummet*; -LIGR, a. *leaden*; -SKEYTI, n. *leaden missile*; -STEYPTR, pp. *cast in lead*; -STIKA, f. *leaden candlestick*; -STOKKR, m. *leaden box*; -ÞEKJA (see ÞEKJA), v. *to roof with lead*; ÞUNGI, m. *leaden weight*.

BLÆJA, f. (1). *fine coloured cloth* (hon hafði knýtt um sik blæju ok vóru í mörk blá); (2) *cover of a bed*; koma undir eina blæju, *to be married*; (3) *burial sheet* (svipti hon blæju af Sigurði); (4) *cover of an altar table*.

BLÆJU-ENDI, m. *the end of a* 'blæja'; -HORN, n. *corner of a* b.; -HVALR, m. *a*

kind of whale.

BLÆR, m. *gentle breeze, puff of air*; kenna blæ *(to feel a draught)* á andliti sér.

BLŒÐA (-DDA, -TT), v. *to bleed*; blœddu nasar hans, *he was bleeding, at the nose*; impers., e-m blœðir, *one bleeds or loses blood* (engum blœdi hans manna).

BLŒSMA, a. indecl. *at heat* (of ewes and goats).

BLŒTI, n. *a thing worshiped, idol*.

BLÖÐRUSÓTT, f. *stone in the bladder*.

BLÖSKRA (AÐ), v. *to blink with the eyes, to, flinch* (hann blöskraði ekki); also impers., e-m blöskrar.

BOÐ, n. (1) *bid, offer*; bjóða b. fyrir e-n, *to make bids or offers for one*; hvat er í boði, *what is the offer*; eiga b. á jörð, *to have the right of being offered an estate, before it is sold to another*; (2) *banquet, wedding feast*; hafa e-n í boði sínu, *to entertain one at one's feast*; fóru þeir allir til boðsins, *to the wedding feast*; (3) *bidding, order, commandment*; ganga undir b. e-s, *to submit to one's bidding*; eptir boði e-s, *at or by one's order*; (4) *message*; gera e-m b., *to send to one, send one word*; *a summons, a sign or token of summons*, being an arrow, axe or the like to call people to battle or council (hefja boð).

BOÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to announce, proclaim*; b. kristni, *to preach Christianity*; b. helga trú, *to proclaim the holy faith*; (2) *to bid, order*, with dat., konungr boðaði honum á sinn fund *or* til sín, *the king bade him come to him*; b. e-m saman, *to call together, to summon*; (3) *to bode, signify* (hvat þetta mundi b.).

BOÐA-FALL, n. *dash of a breaker* (boði) *on a reef or shoal*.

BOÐAN, f. *announcement, preaching, proclaiming* (boðan nafns hans); hátíð drótinligrar boðanar, *the feast of the Annunciation*.

BOÐANAR-NÓTT, f., nótt sællar guðs móður Marie, *the night before the Annunciation of the Virgin Mary*; -TÍÐ, f. *time of announcement*.

BOÐARI, m. *proclaimer, announcer*.

BOÐA-SLÓÐ, f. *the surf of breakers* (cf. 'boði' 2).

BOÐ-BURÐR, m. *carrying, of the message arrow* (cf. 'boð' 4); -FALL, n. *neglect to send on the* boð (4); -FASTA, f. *a fast ordered by the canonical law*; -FERÐ, f. *the course of a* boð (4); -GREIZLA, f. = boðburðr.

BOÐI, m. (1) *announcer, messenger* (cf. 'sendiboði, fyrirboði'); (2) *a breaker* (on hidden rocks).

BOÐINN, pp. (cf. 'bjóða'), vera b. ok búinn til es, *to be ready and willing to do a thing*.

BOÐ-LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. = lögbjóða; -LEIÐ, f. = -ferð; -LIGR, a. *fit to be offered*; -ORÐ, n. *order, bidding, commandment* (guðs -orð).

BOÐORÐA-BREYTNI, f. *alteration of an ordinance*; -BROT, n. *breach* (neglect) *of an order*; -MAÐR, m. *public officer*.

BOÐ-REIZLA, f. = boðgreizla; -RÍFR, a. *ready to make an offer*.

BOÐS-FÓLK, n. *guests*, = boðsmenn.

BOÐ-SKAPR (-AR), m. *bidding, order*; -SKOPTI, m. = -slotti; -SKURÐR, m. *message, summons to a meeting*; -SLETTA, f., -SLOTTI, m. *intruder at a feast, uninvited guest*; -SLÓÐ, f. = boðleið.

BOÐS-MAÐR, m. *guest at a feast*.

BOÐ-SŒMILIGR, a. *fit for wearing at a feast* (-sœmilig klæði).

BOGA-HÁLS, m. *the tip of a bow* (bogi), *where the string, is fastened*; -MYND, f.

form of a bow; -SKOT, n. *bowshot, shooting with a bow*; -STRENGR, m. *bowstring*; -VÁPN, n. *bow* (used as a weapon).

BOGI, m. (1) *bow*; skjóta af boga, *to shoot with a bow* (cf. álmbogi, handbogi, hornbogi, lásbogi, ýbogi); (2) *arch* (of a bridge), vault; fig., bera mál ór boga, *to disentangle a case*; (3) *gush, jet* (cf. 'blóðbogi').

BOGINN, pp. (from a lost strong verb, bjúga), *bowed, bent, curved*; b. af elli, *bent with age*.

BOG-LIMIR, m. pl. *'curved limbs', arms and legs*; MAÐR, m. *bowman, archer*; MANNLIGA, adv. *bowmanlike*.

BOGMANNS-MERKI, n. the zodiacal sign *Sagittarius*.

BOGNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to become curved, to bend*; (2) *to give way, yield* (b. við, b. fyrir eu).

BOGRA (AÐ), v. *to creep along bowed or stooping*; þá boru bograr hann inn, *he creeps in through that hole*; b. fyrir e-m, *to bow before one*.

BOG-STYRKR, a. *strong at the bow*; SVEIGIR, m. *bowswayer, archer* (cf. sveigja boga').

BOKKI, m. *'buck', fellow*; Höttr heiti ek, b. sæll, *my dear fellow!*; stœrri bokkar, *bigger men*.

BOKKR, m. = bukkr.

BOLA (AÐ), v. *to cut to pieces* (b. í sundr, brytja ok bola).

BOL-FIMLIGR, a. *agile of body*.

BOLGARA-LAND, n. *Bulgaria*.

BOLGARAR, m. pl. *the Bulgarians*.

BOL-HLÍF, f. *covering for the body*.

BOLI, m. *bull*, = graðungr.

BOL-JÁRN, n. = boløx.

BOL-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *body-garments*.

BOLLI, m. (1) *small vessel, bowl*; (2) *a measure* = ¼ askr.

BOLR, m. = bulr; (1) *the bole or trunk of a tree*; (2) *the trunk of the body*; ganga milli bols ok höfuðs á e-m, *to pass between one's trunk and head, to slay one*.

BOLS-VÖXTR, m. = bolvöxtr.

BOLUNGR, m. = bulungr.

BOL-VÖXTR, m. *the growth, form of the body* (far þú af klæðum ok vil ek sjá vöxt þinn).

BOL-ØX, f. *woodaxe*.

BOPS, n. *bump, thump* (mikit fall, svá at b. kvað í skrokkinum).

BORA, f. *bore, hole*; BORA (AÐ), v. *to bore, to bore holes in*; b. rauf, *to bore a hole*; refl., borast fram, *to push one's way through a crowd*.

BORÐ, n. (1) *board, plank*; (2) *the side of a ship* (hlóðu skipin sem b. báru); borð á stjórn = stjórnborði; hlaupa (steypast, detta) fyrir b., *overboard*; mikill borði, prop. = borðhár, borðmikill, of a ship floating high out of the sea, fig., *proud of mind* (= skapstórr); bera e-n (hlut e-s, mál e-s) fyrir borð, *to neglect, slight one*; verða (allr) fyrir borð borinn, verða allr fyrir borði, *to be (quite) thrown overboard*, i.e. *slighted*; ganga at borði við e-n, *to submit, yield to, to come to terms with one*; e-n brestr á borði, *one fails, is beaten*; á annat borð, *on the other hand*; *otherwise, else*; þykkir vera harðr á annat b., *a hard one to pull against*; (3) *the inner margin of a vessel between the rim and the liquid* (er nú gott berandi b. á horninu); (4) *board, table* (used for meals); fara, ganga, koma til borðs *or* undir b., *to go, come to table*; setjast yfir b., undir b., *to sit down at table*; sitja yfir b. *or* borðum, *to sit at table*; rísa (standa upp) frá borði, *to rise from table*; ryðja b., *to clear the table*; þjó-

na fyrir borðum, *to wait at table*; setja e-m b., *to set a table before one*; borð eru uppi *or* upp tekin, *the tables are set up*; but 'borð eru upp tekin' may also mean *the tables are removed*, = borð eru ofan; (4) *board, food, maintenance at table* (veita, halda e-m b.); (5) *chessboard*; bjóða e-m undir b., *to invite one to play at chess*.

BORÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to sit down at table*; (2) *to set a table, serve up* (b. fyrir þurftugum).

BORÐA-HRÍÐ, f. *the time that a meal lasts*; -MUNR, m. *difference in the height of ships*; -STUND, f. = -hríð; -VÍTI, n. *table-sconce*.

BORÐ-BÚNAÐR, m. *table-service* (cloth, dishes, &c.); -DISKR, m. *dish, plate*; -DÚKR, m. *tablecloth*; -FASTR, a. *maintained at one's table*; -FJÖL, f. *thin board*; FŒRI, n. in the phrase, taka sér fœri = ganga ørna sinna (1); HALD, n. *taking, food, maintenance at table*; HÁR, a. *rising high out of the sea* (of a ship); HÚS, n. *a room where the plate is kept*; HÆÐ, f. *the heighit of a ship out of the water*.

BORÐI, m. *textile fabric, tapestry* (tjalda höll, kirkju, borða) slá borða, rekja borða, *to weave*; sitja við borða, *to sit weaving*; byrða et á borða, *to ornament tapestry with figures woven in it*.

BORÐ-KER, n. *a cup used at table*; -KISTA, f. *a box for keeping the table service*; -KLERKR, m. *clerical attendant at table*; -KNÍFR, m. *table knife*; -LÆGR, a., (viðr, *timber*) *fit for cutting into planks*; -MAÐR, m. *table-companion*; -MIKILL, a. = -hár; -MUNR, m. = borðamunr; -PRESTR, m. *a priest who says grace at a bishop's table*; -PRÝÐI, f. *ornaments of a table*; -SÁLMR, m. *'boardpsalm', grace*; -SKUTILL, m. *a small movable table*, esp. for a single person.

BORÐS-TILGANGA, f. *going to table* (at mealtimes).

BORÐ-STOKKR, m. *gunwale*.

BORÐ-SVEINN, m. *attendant at table, waiter*; -TAFL, n. *chessboard*; -VEGGR, m. *a plank wall*; -VEGR, m. = -stokkr; -VERS, n. *verse of grace* (cf. borðsálmr); -VIÐR, m. *boards, planks*; -ÞAK, n. *covering of planks*; -ÞAKIÐR, pp. *covered, lined with planks*; -ÞILI, n. *the bulwarks of a ship*.

BORG (-AR, -IR), f. (1) *a small dome-shaped hill*; (2) *stronghold, fortification, castle*; (3) *fortified town, city*.

BORGA (AÐ), v. *to be a surety, guarantee, for*; b. e-m e-t, *to guarantee something to one*; b. fyrir en, *to become bound for, to be security for* (anza ek lítt, þóti þú játir at lúka, ef engi borgar fyrir þik).

BORGAN, f. *guarantee, surety, security*; ganga í b. fyrir en = borga fyrir en.

BORGANAR-MAÐR, m. *a guarantee, a surety*.

BORGAR-ARMR, m. *arm, wing of a fort*; -AUÐN, f. *destruction of a castle or fortified town*; -GATA, f. *a road leaving to a* borg; -GREIFI, m. *burggrave, governor of a town*; -GØRÐ, f. building of a fort; -HLIÐ, n. *gate of a fort*; -HREYSI, n. *ruins of a fort*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *leading citizen*.

BORGARI, m. *inhabitant of a* borg, *burgher*.

BORGAR-KLETTR, m. *a rock on which a fort is built*; -KONA, f. *townswoman*; -LIÐ, n. *garrison*; -LÍM, n. *lime* for *building a fort*; -LÝÐR, m. *townsfolk*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *garrisoner*; (2) *townsman, citizen*; (3) *fellowcitizen* (maðr engla); -MÚGR, m. *the mob of a city*; -MÚRR, m. *city-wall*; -PORT, n. = -hlið; -SIÐR, m. *citymanners, urbanity*; -SMÍÐ, f. *building of a fort or town*;

-STAÐR, m. *site of a town*; -VEGGR, m. *wall of a fort or town*.

BORGA-SKIPAN, f. *a list of cities*.

BORG-FIRZKR, a. *belonging to the district* Borgarfjörðr, in the west of Iceland.

BORG-HLIÐ, f. = borgarhlið.

BORGIN-ORÐR, a. *cautious in words, reserved*.

BORGIT, pp. n., from bjarga; e-m er b., *one is safe*; era hera at borgnara þótt hœna beri skjöld, *a hare is none the better off than a hen shield him*.

BORG-STAÐR, m. = borgarstaðr.

BORG-VEGGR, m. = borgarveggr.

BOTN (gen. BOTNS or BOTZ, pl. BOTNAR), m. (1) *bottom* (of a vessel, of a haycock, of the sea); (2) *the head of a bay, firth, lake, valley* (fjarðar-, vatns-, dalsbotn).

BOTN-HOLA, f. *pit*, in the phrase, vera kominn í -holu, *to have got into a scrape*.

BÓANDI, m., see 'búandi'.

BÓFI, m. *knave, rogue*, used as a nickname.

BÓGR (gen. BÓGAR, dat. BŒGI; pl. BŒGIR, acc. BÓGU), m. *shoulder* (of an animal).

BÓK (gen. bókar and bœkr; pl. bœkr), f. (1) *beech, beechtree*; (2) poet. *textile fabric with figures woven in it* (bœkr þínar enar bláhvítu); (3) *book*; lesa á b., *to read a book*; rita á b., setja á bœkr, *to set down in writing, to put on record*; kunna (festa) et útan bókar, *to know (to get) by heart*; heilög b., *the divine book, the Bible*; (4) *the gospel* (vinna eið at bók; cf. 'bókareiðr'); (5) *Latin*; kenna e-m á bók, *to teach one Latin*; nema á b., *to learn Latin*; setja en til bókar, *to put one to school* (in order to make him a priest); hann heitir á b. (*in Latin*) Jaskonius; svá segir (er sagt) í bókum *(in Latin books)*; (6) *lawbook, code of law* (lögbók, Jónsbók).

BÓKA (AÐ), v. *to affirm by oath on the book (Gospel)*; bókaðr eiðr = bókareiðr.

BÓKA-FULLTING, n. *help derived from books*; -GØRÐ, *writing (transcription) of books*; -KISTA, f. *book-box*; -LÁN, n. *lending of books*; -LESNING, f., LESTR, m. *reading of (Latin) books*; -LIST, f. *book-lore*.

BÓKAR-BLAÐ, n. *leaf of a book*; -EIÐR, m. *oath upon the gospel*; -EIÐSTAFR, m. *wording of a* bókareiðr; -GØRÐ, f. *book-writing*; -LAG, n. *lawful price fixed in the code*; -SKEYTING, f. *conveyance of an estate by help of the Iawbook*; -TAK, n. *the touching of the gospel* (in taking an oath); -VERÐ, n. *the price of a book*; -VITNI, n. *evidence confirmed by a* bókareiðr (= bókat vitni).

BÓKA-SKILNINGR, m. *book-learning*.

BÓKA-STÓLL, m. *a reading, desk, lectern*.

BÓK-FELL, n. *parchment, vellum*; -FRÓÐR, a. *book-learned*; -FRŒÐI, f. *book-knowledge, book-lore, learning*; -LAUSS, a. *bookless, unscholarly*; -LAUST, adv. *by heart* (allar ritningar helga man hann laust); -LESTR, m. = bókalestr; -LIGR, a. *literary*; ligar listir, *the liberal arts*; -LIST, *book-lore, learng*; -LÆRÐR, pp. *book-learned*; -MÁL, n. (1) *book language, learned language, Latin* (á bók nam ek aldri ok eigi heyrða ek frá máli sagt); (2) *the canon law*; blót þau, sem fyrirboðin eru at máli, *in the canon of the church*; (3) *the Justinian calendar*; at máli, *according to the calendar*; -MÁNAÐR, m. *calendar month*, opp. to the Icel. months; -NÁM, n. *book training, study* (vera at námi, setja en til náms); -NÆMI, n. = nám; -RÚNAR,

f. pl. *runes engraved on beechwood*; -saga, f. *written narrative*; -setja (see setja), v. *to commit to writing*; -skygn, a. *seeing well enough to read a book*; -speki, f. *book-wisdom, book-knowledge*; -stafr, m. *character, letter*; -sögn, f. = -saga; -tal, n. = -mál 3; -vit, n. *learning, erudition*; -víss, a. = -lærðr.

ból, n. (1) *lair or lying place* (of beasts and cattle); (2) *couch, bed* (tóku sumir heyhjálma nökkura ok gerðúu sér af b.); (3) *farm*, esp. in Norway, = bólstaðr, bœr, jörð.

bóla, f. (1) *the boss of a shield*; (2) *blain, botch*.

ból-festa, f. *estate held by a lease, leasehold*.

bólginn, a. *swollen*; b. bræði, b. af reiði, *swollen with* anger.

bólgna (að), v. *to swell, become swollen*.

bólna-sótt, f. (1) *disease of blains* or *boils*; (2) *smallpox*.

bólstaðar-gørð, f. *the building of a homestead*.

ból-staðr, m. (1) *abode, homestead* (hón í þar staði mikla); (2) *farm*.

bólstr (gen. bólstrs, pl. bólstrar), m. *bolster, pillow* (hníga við bólstri).

bón, f. *request, petition* = bœn.

bónar-maðr, m. *beggar-man*.

bónda-bani, m. *slayer of a woman's husband*; -dóttir, f. *daughter of a* bóndi; -eiðr, m. *a* bóndi's *oath of allegiance*; -far, *a* bóndi's *ferryboat*; -fé, n. *district fund*; -fólk, n. *peasantry, farmers*; -fylking, f. *host of peasants*; -herr, m. *army of peasants*; -hlutr, m. *one fourth of the tithe to be distributed among the peasants*; -kirkja, f. *the church belonging to the* bóndi *in Thingvalla*; -kirkjugarðr, m. *the churchyard belonging to the* kirkja; -lauss, a. *husbandless, widowed*; -lið, n. = -herr; -múgr, m. *crowd, host of peasants*; -nafn, n. *the name, title of* bóndi; -réttr, m. *the right of a* bóndi; -safnaðr, m. = bónda-múgr; -skapr, m. *the estate of the* bœndr, opp. to the clergy; -son, m. *son of a* bóndi; -tala, f., vera í -tölu, *to be counted among* bœndr; -ungi, m. *young farmer*; -val, n. *the élite of* bœndr; var þá gott val, *there were choice* bœndr *to be found*; -ætt, f. *a* bóndi's *extraction* (hann er ættar).

bóndi (pl. bœndr, gen. bónda), m. (1) *husbandman, farmer, peasant* (dóttir eins lítils bónda); *a yeoman, franklin, landowner* (hinir stœrri bœndr); (2) *master, head of a household* (= húsbóndi); (3) *husband* (nú er b. dauðr, en kona lifir eptir).

bón-hús, n. = bœnhús (rare); -leið, f. *begging path*; fara leið, *to go begging from house to house*; -orð, n. (1) *request, petition*; (2) *wooing, courtship*; hefja, vekja orð, *to make a proposal*.

bónorðs-ferð, -för, f. *wooing journey*; fara -för, *to go awooing*; -mál, n. *the business of wooing*.

bón-ríki, n. *importunity or persistence in begging*.

bót (pl. bœtr, also poet. bótir), f. (1) *bettering, cure, remedy*; fá b. sinna meina, *to get cure for one's evils*; ráða e-u b., ráða es bœtr, *to remedy, retrieve*; vinna e-m b., *to relieve one* (in sickness); bíða es b., *to get over, recover* (a loss, misfortune); bera et til bóta, *to amend*; þótti mikilla bóta ávant, at; *much seemed wanting that*; et berr til bóta (impers.), *it is a comfort, satisfaction*; (2) *atonement, compensation*, esp. pl. = mannbœtr, *weregild*; sœtar

syndir verða at sárum bótum, *sweet sins are turned to sore penance*; (3) *patch* (svört bót var á millum herða honum).

BÓTA-LAUSS, a. *without redress or compensation* (hafa sár laust; vígin vóru laus); -MAÐR, m. *a person who has to receive* 'bœtr' *for hurt and damage suffered* (opp. to úbótamaðr); -VERÐR, a. *worth redress*.

BÓTI, m. *boot* (for wearing).

BÓT-LAUSLIGA, adv. *irreparably*; -LAUSS, a. *irreparable*; -SAMA (AÐ), v. *to repair* (sama um búðir, hús); -ÞARFA, a. indecl. *needing* 'bœtr' *or satisfaction*.

BÓT-LEYSI, n. *'bootlessness'*; lemja e-n til -leysis, *past reparation*.

BRAGA (AÐ), v. *to flicker, flash (of the northern lights)*.

BRAGAR-FULL, n. *toast*, esp. *at a funeral banquet*; -LAUN, n. pl. *gift for a poem*.

BRAGÐ, n. (1) *sudden or brisk movement*; *moment*; bragðs, af bragði, *at once*; af (or á) skömmu bragði, *shortly, quickly, in a short time*; (2) fig., in many phrases, verða fyrri (skjótari) at bragði, *to make the first move, to be beforehand with* (þeir hafa orðit fyrri at bragði at stefna en vér); vera í bragði með e-m, skerast í b. með e-m, *to lend one a helping hand*; taka et bragðs or til bragðs, *to take some step* (to get out of difficulties); úviturligt b., *a foolish step*; úheyriligt b., *an unheard of proceeding*; gerðist þar at sví mikit b., at, *it went so far that*; lítit b. mun þá at *(it must be very slight)*, ef þú finnr ekki; (3) *trick, scheme, device*, chiefly in pl.; beita en bröðum, hafa brögð við en, *to deal cunninly with, impose upon*; ferr at fornum brögðum, *in the old way*; búa yfir brögðum, *to brood over wiles*; leika e-m b., *to play or serve one a trick* hefir hann miklu bragði á oss komit, *he has played a bad trick upon us*; (4) *countenance, look, expression* þannig ertu í bragði sem, *thou lookest as if*; með betra bragði, *in a better mood*; bleyðimannligr í bragði, *having the look of a coward*; Sturla gerði þat b. á *(made as if)*, at hann hefði fundit Pál prest; (5) *embroidered figure* (hekla saumuð öll brögðum).

BRAGÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to move, stir* (þat bragðar alit, sem kvikt er); (2) *to flicker, flash* (of light).

BRAGÐA-DRYKKR, m. *poisoned drink*.

BRAGÐA-KARL, m. *sly fellow*.

BRAGÐ-ALR, m. *'twirling awl'*, a kind of fire-drill; BRAGÐALS-ELDR, m. *fire produced by a* bragðalr.

BRAGÐ-ILLR, a. *ill-looking*; -LIGR, a. *expedient, suitable*; -MIKILL, a. *expressive-looking*; -SAMR, a. *crafty*; -VÍSI, f. *craft, subtlety*; -VÍSLIGA, adv. *cunningly*; -VÍSLIGR, a. *cunning*.

BRAGNAR, m. pl. poet. *heroes, men*.

BRAGR, m. (1) *poetry*, = skáldskapr; (2) *the best, foremost* (Ása bragr = *Thor*; bragr kvenna); *most eloquent*.

BRAK, n. *creaking noise, crack*.

BRAKA (AÐ), v. *to creak, crack* (brakaði mjök í skipinu).

BRAKAN, f. *creaking, cracking*.

BRAKKI, m., BRAKUN, m. *intermediary, broker*.

BRANDA-DYRR, f. pl. *main entrance, front door*, so called because of the 'brandar' *(ships' beaks)* fixed as ornaments over or beside it.

BRAND-GÁS, f. *common sheldrake*.

BRAND-KROSSI, m. *the name given to a* brandkrossóttr uxi.

BRAND-KROSSÓTTR, a. *brindled brown with a white cross on the forehead*.

BRANDR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *brand, fire-*

brand (brandr af brandi brennr); (2) *ship's beak* (= svíri); fellr brattr breki bröndum hæri, *the waves break high above the* 'brandar'; (3) *ships' beaks put up as ornaments over or at each side of the chief entrance of dwellings* (brandana af knerrinum lét hann setja yfir útidyrr sínar); (4) *the blade of a sword* (brast sverðit undir hjaltinu ok fór brandrinn grenjandi niðr í ána).

BRAND-REIÐ, f. *gridiron, brander* (steikja á -reið).

BRAND-ØX, f. *a sort of axe*.

BRANGA, f. (Hamðismál 20)?

BRASTA (AÐ), v. *to bluster, swagger* (þeir brasta illmikit).

BRATT-GENGNI, f. *skill in climbing*; -GENGR, a. *skilful in climbing*; -LEITR, a. *with prominent forehead*; -LENDI, n. *steep ground*.

BRATTR, a. (1) *steep*; brött brekka, *a steep slope*; brattar bárur, *high waves*; bera bratt halann, *to carry the tail high*; reynt hefi ek fyrr brattara, *I have been in a worse plight*; (2) *sudden*, = bráðr (brött fyrirætlan).

BRATT-STEINN, m. *stone column*.

BRAUÐ, n. *bread*; hleifr brauðs, *a loaf of bread*.

BRAUÐ-BAKSTR, m. *breadbaking*; -DISKR, m. *breadplate*; -GØRÐ, f. *breadmaking*; -HLEIFR, m. *a loaf of bread*; -JÁRN, n. *girdle, griddle* (for baking bread); -KASS, m. *bread-basket*; -LAUPR, m., MEISS, m. *bread-box*; -MOLI, m. *crumb of bread*; -OFN, m. *bread-oven*; -SKÍFA, f. *slice of bread*; -SUFL, n. *whatever is eaten with bread*.

BRAUKUN or BRÖKUN, f. ? *violent behaviour* (b. berserkja).

BRAUT (pl. BRAUTIR), f. (1) *road* (cut through rocks, forests, &c.); ryðja b., *to cut a road*; (2) as adv. *away*, either with or without the prep. 'á' or 'í' (fara, ganga, komast b. *or* á b., brauta; vera í b. *or* brautu; kasta e-u í b., hverfa í b., vera í b. *or* brautu). Cf. brott, burt.

BRAUT, m. compds., see 'brott'.

BRAUTA-MÓT, n. *meeting of roads*.

BRAUTAR-GENGI, n. *help, furtherance*.

BRAUTINGI (-JA), m. *a wayfairer, tramp, begger*; bráð eru brautingja erendi, *the wanderer's errand is urgent*.

BRÁ (gen. BRÁR, pl. BRÁR), f. *eyelash*.

BRÁÐ, f. *meat, raw flesh*; varmar bráðir, *the corpses of the newly slain*.

BRÁÐ, n. *tar, pitch*.

BRÁÐ, f. *haste*, only used in adverb. phrases, í b., *soon, shortly*, = bráðliga; bæði í b. ok lengðar, *now and ever*.

BRÁÐA-BUGR, m., in the phrase, gøra -bug at e-u, *to hasten to do a thing, do it without delay*; -FANGS, adv. *at once*, = bráðfengis.

BRÁÐA-HOLA, f. *a hole where the wild beasts, carry their prey* (bráð).

BRÁÐA-HRIÐ, f. *sudden storm*.

BRÁÐA-LAUSS, *without prey* (haukar bráðalausir).

BRAÐAN, adv. *soon, shortly*, = brátt.

BRÁÐA-SÓTT, f. *sudden illness, plague*; -ÞEYR, m. *sudden thaw*.

BRÁÐ-DAUÐI, m. *sudeen death*; -DAUÐR, a., in the phrases verða dauðr, *to die suddenly*; -ENDIS, adv. *of a sudden*; -FARA, a. indecl., verða -fara, *to travel in haste*; -FEGINN, a. *exceedingly glad*; -FEIGLIGR, a. *rushing to death*; -FENGIS, adv. *suddenly, at once*; -FENGR, a. *quick to act, prompt*; -GEÐR, a. *hottempered, hasty* (-geð er bernskan); -GERR, a. *matured early in life, precocious*; -GERVILIGR, a. *of early*

promise; -HÆTTLIGR, a. *most dangeous*; -KALLAÐR, pp., verða -kallaðr, *to die suddenly*; -KJÖRIT, pp. n. *hastily chosen*; -KOMLIGA = bráðliga; -LA, adv. = bráðliga.

BRÁÐ-LAUSS, a. *not pitched*.

BRÁÐ-LÁTINN, pp. = bráðdauðr; -LÁTR, a. *eager, impatient*; -LIGA, adv. *hastily, at once*; -liga er, *as soon as*; -LIGR, a. *sudden* (-ligr dauði); -LITIT, pp. n., gera -litit á e-t, *to look hastily at a thing*; -LYNDI, a. *hot temper, hastiness*; -LYNDR, a. *hot-tempered, hasty*; -LÆTI, n. *impatience*; -MÆLT, pp. n. *hastily spoken*.

BRÁÐNA (AÐ), v. *to melt*, of snow, &c.

BRÁÐ-ORÐR, a. *hasty of speech*.

BRÁÐR (neut. brátt), a. (1) *sudden* (b. bani); (2) *hasty, hottempered*; þú hefir verit hølzti b. *(too eager, too rash)* í þessu máli.

BRÁÐ-RÁÐINN, pp. *hastily or rashly decided*; -REIÐR, a. *very wrathfull*; -RÆÐI, n. *rashness*; -SJÚKR, a. *taken suddenly ill*; -SKAPAÐR, a. *of hasty disposition* (= skapbráðr); -SKEYTI, n. *hastiness, rashness*; -SKEYTILIGR, a. *rash*; -SKEYTTR, a. *heedless, rash*; -SÝNN, a. *seen at a glance*.

BRÁÐUM, adv. *soon, shortly*.

BRÁÐUNG, f. *haste*; bráðungar þarf við, *one must make haste*; af bráðungu, *in a hurry*.

BRÁÐ-ÞROSKAÐR, pp. *early matured or grown-up*.

BRÁ-HVÍTR, a. *with white eyelashes*.

BRÁSS, m. *cook*? (tóku þeir brás Búðla ok brugðu til knífi).

BRÁTT, adv. *soon*; b. er, *as soon as*.

BREÐA-FÖNN, f. *a great heap or drifted mass of snow*.

BRÉF, n. *letter, witten deed*.

BRÉFA (AÐ), v. *to give an account, to write* (b. af e-u).

BRÉFA-BÓK, f. *registerbook*; -BROT, n. *breach of ordinances*; -GØRÐ, f. *letterwriting*; -MAÐR, m. *letter carrier, public courier*; -SVEINN, m. *letterboy*.

BRÉF-LAUST, adv. *without a written document*.

BREGÐA (BREGÐ; BRÁ, BRUGÐUM; BRUGÐINN), v. with dat. (1) *to cause to move (quickly)*; b. sverði, knífi, *to draw a sword, knife*; b. fingri, hendi í e-t, *to put (thrust) the finger, hand, into*; hón brá hárinu undir belti sér, *she put (fastened) her hair under her belt*; b. kaðli um e-t, *to pass a rope round a thing*; b. augum sundr, *to open the eyes*; b. e-m á eintal, *to take one apart*; b. sér sjúkum, *to feign illness*; (2) *to deviate from, disregard* (vér höfum brugðit af ráðum þínum); (3) *to alter, change*; b. lit, litum, *to change colour, to turn pale*; b. e-m í e-s líki, *to turn one* (by spell) *into another shape* (þú brátt þér í merar líki); (4) *to break up, leave off, give up*; b. tjöldum, *to strike the tents*; b. samvist, *to leave off living together*; b. ráðahag, *to break off an engagement (wedding)*; b. boði, *to countermand a feast*; b. sýslu, *to leave off working*; b. svefni, blundi, *to awake*; b. tali, *to break off talking*; b. orrustu, kaupi, *to break off a battle, bargain*; (5) *to break* (b. trúnaði, heiti, sáttmáli); (6) b. e-m e-u, *to upbraid, reproach one with a thing* (Kálfr brá mér því í dag); (7) with prepp., b. e-m á loft, *to lift one aloft*; b. e-u á, *to give out, pretend* (hann brá á því, at hann mundi ríða vestr til Miðfjarðar); absol., b. á e-t, *to begin (suddenly) doing a thing*; b. á leik, *to begin playing or sporting*; Kimbi brá á gaman, *took it playfully, laughed at it*; þeir brugðu á glímu ok á glens, *they started wrestling*

and playing; hestrinn brá á leik, *broke into play, ran away*; hönd bregðr á venju, *is ready for its old work*; þá brá Ingimundr til útanferðar, *I. started to go abroad*; b. e-u undan, *to put it out of the way, to hide it*; b. upp hendi, höndum, *to hold up the hand*; b. e-u við, *to ward off with* (b. við skildi); fig. *to put forth as an example, to praise, wonder at* (þínum drengskap skal ek við b.); absol., b. við, *to start off, set about a thing without delay*; brá hann við skjótt ok fór, *he started off at once and went*; (8) refl., bregðast, *to fail, come to naught* (þat mun eigi b.); b. e-m, *to deceive, disappoint one* (Gunnar kvaðst aldri skyldu b. Njáli né sonum hans); þeim brást frumhlaupit, *they failed in the onslaught*; b. brögðum, *to play one another tricks*; b. orðum, brigzlum, *to upbraid one another*; b. við, *to make a sudden motion with the body* (Hrútr brást skjótt við undan högginu); b. við fast, *to turn sharply*; b. á beina við e-n, *to show hospitality towards*; b. reiðr við e-t, *to get angry at*; b. úkunnr við e-t, *to be startled at the novelty of a thing*; (9) impers., e-u bregðr, *it ceases, fails*; svá hart, at nyt bregði *(to drive the ewes) so fast that they fail to give milk*; veðráttu brá eigi, *there was no change in the weather*; of a sudden appearance, kláða brá á hvarmana, *the eye-lids began to itch*; þá brá ljóma af Logafjöllum, *then from L. there burst flashes of light*; ljósi bregðr fyrir, *a light passes before the eye*; with preps., bregðr af vexti hans frá öðrum selum, *his shape differs from that of other seals*; e-m bregðr í brún, *one is amazed, startled* (nú bregðr mönnum í brún mjök); e-m bregðr til e-s, *one person takes after, resembles another*; en því bregðr mér til foreldris míns, *in that I am like my father*; þat er mælt, at fjórðungi bregði til fóstrs, *the fostering makes the fourth part of a man*; e-m bregðr við e-t = e-m bregðr í brún; brá þeim mjök við, er þeir sá hann inn ganga, *it startled them much when they saw him come in*; en þó brá fóstru Melkorku mest við þessi tíðindi, *this news most affected M.'s nurse*.

BREIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to spread*; b. borð, *to lay the cloth on the table*; b. fáðm, *to stretch out the arms*; b. út, *to lay out for dryinig*, as hay; b. út hendr, *to stretch out the hands*; b. et yfir en, *to cover one with a thing, chiefly of the bedclothes*.

BREIDD, f. *breadth*.

BREIÐ-DŒLSKR, a. *from Broaddale*; BREIÐ-FIRÐINGR, m. *a man from Broadfirth*; BREIÐ-FIRZKR, a. *belonging to Broadfirth*.

BREIÐKA (AÐ), v. *to grow broad, to broaden*.

BREIÐ-LAGINN, a. *broadish*; -LEIKR, m. *broadness, breadth*; -LEITR, a. *broadfaced*.

BREIÐR (neut. BREITT), a. *broad*; á breiðan, *in breadth*, = í breidd; standa breitt, *to spread over a wide space*; sitja breitt, *with the legs wide apart*.

BREIÐ-SKEGGR, a. *broad-bearded*, as a nickname; -VAXINN, pp. *Broadframed stout, squarebuilt*; -ØX, f. *axe with a broad blade*.

BREK, n. *claim, demand* (eru Brynhildar brek of mikil).

BREKA (AÐ), v. *to keep asking* (látum barn hafa þat er brekar).

BREK-BOÐ, n. *fraudulent bidding*.

BREKI, m. poet. *breaker*.

BREKKA, f. *slope*; leiða þræl í brekku (viz. þingbrekku), *to proclaim a bondsman free*.

BREKKU-BRÚN, f. *the edge of a slope*;

-megin, n. (1) *strength to climb a hill*; (2) *the steepest part of a slope*; -munr, m. *difference in height*.

brek-laust, adv. *without fraud*; -ráð, n. pl. *an attempt at fraudulent acquisition*; -sekt, f. *fraudulent outlawry* (in order to disable one from pleading his case); -vísi, f. *importunity, importunate solicitation*.

brenna (brenn; brann, brunnum; brunninn), v. (1) *to burn with a flame* (logi, ljós, eldr, kerti brennr); (2) *to be consumed by fire* (á Flugumýri brann fé mikit); nú breðr (= brennr) víðara en hann vildi, *the fire spreads wider than he wished*; b. inni, *to perish by fire*; b. upp, *to be burnt up* (á þeiri nátt brann upp allt Danavirki); hlutr e-s brennr við, *one gets the worst of it*; brann brátt þeirra hlutr við, *it soon grew too hot for them*; rautt mun fyrir b., mun nökkut fyrir b., *things will brighten up or improve*.

brenna (-da, -dr), v. (1) *to burn* (b. bál); (2) *to destroy by fire* (b. bœ, hof, skip at köldum kolum); b. e-n inni, *to burn one to death in his house*; b. e-t upp, *to burn up*; (3) *to cauterize* (as a surgical operation); b. e-n við bölvi, *to burn one to cure his malady*; b. e-m díla, *to burn spots on one's back*; fig. *to brand one's back*; b. e-m illan díla, *to inflict a severe injury upon one*; (4) *to produce by burning* (b. e-t til líms); b. kol, *to burn wood for charcoal*; b. salt, *to produce salt by burning* (sea-weed); (5) *to purify* (silver or gold) *by burning*; brent silfr, *pure silver* (eyrir brendr, mörk brend).

brenna, f. *the burning of a house or person* (þá er b. var á Flugumýri; Njáls brenna).

brenniligr, a. *that burns well* (eldr b.).

brenni-steinn, m. = brennusteinn.

brennu-maðr, m. *incendiary*; -mál, n. *action for fire*; -saga, f. *the story of the buring* (of Njál); -staðr, m. *the place where a fire has been*; -steinn, m. *brimstone, sulfur*.

brennusteins-logi, m. *sulfur flame*; -vatn, n. *sulfur well*; -þefr, m. *smell of brimstone, sulfurous smell*.

brennu-sumar, n. *summer of fires*; -vargr, m. *an outlawed incendiary*.

bresta (brest; brast, brustum; brostinn), v. (1) *to burst, to be rent* (steinninn brast); þá brast í sundr jörðin *(the earth burst)* undir hesti hans; (2) *to break, snap, with a noise* (brast í sundr boginn); (3) *to crash*, of the sound alone; þá brast strengr, *they twanged the bowstring*; (4) *to burst forth* (skriða brast); eldr brestr upp, *fire breaks out*; blóð brestr út, *blood bursts out*; (5) *to rise, begin*; flótti brestr, *the ranks break in flight*; bardagi brestr, *the battle breaks out, begins*; (6) impers., e-n brestr e-t, *one lacks, falls short of* (eigi brestr mik áræði); ef oss brestr á, borði, *if we fall short, get the worst of it*; þat mun aldri b. *(it will never fail)*, at.

brestr (-s, -ir), m. (1) *crash* (varð þar við hár b.); (2) *chink, crack* (b. hafði verit á hringnum); berja í brestina, *to excuse or cover up the faults*; (3) *want, loss* (hvárt ábati eðr b. í varð).

bretar, m. pl. *the Welsh*.

bretland, n. *Wales*; syðra Bretland, *Brittany*.

bretta (-tta, -ttr), v. *to turn upwards* (b. hala sinn).

breysk-leikr, m. *infirmity, weakness* (líkamsins -leikr); -ligr, a. *frail, weak* (mannsins -lig náttúra).

BREYSKR, a. (1) *brittle* (b. leirpottr); (2) *weak, infirm*.

BREYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to change, alter* (b. átrúnaði); refl., breytast; hafa þau eigi breyzt síðan, *they have not changed since*; (2) *to vary*; b. háttum, *to vary the metre*; b. hári sínu, *to dress one's hair*; réttr ok breyttr, *plain and artificial*; (3) absol. *to conduct oneself, do, act*; munum við báðir í brott komast, ef við breytum svá, *if we do so*; b. eptir e-m, *to imitate*; b. til e-s, *to attempt*.

BREYTI-LIGA, adv. *strangely*; -LIGR, a. *strange*; BREYTING, f. *change*.

BREYTINN, a. (1) *variable*; b. í búningi, *fashionable in dress*; (2) *courteous, attentive* (b. í öllum atvikum við konurnar).

BREYTNI, f. *change*; gera b. á um e-t, *to make an alteration in a thing*; b. í klæðnaði, *fashion*.

BREZKA, f. *the Welsh language*.

BREZKR, a. *Welsh*.

BRIGÐ, f. (1) *right to reclaim* (chiefly of landed property); fyrnist þá eigi brigðin, *then the right of reclamation will not be lost*; (2) n. pl. *change* (engi brigð mun ek hér í gera); kaupa et í b. við annan mann, *to purchase a thing already bought by another*.

BRIGÐA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to try to recover* (lost property) *by lawful procedure* (b. land, fé); (2) with dat. *to annul, make void* (b. kaupi, dómi, sáttmali); b. e-m frelsi, *to revoke one's liberty*.

BRIGÐAR-MAÐR, m. *reclaimer of lost property*.

BRIGÐI, n. pl. (1) = brigð, f.; (2) = brigð, n. pl. (gera b. á e-u).

BRIGÐI-LIGR, a. (1) *variable*; (2) *corruptible, perishable* (-ligr líkami).

BRIGÐ-KAUP, n. *void bargain*; -LIGA, adv. *variably*; -LIGR, a. = brigðiligr; -LYNDI, n. *ficklemindedness*; -LYNDR, a. *ficklеminded*; -MEALI, n. *breach of promise*.

BRIGÐR, a. *fickle, faithless*.

BRIGÐ-RÆÐI, n. *fickleness, cunning*.

BRIGÐULL, a. *variable, inconstant*.

BRIGZL, n. = brigzli.

BRIGZLA (AÐ), v. *to upbraid* (e-m e-u *or* e-t) *one with a thing*; at honum sé því brigzlat, *that it be thrown in his teeth*.

BRIGZLA-LAUSS, a. *blameless*.

BRIGZLAN, f. *reproach, blame*.

BRIGZLANAR-HLÁTR, m. *reproachful or scornful laughter*.

BRIGZLI, n. *reproach, blame*; fœra e-m e-t í b., hafa e-m e-t at brigzlum, *to upbraid one with a thing, to throw a thing in one's teeth*; eilíft b., *everlasting reproach*.

BRIM, n. *surf* (sker ok b.).

BRIM-DÝR, n. poet. *ship*; -GANGR, m. *dashing of the surf*.

BRIMILL, m. *a big, sort of seal, male seal*; also as a nickname.

BRIM-LAUSS, a. *surf-less, calm*; -LEYSA, f. *calm (smooth) sea*; -LEYSI, n. = -leysa; -ORRI, m. a kind of *duck*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. poet. *'surf-curbing' runes*; -SORFINN, pp. *surf-worn* (-sorfit grjót); -STORMR, m. *surf-raising gale*; -SVÍN, n. poet. *ship, vessel*; -TOG, n. *a rope to tug a boat through the surf*.

BRINGA, f. (1) *chest* (hárit tók ofan á bringuna); e-m skýtr (*or* slær) skelk í bringu, *one gets frightened*; (2) *brisket* (of an animal).

BRING-SPALIR, f. pl. = -SPELIR (acc. -SPÖLU), m. pl. *the 'breast rails', the lower part of the chest* (bar sverðit a kviðnum fyrir neðan bringspölu).

BRINGU-BEIN, n. *the breast-bone*; -BREIÐR, a. *broadchested*; -SÁR, n. *a*

wound in the chest; -TEINAR, m. pl. = bringspelir.

BRÍK (-AR, pl. BRIKR), f. (1) *thin board*; (2) *low wooden screen*; (3) *short bench*, near the door.

BRÍKAR-BÚNINGR, m., -KLÆÐI, n. *covering for an altarscreen*.

BRÍMI, m. poet. *fire*.

BRÍMIR (gen. -IS), m. poet. *sword*.

BRJÁ (BRJÁÐA, BRJÁT), v. *to sparkle flicker, gleam*.

BRJÁNDI, f. *or* n. flickering, gleam.

BRJÓSK, n. *cartilage* (sem brjósk væri þar, sem bein skyldu vera).

BRJÓST, n. (1) *the front of the chest, breast* (hyl vel b. þitt); (2) *woman's breast*; fœða barn á brjósti, *to feed a child at the breast*; (3) fig. *the seat of the affections and emotions, mind, heart, feeling, disposition*; mun han vera þrályndr í skapi sem faðir hans, en hafa b. verra, *a harder heart* mun hann optar mér í brjósti *(in my mind)* en þér; (4) *the front* (of wave or a battalion); (5) *breastwork, protection* (hann er sjálfr b. ok hlífiskjöldr kristni sinnar); vera b. fyrir em, *to be one's defender, to shield one*; (6) vinna eið fyrir brjóst e-s, *on one's behalf*.

BRJÓST-AFL, n. *strength of chest*; -BARN, n. *a child at the breast, suckling*; -BJÖRG, f. *breast-plate*; -BRAGÐ, n. *compassion*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *breast ornament, brooch*; -DREKKR, m. *suckling*, = spendrekkr; -FASTLIGR, a. *faihful*; -FASTR, a. *fixed in the heart*; -FESTA (-STA, -STR), v., festa sér et, *to impress on one's mind*; -FRIÐR, m. *peace of mind*; -GJÖRÐ, f. *saddlegirth*; -GŒÐI, f. *compassion*; -HEILL, a. *having a sound chest*; -KALDR, a. *hostile*; -KIRKJA, f. *the heart*; -KRINGLA, f. *brooch*; -LEYSI, n. *febbleness of mind*; -MEGIN, n. *strength of mind or heart*; -MIKILL, a. *broadchested*; -MŒÐI, f. *shortness of breath, weariness*; -REIÐR, a. *enraged*; -REIP, n. *breastrope, girdle*; -SAMLIGR, a. = -fastligr; -STOFA, f. *front room*; -SULLR, m. *a boil in the lungs*; -SVIÐI, m. *heartburn*; -VIT, n. *mother wit*; -VITRA, f. = -vit; -ÞILI, n. *front wall*, = bjórþili; -ÞUNGT, a. n., e-m er -þungt, *suffers from difficult breathing*.

BRJÓTA (BRÝT; BRAUT, BRUTUM; BROTINN), v. (1) *to break*; b. fót sinn, *to break one's leg*; b. tennr ór höfði manns, *to break the teelh out of the head*; b. mann um stein, *to break a man on a stone*; b. e-n í hjóli, *to break on the wheel*; (2) *to break open* (b. haug, búr); (3) *to destroy, demolish* (b. hof, skurðgoð, kastala); b. skip, *to break one's ship, be shipwrecked*; (4) *to break, violate, transgress* (b. heit, lög); en þér konungr brutuð lög á Agli, *you broke the law in Egil's case*; (5) *to force, compel* (b. menn til kristni); b. e-n til hlýðni, *to force to submission*; (6) in various fig. phrases; b. odd af oflæti sínu, *to break the point of one's pride, to humble oneself*; b. straum fyrir e-m, *to break the stream before one, to bear the brunt of battle*; (7) with preps., b. af brúna, *to break off the bridge*; b. af við e-n, *to wrong one*; b. á bak, *to force or drive back* (b. fylking á bak); *to neglect, disregard* (b. á bak ráð e-s); b. niðr, *to demolish, break down* (b. niðr hús); b. niðr blótskap, villu, *to put down, abolish*; b. sik niðr við jörðu, *to bow down to the earth*; b. saman, *to fold* (b. saman skikkju); *to unite* (b. saman et forna lögmál ok nýja); b. sundr, í sundr, *to break asunder* (b. sundr silfrker); *to unfold* (clothes); b. (land, þjóð) undir sik, *to subdue*; b. upp, *to break up* (þeir brutu upp þilit); *to force or break open* (b. upp

hurð, búr, kirkju, bréf); *to unpack* (b. upp gersemar sínar); b. upp vistir, *to bring out the victuals* (for the mess); b. upp vápn, *to get out the weapons, prepare for battle*; (8) refl., brjótast á e-t, *to break in upon*; Önundr brauzt á hurðina, *tried to break in the door*; b. á milli, *to break out between*; b. fram, *to break forth*; b. í haug, *to break into a cairn*; b. í e-u, *to exert oneself in a thing*; þessi maðr brýzt í miklu ofrefli, *struggles against great odds*; b. um, *to make a hard struggle* (björn brauzt um í vök); b. við e-t, *to fight or struggle hard against*; b. við ofrefli, *to fight against odds*; b. við borgargørðina, *to exert oneself in making the burg*; b. við e-u, *to struggle against* (b. við forlögunum, gæfu sinni); (9) impers. in a passive sense; skipit (acc.) braut í spán, *the ship was broken to pieces*; þá braut kirkju (acc.), *the church was blown down*; strauminn braut á öxlinni, *the current broke against his shoulder*.

BRJÓTR, m. *one that breaks, destroyer*.

BRODDA (AÐ), v. *to prick, goad, incite* (broddaðr af óhreinsan).

BRODDHÖGG, n. *a blow from a pike*.

BRODDR, (1) *spike*; (2) *a kind of shaft* = broddör; (3) *sting* (of an insect); (4) *prick, goad*; (5) *the front of a column or body of men*, opp. to 'hali', *the rear* (b. fylkingar); (6) vera í broddi lífsins, *to be in the prime of life*.

BRODD-SKOT, n. *a shot with a shaft* (broddr); -SPJÓT, n. a kind of *pike* (the blade ending in a four-edged point); -STAFR, m., -STÖNG, f. *a (mountaineer's) staff, pole, with an iron spike*; -ÖR, f. *a shaft with fouredgepoint*, = broddr 2.

BROKKARI, m. *cart-horse, trotter*.

BROKUNAR-MAÐR, m. *an intermediary, a broker*, = brakki.

BROSA (-TA, -AT), v. *to smile*; b. at e-u, *to smile at*; b. við, *to smile in* reply (Guðrún leit við honum ok brosti við).

BROSA, f. *smile* (svara með brosu).

BROSAN, f. *smiling, smile*.

BROS-LEITR, a. *with smiling face*; -LIGR, a. *ridiculous*.

BROSMA, f. *a fish of the cod-kind*.

BROT, n. (1) *breaking* (cf. 'skipbrot'); sigla til brots, *to run ashore under full sail*; (2) *fragment, broken piece*; (3) *fracture* (beinbrot); (4) *a shallow place in a river or a firth*; (5) *lever*; (6) *spasm, convulsion*, falla í brot, *to have an epileptic fit*.

BROTA-SILFR, n. *old silver broken to be recast*.

BROT-FALL, n. *epileptic fit*; -FALLINN, pp. *epileptic, afflicted with epilepsy*.

BROTFALLS-SÓTT, f. *epileptic disease*.

BROT-FELDR, a. = -fallinn; -GEIRI, m. *an angular strip of land*.

BROTI, m. *heap of trees felled in a wood* (fella brota).

BROT-LIGR, a. *guilty of an offence*.

BROTNA (AÐ), *to break, be broken*; skip brotnar í spán, *the ship is broken to pieces*.

BROTNING, f. *breaking*.

BROTT, adv. *away, off*, = braut, burt; also á b., í b. (fara b. *or* á b., hlaupast á b. *or* í b.).

BROTT-BÚINN, a. *ready to start*; -BÚNINGR, m. *preparations for departure*.

BROTTFARAR-LEYFL, n. *leave to go away*; -ÖL, n. *parting banquet*.

BROTT-FERÐ, f. *departure*.

BROTTFERÐAR-ÖL, n. = brottfararöl.

BROTT-FLUTNING, f. *carrying off*; -FÚSLIGA, adv. *with eagerness to depart*; -FÚSS, a. *eager to depart*; -FÝSI, f. *eagerness to get away*; -FŒRSLA, f. *transforma-*

tion; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -GANGA, f. *departure*; -HALD, n. *going away* (skip var búit til halds); -HLAUP, n. *running away*; -HVARF, n. *disappearance*; -HÖFN, f. *taking off*; -KVÁMA, f. *coming away*; -LAGA, f. *retreat* (after a seabattle), opp. to 'atlaga'; -REIÐ, f. *ridingaway*; -REKSTR, m. *driving away, expulsion*; -SENDING, f. *sending away*; -SIGLING, f. *sailing away*; -SNIÐNING, f. *cutting, away or off*; -SÖNGR, m. *divine service performed elsewhere than at the parish church*; -TAKA, f., TEKNING, f. *taking away, removal*; -TŒKILIGR, a. *removable*.

BROTTU, adv., á b., í b., *away* = braut, brott (er vér vorum brottu; meðan jarl væri í brottu).

BROTT-VARP, n. *throwing away*; -VIST, f. *absence*; -VISAN, f. *dismissal*.

BRÓÐERNI, n. *brotherhood*.

BRÓÐIR (gen., dat., and acc. BRÓÐUR, pl. BRŒÐR), m. (1) *brother*; (2) *friar*.

BRÓÐUR-ARFR, m. *a brother's inheritance*; -BANI, m. *the slayer of a brother*; -BAUGR, m. *weregild due to the brother*; -BLOÐ, n. *a brother's blood*; -BŒTR, f. pl. *weregild for a brother*; -DAUÐI, m. *a brother's death*; -DEILD, f. = -hluti; -DÓTTIR, f. *a brother's daughter, niece*; -DRÁP, n. *the slaying of a brother*; -GILDR, a. *equal in right to a brother*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. = -bœtr; -HEFND, f. *revenge for the slaying of a brother*; -HLUTI, m. *the share* (as to *weregild* or *inheritance*) *of a brother*; -KONA, f., KVÁN, f. *a brother's wife*; -LEIKR, m. *brotherhood*; -LIGR, a. *brotherly, fraternal* (bróðurlig ást).

BRÓÐURSONAR-BAUGR, m. *weregild for a brother's son*.

BRÓÐUR-SONR, m. *a brother's son, nephew*.

BRÓK (-AR, pl. BRŒKR), f. (1) *one leg of a pair of breeches* (ok lét hann leika laust knéit í brókinni); (2) *breeches* (but the pl. 'brœkr' is more common); vera í brókum, *to wear breeches*; gyrðr í brœkr, *with breeches girt over one's underclothing*.

BRÓKA-BELTI, m. *breech-belt*; -VAÐMÁL, n. *cloth (wadmal) for breeches*.

BRÓK-LAUSS, a. *breechless*; -LINDI, m. *waistbelt* = brókabelti.

BRUGÐINN, pp. (see 'bregða') *accustomed to, versed in* (b. við e-t).

BRUGÐNING, f. *breach, violation, altercation* (for the worse).

BRUGG, n. (1) *brewing*; (2) *machination, scheming*.

BRUGGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to brew*; (2) *to concoct, scheme*; b. *or* b. saman svik, *to concoct a fraud*; b. em bana, *to scheme his death*; (3) *to break* (b. sáttmáli við en).

BRUGGINN, pp. *brewed* (b. mjöðr).

BRUGGU-KANNA, f. *brewing can*; -KETILL, m. *brewing kettle*.

BRULLAUP, n. = brúðlaup, brúðkaup.

BRUM, n. (1) *bud*; (2) *point of time* (í þetta brum).

BRUMR, m. = brum (í þenna brum).

BRUNA (AÐ), v. *to advance with great speed, to rush* (b. fram).

BRUNA-DÓMR, m. *a sentence to be burnt*; -FLEKKR, m. *burnt spot*; -HRAUN, n. *burnt lavafield*; -VEGR, m. *the torid zone*; -ÞEFR, m. *smell of burning*; -ÖLD, f. *the burning age, the (heathen) time when the dead were burnt* (opp. to 'haugs-öld').

BRUND-TÍÐ, f. *the time when the ewes are* 'blœsma'.

BRUNI, m. *burning heat, fire*; fig., *burning passion* (b. öfundar, lostagirndar, heilagrar trúar).

BRUNN-LŒKR, m. *brooklet coming from*

a well; -MIGI, m. *defiler of wells, fox*.

BRUNNR, m. (1) *spring*; (2) *well*.

BRUNNS-MUNNI, m. *the mouth or opening of a well*.

BRUNN-VAKA, f. *an instrument to, get at water under ice or snow*; -VATN, n. *spring water*; -VÍGSLA, f. *consecration of a well*.

BRÚ (-AR, pl. -AR, -R, BRÝR), f. *bridge*.

BRÚS (AÐ), v. *to bridge over* (brúat var yfir dikit).

BRÚAR-FUNDR, m. *the battle of the Bridge*; -GØRÐ, f. *bridgemaking*; -SPORÐR, m. *head or end of a bridge*.

BRÚÐA, f. (1) *doll, puppet*; (2) *chairpost*; á brúðum stólsins var skorinn Þórr, *Thor was carved on the chairposts*.

BRÚÐAR-BEKKR, m. *the bride's bench*; -EFNI, n. *a bride to be, bride elect*; -FAÐMR, m. *a bride's embrace*; -HÚS, n. *bride's chamber*; -LÍN, n. *bride's veil*; -STÓLL, m. *bride's chair*.

BRÚÐ-BEKKR, m. = brúðarbekkr; -FÉ, n. *bride's fee or gift*; -FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *bride's journey*; -GUMI, m. *bridegroom*; -HÚS, n. *bride's chamber*; -HVÍLA, f. *bridal bed*; -KAUP, n. *wedding feast, bridal* (at bjóða mönnum til kaups); -KAUPLIGR, a. *pertaining to a wedding feast* (kaupligr viðbúnaðr).

BRÚÐKAUPS-FERÐ, f. = brúðferð; -GØRÐ, f. *holding a wedding*; -MAÐR, m. *wedding guest*; -VEIZLA, f. *wedding feast*.

BRÚÐ-KONA, f. *bridesmaid*; -LAUP, n. *wedding, wedding feast*; drekka, gera laup, *to hold a wedding*: gera laup til konu, *to wed*; ráða laup, *to fix the wedding day*.

BRÚÐLAUPS-DAGR, m. *wedding day*; -FERÐ, f. = brúðferð; -KLÁÐI, n. pl. *wedding garment*; -KOSTR, m. *the cost of a wedding*; -STEFNA, f. *wedding meeting*; -VEIZLA, f. *wedding feast*; -VITNI, n. *marriage witness*.

BRÚÐ-MAÐR, m. *bridegroom's man, bridesman*; -MESSA, f. *marriage service*.

BRÚÐR (gen. -AR, dat. and acc. -I, pl. -IR), f. (1) *bride* (konur skipuðu pall, ok var brúðrin döpr); (2) esp. pl. *bridesmaids* = brúðkonur; sat Þórhalla milli brúða, *Th. was seated among the bridesmaids* = milli brúðkvenna.

BRÚÐ-STÓLL, m. *bride's chair or seat*, = brúðarstóll.

BRÚK, n. *a heap* (brúkum *in heaps)*; esp. *a heap of seaweed* (= þarabrúk).

BRÚN (pl. BRÝNN), f. (1) *brow, the projecting edge of a cliff or hill* (cf. fjalls, heiðar, isbrún); (2) *eyebrow*; láta síga brýnn á nef fyrir brár, ofan fyrir augum, setja síða b. hleypa brúnum, *to kni tthe brows* lypta brúnum, hefja upp brún, *to lift the eyebrows, become cheerful, brighten up*; also impers., hefr em upp b., *one brightens up*; lypti þá mjök brúnum manna, *therfaces brightened up*; em bregðr í b., *one is amazed*.

BRÚN (pl. brúnir), f. *a kind of stuff*.

BRÚNAÐR, a. *darkcoloured, brown*.

BRÚNA-MIKILL, a. *heavybrowed*; -SÍÐR, a. *having overhanging brows*; -SKURÐR, m. *cutting the hair straight across the brows*.

BRÚNAR-BEIN, n. pl. *the bone of the eyebrow*.

BRÚN-ÁSS, m. *ridge-pole, ridge-piece*.

BRÚN-HVÍTR, a. *white-browed*.

BRÚN-MÓÁLÓTTR, a. *of mousegrey colour with a black stripe down the back* (of a horse).

BRÚNN, a. (1) *brown*; (2) of polished metal, *bright* (beit brún egg).

BRÚNN, m. *black horse*.

BRÚN-SÍÐR, a. = brúnasíðr; -SKARPR, a. *light in the head*; -VÖLR, -VÖLVI, -ÖLVI, a. *frowning*.

BRÚSI, m. *buck, he-goat*.

BRÚ-STEINN, m. *pavement*.

BRYDDA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to prick, goad*; (2) *to rough shoe* (aka jó óbryddum á ísi hálum); (3) *to show the point* (bryddu upp ór þokunni kollarnir); (4) impers., af þessi gørð herra páfans bryddi *(arose)* svá mikla styrjöld, at.

BRYDDING, f. *bordering, edging*.

BRYÐJA, f. *a sort of trough*.

BRYGGJA, f. (1) *gangboard, gangway*; skjóta bryggjum, *to shoot out the gangway*; (2) *landingstage, pier, quay* (lágu langskip konungs með endilöngum bryggjum); (3) rarely, *bridge*, = brú.

BRYGGJU-BÚÐ, f. *storehouse on a pier*; -KER, n. *a tub at a pier?*; -LÆGI, n. *landingstage*; -MANGARI, m. *shopkeeper at a landing pier*; -SPORÐR, m. *the head of a pier*.

BRYNA (AÐ), v. = bruna.

BRYN-BRŒKR, f. pl. *war-breeches*; -GLÓFI, m. *war-glove, gauntlet*; -HATTR, m., -HETTA, f. *war-hood*; -HOSA, f. *war-hose, greave*; -HÖTTR, m. = -hattr, -hetta.

BRYNJA, f. *coat of mail*.

BRYRJA (AÐ), v. *to cover or arm with a coat of mail*; BRYNJAÐR, *wearing a coat of mail, mailclad*.

BRYNJU-BÍTR, m. *'mailbiter', sword*; -BÖND, n. pl. *cords to fasten the coat of mail*; -HATTR, m., -HETTA, f. = brynhattr, brynhetta; -HÁLSBJÖRG, f. *the neck-piece of a hauberk*; -HRINGR, m. *a ring of a coat of mail* (hringabrynja); -LAUSS, a. *without a coat of mail unprotected*; -MEISTARI, m. *maker of coats of mail*; -ROKKR, m. *military tunic* (worn over the coat of mail).

BRYN-KLUNGR, m. *a sort of weapon used in defending a besieged castle*; -KNÍFR, m. *warknife*; -KOLLA, f. *a mailcap* (worn under the helmet).

BRYNNA (-TA, -T), v. *to water, give water to* (b. nautum).

BRYN-STAKKR, m. *mailjacket*; -STÚKA, f. *mailsleeve*; -TRÖLL, n. *a sort of halberd*; -ÞING, n. *combat* (poet.); -ÞVARI, m. *a sort of halberd* (= bryntröll).

BRYTI (gen. BRYTJA or BRYTA), m. *bailiff, understeward*; konungs b., *a steward on royal estates*.

BRYTJA (AÐ), v. *to chop* (b. mat); b. lið heiðingja, *to put to the sword*; b. niðr, *to cut down*.

BRYTJAN, f. *chopping*.

BRYT-SKÁLM, f. *chopper* (kallar hann þat sverð brytskálm sína).

BRÝNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to whet, sharpen* (b. ljá, kníf, sverð); (2) brýna upp skipi, *to drag a boat or ships half ashore, put it on the 'edge' of the seaboard*; (3) *to egg on*; b. hug es, *to encourage*.

BRÝNI, n. (1) *whetstone*; (2) *spaces* (ekki hafa þeir salt við mat ok ekki brýni).

BRÝNING, f. (1) *whetting, sharpening*; (2) fig. *egging on, incitement*.

BRÝN-LIGR, a. = brýnn; er -ligt um e-t, *it is promising, likely*.

BRÝNN, a. *prompt, ready*; ef brýn féföng lægi fyrir, *ready means*; brýn sök, *just, cogent cause*; brýn vörn, *a clear case for defence*; b. byrr, *straight, fair wind*.

BRÝNN, f. pl., from 'brún'; -BRÝNN, a. *-browed* (létt-brýnn, þung-brýnn).

BRÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to melt* (b. jökul, snjó, ís); (2) *to tar, pitch* (b. skip).

BRÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to hurry, make haste* (nú seinkaða ek, en þú bræddir hel-

dr).

BRAÐI, f. *anger, passion*; mæla et í b., *in a passion*.

BRÆÐI-LIGR, a. *meltable, fusible*.

BRÆÐI-MÆLI, n. pl. *angry language*.

BRÆKTA (AÐ), v. *to bleat* (b. sem geit).

BRŒÐRA-BÖRN, n. pl. *first cousins* (agnate); -DŒTR, f. pl. *nieces* (of brothers); -EIGN, f. *property of brothers*; -GARÐR, m. *monastery*, = kórsbrœðragarðr; -LAG, n. (1) *fellowship as of brethren*, = fóstbrœðralag (sverjast í -lag); (2) *brotherhood, religious fraternity*.

BRŒÐRALAGS-BRÉF, n. *letter of (religious) fraternity*.

BRŒÐRA-MARK, n. *the constellation Gemini*; -PARTR, m. = bróðurdeild; -SAMNAÐR, m. *assembly (union) of brothers*; -SKÁLI, m. *apartment for friars*; -SKIPTI, n. *division of inheritance among brothers*; -SYNIR, m. pl. *brothers' sons, cousins*.

BRŒÐRUNGA, f. *female first cousin*.

BRŒÐRUNGR, m. *male first cousin* (agnate); also = brœðrunga; hón var b. *(she was first cousin)* Asnýjar.

BRŒÐRUNGS-BARN, n. *child of a first cousin*; BAUGR, m. *share of weregild due a first cousin*.

BRŒKLINGAR, m. pl. '*breechlings*', a nickname of the Irish.

BRÖGÐÓTTR, a. *crafty, cunning*.

BRÖGÐU-LIGA, adv. *cunningly, slyly* (blekkja, svíkja e-n -liga); -LIGR, a. *crafty, sly*.

BRÖLTA (-LTA, -LT), v. *to toss or tumble about*.

BRÖSTULIGA, adv. *boastingly*; láta liga, *to brag*.

BUÐKA-GRÖS, n. pl. *herbs kept in a box* (for use in medicine).

BUÐKR, m. *small box* (originally a box to keep herbs and balsams in).

BUÐLUNGR, m. poet. *king*.

BUFFEIT, n. *buffet* (slá em b.).

BUFFEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to buffet*.

BUGA (AÐ), v. *to bow, bend*.

BUGR, m. *bend, curve*; *the bight* (inside) *of a ring* (í bug hringinum); *of the bent fingers* (b. fingranna); *the concave side of the sails* (sá af landi í bug allra seglanna); *a curve, disorder*, of a line of men or ships (rétta þann bug, er á var orðinn flotanum); aka em á bug, aka bug á em, *to make one give way, repel*.

BUG-STATR, m. *crooked stick*.

BUKKA-SKINN, n. *the skin of he-goats*; -VARA, f. = -skinn.

BUKKR, m. (1) *buck, he goat*; (2) *battering ram*.

BUKK-SKINN, n. *the skin of a he-goat* (cf. 'bukkaskinn').

BUKL, n. *the boss of a shield*.

BUKLARA-BÓLA, f. = bukl; -FETILL, m. *strap of a buckler*.

BUKLARI, m. *buckler, shield*.

BUKRAM, BUKRAN, n. = *buckram*.

BULA (AÐ), v. *to cut throgh*, = bola.

BULR, m. = bolr.

BULUNGR, m. *pile of logs, firewood*.

BUL-ØX, f. = bol-øx.

BUMBA, f. *drum* (berja á bumbur).

BUNDIN, n. *sheaf (of corn)*.

BUNKI, m. *heap, pile*, = búlki (rare).

BURÐA-MUNR, m. *diference of birth*.

BURÐAR-DAGR, m. *birthday*; -MAÐR, m. *bearer, carrier*; -SVEINN, m. *errand-boy*; -TÍÐ, f., -TÍMI, m. *birthtime*.

BURDEIGJA (AÐ), v. *to capriole*, of a horse (for. word).

BURÐR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *carriage, bearing*, of the limbs or body (b. líkamans birtir hugskotsins ráð); (2) *birth* (frá

Krists burði); of domestic animals, *lambing, calving* (þær kýr, er bezt búast til burðar); (3) *fetus, the thing born, offspring* (fíll gengr tvó ár með burðinum; hinn hæsti b. várr dróttinn J. Kr.); (4) pl., burðir, *birth, extraction*; heiðinn at burðum, *heathen by birth* burðir ok ætt, *birth and kinship*.

BURÐUGR, *of high birth*.

BURGEISS, m. *burgess*.

BURIS, m. *borax* (for. word).

BURR (-AR, -IR), m. poet. *son*.

BURST or BUST, f. (1) *bristle, bristles*; draga b. ór nefi em, *to draw a bristle out* of one's nose, to cheat one; (2) *gablehead or ridge of a house*.

BURSTA-KOLLR, m. *bristle-scalp*, an assumed name.

BURSTAR-HÁR, n. *bristly hair*.

BURSTI, m. *bristly hair*.

BURST-ÍGULL, m. *hedgehog*.

BURT, adv. = brott.

BURT, f., in the phrase, riða á b., *to ride a tilt*.

BURT-BÚNINGR, m. *preparation to leave a place* (vera í búningi).

BURT-REIÐ, f. *riding a tilt*.

BURTREIÐAR-MAÐR, m. *tilter*; -VÁPN, n. *tiltweapon*.

BURT-STÖNG, f. *a lance for tilting*.

BUSIL-KINNA, f. *a woman with fat or chubby cheeks*.

BUSL, n. *bustle, commotion* (þú váru goðin í busli miklu).

BUSS, m. *box, boxwood*.

BUST, f. (1) *bristle* = burst; (2) *a kind of fish*.

BUSTI, m. = bursti.

BUZA, f. *a sort of merchant-ship*.

BÚ, n. (1) *household, farming*; þat er bú, er maðr hefir málnytan smala, *it is* 'bú', *if a man has a milking stock*; gøra, setja, reisa bú, *to set up a home for oneself*; bregða búi, *to give up farming*; eiga bú við e-n, *to share a household with one*; fara búi, *to remove one's household*; vera fyrir búi, *to manage a household*; búa búi sínu, *to have one's own household*; búa úmegðarbúi, *to have many dependants* (unable to work); (2) *the stock of a farmstead* (sumir lágu úti á fjöllum með bú sín); drepa niðr bú, höggva bú, *to kill or destroy one's stock*; (3) *housekeeping*; fá til búsins, *to procure necessaries for the maintenance of the household*; einskis þurfti í bú at biðja, *there was plenty of everything*; (4) *farm, estate*; fara milli búa sinna, *to go from one estate to another*; eiga bú, *to own an estate*; (5) *home, house* (reið Hrútr heim til bús síns); vera at *or* á búi með e-m, *to live at one's house*.

BÚA (BÝ; BJÓ, BJOGGUM or BJUGGUM; BÚINN), v. (1) *to prepare, make ready*; b. skip í för, *to make a ship ready for a voyage*; b. ferð sína, *to make ready for a journey (voyage)*; b. veizlu, *to prepare (make preparations) for a feast*; b. mál á hendr e-m, *to take out a summons against one, be in a lawsuit*; (2) *to dress, attire, adorn, ornament*; bjó hón hana sem hón kunni bezt, *she dressed her as well as she could*; sá þeir konur vel búnar, *well dressed*; b. beð, rekkju, *to make a bed*; b. öndvegi, hús, *to make a high seat, adorn a house* (for a feast); öll umgjörðin var búin gulli ok silfri, *adorned (mounted) with gold and silver*; vápn búit mjök, *much ornamented*; (3) *to fix one's abode in a place*, = byggja (þegar munu jötnar Ásgarð b.); (4) *to deal with, to treat*; þeir bjuggu búi sem þeim líkaði, *they treated it as they liked*, viz. *recklessly*; Haraldr bjó heldr úsparliga ko-

rnum Sveins, *used S.'s stores rather unsparingly*; (5) *to live, dwell* (b. í tjöldum); þeir bjuggu þar um nóttina, *they stayed there during the night*; sá maðr bjó á skipi *(had his berth)* næst Haraldi; (6) *to have a household* (cattle, sheep, and milk); meðan þú vilt b., *as long as thou will keep house*; b. á *or* at, with the name of the place added in dat., *to live at or in* (hann bjó á Velli; Gunnar bjó at Hlíðarenda); (7) *to be*, = vera (skip þau öll, er á vatni búa); b. í skapi, brjósti e-m, *to be, dwell in one's mind* (eigi býr þér lítit í skapi); sýnandi þá hjartaliga gleði, er í brjósti býr, *that fills the breast*; (8) *to behave, conduct onself* (bjuggu þeir þar fremr úfriðliga); (9) with preps., b. af e-u, *to lose*; láta e-n af baugum b., *to let him be deprived of his riches*; b. at e-u, *to treat*, = b. e-u (cf. 4); þeir höfðu spurt hvern veg Þórólfr hafði búit at herbergjum þeirra, *how Th. had treated their premises*; b. e-t fyrir, *to prepare* (þeir hlutir, er guð hefir fyrir búit sínum ástvinum); b. fyrir, *to be present* (hann ætlar, at Selþórir muni fyrir b. í hverju holti); b. hjá konu, *to lie with a woman*; b. í e-u, *to be at the bottom of*, = b. undir e-u (en í þessu vináttumerki bjuggu enn fleiri hlutir); b. með e-m *or* e-rri, *to cohabit with*; b. með konu, *to lie with*; b. saman, *to live together* (as husband and wife, as friends); *to have a common household* (ef menn búa saman); b. e-t til, *to prepare, take the preparatory steps in a case* (b. sök, mál, vígsmál til, cf. 1); b. til veizlu, *to prepare for a feast*; b. til seyðis, *to get the fire ready for cooking*; b. til vetrsetu, *to make preparations for a winter abode*; b. um e-n, *to make one's bed* (var búit um þá Þórodd á seti ok lögðust þeir til svefns); Þórólfr lét setja upp skip sitt ok um b., *he had his ship laid up and fenced round*; kváðu nú Guðrúnu eiga at b. um rauða skör Bolla, *said that G. would have to dress B.'s* (her husband's) *bloody head*; b. um andvirki, *to fence and thatch hayricks*; at b. svá um, at aldri mátti vökna, *to pack it up so that it could not get wet*; b. svá um, at (with subj.), *to arrange it so, that*; b. eigi um heilt við e-n, *to be plotting something against one*; b. um nökkurn skoll, *to brood over some mischief (deceit)*; b. um grun, *to be suspicious*; b. um hverfan hug, *to be fickleminded*; gott er um öruggt at b., *to be in a safe position*; b. undir e-u, *to be subject to, suffer, endure* (hart mun þykkja undir at b.); eiga undir slíkum ofsa at b., *to have to put up with such insolence*; *to be the (hidden) reason of, to be at the bottom of* (þat bjó þar undir, at hann vildi taka ríkit undir sik); þér vitið gørst, hvat yár býr undir *(what reason you have)* at girnast eina útlenda mey; b. e-n veg við e-n, *to behave or act so and so towards one*; sárt býr þú nú við mik, Þóra, *thou treatest me sorely*; b. við e-t, *to enjoy* (þú býr við eilífa ást ok bíðr eilífra ömbuna); *to submit to, put up with*; ok mun eigi við þat mega b., *it will be too hard to bide*; b. yfir e-u, *to hide, conceal*; framhlutr ormsins býr yfir eitri, *is venomous*; lítill búkr býr yfir miklu viti, *little body holds mickle wit*; b. yfir brögðum, flærð ok vélum, *to brood over tricks, falsehood, and deceit*; (10) refl., búast, *to make oneself ready, get ready* (bjuggust þeir at riða austr); b. ferðar sinnar, *to make oneself ready for a journey*; = b. at fara (b. ór Þrándheimi; b. út til Íslands, b. á land upp); bjuggust þeir fóstbrœðr í hernað, *they prepared to go on a freebooting trip*; b. til bardaga, *to make oneself ready for a*

battle; b. fyrir, *to have one's own household* (þat þing skal sœkja bóndi hverr, er býst fyrir ok bóndanafn berr); b. um (= búa um sik), *to make one's own bed, to make oneself comfortable, to encamp* (var hörð veðrátta, svá at ekki mátti úti um búast); b. við e-u, *to prepare for a thing* (b. við veizlu, bóði); b. (vel, kristiliga) við dauða sínum, *to prepare for one's death*; b. við vetri, *to provide for the winter*; absol., b. við, *to make preparations* (nú ríða hér úvinir þínir at þér; skaltu svá við búast, *get ready to meet them*).

BÚA-GRETTUR, f. pl. *qutirrel between neighbours*; -KVIÐR, m. *verdict of neighbours*; -KVÖÐ, f. *summoning of neighbours*.

BÚANDI (pl. BÚENDR), m. = bóndi.

BÚAND-KARL, m. *farmer* (karl eða þorpari); -LIGR, a. *peasantlike, stout, sturdy*; -MAÐR, m. = bóndi.

BÚA-VIRÐING, f. *a fixing compensation by verdict of neighbours* (búar).

BÚÐ, f. (1) *temporary dwellings booth*; farmanna búðir, *merchants' booths*; esp. of the temporary dwellings at the Icelandic parliament; tjalda b., *to fit up a booth* (with tent-roof and hangings); (2) *abode, dwelling place*; fara búðum, *to change one's abode*; hafa harða, kalda b., *to have a hard, cold abode*.

BÚÐ (= búið, búit), used as adv., *may be*; b. svá sé til ætlat, *may be, it will come so to happen*; b. eigi hendi hann slíka úgiptu í annat sinn, *may be he will not have such misfortune again*.

BÚÐAR-DVÖL, f. *dwelling in a booth*; -DYRR, f. pl. *door of a booth*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *utensils of a booth*; -HAMARR, m. *a rock upon which a booth is erected*; -KETILL, m. *booth kettle*; -KVIÐR, m. *a sort of verdict given by the inmates of a booth*; -LIÐ, n. *the inmates of a booth*; -MAÐR, m. *inmate of a booth*; -NAGLI, m. *booth-peg*; -RÚM, n. *lodging in a booth* (biðja, kveðja e-n -rúms); -SUND, n. *passage, lane between two booths*; -TOPT, f. *the walls of a* (deserted) *booth*; -VEGGR, m. *the wall of a booth*; -VERÐR, m. = -vörðr; -VIRKI, n. *a fortification round a booth*; -VIST, f. *lodging in a booth* (hafa -vist með e-m); -VÖRÐR (gen. VARÐAR), m. (1) *cooking, cookery*; halda -vörð, *to take care of the cookery*; (2) *food, meat*; eigi hafða ek þína veðra mér til -varðar, *the rams of my flock I have not eaten*; ráða til -varðar, *to prepare for a meal*.

BÚÐ-SETA, f. *living in a cottage*.

BÚÐSETU-MAÐR, m. *cottager* (þeir eru búðsetumenn en eigi bœndr).

BÚÐU-NAUTR, m. *fellowinmate of, companion in, a booth*.

BÚ-FAR, n. *household condition*; -FÉ, n. *live stock, esp. the milch kine*; -FELLIR, m. *starvation of livestock*; -FÉNAÐR, m. = -fé; -FERILL (pl. FERLAR), m. *mover of one's household*; -FERLI, n. *chattels belonging to a household*; fara ferli sínu, *to remove, change one's household and home*; esp. *live stock*; hafði hann með sér skuldalið *(dependants, family)* ok ferli *(live stock)*; -FERSKI, n. *domestic or household utensils*.

BÚFJÁR-ÁBYRGÐ, f. *responsibility for* búfé; -EYRIR, m. *value in live stock*; -FÓÐR, n. *food for cattle*; -GANGR, m. = -hagar; -HAGAR, m. pl. *pasturefields on an estate*, esp. *the homepastures*; -HAGR, m. *condition of the live stock*; -HALD, n. *keeping of live stock*; -LAUST, a. n. *without live stock* (búa laust); -LEIGA, f. *rent of live stock*; -MATR, m. *food for cattle, stores of fodder*; -VEGR, m. *cattle track*.

BÚ-FŒRSLA, f. *removing of one's household*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *household necessaries*; -GAGN, n. *household utensil*, = búsgagn; -GARÐR, m. *farm* (esp. a big one); -GØRÐ, f. *making a household in a place*; -HAGI, m. *pasture*; -HLÍFÐ, f. *a saving of household provisions*; -HLUTR, m. *an implement of husbandry*; -HÖFN, f. *pasture-field*; -HÖGG, n. *slaughtering of cattle*.

BÚI, m. (1) *dweller, inhabitant*, esp. in compds. (berg-, hellis-, ein-búi); helvítis búar, *inhabitants of hell*; himna búar, *inhabitants of heaven, angels*; (2) *neighbour* = nábúi (Steinólfr b. hans); (3) a law term, *neighbour acting as juror*; kveðja búa, *to summon the neighbours*.

BÚI-GRIÐUNGR, m. *bull kept at the mountain-dairy*, opp. to 'heima-g'; -MAÐR, m. *neighbour-man*.

BÚINN, pp. (cf. 'búa'), (1) *prepared, fit, adapted*; ek em gamall ok lítt til b. at *(little fit to)* hefna sona minna; (2) b. at e-u, *endowed with* (at flestum íþróttum vel b.); (3) *ready, willing*; margir munu búnir at kaupa, *ready, willing to buy*; engir munu sínu sik búnari *(more willing)* til liðveizlu; with gen., b. þeirrar ferðar, *ready to make that journey*; (4) b. til es, við e-u, *on the point of*; hann var b. til falls, *he was just about to tumble*; var búit við váða miklum, *there was an imminent danger*; (5) svá búit, *as matters stand, thus*; eigi má hlýða svá b., *it will not do thus, something else must be done*; stendr nú svá b. um hríð, *matters stand thus (unchanged) for a while*; þeir segja Eyjólfi til svá búins, *they tell Eyolf the present state of things*; þér skulut ganga með vápnum, en berjast eigi svá búit, *not fight as yet*; at svá búnu, *as matters stand* (hann kvaðst ekki fýsast til Íslands at svá búnu); *at present, as yet* (þenna draum segjum vér engum at svá búnu); við svo búit, *thus, things being so* (þeir skildu við svá búit).

BÚ-KARL, m. *farmer*, = búandkarl.

BÚK-DIGR, a. *thickset (in body)*.

BÚ-KETILL, m. *large ketlle*; -KOSTR, m. (1) *household provisions, stores*; (2) *livelihood, trade* (er þat búkostr þeirra ok skemtan at sœkja sjóinn); -KOT, n. *small farm, cottage*.

BÚKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *body, trunk*, esp. *the trunk without the head*; (2) *belly*, = kviðr.

BÚK-REKI, m. *skin or leather bag (for holding liquids)*.

BÚ-LAG, n. *joint housekeeping*; -LAND, n. *home land*; -LAUSS, a. *having no household*; -LEIGA, f. *rent of cattle*.

BÚLKA-BRÚN, f. *the estate of the* 'búlki'; -STOKKAR, m. pl. *the bulwark* fencing the 'búlki' in the middle of the ship.

BÚLKI, m. *cargo* (stowed in the middle of the ship, cf. fyrir framan or aptan búlka); binda búlka, *to bind bulk, cover in the hold*; leysa (rjúfa, brjóta) búlka, *to break bulk*.

BÚ-MAÐR, m. (1) *husbandman, farmer* (-maðr sáði akr sinn); (2) = búsýslumaðr; -maðr mikill, *a skilled, stirring, husbandman*; -MISSA, f. *loss in stock*.

BÚNAÐR-BÁLKR, m. *the section of the law about household matters*; -MAÐR, m. = búmaðr; -MUNR, m. = búningsmunr.

BÚNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *household, housekeeping*; reisa, setja búnað = reisa, gøra bú, *to set up a household*; fara búnaði sínum = fara búferli, *to remove one's household*; (2) *equipment, dress*, = búningr; (3) *preparations* (for a voyage, free-booting expedition, etc.); (4) = búningr 4.

BÚ-NAUTN, f., in the phrase, til nautnar, *for household use*.

BÚNINGR, m. (1) *dress, attire*; (2) equipment of a ship (reiði ok b.); (3) *the dressing and arrangement of a table*; (4) *ornaments* (kyrtill með búningi).

BÚNINGS-BÓT, f. *improvement in dress*; -LAUSS, a. *without ornaments*; -MUNR, m. *deference in apparel*.

BÚNYT, f. *milk of sheep and cattle*; -PRESTR, m. *a priest having a homestead or farm*.

BÚR, n. (1) *women's apartment*; (2) *pantry* (búr þat er konur hafa matreiðu í); (3) *storehouse*.

BÚ-RAKKI, m. *farmdog*; -RÁÐ, n. *household management*; -RÁN, n. *a kind of robbery, theft* (to the amount of *three cows* at least or *three cows' value*).

BÚR-BROT, n. *breaking into a pantry*; -DYRR, f. pl. *pantrydoor*; -HILLA, f. *pantryshelf*; -HRINGR, m. *the door ring* of a 'búrhurð'; -HUNDR, m. *watchdog, at a storehouse*; -HURÐ, f. *the door of a* 'búr'; -HVALR, m. *a sort of whale, cachalot* (?).

BÚ-RISNA, f. *munificent or hospitable housekeeping*.

BÚR-LYKILL, m. *pantrykey*.

BÚRS-HRINGR, m. = búrhringr; -HURÐ, f. = búrhurð.

BÚS-AFLEIFAR, f. pl. *remains of stores*; BÚHLUTIR, m. pl. *implements of husbandry*; -EFNI, n. pl. *household goods*; -FAR, n. = búfar; -FORRÁÐ, n. pl. *management of household affairs*, = búráð (taka til forráða = taka við búráðum); -GAGN, n. = búgagn; -GØRÐ, f. = búgørð; -HLUTIR, m. pl. = búhlutir; -HŒGINDI, n. pl. *help towards keeping a household*.

BÚ-SIFJAR, f. pl. *relations between neighbours*; góðar búsifjar, *good neighborhood*; var illa í sifjum þeirra, *they were not on good terms as neighbours*; veita em þúngar sifjar, *to be a troublesome neighbour to one*.

BÚS-KERFI, n. *household utensils*, = búferski.

BÚ-SKJÓLA, f. *milkpail*; -SKORTR, m. *failure of stores*; -SKYLFT, a. n., hafa skylft, *to have an expensive household*.

BÚSLITS-MAÐR, m. *a* 'bóndi' *without homestead* (cf. slíta búi sínu).

BÚ-SMALI, m. *cattle*, esp. *milch cows*; -STAÐR, m. *dwelling place, abode*; taka sér stað, *to fix one's abode*.

BÚS-TILSKIPAN, f. *settling of a household*.

BÚ-STJÓRN, f. *management of household affairs*; -STÝRA, f. *a female housekeeper*.

BÚS-UMSVIF, n. pl. *household cares*; -UMSÝSLA, f. *managment of a* 'bú'.

BÚ-SÝSLA, f. *household business*.

BÚSÝSLU-MAÐR, m. = búmaðr (-maðr mikill).

BÚ-VERK, n. *dairy work* (milking, churning and the like); -ÞEGN, m. *husbandman* (bœndr ok þegnar); illr þegn, *a bad* (evil) *husbandman*.

BYGÐ, f. (1) *colonization* (frá Íslands b.); (2) *abode, habitation*; setja, hefja b. sína e-s staðar, *to fix one's abode in a place*; fœra b. sína, *to remove*; banna (lofa, leyfa) e-m b., *to forbid (allow) one to settle in a place*; (3) *inhabited land or district*, opp. to 'úbygðir', *deserts*.

BYGÐAR-FLEYGR, -FLEYTTR, a. *rumoured through the district*; -LAG, n. *district, neighbourhood*; taka sér -lag í e-m stað, *to settle in a place*.

BYGÐARLAGS-MAÐR, m. *inhabitant of a district*.

BYGÐAR-LAND, n. *land for settling on*;

taka sér -land e-s staðar, *to settle in a place*; -LEYFI, n. *leave to settle*; -LÝÐR, m., -MENN, m. pl. *inhabitants of a district*; -RÓMR, m. *rumour going about in the neighbourhood*; -STEFNA, f. *district-meeting*.

BYGÐ-FLEYGR, -FLEYTTR, a. = bygðarfleyttr.

BYGG, n. *barley*; -BRAUÐ, n. *barley-bread*; -HJÁLMR, m. *barley-rick*; -HLAÐA, f. *barley-barn*; -HLEIFR, m. *barley-loaf*; -HÚS, n. = -hlaða.

-BYGGI (pl. -BYGGJAR), m. *inhabitant*; only in plur. compds. (fram-, aptur-, stafn-, Eyr-byggjar).

BYGGILIGR, a. *habitable*.

BYGGING, f. *letting out land for rent* (b. jarðar).

BYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v., older form BYGGVA; (1) *to settle in a place, as colonist*; sumar þat, er þeir Ingólfr fóru at b. Ísland, *when I went out to settle in Iceland*; Ingólfr bygði fyrstr landit, *was the first settler*; absol., Helgi bygði norðr í Eyjafirði, *settled in E.*; (2) *to people* (eptir Nóaflóð lifðu átta menn, er bygðu heiminn); Ísland bygðist *(was peopled)* ór Norvegi; (3) *to inhabit, live in a country* (þá er landit hafði sex tigi vetra bygt verit); þess get ek, at menn byggi húsit, *that the house is inhabited*; b. bœ, *to settle on a farm* (hann bygði bœ þann er í Eyju heitir); absol., kona, er bygði *(lived)* í einum afdal; hvar byggir þú, *where dwellest thou?*; (4) *to dwell in, occupy* (b. höll, helli); b. eina sæng, *to share the same bed* (of a niarried couple; also absol., b. með erri); bygði hann í skipum, he *dwelt (lived) in ships*.

BYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to let out* (konungr má b. almenning hverjum sem hann vill); nú byggir maðr dýrra *(lets out at a higher rent)* en vandi hefir á verit; (2) *to lend money at interest* (engi skal b. dautt fé á leigu); Hrútr bygði allt féit, *H. put all the money out at interest*; (3) b. frændsemi, sifjar, *to enter into a marriage with a relation or one allied by by marriage* (in such or such degree); þat var bannat at b. svá náit at frændsemi, *intermarriage between so near relations was forbidden*.

BYGGJANDI (pl. -JENDR), m. *an inhabitant* (borgin ok byggjendr hennar).

BYGG-MJÖL, n. *barleymeal*; -SÁÐ, n. *barley-seed*.

BYGGVA, v., older form for 'byggja'.

BYLGJA (gen. pl. BYLGNA), f. *billow*.

BYLGJU-FALL, n. *heavy sea*; -GANGR, m. *swells sea*.

BYLGNA-GANGR, m. = bylgjugangr.

BYLJA (BYLR, BULDI, BULIT), v. *to resound, roar* (buldi í hömrunum).

BYLJÓTTR, a. *gusty* (veðr nökkut byljótt).

BYLMINGR, m. *a sort of bread*.

BYLR (pl. -IR, dat. -JUM), m. *squall, gust of wind*; þá er býlirnir kómu, *when the squalls came along*.

BYRÐ, f. *birth, descent* (rare).

BYRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to weave in* (figures).

BYRÐA, f. *a large box or bin*.

BYRÐI, n. *board (side) of a ship*.

BYRÐINGR, m. *merchant-ship*.

BYRÐINGS-MAÐR, m. *a merchant seaman*; -SEGL, n. *the sail of a* byrðingr.

BYRÐR (-AR, -AR), f. *burden, load*.

BYRFALL, n. *dropping of a breeze*.

BYRGI, n. *enclosure, fence*.

BYRGING, f. (1) *closing, shutting up*; (2) *close, conclusion, end*.

BYRGIS-KONA, f. *concubine*; -MAÐR, m.

paramour; -SKAPR, m. *concubinage*.

BYRGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to close, shut* (b. dyrr eða vindaugu); b. sinn munn, *to shut the mouth*; b. aptr húsit, *to close the house*; b. en inni, *to shut one in* (í húsum); fig. *to outwit one* (b. en inni fyrir vitsmuna sakir); b. et fyrir em, *to exclude one from*; b. en úti, *to shut one out*; b. et úti, *to prevent, preclude* (b. úti váða); (2) b. e-t með skömmu máli, *to comprise it within a small compass*.

BYRJA (AÐ), v. (1) *to originate* (ór himninum byrjast öll gœzka); (2) *to beget* esp. in pass., byrjast, *to be begotten* (á þeirri sömu nótt sem hann byrjaðist); (3) *to enter upon, begin*; b. ferð sína, *to begin one's journey*; (4) b. mál es, *to plead (support) one's cause* (ek skal b. þitt mál sem ek kann); b. rœðu, *to deliver a speech* (= flytja rœðu); hefir þú fram byrjat *(stated)* erendi þitt.

BYRJA (AÐ), v. impers. with dat. *to behove, beseem*; sem byrja *(as it behoves)* hlýðnum syni; sem þeim byrjaði at manntali, *in due proportion to their number*.

BYRJA (AÐ), v. impers., em byrjar vel (illa), *one gets fair (foul) wind* (byrjaði þeim vel um haustit).

BYRJAN-LIGR, a. *that is to begin*.

BYRJAR-GOL, n. *gentle breeze*.

BYRLA (AÐ), v. *to pour out*; byrlar hann í hornin *he fills out the cups*; with dat., *to serve* (a cup) *to one* (Snjófrið byriaði ker mjaðar fullt konungi).

BYRLARI, m. *cup-bearer*.

BYR-LEIÐI, n. *favourable wind* (fá gott -leiði); -LÉTTR, a. *gently blowing*; -LEYSA, f. *lack of a fair wind*.

BYRLI, m. = byrlari.

BYRLIGR, a. *promising a fair wind* (því at ekki er -ligt); ekki -ligr draumr, *a bad dream*; -LÍTILL, a. *faintly blowing with fair wind*.

BYRR (-JAR, -IR), m. *fair wind*; e-m gefr vel byri (acc. pl.), *one gets a fair wind*; bíða byrjar, liggja til byrjar, *to wait, lie by, for a fair wind*; b. rennr á, *a fair breeze begins to blow*; b. tekr at vaxa, *the wind freshens*.

BYRSTA (-STA, -STR), v. (1) *to furnish with bristles*; (2) *to cover as with bristles*; borg gulli byrst, *with the gablehead mounted with gold*; (3) refl., byrstast, *to bristle up, to show anger*.

BYRSTR, pp. *set with bristles*; fig. *exasperated*.

BYR-SÆLL, a. *lucky in getting fair wind*; -VÆNLIGR, -VÆNN, a. *promising a fair wind*.

BYSJA (BUSTI), v. *to gush* (busti blóð á brímis eggjar).

BYTNA (AÐ), v. *to come to the bottom*.

BYTTA, f. *small tub, pail, bucket*.

BYTTU-AUSTR, m. *baling* (a ship) *with buckets*.

BYXA (-TA, -T), v., b. sér, *to jump* (síðan byxti hann sér á sjóinn).

BYXING, f. *violent tossing*.

BÝ, n. *bee*; -FLUGA, f. = bý; -FLYGI, n. = -flugur.

BÝFUR, f. pl. *clumsy feet*; rétta b., *to stretch out the legs*.

BÝR (-JAR, -IR), m. = bœr.

BÝSN, n. and f. *wonder, portent* (þetta eru stór b.).

BÝSNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to bode, portend* (þetta býsnar tjón ok sorg); (2) b. skal til batnaðar, *things must run to an extreme before they get better*.

BÝSNA-VEÐRA, n. *portentious weather*; -VETR, m. *a winter off portents*.

BÝ-STOKKR, m. *bee-hive*.

BÝTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to deal out* (býtti Hrafn silfrinu); (2) *to exchange* (býttum við jörðum okkar).

BÝTI, n. *exchange, barter*.

BÆÐI (n. dual from 'báðir', used as) conj., (1) b. … ok, *both … and*; b. vitr ok framgjarn, *both wise and bold*; b. at lærdómi ok vitrleik ok atgervi, *both in learning, and wisdom, and accomplishments*; (2) b. … enda, *both … and also, and indeed*.

BÆGI-FÓTR, m. *'lame-foot'*, a nickname of one who was 'haltr'.

BÆGING, f. *thwarting*.

BÆGINN, a. *cross-grained*.

BÆGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to make one give way, to fish*, with dat.; b. skipi ór lægi, *to push the ship from her moorings*; b. heraðsvist, *to remove from the district*; honum bægði veðr ok bar hann til eyja þeirra er Syllingar heita, *the weather drove him out of his course and he was carried to the Scilly Islands*; (2) *to hinder* (ef eigi bægja nauðsyniar þeirra); (3) refl., bægjast við en, *to quarrel or strive with one* (þá vill hann eigi við þá bægjast).

BÆLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to consume by fire* (brenna ok b.).

BÆRA (-ÐI, -T), v. impers., gekk áin undir þat þá er meirr bærði, *when the waves* (bárur) *rose higher*.

BÆRI-LIGR, a. (1) *able to be carried* (-ligr á herðum); (2) *fit, seemly*.

BÆRR, a. *entitled to*; b. er hverr at ráða sínu, *every one has a right to dispose of his own property*.

BÆSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to drive cattle into the stall* (= básа).

BÆSINGR, m. (*one born in a* báss), *a child of an outlawed mother*.

BŒJAR-BISKUP, m. *town bishop*; -BRUNI, m. *burning of a town* or *farmhouse*; -BYGÐ, f. *town-district*; -FÓLK, n. = -menn; -GJALD, n. *townrate*; -LÝÐR, m. = -menn; -LÖGMAÐR, m. *town-justice*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *inhabitant of a town*; -menn, *townsfolk, townsmen*; (2) *citizen*; -SETA, f. *dwelling (stay) in town*; -STARF, n., -SÝSLA, f. *town office*.

BŒKI-SKÓGR, m. *beech-wood* (svín er ganga í bœkiskógi).

BŒKLINGR, m. *little book, booklet*.

BŒLI, n. (1) *den, lair*; (2) *farm, dwelling*.

BŒN (pl. -IR), f. *request, prayer*; er sú b. allra vár, at, *we all beg, that*; skaltu veita mér b. þá *(grant me the request)*, er ek mun biðja þik; fella b. at e-m, til e-s, *to entreat one*; gera e-t at bœn e-s, *at his entreaty or prayer*; vera (liggja) í bœnum, *to be at prayers*; biðja b. sinni, bœnar sinnar til guðs, *to pray to God*; góðr bœna, *ready or willing to grant a request* (konungr var góðr bœna).

BŒNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to request, entreat, pray* (b. e-n).

BŒNA-FULLTING, n. *the support of prayers*; -GØRÐ, f. = -HALD, n. *(saying) prayers* (H. gekk hverja nótt til kirkju til -halds).

BŒNAHALDS-MAÐR, m. *one who prays, religious man* (-maðr mikill).

BŒNA-HÚS, n. = bœnhús; -KALL, n. *calling upon* (God) *in prayer*; -KRAPTR, m. *power of prayer*.

BŒNAR-BRÉF, n. *petition*; -ORÐ, n. pl. (1) *entreaty, prayer*; (2) *wooing courtship*; -STAÐR, m. (1) *place of worship*; (2) *request, entreaty* (þat er -staðr minn til allrar alþýðu, at); -TÍMI, m. *hour of prayers*.

BŒNA-STAÐR, m. (1) = bœnarstaðr 1.; (2) = bœnarstaðr 2.; á því er mér -staðr, at, *I beg, that*; gera et fyrir -stað es, *to do*

a thing at one's intercession; -traust, n. *confidence in one's prayer or intercession* (fela sik undir -traust e-s).

bœn-bifast (að), v. refl. *to be moved by prayers*; -heyrðr, pp. *willing to hear one's prayers*; (gørast -heyrðr við e-n); -hús, n. *house of prayer, chapel*; -rœkinn, a. *diligent in prayer*.

bœr (gen. bœjar, pl. -ir, dat. -jum), m. (1) *farmhouse, farmstead*; reisa, gøra, setja bœ, efna til bœjar, *to build a farmstead*; (2) *farm, landed estate* (nú búa tveir menn á einum bœ eða fleiri); (3) *town*; í bœ ok í heraði = í kaupangri ok í heraði; borgir ok bœir, *castles and towns*.

bœta (-tta, -ttr), v. (1) *to better, improve* (ár þær, sem mikit bœta landit); b. ráð sitt *(to better one's condition)* ok biðja konu; b. aptr, *to restore*; b. at e-u, *to repair*; b. upp borg, *to repair it*; (2) *to make up for, compensate*; ef þér vilit eigi b. *(make up for)* þat er þér hafit brotit; b. glœp sinn syndir sínar, *to atone for one's crime, sins*; b. e-m e-t, *to compensate one for a thing* (= b. e-t við e-n); Styrr vá mörg víg, en bœtti engi (*viz.* víg), *S. slew many men, but paid for none*; b. mann fé (dat.), *to pay weregild for one slain* (Hrafnkell bœtti engan mann fé); b. sál sína, *to devote one's efforts to the saving of one's soul*; b. um e-t, *to improve a thing*; ekki bœtist um, *matters grow worse*; b. yfir e-t, *to make good again, redress*; (3) *to heal, restore to health*; guð bœtti honum af þessi sótt, *God healed him of his disease*; with gen. of the disease; b. e-m sinnar vanheilsu, *to restore one to health*; refl., e-m bœtist, *one gets better, is restored to health*; with gen. of the disease (bœttist Búa augnaverkjarins).

bœtandi (pl. -endr), m. *one who has to pay weregild*.

bœttr, pp. (cf. 'bœta') *atoned for*; er mér ekki sonr minn at bœttari, þótt Bolli sé drepinn, *my son's death is none the more atoned for though B. is slain*; ok er eigi at bœttra, þótt, *things are no better though*.

bœxl, n. shoulder of a dragon, flipper of a whale.

böð (gen. böðvar), f. poet. *battle*.

böð-frœkinn, a. *valiant in battle, warlike*.

böðvast (að), v. refl. *to become quarrelsome* (böðvaðist at víni).

böggull, m. *a small bag, bundle*, a nickname.

böl (dat. bölvi; gen. pl. bölva), n. *bale, misfortune* (þá er bótin næst, er bölit er hæst).

böl-bœn, f. *imprecation*; -fengi, f. *malice*; -fenginn, a. *evil minded*.

böllóttr, a. *ballshaped, round like a ball* (böllótt eggskurn).

böllr (gen. ballar, dat. belli; pl. bellir, acc. böllu), m. (1) *ball, globe* (b. jarðar); (2) b. svínfylkingar, *the front of a phalanx*.

bölrann, n. *house of woe*; -stafir, m. pl. *'evil' runes, misfortune*.

bölva (að), v. (1) *to curse*, with dat. (2) *to swear*.

bölva-fullr, a. *hapless, cursed*.

bölvan, f. *curse, imprecation*.

bölva-smiðr, m. *the contriver of mischief, Loki*.

böl-víss, a. *'balewise', malignant, mischievious*.

börkr (gen. barkar, dat. berki), m. *bark* (á berki ok á baðmi).

börr, m. *a kind of tree*; b. skjaldar, *warrior* (poet.).

BÖRUR, f. pl. = barar, barir.

D

DAFLA (AÐ), v. *to dabble (splash) with the oars* (þú skalt d. í árum).

DAFNA (AÐ), v. *to thrive* (hann nam at vaxa ok vel dafna).

DAGA (AÐ), v. impers. *to dawn*; eptir um morguninn er trautt var dagat, *at early dawn*; en dagar uppi, *the day dawns upon one (of dwarfs and giants)*.

DAGA-KAUP, n. *daily wages*; fara með -kaup, *to work for daily wages, be a day labourer*.

DAGAN, f. *dawn, daybreak*.

DAGA-TAL, n. *tale of days*.

DAG-BAÐ, n. *daily bath*; -BOLLI, m. *'day-bowl'* (a vessal containing sufficient wine for a whole day); -DRYKKJA, f. *day drinking* (beginning after the 'dagverðr'); -FAR, n., in the phrase, fara -fari (dat.) ok náttfari, *to travel day and night*; -FASTA, f. *fasting by day*; -FÁTT, a. n., in the phrase, e-m verð -fátt, *the day is not long enough for one*; -FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *day's journey*; -GANGA, f. *day's walk*; -LANGR, a. *day-long, lasting all day* (-langt erfiði); -LANGT, as adv. *all through the day*; -LEIÐ, f. *day's journey* (fara fullum dagleiðum); -LENGIS, adv. *all day long*, = -langt; -LIGA, adv. *daily, every day*; -LIGR, a. *daily, occuring every day*; -MÁL, n. pl. *the time about 9 o'clock a.m.*

DAGMÁLA-SKEIÐ, n., -TÍÐ, f. = dagmál.

DAG-MESSA, f. *day-mess* (held at 'dagmál'); -MÖGR, m. *'son of the day'*, poet. *man*.

DAGR (gen. DAGS, dat. DEGI; pl. DAGAR), m. (1) *day*; at kveldi skal dag leyfa, *at eventide shall the day be praised*; dagr kemr upp í austri, sezt í vestri, *the day rises in the east, sets in the west*; öndverðr d., *the early day, forenoon*; miðr d., *mid-day*; hallandi d., *declining day*; at kveldi dags, síð dags, *late in the day*; sannr sem d., *true as day*; í dag, *to-day*; á (*or* um) daginn, *during the day*; sama dags, *the same day*; annan dag, *the next day*; annars dag, *another day*; hindra dags, *the day after, tomorrow*; dag frá degi, hvern dag frá öðrum, *from day to day*; dag eptir dag, *day after day*; nótt ok dag, *night and day*; dögunum optar, *more times than there are days, over and over again*; á deyjanda degi, *on one's death-day*; (2) pl., *days, times*; ef aðrir dagar *(better days)* koma; góðir dagar, *happy days*; (3) esp. pl., *lifetime*; á dögum e-s, um daga e-s, *in the days of, during or in the reign of*; eptir minn dag, *when I am dead* (gaf honum alla sína eign eptir sinn dag); mátti hann eigi lengr gefa en um sína dagi, *than for his lifetime*; ráða (taka) e-n af dögum, *to put to death*.

DAG-RÁÐ, n. (1) *convenient time* (for doing a thing); (2) leita raðs, *to be an observer of days or times* (menn skulu eigi leita ráðs at sýslu sinni); -RÓÐR, m. *day's rowing*; -SANNR, a. *plain* (true) *as day*; þú segir sanna (= hit sanna), *the obvious truth*.

DAGS-BRÚN, f. *the first streak of daylight, daybreak*.

DAG-SETR, n. *nightfall* (um kveld nær -setri).

DAGSETRS-SKEIÐ, n. *the time about nightfall*.

DAG-SETT, pp. n., er -sett var, *when the*

day was at an end, at nightfall.

DAGS-HALD, n. *the celebration of a day*; -HELGR (gen. HELGAR), f. *hallowedness of a day*.

DAG-SKEMTAN, f. *pastime*; -SKJARR, a. *shunning the daylight*; -SLÁTTA, f. *day's mowing* (= three quarters of an acre of grassland).

DAGS-LJÓS, n. *daylight*; -MAGN, n., at magni ærnu, *in full daylight*; -MUNR, m. *a day's difference* (svá at mun sér á).

DAG-STARF, n. *day's work*; -STINGR, m. *daybreak* (rare); -STJARNA, f. *the morning star*; -STUND, f. (1) *day light, a whole day*; (2) *an hour of the day*; -STŒTT, a. n. *fixed as to the day* (eigi höfum vér fundit stœtt, nær signaðr Thomas var kjörinn til erkibiskups).

DAGS-UPPRÁS, f. *dawn, daybreak*; -VERK, n. = dagstarf.

DAG-TÍÐIR, f. pl. *dayservice*; -TÍMI, m. *the time of daylight*.

DAG-VEIZLA, f. *help to win the day*.

DAGVERÐAR-BORÐ, n. *day-meal table* (sitja, snæða, at -borði); -DRYKKJA, f. *the drinking, after* dagverðr, = dagdrykkja; -MÁL, n. *the time of the day-meal*.

DAGVERÐR (VERÐAR, VERÐI, pl. VERÐIR), m. *'day-meal'* (the chief meal, taken at the time of 'dagmál'), = dögurðr; -VILLR, a. *not knowing what day it is*, = daga villr; -VÖXTR, m. *growth of a day*; vaxa -vöxtum, *to grow visibly day by day*; -ÞING, n. *appointed meeting, conference*; -ÞINGA (AÐ), v. *negotiate* (við e-n um e-t); -ÞINGAN, f. (1) *negotiations*; (2) *agreement between parties*.

DALA (AÐ), v. impers. *to become dented* (dalaði ekki né sprakk).

DAL-BÚI, m. = -byggi; -BYGÐ, f. *dale country*; -BYGGI (pl. -JAR), m. *dweller in a dale*; -LAND, n. *dale-ground*.

DALMATIKA, f. *dalmatic*.

DALR (gen. DALS, dat. DAL or DALI, pl. DALAR or DALIR), m. *dale, valley* (djúpir dalir).

DALS-BOTN, m. *bottom* (= *head*) *of a dale*; -MYNNI, n. *mouth of a dale*.

DAL-VERPI, n. *little dale*.

DANA-KONUNGR, m. *King of the Danes*; -VELDI, n. *the Danish empire*; -VIRKI, n. *the Danish wall*.

DANIR, m. pl. *the Danes*.

DANMÖRK, f. *Denmark*.

DANS, m. (1) *dance, dancing*; (2) *dancetune*; slá d., *to strike up a dancetune*; (3) *ballad* (þeir gørðu um hann dansa marga).

DANSA (AÐ), v. *to dance*.

DANSKA, f. *Danish (language)*.

DANSKR, a. *Danish*; dönsk tunga, *the Danish (or old Scandinavian) language*.

DANSLEIKR, m. *dance, dancing*.

DAPI, m. *pool, puddle*, a nickname.

DAPR (acc. DAPRAN), a. *downcast, sad*; of things, *dreary* (d. dagr, daprar nætr, döpr heimkynni).

DAPRAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become faint*; dapraðist honum sundit, *the swimming became difficult for him*.

DAPR-EYGÐR, a. *weak-sighted*; -LIGR, a. *dismal, sad*; daprlig ásjóna, *a sad look*; daprlig kona, *a dismallooking woman*; daprligir draumar, *dismal dreams*.

DARR, n. *spear, dart*; DARRAÐR (gen. -AR), m. = darr; vefr darraðar, *web of spears, woof of war*.

DASAÐR, pp. *weary and exhausted* (from cold or bodily exertions).

DASAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become weary and exhausted*.

DATTA (AÐ), v. *to throb*; dattaði hjarta

hans við, *his heart sank*.

DAUÐA-BÖND, m. pl. (1) *bonds of death*; (2) *wrappings for the dead, winding sheet*; -DAGR, m. *death day, dying day*; -DÓMR, n. *sentence of death*; -DREP, n. *plague*; -DREYRI, m. *blood of death*; -DRUKKINN, pp. *dead drunk*; -DRYKKR, m. *deadly draught*; -DVÓL, f. *delay of one's death*; -DŒGR, n. *death day*; -DŒMDR, pp. *doomed to death*; -FLEINN, m. *deadly shaft*; -FYLGJA, f. '*death-fetch*'; *an apparition boding one's death*; -JÖRÐ, f. *hell*, opp. to 'jörð lifandi manna', 'udáinsakr', *paradise*; -KRAPTR, m. *deadly power*; -KVÖL, f. *deathpang*; -KYN, n. *manner of death*; -LITR, m. *colour (pallor) of death*; -MAÐR, m. *a man doomed to death*; vilja hafa en at manni, *to seek his life*; -MARK, n. *sign of death*; -MEIN, n. mortal disease; -NET, n. *the net of death* (drauga net at em); -ORÐ, n. = banaorð; segja -orð e-s, *to relate one's death*; -PÍNA, f. *capital punishment* (þola -pínu); -RÁÐ, n. *the planning of a person's death*, = banaráð; -RÓG, n. *deadly slander*; -SKATTR, m. *tribute of death*; -SKELLR, m. *death-blow*; á næsta dag eptir datt honum skellr, *he was surprised by death*; -SKULD, f. *the debt of nature* (gjalda skuld); -SLAG, n. *death-blow*; veita e-m -slag, *to strike one dead*; -SLIG, n. *deadly strain* (of the muscles or tendons, of a horse); -SNARA, f. *snare of death*; -SONR, m. = -maðr; -STEYTR, m. = -slag; -STINGR, m. *deadly thrust*; setja em sting, *to kill one*; -STUND, f. *hour of death*; -SVEFN, m. *deadly swoon, fatal sleep*; -SVERÐ, n. *fatal sword*; -SÖK, f. (1) *cause of one's death*; (2) *matter of death, a deed deserving death*; -TÁKN, n. *token of death*; -ÚTLEGÐ, f. *penalty of death*; -VERK, n. = -sök 2.

DAUÐ-DAGI, m. *death, manner of death*; -DRUKKINN, pp. = dauðadrukkinn; -FŒRANDI, pr. p. *death-bringing, deadly* (-fœranda gras, eitr).

DAUÐI, m. *death*; taka dauða, *to meet one's death, die*; d. ferr á e-n, *one is surprised by death*; draga e-m til dauða, *to cause one's death*; sá vegr, er til dauða dregr, *that leads to death*; liggja fyrir dauðanum, *to be dying or on the point of death*.

DAUÐ-LEIKR, m. (1) *deadness, lifelessness*; (2) *the state of being mortal, mortality*; -LIGA, adv. *mortally*; -LIGR, a. (1) *deadly, fatal* (-ligr harmr, -lig synd, -ligt eitr); (2) *liable to death, mortal* (-ligr maðr).

DAUÐR (gen. DAUÐS), m. = dauði (drepa, brenna, e-n til dauðs).

DAUÐR, a. (1) *dead*; verða, vera, d., *to become dead, die*; falla niðr d., *to drop down dead*; ganga d., *to reappear* (of ghosts), = ganga aptr; (2) *inanimate* (dautt fé, opp. to 'kvikfé').

DAUÐ-STADDR, a. *dying, at the point of death*; -STRÁ, n. pl., in the phrase, liggja á -strám, *to be dying* (cf. 'líkstrá', 'nástrá'); -VÁNA, a. indecl. = dauðvænn 2; -VÆNN, a. (1) *deadly, fatal* (-vænn drykkr); (2) *sinking fast, past all hope*; -YFLI, n. *lifeless thing, carcass*.

DAUF-HEYRAST (Ð), v. refl. *to turn a deaf ear to* (við e-t); -HEYRÐR, a. *turning a deaf ear to* (við e-t); -LEIKR, m. *slothfulness, sloth*; -LIGLEIKR, m. *dullness*; -LIGR, a. *lonely, dull* (þótti honum daufligt).

DAUFR, a. *deaf* (dumbir ok daufir).

DAUNAÐR, a., illa d., *evil-smelling*.

DAUN-MIKILL, a. *having a strong (bad) smell*.

DAUNN, m. *bad smell*, opp. to 'ilmr'.

DAUNSEMD, f. *stench, stink*.

DAUNSNA (AÐ), v. *to smell (sniff) at*.

DAUSS, m. *the two at dice, duece*; kasta daus ok ás, *to throw deuce-ace*.

DÁ (DÁI, DÁÐA, DÁÐR), v. *to admire* (dáðu menn mjök dans hans); refl., dást at e-m, *to admire one*.

DÁ, n. *trance, senseless state* (falla í dá, liggja í dái).

DÁÐ, f. (1) *deed*; drýgja d., *to do a daring deed*; (2) *valour, energy* (ef nökkur d. er í þér); (3) *merit, virtue* (syndalauss ok allra dáða fullr).

DÁÐA-FULLR, a. *deedfull*; -LAUSS, a. *voloptuous, sensual*.

DÁÐ-LAUSS, a. *inactive, sluggish, spiritless*; -LEYSI, n. *dastardliness*; -LEYSINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *a good for nothing, worthless person*; -RAKKR, a. *valiant, doughty*; -SEMI, f. *bravery*; -VANDR, a. *virtuous*.

DÁENDI or DÁINDI, n. (1) *excellence*; (2) *admiration*; (3) *miracle*.

DÁLEIKAR, m. pl. *intimacy*.

DÁLIGA, adv. *badly*; -LIGR, a. *bad, evil*; *poor, wretched*.

DÁLKR, m. (1) *a pin* (to fasten a cloak with); (2) *dagger*.

DÁMAÐR, a. *tasted flavoured* (þat er dámat allíkt mungáti).

DÁMGÓÐR, a. *well-flavoured*.

DÁMR, m. *flavour* (illr d.).

DÁNAR-ARFR, m. *inheritance from one deceased*; -DAGR, m., -DŒGR, n. *day of death*; -FÉ, n. = -arfr.

DÁR, n. *scoff*; draga d. at e-m, *to make game or jest of one, to ridicule one*; cf. 'dára'.

DÁR, a., scarcely used except in the neut., 'dátt,' (1) e-m verðr dátt við e-t, *one is startled at a thing* (við þau tíðendi varð honum svá dátt, sem hann væri steini lostinn); (2) e-m verðr dátt um e-t, *one is pleased with a thing*; svá var dátt með þeim, at, *they were on such friendly terms that*; gera sér dátt við en, *to be very familiar with one*; þá var nú í dátt efni komit, *they had come to be good friends*.

DÁRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to mock, make sport of one*, with acc.; (2) *to impose upon one*; d. e-t af e-m, *to cheat one out of a thing*.

DÁRA-SAMLIGR, a. *foolish*; -SKAPR, m. (1) *scoff, mockery*; gøra -skap at e-u, *to make sport of*; (2) *imposition, fraud*.

DÁRI, m. *fool, buffoon*.

DÁRUSKAPR, m. = dáraskapr.

DÁ-SAMA (AÐ), v. *to admire*; -SAMANDI, *admirable*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *admirably, wonderfully*; -SAMLIGR, a. *admirable, wonderfull*; -SEMD, f. (1) *admiration*; (2) *marvellous glory*; -SEMI, f. = -semd.

DÁSI, m. *sluggard*.

DÁVÆNN, a. *very pretty*.

DEGING, f. *drawn, drawing*.

DEGRADERA (AÐ), v. *degrade, dismiss* (d. en af vígslu).

DEIG, n. *dough*.

DEIGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make soft, to weaken*.

DEIGJA, f. *servantmaid, dairymaid* (deigja eðr önnur hjún).

DEIGR, a. (1) *soft*, of metal; (2) *timid, cowardly*.

DEILA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to divide into parts*; sú á, er deilir með jötna sonum grund ok með goðum, *that river which parts the giants and the gods*; alit þat land, er vatnsföll deila til sjófar, *of which the rivers form the boundaries down to the sea*; vildi H. bæði kjósa ok d., *H. would both choose and deal* (viz. divide the catch in shares and choose for himself the share he liked best); láta en kjósa ok d., *to give*

one an arbitrary power in a case; with dat. (hversu má keisarinn d. sér í tvá staði); (2) *to deal out, apportion, allot*; deildr hlutr, *a share allotted to one*; d. dögurð, mat á málum, *to deal out portions of food in a household*; d. víg með verum, *to deal victory fairly among men*; (3) *to distinguish, discern*, = greina; eptir þat sá sól ok mátti þá d. ættir, *they could then discern the quarters of heaven*; d. liti, *to discern colours*; eigi deilir litr kosti (acc. pl.), *colour is no sure test of the quality*; (4) *to busy or occupy oneself with, deal with* (engi maðr á önnur mál at d. í kirkju, nema biðja fyrir sér); hann við Ríg rúnar deildi, *he capped ritnes (spells) with R.*; d. orðspeki við e-n, *to contend in learning with one*; þótt hringbrotar heiptir deili, *though men hate one another*; d. kníf ok kjötstykki, *to share knife and meat*; (5) d. við e-n, *to quarrel with one* (d. við heimska hali); deili gröm við þik, *may the fiends bandy words with thee*; d. um e-t, *to quarrel, contest about*; þeir deildu um *(they have a lawsuit about)* jarðir; d. á e-n, *to contend against one*; d. illyrðum, illdeildum, *to chide, abuse one another*; d. afli, ofríki, við e-n, *to deal harshly and overbearingly with one*; impers., ef í þat deilir, *if there be dissent on that point*; ef í deilir með þeim, *if they disagree*; (6) *to be master of, possess* (d. bauga, fé); hug skaltu d., *thou shalt control thy mind (feelings)*; þar er munuð deilir, *when love is concerned, in a matter of love*; (7) refl., deilast, *to spread, branch off* (svá viða sem kristni deilist um heim); meðan mér deilist lífit til, *as long, as life is granted me*; d. at e-u, *to disagree about a thing*.

DEILA, f. *disagreement, contest*; eiga, halda, deilu við e-n, *to quarrel or contend with one*.

DEILD, f. (1) *dole, share*; fara at deildum, *to be parcelled out*; fá illt ór deildum, *to get a bad share, be worsted*; í nökkuri d., *partly*; í aðra d., í þriðju d., *secondly, thirdly*; (2) *quarrel, contest, litigation*; leggja mál í d., *to make a matter the subject of a lawsuit*.

DEILDARARFR, m. *inheritance in shares*; -LIÐ, n. *strong body of men that can be divided into detachments*.

DEILI, n. pl. *distinctive features*; kunna, vita öll (engi) d. á e-u, *to know all* (nothing) *about a thing*; sá þó öll d. á. honum, *all his features were visible*.

DEILIR, m. *one who deals out, distributor*; bauga d., *giver of* rings; sverða d., *warrior, hero* (poet.).

DEILIS-STEINN, m. *boundary stone*.

DEILU-EFNI, n. *matter of dispute*; -GJARN, a. *quarrelsome, contentious*; -MÁL, n. *quarrel*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *likely to lead to a quarrel*.

DEKAN (pl. -AR), m. *deacon*, = djákn.

DEKRETA (AÐ), v. *to decree* (rare).

DEKRETA, f. *decree* (rare).

DENGÐ, f., DENGING, f. *the sharpening, of a scythe by hammering* (cf. 'lédenging').

DENGIR, m. *one who hammers or sharpens*, a nickname.

DENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to beat, to hammer*; (2) *to sharpen* (a scythe) *by hammering*; (3) *to egg on*.

DEPILL (dat. DEPLI), m. *spot, dot*.

DES (-JAR, -JAR), f. *hayrick*.

DETTA (DETT; DATT, DUTTUM; DOTTINN), v. *to drop, fall*; d. niðr dauðr, *to drop down dead*; duttu þær ofan, *they tumbled down*; sauðfénaðr datt niðr unnvörpum *(dropped down, died suddenly, in heaps)* í megrð; spjót dettr ór hendi

e-m, *the spear drops out of one's hand*; dauðinn dettr á, *comes on suddenly*; datt norðanveðrit í logn, *the north wind fell altogether*; láta e-t d. niðr, *to let a matter drop*.

DETTHENDR, a. *a kind of metre*.

DETTIYRÐI, n. *scoff, sneers*.

DETTR, m. *thump* (heyrðu þeir brest ok dett sem nakkvat félli).

DETT-YRÐI, n. = detti-yrði.

DEYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to kill, put to death*; (2) *to make null and void* (d. dóm); d. líkamliga löstu, girndir holdsins, d. sik, *to mortify the lusts of the flesh*.

DEYÐR, a. *deserving of, liable to, death* (dræpr ok d.).

DEYFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to make deaf* (daufr); impers., hann deyfi, *he became deaf*; (2) *to make blunt* (d. egg, sverð, vápn); (3) *to soothe, allay* (d. kvalar, sakar).

DEYFÐ, f., DEYFI, f. *deafness*.

DEYJA (DEY; DÓ, DÓUM; DÁINN), v. *to die* (deyr fé, deyja frændr); hann dó af eitri, ór sárum, *he died of poison, from wounds*; á deyjanda degi, *on one's dying day, on one's deathbed* of a limb (dó fótleggrinn allr); of inanimate things, dáinn arfr, *an inheritance left to the heir*.

DEYNA (-DA, -T), v. *to stink*.

DEYNING, f. *stink, stench*.

DIGLA (AÐ), v. *to drip* (diglaði niðr úr kyrtlinum).

DIGNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to lose temper* (of steel); (2) *to lose heart*.

DIGR (acc. DIGRAN), a. (1) *big, stout*, opp. to 'grannr'; d. sem naut, *big as an ox*; d. fótr, *a big leg*; hon gekk d. með tveim, *she was big with twins*; (2) *thick*, = þjokkr, opp. to 'þunnr'; digrt belti, *a thick belt*; nautssíða feit ok d., *a fat and thick side of beef*; (3) of sound, *deep* (þat hljóð er digrara); (4) *big, haughty*; digr orð, *big words, threats*; gera sik digran, *to puff oneself up*.

DIGRAST (AÐ), v. refl. (1) *to grow big*, of a pregnant woman; (2) *to make oneself big, become haughty* (eigi digrast hann eða drambar).

DIGRBARKLIGA, adv. *haughtily, boastfully* (láta, mæla, barkliga).

DIGRBEINN, a. *biglegged*.

DIGRÐ, f. *bigness, thickness*.

DIGR-HÁLSAÐR, a. *bignecked*, = hálsdigr; -LEIKR, m. (1) *bigness*; (2) of sound, *deepness, lowness of pitch*; -LIGA, adv. *haughtily* (láta -liga); -LIGR, a. *big, haughty* (-lig orð, andsvör); -NEFJAÐR, a. *big-nosed*, = nefdigr; -YRÐI, n. pl. *big words*.

DIGULL (pl. DIGLAR), m. (1) *a hanging drop, drip*; (2) *crucible, meltingpot*.

DIK, n. run, leap; taka d., *to take to running*.

DIKT, n. *a composition in Latin*.

DIKTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to compose in Latin* (d. ok skrifa bréf á Látínu); (2) *to bring about, make*; (3) *to invent, devise, think out* (hann gerir á sömu leið sem fjandinn fyrir honum diktar).

DIKTAN, f. *composition in Latin*.

DIKTR, m. = dikt (rare).

DILKFÉ, n. *ewes together with their lambs* (dilkfjáreign).

DILKR, m. *a sucking-lamb, kid, calf, pig* (þótt kýr leiði dilka).

DILKSHÖFUÐ, n. *lamb's head*.

DILKÆR, f. *a ewe with a lamb*.

DIMMA (AÐ), v. *to make dark, darken*; impers., um kveldit, er d. tók, *when it begtin to grow dark*; tekr at d. af nótt, *the night comes on*; refl., dimmast, *to grow*

dark (er nótt dimmaðist).

DIMMA, f. *darkness* (d. nætrinnar); dimmu dregr á et, *it begins to look gloomy, threatening*.

DIMMHLJÓÐR, a. = dimmraddaðr.

DIMMAR, a. *dim, dark, gloomy*; døkkt ok dimmt ský, *a dim and dark cloud*; em verðr dimmt fyrir augum, *one sees dimly*.

DIMM-RADDAÐR, a. *deep-voiced*.

DIRFA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to make bold*; esp. d. sik *or* dirfast, *to dare*; dirfast til es *or* at e-u, *to have courage for a thing*; bœndr dirfðust mjök við Birkibeina, *became bold, impudent*; dirfast at gera et, *to dare to do a thing*.

DIRFÐ, f. *boldness courage*.

DIROKKR, m. *drudge*.

DISKORDA (AÐ), v. *to disagree with* (við en).

DISKR (-S, -AR), m. *plate, dish*.

DISPUTA (AÐ), DISPUTERA (AÐ), v. *to dispute*.

DÍAR, m. pl. *gods or priests*.

DÍKI, m. *dike, ditch*.

DÍLI, m. *spot, mark*.

DÍS (pl. DÍSIR), f. (1) *sister* (heitir ok systir d.); (2) *a female guardian angel, goddess*; (3) *maid*.

DÍSA-BLÓT, n. *a sacrifice to the* dísir; -SALR, m. *hall (temple) of the disir*.

DÍVISERA (AÐ), v. *to distribute*.

DJARF-LEIKR, m. *boldness, courage*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *boldy*; (2) *certainly* (þat væri -liga minn dauði); -LIGR, a. *bold, daring*; -MANNLIGR, a. *boldlooking*; -MÆLTR, a. *bold of speech*.

DJARFR, a. *bold, daring* (d. í orrustum); d. ok dularfullr, *impudent and arrogant*.

DJARFTŒKI, n. *boldness in taking*; TŒKR, a. *bold in taking*.

DJÁKN (-S, -AR), m., DJÁKNI, m. *deacon*.

DJÁSN, n. *disdain*.

DJÚP, n. (1) *deep water, deep place*; (2) *the deep sea, deep* (kastaði hann øxinni fyrir borð á djúpi); (3) *pit* (d. helvítis).

DJÚP-AUÐIGR, a. *very, rich*; -HUGAÐR, a. *sagacious, ingenious*; -HYGGJA, f. *sagacity*; -LEIKR, m. *depth*; -LIGR, a. *deep, profound* (-lig ráð).

DJÚPR, a. (1) *deep* (d. sær, djúp tjörn, djúpt vatn); d. höttr, *a deep hat* (coming down over the eyes); (2) *heavy, severe* (djúp laun ok ill); neut., djúpt, as adv., *deep, deeply*; leggjast djúpt, *to dive deep*.

DJÚP-RÁÐR, -RÁÐUGR, a. *deep-counselling, cunning*; -RÆÐI, n. *deep-scheming*; -SETTR, pp. (1) *deep-laid* (-sett ráð, orð); (2) *deep, penetrating*.

DJÚPS-HÖFN, f. *fishing-line*.

DJÚP-SÆI, f. *deep-seeing, penetration*.

DJÚP-SÆR, a. *penetrating*; -ÚÐIGR, a. *deepminded*; -VITR, a. *deeply wise, profound, sagacious*.

DJÖFLA-BLÓT, n. *worshipping of devils*; -FLOKKR, m. *host of devils*; MÓT, n. *meeting of devils*.

DJÖFULL (dat. DJÖFLI, pl. DJÖFLAR), m. *devil*; freq. *as a term of abuse* (taki þér djöful þenna).

DJÖFUL-LIGR, a. *devilish*.

DJÖFUL-ÓÐR, a. *possessed*.

DJÖFULS-KRAPTR, m. *diabolical power*; -PRESTR, m. *priest of the devil*.

DJÖFUL-ŒRR, a. = djöfulóðr.

DJÖRFUNG, f. *boldness, daring feat* (þá djörfung þorði engi at gøra).

DJÖRFUNGAR-FULLR, a. *bold, audacious*.

DOÐKA, f. *a kind of bird*.

DOÐNA (AÐ), v. *to become insensible*.

DOÐR-KVISA, f. *a kind of bird*.

DOFI, m. *torpor, numbness*; DOFINN, a. *benumbed, dead*, of limbs (d. er mér fótr

minn); DOFNA (AÐ), v. *to lose vitality or force, to become benumbed* (eitrormarnir dofna af nætr kuldanum) *to become dead, of limbs* (dofnaði höndin); hugrinn dofnar, *the mind gets heavy*; impers., dofnar yfir e-u, *the matter begins to die down*.

DOKI, m. *strip, shred* (rísta blæjur í sundr í doka).

DOKKA, f. *windlass*.

DOPARR, m., DOPPA, f. *knob, boss* (of metal).

DORG, f. *trailingline* (þeir reru með dorgar sínar at smáfiski).

DOTTR, m. *a poor, wretched creature* (hestr er þeir kalla dott).

DÓLG, n. *direful enmity*; DÓLG-LIGA, adv. *in a hostile manner* (láta -liga).

DÓLGR, m. *enemy, fiend*; dauðir dólgar, *ghosts*.

DÓLG-RÖGNIR, m. poet. *warrior*; -SPOR, n. *gaping wounds*; -VIÐR, m. = -rögnir.

DÓMA-DAGR, *doomsday*, = dómsdagr.

DÓMANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *judge*, = dómari.

DÓMARA-SÆTI, n. *judgement-seat*.

DÓMARI, m. *judge* (dómarans er at sitja).

DÓM-FÉ, n. *fee or payment fixed by sentence*; -FESTA, f. *submiting to subpœna*; -FLOGI, m. *defaulter* (from court); -HRINGR, m. *'judgement-ring'*; -HÚS, n. *court-house*; -KIRKJA, f. *cathedral*; -LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. *to lay before a court*; -LIGR, a. *judicial*; -ligt atkvæði, *judgement*; -NEFNA, f. *the nomination of judges*.

DÓMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *opinion, judgement* (d. um dauðan hvern); (2) *judicial decision, decree, judgement, sentence*; stríðr d., *a severe judgement*; réttlátr í dómum, *impartial as judge*; segja upp dóm, *to pronounce* (pass) *sentence*; (3) *court* (of judicature), *the body of judges*; ganga í dóm, *to go into court, take one's seat in court*; setja dóm, *to set the court, to let the judges take their seats*; sitja í dómi, *to sit in judgement or in court*; nefna dóm, *to nominate (appoint) the judges*; sœkja mál í dóm, *to prosecute a lawsuit in court*; hleypa upp dómi, *to break up the court by force*; bera fé í dóm, *to bribe the court*; ryðja dóm, *to challenge the court*; mál ferr í dóm, *a case goes into court*; (4) *state, condition*; heiðinn d., *heathenism*; kristinn d., *the Christian faith*; (5) heilagr d., helgir dómar, *relic, relics*; (6) in compds., *-dom, -head, -hood* (guðdómr, *Godhead*, manndómr, *manhood*, konungdómr, *kingdom*, &c.).

DÓM-ROF, n. *disregard of judgement*; -RUÐNING, f. *challenging of judges*.

DÓMS-DAGR, m. *doomsday, day of judgement* (á -degi, þá er guð kemr at dœma illt mannkyn).

DÓM-SETA, f. *sitting in court, judgement*; -SETNING, f. *setting or opening the court*.

DÓMS-MAÐR, m. *judge*; -ORÐ, n. *judgement, sentence*.

DÓM-SPEKT, f. *acuteness of judgement, wise discernment*; -STAÐR, m. *a place in which a court is held*; -STEFNA, f. *summoning, citing*; -STÓLL, m. *judgement-seat, tribunal*; -SÆTI, n. = -stóll; -SÆTR, a. *qualified to sit in a court as a lawful judge* (eiga -sætt); -VARZLA, f. *the guarding of a court*; -VÖRZLUMAÐR, m. *a man who guards the court*.

DÓTTIR (gen., dat., and acc., DÓTTUR, pl. DŒTR), f. *daughter*.

DRAF, n. *draf, husk*.

DRAFL, n. *idle talk, tattle*.

DRAFLI, m. *curdled milk when cooked*.

DRAFLS-YRÐI, n. = drafl.

DRAFNA (AÐ), v. *to become rotten as draff* (d. sundr).

DRAG, n. (1) *the iron rim under the keel of a boat or a sled*; fig., leggja d. undir ofmetnað e-s, *to encourage one's spirit*; (2) *an additional line to a stanza*.

DRAGA (DREG; DRÓ, DRÓGUM; DREGINN), v. (1) *to draw, drag, pull*; d. heim viðinn, *to drag the logs home*; d. árar, *to pull the oars*; absol., drógu þeir skjótt eptir, *they soon pulled up to them*; d. boga, *to draw the bow*; d. segl, *to hoist sails* (= d. upp segl); d. fisk, *to catch, pull up fish with a line*; d. kvernstein, *to turn the millstone, to grind*; við ramman mun reip at d., *it will be pulling a rope against a strong man*, i. e. *it will be a difficult task*; (2) *to draw, inhale* (d. úþefjan með nösum); d. nasir af e-u, *to smell a thing*; d. öndina, *to breathe, live*; (3) *to procure, earn, gain* (þegar hann hafði fé dregit sem hann vildi); d. e-m e-t, *to procure (or get) one a thing* (eigi sögðust þeir vita, at hann drœgi Haraldi ríki); (4) *to employ as a measure* (d. kvarða við viðmál); (5) *to prolong protract* (dvalir þessar drógu tímann); (6) *to delay, put off, defer*; vil ek þessi svör ekki láta d. fyrir mér lengi, *I will not wait long for these answers*; hann dró um þat engan hlut, *he made no subterfuge*; (7) *to delineate, draw a picture* (var dregit á skjöldinn leo með gulli); í þann tíma sem hann dregr klæðaföllin *(the folds)*; (8) *to trim or line garments* (treyjan var dregin útan ok innan við rauða silki); with dat., hjálmr hans var dreginn leiri *(overlaid with clay)*, er áðr var (dreginn) gulli; (9) intrans *to move, draw*; drógu þeir þeim svá nær *(came so near to them)*, at; (10) with preps.; d. föt, skóklædi af e-m, *to pull off one's clothes, shoes*; d. hring af hendi sér, *to take off a ring from one's hand*; dró hann þá grunninu, *he pulled them off the shallow*; d. e-t af e-u, *to draw, derive from a source*; d. e-t af, *to take off* (Þ. hafði látit af d. brúna); d. e-t af við e-n, *to keep back, withhold, from one*; man héðan af eigi af dregit við oss, *henceforth we shall no be neglected, stinted*; Egill dró at sér skipit, *E. pulled the ship close up to himself*; d. vél at e-m, *to draw wiles around one*; d. spott, skaup, at e-u, *to hold a thing up to ridicule*; d. at lið, föng, *to collect troops, stores*; dró at honum sóttin, *the illness drew closer to him, he grew worse*; impers., dró at mætti hans, dró at um matt hans, *his strength declined (fell off)*; til þess er dró at degi, *till the day drew near*; þá er dregr at jólum, *when Yule drew near*; dró at því *(the time drew near)*. at hann væri banvænn; tók þá at d. fast at heyjum hans, *his stock of hay was rapidly diminishing*; svá dregr at mér af elli, svengd, þorsta, *I am so overcome by old age, hunger, thirst*; nú þykki mér sem fast dragi at þér, *that thou art sinking fast*; d. hring á hönd sér, *to put a ring on one's hand*; d. (grun) á e-t, *to suspect*; d. á vetr, *to rear through the winter* (Hrafnkell dró á vetr kálf ok kið); impers., dregr á tunglit, *the moon is obscured* (= dregr myrkr á tunglit); dimmu þykkir d. á ráðit Odds, *it looks as if a cloud was drawing over Odds' affairs*; dregr á gleði biskups, *the bishop's gladness was obscured*; d. eptir e-m, *to gain on one* (Þórarinn sótti ákaft róðrinn ok hans menn, ok drógu skjótt eptir þeim Steinólfi ok Kjallaki); d. eptir e-m um e-t, *to approach one, to be nearly equal to one, in a thing*; um margar íþróttir *(in many accomplishments)* dró hann fast ep-

tir Ólafi konungi; d. e-t fram, *to produce, bring forward* (d. fram athugasamlig dœmi); *to further, promote* (d. fram hlut e-s); d. fram kaupeyri sinn, *to make money*; d. fram skip, *to launch a ship*; impers., dregr frá, *(cloud darkness) is drawn off*; hratt stundum fyrir, en stundum dró frá, *(clouds) drew sometimes over, sometimes off*; dregr fyrir sól, tungl, *the sun, moon is obscured by clouds or eclipse* (tunglskin var ljóst, en stundum dró fyrir); ok er í tók at d. skúrirnar, *when showers began to gather*; d. e-ð saman, *to collect, gather* (d. lið, her, skip saman); impers., saman dró kaupmála með þeim, *they struck a bargain*; saman dró hugi þeirra, *their hearts were drawn together*; dregr þá saman *or* dregr saman með þeim, *the distance between them grows less*; d. e-t í sundr, *to draw asunder, disjoin* (vil ek eigi d. í sundr sættir yðrar); impers., dregr þá í sundr *or* dregr í sundr með þeim, *the distance between them increases*; d. e-n til e-s, *to move, prompt, induce*; engi ofkæti dregr mik til þessarar ferðar, *it is not from wantonness that I undertake this journey*; slíkt dregr hann til vinsældar, *this furthers his popularity*; ef hann drógi ekki til, *if he was not concerned*; d. e-t til dœmis um e-t, *to adduce as a proof of*; hann hét at d. allt til sætta *(to do everything in his power for reconciliation)* með þeim Skota konungi; impers., nema til verra dragi, *unless matters turn out for the worse*; with dat., þat samband þeirra, er þeim dregr báðum til bana, *which will prove fatal to both of them*; at hér mundi til mikillar úgiptu d. um kaup þessi, *that much mischief would arise from this bargain*; dró þá enn til sundrþykkju með þeim Svíum, *the old feud with the Swedes began all over again*; svá er þat, segir R., ef ekki dregr til, *unless some unforesceen thing happens*; d. e-t undan e-m, *to seek to deprive one of a thing* (þeir hafa bundizt í því at d. bœndr undan þér); d. et undan, *to delay* (drógu Skotar undan sættina); hví dregr þú undan at bjóða mér til þín? *why dost thou put off inviting me to come?*; d. rót undan (tölu), *to extract the root*; d. undan em, *to escape from one* (nú lægir seglin þeirra ok draga þeir undan oss); impers., hann (acc.) dró undan sem nauðuligast, *he had a narrow escape*; lítt dró enn undan við þik, *there was little chance of drawing out of thy reach*; d. e-t undir sik, *to apropriate or take fraudulently to oneself* (hafði dregit undir sik finnskattinn); impers., dró yðr (acc.) undir hrakningina, en oss (acc.) undan, *you came in for hard uasge but we escaped*; d. upp skip, *to drag a ship ashore*; d. upp segl, *to hoist a sail (sails)*; d. upp fisk, *to pull up fish with a line*; impers., þoku dregr upp, *fog is coming on*; (11) refl., dragast, *to draw oneself, move*; d. aptr á leið, *to remain behind*; d. á hendr e-m, *to gather around one*; d. á e-t, *to give a partial promise* (Þorvarðr dróst á at ljá Sturlu sverðit, ok fórst þat fyrir); d. á legg, *to grow up*; þegar honum dróst aldr, *when her grew up*; e-m dragast penningar, *one maks money*; herr, lið, drengt e-m, *troops gather round one*; d. vel, illa, *to do well, ill*; dróst þá liðit mjök af kulda, *the host suffered much from cold*; þau drógust *(they pulled against each other, fought)* um einn gullhring; Sigvaldi dregst út frá flotanum, *S. drains away from the fleet*; d. við e-t, *to become discouraged*.

DRAGA, f. only in pl. 'drögur', (1) *timber carried on horseback and trailing along the ground*; (2) metric term, *repetition,*

anadiplosis (when a stanza begins with the last word of the preceding one).

DRAGI, m. *trail or long line of laden horses*.

DRAG-KYRTILL, m. *a trailing kirtle or gown*; -LOKA, f. *bolt*; fig. *loiterer*; -MÁLL, a. *drawing*.

DRAGNA (AÐ), v. *to drag, trail oneself along* (hann dragnar síðan heim at búrinu); refl., dragnast = dragna.

DRAGNA-HROSS, n. *a horse carrying timber* ('drögur').

DRAG-NÁL, f. *bodkin*; -NET, n. *drag-net*; -REIP, n. *halyard*.

DRAGSA (AÐ), v. *to drag along*.

DRAG-SÍÐR, a. *trailing behind* (-síðar silkislœðr).

DRAMB, n. (1) *arrogance* (ofbeldi ok dramb); (2) *pomp*.

DRAMBA (AÐ), v. *to be haughty, behave with arrogance* (d. við em, í móti em); d. af e-u, *to pride oneself on*; d. yfir sér, *to boast*; d. yfir em, *to lord it over one, look down upon one*.

DRAMBAN, f. *haughty behaviour*.

DRAMB-HOSUR, f. pl. *a sort of 'court-breeches'*; -LAUSS, a. *unpresuming, modest*; -LÁTLIGA, adv. *haughtilly*; -LÁTR, a. *haughty*; LÆTI, n. *haughtiness, pride*.

DRAMBLÆTIS-KONA, a. *proud woman*.

DRAMB-SAMLIGA, adv. *haughtily*; -SAMLIGR, a. *haughty* (samligr metnaðr); SAMR, a. *haughty, proud*; SEMI, f. *haughtiness*, pride.

DRAMBSEMIS-ANDI, m. *spirit of pride*; FÓTR, m. *a foot showing pride* (hefja fót í mót em); HALS, m. *haughty person*.

DRAMBSKAPR, m. *arrogance*.

DRAMBSMAÐR, m. *a haughty person*.

DRAMB-VÍSI, f. = -semi; -VÍSS, a. = -samr; -YRÐI, n. pl. *proud speech, haughty language*.

DRANGR (-S, -AR), m. *a detached pillar of rock*.

DRANGSTEINN, m. = drangr.

DRASILL, m. poet. *horse*, = drösull.

DRATTA (AÐ), v. *to drag, trail oneself along*.

DRAUGHENT, a. n. *a sort of metre*; HÚS, n. pl. *'house of ghosts', burial mound* (poet.).

DRAUGR (-S, -AR), m. *the dead inhabitant of a cairn, ghost, spirit*.

DRAUMA-MAÐR, m. *a great dreamer*; -RÁÐNING, f. *reading of dreams*; -SKRIMSL, n. *dreammonster, phantasm*; -VETR, m. *winter of dreams*.

DRAUM-HEILL, n. *divination by dreams*; -KONA, f. *'dreamwoman', one who appears in dreams*; -LIGR, a. *dreamlike* (-lig sjónhverfing); -MAÐR, m. *a man who appears in dreams*; -ÓRAR, m. pl. *dream-fantasies*.

DRAUMR (-S, -AR), m. *dream*; eigi er mark at draumum, *dreams are not worth noticing*; segja em draum, *to tell one's dream to another*; ráða draum, *to read (interpret) a dream*; d. rætist, *a dream proves true*; vakna eigi við góðan draum, *to awake from a bad dream*; em er draums, *one dreams, is in a trance*.

DRAUMSKRÖK, n. pl. *dreamphantasm*; SPAKR, a. *skilled in interpreting dreams*; SPEKI, f. *skill in interpreting dreams*; SPEKINGR, m. *a skilfull interpreter of dreams*; STOLI, a. *one who never dreams* (cf. þat er eigi manns eðli, at hann dreymi aldri'); ÞING, n. *assembly of dreams*, poet. *sleep*.

DRÁK, DRÁKA, f. *streak*.

DRÁP, n. *slaughter, killing*.

DRÁPA, f. *a heroic laudatory poem with refrains in the central portion* (contrasted

with ‘flokkr’).

DRÁPGJARN, a. *bloodthirsty*.

DRÁPUMÁL, n. *a lawsuit concerning a drápa*.

DRÁPVEÐR, n. *destructive gale*.

DRÁTTR (gen. -AR, dat. DRÆTTI, pl. DRÆTTIR, acc. DRÁTTU), m. (1) *pull*; (2) *draught of fish*; *draught of a seine*; (3) *hesitation*, = undandráttr.

DREGG (-JAR, -JAR), f. *yeast, leaven*.

DREGILL (dat. DREGLI), m. *ribbon*.

DREGINN, pp. of ‘draga’. (1) *drawn, pinched, starved* (hestar mjök dregnir); (2) *long* (of vowels).

DREGLAÐR, pp. *furnished with ribbons, laced*.

DREGLAHÚFA, f. *a laced cap*; LIÐ, n. *soldiers decorated with ribbons* = dreglat lið.

DREIF, f. *scattering*; drepa e-u á d., *to scatter about*; fig. *to throw or cast aside, to let drop*; þeir drápu öllu á d. um þessa fyrirætlun, *gave it up altogether*; (2) *string or chain* (valrinn komst hvergi, því at dreifarnar héldu honum).

DREIFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to scatter, disperse*, with dat. (dreifðu þeir þá öllu liðinu); *to strew* (tak duft ok dreif á sárit); *to sprinkle* (d. vatni umhverfis stein); d. en blóði, *to bedabble one with blood*; reflex., dreifast, *to be spread out*; (2) *to derive* (d. orð af orði).

DREIFING, f. *scattering, diffusion*; d. blóðs, *effusion of blood*.

DREIFT, adv. *scatteredly*; fara d., *to march in loose order* (of troops).

DREITA (-TTA, -TTR), v., in the phrase, d. en inni, *to shut one up so as to force him to ease himself* (drita) *within doors*.

DREKA-HAMR, m. *slough of a dragon*; -BŒLI, n. *lair of a dragon*; -HÖFUÐ, n. *a dragon’s head on a ship’s prow*; -LÍKI, n. *shape of a dragon*; -MERKI, n. *a banner bearing the sign of a dragon*.

DREKI, m. (1) *dragon*; (2) *ship of war (bearing a dragon’s head as an ornament at the prow)*.

DREKKA (DREKK; DRAKK, DRUKKUM; DRUKKINN), v. (1) *to drink* (d. mjöð, öl, mungát); d. full, minni, horn, *to drink a toast, cup, horn*; d. drykk, *to drink a draught* (þú skalt d. af tvá drykki); d. brjóst spena, *to suck*; d. úmælt, *without measure*; d. fast (mjök), *to drink hard*; d. e-n af stokki, *to drink one under the table*; d. sér lítit vit, d. frá sér vit ilit, *to drink away one’s reason*; (2) *to hold, celebrate a feast* (d. veizlu, brullaup, erfi); (3) with preps., d. af keri, *to drink out of a vessel* (drukku þeir af einu silfrkeri); *to drink off (empty) a vessel, cup* (hann tók við horninu ok drakk af); d. á e-n, *to drink to a person*; refl., drekkast á, *to drink to one another*; impers., drekkr á e-n, *one ships a sea*; d. til e-s = d. á e-n; d. e-t út, *to consume or spend in drinking*.

DREKKA, f. (1) *drink, beverage*; (2) *a drinking feast or banquet*; Ægis d., *the drinking at Ægir’s*.

DREKKANDI, ger. *drinkable* (mátti hvergi vatn finna, þat er drekkanda væri).

DREKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to put under water, submerge*, with dat. (d. skipi); drekktust þrjár snekkjur fyrir atróðri þeirra, *were sunk*; (2) *to drown*; impers., em drekkir, *one gets drowned*; (3) fig. *to quell, suppress* (d. kristninni).

DREMBI-LIGA, adv. *haughtily*.

DRENGI-LIGA, adv. *bravely*; -LIGR, a. (1) *brave, valiant*; (2) *generous*.

DRENGJA (da, dr), v., naut. term, *to bind fast, haul taut to a pole* (drengr).

DRENGJAVAL, n. *a choice company of gal-*

lant men.

DRENGLEYSI, n. *want of generosity, unmanliness*; LUNDAÐR, LYNDR, a. *noble-minded, generous*; MAÐR, m. (1) = drengr I (2) *bachelor*, opp. to 'bóndi'; MANNLIGR, a. *nobleminded, gentlemanly*; MENSKA, f. *noblemindedness*.

DRENGR (-S, pl. -IR, gen. -JA), m. (1) *a bold, valiant, chivalrous man*; d. góðr, *a goodhearted, nobleminded man* (auðigr at fé ok d. góðr); ekki þykki mér þú sterkr, en d. ertu *g., but thou art a good fellow*; drengir, en eigi dáðleysingjar, *gallant men, and no fainthearts*; at þú mættir drengrinn af verða sem beztr, *that you might get the greatest credit from it*; hafa dreng í serk, *to have a stout heart in one's breast*; (2) *a young unmarried man* (drengir heita ungir menn búlausir, meðan þeir afla sér fjár eða orðstírs); (3) *attendant* (þeir heita konungs drengir, er höfðingjum þjóna); (4) *fellow* (lætr síðan sverðit ríða á hálsinn á þeim leiða dreng); (5) *pole* cf. 'ásdrengr'.

DRENGS-AÐAL, n. *the nature of a* drengr; -BÓT, f. *what makes a man the better* drengr; -BRAGÐ, n. *a brave or gallant deed*.

DRENGSKAPAR-FALL, n. *failure in* drengskapr; -RAUN, f. *test, trial of one's* drengskapr.

DRENG-SKAPR (gen. -SKAPAR), m. *high-mindedness, courage*; falla með skap, *to fall fighting bravely*; með litlum skap, *cowardly*; þínum skap *(manliness)* skal ek við bregða.

DRENGSVERK, n. *a noble need*.

DREP, n. (1) *bodily hurt, blow* (þat er d. ef bein brotna); (2) *killing, slaying*, = dráp; (3) *plague, pestilence*, = drepsótt; (4) *mortification, gangrene*.

DREPA (DREP; DRAP, DRÁPUM; DREPINN), v. I. with acc. or absol.; (1) *to strike, beat, knock*; d. e-n vendi, *to strike one with a rod*; hann tók hörpu sína ok drap strengi *(struck the strings)* til sláttar; d. járn, *to hammer iron*; d. *or* d. högg á dyrr, *to knock at the door*; d. botn úr keraldi, *to knock the bottom out of a tub*; at eigi drepir þú mik í dúp, *that you knock me not into the deep*; d. í hel, í dauða, til heljar, *to smite to death*; (2) *to kill, slay* (skulu vér nú fara at honum ok d. hann); (3) in a game of chess, *to take* a piece (þá drap jarl af honum riddara); (4) *to produce by a blow or blows*; d. eld, *to strike, fire* (= d. upp eld); d. slóð, *to make a trail* (drápu kyrtlarnir döggslóðina); (5) with prep., d. af, *to kill, slaughter* (cattle); d. niðr, *to kill off* (þótt hirðmenn þínir sé drepnir niðr sem svín); d. sik ór dróma, *to get rid of (throw off) a fetter*; d. til e-s, *to strike, hit, at one*; d. e-t undir sik, *to knock or drag down* (skaltu standa hiá, er fjándi sá drepr mik undir sik); d. upp eld = d. eld; d. e-t út, *to divulge a thing*; d. yfir e-t, *to hide, suppress*; drap hann brátt yfir *(he soon mastered)* harm sinn; (6) refl., drepast, *to perish, die*, esp. of cattle (fé hans drapst aldri af drephríðum); recipr. *to put one another to death* (þá diepast menn fyrir ágirni sakir); d. menn fyrir, *to kill one another's men*; (7) impers., drepr honum aldregi ský (acc.) í augu, *his eyes never get clouded*; ofrkappit (acc.) drepr fyrir þeim *(their high spirits break down)*, þegar haminjan brestr; drap þó heldr í fyrir honum, *he rather grew worse, his eyes grew weaker*; nú drepr ór hljóð (acc.) fyrst ór konunginum, *the king became silent at once*; þá drap stall ór hjarta hans, *his heart failed*; ofan drap flaugina, *the vane was knocked down*; regn (acc.) drepr

í gegnum e-t, *the rain beats through* (the thatch); II. with dat.; (1) *to put, thrust*; hendi drap á kampa, *he put his hand to his beard*; d. fœti (fótum) í eð, *to strike (knock) one's foot against, stumble over* (drap fótunum í þrøskuldinn ok lá fallinn); d. höfði, *to droop (with) the head* (Egill drap höfðin niðr í feld sinn); d. fingri í munn sér, *to put the finger into the mouth*; d. hendi til es, við em, *to give one a slap with the hand*; d. hendi við e-u, *to wave away with the hand to refuse a kind offer* (d. hendi við boðnu gulli); (2) *to tuck up the sleeves or skirts of a garment* (hann hafði drepit upp skautunum); d. hári undir belti sér, *to tuck the hair under the belt* (of a lady); (3) *to dip, immerse*; d. skeggi *(the beard)* í Breiðafjörð, *to be drowned in B.* d. barni I vatn, *to baptize a child*; (4) d. orði, dómi á et, *to talk, judge of*; d. huldu á et, *to hide, keep secret*; d. e-u á dreif, *see* 'dreif'; fig., d. í egg e-u, *to turn a deaf ear to*; (5) *spoil* (d. gleði, teiti es); d. kosti es, *to destroy one's happiness*; impers. drap þá skjótt kosti, *the cheer was soon gone*; (6) d. niðr e-u, *to suppress* (d. niðr konungs rétti, illu orði); d. niðr sœmd es, *to drag down one's reputation, to disparage one*; d. niðr máli, *to quash a lawsuit*.

DREP-HRÍÐ, f. (1) *a destructive snowstorm*; (2) = drepsótt; -RÁÐ, n. *an intended affray or assault*; -SAMLIGR, a. *deadly, destructive*; -SLEGGJA, f. *sledge-hammer*; -SÓTT, f. *plague, pest*; -SÓTTR, pp. *plague-stricken*.

DRETTINGR, m. *loiterer*, a nickname.

DREYMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to appear to one* (en) *in a dream* (sá maðr dreymir mik opt); (2) *to dream* (ein kona dreymdi þann draum); usually impers., with double acc., mik dreymdi draum, *I dreamt a dream*; konung dreymdi aldri, *the king never had a dream*.

DREYPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to let fill in drops*, with dat. (hann dreypir vígðu vatni í munn henni).

DREYRA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to bleed, ooze (of blood from a slight wound)*; hann reist í lófa sér krossmark, svá at dreyrði, *so that blood flowed*.

DREYRA-LŒKR, m. *stream of blood*; -RUNNINN, pp. *spattered with blood*.

DREYR-FÁÐR, m. *stained with blood*; -GJARN, a. *eager for blood, bloodthirsty*.

DREYRI, m. *blood, gore*; vekja e-m dreyra, *to bleed one*; rauðr sem d. = dreyrrauðr.

DREYR-RAUÐR, a. *red as blood*; e-n setr -rauðan, *one turns scarlet* (Guðrúnu setti dreyrrauða); -STAFIR, pl. *bloody runes, blood* (poet.).

DREYRUGR, a. (1) *bloody, gory*; (2) *bloodthirsty*.

DRIF, n. (1) *driven snow* (hvítr sem d.); (2) *spoondrift* (sjór var hvítr fyrir drifi).

DRIF-HVÍTR, a. *white as driven snow*.

DRIFT, DRIPT, f. (1) *snow-drift* (þar var snjór í driptum); (2) *drifting snow* (hvítr sem d.).

DRIT, n. *dirt of birds* (fugladrit).

DRÍFA (DRÍF; DREIF, DRIFUM; DRIFINN), v. (1) *to drift, drive* like spray or snow (þá drífr snær ór öllum áttum); fig. of missles, *to shower, fly*, like flakes of snow (láta d. skot, vápn, á e-n); veðr var drífanda, *there was a great snowstorm*; esp. impers. with dat., dreif sandinn, *the sand drifted*; lauðri dreif á lypting útan, *the spray drove over the poop*; þegar dreif í Löginn krömmu, *there fell wet snow in the Lake, it began to sleet*;

(2) *to crowd, throng, rush*; þá drífr ofan mannfjöldi mikill til strandar, *a great crowd rushes down to the shore*; dreif allt fólk á hans fund, *all people crowded to see him*; tóku menn þá at d. brott frá hertoganum, *men began to desert the duke*; d. yfir e-n, *to befall, happen to one*; refl., láta yfir drífast (= d. yfir sik), *to yield, give in* (rán ok útlegðir þeirra manna, er eigi létu yfir d.); (3) *to perform*; d. leik, *to play*; en í annan stað á ek at d. mikinn vanda, *I am in a hard strait*; (4) *to besprinkle with* (e-t e-u döggu drifinn).

DRÍFA, f. *fall of snow, snowdrift* (skotvápn flugu svá þykt sem d.).

DRÍFANDA, adv. *with might and main*; róa d., *to pull so that the spray splashes about*.

DRÍFU-ÉL, n. *a drifting snowstorm* (um kveldit gerði á -él blautt).

DRÍTA (DRÍT; DREIT, DRITUM; DRITINN), v. *to ease oneself* (d. á e-n) öll ertu deigja, dritin, *thou art altogether filthy*.

DRJÚGAN, adv. = drjúgum.

DRJÚG-DEILDR, pp. *substantial*; -LÁTR, a. *self-important*; -LIGA, adv. *with an air of importannce*; -LIGR, a. *ample*; -MÆLTR, a. *long-winded in speaking*.

DRJÚGR, a. *substantial, lasting, ample*; verða drjúgari (drjúgastr), *to get the better (best) of it*; þú munt þeim öllum drjúgari verða, *you will outdo them all*, Baglar reðust at, ok varð þat drjúgara, at, *the issue was, that*.

DRJÚGT, adv. *in great numbers, copiously* (Kolskeggr vá d. menn); d. manna, *a good many people*.

DRJÚG-TALAT, pp. n.; þeim varð -talat *they talked long together*.

DRJÚGUM (prop. dat. pl. from 'drjúgr'), adv. (1) *much, to a great extent, greatly*; fóru d. dag þann fram, *they went far that day*; vegr Gunnar d. menn, *G. slew men in great numbers*; (2) *almost, nearly* (d. dauðr af kulda); d. allr, *almost all*; enginn d., *scarcely anybody*.

DRJÚPA (DRÝP; DRAUP, DRUPUM; DROPIT), v. (1) *to drip, to fall in drops* (Þórólfr kvað smjör d. af hverju stráfi); (2) *to let in rain, be leaky* (hlaðan draup þegar er snjárinn bráðnaði); (3) *to droop with the head*, = drúpa.

DRJÚPR, a. *dripping, leaky* (d. salr).

DROKR, m. = dirokkr.

DROPALAUSS, a. *watertight*; RÚM, n. *dripping place* (from the eaves).

DROPI, m. *drop* (regns d.).

DRÓG, f. *streak* = drák.

DRÓMI, m. *fetter*; drepa ór dróma, *to act with great vigour*.

DRÓMUNDR, m. *a kind of ship used in the Mediterranean*.

DRÓS, f. poet. *girl, maid*.

DRÓTT, f. (1) *household, people*; dyggvar dróttir, *good, upright people*; öll d., *all people*; (2) *the host of the king's men, bodyguard of a king* (dróttinn).

DRÓTTIN-HOLLR, a. *faithful to one's master*; -LAUSS, a. *without a master*; -LIGR, a. *pertaining to Our Lord*; -lig bœn, *the Lord's Prayer*.

DRÓTTINN (-S, pl. DRÓTTNAR), m. (1) lord, master; þræll eða d., *slave or master*; dýrt er dróttins orð *the master's word is strong*; (2) *king, chief*; áðr vóru þeir (viz. *the kings*) dróttnar kallaðir; (3) *the Lord* (guð d. minn, d. várr Jesus Kristr).

DRÓTTINSDAGA-HALD, n. *observance of the Lord's day*; DRÓTTINS-DAGR, m. *the Lord's day*.

DRÓTTINSDAGS-HELGR, f. = dróttinsda-

gr; -KVELD, n. *Sunday evening*; -NÓTT, f. *Saturday night*.

DRÓTTINS-KVELD, n. = dróttinsdagskveld; -MORGINN, m. *Sunday morning*; -NÓTT, f. = dróttinsdagsnótt.

DRÓTTIN-SVIK, n. pl. *treason towards a lord or master*; -SVIKI, m. *traitor*.

DRÓTT-KVÆÐR, a. *in the heroic or court metre* (-kvæðr háttr); -LÁTR, a. *beloved of the household, gentle*; -MEGIR, m. pl. *people, men*.

DRÓTTNA (AÐ), v. *to rule, govern*; d. yfir e-u, *to rule over*; with dat. (þó lætr hann þat eigi d. huga sínum).

DRÓTTNAN, f. *sway, rule* (d. alls heims).

DRÓTTNARI, m. *ruler*.

DRÓTTNING, f. (1) *mistress*; þræll sá, er vegr at dróttni *(master)* sínum eða dróttningu *(mistress)*; (2) *queen*; (3) *princess*.

DRÓTTNINGAR-DÓMR, m. *queenhood, queenship*; -EFNI, n. *a future queen*; -NAFN, n. *the title of a queen*.

DRÓTTNING-LIGR, a. *becoming a queen, queenly*.

DRÓTTSETI, m. *a steward at the king's table*.

DRUKKINN, pp. *drunken, tipsy*.

DRUKNA (AÐ), v. *to be drowned*.

DRUKNAN, f. *death by drowning*.

DRUMBR, m. *log of wood*.

DRÚPA (-TA, -T), v. *to droop*, from sorrow (svá drúpir nú Danmörk, sem dauðr sé Knútr sonr minn); drúpir örn yfir, *the eagle hovers over (it)*.

DRÚPR, m. *drooping spirits, coldness*.

DRYKK-FÁTT, a. n., hafa -fátt, *to be short of drink*.

DRYKKJA, f. (1) *drinking*; sitja einn við drykkju, *to sit alone drinking*; taka til drykkju, *to begin drinking* (tóku menn til drylkju um kveldit); þreyta drykkju við e-n, *to contend in drinking with one*; (2) *drink, beverage*, = drykkr (byrla em drykkju); (3) *drinking-bout, banquet* (d. skyldi vera at hvárratveggja); (4) *drinking-cup* (rare).

DRYKKJAÐR, pp. *refreshed with drink* (vel mettr ok d.).

DRYKKJAR-BOLLI, m. *drinking-cup*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *drinkables*; -HORN, n. *drinking-horn*; -KER, n. *drinking-vessel*; -KOSTR, m. *drinking-cheer*; -LAUST, adv. *without drink* (eta mat sinn -laust); -STÚTR, m. *a kind of drinking-can*.

DRYKKJU-BORÐ, n. *drinking-table* (sitja yfir -borðum); -FÖNG, n. pl. = drykkjarföng; -LÍTILL, a. *sober*; -MAÐR, m. *drinker* (lítill, mikill drykkjumaðr); -MÁL, n. *time of drinking*; -SKAPR, m. *(hard) drinking*; -SKÁLI, m. *drinking-hall*; -STOFA, f. = -skáli.

DRYKK-LAUSS, a. *without drink*; -LEYSI, n. *want of drinkables*.

DRYKKR (-JAR, -IR), m. (1) *drink, drinking*; sitja at (yfir) drykk, *to sit drinking*; hvat hafa Einherjar at drykk, *what kind of drink have the E.*; (2) *drought*; þreyta á drykkinn, *to take a deep draught*; drekka í tveimr, þremr, drykkjum, *to drain in two, three draughts*.

DRYKK-SÆLL, a. *lucky in drink*.

DRYSIL-DJÖFULL, m. *petty devil, devilkin*; -HROSS, n. *paltry horse*; -MENNI, n. *a paltry man*.

DRÝGINDI, n. pl. *increase, saving*.

DRÝGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to commit, perpetrate, carry out, practice* (d. synd, hórdóm, munuðlífi); d. vilja es, *to compily with one's wishes*; d. hlýðni við en, *to obey one*; (2) *to make to go far, eke out* (dróttinn drýgði svá þær vistir, at þær, &c.); hvat þarf þetta orðum d. (*to expati-*

ate on)?

DRÝG-LIGA, adv. = drjúgliga; -MÆLTR, a. *long-winded*.

DRÆPILIGR, a. *deserving death*.

DRÆPLINGR, m. *a petty* drápa.

DRÆPR, a. *who may be killed with impunity*.

DRÆSA, f. *idle talk, twaddle*.

DRŒMT, a. n., láta d. við, *to hesitate*.

DRÖFN (gen. DRAFNAR, pl. DRAFNIR), f. poet. *billow*.

DRÖGUR, f. pl., see 'draga', f.

DRÖSULL, m. poet. *horse*, = drasill.

DRÖTTR, m. *lubber* (rare).

DUBBA (AÐ), v. (1) *to equip, arm* (Saul dubbar nú David með sjálfs sins herklæðum); d. en upp, *to attire one in full dress*; d. sik, *to trim oneself*; (2) d. en til riddara, *to dub one a knight*.

DUBBAN, f. *dubbing a knight*.

DUBL, DUFL, n. *game at dice, gambling*.

DUBLA, DUFLA (AÐ), v. *to gamble*.

DUBLARI, m. *gambler*.

DUGA (ða, at), v. (1) *to help, aid, support*, with dat.; d. e-m at *or* við, *to succour, lend help* (Gísli fór at d. þeim við); (2) *to do, suffice*; þat er þér man d., *which will do for thee*; hefir oss þó dugat þessi átrúnaðr, *this faith has served us very well*; fátt er svá illt at einugi dugi, *few things are utterly useless*; mun þér eigi þat d. at sofa hér, *it will not do (is not safe) for thee to sleep here*; (3) absol., *to show prowess, do good service*; dugði hverr sem hann mátti, *every one did his best*; (4) *to suffice, be strong enough*; ef þitt œði dugir, *if thy wit suffices*; ef vitni duga, *if the witnesses fail not*.

DUGANDI, pr. p. *doughty* (d. maðr).

DUGANDIS-MAÐR, DUGAND-MAÐR, m. *a brave, doughty man*.

DUGGA, f. *a useless fellow*.

DUGLAUSS, a. *good for nothing*.

DUGNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. (1) *helper, help in need*; (2) = dugandi maðr; -STIGR, m. *path of virtue*; -VÁPN, n. *weapon of defence* (against temptation).

DUGNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *aid, assistance*; veita em dugnað, *to give help to one*; (2) *virtue*.

DUGR, m. *doughtiness, strength of soul or body* (aldri er d. í þér).

DUL, f. (1) *concealment*; drepa, draga d. á et, *to conceal*; með d., *secretly*; (2) *self-conceit*; d. á vil, *pride and wilfulness*; ætla sér þá d., *to be so conceited*; draga d. á sik, *to think a great deal of oneself*; ganga fram í d., *to go on in one's conceit*.

DULA (AÐ), v. *to deny* (rare).

DULAR-BÚNAÐR, m. *disguise*; -EIÐR, m. *oath of denial*; -FULLR, a. *self-conceited*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *disguise*; -KUFL, m. *a cloak used for a disguise*.

DUL-EIÐR, m. = dulareiðr; -HÖTTR, m. *a hood used for a disguise*.

DULINN, a. = dularfullr (d. at sér).

DUL-KLÆÐI, n. pl. = dularklæði.

DULNAÐR, m. *conceit, self conceit*.

DUL-REMMI, -RÆNA, f. *self conceit*; -SAMR, a. *self conceited*.

DUMBA, f. *dust, cloud of dust*.

DUMBR, a. (also DUMBI) *dumb, mute* (gaf hann dumbum mál, en daufum heyrn); d. stafr, *a mute (letter)*.

DUMPA (AÐ), v. *to thump* (rare).

DUNA (AÐ), v. *to boom, roar* (dunar í skóginum); DUNA, f. *a rushing, thundering noise*.

DUNÁ, f. *the Danube*.

DUNGA, f. *a useless fellow*, = dugga (huglaus dunga).

DUN-HENDA, f. = dunhendr háttr.

DUN-HENDR, a., -hendr háttr, *a sort of metre* (when the second line of each couplet begins with the concluding word of the first line); DUNHENT, a. n. = -hendr háttr.

DUNN, m. *band, gangs, drove* (flyktust skarfarnir saman í einn dun).

DUNNA, f. *the wild duck, mallard*.

DUPT, n. *dust* (verða at dupti).

DUPTI, m. *dust* (einn léttr dupti).

DUPT-LIGA, adv. *like dust*; -LIGR, a. *consisting of dust* (-ligr maðr).

DUPTUGR, a. *dusty, covered with dust*.

DURA-DÓMR, m. *a court at the door of the defendant*; -GÆTTI, n. = dyrigætti; -STAFR, m. = dyristafr; -STOÐ, f. *door-post*; -UMBÚNINGR, m. *door-frame*; -VEGGR, m. *door-jamb*; -VÖRÐR, m. *door-keeper*.

DUR-VÖRÐR, m. *door-keeper*.

DUSIL-HROSS, n. = drysil-hross.

DUSIL-MENNI, n. = drysil-menni.

DUSLA (AÐ), v. *to be busy with trifling matters* (Sveinki var þar duslandi).

DUST, n. *dust* (vér erum dust ok aska; verða at dusti).

DUST, n. *tilt* (halt eitt d. með mik).

DUSTERA (AÐ), v. *to run a tilt*.

DUSTI, m. *grain of dust*.

DÚFA (gen. pl. DÚFNA), f. (1) *dove, pigeon*; (2) poet. *wave*.

DÚFL, n. *noise made by submersion* (rare); DÚFLA (AÐ), v. *to make a noise* (when falling into water).

DÚFU-LIGR, a. *dove-like*; -UNGI, m. *a young dove*.

DÚKA (AÐ), v. *to cover with a cloth* (matsveinar fóru at d. borð).

DUKLAUS, a. *without a cloth*.

DÚKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *any cloth or textile fabric*; (2) *tablecloth*; (3) *towel, napkin*.

DÚK-SLITR, n. *rags of a cloth*.

DÚN-BEÐR, n. *a bed of down*.

DÚN-HŒGINDI, n. *pillow or bolster of down*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *bed-clothes of eider-down*; -KODDI, m. *pillow of down*.

DÚNN, m. *down, bed of down* (sofi hann á dúni).

DÚRA (AÐ), v. *to nap, lake a nap*.

DÚRR, m. *nap, slumber*.

DÚS, n. *lull, dead calm*; opt kemr œðiregn ór dúsi, *a lull is often followed by a heavy shower*.

DÚSA (AÐ), v. *to quake* (jörð dúsaði).

DVALA (AÐ), v. *to delay, put off*, with acc. (muna Helgi hjörþing d.); with dat.; ef ér dvalið ferðinni, *if you put off the journey*.

DVALA, f. (1) *a long stay*; (2) *delay*.

DVALAN, f. *prolongation* (d. lífs þíns).

DVAL-SAMLIGR, a. *slow, tardy* (-samligt setr sólarinnar); -SAMR, a. *causing delay*; e-m verðr -samt, *one is delayed*.

DVELJA (DVEL, DVALDA, DVALDR or DVALINN), v. (1) *to delay*; d. för es, *to delay one's journey*; d. ferð sína, *to put off one's (own) journey*; d. dóm, *to defer judgement*; d. ráð fyrir konu, *to put off a woman's marriage*; gátu þeir hann eptir dvalit, *they managed to keep him back*; d. en frá e-u, *to keep one from doing a thing*; absol., dvaldi þat fyrir ferð þeirra, *it delayed their journey*; (2) = dveljast, to tarry (ok vildu eigi d. ok eigi biða Ólafs konungs); dvel eigi, *tarry not!, make haste!*; (3) with acc. of time, *to wait, stay* (konungr dvaldi mestan hluta sumars á Hálogalandi); d. stund es, *to hold one up*; d. af stundir, *to kill the time*; (4) refl., dveljast, *to stay, make a stay* (dvaldist þar um hríð); sá dagr mun d., *that day will be long in coming*; d. munu stundirnar áðr en sagt er allt þat, er ek veit, *it will lake*

many hours, it will be a long time before all is told; ef þat delst, at ek koma eigi hingat, *I should be hindered from coming*; impers., dvaldist þeim þar lengi, *they made a long stay there*; dvaldist þeim þar at því, *in (doing) that they lost much time*.

DVENA (AÐ), v. an old form for 'dvina'.

DVERG-MÁLI, m. *echo* (steinn svarar með -mála).

DVERGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *dwarf* (lágr ok digr sem d.); (2) one of *the short pillars which support the beams and rafters in a house*; (3) *some kind of ornament (? a brooch)* in a lady's dress (sat þar kona … dúkr var á hálsi, dvergar á öxlum).

DVINA (AÐ), v. *to dwindie, cease, subside* (dvinar þroti þjótanda hafs); d. munda ek láta ferðina, *I would lei the journey drop*; sœkjum til borgarinnar ok gerið eigi at d. við, *do not saunter*.

DVÖL (gen. DVALAR, pl. DVALAR or DVALIR), f. (1) *short stay, stop*; *delay*; eiga skamma dvöl, *to make a short stay*; meðan þessi d. *(pause)* var; bera til dvala, *to cause delay*; (2) in prosody, *quantity*.

DVÖL, n. pl. *delay*; svá at engi skulu d. á vera, *without delay*; urðu d. dœgra, *her life was prolonged*.

DYBLISSA, DYBLIZA, f. *dungeon*, = myrkvastofa.

DYGÐ, f. (1) *probity, faithfulness*: lið ok d. *(help and faithful service)* góðs drengs; trúa em til dygðar um e-t, *to trust in one's integrity*; (2) *virtue, virtuous deed* (fyirir þvílíkar dygðir veitti gúð honum sína miskunn); (3) *help* (biðið hann veita yðr d.); (4) *virtue, good quality* (þat tré hefir fjórar dygðir, þá fyrstu, at þat kann eigi fúna).

DYGÐAR-DŒMI, n. *an instant of virtuous action*; -LAUSS, a. (1) *devoid of virtues* (-laus grös); (2) *wicked* (var hann svá -lauss, at); -LEYSI, n. *faithlessness, wickedness*; -MAÐR, m. *trusty man*; -VERK, n. *virtuous action*; -ÞJÓNASTA, f. *efficacious, faithful service*.

DYGÐUGR, a. (1) *faithful, trusty* (d. maðr); (2) *efficacious* (dygðugt oleum).

DYGGI-LIGA, adv. (1) *faithfully* (varðveita e-t -liga); (2) *thoroughly* (-liga þurr); -LIGR, a. *faithful, honest* (-lig þjónosta).

DYGG-LEIKR, m. *faithfulness, probity*.

DYGG-LIGA, adv. = dyggiliga.

DYGGR (accus. DYGGVAN, rarely DYGGAN), a. *faithful, trusty*; dyggvar dróttir, *worthy, good people*.

DYKR (pl. DYKIR), m. *a crashing noise*; varð af því d. mikill, *it gave a great crash*.

DYLGJUR, f. pl. *suppressed enmity* (vóru dylgjur miklar með þeim).

DYLJA (DYL; DULDA; DULDR, DULIÐR, DULINN), v. (1) *to keep (one) in ignorance of a thing*, d. e-n e-s (eigi skalt þú þat gera at d. þik sjálfan sanninda); d. e-s, *to conceal, deny, disavow*, Þórir dylr þess ekki, *Th. does not deny it*; Eysteinn duldi þeirra orða fyrir sik, *E. professed that he had never said any stuch thing*; allir duldu, at né eitt vissi til Hrapps, *all pretended ignorance about Hrapp*; vera, ganga, duldr (duliðr, dulinn) e-s, *to be unaware of, to be kept in ignorance of* (hefir hon verit alls þessa duld; veit engi ætt mína ok ganga þess allir duldir); dulið (dulin) ertu, Hyndla, *H., thou art mistaken (deceived)*; duliðr (dulinn) at em, *mistaken about one*; (2) refl., dyljast, *to conceal (hide) oneself*; at þat sé flugumenn ok vili d. *(disguise themselves)* undir munka búnaði; d. í e-u, *to conceal a thing from oneself, be ignorant of* = ganga duldr e-s (Eiríkr konungr þarf nú ekki at d. í því, at); d. við e-t, *to refuse*

to acknowledge, to ignore; trúit þessu eigi, meðan þér megit d., *as long as you can ignore it, till you get full evidence*; en Sveinn duldist við þat, *but S. shrank from believing it*.

DYLMINN, a. *careless, indifferent*.

DYMBIL-DAGAR, m. pl. *the three days before Easter*.

DYMBILDAGA-VIKA, f. *Holy Week, Passion Week*.

DYN-BJALLA, f. *a tinkling bell*.

DYNGJA, f. *a lady's bower* (brúðrin sat í dyngju sinni uni daginn).

DYNGJU-VEGGR, m. *the wall of a* dyngja.

DYNJA (DYN, DUNDA, DUNIT), v. (1) *to boom, resound* (fram reið Óðinn, foldvegr dundi); (2) *to gush, shower, pour*; blóð dynr ór sárum es, *blood gushes out of his wounds*; dundi ákaft regn ór lopti, *the rain poured down in streams*; dundu á þá (*or* þeim) vápnin, spjótin, *the weapons (spears) showered upon them*.

DYNKR, m. = dykr, dynr.

DYNR (pl. -IR), f. *din, noise, clattering of hoofs* (riðu þeir heim mikinn dyn í túnit eptir hörðum velli); engi d. verðr af hlaupi kattarins, *noiseless are the cat's steps*; gera sem mestan dyn, *to make the greatest noise*; koma em dyn fyrir dyrr, *to make a din before one's doors, take one by surprise*.

DYN-SKOT, n. *a noisy but harmless shot* (ek mun skjóta dynskot).

DYNTR, m. = dykr, dynr.

DYR, n. pl. = dyrr, f. pl.

DYRGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to take* (fish) *with a hand-line* (d. fiska).

DYRGJA, f. *dwarf woman*.

DYRI-GÆTTI, n. *door-frame*; -STAFR, m. *door-post*.

DYRR (gen. DURA), f. pl. *door opening, doorway* (Oddr hljóp út or durunum).

DYS (-JAR, -JAR), f. *cairn*.

DYSJA (AÐ), v. *to bury in a cairn*.

DYTTR, m. *dint*, a nickname.

DÝ, n. *quaking bog, quagmire*.

DÝFA (ða, t), v. *to dip* (d. e-m í vatn).

DÝJA (DÝ, DÚÐA, DÚIT), v. *to shake*; d. dörr, spjót, *to shake the spears to fight*; skör nam at d., *he shook (tossed) his locks*.

DÝNA, f. *downbed, featherbed, pillow or bolster filled with down*.

DÝPT, f. *depth*.

DÝR, n. (1) *animal, beast, quadruped*, opp. to birds and reptiles (skapari manna, fugla ok dýra ok skriðkykvenda); (2) *wild beast*; *deer* (renna hundum at dýrum, reisa dýr).

DÝRA-GARÐR, m. (1) *enclosure to catch wild beasts*; (2) *a yard with wild beasts*; -GRÖF, f. *a pit to catch wild beasts*; -HOLD, n., -KJÖT, n. *flesh of animals*; -LEIT, f. *search for game*; -RÖDD, f. *voice of beasts*; -SKINN, n. *skin of wild beasts*; -VEIÐR, f. *deer-hunting* (fara á dýraveiði, vera at dýraveiðum).

DÝR-BIT, n. *biting of lambs (sheep) by foxes* (eigi varð bónda mein at biti síðan).

DÝRÐ, f. *glory* (himnaríkis d.).

DÝRÐAR-DAGR, m. *day of glory, feast*; -FULLR, a. *full of glory*; -HÚS, n. *house of glory*; -KONUNGR, m. *the King of Glory (Christ)*; -KÓRÓNA, f. *crown of glory*; -LÍF, n. *life of glory*; -MAÐR, m. *a glorious man, saint*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *gloriously*; -SAMR, a. *glorious*; -STAÐR, m. *a glorious place*; -SÖNGR, m. *song of glory, hymn*; -VERK, n. *glorious work*.

DÝR-GILDR, a. *dearly paid for*; -GOLDINN, pp. = -gildr; skal þér þat -goldit verða, *thou shalt pay dearly for that*; -GRIPR, m. *a thing of great value, a*

treasure.

DÝR-HUNDR, m. *deer-hound, fox-hound*.

DÝRKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to exalt, glorify* (guð dýrkaði son sinn); (2) *to celebrate* (d. þenna dag); d. hátíð es = halda hátíð es; (3) *to worship* (far þú með mér at d. dróttin guð þinn); *to pray one reverentially* (kastar hón sér fram á gólfit fyrir fœtr konungi ok dýrkaði hann); refl., dýrkast, *to magnify oneself, to glory*; sá er dýrkast, dýrkist hann með guði, *he that glorieth, let him glory in the Lord*.

DÝR-KAN, f. (1) *adoration, worship* (veita goðum d.); (2) *glorifying* (d. andar ok líkama); -LIGR, a. *glorious*.

DÝR-KÁLFR, m. *deer-calf*.

DÝR-KEYPTR, pp. *dearly bought*; -LAGÐR, pp. *dearly rated*; -LEIKR, m. *dearness*; -LIGR, a. *glorious* (-ligr klæðnaðr, -lig veizla); -LINGR, m. *holy man, saint*; -MÆTR, a. *precious*.

DÝRR (DÝRRI, DÝRSTR), a. (1) *high priced, dear*; ek met hana dýrra en aðrar, *I put her at a higher price than the rest*; (2) *precious, costly* (skjöldinn þann inn dýra); dýrar hallir, *costly halls*; inn dýri mjöðr, *the goodly mead*; inn dýri háttr, *artificial metre*; (3) *of high worth, worthy* (in dýra dróttning, María); skatna dýrstr, *the best of men*; Jón Loptsson, er dýrstr *(noblest, worthiest)* maðr er í landi þessu.

DÝRS-BELGR, m. *beast's skin*; -HORN, n. *an oxhorn, esp. a drinkinghorn*; -HÖFUÐ, n. *head of a deer*.

DÝR-SKINN, n. *deer-skin*.

DÆLA, f. *ship's pump*.

DÆLDAR-MAÐR, m. *gentle, easy man* (hann var engi -maðr ok hinn mesti garpr).

DÆLL, a. *gentle, easy to deal with* (vertu nú dæl meðan ek em brautu; ekki þótta ek dæll heima); þat er eigi svá dælt (= auðvelt, *easy*) at taka Sigurð jarl af lífdögum; dælt er heima hvat, *anything will pass at home*; gera sér dælt við e-n, *to put oneself on a free, familiar footing with one* (Þórðr gerði sér dælt við þau Þorvald ok Guðrúnu); ek mun nú gera mér dælt um ráðagørð við þik, *I will take the liberty to give thee straightforward advice*.

DÆL-LEIKI, -LEIKR, m. *familiarity*; gør allt í -leikum við oss, *make no ceremony with us*; -LIGLEIKR, m. = -leikr; -LIGR, a. *pleasant to look at, genteel*.

DÆLU-AUSTR, m. *baling out a ship with a dæla*; -KER, n. *a kind of bucket*.

DÆSA (-TA -T), v. *to fetch a deep groan* (d. við); refl., dæsast, *to become exhausted*.

DÆSTR, pp. *exhausted, worn-out*.

DŒGR, n. (1) *one half of the astron. Day, twelve hours of the day or night* (í degi dœgr tvau, í dœgri stundir tólf; tuttugu ok fjórar stundir skulu vera í tveimr dœgrum); (2) *an astronomical day*; *twenty-four hours*; sjau dœgra sigling, *a sail of seven days* (between Norway and Iceland).

DŒGRA-FAR, n. *the division of day and night*; -MÓT, n. *the twilight at morning and evening*; -SKIPTI, n. = -far; STYTTING, f. *pastime*; -TAL, n. *calculation of time*.

DŒGR-FAR, n. = dœgrafar; -GANGA, f. *twelve hours' walk*.

DŒL, DŒLD, f. *a little dale, recess*.

DŒLL, m. *dalesman*, mostly in plur. compounds. (Laxdœlir, Fljótsdœlir, Vatnsdœlir, &c).

DŒLSKA, f. *idle talk, nonsense*.

DŒLSKR, a. *foolish*, = fólskr.

DŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to give judge-*

ment, pass sentence; d. mál, *to give judgement in a case*; d. dóm, *to give a verdict or sentence*; d. sekt, útlegð, *to pass sentence of a fine, out-lawry*; d. eindaga á fé, *to fix a term for payment*; d. lög, *to pass a lawful sentence*; d. e-n skógarmann, *to proclaim one an outlaw*; d. e-m e-t, *to adjudge a thing to one*; d. e-m dóm, *to deal out a sentence to one*; d. e-n af e-u, *to declare one to have forfeited* (d. e-n af sinni sœmd); d. um e-t, *to judge of*; (2) *to talk, converse*; d. við e-n, *to talk with one*; drekka ok d., *to drink and talk*; en er þeir áttu of þessa hluti at d., *when they were talking of those things*.

DŒMA-FÁTT, a. n. *almost unexampled*; -FRÓÐR, a. *wise in old instances*; -LAUSS, a. *unexampled*; -MAÐR, m. *a man to be imitated*.

DŒMANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *a judge* = dómandi, dómari.

DŒMI, n. (1) *proof, reason*; draga þeir eigi sízt til dœmis þar um, at, *in proof of this they specially adduce the fact, that*; (2) *incident, fact*; þó hafa mörg dœmi orðit, í forneskju, *yet many things have happened in elden times*; hörð dœmi, *hard fate*; at eigi verði oss Adams d., *that the same shall not happen to us as to A.*; (3) *tale, story* (Ari prestr fróði, er mörg dœmisparklig hefir saman sett); (4) *poem, verses* (þessi dœmi öll eru kveðin um þenna atburð); (5) *quotation* (draga fram dœmi af bókum); (6) *example for imitation, model* (eptir dœmum kristinna manna); taka d. af e-m, *to take an example by one*; (7) *example, instance, precedent* (djarfari en dœmi munu til vera); umfram d., ór dœmum, *unexampled, unprecedented* (kom þá svá mikill snjór, at þat var ór dœmum); meirr en til dœmis *or* til dœma at taka (draga), *to take an example*.

DŒMI-LAUSS, a. = dœma-lauss.

DŒMING, f. *judgement*.

DŒMI-SAGA, f. *tale, fable; parable*; -STÓLL, m. *judgement seat*.

DÖF, f. (1) *rump* (döfin dýrsins); (2) a kind of *spear*.

DÖGG (gen. DÖGGVAR, dat. DÖGG or DÖGGU; pl. DÖGGVAR), f. *dew*; -FALL, n. *dew-fall, deposit of dew*; -LAUSS, a. *dewless*; -LITR, a. *besprinkled with dew*; -ÓTTR, a. *bedewed*.

DÖGG-SKÓR, m. *chape (of a sheath)*; -SLÓÐ, f. *track left in the dew*; ok draga kyrtlarnir -slóðina, *the tunics brush the dew*.

DÖGGVA (-AÐ or -ÐA), v. (1) *to bedew* (döggvir hann jörðina af méldropum sínum); (2) *to irrigate, water*.

DÖGGVAN, f. *bedewing, irrigation*.

DÖGGVAR-DREP, n. *mark (foot-print) in the dew*.

DÖGGVING, f. *irrigation* = döggvan.

DÖGLINGR, m. *king, descendent of King Dag*.

DÖGURÐR, m. = dagverðr.

DØKK-BLÁR, a. *dark-blue*; -BRÚNAÐR, -BRÚNN, a. *dark-brown*; -GRŒNN, a. *dark-green*; -HÁRR, a. *dark-haired*; -JARPR, a. *dark-auburn* (-jarpr á hár); -LEIKR, m. *duskiness*; -LITAÐR, pp. *dark-coloured*.

DØKKNA (AÐ), v. *to darken* (himintunglin døkkna).

DØKKNAN, f. *darkening*.

DØKKR (acc. -VAN), a. *dark*; d. á hár, *dark-haired*.

DØKK-RAUÐR, a. *dark-red*.

DØKKVA (-TA, -TR), v. *to darken, to make dark*.

DØKKVI, m. *a dark spot*.

E, É

EBRESKA, f. *the Hebrew language*.

EBRESKR, a. *Hebraic* (ebresk tunga).

EÐA or EÐR, conj., (1) *or*; fyrr eða síðar, *sooner or later*; annathvárt … eða, *either … or*; hvárt … eða, *whether (if) … or*; hvart er … eða, *whether … or*; (2) in comparison of two unlike things, *and* (mikinn mun eigum vér at gera þin eða annarra heimamanna); (3) after a comparative, *and perhaps* (ek em eigi verri riddari en S. konungr, eða nökkuru betri); (4) introducing a question, *but* (ek beiti Auðgisl, — eða ertu H. vandræðaskáld?); (5) sometimes after a negation, = né, *nor* (þeir munu hvárki fyrir sjá fé sínu eða fjörvi).

EDDA, f. (1) *great-grandmother*; (2) the name of the book *Edda*, written by Snorri Sturluson, c. 1220.

EDIK, n. *vinegar*.

EÐLA, f. *adder, viper*, = eyðla.

EÐLI (in old MSS. written ØÐLI), n. (1) *nature*; manns e., mannligt e., *human nature*; arnar e., *the eagle's nature*; þat er í móti náttúrligu e., *it is against the order of nature*; (2) *origin, extraction* (hann var valskr at ætt ok e.); (3) *fœtus* (þótti henni kviknat hafa e. sitt).

EÐLI-BORINN, pp. *born in wedlock*.

EÐLIS-LÖG, n. pl. *law of nature*; -SKAPAN, -SKEPNA, f. *natural condition or quality*; -SKYNSEMD, f. *native intelligence*.

EÐL-VINA, f. *friend of vipers* (dub.).

EÐR, conj., see 'eða'.

EF (older form IF), conj. (1) *if, in case* (aldri hefðir þú í borgina komit, ef ek hefða vitat); in poetry generally with subj.; vega þú gakk, ef vreiðr séir (sér), *if thou be wroth*; (2) = hvárt, *if, whether* (Egill spurði, ef hann vildi upp ór gröfinni); (3) as a relat. part., sá ef = sá er (rare).

EF or IF, n. *doubt*; ef er á e-u, *it is doubtful*; ekki er til efs, at, *it cannot be doubted that*; útan ef, *without doubt*.

EFA or IFA (AÐ), v. *to doubt* (engi efar þat); e. um e-t, *to doubt about a thing*; refl., efast í e-u, *to hesitate in, be in doubt*; e. um e-t = efa um e-t; with gen., e. e-s, *to change one's mind in a matter*.

EFAÐ-SAMLIGR, a. *doubtful*; -SEMD, f. *doubtfulness, uncertainty*.

EFA-LAUSLIGA, adv. *without doubt*; -LAUSS, a. *indubitable, certain*; -LAUST, adv. *without doubt, certainly*.

EFAN, f. *doubt, doubting*.

EFANAR-LAUSS, a. *undoubted*; -LAUST, adv. *undoubtedly, indubitably*.

EFAN-LEIKR, m. *doubtfulness*; -leikr sagnar, *ambiguity of expression*; -LIGR, a. (1) *doubtful*; (2) *hesitating, irresolute*; (3) *uncertain* (efanligt er mannsins eðli).

EFA-SAMLIGA, adv. *doubtfully*; -SEMD, f. (1) *doubt* (án -semd); (2) *ambiguity* (-semd andsvarsins); -SÖK, f. *doubtful case* (in law).

EFJA, f. *mud, ooze*.

EFLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to strengthen structurally, to reinforce* (e. veggi); létu þeir e. at nýju Danavirki, *they restored the Danish wall*; (2) *to found, raise* (e. stað, kirkju); e. her (lið) á hendr e-m, *to raise troops against one*; e. e-n, *to support, aid* (efldi Dofri hann síðan til ríkis í Noregi);

e. e-n til rangs máls, *to help one in an unjust cause*; (3) *to perform*; e. heit, *to make a vow*; e. at brullaupi, *to hold a wedding*; (4) *to be able* (sem vér eflum ok orkum); (5) refl., eflast, *to grow strong* (hann fann, at mótstöðumenn hans efldust); e. at her, *to gather, raise troops*; e. til ríkis, *to win a kingdom (by force of arms)*; poet., e. við e-n, *to marry into one's family*, = mægjast.

EF-LAUST, adv. *undoubtedly, without doubt* (eflaust má hann þat vita).

EFLING, f. (1) *strengthening, increase in strength*; (2) *aid, support*.

EFNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to perform, fulfil* (e. orð sín, sætt, heit); refl., efnast, *to turn out in a certain way* (efndist þat ok vel; þat efnist opt illa).

EFNA (AÐ), v. *to prepare, make arrangements for a thing* (e. til vetrsetu, veizlu kaupstaðar).

EFNA-FÆÐ, f., -LEYSI, n., -SKORTR, m. *scarcity, want, or shortness of means*.

EFND, f. *fulfilment of a promise* (raun mun eptir fara um efndir).

EFNI, n. (1) *stuff, material* (svá skildu þeir, at allir hlutir væri smíðaðir af nökkuru efni); ek em görr af ústyrku efni, *I am made of frail stuff*; cf. biskups-, brúðar-, fægðar-, konu-, konungs-, mágs-, manns-, mungáts-, smíðar-efni; (2) *matter of discourse, subject, theme* (þryti mér fyrr stundin til frásagnar en efnit til umrœðu) eigi með sönnu e., *with untrue statement, falsely*; nú er úti mitt e., *now my story is at an end*; (3) *matter, affair* (segir konungr frá öllu þessu e.); fátt er betr látit en e. eru tíl, *few things are reported better than they really are*; (4) *cause, reason*; látast báðir af því e., *both die from this cause*; fyrir þat e. *(for that reason)* keypti hann landit (5) *state, condition, affair*; sagði, hver e. í vóru, *he told how matters stood*; ek veit eigi görla e. Gunnlaugs, *how G.'s affairs stand*; kominn í úvænt e., *into a critical condition*; óttalauss í öllu e., *in every respect*; er þessi hlutr kom til efnis, *when this came aboitt*; berr þat til efnis, at, *it happens that*; (6) pl., *means*; ok bjuggust um eptir þeim efnum, sem þeir höfðu til, *according to their means*; engi vóru e. annars, þar vóru engi e. önnur, *there was no other chance or choice*.

EFNI-LIGR, a. *hopeful, promising* (efniligir menn); ekki efniligt, *not advisable*.

EFNING, f. *keeping fulfilment*, = efnd.

EFNI-TRÉ, n. *wood-materials, timber*.

EFRI (older form ØFRI), a. compar., EFSTR (older form ØFSTR), a. superl., (1) *upper, uppermost*, opp. to 'neðri, neðstr'; bera efra skjöld, *to gain the victory*; verða e-m e., *to be superior to*; hit efra, (*a*) *high above ground* (fara hit efra í trjám sem apynjur eða íkornar); (*b*) *the upper or inland road*, opp. to 'hit ytra', *along the shore* (sumir fóru hit efra til Þríhyrningshálsa); *by land*, opp. to the sea; (*c*) *of the inner part of a building*, opposed to 'hit fremra' or the part nearest the door (konungr settist í hásæti ok alskipat var hit efra ok hit fremra); (2) *latter, last*; þetta var inn efra hlut sumars, *towards the end of summer*; á efra aldri, *advanced in years*; efsti dómr, *the last judgement*; efsta vika langaföstu, *the last week of Lent, Passion Week*.

EGÐIR, m. pl. *the inhabitants of* Agðir, a 'fylki' in Norway.

EGÐSKR, a. *from* Agðir.

EGG (gen. pl. EGGJA), n. *egg*.

EGG (gen. -JAR, dat. -JU; pl. -JAR), f.

edge; eyða (verja) oddi ok eggju, *by force of arms, with might and main*.

EGG-BITINN, pp. *cut, wounded by an edge*; -ELNINGR, m. *a scythe having an ell-long edge*; -FARVEGR, m. *the print of an edge*; -HVASS, a. *sharp-edged, sharp* (-hvast járn).

EGGJA (AÐ), v. *to incite, egg one on to do a thing* (e. e-n e-s *or* til e-s *or* á e-t); e. e-n fram, *to urge one on*; refl., láta at eggjast, *to yield to another's egging on*; e. upp á e-n, *to pick a quarrel with one, provoke one*; recipr. *to egg one another on* (eggjuðust nú fast hvarirtveggju).

EGGJA-BRODDR, m. *sharp-edged spike*.

EGGJAN, f. *egging on, goading*.

EGGJANAR-FÍFL, n. *fool, cat's paw*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *inciting (egging) words*.

EGGJARI, m. *egger-on, inciter*.

EGG-LEIKR, m. poet. *play with sharp weapons, battle*; -MÓÐR, a. poet. *sword-smitten*.

EGG-SKURN, f. *egg-shell*.

EGG-STEINN, m. *sharp-edged stone*; -TEINN, m. *'edge-twig', the steeled edge of a sword*; svá at fal báða -teina sverðsins, *so that both edges of the sword were hidden*.

EGG-TÍÐ, f. *egg-season*; -VER, n. *'eggfield'* (a place where eggs of sea-birds are gathered).

EGG-VÖLR, m. *the steeled edge of an axe* (hann snerpir eggvölinn).

EGIPTA-LAND, n. *the land of Egypt*.

EGIPZKR, a. *Egyptian*.

EGNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to use as a bait*, with dat. (e. oxahöfði a öngul); (2) *to furnish with a bait, to bait*, with acc. (e. snöru, net, gildru); (3) *to bait for* (e. aurriða); e. veiði, *to set bait for the prey*; (4) *to incite, provoke*.

EI, adv. (1) *ever*, = ey, æ; ei ok ei, *forever and ever*; (2) *not*, = eigi (as 'aldri' for 'aldrigi').

EIÐ, n. *isthmus, neck of land* (mjött e.).

EIÐA, f. poet. *mother* (rare).

EIÐA-BRIGÐI, n. *breach of oath*; -FULLTING, n. *oath-help*; -KONA, f. *female compurgator*; -LIÐ, n. *oath helpers, compurgators*; -MÁL, n. *the matter of taking an oath*.

EIÐ-BRÓÐIR, m. *a sworn confederate*; -BUNDINN, pp. *oath-bound*; -FALL, n. *failing in one's oath*; -FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to charge one with a thing by an oath*; -FŒRING, -FŒRSLA, f. *charging by an oath*; -FŒRR, a. *able, competent to take an oath*; -HJÁLP, n. *oath-help*; -LAUST, adv. *without an oath*.

EIÐR (-S, -AR), m. *oath*; vinna, sverja eið, *to take (swear) an oath*; rjúfa eið, *to break an oath*; ganga til eiða, *to proceed to the taking of oaths*; eigi verðr einn eiðr alla, *a single oath does not clear all men*.

EIÐ-ROF, n. *breach of an oath*; -ROFI, m. *violator of an oath, perjurer*; -SPJALL, n. *taking of an oath*; hlýða til -spjalls e-s, *to listen to one's oath*; -STAFR, m. *oath-formula*; -SVARI, m. *one bound by oath, liegeman*; -SŒRR, a. *that may be sworn to, absolutely true*; -UNNING, f. *the taking of an oath*; -VARR, a. *cautious (conscientious) as to an oath*; -VÆTTI, n. *testimony on oath*.

EIGA (á, átta, áttr), v. (1) *to own, possess* (Starkaðr átti hest góðan); (2) *to have* (e. börn, föður, móður, vin); e. konu, *to have her for wife*; hann átti Gró, *he was married to G.*; hann gekk at e. Þóru, *he took Th. for his wife, he married Th.*; enga vil ek þessa e., *I will not marry any of these*; e. heima, *to have a home, to live* (þeir áttu heima austr í Mörk); e. sér e-t = e. e-t (Höskuldr átti sér dóttur, er Hallgerðr

hét); e. ván e-s, *to have hope of a thing, to reckon upon*; e. hlut at *or* í e-u, *to have a share in a thing, to be concerned in*; e. vald á e-u, *to have within one's power*; (3) *to be under obligation, be obliged, have to do a thing*; tólf menn, þeir er fylgð áttu með konungi, *who were bound to attend the king's person*; á ek þar fyrir at sjá, *I am bound (I have) to see to that*; átti Hrútr för í Vestfjorðu, *H. had to go to the V.*; (4) *to have a right (claim) to, be entitled to* (e. högg ok höfn í skóginum); e. mál í e-m, *to have a charge against one*; e. rétt á sér, *to have a (personal) claim to redress*; (5) *to keep, hold*; e. fund, þing, samkvámu, stefnu, *to hold a meeting*; e. kaupstefnu, *to hod a market*; e. orrustu við e-n, *to fight a battle with one*; e. högg við e-n, *to exchange blows with one*; e. illt við e-n, *to quarrel with*; e. tal (*or* mál) við e-n, *to speak, converse with one*; (6) as an auxiliary with pp. = hafa (þat er við áttum mælt); e. skilit, *to have stipulated*; (7) *to have to* (skal Þ. eigi at því e. at spotta); e. hendr sínar it verja, *to have to act in self-defence*; e. um vandræði at halda, *to be in a strait*; (8) e. e-m e-t, *to owe to one* (mun æ, hvat þú átt þeim er veitir); (9) *to be the person denoted by a thing*; þat muntu ætla, at ek mun e. hinn bleika uxann, *that the fawn-coloured ox means me*; (10) with preps., e. e-t at e-m, *to have something due from one, to expect from one* (þat vil ek e. at þér, at þú segir mér frá ferð þinni); *to deserve from one* (ok á ek annat at þér); þeir er mikit þóttust at sér e., *had much in their power*; e. e-t eptir, *to have to do yet, to have left undone* (þat áttu eptir, er erfiðast er, en þat er at deyja); *to leave behind one* (andaðist ok átti eptir tvá sonu vaxna); e. e-t saman, *to own in common*; e. skap saman, *to agree well, be of one mind*; eigi veit ek, hvárt við eigum heill saman, *whether we shall live happy together*; e. saman, *to quarrel*, = e. deild saman; e. um við e-n, *to have to deal with* (við brögðótta áttu nú um); þar sem við vini mína er um at e., *where my friends are concerned*; e. e-t undir e-m, *to have in another's hands*; Njáll átti mikit fé undir Starkaði ok í Sandgili, *N. had much money out at interest with St. and at Sandgil*, er sá eigi vel staddr, er líf sitt á undir þinum trúnaði, *whose life depends on thy good faith*; e. mikit (lítit) undir sér, *to have much (little) in one's power*; far þú við marga menn, svá at þú eigir allt undir þér, *that the whole matter rests in thy own hands*; hann sá, at hann átti ekki undir sér, *that he had no influence*; e. við e-n, *to have to do with, fight with* (brátt fundu þeir, at þeir áttu þar ekki við sinn maka); ekki á ek þetta við þik, *this is no business between thee and me*; e. gott (illt) við e-n, *to be on good (bad) terms with one*; e. við konu, *to have intercourse with*, = e. lag (samræði) við konu; recipr., eigast við, *to deal with one another*; *fight, quarrel*; e. við deildir, *to be engaged in strife*; áttust þeir höggvaskipti við, *they exchanged blows with one another*.

EIGA, f. (1) *possession*; kasta sinni eigu, leggja sína eigu, í e-t, *to take possession of*; (2) *property*.

EIGANDI (pl. EIGENDR), m. *owner, possessor*.

EIGI, adv. *not*; eigi … ok, *nor* (e. vil ek ok þat mitt ráð kalla).

EIGIN, n. (1) *one's own, one's property*; (2) *new sprout of corn*.

EIGIN, a. indecl. *own*, = eiginn (var

jarðaðr í sinni e. borg); this 'eigin' may also be considered as the first part of a compound; -BORG, f. *one's own town*; -BÓNDI, m. *husband*; -BRŒÐR, m. pl. *one's own brothers*; -DÓTTIR, f. *one's own daughter*; -GIPTAST (see GIPTA), v. refl., *to marry, be married to* (of a woman); -GIRND, -GIRNI, f. *selfishness*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *selfish*; -HÚSFRÚ, -KONA, -KVÁN, f. *wife*; -KVÁNGAÐR, -KVÆNTR, pp. *lawfully married* (of a man); -KYN, n. *peculiarity*; -LAUSS, a. *having no property, poor*; -LEIKR, m. *quality, peculiarity*; -LIGA, adv. *properly, strictly*; -LIGR, a. *one's own, personal, particular*; sjá -ligum augum, *with one's own eyes*; -ligt nafn, *proper name*; -MAÐR, m. *husband*.

EIGINN, a. *own, proper* (með samþykt eiginnar konu).

EIGIN-NAFN, n. *proper name*; -ORÐ, n. (1) *possession*; fá e-t at -orði, *to get possession of*, opp. to 'fá e-t at láni'; (2) *wedding, marriage* (bjóða e-m konu til -orðs); -RAUN, f. *one's own experience*; -TUNGA, f. *one's own native tongue*.

EIGN, f. (1) *property, possession*; kasta sinni e., leggja e. sína, á e-t, *to take possession of*; (2) *estate, landed property*, esp. pl. (hann átti eignir í Vík austr).

EIGNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to assign, attribute to one* (eigna e-m e-t); eigna sér e-t, *to declare a thing to be one's own property, to take to oneself*; eigna sér land, *to take land into one's own hands*; refl., eignast, *to become the owner of, to get*; (2) *to dedicate to, name after one* (eigna e-m kvæði, eigna Þór hof).

EIGNAÐR, pp. *having, possessions or property* (vel eignaðr).

EIGNA-LAUSS, a. *having no property, destitute*.

EIGNAR-ÁKALL, n. *claim of ownership*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *one's own brother*; -HLUTR, m. (1) *private share, property*; (2) *part of an estate*; -JÖRÐ, f. *patrimony*; -KONA, f. = eiginkona; -LÝRITTR, m. *legal title of ownership*; -MAÐR, m. *owner, possessor*; -NAFN, n. *proper name*; -SONR, m. *one's own son*; -SPÚSA, f. = -kona; -VILI, m. *one's own will*; -VITNI, -VÆTTI, n. *witness of ownership*.

EIGNA-SKIPTI, n. *exchange of land*.

EI-GÓÐR, a. *'evergood', beloved*, as a nickname; -GRŒNN, a. *evergreen*.

EIGU-LIGR, a. *worth having, precious*.

EIK (gen. EIKAR and EIKR, pl. EIKR), f. *oak*, also *a tree* in general.

EIKAR-KEFLI, m. *oaken stick*; -STOFN, -STUBBI, m. *oak stump, oak stub*.

EIKI, n. *oak timber*; -ÁSS, m. *oaken beam*; -KYLFA, f. *oaken club*; -KÖSTR, m. *pile of oak wood*.

EIKINN, a. *wild, vehement (of fire)*.

EIKI-SKÓGR, m. *oak wood, oak forest*; -STOBBI, m. *stump of an oak*; -STOKKR, m. *oak stock*; -SÚLA, f. *oaken column*; -TINDAÐR, pp. *with oaken pegs*; -VIÐR, m. *oak wood, oak timber*; -VÖNDR, m. *twig of an oak tree*.

EIKJA, f. *a small ferry-boat*.

EIKJU-KARFI, m. = eikja.

EI-LIGR, a. *eternal* (rare).

EILÍFÐ, f. *eternity, eternal life*.

EILÍFÐAR-FRIÐR, m. *everlasting peace*; -YNDI, n. *everlasting hafipiness*; -ÖMBUN, f. *eternal recompense*.

EI-LÍFI, n. = eilífð.

EILÍFIS-FAGNAÐR, m. *everlasting joy*.

EILÍF-LEIKR, m. *eternity*; -LIGA, adv. *eternally, to all eternity*; -LIGR, a. *eternal, everlasting*.

EI-LÍFR, a. *eternal, everlasting*; at -lífu,

for ever and ever.

EI-LÍTILL, a. *very small, very little*.

EIMI, EIMR, m. *reek, vapour*.

EI-MUNI, m. *an ever memorabe thing*; þat er þeim -muni, *they will never foget it*.

EIMYRJA, f. *embers* (eldr ok e.; all er ægir sem í eimyrju hrœri).

EINA, adv. *only, alone*.

EIN-ANGR, m. *a great strait* (vaskr örug-gr, í einangri); -ANGRA (AÐ), v. *to put one in a strait*.

EINARÐAR-FÁTT, a. n., e-m verðr -fátt *one fails in courage*; -LAUSS, a. *wavering, treacherous*; -LEYSI, n. *inconstancy, unreliableness*; -MAÐR, m. *a steadfast, trusty man*.

EINARÐ-LIGA, adv. *firmly, heartily*; -LIGR, a. *firm, determined-looking, faithful*; -MÆLTR, a. *frank, out-spoken*.

EINARÐR, a. (1) *single* (einart þak); (2) *firm, determined, reliable*.

EINART, adv. (1) *incessantly*; (2) *straight, directly*.

EIN-BAKAÐR, pp. *once-baked*; -BANI, m. *single-handed slayer*; -BERNI, n. *only child*; -BEYGÐR, pp. *sole, only* (-beygðr kostr); -BJARGA, a. indecl *self-supporting, independent*; -BREIÐR, a. *of a single breadth, half a yard broad* (of stuff); -BÚI, m. *single dweller*; -BŒLI, n. *single household*; -DAGA (AÐ), v. *to fix a day for a thing* (eindaga fé, þing, leigu, brullaup); -DAGI, m. *a fixed time, term*; -DRŒGR, a. *incessant, continuous* (gerum þeim eindrœgja hríðina); -DŒMI, n. (1) *the right to be sole arbiter in a case*; (2) *an unexampled thing*; -EGGJÁÐR, pp. *one-edged*; -EIÐI (= eins eiðr), n. *silence oath*; -EIGN, f. *sole ownership*; -EYGÐR, a. *one-eyed*; -FALDA (AÐ), v. *to use in the singular*; einfalda ákall, *to address with 'thou'*; -FALDLEIKR, m. *simplicity*; -FALDLIGA, adv. *simply, singly*; -FALDLIGLEIKR, m. = -fald-leikr.

EIN-FALDR, a. (1) *simple*; *single*; (2) *weak in intellect, silly*; (3) *plain, common* (einfaldr bóndi); -FARAR, f. pl. *walking-alone*; -FELDI, f. *simplicity, weak intellect*; -FELDR, a. *bent on one thing, resolute*; -FERÐIR, f. pl. = -farar; -FYNDR, a. (1) *belonging to the finder alone* (hvalr einfyndr); (2) *as finder entitled to the whole* (einfyndr at hval); -FŒRR, a. *able to go alone*; -FŒTINGR, m. *one-legged man*; -FŒTTR, pp. *one-legged*; -FÖR, f., see -farar.

EINGA, a. indecl. *only, single*; e. barn, *only child*; e. vinr, *only friend, intimate friend*.

EIN-GANGA, f. *solitary walk*; ganga eingöngu, *to walk alone*; -GETINN, pp. *only begotten*; -HAMA, a. indecl., -HAMR, a. *single-shaped*, opp. to 'hamrammr'; Þrándr var kallaðr eigi einhamr, *Th. was thought to be a werewolf*; -HARÐR, a. = einarðr; -HENDIS, adv. *straight, off-hand*; -HENDR, a. *one-handed*; -HERJAR, m. pl. *the dead warriors* (in Valhalla) sing., einheri, *great champion* (of Thor); -HJAL, n. *private talk (between two)*; -HLEYPINGR, m., -HLEYPISMAÐR, m. *single person without hearth or home*; -HLEYPR, a. *single, unmarried*; -HLÍTR, a. *fully sufficient, adequate* (til e-s, *to*); látt sér e-t einhlítt, *to rest satisfied with*; vera sér einhlítr, *not to need the help of others*; -HUGAÐ-LIGA, adj., *unanimously*; -HUGI, a. *wholly intent on* (á e-t); -HUGSA (AÐ), v. *to make up one's mind*; -HVERFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to turn a thing in one direction*; einhverfa ætlan sína fyrir sér, *to decide upon doing a thing*; -HVERFR, a. *determined*; -HVERR, pron., see 'einnhverr'; einhvers staðar, *somewhere*; -HYRNDR, a. *one-horned*; -HYRN-

INGR, m. *unicorn*.

EINIGR, a. (1) *any*; (2) *no*, = engi.

EINING, f. *unity* (þrennr í einingu).

EINIR (gen. EINIS), m. *juniper*.

EIN-JÁRNUNGR, m. *a cutting tool or weapon made of one piece of iron*.

EINKA (AÐ), v. *to appoint for a particular use* (einka e-t til e-s).

EINKA-, in compds., *special, particular*; GLÖF, f. *special gift*; -GRIÐ, n. *special truce*; -GRIPR, m. *special family heirloom*; -JARTEGN, n. *special token*; -LEYFI, -LOF, n. *special lease*; -MAÐR, m. *a person of special rank, dignitary*; -MÁL, n. (1) *special agreement*; (2) *privilege*.

EINKAN-LIGA, adv. *especially, particularly*; -LIGR, a. *special, extraordinary*.

EIN-KANNA (AÐ), v. = einka, *to assign specially*.

EINKANNA-HLUTR, m. *a distinguishing mark or feature*.

EINKAR, adv. *very, exceedingly* (e. fagr, hræddr); e. mjök, *very much* e. skjótt, *with great speed*; e. vel, *extremely well*; in compds. with nouns = einka-; -EÐLI, n. *special nature*; -NAFN, n. *proper name*; -SKRIPTARGANGR, m. *special confession*.

EINKA-STÆLA, f. *particular or personal happiness*; -VINR, m. *a particular friend*.

EIN-KENNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to furnish with a distinctive mark, disinguish, signalize*; -KENNILIGR, a. *especial, particular*; -KENNING, f. *distinction*.

EINKUM, adv. (1) *chiefly, especially*; (2) *very* (e. góðr, e. bezt).

EIN-KUNN, f. *mark of ownership (on animals)*; -KVÆNTR, pp. *having only one wife*; -KYNNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to mark* (animals); -LAGI, a., vera, gerast einlagi um e-t, *to act alone in a thing*; -LÁT, n. *deserting one's wife or husband* (cf. 'láta konu eina'); -LEIKR, m. *unity*; -LEITR, a. *singular in one's behaviour, odd*; -LITR, a. *of one colour*; -LYNDI, n. *obstinacy, stubbornness*; -LYNDR, a. *obstinate, stubborn*; -LÆTI, n. (1) = einlyndi; (2) = -lát; ætla konu einlæti, *to intend to desert one's wife*; -MÁLL, a. *opinionated*; -MAN, n. *solitude*; búa í einmani, *to live in solitude*; -MANA, a. indecl. *solitary lonely, friendless*.

EINMÁNAÐAR-SAMKVÁMA, f. *a meeting held in* 'einmánaðr'.

EIN-MÁNAÐR, m. *the last month of winter* (part of March and April); -MANI, a. = -mana; -MENNINGR, m., drekka einmenning, *to empty the drinking-horn each one by himself*; -MÓÐLIGA, adv. *firmly*, resolutely; -MÆLI, n. (1) *private talk or conference*; (2) *common talk* (var þat allra manna einmæli); -MÆLINGR, m. *one meal only*; hafa einmæling, *to eat one meal a day*; -MÆLT, adv. *one a day, one meal a day* (eta, drekka einmælt); -MÆLTR, pp. *unanimously said* (þat var einmælt, at).

EINN, card. numb. and pron. (1) *one*; e. skal við e. eiga, *one shall fight against one*; e. ok e., *one by one, one at a time, singly*; (2) as ord. numb. = inn fyrsti (Urð hétu eina, aðra Verðandi, Skuld ina þriðju); (3) *the same, one and the same* (váru sveinarnir up fœddir báðir í einu þorpi); allt í eina leið, *all in one way*; e. … ok, *the same as* (í einu herbergi ok hinn); allr e., *the very same, quite the same* (þat er allt eitt ok himinn); allt at einu, *nevertheless, for all that* (þó at þú þjónaðir illum, þó var hann allt at einu þinn herra); (4) indef. *one, a certain* (e. vetr, e. dag, eitt kveld); e. vinr Þóris, *a certain friend of Th.*; before numbers, *about, some*; einar fimm þúsundir, *some five thousand*; einir

… aðrir, *some … others* (einir tóku dúka ok aðrir rekkjublæjur); e. ok ýmiss, *one and another* (einar ok ýmissar þjóðir); (5) after a negation, *any*; né eitt, *not anything*; (6) gen. pl. 'einna' used in an intensive sense; einna manna bezt, *best of all (single) men*; einna verst, *by far the worst*; einna sízt, *by far the least, least of all*; engi er einna hvatastr, *no man is superior to all others*; (7) *alone* (Guðrún skyldi ein ráða fyrir fé þeirra); láta konu eina, *to desert or divorce one's wife*; with gen., hann varð e. sinna manna, *he was separated from his men*; if put after the noun 'einn' generally denotes *only, but*; segja þetta prett einn, *to call this a mere trick*; vín eitt, *wine only*; var þat (handklæði) raufar einar, *all in holes, mere tatters*; fáir einir, *only a few*; e. sér *or* sér e., *quite by oneself, alone* (hann var e. sér); e. saman, e. samt, *quite alone*; kona eigi ein saman, *not alone, with child*; at eins, *only, but*; eigi at eins, *not only*; því at eins, *only in that case*; údauðr at eins, *merely not dead, all but dead, barely alive*; at einu = at eins.

EIN-NEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to appoint*.

EINN-HVERR (EIN-HVER, EITT-HVERT), indef. pron.; except in nom. and acc. sing. masc. and neut. ein- is generally indecl.; (1) *some, some one*; einnhvern dag, *some day*; eitthvert sinn, einhverju sinni, *sometime, once*; as a noun (meðan einnhverr várr búandanna er lífs); (2) as an intensive with superl. ágætastr maðr einnhverr, *one of the very foremost men*; (3) *each, each one*, usually in two words (ór þeirra fjórðungi sem ór einum hverjum öðrum).

EINNIG, EINNUG (= einn veg), adv. *in the same way, likewise, also*; á e. (= á einn veg), *in the same manner*.

EIN-NÆTTR, a. *one night old*; -RÁÐINN, pp. *having made up one's mind, resolved* (í e-u, til e-s, *upon)*; hafa einráðit at gera e-t, *to have made up one's mind to do a thing*; -RÁÐR, a. *self-willed*; -REIKULL, a. *inclined to roam about alone*; -RÆÐI, n. *self-willed*; -RŒÐA, f. *private conference*; -RŒNLIGR, a. *strange, odd*; -RŒNN, a. *singular in his behaviour*.

EINS, adv. *alike, in the same way*; e. ok, *as* (bar e. víð ok í Valþjófsstöðum); *as if* (e. ok væri hann með öllu óttalauss); allt e. ok, *just as* (allt e. ok rakkar metja með tungu); allt e. = allt at einu, see einn 3; at eins, see einn 7.

EIN-SAMALL, a. *alone* (rare) = einn saman.

EIN-SETA, f. (1) *solitude*; (2) *solitary life, hermit's life*; (3) *hermitage*.

EINSETU-BRÓÐIR, m. *anchoret, recluse, hermit*; -KLEFI, -KOFI, m. *hermit's cell*; -KONA, f. *hermitess, anchoress*; -LIFNAÐR, m. *the life of an anchoret, hermit's life*; -LIGR, a. *pertaining, to* einseta; -LÍF, n. = -lifnaðr; -MAÐR, -MUNKR, m. = -bróðir.

EINS-HVERR, indef. pron. = einnhverr.

EIN-SKAPAN, f. *the right to fix one's own terms*; -SKIPA, a. indecl. *with a single ship* (þú sigldir einskipa); EIN-SKIRR, a. *perfectly clear* (einskírt veðr); -SKJALDAR, adv. *under the same shield, acting together*; -SKORA (AÐ), v., einskora hug sinn, *to make up one's mind*; -SKÆRLIGR, a. *pure*.

EINS-LIGA, adv. *privately, singly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *single* = einfaldr; einslig tala, *singular number*; (2) *private* (einslig áminning); (3) *especial, particular*.

EIN-STAÐAR, adv. *in some place*; -STAKA, a. indecl. *single, occurring nov and then, here and there*; -STAPI, m. *a kind of fern*; -STIGI, n. *narrow path*; -STRENG-

JA (-DA, -DR), v. *to make firm*; einstrengja þá ætlan fyrir sér at, *to resolve firmly*; -STŒÐR, a. *solitary, bereaved*.

EINS-VÍGI, n. *single combat*, = einvígi.

EIN-SÝNN, a. (1) *one-eyed*; (2) *evident, obvious*; at einsýnu, *evidently*; -SÆTT, a. n. *clear, evident*, only in the phrase, e-t er einsxtt, *is the only thing to be done*; -SÖGN, f. *a single person's statement*; -TAL, n. *private conference* (ganga á eintal); -TALAT, pp. n., varð þeim eintalat um Helgu, *they talked of nothing but H.*; -TEITI, a. *in high spirits, quite merry*; -TÓMI, a. *quite unoccupied, disengaged*; -TRJÁNUNGR, m. *a boat made of a single tree*.

EINUGI, neut, dat. from 'engi'; e. feti framarr, *not a step further*.

EIN-URÐ, f. = -örð; -VALA, a. indecl. *chosen, select*; einvala kappi, *great champion*; einvala lið, *picked troops*; -VALD, n. *absolute government, sole sovereinity*; tiundi vetr einvalds hans, *the tenth year of his reign*; -VALDI, m. *monarch, sovereign* (einvaldi e-s *or* yfir e-u); -VALDR, m. = -valdi).

EINVALDS-HERRA, -HÖFÐINGI, m. *autocrat, monarch*; -KONUNGR, m. *absolute king*; -RÍKI, n. *absolute sway, empire*.

EIN-VALINN, pp. *select, picked*; -VILD, f., -VILI, m. *self-will*; -VIRÐING, f. *one's own choice*; af einvirðingu, *especially*.

EINVIRÐU-LIGA, adv. *exceedingly, especially*; -LIGR, a. *especial*.

EIN-VIRKI, m. *single worker, a poor husbandman who has no servants*; -VIST, f. *solitude*; vera einvistum, *to live alone*; -VÍGI, n. *single combat, duel*; EINVÍGISMAÐR, m. *one who fights in single combat, a duellist*.

EIN-VÆNN, a. *in a hopeless state, sinking fast* (liggja, vera, einvænn); -VÖLDUGR, a. *absolute*; -VÖRÐUNGUM, adv. *particularly*; -YRKI, m. = -virki; -ÞYKKI, n. *self-will*; -ÞYKKR, a. *self-willed, stubborn*; -ÆRI, n. *term of one year*; -ÆRR, a. *lasting one year, of one year* (einær tíund); -ÆTL, n. pl., only in the phrase, eta e-t einætum, *to eat alone, in private*; -ÖRÐ (gen. -ARÐAR), f. (1) *franknes, boldness, fairness* (hafa einörð til at ganga við e-u); einörð várrar frásagnar, *the fairness of our story*; (2) *fidelity, loyalty* (at landsfólkit mundi snúit frá einörðinni við konung); (3) *firm conviction* (þat er einörð mín, at þat er at engum kosti rétt).

EIR, f. *one of the heathen goddesses*.

EIR, n. *brass, copper*.

EIRA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to spare*, with dat. (at þeir skyldu eira konum ok kirkjum); e. undan e-u, *to yield to*; (2) e-m eirir e-t vel (illa), *it agrees well (ill) with one, he is well pleased (displeased) with it* (Eiríki konungi eirði þetta stórilla); honum eirir illa, ef, *he is annoyed, if*; (3) e. e-n af e-u, *to deprive one of*.

EIR-ALTARI, n. *brazen altar*; -BAUGR, m. brazen ring.

EIRÐ, f. *clemency, mercy*.

EIR-GUÐ, m. *an idol of brass*; -HJÁLMR, m. *brazen helmet*.

EIRINN, a. *forbearing, lenient*.

EIR-KER, n. *brazen vessel*; -KETILL, m. *brazen kettle*; -KROSS, m. *brazen cross*; -KYRTILL, m. *brazen cloak*; -LIGR, a. *brazen*; -NÖKKVI, m. *brazen boat*; -ORMR, m. *brazen serpent*; -PENINGR, m. *brass coin, copper coin*; -PÍPA, f. *brass tube*; -SKJÖLDR, m. *brazen shield*; -STEYPARI, m. *brass-founder*; -STÓLPI, m. *pillar of brass*; -TEINN, m. *brass wire*; -UXI, m. *brazen ox* (image).

EISA, f. *glowing embers*.

EISA (AÐ), v. (1) *to rush on*; ganga eisanda, *to go dashing through the waves* (of a ship); eisandi úðr, *foaming wave*; (2) eisa eldum, *to shower down embers*.

EISKALD, n., EISKÖLD, f. poet. *heart*.

EISKRA (AÐ), v. *to roar, rage*.

EISKRAN, f. *roaring, raging*.

EISTA (gen. pl. EISTNA), n. *testicle, stone* (eistun þrútnuðu).

EISTLAND, n. *Esthonia*.

EISTRIESTIR, a. *Esthonian*.

EISTR, EISTRIR, m. pl. the Esthonians.

EITLA (AÐ), v., only in the phrase, e. augum, *to look stern*.

EITR, n. *poison* (kasta eitri í drylk); fig. bitterness, malice.

EITRA (AÐ), v. *to poison* (eitra smyrsl); EITRAÐR, poisonous (eitrat hatr).

EITR-Á, f. *poisonous stream*; -BLANDINN, pp. *impregnated, tainted with poison, poisoned, envenomed*; -BLÁSINN, pp. *swollen up with poison*; -BLÁSTR, m. (1) *inflammation from poison*; (2) *poisonous breath*; -BÓLGINN, pp. = eitr-blásinn; -DALR, m. '*venom dale*'; -DREP, n. *deadly poison, poisoning*; -DREPINN, pp. *killed by poison, poisoned*; -DROPI, m. *drop of poison*; -DRYKKR, m. *poisoned drink*; -EGGJAÐR, pp. *having a poisoned edge*; -FÁR, a. *venomous* (eitr-fár ormr); -FLUGA, f. *venomous insect*; -FULLR, a. *kind of poison*; -HERÐR, pp. *tempered in poison* (sverðit var -hert í); -KALDR, a. *deadly cold*; -KVEISA, f. *venomous sore*, a nickname; -KVIKJA, f. *venomous yeast*; -KVIKVENDI, n. *venomous creature*; -LIGR, a. *poisonous*; -MAÐKR, m. *venomous maggot*; -NAÐRA, f. *poisonous adder*; -ORMR, m. *poisonous serpent*; -PADDA, f. *venomous toad*.

EITRS-FULLR, a. *full of venom*.

EITR-TANDRAÐR, pp. *glittering with poison*, = eitr-fár.

EI-VESANDI, pr. p. *everlasting, eternal*; -VIST, f. = eilífi.

EK, pers. pron. *I*; in poetry and old prose a pronominal *k* is suffixed to the verb, emk = em ek, vask = vas ek; sák = sá ek; mundak = munda ek; even if preceded by ek: ek sék, ek sitk; a preceding *g* becomes by assimilation *k*, hykk = hygg ek; the pronominal *k* is inserted between the suffixed negative, *-a* or *-at*, and the verb, sáka = sá ek-a, *I saw not*; veitka = veit ek-a, *I know not*.

EKJA, f. *carting, carrying in a cart* (sumir tóku til ekju).

EKJU-VEGR, m. *cart-road*.

EKKA-LAUSS, a. *griefless*.

EKKI, m. *heavy, sobbing, sorrow, grief* (angr ok ekki).

EKKI, nom. and acc. neut. sing. of 'engi', *nothing, nought*; also used as adv., *not*, = eigi.

EKKJA, f. *widow* (var þat lítit, at bera ekkju nafn); poet. *woman*.

EKKJU-BÚNAÐR, m. *widow's weeds*; -DÓMR, m. *widowhood*; -LÍFI, n. *widowed life*; -SONR, m. *widow's son*.

EKLA, f. *dearth, want*.

EKRA, f. *corn-field, acre*.

ÉL, n. (1) *shower of rain, snow or hail*; (2) fig. *a hot fight*.

ELDA (ELDA, ELDR), v. (1) *to light, kindle a fire* (hann eldir undir katlinum); with dat. of the fuel (e. viði); (2) *to kindle, light, set fire to*, with acc.; e. vita, *to kindle a beacon*; fig., e. hug e-s, *to kindle one's mind*; ek skal yðra húð e. knáliga með klungrum, *I shall make you smart*; (3) *to heat, warm* (e. hús, e. ofn til brauðs) *to smelt*; fig., e. grátt silfr, *to be bad*

friends; (4) impers., eldi hér lengi af með þeim brœðrum, *the spark of resentment was long felt among the brothers*; (5) *it clears up*; eldi nokkut élit (acc.), *the shower cleared up a little*; nótt (acc.) eldir, *the night brightens, the day dawns*.

ELDAST (D), v. refl. *to grow, old*; hann tekr nú at eldast mjök, *he is beginning to age fast*.

ELDA-HÚS, n., -SKÁLI, m. = eldhús

ELD-BAKAÐR, pp. *baked on embers*; -BERI, m. *fire-pan, brasier*; -BRANDR, m. *firebrand*; -BRUNI, m. (1) *fire, conflagration*; (2) *cauterization* (at grœða með -bruna); -BÖLLR, m. *fireball*; -FIMR, a. *inflammable, easily combustible*; -FŒRI, n. pl. *an apparatus for striking fire, tinder-box*; -GRÓF, -GRÖF, f. *fire-pit*; -HÚS, n. (1) '*fire-house*', *hall or sitting-room*; (2) *kitchen*.

ELDHÚS-DYRR, f. pl. *doorway of an eldhús*; -FÍFL, n. *an idiot who sits all day by the fire*; -HURÐ, f. *door of an eldhús*; -SKOT, n. (see skot).

ELDI, n. (1) *procreation* (hafa eðli til barna eldis); (2) *fetus, offspring* (eldi þat, er fram, kemr af kviði konunnar); komast frá eldi sínu, *to be delivered of a child*; (3) *maintenance, feeding* (þar er ekki gesta eldi mælt).

ELDI-BRANDR, m. (1) *firewood, fuel*; (2) *firebrand*.

ELDI-GAMALL, a. *very old*; -LIGR, a. elderly, old-looking.

ELDING, f. (1) *firing, heating, warming* (ofnar til eldingar); (2) *smelting, refining* (gull þat, er stenzt e.); (3) *lightning* (því nast flugu eldingar ok reiðar); (4) *daybreak, dawn* (= nætr-elding).

ELDINGA-FLAUG, -FLUG, n., flash of lightning; -MÁNAÐR, m. *a month in which lightning is frequent*.

ELDI-SKÍÐ, n. *piece of firewood*; -STOKKR, m. *firebrand*; -TORF, n. *turf for fuel*.

ELDIVIÐAR-FÁTT, a. n., e-m verðr -fátt, *one becomes short of fuel*; -LEYSI, n. *want of fuel*; -STIKA, f. *stick of firewood*.

ELDI-VIÐR, m. *firewood, fuel*.

ELD-KER, n. *brasier*; -KVEIKJA, f. *fire-lighter*; fást mun annat til eld-kveikna, *something else will be got to light a fire with*; -LIGR, a. *fiery, of fire* (eldligr stólpi); -NÆMR, a. *easily catching fire, flammable*.

ELDR (-S, -AR), m. *fire*; taka eld, drepa (upp) eld, *to strike fire*: kveikja (upp) eld, *to light a fire*; bregða (koma, skjóta) eldi í e-t, láta (leggja) eld í e-t, *to set fire to, to set on fire*; e. varð lauss ok lék skjótt, *a fire broke out and spread rapidly*; e. hraut af sverðum þeirra, *sparks of fire flew from their swords*.

ELDR, pp. *grown old, worn by age*; kvazt e. vera mjök frá úfriði, *said that he was too old for fighting*.

ELDS-BRUNI, m. *burning of fire*; -DAUNN, m. smell of pre (kenna -daun); -FULLR, a. *full of fire*; -GANGR, m. *raging of fire, conflagration*; -GLÓR, n. *glare of fire*; -GNEISTI, m. *spark of fire*; -GÓLF, n. *hearth-floor*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *materials for firing*; -GØRÐ, f. *making fire*; -HITI, m. *fiery heat*.

ELD-SKÁLI, m. = eldaskáli; -SKÍÐ, n. = eldiskíð.

ELD-SKÍÐA, f. = eldskíð, eldiskíð.

ELDS-KVEYKJA, f. = eldkveikja; -LITR, m. *fiery hue*; -LIKI, n. *shape (likeness) of fire* (í -líki); -LJÓS, n. *fire-light*; -LOGI, m. *flame of fire*; -MATR, m. *food of fire*; -NEYTI, n. *fuel*; -PÍSL, f. *torture by fire*;

-sókn, f. *fetching of fire*; -stólpi, m. *pillar of fire*.

eld-stokkr, m. *firebrand*; -stó (pl. -stóar), *fire-place, hearth*.

elds-uppkváma, f. *volcanic eruption*; -váði, m. *danger of fire*; *conflagration*; -vélar, f. pl. *fire devices*; -verk, n. *tending the fire*; -viðr, m. eldiviðr; -vimr, m. *gleam of fire*; -virki, n. *tinder-box*.

eld-sætinn, -sætr, a. *habitually sitting by the fire* (for warmth); -tinna, f. *flint to strike fire with*.

elfar-bakki, m. *bank of a river*.

elfar-byggjar, -grímar, m. pl. *the dwellers on the banks of the Gotha* (Gautelfr); -kvíslir, f. pl. *the arms of the Gotha, also used of the mouths of the Nile*; -sker, n. pl. *the skerries at the mouth of the Gotha*.

elfr (gen. elfar, dat. and acc. elfi), f. *river*; esp. as prop. name in Saxelfr, *the Elbe*; Gautelfr *or* Elfr, *the river Gotha* (in Sweden); Raumelfr (in Norway).

elfskr, a. *from the river Gotha*.

elg-fróði, m. *centaur* (a monster half man and half elk).

elgja-gröf, f. *elk pit*; -hold, n. *flesh of the elk*; -veiðr, f. *elk-hunting*.

elgr (-s, -ir), m. *elk*.

elg-skógr, m. *a forest with elks*.

eligr, a. *mean, poor*, = æligr.

eli-vágar, m. pl. (mythological name).

elja, f. *a rival wife* (þær konur eru eljur er einn mann eigu).

eljan, f. *endurance, energy*.

eljanar-lauss, a. wanting *energy, inactive*.

eljara-gletta, f. *pertness, sarcasm*.

eljun, f. = eljan; eljunar-leysi, n. *want of energy, weakness*; -maðr, m. *energetic man*.

eljun-frœkn, a. *doughty* (seldusk eiða eljunfrœknir); -lauss, a. = eljanarlauss; -leysi, n. = eljunarleysi.

él-kaldr, a. *ice-cold* (of a stream).

ella, adv. and conj. (1) *else, otherwise* (skaltu eigi annat þora en fara ella skal ek drepa þik); eða ella, *or else*; eða heit hvers manns níðingr ella, *or else be called the 'nithing' of every man*; (2) *or, or else* (annathvárt at koma honum á mitt vald, ella drepa hann sjálfr).

ellar, adv. and conj. = ella, elligar.

elli, f. *old age* (fyrir e. sakir).

elli-belgr, m. *the 'slough' of old age* (kasta -belginum); -bjúgr, a. *bowed down with age*; -dagar, m. pl. *old days*; -dauðr, a. verða -dauðr, *to die of old age*.

elliði, m. *a kind of ship*; elli-dómr, m. *old age*.

ellifti, ord. numb. *the eleventh*.

ellifu, card. numb. *eleven*.

elli-gamall, a. *very old*.

elligar, adv. and conj. = ella.

elli-glöp, n. pl. *dotage of old age*.

él-ligr, a. *showery-looking* (þótti mér nökkut él-ligt vera).

elli-hamr, m. = -belgr; -hrumr, a. *decrepit with age*; -hærur, f. pl. *hoariness of age*; -karl, m. *old man*; -lyf, n. *medicine to keep off old age*; -móðr, a. *weary with age*; -sjúkr, a. *infirm through age*; -stoð, f. *stay of old age*; -tíð, f. *time of old age*; -vafa, f. *decrepitude, infirmity of age*; -vamm, n. *blemish of old age*; -þokki, m. *oldish look* (hratt hón af sér elli-þokka).

ellri, a. compar. *elder, older*.

ellztr, a. superl. *eldest, oldest* (ellztr brœðranna; hinn ellzti sonr).

elma, f. *branch, twig*.

elna (að), v. *to wax, grow*; sótt elnar á

hendr e-m, e-m elnar sóttin, *one's illness becomes worse*.

ELPTR (gen. ELPTAR), f. *swan* (= álpt).

ELRI, n., ELRIR (gen. -IS), m. *alder*.

ELRIS-HUNDR, m. *the wind* (poet.).

ELSKA (AÐ), v. *to love* (hann elskaði ekki annat goð meir en Frey); refl., elskast at e-m, *to grow fond of*; recipr., *to love one another* (höfðu þau Jón elskazt frá barnœsku).

ELSKA, f. love (= ást); hafa elsku á e-m, *to love one*; leggja elsku á e-n *or* við e-n, *to take a fancy for, to fall in love with one*.

ELSKAN-LIGA, adv. *lovingly*; -LIGR, a. *beloved, lovable*.

ELSKARI, m. *lover* (e. e-s).

ELSKHUGA-MAÐR, m. *lover*, = elskari.

ELSK-HUGI, m. (1) *love*; (2) *beloved person* (minn ágætr elskhugi).

ELSKR, a. *fondly attached to one* (e. at e-m), of persons and animals.

ELSKU-BAND, n. *tie (bond) of love*; -BRAGÐ, n. *deed of love*; -FULLR, a. *full of love*; -GRÁTR, m. *tears of love*; -GREIN, f. *a special kind of love*; -LAUSS, a. *loveless*; -LEYSI, n. *lovelessness*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *lovingly*; (2) *heartily, delightfully*; -LIGR, a. (1) *affectionate*; (2) *beloved, dear* (e. faðir!); elskuligr e-m, *dear to one*; -MARK, n. *token of love*.

ELTA (ELTA, ELTR), v. (1) *to knead* (e. leir); ek skal yðra búð e. *(belabour)* með klungrum; (2) *to chase, pursue*; e. óxn með vendi, *to drive cattle with a goad*; e. sauði, *to run after sheep*; refl., eltast eptir e-m, *to pursue eagerly*.

ELTING (pl. -AR), f. *pursuing, chasing*.

EMBÆTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to attend, serve, wait upon*, e. e-m (eiga gestum. at e.); e. fé, *to attend to the cattle, to milk*; (2) *to administer the sacrament to one* (e. e-m).

EMBÆTTI, n. (1) *service*, = þjónosta 1; veita e-m e., *to serve one*; bindast í e-s e., *to enter one's service*; guðligt e., *holy service*; hefi ek mörg vandræði þolat í þinu e., *in your service*; (2) *the sacrament, eucharist*, = þjónosta 3; (3) *office* (biskupligt e.); bjóða e-m af e., *to depose one from office*.

EMBÆTTIS-FŒRR, a. *able to perform one's duties*; -GØRÐ, f. *performance of a (religious) duty*; -LAUSS, a. *holding no office* (of a priest); -MAÐR, m. (1) *servant*; (2) *priest*.

EMENDA (AÐ), EMENDERA (AÐ), v. *to emend* (a book).

EMJA (AÐ), v. *to howl, shriek*.

EMJAN, f. *howling, shrieking*.

EN, conj. (1) *but*; en heima mun ek sitja, *but I will stay at home*; (2) as a copulative, *and*, = ok; ek kann ráðum, Gunnhildar, en kappsemd Egils, *I know the devices of G. and (on the other hand) Egil's eagerness*; (3) = 'an', *than* (óbrigðra vin fær maðr aldregi en mannvit mikit).

EN, in Norse MSS. = ef, er (rel. pron. and temp. conj.); (1) *if*; sælar væri sálurnar, en þær vissi, *if they knew*; (2) as a rel. pron., = er; mína dóttur, en (= er) allra meyja er fegrst, *who is the fairest of all maidens*; (3) *when*, = er, þá er (þeir vóru í hjá, en upp var lesit).

ENDA, conj. (1) with subj. (a standing phrase in the law connecting the latter clause of a conditional premiss) *if, and if, and in case that, and supposing that*; nú hefir maðr sveinbarn fram fœrt í œsku, enda verði sá maðr veginn síðan, þá …, *if a man has brought a boy up in his youth, and it so happens that he (the boy) be slain, then …*; (2) *even if, allhough*, with subj.

(seg mér, hvat til berr, at þú veizt fyrir úorðna hluti, enda sér þú eigi spámaðr); (3) *even*; þá skal hann segja búum sínum til, enda á þingi, *even in parliment*; (4) *if only* with subj. (fyrir engan mun þori ek at vekja konunginn en segja má ek honum tíðindin, ef þú vill, enda vekir þú hann); (5) *and indeed, and of course, and also, and besides*; enda skulum vér þá leysa þik, *and then of course we shall loose thee*; sýnist þat jafnan, at ek em fégjarn, enda man svá enn, *and so it will be also in this case*; (6) *and yet*; eigi nenni ek at hafa þat saman, at veita Högna, enda drepa bróður hans, *I cannot bear to do both, help H. and yet kill his brother*; (7) ellipt. *without a preceding premiss*; enda tak þú nú øxi þína, *and now take thy axe*.

ENDA (AÐ, or ENDA, ENT), v. (1) *to end, coming to an end* (í því sama klaustri endi hann sína æfi); impers., endar þar sögu frá honum, *the tale of him ends there*; (2) *to fulfil, perform* (e. heit sitt); (3) *to mark the end of, to bound* (af suðri endir hana [i. e. *Asia*] úthafit); (4) refl., endast, *to end, come to an end* (reiði mannsins endist á einu augabragði); *to last, hold out* (berjast meðan dagrinn endist); meðan mér endast föng til, *as long as my provisions last*; ef honum endist aldr til, *if he lives so long*; meðan mér endast lífdagar, meðan ek endumst, *as long as I live*; *to turn out, to end* (well or ill), *to do* (enda mun þat fám bóndum vel e. at synja mér mægðar).

ENDA-DAGR, m. *the last day, day of death* (vita sinn -dag); -FJÖL, f. *end-board (of a chest)*; -LAUSS, a. *endless, eternal* (endalaus pína, farsæld); -LIGA, adv. *definitively, finally*; -LIGR, a. *definitive, final* (endaligt svar); -LOK, n. pl. *end, conclusion*; -LYKT, f. = -lok; -MARK, n. *end, limit*; endamörk ríkis þíns, *the end of thy reign*; -MERKI, n. *limit, boundary*; -MJÓR, a. *thin at the end, tapering*; gera eigi endamjótt við e-n, *not to leave one in the lurch, treat one well to the end*; -ÞARMR, m. *rectum*.

ENDEMI, ENDIMI, n. = eindœmi 2, *something unexampled or unheard of* (þat er undr ok endemi); heyr á endemi, *for shame!*

ENDEMIS-MAÐR, m. *a monster, an extraordinary person*.

ENDEMLIGR, a. *wonderful, strange*.

ENDI and ENDIR, m. (1) *the end (extremity) of an object* (þar var skáli mikill ok dyrr á báðum endum); (2) *conclusion, end, issue* (hvern enda eiga mundi málit); gera enda á e-u, koma enda á e-t, *to bring to an end*; vera á enda, *to be at an end*; S. var vistum með föður sínum til enda, *S. stayed with his father to the end*; eigi er fyrir enda um gert með þeim, *their difference is not settled between them* upphaf ok endir, *beginning and end*; hér skal nú ok endir á verða, *here it shall come to an end*; sá varð endir á, at, *the end of it was, that*; til alls endis, *to the very end*.

ENDI-LAND, n. *borderland*; -LÖND, n. *confines*; -LANGR, a. *along the whole extent of, from one end to the other* (ríða um endilangt herað); ok lagðist þar endilangr, *at full length*; um endilangt, at endilöngu, *lengthways*; -LAUSS, a. = endalauss; -LEYSA, f. *nonsense* (-lokleysa); -LIGA, adv. (1) *finally* (staðfesta endiliga); (2) *completely*; -LIGR, a. = endaligr; -LOK, n. pl. = endalok; til endiloka heims, *to the end of the world*; -LYKT, f. = endalykt; -MARK, n. (1) *limit, end*; (2) *boundary*; (3) *aim, end*; -MERKI, n. = endamerki.

ENDIMI, n. see endemi, eindœmi.

ENDING, f. *ending, termination*.

ENDIR, m. esp. in nom., = 'endi' (upphaf ok endir míns máls).

END-LANGR, a. = endilangr.

ENDR, adv. (1) *in times of yore, formerly*, = endr fyrir löngu; (2) *again* (svá kom Óðins son endr at hamri); (3) endr á sinnum, endr ok stundum, *from time to time, now and then*.

ENDRANÆR, adv. *at other times, else* (bæði þá á endramer).

ENDR-BATI, m. = endrbót; -BATNA (AÐ), v. *to get well again, recover*; -BEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to ask again*; -BERA (see BERA), v. *to regenerate*; -BORINN, pp. *reborn, regenerated*; -BÓT, f. *restoration, regeneration*; -BÚA (see BÚA), v. *to renew, restore*; -BŒTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to repair, restore* (þat þarf at endrbœta, er áðr hefir farizt); -BŒTARI, m. *restorer*; -BŒTING, f. *restoration, restitution*; -BŒTINGR, m. *a thing that wants repair*; -FÖRN, f. *presenting, again*; -FÓRNA (AÐ), v. *to present again*; -FŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to regenerate*, = endrbera, endrgeta; -GEFENDR, m. pl. *those who give again*; -GETA (see GETA), v. = endrfœða; -GETNAÐR, m. *regeneration*; -GETNING, f. = endrgetnaðr; -GJALD, n. *repayment, return*; -GJALDA (see GJALDA), v. *to pay back, to repay*; -GRŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to heal again*; -HREINSA (AÐ), v. *to purify again*; -HRŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to move again*; -LAUSN, f. *redemption*; -LIFGA (AÐ), v. *to call to life again*; -LIFNA (AÐ), v. *to return to life, to revive*; -MINNAST (see MINNA), v. refl. *to remember, call to mind*, with gen.; -MINNING, f. *remembrance, recollection*; -MÆLI, n. *repetition* (verðr þat at endrmæli einu); -MŒÐING, f. *tribulation*; -NÝJA (AÐ), v. *to renew, repeat*; impers. (endrnýjaði sóttina í annat sinn); -NÝJAN, -NÝJUNG, f. *renewal*; -REISA (-TA, -TR), v. *to raise again*; -RÍSA (see RÍSA), v. *to arise again*; -RJÓÐA, a. indecl. *downcast, dispirited*; -SEMJA, f. (see SEMJA), v. *to renew*; -SKAPA (see SKAPA), v. *to create anew, recreate*; -SMÍÐA (AÐ), v. *to rebuild*; -TAKA (see TAKA), v. *to resume, take up again* (endrtaka til e-s); -TRYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make secure again, reconcile*; -ÞAGA, f. *renewed silence*.

ENG (gen. -JAR, pl. -JAR), f. *meadow, meadow-land* (hann villtist í enginni); pl. *outlying grass-fields*.

ENG, ENGI, n. *meadow, meadow-land* (tún ok eng; akr ok engi).

ENGI (neut. EKKI), indef. pron. (1) *no, none, no one*; hafa ekki e-s, *to have nothing of it*; *lose it altogether* (er búit við, at þú hafir þá ekki dýrsins); old dat. einugi = engu (fátt er svá illt, at einugi dugi); (2) *any*, after a negative (aldri fyrr fekk hann þvílíkan sigr í engri herferð); after comparative (þessir dvergar kunnu betr smíða af járni en engir aðrir).

ENGI-BÚI, m. *a neighbour who has to appear in an* engidómr; -DALR, m. *meadow-valley*; -DÓMR, m. *a court to decide the possession of a contested meadow*.

ENGILL (pl. ENGLAR), m. *angel*.

ENGIL-LIGR, a. *angelical* (-lig ásjóna).

ENGILS-NES, n. *Cape San Angelo*.

ENGI-LYKKJA, f. *an enclosed piece of meadow*; -MARK, n. (1) *boundwy of a meadow*; (2) *the meadow within the boundary*.

ENGIS-HÖFN, f. *possession of a meadow*.

ENGI-SKIPTI, n. *division of a meadow*.

ENGISKIPTIS-BÚI, m. = engibúi.

ENGIS-MAÐR, m. *owner of a meadow*.

ENGI-SPRETT, n. *grasshopper, locust*; -TEIGR, m. *strip of meadow-land*; -VERK, n. *meadow-work*; um engi-verk, *during the time of mowing the meadows*; -VÖXTR, m. *that which grows upon meadows*.

ENGJA-DÓMR, m. = engidómr; -GRASNAUTN, n. *right of grazing, or making hay in the* engjar; -MERKI, n. *boundary between meadow-lands*; -SKIPTI, m. = engiskipti; -TEIGR, m. = engiteigr; -VÖXTR, m. = engivöxtr.

ENGLA-FLOKKR, m. *host of angels*; -FYLKI, n. *one of the nine hosts of angels*; -LIÐ, n. coll. angels; -LÍF, n. *life of angels*; -MJÖL, n. *'angel-meal', manna*.

ENGLANDS-FAR, n. *a ship that sails to England*; -FARI, m. *one who makes voyages to England*; -HAF, n. *the German Ocean*; -SJÖR, m. *the English Channel*.

ENGLAR, m. pl. *the English, Englishmen* (var kominn herr Englanna).

ENGLA-RÖDD, f. *Angelic voice*; -SKARI, m., -SVEIT, f. *host angels*; -SÝN, f. *vision of angels*; -SÖNGR, m. *song of angels*.

ENGLIS-MAÐR, m. *Englishman*.

ENN (EN, ET), the oldest form of the def. art., = inn, hinn.

ENN, adv. (1) *yet, still* (hann er enn ungr ok bernskr); (2) with compar., enn betri, verri, *still better, worse*.

ENNA, adv. = enn-na, *yet*; eigi enna, *not yet* (eigi veit ek enna).

ENNI, n. (1) *forehead* (þó spratt honum sveiti um enni); (2) *a steep crag* (in place-names).

ENNI-BREIÐR, a. *having a broad forehead*; -DÚKR, m. *head-band fillet*; -LEÐR, n. *skin of the forehead of animals*.

ENNIS-BRATTR, a. *having a straight-up forehead*.

ENNI-SNAUÐR, a. *having a low forehead*; -SPÆNIR, m. pl. *ornamental work on ships of war both fore and aft*; -SVELL, n. *an icy slope*.

ENNIS-VÖXTR, m. *shape of the fore-head*.

ENSKA, f. *the Engish language*.

ENSKR, a. *Enghsh*; enskir menn, *Englishmen*.

EPLA-ÁT, n. *eating of apples (fruit)*; -GARÐR, n. *orchard*; -KYN, n. *a kind of apples or fruit*.

EPLI, n. (1) *apple*; (2) *tree-fruit* (in general).

EPLI-BERANDI, pr. p. *bearing apples*.

EPLÓTTR, a. *dapple grey* (of a horse).

EPT, prep. = eptir (rare).

EPTIR, prep with dat. and acc.; I. with dat. (1) with verbs of motion, *after* (ríða, róa, fara, ganga, senda e-m); (2) denoting the aim and object of many verbs; leita, spyrja, frétta, e. e-u, *to search, ask, inquire after*; líta e. e-u, *to look afler, attend to*; bíða eptir e-u, *to wait for*; vaka e. e-m, *to sit up waiting for one*; segja e. e-m, *to report behind one's back*; (3) *following the course of a track, road, etc., along*; niðr e. hálsinum, *down the hill*; e. endilongu, *from one end to the other*; e. miðju, *along the middle*; (4) *after, according to, in accordance with* (e. sið þeirra ok lögum); hann leiddist e. fortölum hennar, *he was led by her persuasion*; gekk allt e. því sem H. hafði sagt, *according as H. had said*; (5) denoting proportion, comparison; fátt manna e. því sem hann var vanr, *few men in comparison to what he was want to have*; (6) *with verbs denoting imitation, indulgence, longing after*; láta e. e-m, *to indulge one*; breyta e. e-m, *to imitate*; (7) *behind* (hann leiddi e. sér hestinn); fundust e. þeim írskar bœkr, *which they had left behind*; II. with acc. (1) of

time, *after, in succession to* (vár kom e. vetr); hvern dag e. annan, *one day after the other*; ár e. ár, dag e. dag, *year by year, day by day*; e. þat, *after that, thereafter*; (2) *denoting succession, inheritance*; taka e-t í arf e. e-n, *to inherit from one*; hann tók konungdóm e. föður sinn, *after his father*; vita þá skömm e. sik, *to leave such a bad report*; skaði mikill er e. menn slíka, *there is a great loss in such men*; III. as adv. (1) *after*; annat sumar e., *the second summer after*; um daginn e., *the day after*; e. um várit, *later during the spring*; e. koma úsvinnum ráð, *the fool is wise when too late*; (2) *behind*; bíða sitja e., *to wait, stay behind*; vera, standa e., *to remain behind, be left*; halda e-u e., *to keep back*; skammt get ek e. þinnar æfi, *I guess that little is left of thy life*; (3) before the rel. part., e. er = e. þat er, *after* (ef maðr, andast á þingi e. er menn eru á braut farnir); (4) e. á, *afterwards, later on*; *in addition*.

EPTIR-BÁTR, m. *a boat in tow*; fig., vera eptirbátr e-s, *to be inferior to one*; -BURÐR, m. *afterbirth*; -DVÖL, f. *stay*; eiga eptirdvöl, *to make a stay*; -DŒMI, n. *example*; -FARANDI, pr. p. *following, subsequent*; -FERÐ, f. *pursuit*; -FRÉTT, f. *inquiry*; -FŒRILIGR, a. *investigable*; -FÖR, f. = eptirferð; veita e-m eptirför, *to pursue one*; -GANGA, f. (1) *prosecution of a suit to get redress*; (2) *support, aid*; (3) *imitation* (í eptirgöngu hans dœma); -GANGR, m., -GENGI, n. = -ganga 2; -GLÍKJARI, m. *imitator*.

EPTIRGÖNGU-KONA, f. (a female) *underling* (ek mun eigi vera -kona hennar); -MAÐR, m. *a supporter, follower*.

EPTIR-GØRÐ, f. *funeral honours*, esp. *gifts for the soul of the dead*; -KOMANDI, pr. p. *following, future*; -KOMARI, m. = -glíkjari; -KOMENDR, m. pl. *offspring, descendants*; -KÆRA, f. *prosecution* (taka málit til eptirkæru); -LATLIGR, a. *agreeable, pleasing*; -LÁTR, LÁTSAMR, a. *indulgent*; sér eptirlátr, *self-indulgent*; -LEIFAR, f. pl. *remains*; -LEIT, f. (1) *search*; (2) *application to a person*; -LEITAN, f. = eptirleit; -LÍFI, n. *indulgence, self-indulgence*.

EPTIRLÍFIS-MAÐR, m. *self-indulgent man*; -SYND, f. *the sin of self-indulgence*.

EPTIR-LÍFR, a. *self-indulgent*; -LÍKING, f. *imitation*; -LÍKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to imitate*, with dat.; -LÍKJANDI (pl. -ENDR), m., -LÍKJARI, m. *imitator*; -LÆTI, n. (1) *complaisance, compliance*; (2) *indulgence, gratification of one's desires*; (3) *enjoyment*.

EPTIRLÆTIS-LÍFI, n. *life of self-indulgence*; -ÞJÓNOSTA, f. *act of indulgence*.

EPTIR-MÁL, n. *an action on behalf of a person slain against the slaver*; eiga -mál eptir e-n, um e-n, *to have, the right and duty to take aclion against the slayer*; -MÁLI, m. *epilogue*, opp. to 'formáli'; -MÁLL, a. *compliant* (e-m *or* við e-n, *with*).

EPTIRMÁLS-MAÐR, m. *prosecutor in a blood-feud* (eptirmál).

EPTIR-MÆLANDI (p]. -ENDR), m. = eptirmálsmaðr; -MÆLI, n. (1) = -mál; (2) *compliance, indulgence*; veita e-m eptirmæli, *to take one's part*; (3) *good report*.

EPTIRMÆLIS-MAÐR, m. *a person who is* eptirmáll.

EPTIR-RÁS, f. *running after, pursuit*; -REIÐ, f. *pursuit on horseback*; -REIKNA (AÐ), v. *to reflect on*; -RÓÐR, m. *rowing in pursuit of one*.

EPTIRRÝNINGAR-MAÐR, m. *one clever at detectingwhat is unknown* (-maðr um stul-

di); -SAMR, a. *clever at detection*.

EPTIR-SETA, f. *remaining behind*; -SJÁ, f. (1) *looking after, attention, care*; (2) *regret, grief*; e-m er eptirsjá at e-u, *one misses a thing, grieves at the loss of*; -SKOÐAN, f. *examination, search*; -SÓKN, f. *a seeking after, pursuing*; -STAÐA, f. *what remains, arrears*; -STAÐSI, a. *remaining behind*; verða eptirstaðsi, *to remain behind*; -SÝN, f. *looking after one*.

EPTRI, a. compar. (1) *aftermost, hindmost*, opp. to 'fremri' eptri fótr *the hind leg*; hit eptra austrrúm, *the hindmost pumping place*; (2) *later, latter*, opp. to 'fyrri'.

ER (older form ES), rel. part. in old poems and in law phrases 'es' is suffixed to a demonstrative or interrogative word, pron. or adv., as *s*: sás, sús, þats, þeims, þærs; þars, þás, þegars, síðans, hveims, hvars, &c., = sá es, sú es, þar es, þá es, &c. I. used as a rel. pron., indecl., *who, which, that*; (1) Mörðr hét maðr, er (nom.) kallaðr var gígja; grös fögr, er (acc.) hón hafði í hendi; aðra hluti þá, er (gen.) menn vildu visir verða; þann einn son, er (dat.) hann ann lítit; (2) with a prep. placed at the end of the sentence; land, er hann kom frá, *the land he came from*; jötunn, er ór steini var höfuðit á (viz. honum), *whose head was of stone*; (3) ellipt., the prep. being understood; ór þeim ættum, er mér þóttu fuglarnir fljúga (viz. ór), *from the quarter that I thought the birds flew from*; þeir hafa nú látit líf sitt, er mér þykkir eigi vert at lifa (viz. eptir), *whom I think it is not worth while to outlive*; (4) a personal or demonstr. pron. may be added to the rel. part., er þú, er þik; er hann, er hón, er hana, er hans, er hennar, er þeim, er þeiri, er þeira, etc.; ærr ertu, Loki, er þú *(who)* yðra telr ljóta leiðstafi; sá maðr, er hann vill, *that man who wishes*; nema ein Goðrún, er hón æva grét, *who never wept*; ekkja heitir sú, er búandi hennar *(whose husband)* varð sóttdauðr; þann konung, er undir honum eru skatt-konungar, *that king under whom are tributary kings*; (5) in the fourteenth century added to the interrog. pron., hverr; þat herbergi, í hverju er hann (*in which* = er hann í því) hefir sitt ráð ok ræðr; II. as a conj. and adv. (1) local, er, þar er, *there where*; hann sá á eldinum fölskann, er netit hafði brunnit, *where the net had been burnt*; Ó. gekk þar til, er H. lá, *to the spot where H. lay*; (2) of time, er, þá er, *when*; ok er, *and when*; en er, *but when*; þar til er, *until*; í því er, *just when*; eptir (þat) er, *when*; þegar er, *as soon as* (þegar er lýsti, stóð konungr upp); síðan er, *since*; meðan er, *while*; næst er vér kómum, *next when we came*; þá lét í hamrinum, sem er reið gengr, *as when it thunders*; (3) = at, *that*; ok fannst þat á öllu, er hón þóttist vargefin, *that she thought she was thrown away*; ek em þess sæll, er okkart félag sleit, *I am happy that*; skyldi fara fyrst leyniliga, en þó kom þar, er allir vissu, *but it came to this, that every one knew of it*.

ÉR, nom. pl. to 'þú', *ye*, = þér.

ERÐI, n. *a heavy beam* (Grettir þreif e. tvau, er lágu í skipinu).

ERENDA-LOK, n. pl. *the result (issue) of one's errand*; -MAÐR, m. *errandman, messenger*.

ERENDI, EYRENDI, ØRENDI (also ERINDI, etc.), n. (1) *errand, message, mission, business*; eiga e. við e-n, hafa e. til e-s, *to have business with one*; reka e., *to do an errand*; þess erendis, *to that purpose*; (2)

the result of one's errand or mission (þótti mönnum hans e. lítit orðit); ef erendit eyðist, *if the errand turns to nought*; hefik erfiði ok e., *I have had toil but also gained my quest*; (3) ganga erenda (eyrna, ørna) sinna, *to go to ease oneself*; (4) *speech*; tala langt e. ok snjallt, *to make a long and eloquent speech*.

ERENDI (from 'ør' and 'önd'), n. see 'ørendi'.

ERENDIS-LAUSS, a. *without effect, vain*; fara at -lausu, *to go on a fool's errand*; -LEYSA, f. *failure of one's errand*.

EREND-LAUST, adv. *in vain, to no purpose* (fara -laust); -LEYSA, f. = erendisleysa; -REKI, m. *messenger*.

ERFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to honour with a funeral feast* (síðan lét Egill e. sonu sina eptir fornum sið); (2) *to inherit* (erfir hón allt þat eptir börn sín).

ERFÐ, f. *inheritance*; taka e., *to take possession of an inheritance*; taka, eignast e-t at e., *to get or come into possession of by inheritance*.

ERFÐA-BÁLKR, m. *the section of law treating of inheritance*; -EINKUNN, f. *hereditary mark* (on cattle); -FÉ, n. *heritage, inheritance*; -GOÐORÐ, n. *hereditary priesthood*; -JÖRÐ, f. *hereditary estate*; -LAND, n. *patrimony, land of inheritance*; -MAÐR, m. *heir*; -MARK, n. = -einkunn; -MÁL, n. *lawsuit concerning an inheritance*.

ERFÐAR-JÖRÐ, f., -LAND, n., -MAÐR, m., see erfða-; -PARTR, m. *share of inheritance*; -ÚMAGI, m. *an* 'úmagi', *having an inherited right to receive support*.

ERFÐA-SKIPAN, f. *law or ordinance relating to inheritance*; -ÖLDR, m. *funeral feast*.

ERFI, n. *funeral feast* (gøra e. e-s, e. eptir e-n; drekka e. e-s, eptir e-n).

ERFIÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to toil, labour*; (2) e. e-m, *to cause one trouble*; e. sér í e-u, *to trouble oneself with*; (3) *to till* (e. jörðina); (4) impers, erfiðaði sóttarfar hans, *his illness grew more severe*.

ERFIÐARI, m. *labourer*.

ERFIÐ-DRÝGI, n. *labor, laboriousness*; -DRŒGR, a. *difficult to do* (varð þeim þat -drœgt).

ERFIÐI, n. *trouble, toil, labor*; höfum e. ok ekki erendi, *we have the toil, but no result*.

ERFIDIS-DAUÐI, m. *painful death*; -LAUN, n. pl. *recompense for labour or suffering*; -LÉTTIR, m. *relief, labour*; -LIGA, adv. = erfiðliga; -MUNIR, m. pl. *exertion, difficulty*; -NEYÐ, f. *grinding labour*; -ORKA, f. *hard, weary labour*; -SAMR, a. *toilsome*; -VERK, n. *hard or heavy, work*.

ERFIÐ-LÍFI, n. *toilsome life*; -LIGA, adv. *with pain and toil*; e-t horfir -liga, *it looks hard*; búa -liga við e-n, *to treat one harshly*; varð mér þar -ligast um, *there I met with the greatest difficulties*; -LIGR, a. *toilsome, difficult, adverse* (margir hlutir erfiðligir).

ERFIÐR, a. *difficult, hard, troublesome*; oss verðr erfitt at þjóna Norðmönnum, *it will be hard for us*; Guðrún var erfið á gripakaupum, *G. was troublesome (extravagant) in buying finery*; hvíldist Helgi, því at honum var orðit erfitt, *for he was exhausted*; þó at honum væri málit erfitt, *though he spoke with difficulty*.

ERFI-DRÁPA, f. *funeral poem*; -FLOKKR, m. *a short funeral poem*; -KVÆÐI, n. = erfidrápa.

ERFINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *heir, child* (þau áttu engan erfingja).

ERFINGJA-LAUSS, a. *childless* (deyja-

lauss); -leysi, n. *childlessness*.

erfi-nyti (gen. -nytja), m. *heir, child* (ek á ungan erfinytja).

erfis-gørð, f. *holding, a funeral, feast* (þá eyddist erfisgørðin).

erfi-veizla, f. *funeral feast*.

erfi-vörðr, m. poet. *heir*.

erfi-öl, n. *funeral feast*, = erfi-veizla.

erf-skinn, n. *the skin of the glutton*.

ergi, f. (1) *lewdness, lust*; (2) *wickedness, devilry* (með allri ergi ok skelmisskap); (3) *unmanliness, unwarrior-like behavior with a strong connotation of effeminacy and passive homosexuality*.

ergjast (ð), v. refl. *to lose courage, grow faint-hearted* (svá ergist hverr sem hann eldist).

erja (er, arða, arinn), v. (1) *to plough* (e. jörð sína); (2) *to scratch, scrape* (hann lætr erja skóinn um legginn).

erju-samr, a. *intrusive*.

erki-biskup, m. *archbishop*.

erki-biskupligr, a. *archiepiscopal*.

erkibiskups-dómr, m., -dœmi, n. *archbishopric*; -efni, m. *archbishop-elect*; -garðr, m. *archbishop's dvelling*; -kosningr, m. *election of an archbishop*; -stóll, m. *archiepiscopal seat* (cf. erkistóll).

erki-býsn, f. *great portent*.

erki-djákn, m. *archdeacon*; -prestr, m. *archpriest*; -stóll, m. = erkibiskupsstóll.

er-lendast, v. refl. *to go into exile*; -lending, f. *exile*; -lendis, adv. *abroad, in a foreign land*.

erlendis-víg, n. *a manslaughter committed abroad*.

erlendr, a. *foreign*, = ørlendr.

erma-drög, n. pl. *sleeves reaching down to the feet*; -kápa, f. *cloak with sleeves*; -langr, a. *with long sleeves*; -lauss, a. *sleeveless*.

erma-kjós, f. *'sleeve-bag', wide sleeve*; -stúka, f. *short sleeve*.

ermita-klæði, n. pl. *hermit clothes*; -lífi, n. *hermit life*.

ermiti, m. *hermit*, = einsetumaðr.

erm-land, n. (1) *Armenia*; (2) *a province in Prussia*.

erm-lauss, a. *sleeveless, without sleeves* = ermalauss.

ermr (gen. -ar, dat. and acc. -i; pl. -ar), f. *sleeve*.

ermskr, a. *Armenian*.

ern, a. *brisk, vigorous*; -ligr, a. *vigorous-looking, sturdy*.

erpi, n. *a kind of wood*.

erriligr, a. = ernligr.

erta (erta, ertr), v. *to taunt, tease* (er eigi gatt at erta illt skap); refl., ertast við e-n, *to lease one*.

erting (pl. -ar), f. *teasing, provocation* (margskonar ertingar).

ertinga-maðr, m. *one who will stand teasing* (engi-maðr).

ertla, f. *wagtail* (bird).

ertr (gen. ertra), f. pl. *pease*.

ertra-akr, m. *pea-field*; -reitr, m. *bed of pease*; -réttr, m. *dish of pease*; -soð, n., -vellingr, m. *pea-soup*.

es, old form for 'er', rel. part., and 3rd pers. sing. from 'vera'.

eski, n. *ashen box* (e. Friggjar).

eski-mær, f. *a lady's maid*.

eskingr, m. *fine snow* (like ashes).

eski-stöng, f. *ash pole*.

espingr, m. *a ship's boat*.

ess, n. *riding horse, steed*.

eta (et; át, átum; etinn), v. (1) *to eat* (e. kjöt, mat sinn, dagverð); fig., e. orð sín, *to eat one's own words*; (2) *to consume*;

sorg etr hjarta, *sorrow eats away the heart*; refl., Gyðingar átust innan, er þeir heyrðu þetta, *the Jews fretted inwardly on hearing this*.

ETA, f. (1) *crib, manger*; standa öllum fótum í etu, *to live at rack and manger*; (2) pl., etur, *cancer* (etur í andliti).

ETALL, a. *consuming* (e. ryðr).

ETARI, m. *great eater, glutton*.

ETJA (ET, ATTA, ATTR), v. (1) *to incite, egg (goad) on to fight*, with dat.; e. hestum, *to make horses fight*; with acc., e. e-n til þolinmœði, *to exhort one to patience*; (2) e. hamingju, afli, við e-n, *to match one's luck, strength, with anolher's*; e. kappi við e-n, *to contend in rivalry, vie with one*; e. ráðum, hvárt …, *to consider, if …*; e. saman manndrápum, *to incite two parties to manslaughter*; (3) e. við e-t, *to contend against*; e. við aflsmun (liðsmun), *to fight against odds*; (4) *to put forth*; hann etr fram skallanum, *he exposes his bare skull* (to the blows); (5) *to cause to be eaten*; e. heyvi, heyjum, *to feed cattle upon hay*; (6) refl., etjast við e-n, *to contend with one*; ef menn etjast vitnum á, *if men contend (plead) with witnesses*.

ETJU-HUNDR, m. *deer-hound, fox-hound*; -KOSTR, m. *hard condition*; -TÍK, f. *female hound, bitch-hound*.

ETKI, neut. sing. from 'engi' and adv. = ekki.

ETU-STALLR, m. *crib, manger* (U. fal hann í etustalli), = eta (1).

EY, adv. (1) *always, ever*, = ei, æ; (2) *not*, = ei, eigi; ey manni þat veit, *no man knows*.

EY (gen. EYJAR, dat. EY and EYJU; pl. EYJAR), f. *an island*; -BUI, m. *islander*.

EYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to make empty* (auðr), *clear of, deprive of its contents* (e. allan fjörðinn bæði at mönnum ok fé); e. bygð (bœi ok borgir, heröð), *to desolate, lay waste*; (2) *to desert, depart from* (fellu sumir, en sumir eyddu hálfrýmin); e. veizluna, *to break up the feast*; e. þing, *to dissolve the meeting*; (3) *to do away with, destroy*, with dat. (eyddi eldr konum ok börnum); (4) *to spend, squander* (e. fé, peningum); (5) *to render void in law, annul*, with acc. or dat. (e. vígsmál *or* vígsmálum); (6) refl., eyðast, *to come to nought*; eyddist erfisgørðin fyrir honum, *he let the funeral feast drop*.

EYÐI, n. *waste or ruinous state*; leggja í e., *to lay waste*; vera (liggja) í e., *to be deserted or ruined*.

EYÐI-, in compds., *deserted, uninhabited*; -BORG, f. *deserted town or castle*; -BYGÐ, f. *desert country*; -DALR, m. *desolate valley*; -EY, f. *desert island*; -FJALL, n. *wild (barren) mountain*; -FJÖRÐR, m. *desolale firth*; -HAF, n. *a sea whose coasts are desolate*; -HUS, n. pl. *deserted dwellings*; -JORÐ, f. *deserted farm*; -LAND, n. *desert land*; -LIGA, adv. *in a desolate state*; -LIGR, a. (1) *perishable*; (2) *sad, cheerless* (mér sýnist siðr þeirra veikligr ok -ligr); -MÖRK, f. *desert wilderness*; -RJÓÐR, n. *desert clearing*; -SKEMMA, f. *a deserted bower*; -SKER, n. *desolate rock, skerry*; -SKÓGR, m. *wild wood*; -STAÐR, m. *barren, desolate place*; -TRÖÐ, f. *deserted pen (for cattle)*; -VEGGR, m. *ruinous wall*.

EYÐLA, f. *adder*, = eðla.

EY-FIRÐINGAR, m. pl. *the men of* or *from Eyjafirth*; -FIRZKR, a. *belonging to Eyjafirth*.

EYFIT, adv. poet. *not at all* (e. hefi ek fé); eyfit eitt, *nothing at all*.

EYGÐR, a. = eygr.

EYGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to furnish with a*

loop or eye (e. snöru); (2) *to look* (til e-s, *at one*).

EYGLÓ, f. *'the everglowing'*, poet. *the sun*.

EYGR, a. *having eves of a certain kind*; vel e., *with fine eyes*; mjök e., *large-eyed*.

EYJA-MAÐR, m. *islander*.

EYJAR-ENDI, m. *point of an island*; -ENGI, n. *meadow along a river*; -KÁLFR, m. *a small island close to a larger one*; -MAÐR, m. *islander*; -NEF, n. = -endi; -SKEGGI (pl. -SKEGGJAR), m. = -maðr; -SKEKILL, -SKIKI, m. *strip of an island, small island*; -SUND, n. = eyjasund; -VIST, f. *stay in an island*.

EYJA-SUND, n. *a strait between islands* (öll eyjasund ok firdir).

EYJÓTTR, a. *full of islands*.

EYK-HESTR, m. *cart-horse*.

EYKI, n. *vehicle, cart*.

EYKJA-FÓÐR, n. *fodder for* eyk(i)r; -GERFI, n., -REIÐI, m. = eykreiði.

EYKR (-JAR, -IR), m. *beast of draught*.

EYK-REIÐI, m. *harness of an* eykr.

EYKT, f. (1) *half-past three o'clock, p. m.* (var þat nær e. dags); (2) *time of three hours* (þá er þógn hafði verit nær hálfa e.).

EYKTAR-HELGR, f. = nónhelgr; -STAÐR, m. *the place of the sun at half past three, p. m.* (sól sezt í -stað); -TÍÐ, f. = nóntíð.

EYKT-HEILAGR, a. *to be kept holy from* eykt *(half past three) of the preceding day*, = nónheilagr.

EY-LAND, n. *island*; -LENDINGR, m. *islander*.

EYMA (-DA, -T), v. (1) *to commiserate, pity*; e. sík, *to lament*; (2) impers., eymir af e-u, *one feels sore after something*.

EYMD, f. (1) *misery, wretchedness*; sjá e. á e-m, *to pity one*; (2) *stinginess, meanness*.

EYMDAR-DAGR, m. *day of distress*; -LIGR, a. *piteous, pitiful*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *wailing, lamentalion*; -TÍÐ, f. *time of distress or tribulation*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *disastrous news*; -TÍMI, m. = eymdar-tíð.

EYRA (pl. EYRU), n. *ear* (eyrum hlýðir gestr, en augum skoðar); setja hnefa við e. e-m, *to give one a box on the ear*; leiða e-n af eyrum, *to get rid of one*; koma e-m til eyrna, *to come to one's ears, of news*; hafa nef í e. e-m, *to put the nose in one's ear, to whisper to one*, of a tell-tale.

EYRAR-TANGI, m. *point of a gravel-bank* (eyrr).

EYRA-RÚNA, f. poet. *mistress, wife*.

EYRENDI, -INDI, n.; see 'erendi'.

EYRIR (gen. -IS, pl. AURAR), m. (1) *ounce of silver, the eighth part of a mark* (átta aurar í mörk); hringr, er stendr sex aura, *a ring weighing or worth six aurar*; verðr þá at hálfri mörk vaðmála e., *then the* eyrir *is equal to half a mark in wadmal*; e. brendr = e. brends silfrs, *an ounce of pure silver*; (2) *ounce* (svá var haglit stórt, at hvert haglkornit vá eyri); (3) *money in general, property*; ljósir aurar verða at löngum trega, *bright silver brings long, woe*; ilir af aurum, *a miser*; gefin til aura (= til fjár), *wedded for money*; hann vissi ekki aura sinna tal, *he knew not the tale (extent) of his riches*; lausir aurar, opp. to 'fastr e.', *movables, chattels* (lönd ok lausir aurar); fríðr eyrir (= frítt fé, kvikfé), *cattle*; (4) *money, currency*; Flosi spurði í hverjum aurum hann vildi fyrir hafa, *asked in what money he wished to be paid*.

EYRIS-BÓT, f. *a fine of an* eyrir; -KAUP, n. *a bargain to the amount of an* eyrir; -LAG, n. *the worth of an* eyrir (-lag lérepts); -LAND, n. *land yielding a rent of*

an eyrir; -SKAÐI, m. *loss to the amount of an* eyrir; -TÍUND, f. *tithe of an* eyrir; -TOLLR, m. *toll of an* eyrir; -ÞUNGI, m. *the weight of an ounce*.

EYRNA or ØRNA, gen. pl., see 'erendi 3'.

EYRNA-BLAÐ, n. *lobe of the ear*; -BORA, f. *orifice of the ear*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *ornament of the ear*; -GULL, n. *earring*; -HEILL, a. *having sound ears*; -LOF, n. *vain praise*; -MARK, n. *earmark*, on sheep and cattle.

EYRR (gen. EYRAR, dat. and acc. EYRI; pl. EYRAR), f. *sand or gravelbank, either of the banks of rivers* (áreyrar, dalseyrar) or *of a small point of land running into the sea, a spit*.

EYR-SILFR, n. *quicksilver, mercury*.

EYR-SKÁR (acc. -SKÁAN), a. *galloping over the gravel banks*.

EYRÖGGR, a. = ørrugr.

EYSTRA-SALT, n. *the Baltic*.

EYSTRI, a. compar. *more eastern*; hit eystra, *the eastern way*.

EY-VANA, a. *much used to*.

EY-VERSKR, a. *pertaining to the Orkneys, from the Orkneys*.

EY-VIT, adv. = eyfit; EY-VITAR (for 'ey vættar'), adv., EY-VITU, adv. *not, not at all*.

EY-ÞOLINN, m. *the rivet in a clasp knife*.

F

FAÐERNI, n. (1) *fatherhood, paternity*; ganga við f. at e-m *or* e-s, kennast f. e-s, *to acknowledge or admit paternity*; at f. eða móðerni, *on father's or mother's side*; var hann ljóss ok fagr eptir f. sínu, *like his father*; (2) *patrimony*.

FAÐIR (gen., dat. and acc. föður, pl. feðr), m. *father*.

FAÐMA (AÐ), v. *to embrace*; refl., faðmast, *to embrace one another*.

FAÐMAN, f. *embracing*.

FAÐM-LAG, n. *embrace*; -LAGAST, v. refl. = faðmast; -LEGGJAST, v. refl. = leggjast í faðma, faðmast.

FAÐMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *the out-stretched or embracing arms*; sofa (liggja) í faðmi e-m, *to sleep (lie) in one's arms*; leggjast í faðma, *to embrace each other*; fallast í faðma, *to be set off against each other, balance each other* (málin vóru í dóm lagin, ok féllust vígin í faðma); (2) *bosom* (legg hönd þína í sjálfs þíns faðm); (3) *a measure of length, fathom*.

FAGNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to rejoice in a thing* (f. e-u, í e-u *or* af e-u); (2) f. e-m, *to welcome one, receive one with good or bad cheer* (var honum þar vel fagnat); (3) f. vetri, jólum, sumri, *to rejoice, make a feast, at the beginning of winter, Yule, summer*.

FAGNAÐAR-ATBURÐR, m. *joyfull event*; -DAGR, m. *day of rejoicing*; -EFNI, n. *matter of joy*; -EYRENDI, n. *joyful message*; -EYRU, n. pl., e-t -eyrum, *to hear with joy*; -FULLR, a. *joyfull*; -FUNDR, m. *joyfull meeting*; -GRÁTR, m. *weeping for joy*; -HEIT, n. *joyful promise*; -KRÁS, f. *dainty*; -KVEÐJA, f. *joyful greeting*; -LAUSS, a. *joyless*; *wretched, poor*; -LOF, n. *praise from a joyous heart* (syngja -lof guoi); -LÚÐR, m. *trunpet of joy*; -MARK, n. *sign of joy*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *joyful words*; -ÓP, n. *shout of joy*; -RAUST, f. *voice of joy*; -RÁÐ, n. *happy resolution*; -SAGA, f. *joyful news*, = feginsaga; -SAMLIGA, adv. *joyfully*; -SAMLIGR, a. *joyous, joyful*; -SKRÚÐ, n. *raiment of joy*; -STAÐR, m. *place of joy*; -SÝN, f. *joyful sight*; -SÆLL, a. (1) *happy*; (2) *graceful, gracious*; -SÖNGR, m. *song of joy*; -TÍÐ, f. *time of joy*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *joyful, glad tidings*; -TÍMI, m. = -tíð; -VEIZLA, f. *joyful feast*; -VIST, f. *abode of joy*; -ÖL, n. *joyous banquet*.

FAGNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *joy* (eilífr f.); (2) *welcome, greeting*; (3) *hospitable entertainment* (gerðu henni fagnað þá viku alla); öl ok annar f., *ale and other good cheer*; (4) kunna sér þann fagnað, *to be quite satisfied or content* (kunni hann sér þá þann fagnað at girnast ekki á Svíakonungs veldi).

FAGNA-FUNDR, m. = fagnaðarfundr.

FAGR (FÖGR, FAGRT; comp. FEGRI), a. *fair, fine, beautiful*; f. sýnum, álitum, *fair to see*; fagrt veðr, *fair (fine) weather*; f. söngr, *beautiful (sweet) song*; fagrt kvæði, *a fine poem*; talaði fagrt, en hugði flátt, *spoke fair, but thought else*.

FAGR-BÚINN, pp. *beautifully, dressed, equippied*; -ENDI, n. pl. *costly, fair things*; -EYGR, a. *fair-eyed*; -FERÐUGR, a. *graceful, virtuous*; -FLEKKÓTTR, a. *fair-flecked* (of a snake); -GALI, m. *flattery* (bera -gala á e-n, slá í -gala við e-n); -GLÓA, a. *fair-glowing*; -GRŒNN, a. *bright or light,*

green; -HÁRR, a. *fair-haired*; -HLJÓÐANDI, pr. p. *sweet-sounding*; -HLJÓÐR, a. *sweet-voiced*; -HLJÓMANDI, pr. p. = -hljóðandi; -KLÆDDR, pp. *fair-clad*; -LEIKR, m. *beauty*, = fegrð; -LEITR, a. *of a fair complexion, beautiful*; -LIGA, adv. *fairly, beautifully*; -LIGR, a. (1) *fine-looking, handsome*; (2) *agreeable* (-lig þjönasta); -LIMI, m. '*fair-branch*', *a wood* (poet.); -LÆTI, n. *blandishment*; -MÁLL, a. *fair-spoken*; -MÁLUGR, a. = -máll; -MÆLI, n. *fair language*; -MÆLTR, a. = -máll; -ORÐR, a. *fair-spoken, bland*; -RAUÐR, a. *light-red*; -SKAPAÐR, pp. *fair-shapen*; -SKRIFAÐR, pp. *finely drawn, decorated with fine figures*; -SKÝDDR, pp. *dressed in fine clothes*; -VARIÐR, pp. *wearing fine clothes* (of a lady); -VAXINN, pp. *of fair stature*; -YNDI, n. = -endi; -YRÐI, n. pl. *fair words*; -YRÐR, a. = -orðr.

FALA (AÐ), v. *to demand for purchase* (f. e-t af c-m *or* at e-m; f. til e-s).

FALDA (FELD; FÉLT, FÉLDURA; FALDINN), v. *to array with a woman's hood* (f. e-n *or* e-m e-u, *or* með or við e-u); f. sik motri, með *or* við motri, *to hood oneself with a* motr; Brandr var faldinn, *Brand had on a woman's headgear*; hjálmi faldinn, *wearing a helmet*.

FALDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to hood* (see prec.); (2) *to fold*; fá mer skyrtu þína, en ek skal f. hana saman, *I shall fold it up*; falda aptr, *to unfold*.

FALDA-FEYKIR, m. *a magical dance in which the hoods* (faldar) *flew off the ladies' heads*.

FALD-LAUSS, a. *hoodless*.

FALDR, m. (1) *old*; (2) *hem of a garment*; kyrtill hlaðbúinn í fald niðr, *a kirtle laced down to the hems*; (3) *a sort of (woman's) headgear, hood*.

FALL, n. (1) *fall*; f. er fararheill *a fall bodes a lucky journy*; koma e-m til falls, *to cause one to fall*; föll berast á e-n, *one begins to reel or stagger*; (2) *fall, death in battle* (í flótta er í. veist); (3) *carcase of a slaughtered animal* (cf. 'nautsfall', 'sauðarfall'); (4) *frequent deaths from plague* (ef mýss gørðu mein á mat eða klæðum, þá kom f. í þær); (5) *heavy sea* (reis f. mikit alit frá grunni); (6) *sin, transgression*; (7) *downfall, ruin, decay*; f. engla, *the fall of angels*; gózin eru at falli komin, *the estates are dilapidated*; (8) *quantity* (of a vowel or syllable); (9) gramm., *case*.

FALLA (FELL; FÉLL, FÉLLUM; FALLINN), v. (1) *to fall*; eigi fellr tré við fyrsta högg, *a tree falls not with the first stroke*; f. af baki, *to fall from horse back*; f. á kné, *to fall on one's knees*; f. áfram (á bak aptr), *to fall forwards (backwards)*; f. flatr, *to fall prostrate*; f. til jarðar, *to fall to the ground*; refl., láta fallast (= sik falla), *to let oneself fall* (þá lét Loki f. í kné Skaða); (2) *to drop down dead, be killed, fall (in battle)*; (3) *to die of plague* (féllu fátœkir menn um alit land); (4) *to flow, run* (of water, stream, tide); særinn fell út frá landi, *ebbed*; féll sjór fyrir hellismunnann, *the sea rose higher than the cave-mouth*; síðan féll sjór at, *the tide rose*; þeir sá þá ós mikinn f. í sjóinn, *fall into the sea*; á fél *(a river flowed)* við skála Ásólfs; var skipit svá hlaðit, at inn féll um söxin, *that the sea rushed in at the prow*; (5) of clothes, hair, *to fall, hang down*; hárit féll á herðar honum aptr, *the hair fell back on his shoulders*; létu kvennváðir um kné falla, *they let women's dress fall about hi s knees*; (6) *to fall, calm down* (of the wind); féll veðrit (the storm fell) ok gerði logn; (7) *to fail,*

be foiled; sá eiðr fellr honum til útlegðar, *if he fails in taking the oath, he shall be liable to outlawry*; f. á verkum sínum, *to have been caught red-handed, to be justly slain*; f. *or* fallast at máli, sókn, *to fail in one's suit*; f. frá máli, *to give it up*; fallinn at frændum, *bereft of kinsmen*; dœmi ek fyrir dráp hans fallnar yðrar eignir, *I sentence your estates to be forfieited for his slaughter*; refl., ef gerðarmenn láta fallast, *if the umpires fail to do their duty*; þá fallust öllum Ásum orðtök ok svá hendr, *then voice and hands alike failed the Gods*; féllust þeim allar kvéðjur, *their greetings died on their lips*; vill sá eigi falust láta andsvör, *he will not fail or falter in replying*; (8) *to fall out happen*; mér féll svá gæfusamliga *(it befell me so quickly)*, at; stundum kann svá at f., at, *sometimes it may so happen that*; (9) *to be had or produced* (þat járn fellr í firði þeim; þar fellr hveiti ok vín); (10) with adv., e-m fellr e-t þungt, létt, *a thing falls heavily, lightly upon one* (þetta mun ðr þungt f.); féll þá keisaranum þyngra bardaginn, *the battle turned against the emperor*; e-m fellr e-t nær, *it falls nigh to one, touches one nearly*; henni féll meinit svá nær, at, *the illness fell on her so sore, that*; mér fellr eigi firr en honum, *it touches me no less than him*; hörmuliga fellr oss nú, at, *it falls out sadly for us, that*; (11) *to please, suit*; kvað sér, þat vel f. til attekta, *said that it suited him well for drawing revenue from*; honum féll vel í eyru lofsorð konungs, *the king's praise was pleasant in his ears*; jarli féllst þat vel í eyru, *the earl was well pleased to hear it*; mun mér illa f., ef, *it will displease me, if*; féll vel á með þeim, *they were on good terms*; refl., honum féllst þat vel í skap, *it suited his mind well, he was pleased with it*; féllst hvárt öðru vel í geð, *they loved each other*; (12) with preps. and advs., f. af, *to fall, abate* (féll af vindr, byrr); f. á e-n, *to befall one*; þær féllu lyktir í, at, *the end was, that*; f. í e-t, *to fall into*; f. í brot, *to fall in a fit*; f. í óvit, *to faint, swoon*; f. í villu, *to fall into heresy*; f. í vald e-s, *to fall into one's power*; féll veðrit í logn, *the storm calmed down*; f. niðr, *to fall, drop*; mitt kvæði mun skjótt niðr f., *my poem will soon be forgotten*; féll svá niðr þeirra tal, *their conversation dropped, they left off talking*; f. saman, *to fill in with, agree*; þó at eigi félli alit saman með þeim, *though they, did not agree in everything*; f. til, *to occur, happen, fall out*; ef auðna fellr til, *if luck will have it so*; litlu síðar féll til fagrt leiði, *fair wind came on*; öll þingviti, er til falla, *all the fines that may fall in, be due*; nema þörf falli til, *unless need be*; sem sakir falla til, *as the case falls*; f. undir e-n, *to fall to one's lot* (of inheritance, obligation); arfr fellr undir e-n, *devolves upon one*; f. út, *to recede*, of the tide (þá er út féll sjórinn); f. við árar, *to fall to at the oars*.

FALLERAST (AÐ), v. refl., (1) *to be mistaken*; (2) *to prove false*; (3) *to fall* (with a woman).

FALL-HÆTT, a. n., e-m verðr -hætt, *one staggers, is in great danger of falling*.

FALLIGR, a. *pretty, handsome* (f. litr).

FALLINN, pp. (1) svá f., *such-like, so made or constituted* (hví man hinn sami maðr svá f.); svá f. órskurðr, *a decision as follows*; (2) vel, illa f., *well, ill-disposed* (hann var vænn maðr ok vel f.); *fitted, worthy* (bezt til konungs f.); at hann væri betr til f. at deyja fyrir þá sök en faðir hans, *that he more deserved to die than his father did*; (3) neut., fallit, *fit*; ok hæt-

ti þá er honum þótti f., *stopped when he thought fit*; kallaði vel til f., *said it was quite right*; (4) *suited to one* (e-m); eigi þykki mér þér sú ferð vel fallin, *I think this journey will not do for thee*.

FALL-JAKI, m., -JÖKULL, m. *ice-berg*; -SÓTT, f. *plague* (ef fallsótt kemr í fé manns); -STAÐR, m. *a place to fall upon* (leita sér -staðar); -VALTLIGR, -VALTR, a. *unsteady, changeable, uncertain* (-valtr fagnaðr þessa heims).

FALR (-S, -IR), m. *the socket of a spear-head, into which the shaft fits* (spjótsfalr).

FALR, a. *for sale, to be sold*; eiga (hafa, láta) falt, *to have a thing for sale*; mér eru e-t fait, *I am willing to part with*; þeir er mér eru falastir til þungs hlutar, *whom I would most willingly let suffer*.

FALS, n. *fraud, deceit, imposture*.

FALS-, in compds., *false, fraudulent, forged*.

FALSA (AÐ), v. (1) *to falsify, forge* (f. rit, bréf, innsigli); (2) *to defraud, impose upon* (f. e-n); f. e-t af e-m, *to get a thing from one by fraud* (vil ek eigi, at þú falsir fé af mínum þegnum); *to spoil* (f. brynju).

FALSAÐR, pp. *false, falsified, adulterated* (f. guð, f. drykkr).

FALSARA-DÓMR, m. *fraud, imposture*.

FALSARI, m. *impostor, deceiver*.

FALS-BLANDAÐR, pp. *blended with fraud, guileful*; -BRÉF, n. *false deed*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *false friar*; -GREIFL, m. *false count* (Heinrekr -greifi); -GUÐ, m. *false god*; -HEIT, n. *false promise*; -KONA, f. *false woman, harlot*; -KONUNGR, m. *false, self-made king*; -KOSTR, m. *false virtue*; -KRISTR, m. *false Christ*; -LAUSLIGA, adv. *without fraud*; -LAUSS, a. *guileless*; -laus máli, *good money*; -laust kaup, *a bargain in good faith*; -LAUST, adv. = -lausliga; -LEYSI, n. *sincerity, honesty*; -LIGA, adv. *falsely*; -LIGR, a. *false*; -MÆR, f. *harlot*; -ÓTTR, a. *deceitful*; -PENINGAR, m. pl. *false money*; -POSTOLI, m. *false apostle*; -PÚSA, f. *unfaithful wife*; -SAMLIGA, adv. = falsliga; -SAMLIGR, a. *false, fraudulent*; -SILFR, n. *bad (adulterated) silver*; -SPÁMAÐR, m. *false prophet*; -TRÚ, f. *false doctrine, heresy*; -VÁTTR, m. *false witness*; -VILNAN, f. *deceitful hope*; -VITNI, n. *false witness (evidence)*; -VITR, a. *crafty, cunning*.

FAMBI, m. *fool*: cf. 'fimbul-fambi'.

FANG, n. (1) *grasp, hold*; fá f. á e-m *or* af e-m, *to get hold of one* (fekk engi þeirra f. á mér); sá þeir, at þeir fengu ekki f. at Erlingi, *they saw that they could not catch H.*; (2) *wrestling, grappling* (taka f. við e-n, ganga til fangs); ganga á f. við e-n, g. í f. e-m, *to grapple with one, provoke one*; fangs er ván at frekum úlfi, *it is hard to deal with a hungry wolf*; (3) *the space between the arms, the breast and arms*; kom spjótit í f. honum, *the spear pierced his breast*; reka í f. e-m, *to throw in one's face*; hafa e-t í fangi sér, *to hold in one's arms, to have in one's power*; taka í f. sér, *to take into one's arms* (tók manninn í f. sér ok bar út); fœrast e-t í f., *to undertake a thing, take upon oneself*; fœrast e-t ór fangi, *to throw* off, *refuse*; (4) *catching fish, fishing*; halda (fara) til fangs, *to go a-fishing*; *take, catch, draught* (f. þat, er þeir áttu báðir); (5) *fœtus* in sheep and cows (ef graðungr eltir f. ór kú); (6) pl., föng, *baggage, luggage*; föng ok fargögn, *luggage and carriage, provisions* (öll vóru f. hin beztu); borð með hinum beztum föngum, *a table with the best of cheer*; (7) pl. *means, opportunily*; engi f. eru önnur á, *there is no other choice*; hafa f. á e-u, *to*

be enabled to do a thing (höfðu eigi f. á at reka langt flóttann); af (eptir) föngum, *to the best of one's power, according to one's means*.

FANGA (AÐ), v. *to capture* (áðr en hann var fangaðr); f. dauða, *to catch one's death, die*.

FANGA-BREKKA, f. *wrestling ground* (at the Althingi).

FANGAÐR, a. *having means* (föng) *for doing a thing*.

FANGA-FÁR, a. *short means or provisions*; e-m verðr -fátt, *falls short of provisions*; -KVIÐR, m. *a body of jurymen taken at random*; -LAUSS, a. *void of means or provisions*; -LEYSI, n. *want of stores*; -LÍTILL, a. *vile, not worth fetching*; -RÁÐ, n. *device, expedient*; góðr, fljótr -ráðs, *ready, quick at expedients*.

FANGARI, m. *wrestler*.

FANGA-STAKKR, m. *wrestling jerkin*; -VÁTTR, m. *a witness taken at random*; -VITNI, n. *testimony of a* -váttr.

FANG-BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *wrestling* (takast -brögðum).

FANGELSI, n. *prison, jail*.

FANG-HELLA, f. *a stone set on edge on a wrestling ground*.

FANGI, m. *prisoner* (rare).

FANGINN, pp. *captured*; fig. *enticed*.

FANG-LÍTILL, a. *yielding little produce*; -STAÐR, m. *a place to grasp or lay hold of*; fá -stáð e-m, *to get a hold of one*; ljá -staðar á sér, *to let oneself be caught*; FANGS-TÍÐ, f. *wedding season*.

FANG-SÆLL, a. *having a good grasp, lucky*; -TAKA, f. *taking a hold* (in wrestling); -VINR, m. *an antagonist in wrestling* (poet.).

FANN-HVÍTR, a. *snow-white*; -MIKILL, a. *snowy*.

FANTR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *servant, footman* (fant sé ek hvern á hesti, en lendir menn ganga); (2) *landlouper, vagabond*.

FAR, n. (1) *a means off passage, ship*; bjarga fari á floti, *to save a vessel qflaat*; in compds., *a trading vessel* (Íslands-far, Englands-far); (2) *passage*; taka (fá, ráða) sér fari *or* far, *to take a passage in a ship*; beiðast fars, *to ask for a passage*; synja e-m fars, *to deny one a passage*; banna e-m f., *to forbid one to sail* (cf. 'farbann'); (3) *trace, print, track* (Sveinki rak lömb sín til fjöru í förin); villast hundarnir farsins, *the hounds lose the track*; of et sama f., *on the same subject*; (4) *life, conduct, behaviour*; í fari konungsins *in the king's character*; (5) *state, condition* (gefa þeir eigi gaum um hennar far) f. veðranna, *the course of the winds*; at fornu fari, *of yore, of old*.

FARA (FER; FÓR, FÓRUM; FARINN), v. (1) *to move, pass along, go*; gekk hann hvargi sem hann fór, *he walked wherever he went*; f. heim (heiman), *to go home (from home)*; f. á fund e-s *to visit one*; fjöld ek fór, *I travelled much*; hann sagði, hversu orð fóru með þeim, *what words passed between them*; absol., *to go begging* (ómagar, er þar eigu at f. í því þingi); (2) with 'ferð, leið' or the like added in acc., gen., or dat.; f. leiðar sinnar, *to go one's way, proceed on one's journey* (= f. ferðar sinnar *or* ferða sinna, f. ferð sina, f. för sina, förum sínum); f. þessa ferð, *to make this journey*; f. fullum dagleiðum, *to travel a full days journeys*; f. stefnuför, *to go a-summoning*; f. bónorðsför, *to go a-wooing*; f. sigrför, *to go on the path of victory, to triumph*; f. góða för, *to make a lucky journey*; fig., f. ósigr, *to be defeated*; f. mikinn skaða, *to suffer great dam-*

age; f. hneykju, skömm, *to incur disgrace*; f. erendleysu, *to fail in one's errand*; with the road in acc. (f. fjöll ok dala); (3) f. búðum, bygðum, vistum, *to move, change one's abode*; f. eldi ok arni, *to move one's hearth and fire*; (4) f. einn saman, *to go alone*; f. eigi ein saman, *to go with child* (= f. með barni); (5) with infin.; f. sofa, *to go to sleep* (allir menn vóru sofa farnir); f. vega, *to go to fight*; f. leita, *to go seeking* (var leita farit); (6) with an adj., &c.; f. villr, *to go astray*; f. haltr, *to walk lame*; f. vanstiltr, *to go out of one's mind*; f. duldr e-s, *to be unaware of*; f. andvígr e-m, *to give battle*; f. leyniliga (leynt), *to be kept secret*; eigi má þetta svá f., *this cannot go on in that way*; fjarri ferr þat, *far from it, by no means*; fór þat fjarri, at ek vilda, *I was far from desiring it*; (7) *to turn out, end*; fór þat sem líkligt var, *it turned out as was likely* (viz. *ended ill*); svá fór, at, *the end was, that*; ef svá ferr sem ek get til, *if it turns out as I guess*; á sómu leið fór um aðra sendimenn, *it went the same way with the other messengers*; (8) *to fare well, ill*; biðja e-n vel f., *to bid one farewell*; (9) *to suit, fit*, esp. of clothes, hair (ekki þykkir mér kyrtill þinn f. betr en stakkr minn; hárit fór vel); impers., fór illa á hestinum, *it sat ill on the horse*; (10) impers., e-m ferr vel, illa, *one behaves or acts well, ill*; honum hafa öll málin verst farit, *he has behaved worst in the whole matter*; e-m ferr vinveittliga, *one behaves in a friendly way*; (11) refl., esp. of a journey; farast vel, illa, *to go well, ill*; fórst þeim vel, *they got on well*; fórst þeim þá seint um daginn, *they got along slowly*; recipr., farast hjá, *to pass one another without meeting*, = f. á mis; f. í móti, *to march against one another*; (12) f. e-t höndum, *to touch with the hands*, esp. of a healing touch, = f. höndum um e-t (bið hann f. höndum meinit); f. land herskildi, brandi, *to visit a land with 'warshield', with fire, to ravage or devastate it* (gekk síðan á land upp með liði sínu ok fór alit herskildi); (13) *to overtake* (Án hrísmagi var þeirra skjótastr ok gat farit sveininn); tunglit ferr sólina, *the moon overtakes the sun*; áðr hana Fenrir fari, *before F. overtakes her*; (14) *to ill-treat, treat cruelly*; menn sá ek þá, er mjök höfðu hungri farit hörund, *that had chastened their flesh with much fasting*; (15) *to put an end to, destroy*; f. sér (sjálfr), *to kill oneself*; f. lífi (fjörvi) e-s, *to deprive one of life*; þú hefir sigr vegit ok Fáfni (dat.) um farit, *killed F.*; (16) *to forfeit* (f. löndum ok lausafé); (17) refl., farast, *to perish*; f. af sulti, hita, mœði, *to die of hunger, heat, exhaustion*; of a ship, *to founder* (fórst þar byrðingrinn); *to be drowned* (alls fórust þar níu menn); þá er bæði himinn ok jörð hefir farizt, *when heaven and earth shall have passed away*; ferst nú vinátta ykkur, *your friendship is done with*; f. fyrir, *to come to nought* (at síðr muni fyrir f. nökkurt stórræði); (18) with preps. and advs., f. af klæðum, *to take off one's clothes*; f. at e-m, *to make an attack upon, to assault* (eigi mundi í annat sinn vænna at f. at jarlinum); f. at e-u, *to mind, pay heed to*; ekki fer ek at, þótt þú hafir svelt þik til fjár *(it does not matter to me, I do not care, though)*; *to deal with a thing, proceed in a certain way*; svá skal at sókn f., *thus is the pleading to be proceeded with*; f. at lögum, úlögum, *to proceed lawfully, unlawfully*; f. mjúkliga at, *to proceed gently*; hér skulu við f. at með ráðum, *act with, deliberation*; impers. with dat., *to*

do, behave; illa hefir mér at farit, *I have done my business badly*; *to go in pusuit (search) of* (víkingar nökkurir þeir sem fóru at féföngum); f. at fuglaveiðum, *to go a-fowling*; f. at fé, *to tend sheep*; f. á e-n, *to come upon one*; sigu saman augu, þá er dauðinn fór á, *when death seized him*; f. á hæl *or* hæli, *to step back, retreat*; f. eptir e-m, *to follow one*; f. eptir e-u, *to go for, go to fetch* (Snorri goði fór eptir líkinu; f. eptir vatni); *to accommodate oneself to, conform to* (engi vildi eptir öðrum f.); þau orð er eptir fara, *the following words*; f. fram, *to go on, take place*; ef eigi ferr gjald fram, *if no payment takes place*; veizlan ferr vel fram, *the feast went on well*; spyrr, hvat þar fœri fram, *he asked, what was going on there*; f. fram ráðum e-s, *to follow one's advice*; allt mun þat sínu fram f., *it will take its own course*; kváðu þat engu gegna ok fóru sínu fram, *took their own way*; segir honum, hversu þeir fóru fram, *how they acted*; f. e-t fram, *to do., perform a thing*; spyrr hann, hvat nú sé fram faranda, *what is to be done*; f. fyrir e-t, *to pass for, be taken for* (fari sá fyrir níðing, er); refl., farast fyrir, *to come to nought* (fórst þat fyrir); f. hjá sér, *to be beside oneself*; f. í e-t, *to go into* (f. í tunnu); f. í sæng, rekkju, *to go to bed*; f. í sess sinn, sæti sitt, *to take one's seat*; f. í klæði, *to put on clothes, dress*; f. í vápn, brynju, *to put on armour*; f. í lag, *to go right or straight again* (þá fóru brýnn hans í lag); f. í vöxt, *to increase*; f. í þurð, *to wane*; f. í hernað, víking, *to go a-freebooting*; nú ferr í úvænt efni, *now matters look hopeless*; *to happen, occur* (alit þat, er í hafði farit um nóttina); f. með e-t, *to wield handle, manage*; fór Hroptr með Gungni, *H. wielded (the spear) Gungnir*; f. með goðorð, *to hold a* goðorð; f. með sök, *to manage a lawsuit*; *to practice, deal in*; f. með rán, *to deal in robbery*; f. með spott ok háð, *to go scoffing and mocking*; f. með galdra ok fjölkyngi, *to practice sorcery*; *to deal with, treat, handle* (þú munt bezt ok hógligast með hann fara); f. af hljóði með e-t, *to keep matters secret*; f. með e-m, *to go with one, follow one* (ek skal með yðr f. með allan minn styrk); f. með e-u, *to do (so and so) with a thing, to deal with, manage*; hvernig þeir skyldu f. með vápnum sínum, *what they were to do with their weapons*; sá maðr, er með arfinum ferr, *who manages the inheritance*; f. með málum sínum, *to manage one's case*; f. vel með sínum háttum, *to bear oneself well*; undarliga fara munkar þessir með sér, *these monks behave strangely*; f. með barni, *to go with child*; impers., ferr með þeim heldr fáliga, *they are on indifferent terms*; f. ór landi, *to leave the country*; f. ór klæðum, fötum, *to take off one's clothes, undress*; f. saman, *to go together*; *to shake, shudder*; fór en forna fold öll saman, *shivered all through*; *to concur, agree* (hversu má þat saman f); f. til svefns, *to go to sleep* (= f. at sofa); f. um e-t, *to travel over* (f. um fjall); f. höndum um e-n, *to stroke or touch one with the hands* (hann fór höndum um þá, er sjúkir vóru); f. mörgum orðum um e-t, *to dilate upon a subject*; f. myrkt um e-t, *to keep a matter dark*; f. undan, *to excuse oneself (from doing a thing), to decline, refuse* (hvat berr til, at þú ferr undan at gera mér veizluna); borð fara upp, *the tables are removed*; f. út, *to go from Norway to Iceland*; *to come to a close, run out* (fóru svá út þessir fimm vetr); f. útan, *to go abroad* (from Iceland); f. við e-n, *to treat*

one, deal with one in a certain way; margs á, ek minnast, hve við mik fóruð, *I have many things to remember of your dealings with me*; f. yfir e-t, *to go through*; nú er yfir farit um landnám, *now an account of the settlements has been given*; skjótt yfir at f., *to be brief*.

FARA-BÓK, f. *a book of travels, an itinerary*; -HAGR, m. *travelling circumstances or condition*.

FARALD, n. (mode of) *travelling, in the phrase*, hverju (*or* með hverju) faraldi *(how, by what means)* hann afði þar komit.

FARANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *traveller*.

FARAND-KONA, f. *beggar-woman*.

FAR-ANGR (gen. -ANGRS), m. *luggage*.

FARAR-BANN, n. = farbann; -BEINI, m. *furthering one's journey*; -BLÓMI, m. *travelling with pomp*; -BRODDR, m. *the front of a host*; -BÚINN, pp. = farbúinn; -DVÖL, f. *delay*; -EFNI, n. pl. *equipment*; -EYRIR, m. *money for travelling*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *necessaries for a journey*; -GREIÐI, m. *conveyance*; -HAFT, n. *hindrance, stoppage*; -HESTR, m. *nag, horse*; -LEYFI, n. *leave to go*; -MUNGÁT, n. *ale for use on a journey*; -NAUTR, m. = förunautr.

FARARSKJÓTA-LAUST, adv. *without means of conveyance*.

FARAR-SKJÓTI, m. *means of conveyance*; -SNÚÐR, m. *speed on a journey*; -STAFR, m. *walking-stick*; -TÁLMI, m. *hindrance, delay in one's journey*.

FAR-BANN, n. *prohibition of sailing, embargo*; -BAUTI, m. *ogre*; -BEINI, m. = fararbeini; -BORÐI, m., in the phrase, leita sér farborða, *to take precautions (so as to get safe and sound out of a danger)*; -BÚINN, pp. *prepared to sail, ready for departure*.

FARDAGA-HELGR, f. *the Sunday in* fardagar; -SKEIÐ, n. *the time of fardagar*.

FAR-DAGAR, m. pl. *removing days (four successive days in summer, at the end of May, old style)*; -DRENGR, m. *sea-faring man*; -FLÓTTI, a. *fugitive, exiled*; -FÚSS, a. *eager for departing*; -FÝSI, f. *eagerness to depart or travel*.

FARGA (AÐ), v. (1) with acc., *to press*; (2) with dat., *to destroy, make away with*.

FAR-GÆFA, f. *good luck on a Journey*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *luggage, baggage*; -GØRVI, n. *travelling gear*; -HIRÐIR, m. *ferry-man*.

-FARI, m. *sea-farer, voyager*, only in compds. (Dyflinnar-fari, Englands-fari); *traveller* (Jórsala-fari).

FARINN, pp. (1) *gone, undone*; þá er farnir vóru forstöðumenn Troju, *when the defenders of Troy were dead and gone*; hans tafl var mjök svá farit, *his gaine was almost lost*; farinn af sulti ok mœði, *famished and exhausted*; f. at e-u, *destitute of* (f. at vistum, lausafé); tungl farit, *a 'dead' moon, new moon*; sól var skamt farin, *the sun was little advaned, not long risen*; þá var dagr alljós ok sól farin, *broad day and the sun high in the sky*; (2) *so and so conditioned*; vel andlits f., vel f. í andliti, *well-favoured*; mjök aldri f., *stricken in years*; vel orði (*or* orðum) f., *well-spoken, eloquent*; impers., e-m, er e-n veg farit, *one is so and so*; er eigi einn veg farit úgæfu okkar, *our ill-luck is not of one piece*; veðri var þannig farit, at, *the weather was such that*; hversu landinu er farit, *what the condition of the country is*; henni er þannig farit, at hón er mikil ey, löng, *(viz. the island) is so shaped that it is large and long*; fig., of disposition, character; er honum vel farit, *he is a well-disposed man*; þeim var úlíkt farit at mörgu, *they were unlike in many respects*; undarliga er

yðr farit, *ye are strange men*; adding the prep. til: nú er annan veg til farit, *now matters are altered*; nú er svá til farit, at ek vil, *now the case is, that I wish*; (3) á förnum vegi, *on the high-road* (ef maðr andast á förnum vegi); hann kom heim af förnum vegi, *from a journey*.

FAR-KONA, f. *beggar-woman*.

FARKONU-SÓTT, f. *a kind of disease*.

FAR-KOSTR, m. *a vessel, a ship*; -LAMI, a. *unable to go further on a journey*; -LEIGA, f. *passage-money*; -LENGD, f. *journey*, travels; -LJÓSS, a. *light enough for travelling* (nótt var þá farljós); -LÖG, n. pl. *nautical law*; -MAÐR, m. *sea-faring man, seaman, travelling merchant*.

FARMANNA-BÚÐIR, f. pl. *merchant booths*; -LÖG, n. pl. = farlög.

FAR-MÓÐR, a. *weary from travelling*.

FARMR (-S, -AR), m. *freight, cargo* (bera, flytja farm af skipi); *load* (in general); (2) *contents* (maðrinn finnr fötuna með sínum farmi).

FAR-MŒÐA, f. *tiredness or weariness from travelling*.

FARNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *furtherance, speed* (til farnaðar mér ok til ferðar); þar tit er hón kynni nökkurn farnað, *till she had learned how to get on in the world*.

FAR-NAGLI, m. *plug* (in a boat).

FARNAST (AÐ), v. refl., f. vel, *to speed well*; *to be fortunate*.

FAR-NEST, n. *provisions for a journey* (í bagga hans var farnest hans).

FARNING, f. *ferrying over, passage* (veita e-m f.).

FARNINGAR-MAÐR, m. = ferjumaðr.

FARNINGR (gen. -S), m. = farning.

FAR-RAK, -REK, n. *strait, dillema*; at þú komir aldri síðan í slíkt farrak, *in such a strait*; þat hafði Þórði orðit til farreks, at, *that mishap had befallen Thord, that*.

FARRI, m. *landlouper, vagrant*.

FAR-SKIP, n. *ferry-boat*.

FARS-KOSTR, m. = farkostr.

FAR-SNILLI, f. *nautical art*; -SYNJAN, f. *refusing to ferry one over*.

FAR-SÆLA, f. *good speed, prosperity, happiness*; -SÆLAST (D), v. refl., *to speed well, have luck*; -SÆLD, f. = -sæla; friðr ok farsæld, *peace and happiness*; -SÆLL, a. (1) *speeding well in voyages* (svá farsæll, at hann kaus sér jafnan höfn); (2) *prosperous*; -SÆLLIGA, adv. *prosperously*; -SÆLLIGR, a. *prosperous, advantageous, useful* (farsælligir hlútir).

FARSÆLU-LAUSS, a. (1) *luckless*; (2) *miserable*.

FAR-TÁLMI, m. = farartálmi; -TEKJA, f. *taking a passage in a ship*; -VEGR, m. (1) *track* (manna farvegr); (2) *channel, bed of a river*; (3) *road, journey* (langr farvegr); -ÞEGI, m. *passenger*.

FAST, adv. *firmly, fast* (sitja, standa binda, halda f.); sofa f., *to sleep fast*; drekka f., *to drink hard*; leita f. eptir, *to urge, press hard*; ryðjast um f., *to make a hard onslaught*; leggja f. at, *to close with one* (in a sea-fight); telja f. á e-n, *to give one a severe lesson*.

FASTA (AÐ), v. *to fast, abstain from food*; f. þurt, *to fast on dryfood*.

FASTA, f. (1) *fast, fasting*; (2) *season appointed for fasting* (níu vikna f.).

FASTA-EIGN, f. *real property*, opp. to 'lausafé', 'lauss eyrir'; -FAR, n., only in dat., (í) fastafari, *eagerly, constantly*; -GÓZ, n. = fasta-eign.

FAST-EYGÐR, -EYGR, a. *firm-eyed*; -GARÐR, m. *fastness, stronghold*; fastgarðr er fyrir, *there are great obstacles in the way*; -HALDR, a. (1) *tenacious, saving*;

(2) *steadfast, constant* (fasthaldr á sinni fyrirætlan); -HEITINN, a. *true to one's word*; -HELDI, f. (1) *closeness, parsimony*; (2) *tenacity constancy*; -HENDR, a. *close-fisted*.

FASTI, m. poet. *fire*; fœra e-n í fasta, *to bring one into a strait*.

FASTLA, adv. = fastliga.

FAST-LIGA, adv. *firmly, strongly*; trúa -liga, *to believe firmly*; e-t horfir -liga, *it looks hard, difficult*; vera -liga kominn, *to be set fast*; -LIGR, a. *fast, firm, strong*; -LYNDR, a. *firm, strong-minded*; -MÁLL, a. *trusty*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *fast engagement* (binda e-t fastmælum).

FASTNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pledge, promise solemnly* (f. e-m lögbót); (2) *to betroth* (fastnaði Mörðr Hrúti dóttur sína); f. sér konu, *to engage a wife*; refl. fastnast, *to be betrothed*.

FASTNAÐAR-MÁL, n. = festarmál; -ÖL, n. = festaröl.

FASTNAÐR (-AR), m. *betrothal*.

FASTNANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *betrother*.

FAST-NÆMR, a. (1) *close-fisted*; (2) *firm, trusty* (-næmr við vini sína).

FAST-ORÐR, a. *true to one's word*.

FASTR, a. (1) *fast, firm, sticking fast to the spot*; hrútr f. *(held fast, entangled)* á meðal viða; f. á velli, *standing fast* (in battle); standa f. fyrir, *to stand fast (firm)*; (2) *close, close-fisted*; f. ok fégjarn, *close and covetous*; f. af e-u, *sparing of* (f. af drykk); (3) of a meeting: þá er sóknarþing er fast, *during the session*; (4) *firm, faithful* (fast heit, loforð, föst trú); fullr ok f., *definitive, permanent* (þessi grið skulu vera full ok föst); (5) *strong, hard* (f. bardagi); fast atkvæði, *hard syllable* (ending in a double consonant); (6) til fasta, *fast, firmly*; ráða, mæla, heita til fasta, *to make a firm agreement*.

FAST-RÁÐINN, pp. *determined* (-ráðinn í e-u); hafa e-t ráðit, *to have made up one's mind (about)*; -RÍKI, n. *strong rule, tyranny*; -SETTR, pp. *fast-rooted* (-sett villa); -TEKINN, pp. *determined, resolved* (hafa e-t fast-tekit með sér, -tekinn í e-u); -TŒKR, a. *headstrong, stubborn*; -ÚÐIGR, a. *staunch, firm of mind*; -ÚÐLIGA, adv. *firmly*; -ÚÐLIGR, adv. = -úðigr; -VINGR, a. *steadfast as friend*, = vinfastr; -YRÐR, a. = -orðr.

FAT, n. (1) *vat, vessel, pail* (kona vildi bera vatn en hafði ekki f.); eitt fat *(basket)* með vínberjum; (2) *luggage, baggage* (bera föt sín á skip, bera föt á land); (3) *article of clothing, garment*, pl. (föt), *clothes, dress* (hann hafði föt sín í fangi sér, en sjálfr var hann naktr).

FATA, f. *pail, bucket*.

FATA (AÐ), v. *to step*, = feta.

FATA-BÚNINGR, m. *apparel*; -BÚR, n. *wardrobe*; -GØRVI, n. *luggage, gear*; -HESTR, m. *pack-horse*; -HIRZLA, f. *wardrobe*; -HRÚGA, f. *heap of clothes*; -KISTA, f. *clothes-chest*.

FATLAÐR, pp. *impeded*; fjötri fatlaðr, *fettered*.

FAT-LAUSS, a. (1) *without clothes*, = klæðlauss; (2) *without luggage*.

FATL-BYRÐR, f. *a burden fastened with straps* (cf. 'fetill').

FATNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *clothing*.

FAT-PRÚÐR, a. *dressy, finely dressed*; -PRÝÐI, f. *dressiness*.

FATR, n. *impediment, delay*.

FATRAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to be entangled* or *impeded in a thing* (fatrast mjök fyrir honum).

FATS-TÖTURR, m. *tatters*.

FATTIR, a. *(easily) bowed backwards*.

FATT-SKOLPTAÐR, a. *with upturned snout*.

FAUSKA-GRÖPTR, m. *digging dry logs out of the earth for fuel*.

FAUSKR (-S, -AR), m. *a rotten dry log* (fúinn fauskr, forn fauskr).

FAX, n. *mane*; poet., vallar fax, *the field's mane, wood*.

FAXAÐR, pp. *maned, having a mane*.

FÁ (FÆ; FEKK, FENGUM; FENGINN), v. (1) *to grasp with the hands, get hold of*; hón hefir fengit einn stein, *she has taken a stone*; (2) *to take, capture* (fengu þeir Gunnar); (3) *to get, gain, win*; sá fær er frjár, *he that woos wins*; fá fljóðs ást *to win a woman's love*; hann bað konunnar ok fekk heitit hennar, *he asked the woman in marriage and got the promise of her hand*; fá sitt eyrindi, *to accomplish one's errand*; fá haærra hlut, *to get the better of it*; fá góðar viðtökur, *to get a good reception*; fá skilning á e-u, *to get knowledge of*; (4) *to suffer endure*; fá úsigr, *to be defeated*; fá skaða, *to suffer harm*; fá úvit, *to fall senseless, to faint*; fá líflát, *to fall lifeless*; fá bana, *to come by one's death*; (5) *to get, procure*; hann fekk sér gott kvánfang, *he got a good wife*; (6) *to give, deliver to one, put into one's hands*; fá mér *(give me)* leppa tvá ór hári þinu; fáit nú konungi festu *(give the king bail)* þá er honum líki; fá e-m sök, *to charge one*; var sá sveinn fenginn í hendr okkr, *delivered into our hands*; fá e-m e-t at geyma, *to give a thing into one's charge* (= fá e-m e-t til geymslu); (7) with pp. following, *to be able to*; fá e-n veiddan, *to be able to catch one*; hon fær með engu móti vakit þá, *she could by no means awaken them*; þeir munu mik aldri fá sótt, *they will never be able to overcome me*; fengu þeir honum ekki nát, *they could not catch him*: skaltu hvergi fá undan hokat, *thou shall have no chance of sneaking away*; hann fekk þó eigi víss orðit, *he could not make out for certain*; (8) with gen., *to get, take, gain, win*; þeir fengu fjár mikils, *they took a rich booty*; vel er þess fengit, *it is well earned, well done*; hann var eigi skáld, ok hann hafði ei þeirrar listar fengit, *he had not received that gift*: fá verðar, *to take a meal*; hann tekk sér sveitar *(he raised a band)* ok gørðist illvirki; fá konu, *to get a wife, marry* (hon var átján vetra, er þorsteinn fekk hennar); (9) *to conceive*, of sheep and cattle (fá burðar, *lambs*); (10) *to touch, affect*; þat fekk mikils hinum hertekna manni, *it touched the captive deeply*, þá fær þorbirni svá. mjök (*Th. was so much moved)*, at hann grætr; (11) impers., *one can get or find*; vápn svá góð, at eigi fær önnur slík, *that the like are not to be got*; at varla fái vitrara mann, *that a wiser man is hardly to be found*; also, *one may or can* (do something); þat skip fær vel varit eldi, *that ship can well be guarded against fire*; (12) with preps.; fá af sér (with infin.) *to bring oneself to*; þeir fengu af verra, *they got the worse of it*; fá at veizlu, brúkaupi, blóti, *to get provisions for a feast* (hann fekk at blóti miklu); sá dagr er at jólum skal fá, *the day when preparations are to be made for Yule* (cf. 'atfangadagr'); fá á e-u, *to get hold* of, *grasp with the hand*; faðir Móða fekk á þremi, *the father of M. caught hold of the brim*; fá e-n, *to touch, affect one, move* (opt fá á horskan lostfagrir, litir); láta e-t á sik fá, *to be (deeply) affected by, take it to heart*; drykkr fær á e-n, *the drink intoxicates one* (er drykkr fekk á Hákon jarl); fá í e-t, *to take hold* of, *grasp with the hand* (= fá á e-u); forðuðu fingrum, fen-

gu í snœri, *they took hold of the strings*; fá e-t *or* e-s til, *to get, procure* (var kirkja gör ok kennimanna til fengit); fá e-n til at gøra e-t, *to get one to do a thing*; þeir fengu menn til at ryðja skip sitt, *they got men to clear their ship* fá til e-s, *to lay hold of*; þar var fjöld fjár, fengu til margir, *there was wealth of money, and many took a share of it*; (13) refl., fást í e-u, *to be busy, exert oneself, engage in a matter* (dróttningin mátti þar ekki í fást); Helgi leitaði þá, ef Sigurðr vildi í fást við Þorvald, *if S. would try with Th.*; segir hann ljúga ok fást í rógi, *and deal in slander*; fást við e-t = f. í e-u; f. við e-n, *to have to do with, to contend with one* (H. segist þá vilja … fást eigi við fjánda þenna); *to wrestle (grapple) with one* (skaltu fást við blámann váru).

FÁ (FÁ, FÁÐA, FÁÐR), v. *to draw, paint*; fá rúnar, *to draw runes or magic characters*; vér höfum fáða unga brúði á vegg, *we have painted the young bride on the wall*; gulli fáðr, *gilded*.

FÁ-BYGÐR, pp. *thinly peopled*.

FÁDŒMA-MIKILL, a. *uncommonly great* (högg fádœma-mikit).

FÁ-DŒMI, pl. *exceptional things*; vera með fádœmum, *to be exceptional, portentuous*; -DŒMILIGR, a. *exceptional, extraordinary*.

FÁDŒMIS-HEIMSKA, f. *extraordinary foolishness*; FÁ-EINIR, a. pl. *only a few* (= fáir einir); -FRŒÐR, a. *ignorant*; -FRŒÐI, f. *want of knowledge, ignorance*.

FÁGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to adorn, embellish* (gjörð fáguð með brögðum); (2) *to polish, clean* = fægja (hún fágar ok þvær fœtr þeirra allra); (3) *to take care (charge) of, to tend* (f. farsælulausa, sjúka); (4) *to cultivate* (f. rangan átrúnáð); f. jörðina, *to till the earth*; (5) *to worship* (f. heiðin goð).

FÁGAN, f. *worship* (f. guða).

FÁGANAR-MAÐR, m. *worshipper*.

FÁGANDI (pl. -ENDR), m., FÁGARI, m. *cultivator, worshipper* (víngarðs fágandi, fágari skurðgoða).

FÁ-GLÝJAÐR, pp. *of little glee, sad*.

FÁGU-LIGR, a. *neatly polished*.

FÁ-GÆTR, a. *scarce, rare, uncommon*; -HEYRÐR, pp., -HEYRILIGR, a. *unusual*; -HJÚAÐR, a. *few in family* (var þár fáhjúat); -HŒFR, a. *of little use*.

FÁI, m. *image, figure*.

FÁINN, a. *polished, stained*.

FÁ-KÁTR, a. *sad, in low spirits*.

FÁK-HESTR, m. = fákr.

FÁ-KLÆDDR, pp. *having few clothes only thinly clad*.

FÁKR (-S, -AR), m. *horse* (poet.).

FÁ-KUNNANDI, f., -KUNNASTA, f. *ignorance*; -KUNNIGR, a. *ignorant*; -KUNNLEIKR, m. = -kunnasta; -KUNNLIGR, a. *unusual, rare*; -KYNSL, n. pl., -KYNSTR, n. *shocking accident*.

FÁLA, f. *giantess, hag, witch*.

FÁ-LÁTR, a. *silent, reserved*; -LEIKR, m. *coldness, melancholy* (taka fáleika ok úgfleði); -LIÐA, a. indecl., -LIÐAÐR, -LIÐA, a. *with few followers*; -LIGA, adv. *coldly* (fell með þeim heldrfáliga); -LIGR, a. *cold, reserved*.

FÁLKA-KAUP, n. *purchase of falcons*; -VEIÐR, f. *catching of falcons*.

FÁLKI, m. *falcon*.

FÁLMA (AÐ), v. *to fumble, grope about* (f. höndum, saxi); f. til e-s, *to try to get hold of one* (Hrappr vildi f. til mín); (2) *flinch* (f. af hrælzlu).

FÁ-LYNDI, n. *steadfastness, faithfulness*; -LYNDR, a. *steadfast, faithful*, opp. to 'fjöllyndr'; -MÁLIGR, a. *chary of words,*

reticent; -MENNI, n. *few people*; -MENNR, a. *having few followers* (fara fámennt); -MÆLTR, a. = -máligr; -NEFNDR, pp. *seldom mentioned*; -NÝTR, a. *of little use*; -ORÐR, a. *sparing of words*.

FÁR (FÁ, FÁTT; compar. FÆRI or FÆRRI, superl. FÆSTR), a. (1) *few*; með fá liði við fá menn, *with few men*; fáir (= fáir menn), *few*; fáir einir, *only a few*; í fám orðum, *in few, words*; the sing. often instead of plur., esp. in old sayings (fár er fagr, ef grætr; f. bregðr hinu betra, ef hann veit hit verra); neut. fátt, *few things* (fátt veit sá er sefr); var eigi boðit færa en hundraði, *no fewer than a hundred were invited*; fátt af þeirra mönnum, *only a few of their men*; with gen., fátt manna, *few men*; fátt góðs, *but little good*: þeir ugðu fátt at sér, *they feared little for their own safety*; with numerals, fátt í, *less than, short of, save*; vetri fátt í fjóra tigu, *forty years all but one, thirty-nine years*; lítit fátt í fimm tigi vetra, *little short of fifty years*; hálfum eyri fátt í átta merkr, *eight marks less half an ounce*; sex menn it fæsta, *six men at least*; (2) *cold, reserved, in low spirits* = fálátr; var þá Gunnarr við hana leng fár, *was cold to her for a long time*; *neut*. fátt, *coolness*: var fátt um með þeim brœðrum *the brothers were on indifferent terms*; fátt var með þeim Hrúti um samfarar, *there was a coolness between H. and his wife*: hvárt er var í milli þeirra mart eða fátt, *whether they, stood on good or bad terms, were friendly or not*.

FÁR, n. (1) *bale, harm, mischief*; lesa f. um e-n, *to speak foul calumnies of one*; af fári, *from evil passion*; ef ek vissa þat f. fyrir, *if I could foresee that bale*; full skal signa ok við fára sjá, *and so prevent harm from it*; þat er f. mikit (*'tis a bad omen)*, ef þú fœti drepr; (2) *dangerous illness* (lá hann í þessu fári nær viku); (3) *fraud false dealing*.

FÁ-RÁÐR, a. *perplexed, helpless*.

FÁR-HUGR, m. *wrath, grudge*; -KALDI, m. *piercing coldness* (-kuldi veðrs); -LEIKR, m. *disaster*; liga. adv. (1) *wrathfully*; (2) *abominably*; -LIGR, a. *harmful, disastrous*; -RAMR, a. *terribly strong*.

FÁRS-FULLR, a. *ill-natured, malignant*.

FÁRS-SKAPR, m. *fierceness*.

FÁRS-KONA, f. *wicked woman*; -MAÐR, m. *wicked man*.

FÁR-SÓTT, f. *pestilence*; -VERKR, m. *severe pain*; -VIÐRI, n. *baleful weather, tempest*; -YÐRI, n. pl. *foul language*.

FÁ-RŒDDR, pp. *little spoken of* (þar var fárœt um); -RŒÐINN, a. *chary of words* (= fámáligr, fáorðr); -SÉNN, a. *seldom seen, rare*; -SINNI, n. *loneliness, isolation*; -SKIPTINN, a. *little meddling, quiet*; -SKRÚÐIGR, -SKRÚÐLIGR, a. *meagre, poor*; -SKÝRLIGA, adv. *foolishly* (spyrja fáskrliga); -SKÝRLIGR, a. *foolish, silly*; -STAÐAR, adv. *in few places*; -TALAÐR, pp. (1) = -orðr; (2) *having few vowel-sounds*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *rare occurrence*; -TÍÐLIGA, adv. *rarely*; -TIÐLIGR, a., -TÍÐR, a. *uncommon, rare*; -TŒKDÓMR, m. *poverty*; -TŒKI, n. *want, poverty*; ganga á fátœki, *to go a begging*; FÁTŒKIS-DÓMR, m. = fátœkdómr; -FÖLK, n. *poor folk*; -LAND, n. *land of affliction*; -LIÐ, n. *poor people*; -MAÐR, m. *poor man*.

FÁTŒK-LEIKR, m. *poverty*; -LIGA, adv. *poorly*; -LIGR, a. *poorly, poor*.

FÁ-TŒKR, a. *poor*; -TŒKT, f. *poverty*; -VINGAÐR, pp. *having few friends* (hafa fávingat); -VITR, a. *unwise, foolish, silly*; -VITRA, -VIZKA, f. *unwisdom, folly*; -VIZKR, a. = fávitr; -VÍSS, a. *foolish*.

FÉ (gen. FJÁR), n. (1) *cattle*, esp. *sheep*; þeir ráku féit *(the sheep)* upp á geilarnar; gæta fjár, *to herd or tend sheep*; ganganda fé, *live stock*, opp. to 'dautt fé', *or* 'liggjanda fé,' *valuables, money*; (2) *property, money* (hvárt sem fé þat er land eðr annat fé); fyrirgøra fé ok fjörvi, *to forfeit property and life*; fé er fjörvi firr, *life is dearer than money*; fé veldr frænda rógi, *money makes foes of kinsmen*; afla sér fjár ok frægðar (frama), *to gain wealth and fame*; hér er fé þat *(the money)*, er Gunnarr greiddi; þiggit þat, herra, fé er í því, *there is value in it*; pl. fé (dat. fjám), *property, means*.

FÉAUÐNU-MAÐR, m. *a man lucky with his sheep*; FÉ-BOÐ, n. *offer of money*.

FÉBÓTA-LAUST, adv. *without any compensation being paid*.

FÉ-BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *devices for making money*; -BŒTR, f. pl. *compensation*, esp. as *weregild*, opposed to 'mannhefndir'.

FEÐGAR, m. pl. *father and son (or sons)*; við f. *we, father and son*; vin þeirra Sturlu feðga, *a friend of Sturla and his father*.

FEÐGIN, n. (1) *father or mother* (hvárttveggja feðginit); (2) pl. *parents*; várra fyrstu feðgina, *of our first parents*; f. eða ná-frændr, *parents or near kinsfolk*; hjá feðginum sínum ok forellrismönnum, *by his parents and forefathers*.

FEÐMA (AÐ), v. *to span or encompass with the arms*.

FEÐR, m. *father*, = faðir.

FEÐR-BETRUNGR, m. = föðurbetrungr.

FEÐR-LAND, n. *fatherland*, = föðurland; -MUNIR, m. pl. *patrimony*.

FÉ-DRENGR, m. *open-handed man* (-drengr góðr við sína vini); -DRJÚGR, a. *rich in sheep and cattle*.

FÉ-FANG, n. *booty*; -FASTR, a. *close-fisted*, = fastr af fé; -FÁTT, a. n. *in want of money* (e-m er *or* verðr féfátt); -FELLIR, m. *loss of sheep (from plague or starvation)*; -FESTI, f. *close-fistedness*; -FLETTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to strip (one) of money, cheat (one)*; -FREKR, a. *greedy for money*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *booty, plunder, spoil*, cf. 'féfang'; -GEFINN, pp. *given for* (and *to*) *gain*.

FEGIN-LEIKR, m. *joyfulness*.

FEGINN, a. *glad, joyful*; verða f. to rejoice; fegnari en frá megi segja, *happy beyond description*; with dat., Ingi konungr varð honum hinn fegnasti, *king Ingi was delighted with his coming*; illu f. ver þú aldrigi, *never rejoice in mischief*; taka við e-m fegins hendi, *to receive one joyfully, with heart and hand*; finnast á fegins degi, *to meet on the day of joy, at the resurrection*.

FEGIN-SAGA, f. *joyfull news*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *joyfully*; -SAMLIGR, a. *joyful*.

FÉ-GIRND, -GIRNI, f. *avarice*; -GJALD, n. *payment, fine*; -GJARN, a. *covetous, avaricous*; -GJÖF, f. *gift of money*; -GLOGGR, a. *close-handed*; -GÓÐR, a. *good, current* (i fégóðum peningum).

FEGRA (AÐ OR -ÐA), v. *to embellish, beautify*; kanna siðu inanna ok f. *to improve, better*; ekki þarf þat orðum at f. *there is no use trying to extenuate it*; f. um e-t, *to mend, polish up*.

FEGRÐ, f. *beauty* (f. sólarinnar).

FEGRÐAR-FULLR, a. *beautiful*; -LAUSS, a. *void of beauty*.

FÉ-GRIÐ, n. pl., *security for property*; -GYRÐILL, m. *money-bag, purse* (worn on the belt); -GÆTNI, f. *saving habits*; -GÖFUGR, a. *blessed with wealth*; -HIRÐIR, m. (1) *herd, shepherd*; (2) *treasurer*; -HIRZLA, f. (1) *treasury*; (2) *trea-*

sure.

FÉHIRZLU-HÚS, n. *treasure-house*; -MAÐR, m. *treasurer*.

FÉ-HÚS, n. (1) = fjós, *cattle-house*; (2) *treasury*.

FEIGÐ, f. *approach, foreboding, or sign of death* (þú sátt þegar í dag feigðina á honum).

FEIGÐAR-GREIP, f. *hand of death*.

FEIG-LIGR, a. (1) *looking `feylike'*; (2) *boding death*.

FEIGR, a. *fated to die, fey*; ekki má feigum forða, *there is no saving, or rescuing, a 'fey' man*; standa, ganga feigum fótum *to tread on the verge of ruin*; mæla feigum munni, *to talk wilh a 'fey' mouth*; vilja e-n feigan, *to wish one's death*; *dead* (fyllist fjörvi feigra manna).

FEIKN, a. *awful, terrible*.

FEIKN, f. *portent, terrible things*.

FEIKNA-LIÐ, n. *terrible host*; -VEÐR, n. *fearful weather, tempest*.

FEIKIN-STAFIR, m. pl. *balejul runes, evils, curses*.

FEILAST, v. refl. *to falter, be timid* (Sinfjötli lét sér ekki feilast).

FEIMA, f. *bashful girl*.

FEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to fatten*.

FEITI, f. *fatness*.

FEITING, f. *fattening*.

FEIT-LEIKR, m. *fatness feiti*.

FEITR, a. *fat*.

FÉ-KÁTR, a. *proud of one's wealth*; -KOSTNAÐR, m. *expenditure, expense*; -KOSTR, m. = -kostnaðr; -KRÓKAR, m. pl. '*money-crooks*'; viz. *wrinkles about the eyes, marking a greedy man* (sýndist Hallfreði fékrókar í augum hans).

FEL, f. *the folded skirt of a cloak* (?).

FELA (FEL; FAL, FÁLUM; FÓLGINN), v. (1) *to hide, conceal* (fálu þeir gullit í Rín; þær austr ok vestr enda fálu); fel sverð þitt, *sheathe thy sword*; yrkja fólgit, *to use obscure phrases* (in poetry); impers., fal þá sýn (acc.) milli þeirra, *they lost sight of one another*; (2) f. e-m e-t, *to make over, to give in trust or charge to one*; hann fal Óðni allan þann val, *he gave all the slain to Odin*; mey frumunga fal hann *(entrusted to)* megi Gjúka; f. e-m e-t á hendi, *to commit a thing to one's charge, to commend*; fálu sik ok sálir sínar guði almáttkum á hendi, *they commended themselves and their souls to God Almighty*; f. e-t undir eið sinn (þegnskap sinn), *to vouch upon one's oath (upon one's honour)*; f. e-t undir e-m, *to put under one's charge*; er und einum mér öll um fólgin hodd Niflunga, *the whole hoard of the Niflungs is in my hands alone*; man hér öll vár vinátta undir felast, *all our friendship will depend upon this*; f. e-n á brott, *to put one out for alimentation*; f. e-n inni = f. e-n á brott; sá bóandi, er hann felr sik inni, *the man with whom he boards and lodges*; f. búfé inni at e-m, *to put out (cattle, sheep) to one to keep*; (3) refl. felast, *to hide oneself* (mörg leyni þau, er f. mátti í); f. í faðmi e-m, *to be locked in one's arms*; f. á hendi e-m, *to put oneself in another's hands, enter his service* (Kolskeggr falst á hendi Sveini Dana-konungi).

FÉ-LAG, n. *fellowship, partnership*; eiga -lag saman, *to be partners*; eiga (hafa) félag við e-n, hafa félag e-s, *to be in partnership wilh one*: leggja til félag við e-n, *to enter into partnership with one*; leggja til félags, *to contribute to a common land*; skipta. til félags, *to share in a partnership*.

FÉLAGA-ERFÐ, f. *a partner's inheritance*.

FÉ-LAGI, m. (1) *partner, shareholder of any kind*; *also used of married people, part-*

ner, mate (hvat segir þú mér frá Hrúti, félaga þinum); ek vil skilja við félaga minn, *I wish to part with my mate*; (2) *fellow, mate, comrade*; góðr (gamansamr) félagi, *a good (merry) fellow*; félagi minn ok frændi, *my comrade and kinsinan*.

FÉLAG-LEIKR, m. *friendliness*; -LIGR, a. *friendly, kind* (e-m, við e-n).

FÉLAGS-BÚ, n. *joint household*; -FÉ, n. *common fund*; -GØRÐ, f. (1) *entrance into partnership*; (2) *contract* (nema annan veg hati mælt verit í fégørð þeirra); -HROSS, n. *a horse owned in partnership with others*.

FÉLAGSKAP-LIGR, a. = félagligr.

FÉLAG-SKAPR (gen. -SKAPAR), m. (1) *fellowship, partnership*; (2) *companionship, friendship*; gørðist þar brátt -skapr góðr, *they soon became intimate friends*; binda saman lag sitt ok -skap, *to enter into close alliance*.

FÉLAGS-LAGNING, f. *entering into partnership*; -MAÐR, m. *partner*; -VÆTTI, n. *a witness in matters of a* félag.

FÉ-LAUSS, a. *penniless, poor*; -LAUST, adv. *gratis*, = kauplaust; -LÁT, n. *loss of money*.

FELDAR-BLAÐ, n. = -skaut; -DÁLKR, m. *cloak-pin*; -RÖGGVAR, f. pl. *the long hairs of the outside of a cloak*; -SKAUT, n. *the skirt of a cloak*; -SLITR, n. *tatters of a cloak*.

FELDR (-AR, -IR), m. *cloak*.

FELDR, pp. *fitted*; vera vel (illa) f. til e-s, *to be well (ill) fitted for a thing*; neut., þér er ekki felt at, *it is not for thee to*.

FÉ-LEYSI, n. *want of money*; -LIGR, a. *valuable, handsome* (esp., ekki féligr); -LÍTILL, a. (1) *short of money, poor*; (2) *of little value* (félítill skógr).

FELJÓTTR, a. *shabby, rough* (verja feljótt sem laki).

FELL, n. *'fell', (isolated) hill, mountain*. Cf. 'fjall'.

FELLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to fell, make fall*; f. víð, *to fell timber*; f. segl, *to take down sails*; (2) *to kill, slay (in battle)*; f. e-n frá landi, *to slay or dethrone (a king)*; f. fénað sinn, *to lose one's sheep or cattle from cold or hunger*; (3) *to cause to cease, abolish* (f. blót ok blótdrykkjur); f. rœðu sína, *to close one's speech*; f. niðr, *to put an end to, abandon, give up* (f. niðr þann átrúnað); (4) f. heitstrenging á sik, *to bring down on one's head the curse of a broken vow*; (5) *to tongue and groove, to fit*; f. stokk á horn, *to put a board on the horns of a savage bull*; (6) fig., f. ást (hug) til e-s, *to turn one's mind (love) towards one, to fall in love with*; f. bœn at e-m, *to address prayer to one, to beg of one*; f. sik við e-t, *to fit oneself to a thing*: f. sik mjök við umrœðuna, *to take a warm parl in the debate*.

FELLA, f. (1) *framework, a framed board*; (2) *mouse-trap*.

FELLI-HURÐ, f. *trap-door*; -KÁPA, f. *a kind of plaid*.

FELLING, f. (1) *felling, knocking down*; (2) *joining, framing*.

FELLIR, m. *death*, esp. *of cattle*.

FELLI-SÓTT, f. *sudden illness*; -VETR, m. *a hard winter when the cattle die of cold or hunger*.

FELLU-JÁRN, n. *wrought iron*.

FELMS-FULLR, a. *alarmed, frightened*.

FELMTA (-MTA, -MTR), v. *to be in a state of fright and alarm* (fari menn stilliliga ok felmti eigi); felmtr, *frightened* (fara f.); e-m verðr felmt við, *one gets frightened*.

FELMTR, m. *sudden fear, fright* (slær felmt á e-n).

FÉ-MAÐR, m. *moneyed man*; -MÁL, n. pl.

money matters; -MIKILL, a. (1) *moneyed, rich*; (2) *valuable, costly*; -MILDR, a. *open-handed* (= mildr af fé); -MISSA, f. *loss of property*; -MUNIR, m. pl. *valuables, property*; -MÚTA, f. *bribe in money*; -MÆTR, a. *valuable*.

FEN (gen. pl. FENJA), n. *bog, quagmire* (mýrar ok fen).

FÉNA (AÐ), v. impers., e-m fénar, *one gains* (fénaði þér nú).

FÉNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *sheep, cattle*.

FENGI, n. *booty* = herfang; FENGI-LIGA, adv. *advantageously* (dreyma -liga).

FENGINN, pp. *fitted* (vel til e-s f.).

FENGI-SÆLL, a. *making a good haul*.

FENG-LÍTILL, a. *of little value*.

FENGR (gen. FENGJAR), m. (1) *haul, take*; (2) *gain, booty* (verðr lítit til fengjar); (3) *store, supply*.

FENG-SAMR, a. *making large provision*; -SEMI, f. *being* fengsamr.

FÉ-NÍÐINGR, m. *miser*.

FENJÓTTR, a. *boggy* (cf. 'fen').

FENNA (-TA, -T), v. *to cover with snow*; impers., fennti fé, *the sheep were snowed up*.

FÉ-NÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to turn to account, make use of* (-nýta sér e-t); -NÝTR, a. *that will bring in money*; -PENNINGR, m. *penny-worth, money*; -PYND, f. *extortion*; -RÁÐ, n. pl. *advice in money matters*; -RÁN, n. *plunder*.

FÉRÁNS-DÓMR, m. *court of execution*.

FERÐ, f. (1) *journey* (gera ferð sína heiman); vera í ferð með e-m, *to travel with one*; (2) *conduct, behaviour* (kurteiss í ferð).

FERÐA-MAÐR, m. *traveller*.

FERÐAR-BRODDR, m. *van* (= fararbroddr); -BÚINN, pp. *ready for a journey*; -LEYFL, n. *leave to travel*.

FERÐAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to travel*.

FERÐA-STAFR, m. *walking-staff, pilgrim's staff*.

FERÐUGR, a. *ready* (eigi var hann f. at fara þessa ferð).

FER-ELINGR, m. *a fish four ells long*; -FALDA (AÐ), v. *to make fourfold, multiply, by four*; -FALDR, a. *fourfold*; -FŒTINGR, *a quadruped*; -FŒTTR, a. *four footed*; -HYRNDR, a. *with four corners, square*.

FÉ-RIKR, a. *rich, wealthy*.

FERILL (dat. FERLI), m. (1) *track, trace*; (2) vera á ferli, *to be on the move, out of bed*; (3) *traveller* (veg-, Róm-ferill).

FERJA (að, old form FARÐA, FARÐR), v. *to ferry over a river or strait*.

FERJA, f. *ferry-boat, large boat*.

FERJU-ÁR, f. *ferryman's oar*; -BÚI, m. *one who lives near a ferry*; -KARL, m. *ferryman, boatman*; -MAÐR, m. = -karl; -SKATTR, m. *ferry toll*; -SKIP, n. = ferja; -SMÍÐ, f. *making a* ferja.

FER-LIGA, adv. *monstrously*; -LIGLEIKR, m. *monstrosity*; -LIGR, a. *monstrous, hideous*; -LÍKAN, n. *monstrous shape, monster*; -LÍKI, n. = -líkan.

FERMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to load, lade* (f. skip af e-u).

FERMING, f. *confirmation*.

FERNIR (FERNAR, FERN), a. distrib. *(a set of) four*.

FER-SKEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to square*; -SKEYTTR, a. *square*; -STRENDR, a. *four-edged, four-sided*; -TUGANDI, a. *fortieth*; -TUGFALDR, a. *forty-old*; -TUGR, a. (1) *forty years old*; (2) *measuring forty (ells, fathoms*, etc.); fertug drápa, *a poem of forty verses*; -ÆRÐR, a. *four-oared*.

FÉ-SAMR, a. *lucrative*; -SÁTT, f. *agreement as to payment*; -SEKR, a. *fined, sentenced to a fine*; -SEKT, f. *fine*; -SÍNKI,

f. *niggardliness*; -sínkr, a. *niggardly*; -sjóðr, m. *bag of money*; -sjúkr, a. *greedy of money*; -skaði, m. *loss in money*; -skipti, n. *division of property*; -skjálgr, a., féskjálg augu, *eyes squinting towards money*; -skortr, m. *shortness of money*; -skuld, f. *money debt*; -skurðr, m. *detriment*; -skygn, a. *covetous*; -skylft, a. n., e-m er féskylft, *one has many expenses to defray*; -snauðr, a. *poor in money, penniless*; -sníkja, -sníkni, f. *intruding as a parcisite, begging*; -snúðr, m. *lucre*; -sparr, a. *sparing close-fisted*; -spjöll, n. pl. *spells to get wealth*.

fé-skylmt, a. n. = féskylft.

festa (-sta, -str), v. (1) *to make fast, fasten* (f. skip, bát, hval); (2) *to hang up* (= f. upp); f. á gálga, *to hang on the gallows*; f. út til þerris, *to hang out for drying*; f. e-t við e-t, *to fasten to a thing*; (3) in various fig. phrases, festa trúnað á e-t, *to believe in*; f. hug við e-t, *to fix the mind upon*; f. yndi, *to feel happy* (in a place); f. e-t í minni, *to fix in the memory*; also absol., f. kvæði, *to learn a poem by heart*; (4) *to settle, stipulate*; f. sátt mál, *to make a settled agreement*; f. járn, *to pledge oneself to the ordeal of red-hot iron*; (5) *to betroth* (f. e-m dóttur sína); (6) impers. *to cleave, stick fast* (spjótit festi í skildinum); eld festir, *the fire catches, takes hold*; bein (acc.) festir, *the bone unites (after a fracture)*; (7) refl., festast, *to grow to, stick fast to* (nafnit festist við hann); bardagi festist, *the battle closes up fast*.

festa, f. *bail, pledge* (svardagi ok f.).

festar-auga, f. *loop or eye at the end of a rope* (festr); -endi, m. *end of a rope*; -fé, n. *dowry*; -garmr, m. *chain-dog*; -hald, n. *holding the rope*; -hundr, m. = -garmr; -hæll, m. *peg, for a rope*; -kona, f. *betrothed woman*; -maðr, m. *betrothed inan*; -mál, n. pl. *betrothal, affiance*; -mær, f. = festar-kona; -penningr, m. *pledge bail*; -váttr, m. *a witness at a betrothal*; -vætti, n. *evidence to a betrothal*; -öl, n. *betrothal-ale*.

fé-sterkr, a. *wealthy, rich*.

festi-liga, adv. *firmly, violently*.

festing, f. (1) *fixing, fastening*; (2) *firmament*; festning, f., festningar-himinn, m. = festing 2.

festr (gen. festar, dat. and acc. festi; pl. festar), f. (1) *rope, cord, cable* (for mooring a ship to the shore); (2) pl. *betrothals* (festar fara fram).

festu-maðr, m. *bail, surety*.

fé-sæla, f. *wealth*; -sæll, a. *wealthy*; -sætt, f. *an agreement as to payment (of weregild)*; -sök, f. *suit, action for money*.

fet, n. (1) *pace, step*; ganga (stíga) feti framarr, *to go a step forward*; fara fullum fetum, *to go at full pace*; fetum (dat.) as adv. *at a pace*; (2) *as a measure, foot*.

feta (fet, fat, —) v. (1) *to step, find one's way* (f. leið, heim); (2) poet. with infin., hve ek yrkja fat, *how I managed to make my poem*.

fé-taka, f. *taking (receiving) money*.

feti, m. *blade of an axe*.

fetill (dat. fetli; pl. fetlar), m. *strap (of a shield or sword)*.

fé-vani, a. *short of money*; -ván, f. *expectancy of money*; -vænliga, adv. *in a manner promising profit*; -vænligr, a. *profitable*; -vænn, a. = -vænligr; -vöxtr, m. *increase in one's proterty, gain, profit*.

feykja (-ta, -t), v. (1) *to blow, toss* (f. e-u); (2) *to rush* (hann feykir inn í húsit).

fé-þurfi, a. *in need of money*.

fiðla, f. *fiddle*; fiðlari, m. *fidaler*.

FIÐRAÐR, a. *feathered (of arrows)*.

FIÐRI, m. *feathers, plumage*.

FIMBUL-FAMBI, m. *monstrous fool*; -LJÓÐ, n. pl. *mighty songs*; -TÝR, m. *mighty god*; -VETR, m. *the great and awful winter*; -ÞULR, m. *the mighty sage or speaker*.

FIM-LEIKR, m. *nimbleness, agility*; -LIGA, adv. *nimbly*; -LIGR, a. *nimble*.

FIMM, card. numb. *five*.

FIMR, a. *nimble, agile* (f. við leika).

FIMT, f. *number of five*.

FIMTÁN, card. numb. *fifteen*.

FIMTÁNDI, ord. numb. *fifteenth*.

FIMTÁN-SESSA, f. *a ship with fifteen rowers' benches*.

FIMTAR-DÓMR, m. *the Fifth or High Court (of law) in the Icelandic Commonweallh*.

FIMTARDÓMS-EIÐR, m. *the oath to be taken in the Fifth Court*; -LÖG, n. pl. *the institution of the F. C.*; -MÁL, n. *an action before the F. C.*; -STEFNA, f. *a citation before the F. C.*

FIMTAR-TALA, f. *the number of five*.

FIMTI, ord. numb. *fifth*.

FIMTUGR, a. (1) *fifty years old*; (2) *measuring fifty (ells, fathoms)*.

FIMTUNGR, m. *the fifth part*.

FINGR (gen. FINGRAR or FINGRS; pl. FINGR), m. *finger* (fingr digrir); rétta e-m f., *to point one's finger at*.

FINGR-BRJÓTTR, m. *wrong move (in chess)*; -GULL, n. *finger-ring of gold*; -MJÓR, a. *thin-fingered*.

FINGRUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *finger-ring*.

FINNA (FINN; FANN, FUNDUM; FUNDINN), v. (1) *to find* (þá fundu þeir Hjörleif dauðan); (2) *to meet one* (ok vildi eigi f. Hákon konung); (3) *to visit, to interview* (gakk þú at f. konung); (4) *to find out, invent* (rúnar munt þú finna); (5) *to discover* (ok fundu þar land mikit); (6) fig. *to find, perceive, notice, feel* (fundu þeir þá brátt, at); (7) f. e-m e-t, *to find fault with, blame* (þat eitt finn ek Gunnlaugi, at); (8) with preps., f. á e-t, *to come across, fall in with* (= hitta á e-t); impers., fann þat á, *it could be perceived*; fann lítt á honum, hvárt, *it was little to be seen whether*, etc.; f. at e-u, *to find fault with, censure, blame*; f. e-t til, *to bring forward, give as a reason* (hvat finnr þú til þess?); (9) refl., finnast til e-s, *to be pleased with*; impers., fannst Grími fátt til hans, *Grim was little pleased with him*; láta sér lítit um finnast, *to pay little heed to, rather dislike*; Ölvi fannst mikit um hann, *Ölvir admired him much*.

FINNA, f. *Finn woman*.

FINNAR, m. pl. *Finns* (usually the early non-Aryan inhabitants of Norway and Sweden; not identical with the modern Lapps or Finns).

FINN-FERÐ, -FÖR, f., -KAUP, n. *travelling or trading with the Finns*; -GÁLKN, n. *fabulous monster*; -KONA, f. = Finna; -LAND, n. *Finland*; -LENDINGAR, m. pl. *the Finns*; -MÖRK, f. *Finmark*; -SKATTR, m. *tribute paid by the Finns*.

FINNSKR, a. *Finnish*.

FIRAR, m. pl. poet. *men, people*.

FIRIN-VERK, n. pl. poet. *abominations*.

FIRN, n. pl. *abomination, monstrous thing*.

FIRNA (AÐ), v. *to blame, reproach* (f. e-n e-s, e-n um e-t).

FIRNA-, gen. pl., used as an intensive prefix with adjectives and nouns; FIRNA-DJARFR, a. *very daring*; -FROST, n. *awful frost*; -FULLR, a. *awful*; -HARÐR, a. *violent*.

FIRR, adv. compar., FIRST, adv. superl., see 'fjarri'.

FIRRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) f. e-n augum, *to lose sight of*; (2) *to deprive one of* (f. e-n e-u); (3) *to save, defend* (f. e-n ámæli); (4) refl. *to keep away from, shun, avoid* (firrast fund e-s).

FIRRI, a. *compar. farther off*; fé er fjörvi firra, *money is less dear than life*. Cf. 'fjarri'.

FIRRING, f. *shunning, removal*.

FISKA (AÐ), v. *to fish* (= fiskja).

FISKA-KAUP, n. *purchase of (dried) fish*; -STÖÐ, f. *fishin-place*; -STÖNG, f. = fiskistöng; -VER, n. = fiskiver.

FISK-BEIN, n. *fish-bone*; -BLEIKR, a. *pale as fish*; -GENGD, f. *shoal of fish*; -HRYGGR, m. *fish-spine*.

FISKI (gen. FISKJAR), f. *fishing*; róa fara til fiskjar, *to go a-fishing*.

FISKI-BÁTR, m. *fishing-boat*; -FANG, n. *catch of fish*; pl. (-föng), *stores of fish*; -GENGD, f. *shoal of fish*; -KARL, m. *fisherman*; -KUFL, m. *fishing-jacket*; -LIGR, a. *fit for fishing*; -LŒKR, m. *a brook full of fish, fish-brook*; -MAÐR, m. *fisherman*.

FISKINN, a. *good at fishing*.

FISKI-RÓÐR, m. *rowing out for fish*; -SAGA, f. *fish-news*; -SKÁLI, m. *fishermen's hut*; -SKIP, n. *fishing-boat*; -STÖNG, f. *fishing-spear*; -VEITR, f. *catching of fish*; -VER, n. *fishing place or station*.

FISKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to fish* (= fiska).

FISKR (-S, -AR), m. *fish*; flatr f., heilagr f., *flat-fish, halibut*.

FISK-REKI, m. *'fish-driver'* (a kind of whale).

FIT (pl. FITJAR), f. (1) *webbed foot of swimming birds*; *flipper (of a seal)*; (2) *meadow-land on the banks of a lake or river*.

FITA, f. *fat, grease*.

FITJA (AÐ), v. *to web, knit* (hann lét f. saman fingrna).

FITJE-SKAMMR, a. *having short flippers* (selr ekki fitjaskammr).

FITNA (AÐ), v. *to become fat*.

FÍFIL-BLEIKR, a. *dandelion-yellow*.

FÍFILL, m. *dandelion*.

FÍFL, n. *fool, clown, boor*.

FÍFLA, f. *wanton girl, romp*.

FÍFLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to beguile, seduce*; refl., fíflast, *to act as a seducer*.

FÍFLINGAR, m. pl. *beguilement*.

FÍFL-MEGIR, m. pl. *monsters, giants*.

FÍFLSKA, f. *foolishness, folly*.

FÍFLSKU-FULLR, a. *full of folly*.

FÍFL-YRÐI, n. pl. *foolish language*.

FÍFRILDI, n. *butterfly*.

FÍKJAST (T), v. refl. *to have an eager desire* (á e-t, *for a thing*).

FÍLL (-S, -AR), m. *elephant*.

FÍNN, a. *fine, smooth* (rare).

FÍTONS-ANDI, m. *spirit of prophecy heathen soothsaving*. (From med. L. *Phiton* for *Python*.)

FJAÐRAÐR, a. *feathered* (= fiðraðr).

FJAÐRA-SPJÓT, n. = fjaðr-spjót.

FJAÐR-BRODDR, m. *point of a spear-blade*; -HAMR, m. *feather-coat*; -LAUSS, a. *featherless*; -SÁRR, a. *'feather-sore', moulting*; -SPJÓT, n. *a kind of spear*.

FJALA-BRÚ, f. *a bridge of planks* (fjöl); -KOTTR, m. *mouse-trap*.

FJAL-HÖGG, n. *chopping-block*.

FJALL, n. *mountain, fell*.

FJALLA-DALR, m. *dale, valley*; -GOL, n. *light breeze from the mountains*; -SÝN, f. mountain-view.

FJALL-BERG, n. crag, precipice; -BYGÐ, f. *district among fells*; -DALR, m. *dale in the fells*; -FERÐ, f. *mountain excursion*;

-garðr, m. *range of mountains*; -hagi, m. *mountain pasture*; -maðr, m. *a man searthing the fells for sheep*; -rapi, m. *dwarf-birch*.

fjalls-brún, f. *brow (edge) of a mountain*; -hlíð, f. *mountain-side*; -múli, m. *a hill projecting between two valleys*.

fjall-stöng, f. *fellman's staff*; -vegr, m. *mountain road*; -vindr, m. *wind blowing from the mountains*, opp. to 'hafvindr'.

fjara, f. (1) *ebb-tide, ebb*; (2) *fore-shore, beach* (var þá skógr milli fjalls ok fjöru).

fjara (að), v. impers. *to ebb*; skip (acc.) fjarar uppi, fjarar undan skipi, *the ship is left aground, or remains, high and dry*.

fjar-borinn, pp. *remotely related*.

fjarða-gol, n. *a breeze blowing out of the firths*.

fjarðar-botn, m. *botton, or head of a firth*; -horn, n. *creek at the head of a firth*; -íss, m. *ice in a firth, land-ice*; -kjaptr, m., -mynni, n. *mouth of a firth*.

fjarg, n. *heathen god* (poet.).

fjarg-hús, n. *heathen temple*.

fjar-kominn, pp. *by no means entitled or obliged to* (til e-s); -lægjast (ð), v. refl. *to withdraw (recede) from*; -lægr, a. *far off, distant*.

fjarra-fleinn, m. *landlouper* (rare).

fjarri (firr, first), adv. (1) *far off* (svá at f. flugu brotin); with dat. *far from* (sólu f); standa f. e-m, *to stand far from one*; compar., firr, *farther off* farit firr húsi, *keep off from the house*; allt er fjörvi firr, *life is the nearest (dearest) thing*; firr meirr, *farther aloof* (bóndamúgrinn sat firr meirr); (2) fig., taka e-u fjarri, *to take a thing coldly, show disinclination, refuse* (Ormr tók því ekki f.); ok er þat ekki f. hennar skapi, *it is not far from her mind*; f. ferr því, *far from it, by no means*; nú sé ek eigi, at mér mætti firr um fara en þér, *now I see not how I can fare worse than thou*; (3) *far from, bereft of*; f. feðrmunum, *bereft of my patrimony*.

fjarski, m. *far distance*; vera (liggja) í fjarska, *to be* (lie) *afar off*.

fjar-stœðr, a. *far off*; -stœtt er um áfl várt, *there is a great difference between our strengths*; -sýnis, adv. *at a great distance*; -tœki, n. *refusal* (hafa -tœki um e-t); -tök, n. pl. = -tœki; -vist, f. *living far off*.

fjá (early form fía), v. *to hate*; refl., fjást e-n = fjá e-n.

fjáðr, a. *moneyed, rich* (f. vel).

fjánda-kraptr, m. *fiendish power*.

fjándi (pl. fjándr), m. (1) *enemy, foe*; gefat þínum fjándum frið *give no truce to thy foes*; (2) *fiend, devil*.

fjánd-liga, adv. *fiendishly*; -ligr, a. *fiendish*; -maðr, m. *foeman*; -mæli, n. pl. *words of a foe*; -semi, f. *enmity*; -skapaðr, a. *hostile, ill-disposed* (við e-n).

fjándskapar-fullr, a. *full of hostility*; -máðr, m. = fjándmaðr.

fjánd-skapast (að), v. refl. *to show hostility towards* (við e-n, til e-s); -skapr, m. *hostilily, enmity, hatred* (leggja -skap á e-n).

fjár-aflan, f. *making money*; -afli, m. *property*; -auðn, f. *losing all one's money*; -ágirnd, -ágirni, f. *greed for money*; -beit, f. *pasture for sheep*; -bón, f. *asking for money*; -burðr, m. *bribery*; -dráttr, m. *making money*; -eigandi, pr. p. *wealthy* (vel -eigandi); -eign, f. *wealth, property*; -eyðsla, f. *spending of money*; -eyðslumaðr, m. *spendthrift*; -fang, n. booty, *plunder* (pl. -föng); -far, n. *money affairs*; -forráð, n. *administration (man-*

agement) of one's money; -framlag, n. *laying out contributions of money*; -fundr, m. '*find*' *of money*; -fóðr, n. *fodder for sheep*; -fœði, n. *fodder for sheep*; -gjald, n. *payment*; -gjöf, f. *gift of money*; -geymsla, -gæzla, f. *tending of sheep and cattle*.

fjárgæzlu-maðr, m., -maðr mikill, *a thrifty man*.

fjarhaga-maðr, m., góðr (lítill) -maðr, *a good (bad) manager*.

fjár-hagr, m. *(management of one's) money matters*; -hald, n. (1) *withholding one's money*; (2) *administration of one's money*; -heimta, f. *claim for money, owing one*; -hirzla, f. = féhirzla; -hlutir, m. pl. = -munir; -kostnaðr, m. *expenses*; -lán, n. *loan of money*; -lát, n. *loss of money*; -leiga, f. *rent*; -missa, f. = -lát; -munir, m. pl. *property, valuables*; -nám, n. *seizure of money, plunder*; -orkumaðr, m. *wealthy man*; -pynd, f. *extortion*; -rán, n. *robbery*; -reiður, f. pl. *money matters*; -rekstr, m. *drove of sheep*; -reyta, f. *cheating, plunder*; -sekt, f. *fine in money*; -sjóðr, m. *treasure*; -skaði, m. *loss in money*; -skakki, m. *ujust sharing*; -skipti, n. *division of property*; -stáðr, m. *a (good or bad) investment*; -starf, n. *management of one's money matters*; -taka, f. *seizure of money*; -tilkall, n. *claim for money*; -tillag, n. *contribution in money*; -tjón, n. *loss of money*; -upptaka, f., -upptekt, f. *seizure of one's property*; -útlát, n. pl. *outlay*; -varðveizla, f. (1) *administration (management) of another's property*; (2) = -geymsla; -ván, f. *expectation of money*; -verðr, a. *valuable*; -viðtaka, f. *receipt of money*; -þurfi, a. *needing money*; -þurft, f. *need of money*.

fjón, f. *hatred*; reka e-n fjónum, *to persecute*; vekja f., *to stir up quarrels*.

fjór-dagðr, a. *having lain four days in the grave*.

fjórðunga-lok, n. *the last quarter of a verse*; -mót, n. pl. *the borders of the* fjórðungar (3); -skipti, n. *division into quarters*.

fjórðungr (-s, -ar), m. (1) *the fourth part, quarter*; f. rastar, *a distance of about a mile*; (2) a weight = *ten pounds*; (3) in Iceland, *one of the Quarters* into which the whole land was divided (Austfirðinga, Vestfirðinga, Norðlendinga, Sunnlendinga fjórðungr).

fjórðungs-dómr, m. *Quarter (district) court*; -menn, m. pl. *inhabitants of a Quarter*; -úmagi, m. *a pauper charged to a Quarter*; -þing, n. *Quarter (district) assembly*.

fjór-faldr, a. *fourfold*; -fœttr, a. *four-footed*.

fjórir (fjórar, fjögur), card. numb. *four*; fjögurra vegna, *to the four cardinal points*.

fjórtán, card. numb. *fourteen*.

fjórtandi, ord. numb. *fourteenth*.

fjórtán-sessa, f. *ship with fourteen thwarts*.

fjós, n. *cow-house, byre*; vera í fjósi, *to attend to the cows*; -dyrr, f. pl. *door of a cow-house*; -gata, f. *path to a cow-house*; -hlaða, f. *a barn connected with a cow-house*.

fjúk, m. *drifting snow-storm*.

fjúka (fýk; fauk, fukum; fokinn), v. (1) *to be drifted (tossed, blown) by the wind*; tók þá at f., *it began to snow and drift*; var fjókanda veðr, *there was a (drifting) snow-storm*; nú er fokit í flest skjól, *now most places of shelter are snowed up*;

no refuge is left; (2) fig. *to fly off* (fauk at höfuðið); láta fjúka í kveðlingum, *to let satiric verses fly*.

FJÚK-RENNINGR, m. *drifting snow*; -VIÐRI, n. *snow-storm*.

FJÖÐR (gen. FJAÐRAR, pl. FJAÐRAR), f. (1) *feather, quill*; draga f. um e-t, *to slur over a thing*; (2) *fin or tail of a fish*; (3) *blade of a spear*.

FJÖL (gen. FJALAR, pl. FJALAR, FJALIR), f. *deal, board*.

FJÖL-, *used as a prefix, much, manifold*; -BEIÐNI, f. *hard begging, insistance*; -BREYTINN, a. *changeable, whimsical*; -BYGÐR, pp. *thickly peopled*.

FJÖLD, f. *multitude, great number, much*; f. ek fór, *I have travelled far*.

FJÖLDI, m. *multitude*; f. manna, skipa, *a great number of men, ships*.

FJÖLGA (AÐ), v. *to make more numerous*; impers., fjölgar e-t, and refl., fjölgast, *to become numerous, increase in number*.

FJÖLGAN, f. *increase in number*.

FJÖL-HÖFÐAÐR, a. *many-headed*.

FJÖL-KUNNIGR, a. *skilled in magic*.

FJÖL-KYNGI, f. *the black art, witchcraft, wizardry, sorcery*.

FJÖLKYNGIS-FÓLK, n. *wizard-folk*; -ÍÞRÓTT, f. *magic art*; -KONA, f. *sorceress, witch*; -VEÐR, n. *gale produced by sorcery*.

FJÖLLÓTTR, a. *mountainous*.

FJÖL-LYNDI, n. *looseness, fickleness*; -LYNDR, a. *loose, fickle*; -MARGR, a. *very many*; -MÁLUGR, a. *tattling*; -MENNA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to make numerous, increase in number*; (2) *to crowd, meet in crowds*; -MENNI, n. *many people, crowd*; -MENNR, a. *numerous, with many people* (riðu menn -mennir til þings); fjöl-menn veizla, *a great banquet*; kemr þar fjölmennt, *many people*; -MÆLI, n. (1) *common talk* (fara, fœra, í -mæli); (2) *slander*; -ORÐR, a. *talkative*; -RÁÐR, a. *fickle, loose*; -RŒÐINN, a. = -orðr; -RŒÐR, a. *much talked of*; gerist (er) -rœtt um e-t, *it is much talked of*; -SKRUÐIGR, a. *dressy*; -SKYLD, f. *important business*; -SKYLDA, f., -SKYLDI, n. *much business, duties*; -SKYLDR, a. *important* (-skylt embætti).

FJÖL-NÝTR, a. *useful in many ways*.

FJÖR (dat. FJÖRVI), n. *life*; eiga fótum fjör at launa, *to make the heels save the head*.

FJÖR-BAUGR, m. *'life-money'*.

FJÖRBAUGS-GARÐR, m. *the lesser outlawry*; -MAÐR, m. *one sentenced to this*; -SÖK, f. *a case involving this*.

FJÖR-BROT, n. pl. *death-struggle* (ligga, vera, í -brotum).

FJÖRÐR (gen. FJARÐAR, dat. FJARÐAR; pl. FIRÐIR, acc. FJÖRÐU), m. *firth, inlet*.

FJÖR-GJAFI, m. *one who saves anothers life*.

FJÖRGYN (gen. -JAR), f. *Mother-earth, mother of Thor*.

FJÖR-LAG, n. *death slaughter* (verða e-m at -lagi); -LAUSN, f. (1) *release from life*; þola-lausn, *to suffer death*; (2) *ransom for one's life* (Æsir bjóða fyrir sik -lausn); -LÖSTR, m. *loss of life, death*; verða e-m at -lesti, *to cause one's death*; -RÁÐ, n. *plotting against one's life*.

FJÖR-LOK, n. pl. *end of life, death*.

FJÖRRÁÐA-SÓK, f. *a case of* fjörráð.

FJÖRRÁÐS-MÁL, n. *a suit for* fjörráð.

FJÖR-SEGI, m. *'life-muscle', the heart*; -SJÚKR, a. *dangerousiy ill*.

FJÖRSUNGR, m. *a kind of fish*.

FJÖRU-GRJÓT, n. *the gravel (pebbles) on the beach*; -MÁL, n. (1) *low-water mark*; (2) *foreshore, beach*; -STEINN, m. *pebble*.

FJÖTRA (AÐ), v. *to fetter*; f., hest, *to hob-*

ble a horse.

FLÖTRA-BROT, n. pl. *fragments of fetter*.

FJÖTRAR-BORA, -RAUF, f. *a hole in a sledge through which the strap goes*.

FJÖTUR-LAUSS, a. *unfettered*.

FJÖTURR (gen. FJÖTURS and FJÖTRAR, pl. FJÖTRAR), m. (1) *fetter, shackle* (setja e-n í fjötur); (2) *the straps of a sledge* (sleða-fjötrar).

FLAÐRA (AÐ), v. *to fawn* (f. at e-m).

FLAG-BRJÓSKA, n. *cartilage of the breast-bone*.

FLAGÐ, n. *female monster, ogress, giantess*; opt eru flögð í fögru skinni, *oft lurks a witch under a fair skin*.

FLAGÐ-KONA, f. *ogress* = tröllkona.

FLAGNA (AÐ), [p]v.[/p] *to flake (scale) off*.

FLAG-SPILDA, f. *slice cut*.

FLAKA (-TA, -T), v. *to gape, esp. of wounds* (f. sundr af sárum).

FLAKI, m. *wicker-work shield* (for defence in battle).

FLAKKA (AÐ), v. *to rove about* (as a beggar).

FLAKNA (AÐ), v. *to flake off, split*.

FLAT-LIGA, adv. = flatt (fara flatliga = fara flatt, see 'flatr'); -NEFR, a. *flat-nosed* (a nickname).

FLATR, a. (1) *flat, level* (um slétta dali ok flata völlu); f. fiskr, *flat fish, halibut*; (2) *flat, prostrate* (falla f., kasta ser flötum niðr); draga e-n flatan, *to drag one flat on the ground*; (3) *of the flat side of a thing*; bregða flötu sverðinu, *to turn the sword flat*; stýra á flatt skip e-s, *to steer on the broad side of another's ship*; (4) *neut.* flatt, as adj., fara f. fyrir e-m, *to fare ill, be worsted*.

FLAT-SÆNG, f. *bed made on the floor, shakedown*; -VEGR, m. *flat side* (telgja -veg á tré).

FLAUG, f. (1) *flying, flight* (taka flaug sem fuglar); allt er á för ok flaugum, *in a commotion*; (2) *vane*.

FLAUGAR-SKEGG, n. *the tail of a vane*.

FLAUG-TRAUÐR, a. = flugtrauðr.

FLAUGUN, f. *flying, flight*.

FLAUM-ÓSI, a. *rushing heedlessly on*.

FLAUMR, m. *eddy, violent stream*.

FLAUM-SLIT, n. pl. *breach of friendship*.

FLAUST, n. poet. *ship*.

FLAUTIR, f. pl. *a kind of whipped milk*.

FLÁ (FLÆ; FLÓ, FLÓGUM; FLEGINN), v. (1) *to flay* (f. belg, húð af e-m); f. e-n kvikan, *to flay alive*; (2) *to strip*; f. e-n af *or* ór klæðum, *to strip one of his clothes*; f. e-n at gripum, *to strip one for his money*.

FLÁ (pl. FLÁR), f. *float of a net*.

FLÁR (FLÁ, FLÁTT), a. *false, deceitful*;mæla fagrt, en hyggja flátt, *to speak fair, but think false*.

FLÁ-RÁÐ, n. *deceit, fraud*; -RÁÐR, a. *false, deceitful*; -RÆÐI, n. = -ráð; FLEINN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *pike*; (2) *fluke, of an anchor* (akkeris-fleinn); (3) *dart, shaft* (fljúgandi fleinn).

FLEIPA (AÐ), v. = fleipra.

FLEIPR, n. *babble, tattle*.

FLEIPRA (AÐ), v. *to babble, prattle*.

FLEIRI, a. compar., FLESTR, a. superl. (1) *more, most*; fleira lið, *more troops*; mun þat flestrum manni úfœra þykkja, *it will seem impossible to most people*; neut., fleira, flest, *more, most things* (ekki sagði hann honum fleira; flest í þessu bréfi); with gen., fleira manna, *more people* (cfr. 'margt manna'); pl., hinir vóru þó miklu fleiri, *more numerous*; flestr allr (vel flestr), flestir allir (vel flestir), *almost all* (flest allt stórmenni; flest öll hof); (2) *more communicatlive, hearty*; hann

gerðist við hann fleiri ok fleiri, *more and more* intimate.

FLEKI, m. = flaki.

FLEKKA (AÐ), v. *to slain, pollute*.

FLEKK-LAUSS, a. *unspotted, immaculate* (fœddr af flekklausri mey).

FLEKK-ÓTTR, a. *flecked, spotted*.

FLEKKR (-S, -IR), m. *fleck, spot, stain*.

FLENGING, f. *scourging* (= húðstroka).

FLENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to scourge*.

FLENNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to set wide open*.

FLENN-EYGR, a. *with distended eyelids, open-eyed*.

FLENSA (AÐ), v. *to kiss* (?).

FLESK, FLESKI, n. *pork, ham, or bacon*.

FLESKI-SNEIÐ, f. *slice of bacon*.

FLESTR, a. superl., see 'fleiri'.

FLET (gen. pl. FLETJA), n. *the raised flooring along the side walls of a hall (to sit or lie on) together with the benches thereon*. Also in pl.

FLETJA (FLET, FLATTA, FLATTR), v. *to make flat, cut open* (f. þorsk); refl., fletjast, *to stretch oneself, lie flat on the ground*.

FLET-ROÐ, n. *clearing the house*.

FLETTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to strip* (f. e-n klæðum *or* af klæðum); f. e-t af e-m, *to strip (something) off one*; (2) *to strip, plunder*.

FLÉTTA (AÐ), v. *to braid, plait*.

FLÉTTA, f. = fléttingr.

FLETTING, f. *stripping, plunder*.

FLÉTTINGR, m. *braid, plait*.

FLEY, n. poet. *a kind of swift ship*.

FLEYGI-GAFLAK, n. *javelin*; -KVITTR, m. *loose rumour, vague report*.

FLEYGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to make fly* (f. haukum); (2) *to throw* (f. e-u).

FLEYGR, a. *able to fly*.

FLEYMI, n., FLEYMINGR, m. *jest, sport*; hafa e-t í fleymingi, *to make sport of*.

FLEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to set, afloat, launch* (f. skipum); (2) *to lift slightly from the ground*.

FLIKKI, n. *flitch of bacon*.

FLIKKIS-SNEIÐ, f. *slice of bacon*.

FLIM, n. *lampoon, libel* (in verse).

FLIM-BERI, m. *lampooner*.

FLIMSKA, f. *mockery*.

FLIMTA (AÐ), v. *to lampoon, satirise*.

FLIMTAN, f. *lampooning, satire*.

FLÍS (pl. -IR), f. *splinter, chip*.

FLJÓÐ, n. poet. *woman*.

FLJÓT, n. (1) = flot (2); vera á fljóti, *to be afloat*; (2) *river, lake*.

FLJÓTA (FLÝT; FLAUT, FLUTUM; FLOTINN), v. (1) *to float on the water* (hann sá þar f. langskip tjaldat); (2) *to run, stream*; (3) fig. *to float about, spread (of news)*; (4) *to be flooded, to flow* (flaut í blóði gólf allt); flaut hann allr í tárum, *he was bathed in tears*.

FLJÓT-LEIKR, m. *fleetness, speed*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *speedily*; (2) *readily, promptly*; -LIGR, a. *speedy*.

FLJÓTR, a. *swift, speedy*; neut., fljótt, as adv. *swiftly, quickly*; sem fljótast, *as soon as possible, at once*.

FLJÓT-TŒKR, a. *quick at apprehending* (-tœkr á e-t); -VIRKI, f. *quickness in working*; -VIRKR, a. *quick in working*.

FLJÚGA (FLÝG; FLAUG, FLUGUM; FLOGINN), v. (1) *to fly* (fór svá hart sem fugl flygi); (2) fig. of weapons, sparks, rumours, etc. (spjótit flaug yfir hann; gneistarnir flugu); (3) f. á e-n, *to fly at* or *on one*.

FLOG, n. *flight, flying*, = flug.

FLOGALL, a. *lively, brisk, volatile*.

FLOKKA-DRÁTTR, m. *raising of bands*.

FLOKKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *body of men*

(f. eru fimm menn); (2) *company, host* (þeir gengu allir í einum flokki); (3) *band, troop, party*; hefja, reisa, flokk, *to raise a band*; fylla flokk e-s, *to join one's party, to side with one*; (4) short poem, without refrains (opp. to 'drápa').

FLOKKS-FORINGI, -HÖFÐINGI, m. *captain, leader*; -MAÐR, m. *a man belonging to a party* (flokkr).

FLOKK-STJÓRI, m. = flokksforingi.

FLOT, n. (1) *fat, dripping* (from cooked meat); (2) *floating*; koma á f., *to be set afloat*; vera á floti, *to be afloat*.

FLOTA (AÐ), v. *to float, launch* (f. e-u).

FLOTA-HÖLMR, m. *floating islet*.

FLOT-BRÚSI, m. *floating jar*, poet. *boat*; -FUNDINN, pp. *found afloat*.

FLOTI, m. (1) *float, raft*; (2) *fleet*.

FLOTNA (AÐ), v. *to get afloat*; f. upp, *to float up, come to the surface*.

FLÓ (gen. FLÓAR; pl. flœr), f. *layer, stratum*.

FLÓ (gen. FLÓAR; pl. FLŒR), f. *a flea*.

FLÓA (AÐ), v. *to flood, be flooded*.

FLÓÐ, n. (1) *flood, innundation, deluge*; (2) *flood, flood-tide*; at flóði, at flóðum, *at high-water*.

FLÓI, m. (1) *marshy moor*; (2) *bay, large firth*.

FLÓKA-HETTA, f. *felt hood*; -ÓLPA, f. *felt coat*; -STAKKR, m. *felt jacket*; -TRIPPI, n. *a foal or young horse with a matted coat*.

FLÓKI, m. (1) *matted hair or wool, felt*; (2) *cloudlet* (skýflóki); FLÓKINN, a. *entangled, matted*.

FLÓNA (AÐ), v. *to become warm*.

FLÓRR, m. *floor of a cow-house*.

FLÓTTA-BÚINN, a. *ready to flee*; -GJARN, a. *eager to flee, craven*; -MAÐR, m. *one who flees*; -MENN, m. *the flying host*; -REKSTR, m. *pursuit of the flying host*; -STIGR, m. *path of flight*.

FLÓTTI, m. (1) *flight*; leggja á flótta, *to take to flight*; støkkva e-m á flótta, *to put to flight*; (2) reka flóttann, *to pursue the flying host*.

FLUG, n. (1) *flight* (= flugr); á ferð ok flugi, *all in one motion*; (2) *precipice*.

FLUGA (gen. pl. FLUGNA), f. (1) *fly*; (2) *lure, bait*; koma flugu í munn e-m, *to allure, entrap one*; gína (taka) við flugu, *to swallow the fly, to be allured, entrapped*.

FLUGA-BJARG, n., -HAMARR, m. *beetling crag, precipice*; -STRAUMAR, m. *violent and rapid stream*.

FLUGÐI, a pret. of a lost verb FLYGGJA, hon flugði öll, *she shuddered all over*.

FLUG-DREKI, m. *flying dragon*; -DÝR, n. *flying insect*; -LIGA, adv. *swiftly*; -ORMR, m. *flying snake*.

FLUGR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *flight* (= flaug); beina flug, *to spread the wings for fight*; (2) *flight* (= flótti); trauðr flugar, *slow to take to flight, bold*.

FLUG-SJÓR, m. *deep sea*; -SKJÓTR, a. *very swift*; -STIGR, m. *steep path*.

FLUGU-MAÐR, m. *hired bandit, assassin*; -MANNLIGR, a. *having the look of an assassin*.

FLUG-VÁPN, n. *javelin, dart*.

FLUTNING, f. (1) *transport, carriage of goods, conveyance of persons*; (2) *statement, report* (cf. flutningr).

FLUTNINGAR-MAÐR, m. *one engaged in conveying goods*.

FLUTNINGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) = flutning (1); (2) = flutning (2); (3) *pleading* (f. máls).

FLUTNINGS-MAÐR, m. *a spokesman, pleader* (-maðr okkarr við konung).

FLÚÐ, f. *low skerry, reef flooded by the sea* (á flúð eða skeri).

FLÚR, n. (1) *flower*; (2) *flour*.

FLYÐRA, f. *flounder*.

FLYGILL, m. *flying apparatus*.

FLYKA, f. *phantom, ghost*.

FLYKKJAST (T), v. *to crowd*.

FLYSJA (FLUSTA), v. *to split, cut in slices* (at flysja epli).

FLYTJA (FLYT, FLUTTA, FLUTTR), v. (1) *to carry, convey* (f. vöru til skips); (2) *to recite, deliver* (f. *or* f. fram kvæði); f. mál e-s, *to plead one's cause, interceed for one*; f. (fram) sitt erendi, *to state one's errand*; (3) *to perform* (f. járnburð, skírslu); f. fórn, *to bring an offering*; (4) refl., flytjast, *to flit, remove*.

FLYTJANDI, (1) pr. p., f. eyrir, *movables, chattels*; (2) m. (pl. -ENDR), *promoter, pleader* (f. máls).

FLÝJA (FLÝ; FLÝÐA; FLÝIÐR, FLÝÐR), v. (1) *to flee, take flight* (f. á land upp); f. undan e-m, *to flee from one pursuing*; (2) with acc., f. land, *to flee the country*; úhœgt mun forlögin at f., *it will be hard to avoid what is fated*.

FLÝTA (-TTA, -TT), *to hasten* (f. ferðinni); f. sér, *to speed oneself, make haste*.

FLÝTIR (gen. -IS), m. *haste, speed*.

FLÆMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to drive away ignominiously* (f. e-n brott).

FLÆMINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *Fleming*.

FLÆMSKA, f. *Flemish (language)*.

FLÆMSKR, a. *Flemish*.

FLÆRÐ, f. *falsehood, deceit*.

FLÆRÐAR-FULLR, a. *deceitful*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *false (but fair) language*; -SAMLIGR, a. *deceitful*; -STAFIR, m. pl. *falseness, deceit*.

FLÆRÐARI, m. *impostor*.

FLÆRÐ-LAUSS, a. *sincere*; at -lausu, *faithfully, honestly*.

FLÆRÐR, pp. *adulterated, poisoned* (f. er drykkrinn).

FLÆRÐ-SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *false, deceitful*; -VITNI, n. *false witness*.

FLŒÐA (-DDI, -DDR), v. (1) *to flood over*; impers., þá flœðir uppi, *they are overtaken by the floodtide*; (2) impers., flœðir, *the tide rises*.

FLŒÐAR-BAKKI, m. *a bank covered at high-water*; -MÁL, n. *flood-mark*; -SKER, n. *a reef flooded at high-water*; -URÐ, f. *rocks reached at high-water*.

FLŒÐI-BAKKI, m. = flœðar-bakki; -SKER, n. = flœðar-sker.

FLŒÐR (gen. -AR, acc. and dat. -I; pl. -AR), *flood-tide*.

FLŒJA (FLŒÐA, FLÓÐA; FLŒIT, FLÓT), v. = flýja.

FLŒKJAST (T), v. refl. *to be entangled*; f. fyrir e-m, *to cross one's path, to be constantly in one's way*.

FLŒR, m. *warmth, heat*, = hiti.

FLÖGRA (AÐ), v. *to flutter*.

FLÖKR, n. *roaming about*.

FLÖKRA (AÐ), v. *to roam about*.

FLÖKTA (-KTA, -KT), v. (1) *to, flutter and fly about*; (2) *to roam, meander*.

FLÖKTAN, f. *fluttering, roaming about*.

FNASA (AÐ), v. *to snort with rage*.

FNASAN, f. *sneezing, snorting*.

FNÝSA, FNŒSA (-TA, -T), v. *to sneeze*; f. eitri, *to blow out poison*.

FOGL (-S, -AR), m. = fugl.

FOLALD, n. *young fool*.

FOLD, f. *earth*; á foldu (dat.) *on earth*.

FOLD-VEGR, m. = fold.

FORAÐ, n. (1) *dangerous place or situation, abyss, pit*; (2) *ogre, monster* (þú ert et mesta f.).

FORAÐS-HÁR, a. *terribly tall*; -ILLR, a. *abominable*; -VEÐR, n. *abominable weather*.

FORÁTTA, f. *pretext*; finna e-t til foráttu, *to plead as one's excuse*.

FOR-BEINI, m. *furtherance*; -BERG, n. *projecting rock*; -BERGIS, adv. *down-hill*; -BOÐ, n. *prohibition* (leggja -boð á e-t); -BOÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to forbid* (= fyrirbjóða); (2) *to put under an interdict*; -BREKKIS, adv. *down-hill*; -BREKKT, a. n. *down-hill*; -BŒNIR, f. pl. *evil wishes, imprecations* (biðja e-m forbœgna).

FORÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to put forth* (forðuðu fingrum); (2) *to save*, f. fjörvi, lífi, f. sér, *to save one's life*; (3) refl., forðast, *to shun, avoid, escape*; f. fund e-s, *to shun one*.

FORÐI, m. *help, aid*.

FORÐUM, adv. *formerly*; f. daga, *in former days*.

FOR-DYRI, n. *vestibule* (= anddyri).

FOR-DÆÐA, f. *witch, sorceress*.

FORDÆÐU-MAÐR, m. *wizard, sorcerer*; -SKAPR, m. *witchcraft, sorcery*; -VERK, n. *execrable deed*.

FOR-DŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to condemn*.

FOR-DŒMI, n., -DŒMING, f. *condemnation*.

FOR-ELLRAR, m. pl. *forefathers, ancestors*; -ELLRI, n. coll. = forellrar (úlíkir sínu forellri).

FORELLRIS-MENN, m. pl. = forellrar.

FOR-FAÐIR, m. (1) *forefather*; (2) *predecessor*; -FALL, n. *hindrance, drawback*; -FLÓTTI, a. *exiled fugitive*; verða -flótti fyrir e-m, *to flee before one*; -GANGA, f., -GANGR, m. *'going before', help, support*.

FORGANGS-MAÐR, m. *leader, guide*.

FOR-GARÐR, m. *fore-court* (of a house); vera á -görðum, *to be wasted and squandered, of stores*; -GIPT, f. *payment for alimentation*; -GÍSL, m. *hostage*; -GÍSLA (AÐ), v. *to give (a person) as hostage*.

FORGÖNGU-MAÐR, m. *leader* = forgangsmaðr.

FOR-HLEYPI, n.; hafa e-n at -hleypi, *to use one as a cat'spaw*.

FORHLEYPIS-MAÐR, m. = forhleypi.

FOR-HUGAÐR, pp. *premeditated, aforethought*; -HUGSAN, f. *design, purpose*.

FOR-HÚS, n. *porch*.

FORINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *leader*.

FORKA (AÐ), v. *to punt (a ship)*.

FOR-KAST, n. *fodder (hay) thrown before cattle*; -KIRKJA, f. *church-porch*; -KOSTULIGA, adv. *very finely*; -KÓLFR, m. *leader, chief*.

FORKR (-S, -AR), m. *pole, staff, stick*.

FOR-KUÐR (gen. -KUNNAR), f. *eager desire*; e-m er -kúðr á e-u, *one desires eagerly*; gen., forkunnar, *remarkably, exceedingly* (-kunnar vænn, mikill); -KUNN(AR)LIGA, adv. (1) *fervently* (biðja forkunnliga); (2) *exceedingly* (forkunnliga fríðr); -KUNNLIGR, a. *excellent*.

FORLAG, n. (1) *provision for living, means of subsistance*; (2) *settlement (in life, by marriage)*; (3) pl. forlög, *fate, destiny*.

FOR-LAGÐR, pp. *done with, forlorn*; -LENDI, n. *the land between sea and hills*; -LJÓTR, a. *exceedingly ugly*; -LÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to blame*.

FOR-LÖG, n. pl., see 'forlag'.

FORM, n. *form, shape* (rare).

FOR-MAÐR, m. *leader, chief*; -maðr konunga, *the foremost among kings*; -MANNLIGR, a. *leader-like*; -MÁLI, m. (1) *preamble*; (2) *stipulation* (með þvílíkum formála, sem); (3) *foreword*; (4) *prayer*; -MENNTR, pp. *well trained, highly skilled*; -MESSA, f. *matins*; -MIKILL, a. *exceedingly great*; -MÆLANDI (pl. -ENDR), m., -MÆLARI, m. *spokesman*; -MÆLI, n. (1) *pleading*; veita e-m formæli, *to plead for one, pray for one*; (2) *prescribed form, for-*

mula.

FORN, a. (1) *old* (f. vinátta, f. mjóðr); (2) *ancient*; fornir menn, *the men of old*; f. siðr, *the old (heathen) custom, religion*; f. átrúnaðr, *the old creed, heathenism*; f. í skapi, *inclined to old, or heathen, ways*; hann var f. mjök, *he was a great wizard*; at fornu, til, forna, *formerly, in times fast*.

FORNAÐR, m., see 'fórnaðr'.

FOR-NAFN, n. *pronoun*.

FOR-NÁM, n. *obstacle, hold-fast*.

FORNESKJA, f. (1) *old times*; (2) *heathenism*; (3) *oldlore, witchcraft* (fara með forneskju).

FORNESKJU-KLÆÐABÚNAÐR, m. *old-fashioned apparel*; -MAÐR, m. *sorcerer, wizard*.

FORN-FÁGULIGR, a. *old and worn-out*; -FRÓÐR, a. *skilled in old lore, versed in witchcraft*; -FRŒÐI, f. *ancient lore, witchcraft*.

FOR-NJÓSN, f. *foresight* (-njósnaraugu).

FORN-KONUNGR, m. *ancient king*; -KVEÐINN, pp. *said of old*; hit -kveðna, *the old saw*; -KVÆÐI, n. *old poem*; -LIGR, a. *old-looking, old-fashioned*; fornlig fræði, *old lore*; -MAÐR, m. *man of the olden time*; -MÆLI, n. *old saw*; -MÆLTR, pp. = forn-kveðinn; -ORÐR, a. *swearing*; -SAGA, f. *old (mythical) tale*; -SKÁLD, n. *ancient scald*; -SPJÖLL, n. pl. *old lore*; -SPURÐR, pp., gera e-n fornspurðan at e-u, *to do a thing without asking one's leave*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *old tales*; -VINR, m. *old-friend*; -YRÐI, n. *old saw*.

FOR-RÁÐ, n. (1) *management, superintendent*; (2) *administration, guardianship*; -RÁÐANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *overseer, manager*.

FORRÁÐA-MAÐR, FORRÁÐS-MAÐR, m. *manager, head man*; -maðr á skipi, *captain of a ship*.

FOR-RÍKR, a. *exceedingly rich*.

FOR-RÆÐI, n. = for-ráð.

FORS, n. *vehemence, wrath*.

FORS (pl. -AR), m. *waterfall*.

FOR-SÁT, f. *ambush*; -SENDA, f., -SENDING, f. *dangerous mission*.

FORS-FALL, n. *torrent*.

FORS-FULLR, a. *wrathful, vehement*.

FOR-SJÁ or -SJÓ, *foresight, prevision*.

FORSJÁ-LAUSS, a. (1) *improvident*; (2) *helpless*; -LEYSI, n. *want of foresight*; -LIGA, adv. *with foresight, prudently*; -LIGR, a. *prudent*.

FOR-SJÁLL, a. *prudent, foresigh led*.

FORSJÁ-MAÐR, m. *overseer, manager*.

FOR-SKÁLI, m. *ante-chamber, entrance-hall*; -SKEPTI, n. *handle of a hammer or axe*; -SKÖP, n. pl. *ill fate*; -SMÁ (-SMÁI, -SMÁÐA, -SMÁÐR), v. *to despise*; -SMÁN, f. *disgrace*; -SMIÐR, m. *master-smith*; -SPÁ, f. *prophecy*; -SPÁR, a. *foreseeing, prophesying*; -SPELL, n. *heavy loss*; -STAÐA, f. *shielding, protection*; mæla e-m forstöðu (við e-n), *to say a good word for one*; -STJÓRI, m. *overseer, leader*; -STJÓRN, f. *rule, management*.

FORSTJÓRNAR-MAÐR, m. *manager*.

FOR-STOÐ, f. = -staða; -STOFA, f. = -skáli; -STÓRR, a. *exceeding tall*; -STREYMIS, adv. *down stream*, opp. to 'andstreymis'; -SÝN, f. *foreboding*; -SÝNN, a. (1) *foresighted*; (2) *second sighled*; -SÆTI, n. *front bench*; -SŒLA, f. *shade* (from the sun); -SÖGN, f. (1) *prophecy*; (2) *superintendence*; (3) *dictation, instruction* (eptir hinna vitrustu manna forsögn).

FOR-TAKA, v. *to deny*; FORTAKS-ORÐ, n. *word of contradiction*.

FOR-TJALD, n. *curtain, bed-curtain*; -TÖLUR, f. pl. *persuasion(s), representa-*

tions; -vaði, m. *a ford before a projecting* cliff; -veðjaðr, pp. *forfeited*; -verari, m. *forebear, predecessor*; -verk, n. (1) *work done in another's service*; (2) *harvest of hay*; (3) *hireling's work*; gera ekki forverkum við e-n, *not to treat one meanly*.

forverks-lítill, a. *able to do but little* forverk; -maðr, m. *able workman*.

for-viða, a. indecl. *overcome in a fight*; -viðris, -vindis, adv. *before the wind*; -virki, n. = -verk (1); -vist, f., -vista, f. *management*; -vitinn, a. *curious*; -vitna (að), v. *to pry into, enquire about* (forvitna e-t *or* um e-t); refl., forvitnast e-t, um e-t, til e-s, *to enquire about*; impers., e-n forvitnar e-t, *one is curious to know*; -vitni, f. *curiosity*; -vitri, a. *very wise*; -yflast (d), v. refl. *to shrink from* (e-s); -ynja, f. *appearance, foreboding*; -ysta, f. *headship, leadership*.

forystu-geldingr, m. = -sauðr; -lauss, a. *unprotected*; -sauðr, m. *bell-wether*.

for-þokki, m., -þykkja, f. *dislike*.

foss (pl. -ar), m. *waterfall*; = fors.

fóa, f. *she-fox*.

fóarn, n. *gizzard*.

fóðr, n. *fodder, foddering*.

fóðra (að), v. (1) *to fodder, feed*; (2) *to fur or line* (a garment).

fóðr-lauss, a. (1) *fodderless*; (2) *unlined*.

fól, n., fóli, m. *fool*.

fólk, n. (1) *folk, people*; (2) *the people of a household*; (3) *kinsfolk*; (4) *host*; (5) *battle* (poet.).

fólk-djarfr, a. *brave in battle*; -liðendr, m. pl. *wayfarers*; -ræði, n. *rule over people*; -vítr, f. *'battle wight', Valkyrie*.

fólk-drótt, f. = fólk (4); -orrusta, f. *battle of hosts, great battle*.

fólks-jaðarr, m. *chief, lord*.

fólk-skár, a. *destructive to men*; -stjóri, -valdi, m. *captain*; -vápn, n. pl. *weapons*; -víg, n. *great battle, war*; -vörðr, m. *chief, captain*.

fólska, f. *foolishness, folly*.

fólskr, a. *foolish*.

fólsku-ferð, f. *foolish expedition*; -orð, n. pl. *foolish words*; -verk, n. *foolish (mad) act*.

fórn (pl. -ir), f. (1) gift; (2) *offering*.

fórna (að), v. (1) *to offer as a present* (f. e-m e-t) *to offer, bring as an offering* (to God).

fórnaðr, m., at fórnaði, *furthermore, in addition, to boot*.

fórn-fœra (-ða, -ðr), v. *to bring an offering* (konungr fórnfœrði goðunum); -fœring, f. *offering*.

fóst-bróðir, m. (1) *foster-brother*; (2) *sworn brother* (= eiðbróðir).

fóstbrœðra-lag, n. (1) *foster-brotherhood*; (2) *sworn brotherhood* (sverjast í fóstbraðralag).

fóstr, n. (1) *the fostering (of a child)*; (2) *maintenance*.

fóstra (að), v. *to bring up as a foster-child, be a foster-father to*.

fóstra, f. (1) *foster-mother*; (2) *foster-daughter*.

fóstr-dóttir, f. *foster-daughter*.

fóstr-faðir, m. *foster-father*.

fóstri, m. (1) *foster-father*; (2) *foster-son*; (3) *foster-brother*; (4) pl., fóstrar, *foster-father and foster-son*.

fóstr-jörð, f., -land, n. *native country*; -laun, n. pl. *reward for fostering*; -man, n. *nurse (bondmaid)*; -móðir, m. *foster-mother*; -mær, f. *foster-daughter*;

-neyti, n. *foster-parents*; -sonr, m. *foster-son*; -systir, f. *foster-sister*; -systkin, n. pl. *foster-brother(s) and sister(s)*.

fóta-afl, n. *strength of the feet*; -bríк, f. *footboard (of a bed)*; -burðr, m. *gait*; -festi, f. *foot-hold*; -fjöl, f. *foot-board*; -gangr, m. *trampling, din*; -hlutr, m. *the nether part of the body*; -læti, n. pl. *kicking* (of one hanged).

fótar-mein, n. *sore leg*; -sár, n. *a wound in the foot*; -verkr, m. *pain in the leg (foot)*.

fóta-spyrning, f. *spurning with the feet*; -stapp, n. *stamping with the feet*; -þili, n. = fóta-bríк; -þváttr, m. *foot-washing*.

fót-borð, n. *foot-board*; -brot, n. *fracture of the leg*; -brotinn, pp. *broken-legged*; -fimr, a. *nimble-footed*; -gangandi, pr. p. *walking, going on foot*.

fótgöngu-herr, m., -lið, n. *host of footmen*; -maðr, m. *a man on foot, footman, foot-soldier*.

fót-hár, a. *long-legged* (= há-fœttr); -hrumr, a. *weak-footed*; -hvatr, a. *swift-footed*; -högg, n. *hewing one's feet off*; -höggva (*see* höggva), v. *to hew one's feet off*; -lami, a. *lame of foot*; -langr, a. *long-legged*; -laug, f. *foot-bath*; -lauss, a. *footless*; -lágr, a. *low-legged, short-legged*; -leggr, m. *the leg*; -mál, n. *step*; -mikill, a. *big-footed*; -mjúkr, a. *nimble-looted*; -pallr, m. *footstool*.

fótr (gen. fótar, dat. fœti, pl. fœtr), m. (1) *foot, foot and leg*; spretta (støkkva) á fœtr, *to start to one's feet*; vera á fótum, *to be out of bed, be up*; skjóta fótum undir sik, taka til fóta, *to take to one's heels*; eiga fótum fjör at launa, *to save one's life by running away*; hlaupa sem fœtr toga, *to run as fast as feet can carry*; kominn af fótum fram, *off one's feet, decrepit*; hverr á fœtr öðrum, *one after the other*; (2) *foot* (as a measure).

fót-sárr, a. *foot-sore*; -síðr, a. *reaching down to the feet*; -skemill, m. *foot-stool*; -skriða, f. *sliding*; renna-skriðu, *to slide on the ice*; -skör, f., *footboard*; -spor, n. *foot-print* (stíga í e-s fót-spor); -stallr, m. *pedestal*; -stirðr, a. *stiff-legged*; -troð, n. *trampling under feet*; -troða (see troða), v. *to trample under one's feet, tread upon*; -veill, a. *with a bad leg*.

frakka, f. *spear, lance* (rare).

frakka-konungr, m. *the king of the Franks*.

frakkar, m. pl. *the Franks*.

fram, adv. (1) *forward*; hann féll f. á fœtr konungi, *he fell forward on his face at the king's feet*; f. rétt, *straight on*; koma f., *to reappear*; (2) *out of the house*; opp. to 'inn, innarr' (var hon ávalt borin f. ok innarr); (3) *on the fore part, in front*, opp. to 'aptr' (maðr f., en dýr aptr); aptr ok f., *fore and aft*, of a ship; (4) joined with preps. and particles, bíða f. á dag, f. á nótt, *to wait far into the day, or night*; bíða f. um jól, *to wait till after Yule*; fyrir lög f., *in spite of the law*; f. undan eyjunni; *off the island*; (5) of time, hversu er f. orðit, *how late is it, what time is it?* f. orðit dags, *late in the day*.

frama (að), v. *to further*; f. sik, *to distinguish oneself*; of a woman, in pp. neut., með barni A mjök framat, *and far advanced*.

frama-ferð, f. *famous enterprise*; -leysi, n. *obscurity*.

framan, adv. (1) *from (on) the front side*; f. at borðinu, *to the front of the table*; f. á (skipinu), *on the fore part* (of the

ship); á stálhúfuna f., *on the front of the steel cap*; (2) fyrir f., *before, in the front of*, with acc. (fyrir f. slána); (3) f. til (= fram til), *up to, until*; nú líðr til þings f., *it drew near to the time of assembly*.

FRAMANDI, pr. p. *distinguished, of distinction* (f. menn).

FRAMAN-VÁTR, a. *wet on the fore-side*; -VERÐR, a. *lying forward, foremost*; á framanverðri brekkunni, *on the front of the slope*; í framanvert nefit, *on the tip of the nose*.

FRAMA-RAUN, f. *trial of fame*.

FRAMAR-LA, -LIGA, adv. (1) *in a forward position, near the front*; (2) *fully, highly, much*.

FRAMARR, adv. compar., FRAMAST, adv. superl. (= fremr, fremst), (1) *farther (farthest) on*; feti framarr, *a step further on*; (2) *more, most* (mun þín leitat verða hér framarr en hvar annars staðar); miklu er sjá framarr *(more prominent, superior)* at hvívetna; því framarr sem, *all the more as*; konungr virði hann framast allra sona sinna, *most of all his sons*.

FRAMA-SKORTR, m. *lack of courage*; -VERK, n. *exploit, feat*.

FRAM-BOÐLIGR, a. *that can be offered*; -BÓGR, m. *shoulder* (of an animal); -BRYGGJA, f. *the gangway leading to the bow of a ship*; -BURÐR, m. *delivery* (of a speech); -BÚÐ, f., vera til lítillar frambúðar, *to be of little lasting use*; -BYGGJAR, -BYGGVAR, m. pl. *the men stationed in the bow of a warship* (opp. to 'aptrbyggjar').

FRAMDRÁTTAR-SAMR, a. *putting oneself forward*.

FRAM-DRÁTTR, m. (1) *launching* (-dráttr skips); (2) *support, maintenance*; -EGGJAN, f. *egging on*; -FALL, n. (1) *falling on one's face*; (2) *downfall*; (-fall árinnar); -FARINN, pp. *departed*; -FERÐ, f. *(course of) procedure*; -FERÐI, n. (1) = -ferð; (2) *conduct*; -FLUTNING, f. (1) *maintenance, suport*; (2) *pronunciation*; -FLUTNINGR, m. (1) = fram-flutning (1); (2) *pleading*; -FÓTR, m. *fore-leg*; -FÚSS, a. *eager, willing*; -FŒRI, n. *furtherance*; -FŒRINN, a. *putting oneself forward*; -FŒRSLA, f. *support, maintenance*.

FRAMFŒRSLU-KERLING, f. *old pauper woman*; -MAÐR, m. *pauper*.

FRAM-FÖR, f. (1) *advancing*; (2) *death*; -GANGA, f. (1) *advancing*; (2) *boldness, courage*; -GANGR, m. (1) *advancing in battle*; (2) *success*; (3) = -ganga (2); -GENGINN, pp. *departed, deceased*; -GENGT, a. n. *brought about, successful*; verða framgengt, *to succeed*; -GIRND, f., -GIRNI, f. *forwardness*; -GJARN, a. *striving torward, eager*.

FRAMGÖNGU-MÁÐR, m. *valiant man*.

FRAM-HEIT, n. pl. *fair promises for the future*; -HLEYPI, n. *forwardness, rashness*; -HLEYPILIGR, a. *rash*; -HLUTR, m. *fore part*; -HÚS, n. *porch, entry*; -HVASS, a. *forward, hold*; -HVÖT, f. *encouragement*.

FRAMI, m. (1) *boldness, courage*; (2) *luck*; freista síns frama, *to try one's luck*; (3) *distinction, fame* (vinna sér frama); (4) *profit* (mæla e-t í sinn frama).

FRAM-JÁTAN, f. *promise*; -KAST, n. *forecast, empty words*; -KIRKJA, f. *nave*, opp. to 'sönghús', *choir, chancel*; -KRÓKAR, m. pl. *exertion*; leggja í króka, *to exert oneself*; KVÆMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to fulfil, bring about*; -KVÆMD, f. *fulfilment, success, prowess*.

FRAMKVÆMDAR-LAUSS, a. *unavailing, useless*; -LEYSI, n. *inaction*; -MAÐR, m. *enterprising man*; -MIKILL, -SAMR, a. *enterprising*.

FRAM-KVÆMR, a. *efficacious*.

FRAM-LAG, n. *outlay, contribution*; -LAGA, f. *advancing* (with the ships in battle); -LEIÐIS, adv. *further, next*; -LEIÐSLA, f. *conduct* (-leiðsla hans lífdaga); -LIÐINN, pp. *departed, deceased*; -LIGR, a. *excellent*; framligr maðr, *a fine man*; -LUNDAÐR, a. *bold, courageous*; -LÚTR, a. (1) *bending forward*; (2) *prone* (til e-s); -LYNDR, a. = framlundaðr.

FRAMMI, adv. (1) *out, away out*; þeir Leifr sitja f. í húsum, *near the outer door*; standa f. fyrir e-m, *to stand before one's face*; (2) hafa e-t f. *or* í f., *to make use of, employ*; hafa kúgan í f. við e-n, *to try to browbeat one*.

FRAM-MYNNTR, a. *with a prominent mouth* (mjök eygðr ok f.).

FRAMR (compar. FRAMARRI, FREMRI; superl. FRAMASTR, FREMSTR), a. (1) *forward, prominent*; neut., framt, *to such an extent*; treysta framt á, *to put full trust in*; compar. *the foremost of two*; til hins fremra austrrúms, *to the fore pumping room*; hit fremra, *the place nearest the door, the road along the coast* (fóru sumir f. tit Seljalandsmúla); (2) fig., fremri e-m, *superior to* (öllum fremri) superl. *foremost, best* (fremstr at allri sœmd); *furthest back* (hvat þú fremst um veizt).

FRAM-RÁS, f. course; -REIÐ, f. *riding on*; -REITIR, m. pl. *the fore-beds' (in a garden)*; fig., hafa e-t á -reitum *to display, make a show of*; -SAGA, f. *delivery* (-saga sakar); -SNOÐINN, a. *bald on the forehead*; -SÓKN, f. *further prosecution of a case* (-sókn sakar); -STAFN, m. *stem, prow*; -SÝN, f. *foresight*; -SÝNI, f. *fore-sightedness*; -SÝNILIGR, a. *foreseeing*; -SÝNN, a. *foreseeing, prophetic*; -SÖGN, f. *statement*; -VEGIS, adv. *further, for the future*; -VÍSI, f. *prophetic spirit*; -VÍSS, a. *prophetic, foreseeing*.

FRAUÐ, n. *froth* (= froða).

FRÁ, prep. with dat. (1) *from* (ganga f. lögbergi); skamt f. ánni, *a short distance from the river*; (2) *away from* (nökkut f. öðrum mönnum); (3) of time, alit f. eldingu, *all along from daybreak*; dag f. degi, *one day after another*; (4) *from among, beyond*; gera sik auðkendan f. öðrum mönnum, *to make oneself conspicuous*; (5) *against*; frá líkindum, *against likelihood*; (6) *of, about*; er mér svá f. sagt konungi, *I am told so about the king*; (7) as adv. *away*; hverfa f., *to turn away*; til ok f., *to and fro*; héðan í f., *hence, henceforlh*; þar út í frá, *secondly, next*.

FRÁ-BÆRILIGR, -BÆRR, a. *surpassing*; -DRÁTTR, m. *diminution*; -FALL, n. (1) *falling off, receding* (-fall sjófarins); (2) *decease, death*; -FERÐ, f. *departure*.

FRÁGØRÐA-, gen. pl. from 'frágørðir'; -LIÐ, n. *choice troops*; -MAÐR, m. *remarkable man*; -MIKILL, a. *exceeding great* (fjöturr f.).

FRÁ-GØRÐIR, f. pl. *surpassing feats*; var þat at -gørðum, *it was extraordinary*; -LAGA, f. *retreat* (in a seafight; cf. leggja frá); -LAUSS, a. *free, clear* (from a matter).

FRÁ-LEIKR, m. *swiftness, briskness*.

FRÁ-LIGR, a. *quick, swift*.

FRÁN-EYGR, a. *with flashing eyes*.

FRÁNN, a. *gleaming, flashing* (of serpents and weapons).

FRÁR (FRÁRI, FRÁSTR), a. *swift, light-footed* (frár á fœti).

FRÁ-SAGA, f. *account, narrative*.

FRÁSAGNAR-VERÐR, a. *worth relating*.

FRÁ-SKILA, a. indecl. *separated, isolated* (-skila e-m); -SKILLIGA, adv. *out of the way, far off*; -SKILLIGR, a. = -skila; -SKIL-

NAÐR, m. *separation*.

FRÁ-SÖGN, f. (1) *the act of relating*; (2) = frásaga.

FRÁSÖGU-LIGR, a. *worth relating, interesting*.

FRÁ-VERA, -VIST, f. *absence*.

FREGN (pl. -IR), m. *news, intelligence information*.

FREGNA (FREGN; FRÁ, FRÁGUM; FRÉGINN), v. (1) *to hear of, be informed of* (þrándr frá andlát föður síns); (2) *to ask* (f. e-n e-s); f. e-n ráðs, *to ask one's advice*.

FREGNA (-DA or -AÐ), v. = prec.

FREISTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to tempt, make trial of*, with gen.; (2) *to try*; f. íþróttar, *to try a feat*; f. sín í móti e-m, *to try one's strength against another*; with infin., f. at renna skeið, *to try to run a race*.

FREISTAN, FREISTING, f. *temptation*.

FREISTINN, a. *daring, trying*.

FREISTNI, f. (1) *temptation*; (2) *trial*.

FREKA, f. *rigour, se verity, harshness*; með freku, *harshly*.

FREK-EFLDR, pp. *forcible*.

FREKI, m. *wolf* (poet.).

FREKJA, f. = freka.

FREK-LIGA, adv. *harshly, immoderately*; -LIGR, a. *harsh, severe*.

FREKNÓTTR, a. *freckly*.

FREKR, a. (1) *greedy* (f. til fjár), *eager*; (2) *harsh, rigorous* (frek lög); nú skal ek vera yðr f. harðsteinn, *a rough whetstone*.

FRELSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to free, deliver, rescue* (f. landit af hernaði); (2) f. e-m e-t, *to rescue (secure) a thing for one* (til at f. honum sína föðurleifð); (3) refl., frelsast, *to save oneself, escape*.

FRELS-BORINN, pp. = frjálsborinn.

FRELSI, n. (1) *freedom*; (2) *leisure*; (3) *privilege, immunity* (f. kirkjunnar).

FRELSINGI (-JA, -JAR), m. *freedman*.

FRELSIS-GJÖF, f. *gift of freedom* (to a bondsman).

FREMD, f. *furtherance, honour*.

FREMDAR-FERÐ, f. *glorious, journey*; -LAUSS, a. *inglorious*; -VERK, n. *feat*.

FREMI, adv. only in the phrase, svá f. er, *so far*; esp., svá f. er, *not until, not before, only when*; seg þú svá f. frá því, er þessi dagr er allr, *wait till this day is past before you speak of that*; svá f. ef, *in case that*.

FREMJA (FREM, FRAMDA, FRAMIÐR and FRAMDR), v. (1) *to further, promote* (f. kristni); f. sik, *to distinguish oneself*; (2) *to perform, practice*; f. heiðni, *to practice heathen worship*; f. sund, *to swim*; *to gain distinction*. (3) refl., fremjast, *to gain distinction*.

FREMR, adv. compar., FREMST, adv. superl. *more, most* (= framarr, framast); þeir er fremst vóru, *those who were foremost*.

FREMRI, a. compar., FREMSTR, a. superl., see 'framr'.

FRER or FRØR, n. *frost, frosty soil*; f. var hart úti, *it was hard frost*; esp. pl., bíða frøra, *to wait for frost*; -MÁNAÐR, m. *frost-month (December)*.

FRERINN, pp. *frozen* (f. skór).

FRESS (pl. -AR), m. (1) *tom-cat* (eigandi fressa, *Freyja*); (2) *bear*.

FREST, n. *delay, respite*; á viku fresti, *at the end of a week*; also pl., þótt frestin væri löng, *although the delay was long*; ljá e-m fresta, *to give one respite*; selja á f., *to sell on credit*.

FRESTA (AÐ), v. *to defer, put off*, with dat. (f. brúðlaupi); absol. *to tarry*.

FROSTAN, f. *delaying, delay*.

FRETA (FRET, FRAT, and AÐ), v. *to break wind* (freta við).

FRET-KARL, m. *contemptible fellow*.

FRETR, m. *fart*; reka fret, *to break wind*.

FRÉTT (pl. -IR), f. (1) *news, intelligence*; (2) *enquiry about the future* (ganga til frétt-ar við e-n).

FRÉTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to hear, get intelligence*; (2) *to ask, enquire* (f. e-n e-s or at e-u); f. tíðenda, *to ask for news*; f. e-n upp, *to find one out*; (3) refl. *to get about, be reported* (þetta fréttist um her-aðit); fréttist alls ekki til hans, *nothing was heard of him*; fréttist mér svá til, *I am told*; fréttust þeir tíðenda, *they asked each other for news*; fréttast fyrir, *to enquire*.

FRÉTTINN, a. *eager for news, inquisitive* (um e-t, *about a thing)*.

FREYÐA (-DDA, -TT), v. *to froth*.

FREYJA, f. *lady*; *the goddess Freyja*.

FREYR (gen. FREYS), m. (1) *lord*; (2) *the god Frey*.

FREYS-GOÐI, m. *priest of Frey*.

FRIÐA (AÐ), v. *to pacify, restore to peace* (f. ríki sitt); f. fyrir e-m, *to make peace for, intercede for one* (við e-n, *with another)*; refl., friðast við e-n, *to reconcile oneself to another*.

FRIÐAN, f. *pacifying*.

FRIÐAR-BRÉF, f. *letter of peace*; -FUNDR, m. *peaceful meeting*; -GØRÐ, f. *conclusion of peace, truce, treaty*; -KOSS, m. *kiss of peace*; -MARK, n. *token of peace*; -MAÐR, m. = friðmaðr; -STEFNA, f. *peace-meeting*; -TÁKN, n. *friðar-mark*.

FRIÐ-BENDA (-DA, -DR), v. *to fasten the sword in the sheath with* friðbönd; -BÓT, f. *peace-making*; -BROT, n. *breach of peace*.

FRIÐBROTS-MAÐR, m. *peace-breaker*.

FRIÐ-BÖND, n. pl. *'peace-bonds'* (straps wound round the sheath and fastened to a ring in the hilt); spretta -böndum, *to undo the peace-straps* (before drawing the sword); -GJAFI, m. *peace-maker*; -GJARN, a. *peaceful*; -GÆLUR, f. pl. *enticements to peace* (bera friðgælur á e-n); -GØRÐ, f. = friðar-gørð; -HEILAGR, a. *inviolate*; -HEL-GA (AÐ), v. *to make inviolate*; -HELGR (gen. -HELGAR), f. *inviolability, protection by law*.

FRIÐ-DRJÚGR, a. *peaceful*.

FRIÐILL, m. *lover*.

FRIÐ-KASTALI, m. *asylum*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of peace*.

FRIÐLA or FRILLA, f. *a man's mistress or concubine* (friðlur áttu þeir brœðr).

FRIÐ-LAND, n. *friendly country, place of retreat*; -LAUSS, a. *outlawed, proscribed*; -LEYSI, n. *insecurity*; -LIGA, adv. *peacefully*; -LIGR, a. *peaceful, peaceable*.

FRIÐLU-, FRILLU-BORINN, pp. *bastard-born*; -LIFNAÐR, m., -LÍFI, n. *fornication, whoredom*; -MAÐR, m. *adulterer*; -SONR, m. *illegitimate son*; -TAK, n. in the phrase, taka -taki, *to take as concubine*.

FRIÐ-MAÐR, m. *peaceful man, friend*; -MARK, n. *token of peace*; -MÁL, n. *words of peace*; bera -mál milli manna, *to act as peacemaker*; -MÆLAST (t), v. refl. *to sue for peace* (ekki mun nú tjá at friðmælast).

FRIÐR (gen. FRIÐAR), m. (1) *peace, personal security*; biðja e-n friðar, *to sue for peace*; (2) *love, friendship* frið at kaupa, *to purchase (thy) love*.

FRIÐ-SAMLIGR, a. *peaceable*; -SAMR, a. *peaceful*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *peacefulness*; -SKJÖLDR, m. *truce-shield*; bregða upp -skildi, *to lift the shield of truce*; -SPILLI, n. *breach of* peace; -STAÐR, m. *sanctuary in a temple, asylum*; -STEFNA, f. = friðarstefna; -STÓLL, m. *chair of peace*; -SÆLA, f. *bliss of peace*; -SÆLL, a. *blessed with peace*; -VÁN, f. *prospect of peace*; -VÆNLIGR, a., -VÆNN, a. *giving promise of peace*.

FRIGG (gen. -JAR), f. *the goddess Frigg* (the wife of Odin).

FRILLA, f., FRILLU-, see friðla, friðlu-.

FRÍA (AÐ), v. *to deliver* (f. e-n e-u) refl. fríast, *to free oneself*.

FRÍÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to adorn*.

FRÍÐENDI, n. pl. *good or fine things*; heita e-m fríðendum, *to make fair promises*.

FRÍÐ-LEIKR, m. *personal beauty*.

FRÍÐR (FRÍÐ, FRÍTT), a. (1) *beautiful, handsome* (f. sýnum); (2) *fine* (frítt lið, föruneyti); (3) *paid in kind*; tólf hundruð fríð, *twelve hundred head of cattle in payment*; fjórir tigir marka fríðs, *forty marks of silver paid in cattle*. cf. 'úfríðr'

FRÍSIR, m. pl. *the Frisians*.

FRÍSKR, a. *Frisian*.

FRÍS-LAND, n. *Frisia, Friesland*.

FRJÁ (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to love*; sá fær er frjár, *he that woos wins*.

FRJÁ-APTANN, m. *Friday evening*.

FRJÁDAGA-FASTA, f. *Friday fast*.

FRJÁ-DAGR, m. *Friday*.

FRJÁDAGS-APTANN, m., -KVELD, n. *Friday evening* (cf. 'frjá-aptann, -kveld'); -NÓTT, f. *Friday night*.

FRJÁ-KVELD, n. (1) *eve of Friday*; *Friday evening*.

FRJÁLS, a. (1) *free*, opp. to 'þræll' (f. maðr); (2) *free, unhindered* (láta e-n fara frjálsan); eiga. e-t at frjálsu, *to possess freely, without restraint*.

FRJÁLSA (AÐ), v. *to free* (= frelsa).

FRJÁLSAN, f. *rescue, preservation*.

FRJÁLS-BORINN, pp. *free-born*; -LEIKR, m. *liberty*; -LENDINGR, m. *franklin*; -LIGA, adv. *freely*; -LIGR, a. *free, independent*; -MANNLIGR, a. *appropriate to a free man*.

FRJÁ-MYRGINN, m. *Friday morning*; -NÓTT, f. *Friday night*.

FRJÓ (dat. FRJÓ and FRJÓVI), n. = fræ.

FRJÓA or FRJÓVA (AÐ), v. *to fertilize*; refl., frjóvast, *multiply, be fertile*.

FRJÓ-LIGR, a. *fruitfull*.

FRJÓR (FRJÓ, FRJÓTT), a. *fertile*.

FRJÓSA (FRÝS; FRAUS, FRUSUM; FROSINN; also FRERI or FRØRI, FRERINN or FRØRINN), v. *to freeze*, esp. impers., fraus um hann klæðin (acc.), *the clothes froze on his body*; fraus inni skip (acc.) Erlings, *Erling's ships were frozen in*; veðr var kalt ok frjósanda, *cold and frosty*; frýss haf allt optliga á vetrum, *the whole sea often freezes in winter*.

FRÓ-SAMR, a. *fertile*; -SEMD, f. *fertility, truthfulness*.

FROÐA, f. *froth* (= frauð).

FROSKR (-S, -AR), m. *frog*.

FROST, n. *frost*; f. var veðrs, *it was frosty weather*; in pl., frost mikil ok kuldar, *much frost and cold*; frost ok snjóar, *frost and snow*.

FROSTA (AÐ), v. impers. *to freeze*, = frysta (hvert haust, er f. tók).

FROSTA-VETR, m. *frosty winter*.

FROST-VIÐRI, n. *frosty weather*.

FRÓ, f. *relief (from pain), comfort*.

FRÓA (AÐ), v. *to relieve*, with acc.

FRÓAN, f. *relief*, = fró.

FRÓÐ-GEÐJAÐR, -HUGAÐR, a. *wise-minded, wise*; -LEIKR, m. (1) *knowledge, information*; (2) *magic, witchcraft*; -LIGA, adv. *sensibly*; eigi fróðliga, *foolishly*; -LIGR, a. *sensible*.

FRÓÐR, a. *knowing, learned, well-informed* (hón var fróð at mörgu); fróðar bækr, *instructive books*.

FRÓI, m. *relief*, = fró.

FRÓN, n. poet. *land, country*.

FRUM-BURÐR, m. *the first-born, first child*; -FERILL, m. *one making a first visit*;

-FÓRN, f. *first-fruit*; -GEFINN, pp. *first-born*; -GETNAÐR, -GETNINGR, m. = -burðr; -GÖGN, n. pl. *the main proofs*; -HENDING, f. *the foremost rhyming syllable in a line*; -HLAUP, n. *personal assault*; -KVEÐI, m. *originator*; -KVIÐR, m. *the first verdict*; -SMÍÐ, f. *first attempt* (in any art); -SÖK, f. *original cause*; -TIGN, f. *the highest dignity*; -UNGR, a. *very young*; -VAXTA, a. indecl. *in one's prime*; -VÁTTR, m. *the first, original witness*; -VERR, m. *first husband*.

FRÚ (gen. FRÚ, pl. FRÚR), f. *mistress, lady* (= freyja).

FRYGÐ, f. *blossoming, excellence*.

FRYSTA (-TI, -T), v. *to freeze*.

FRÝJA (FRÝ, FRÝÐA, FRÝT), v. (1) *to defy, taunt* (hón frýði honum með mörgum orðum): f. e-m hugar, *to challenge one's courage*; þessi klæði frýja ykkr föðurhefnda, *those clothes challenge you to revenge your father*; (2) f. á e-t, *to complain of*; *to egg (goad) on*.

FRÝJA, f. *taunt, reproach*; verja sik frýju, *to clear one self of reproach*.

FRÝJU-LAUST, adv. *blamelessly, beyond reproach*; -ORÐ, -YRÐI, n. *taunt* (leggja frýju-orð á e-n).

FRÝN-LIGR, a., FRÝNN, a. *pleasant (-looking), inviting* (only with negative, cf. 'úfrýnn').

FRÆ (dat. FRÆVI), n. *seed* (= frjó).

FRÆGÐ, f. *fame, renown*.

FRÆGÐAR-FULLR, a. *glorious*; -FÖR, f. *glorious journey*; -MAÐR, m. *famous man*; -MARK, n. *badge of glory*; -SAMLIGR, a. *glorious*; -SKOT, n. *famous shot*; -VERK, n. *feat, exploit*.

FRÆGI-LIGR, a. *creditable, honourable*.

FRÆGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make famous*.

FRÆGR, a. *famous* (f. konungr).

FRÆ-KORN, n. *seed of corn*.

FRÆNDA-AFLI, m. *strength in kinsmen*; -BÁLKR, m. *body of kinsmen*; -GENGI, n. = frændlið; -GIPTA, f. *family luck*; -LÁT, n. *loss (death) of kinsmen*; -RÓG, n. *strife among kinsinen*; -SKÖMM, f. *disgrace in one's famly*; -STYRKR, m. *strength (backing) of kinsmen*.

FRÆND-BÁLKR, m. = frænda-bálkr; -GOFUGR, a. *having distinguished kinsmen*; -HAGI, m. *native place*; -HOLLR, a. *faithful to one's kinsmen*.

FRÆNDI (pl. FRÆNDR), m. *kinsman* (also used of a brother and a son); yðrir fyrri frændr, *your ancestors*.

FRÆND-KONA, f. *kinswoman*; -LEIFÐ, f. *patrimony, inheritance (after a kinsman)*; -LIÐ, n. *host of kinsmen, family*; -LINGR, m. = frændi; -MAÐR, m. = frændi; -MARGR, a. *having many kinsmen*; -MÆR, f. *maiden kinswoman*; -RÍKR, a. *rich in kinsmen*; -RŒKINN, a. *attached to one's kinsmen*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *kinsmanlike, kindly*; -SEMI, f. *relationship, kinship*; ganga við frændsemi e-s, *to acknowledge one is a kinsman*; var góð -semi með þeim, *there was good fellowship between them, they lived on good terms as kinsmen*.

FRÆNDSEMIS-SPELL, n. *breech of kinship, incest*; -TALA, f. *tracing of kinship*; vera í -tölu við e-n, *to be of kinship with one*.

FRÆND-SKARÐ, n. *loss of a kinsman*; -STÓRR, a. *having, great kinsmen*; -SVEINN, m. *young kinsman*; -SVEIT, f. *body of kinsmen*; -VÍG, n. *slaying of a kinsman*.

FRÆR, a. *yielding fruit*, = frjór.

FRÆS, f. *hissing* (þú gerðir f. mikla).

FRÆVA (AÐ), v. *to fertilize*.

FRŒÐA (-DD, -DDR), v. *to teach*.

FRŒÐI, f. and n. (1) *knowledge, learning, lore*; í sumum frœðum, *in some old records* (poems); (2) *charms, spells* (þau kváðu þar frœði sín, en þat vóru galdrar).

FRŒÐI-BŒKR, f. pl. *books of knowledge*; -FÝSI, f. *love of knowledge*; -MAÐR, m. *learned man, scholar, historian*; -NÁM, -NÆMI, n. *acquisition of knowledge, learning, studying*.

FRŒKI-LIGA, adv. *valiantly*.

FRŒKINN, and FRŒKN, a. *valiant, brave*; FRŒK-LEIKR and FRŒKN-LEIKR, m. *valour, bravery, prowess*.

FRŒKN-LIGA, adv. = frœkiliga; -LIGR, a. *valiant-looking, brave*.

FUGL (-S, -AR), m. *bird* (fór hann svá hart sem f. flygi); hafa f. af landi, *to meet with land-birds, to be near land*.

FUGLA-DRÁP, n. *bird-killing*; -DRIT, n. *bird's dung*; -KIPPA, f. *bundle of fowls*; -LIÐ, n. *flock of birds*.

FUGLARI, m. *fowler, bird-catcher*.

FUGLA-SÖNGR, m. *singing of birds*; -VEIÐR, f. *bird-catching*.

FUGL-BERG, n. *fowling-cliff*; FUGL-HEILL, f. *augury*; -VEIÐR, f. = fuglaveiðr; -VER, n. *fowling-place*; -ÞÚFA, f. *knoll on which birds sit*.

FULL, n. *the fill of a drinking-vessel, a toast* (Ódins-full, etc.).

FULL-, in compds. *fully, quite, amply*; -BAKAÐR, pp. *full-baked*; -BORÐA, a. indecl. *with bulwarks of full height (of a ship)*; -BÝLI, n. *full provision for a house*; -FERMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to load full*; -FRŒGR, a. *full famous*; -GAMALL, a. *very old*; -GÓÐR, a. *quite good*; -GØRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to fulfil, complete. perform*; -GØRLA (-GØRVA), adv. *quite, fully*; -GÖRR, pp. *fully done*; -HUGI, m. *dauntless man, hero*; -HYGGJA (see HYGGJA), v. *to love dearly*; -ILLA, adv. *very badly*; -KEYPTR, pp. *bought full dearly*; -KOMINN, pp. *perfect*; -kominn at aldi, *full grown*; -KOMLIGA, adv. *fully*; -KOSTA, a. indecl. *fully matched (of man and wife)*; -KVÆNI, a. *well married*; -LAUNAÐR, pp. *fully rewarded*; -LEIKSA, a. indecl. *quite enough to do* (hafa -leiksa); -LIÐA, a. *indcl. having men (troops) enough*; -MALINN, pp. *fully ground*; -MIKILL, a. *full great*.

FULLNA (AÐ), v. *to fulfil, finish*.

FULLNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *fulfilment*; hafa fullnað ór máli, *to obtain one's full claim (in a suit)*.

FULL-NUMI, a. *having learnt fully, become an adept in a thing* (-numi í göldrum); -NŒGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to be sufficieni, to suffice*; -ORÐINN, pp. *full-grown, of age*.

FULLR, a. (1) *full of* (e-s or af e-u); f. upp úlfúðar, *full of savageness*; f. eitri (dat.), *full of poison*; (2) *full, complete, entire*; full vissa, *full certainty*; sœkja mil til fullra, laga, *to the full extent of the law*; halda til fulls við e-n, *to stand on one's full right against another*; hafa fullara hlut, *to get the better of it*; at fullu, til fulls, *fully, thorougly*.

FULL-RÁÐA, a. indecl. *fully resolved*; -RÉTTI, n. *a gross insult for which full atonement is due*; -RÝNINN, a. *fully wise*; -RÆÐI, n. (1) *full efficiency*; (2) *full match*; -RŒTT, pp. n. *enough spoken of*; -RÖSKR, a. *in full strength*; -SEKTA (AÐ), v. *to make one a full outlaw*; -SKRIÐA, a. indecl. *at full speed*; -SPAKR, a. *full wine*; -STEIKTR, pp. *fully roasted*; -SÆLA, f. *wealth, bliss*; -sæla fjár, *great wealth*; -SÆLL, a. *blissful*; -SŒFÐR, pp. *quite dead*; -SŒMDR, pp. *fully honoured*; -TEKINN, pp. -tekinn karl, *a full champion*; -TÍÐA, a. indecl. *full-*

grown; full-tíða aldr, *full age*.

FULLTING, n. *help, assistance*.

FULLTINGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to lend help, assist*, with dat.

FULL-TRÚI, m. *one in whom one puts full confidence, patron (deity)*; -TÝJA (-TÝÐA), v. = -tingja; -VAXTA, a. indecl. *full-grown*; -VEGIT, pp. n. *having slain enough*; -VEL, adv. *full well*; -VIRÐI, n. *full price*; -ÞROSKAÐR, pp. *full-grown, grown to full strength*; -ÞURR, a. *fully dry*.

FUNDNING, f. *finding*.

FUNDR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *finding, discovery* (fundr fjárins, f. Íslands); (2) *meeting*; fara, koma á fund e-s, til fundar við e-n, *to go to visit, or have talk, with, one*; (3) *fight, battle*.

FUND-VÍSS, a. *quick to find*.

FUNI, m. *flame* (f. kveikist af funa).

FURA, f. *fir, fir-tree*.

FURÐA (-AÐ), v. (1) *to wonder*; (2) *to forebode*, with dat.; illu mun f., ef, *it will bode ill, if*.

FURÐA, f. (1) *foreboding, omen*; góðs (ills) f., *good (bad) omen*; (2) *strange (wonderful) thing*; ekki er þetra nein f., *'tis nothing strange*.

FURÐU-, in compound's, *very, wonderfully*; -DJARFR, a. *very insolent*; -HEIMSKR, a. *very foolish*; -LIGA, adv. *very, exceedingly* (-liga hár, mikill, vel); -LIGR, a. *wonderful, marvellous*; -STERKR, a. *very strong*; -VEL, adv. *wonderfully well*.

FURU-KVISTR, m. *fir bough*.

FUSSUM, interj. *fie*, with dat.

FUSTAN, n. *fustian* (foreign word).

FÚINN, a. *rotten, decayed*.

FÚLGA, f. *fee paid for alimentation*.

FÚLGU-FALL, n. *forfeit the alimentation fee*; -FÉ, n. *sheep or cattle put out to fodder*; -FÉNAÐR, m. *sheep or cattle put out to fodder*; -MAÐR, m. *boarder, one boarded out*.

FÚLL, a. (1) *foul, stinking*; fúlt egg, *a rotten egg*; (2) fig. *foul, mean*.

FÚL-LEITR, a. *of foul appearance*; -LIGA, adv. *meanly*; -MANNLIGR, a. *mean, paltry*; -MENNSKA, f. *paltriness, baseness*.

FÚLNA (AÐ), v. *to become stinking*.

FÚL-YRÐI, n. pl. *foul langwage*.

FÚNA (AÐ), v. *to rot, decay*.

FÚRR (gen. fúrs), m. *fire* (poet.).

FÚS-LIGA, adv. *willingly*.

FÚSS, a. *willing, eager* (f. e-s *or* til e-s; f. at fara, *etc.*); absol., f. *(willing)* vil ek mína hamingju til leggja.

FYGLA (-DA, -T), v. *to catch fowl*.

FYL (gen. pl. -JA), n. *foal or filly*.

FYLGÐ, f. (1) *following, guidance*; (2) *support, help, backing*; (3) *party, followers*; *body-guard (of kings and princes)*; halda fylgð, *to wait upon the king*.

FYLGÐAR-LAUSS, a. *without attendants, alone*; -MAÐR, m. *follower, attendant*.

FYLGI, n. *following, support*; auka sér f., *to win followers*.

FYLGI-KONA, f. *concubine, mistress*.

FYLGINN, a. *attached to* (f. e-m).

FYLGI-SAMR, a. = fylginn.

FYLGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to accompany, help*, with dat.; f. e-m at, f. e-s málum, *to side with one, take one's part*; (2) *to lead, guide one* (yðr var fylgt í kornhlöðu eina); (3) *to pursue* (f. fast flóttamönnum); (4) *to follow, be about one* (konungr lét sveininn f. móður sinni); (5) *to follow, observe* (f. e-s ráðom, f. hirðsiðum); (6) *to belong, or pertain to* (segl ok reiði er fylgðu skipinu); (7) láta f., *to add*; þat lét hann f., at, *he added that*; (8) refl., fylgjast, *to follow one another*; fig. *to hold together* (hann bað sína menn f. vel, *hold*

well together).

FYLGJA, f. (1) *guidance* (beiða e-n fylgju); (2) *female guardian spirit*; *attendant spirit in animal form* (þú munt vera feigr maðr ok muntu hafa sét fylgju þína).

FYLGJANDI (pl. -JENDR), m. *follower*.

FYLGJARI, m. = fylgjandi.

FYLGJU-ENGILL, m. *guardian angel*; -KONA, f. (1) = fylgja (2); (2) = fylgikona; -LAG, n. *concubinage*; -SAMR, a. = fylgisamr.

FYLGSNI, n. *hiding-place*.

FYLJA, f. *filly*.

FYLKI (gen. pl. FYLKJA), n. (1) *district, county, shire, in Norway* (þat er f. kallat, er gøra má af tólf skip); (2) *battalion, host* (in battle).

FYLKING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *battle array*; (2) *host, legion*.

FYLKINGAR-ARMR, m. wing of an army; -BRODDR, m. *vanguard of a host* (í öndverðum -broddi).

FYLKIR (gen. -IS), m. *chief, king*.

FYLKIS-KONUNGR, m. *chief of a district*; *a petty king*.

FYLKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to draw up (in battle array)*, with dat., or absol.

FYLLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to fill* (f. e-t e-s *or* af e-u); (2) *to complete, make up* (f. þat, er á skortir); (3) *to fulfil*; (4) f. flokk e-s, *to side with one*; (5) refl., fyllast áhyggju ok hræðslu (gen.), *to be filled with* care *and fear*.

FYLLI, f. *one's fill* (gefa e-m f. sína matar ok drkkjar).

FYLLI-LIGA, adv. *fully*.

FYLLING, f. (1) *filling*; (2) *fulfilment*.

FYL-MERR, f. *a mare with a foal*.

FYRÐAR, m. pl. *men, warriors* (poet.).

FYRIR, prep., I. with dat. (1) *before, in front of* (ok vóru fyrir honum borin merkin); f. dyrum, *before the door*; (2) *before one, in one's presence*; hón nefndist f. þeim Gunnhildr, *she told them that her name was G.*; (3) *for*; hann lét ryðja f. þeim búðina, *he had the booth cleared for them, for their reception*; (4) *before one, in one's way*; fjörðr varð f. þeim, *they came to a fjord*; sitja f. e-m, *to lie in wait for one*; (5) naut. term. *before, off*; liggja f. bryggjum, *to lie off the piers*; f. Humrumynni, *off the Humber*; (6) *before, at the head of, over*; vera f. liði, *to be over the troops*; vera f. máli, *to lead the case*; sitja f. svörum, *to undertake the defence*; (7) *of time, ago*; f. þrem nóttum, *three nights ago*; f. stundu, *a while ago*; f. löngu, *long ago*; vera f. e-u, *to forebode* (of a dream); (8) *before, above, superior to*; Hálfdan svarti var f. þeim brœðrum, *H. was the foremost of the brothers*; (9) *denoting disadvantige, harm, suffering*; þú lætr Egil vefja öll mál f. þér, *thou lettest E. thwart all thy affairs*; tók at eyðast f. herm lausafé, *her money began to fail*; (10) denoting *obstacle, hindrance*; mikit gøri þer mér f. þessu máli, *you make this case hard for me*; varð honum lítit f. því, *it was a small matter for him*; Ásgrími þótti þungt fyrir, *A. thought that things looked bad*; (11) *because of, for*; hon undi sér hvergri f. verkjum, *she had no rest for pains*; f. hræðslu, *for fear*; illa fœrt f. ísum, *scarcely, passable for ice*; gáðu þeir eigi f. veiðum at fá heyjanna, *because of fishing, they neglected to make hay*; f. því at, *because, since, as*; (12) *against*; gæt þín vel f. konungi ok hans mönnum, *guard thee well against the king and his men*; beiða griða Baldri f. alls konar háska, *against all kinds of harm*; (13) f. sér, *of oneself*; mikill f. sér, *strong, powerful*; minnstr f.

sér, *smallest, weakest*; (14) *denoting manner or quality, with*; hvítr f. hærum, *while with hoary hair*; II. with acc. (1) *before, in front of*; halda f. augu sér, *to hold (one's hands) before one's eyes*; (2) *before, into the presence of*; stefna e-m f. dómstól, *before a court*; (3) *over*; hlaupa f. björg, *to leap over a precipice*; kasta f. borð, *to throw overboard*; (4) *in one's way, crossing one's way*; ríða á leið f. þá, *to ride* in *their way, so as to meet them*; (5) *round, off*; sigla f. nes, *to weather a point*; (6) *along, all along*; f. endilangan Noreg, *all along Norway, from one end to the other*; draga ör f. odd, *to draw the arrow past the point*; (7) *of time*, f. dag, *before day*; f. e-s minni, *before one's memory*; (8) *for, on behalf of*; vil ek bjóða at fara f. þik, *I will offer to go for thee, in thy stead*; lögvörn f. mál, *a lawful defence for a case*; (9) *for, for the benefit of*; þeir skáru f. þá melinn, *they cut the lyme-grass for them* (the horses); (10) *for, instead of, in place of, as*; (11) *for, because of* (vilja Gunnar dauðan f. höggit); f. þín orð, *for thy words (intercession)*; f. sína vinsæld, *by reason of his popularity*; (12) *denoting value, price*; f. þrjár merkr, *for three marks*; f. hvern mun, *by all means, at any cost*; (13) *in spite of, against* (giptast f. ráð e-s); (14) joined with adverbs ending in *-an*, governing acc. (f. austan, vestan, sunnan, norðan, útan innan, framan, handan, ofan, neðan); f. austan, sunnan fjall, *east, south of the fell*; f. neðan brú, *below the bridge*; f. handan á, *beyond the river*; f. innan garð, *inside the fence*; III. as adverb or ellipt. (1) *ahead, before*, opp. to 'eptir'; þá var eigi hins verra eptir ván, er slíkt fór f., *when this came first, preceded*; (2) *first*; mun ek þar eptir gera sem þér gerit f., *I shall do to you according as you do first*; (3) *at hand, present, to the fore*; föng þau, er f. vóru, *stores that were at hand*; þar var f. fjöldi boðsmanna, *a host of guests was already present* (before the bride and bridegroom came); (4) e-m verðr e-t f., *one takes a certain step, acts so and so*; Kolbeini varð ekki f., *K. was at a loss what to do*; e-t mælist vel (illa) f., *a thing is well (ill) spoken or reported of* (kvæðit mæltist vel f.).

FYRIR-BANNA (AÐ), v. *to forbid, deny* (e-m e-t); -BENDING, f. *foreboding*; -BJÓÐA (see BJÓÐA), v. *to forbid*; -BOÐA (AÐ), v. *to forebode*; -BOÐAN, f. *foreboding*; -BOÐNING, f. *forbidding*; -BÓN, f. *imprecation*; -BURÐR, m. *appearance, vision*; -BÚA (see BÚA), v. *to prepare*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *preparation*; -BÚNINGR, m. *preparation*; -DŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to condemn*; -FARA (see FARA), v. *to destroy*; -FARI, m. *foreboding*; -FÓLK, n. *great folk, persons of distinction*; -FURÐA, f. = -fari; -GANGA, f. *walking ahead, leading*; -GEFA (see GEFA), v. *to forgive*; -GEFNING, f. *forgiveness*; -GØRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to forfeit* (-gøra e-u); -HEIT, n. *promise*; -HUGA (AÐ), v. *to intend for* (e-m e-t); -HUGSA (AÐ), v. *to premeditate*; -HYGGJA, f. *forethought, care*; -KOMA (see KOMA), v. (1) *to destroy*, with dat.; (2) *avert, prevent*; -KONA, f. *woman of distinction*; -KONUNGR, m. *distinguished king*; -KUNNA (see KUNNA), v. *to blame one for* (-kunna e-n e-s); -KVEÐA (see KVEÐA), v. *to refuse* (e-m e-t); -LÁT, n. *forgiveness*; -LÁTA (see LÁTA), v. (1) *to let go, give up*; (2) *to forgive* (e-m e-t); (3) *to give way*; -LÁTR, a. *not exacting, yielding*; -LÁTSAMR, a., ekki -látsamr, *stubborn*; -LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. *to lay aside, forsake*; refl., -leggjast um e-t, *to give it up*;

-LEITINN, a. *circumspect*; -LEITNI, f. *circumspection*; -LITLIGR, a. *contemptible*; -LÍTA (see LÍTA), v. *to despise*; -LJÚGA (see LJÚGA), v. (1) *to forswear by lies* (-ljúga trú sinni); (2) with acc. *to slander*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *foreman, chief*; (2) *one who excels others*; (3) *predecessor*; -MANNLIGR, a. *distinguished-looking*; -MUNA (see MUNA), v. *to grudge one a thing* (e-m e-t); -MÆLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to injure one by one's words* (-mæla e-m); (2) *to curse*; -NEMA (see NEMA), v. (1) -nema e-m mál, *to deprive one of speech, make one silent*; (2) refl., -nemast e-t, *to forbear*; -RÁSARI, -RENNARI, m. *forerunner*; -RÚM, n. *the 'room' in a ship of war before the 'lypting', the middle 'room' of a boat*.

FYRIRRÚMS-MAÐR, m. *one stationed in the* fyrirrúm.

FYRIR-SÁT, f., -SÁTR, n. *ambush*; -SEGJA (see SEGJA), v. *to foretell*; -SETNING, f. *preposition*; -SJÓN, f. *laughinigstock*; -SKYRTA, f. *'fore-shirt', apron*; -SPÁ, f. *prophecy*; -SVERJA (see SVERJA), v. *to forswear, renounce by oath*; -SÖGN, f. *dictation, instruction*; -TAKA (see TAKA), v. (1) *to deny, refuse*; (2) *to forbid*; -TÖLUR, f. pl. *persuasion*; -VARI, m. *precaution*; -VEGA (see VEGA), v. *to forfeit by manslaughter*; -VERÐA (see VERÐA), v. *to collapse, vanish*; -verða sik, *to be destroyed*; refl., -verðast, *to perish, collapse*; -VINNAST (see VINNA), v. refl., láta fyrirvinnast, *to be idle, forbear* (doing a thing); -VIST, f. *leading, management*; -ÆTLAN, f. *design, purpose*.

FYRNAST (D), v. refl. (1) *to get old, decay*; (2) *to be forgotten* (hans nafn mun aldri f.); henni fyrndist aldri fall Ólafs konungs, *she never forgot king Olaf's death*.

FYRND, f. (1) *age, antiquity*; í fyrndinni, *in times of yore*; (2) *decay, dilapidation* (f. kirkjunnar).

FYRNSKA, f. (1) *age*; slitinn af fyrnsku, *worn with age*; (2) *witchcraft*; vita fyrnsku, *to be skilled in witchcraft*.

FYRNSKU-HÁTTR, m. *old fashion*.

FYRR, adv. (1) *before, sooner*; því betr þykki mér er vér skiljum f., *the sooner we part the better*; svá sem f. sögðum vér, *as we said before*; f. en, *before* (conj.), *sooner than*; (2) *rather*.

FYRRI, a. compar. *former*; FYRSTR, a. superl. *the first, foremost*; hinn fyrra hlut vetrar, *in the early part of the winter*; hit fyrra sumar, *the summer before last*; yðrir fyrri frændr, *your ancestors*; verða fyrri til e-s, at e-u, *to be the first to do a thing*; eigi fellr tré við hit fyrsta högg, *a tree does not fall at the first blow*.

FYRRI, adv. (= fyrr) *before, sooner, rather* (fyrri skal ek deyja, en).

FYRR-MEIRR, adv. *formerly, in former times, previously*.

FYRRUM, adv. *formerly, before*.

FYRST, adv. superl. (1) *first*; gekk Hrútr fyrst *(foremost)* ok kvaddi konunginn; sem f., *as soon as possible*; f. í stað, *directly, at once*; (2) conj. (rare) *as, since*.

FYRSTA, f., í fyrstunni, í fyrstu, *in the beginning, at first*.

FÝLA, f. (1) *foulness, stink*; (2) *dirty fellow* (= mannfýla).

FÝSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to urge* (f. e-n e-s) impers., mik fýsir, *I am eager, desire strongly* (mik fýsir til Íslands, heim); refl., fýsast, *to desire, feel desirous or eager*; also ellipt. (hann kvaðst eigi f. til Íslands at svá búnu).

FÝSI, f. *wish, desire* (= fýsn, fýst).

FÝSI-LIGA, adv. *willingly, desirably*;

-LIGR, a. *desirable, attractive*.

FÝSN, FÝST, f. = fýsi; e-m er fýst á at gera e-t, *one is desirous of doing (or eager to do) a thing*.

FÆÐ, f. (1) *fewness, scantiness*; (2) *coldness (in intercourse)*; f. er með þeim, *they are on indifferent terms*; taka f., *to become melancholy*.

FÆGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to polish*; (2) *to cleanse* (f. sár).

FÆKKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to make few, reduce in number*; (2) refl., fækkast, *to grow cold, unfriendly* (heldr tók at f. með þeim).

FÆLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to frighten, scare* (f. e-n braut); refl., fælast e-t, *to be frightened at*; hestar fældust, *the horses shied*.

FÆLING, f. *frightening*.

FÆLINN, a. *shy, timid*.

FÆLT, adv. *fearfully, in fearful mood* (fóra f. þeygi).

FÆR, f. *sheep*.

FÆR-EYINGAR, m. pl. *the Faroe Islanders*; -EYJAR, f. pl. *the Faroe Islands*.

FÆR-EYSKR, a. *Faroese*.

FÆTA, v. *to have to do with* (f. um e-t).

FÆTKA, FÆTTA (AÐ), v. = fækka.

FŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to feed, give food to*; (2) *to rear, bring* up (= f. upp); (3) *to give birth to* (fœddi Bergljót sveinbarn); (4) refl., fœðast, *to feed, live on a thing* (f. við e-t); *to be born*; *to be brought up* (= f. upp).

FŒÐA, f., FŒÐI, n. *food* (= fœzla).

FŒÐING, f. *birth, delivery*.

FŒÐINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *native*; vera f. í e-u landi, *to be born in a country*.

FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to bring, convey* (f. fé til skips); (2) *to bring, present* (f. e-m e-t); f. e-m höfuð sitt, *to surrender to one*; f. e-m kvæði, *to deliver a poem*; (3) *to remove* (f. kirkju, f. bú sitt); (4) with preps., f. e-t at e-m, *to inflict on one*; f. skömm at e-m, *to sneer at one*; refl., fœrast at, *to bestir oneself*; mega ekki at fœrast, *to be unable to do anything*; f. á e-n, *to mock one*; refl., fœrast á fœtr, *to grow up*; f. e-n fram, *to maintain, feed*; f. e-t í hljóðmæli, *to hush up*; f. e-n í kaf, *to plunge one under water*; f. sik í ætt, *to vindicate one's kinship* (by a gallant deed); f. e-n niðr = f. e-n í kaf; f. korn (sáð) niðr, *to put down corn (seed), to sow*; f. e-t sundr, *to split asunder*; f. e-n til kristni, *to convert to Christianily*; f. til rétts máls, *to turn into prose*; refl., fœrast undan e-u, *to quit (release) oneself of*; f. upp, *to put up* (f. upp vef); *to lift up* (f. upp øxina); *to take out* (f. upp mat ór katli); f. út búðarveggi, *to enlarge the walls of a booth*.

FŒRÐ, f. *condition of the roads*.

FŒRI, n. (1) *opportunity*; komast í við e-n, *to get a chance to attack one*; vera í fœrum til e-s *or* um e-t, *to be able to do a thing*; (2) *what one is able to do* (ekki ætla ek þetta mitt f.); (3) *fishing-line*.

FŒRI-LIGR, a. (1) *practicable, easy*; (2) fœriligr hestr, *a strong horse*.

FŒR-LEIKR, m. *ability, strength*.

FŒRR, a. (1) *able to go* (vóru þeir allra manna bezt fœrir bæði á fœti ok á skíðum); (2) *capable of being passed, passable, safe* (Petlansfjorðr var eligi f.); fœrt veðr, *weather fit for travelling*; skip fœrt, *fit for sea, seaworthy*; (3) f. til e-s, *capable of, able to do a thing*.

FŒZLA, f. *food*, = fœða.

FÖÐUR-ARFR, m. *inheritance after a father*; -BANI, m. *slayer of another's father*; -BETRUNGR, m. *one better than his father*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *father's brother, uncle*; -BŒTR, f. pl. *weregild for a father*; -FRÆNDI, m. *kinsman on the father's side*;

-GARÐR, m. *a father's house*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. *were gild for one's father*; -HEFNDIR, f. pl. *revenge for one's father*; -KYN, n. *father's kin*; skozkr at -kyni, *on the father's side*; -LEIF, -LEIFÐ, f. *patrimony*; -LIGR, a. *fatherly*; -MÓÐIR, f. *father's mother, grandmother*; -TÚN, n. = föður-garðr; -ÆTT, f. *kinsfolk on the father's side*.

FÖL, f. *thin covering of snow*.

FÖL-LEITR, a. *pale-looking*; -LITAÐR, pp. *pale-coloured*.

FÖLNA (AÐ), v. *to grow pale* (fölnaði ok hræddist); *to wither* (gras fölnar); kirkja fyrnd ok fölnuð, *decayed*.

FÖLNAN, f. *withering, fading away*.

FÖLR (acc. -VAN), a. *pale*; f. sem aska (gras, nár), *pale as ashes (grass, a corpse)*.

FOLSKATR, a. *covered with* fölski.

FÖLSKI, m. *while ashes*.

FÖNN (gen. fannar; pl. fannir), f. (1) *snow* (hvítr sem f. nýfallin); (2) *snow-wreath*.

FÖR (gen. farar; pl. farar and farir), f. (1) *journey*; vera í f. með e-m, *to be in company with one*; vera í förum, *to be on trading voyags*; eiga skip í förum, *to own a trading ship*; (2) *attack, assault* (= atför); (3) *fate* (munt þú hafa farar Hákonar jarls); vér munum fara eina för allir, *it will go with us all in the same way*; (4) vera á föru (förum), *to be on the wane* (lausafé hans var heldr á förum).

FÖRLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to fall into decay*; impers., e-m förlast, *one grows weak (from age)*.

FÖRNUÐR, m. = farnaðr.

FÖRU-KONA, f. *vagrant woman*.

FÖRULL, a. *rambling, strolling about*.

FÖRU-MAÐR, m. *vagrant, beggar*; -MANNLIGR, a. *beggarly*; -NAUTR, m. *fellow-traveller, companion*; -NEYTI, n. (1) *company*; (2) *retinue*; -PILTR, m. *vagrant lad, beggar*.

FÖSTU-DAGR, m. (1) *fast-day*; (2) *friday* (= frjádagr); -dagrinn langi, *Good Friday*; -INNGANGR, m. *beginning of Lent, Shrove-tide*; -KVELD, n. *Friday evening*; -TÍÐ, f., -TÍMI, m. *fast-time*.

FÖXÓTTR, a. *having a mane different in colour from the body* (f. hestr).

G

GABB, n. *mocking, mockery*.

GABBA (AÐ), v. *to mock, make game of one* (g. e-n).

GADDA (AÐ), v. *to gore, spike*.

GADDA-KYLFA, f. *club with spikes*.

GADDAN, n. *a kind of headgear* (rare).

GADD-HJALT, n. *a sword-guard ending in sharp points*.

GADDR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *goad, spike*; fig., var mjök í gadda slegit, *at, it was all but settled that*; (2) *hard snow*.

GAFL, m. *gable, gable-end*.

GAFLAK, n. *'gavelock', javelin, dart*.

GAFL-HLAÐ, n. *gable-end* (= gafl-veggr).

GAFLOK, n. = gaflak.

GAFL-STOKKR, m. *gable-beam*; -VEGGR, m. *gable-wall* = -hlað.

GAGARR, m. *dog* (rare).

GAG-HÁLS, a. *with the neck thrown back* (hirtir gaghálsir).

GAGL, n. *small goose, gosling*; *bird*; -BJARTR, a. *bright as a goose*; -VIÐR, m. *'bird-wood'*.

GAGN, n. (1) *advantage, use*; verða e-m at gagni, *to be of use to one*; er eigi mun vera g. í, *that will be of no use*; (2) *produce, revenue, esp. of land*; (3) *domestic utensils*; (4) *luggage*; (5) *victory*; hafa (fá) g., *to have (gain) the victory*; (6) pl. gögn, *proofs, evidence*.

GAGNA (AÐ), v. *to be of use to one* (gagna e-m) *or for something*; refl., gagnast, *to avail, be of use*.

GAGN-AUÐIGR, a. *very productive* (of land); *well stored* (bú gagnauðigt).

GAGN-DAGAR, see 'gangdagar'.

GAGN-DYRT, a. n. *with doors opposite one another*.

GAGN-FŒRILIGR, -FŒRR, a. *penetrable, penetrating*.

GAGN-GÖRT, a. n., only in the phrase, á -gört, *straight*.

GAGN-HOLLR, a. *mutually kind*.

GAGN-HRÆDDR, a. *much frightened*.

GAGN-KVOÐ, f. *counter-summons*.

GAGN-LAUSS, a. *useless, of no use* (hann var g. flestum mönnum).

GAGN-LEIÐ, GAGN-LEIÐI, n. *short cut*.

GAGN-MÆLI, n. *gainsaying*.

GAGN-ORÐR, a. *speaking to the point, hitting the mark*.

GAGN-SAMLIGR, a. *useful, profitable*; -SAMR, a. *beneficent, kind, hospitable* (-samr við menn); -SEMD, f. *hospitality, readiness to help*.

GAGN-SÉNN, pp. = -sær.

GAGN-SKORINN, pp. (1) *cut through*; (2) *carved all over*.

GAGNS-MAÐR, m. *useful (beneficent) man*; -MUNIR, m. pl. *useful things*; veita e-m -muni, *to help one*.

GAGN-STAÐA, f. *resistance*; -STAÐLIGR, a. *contrary, opposed to* (e-u).

GAGN-STIGR, m. *short cut*.

GAGN-STŒÐLIGR, a. = -staðligr.

GAGNSTÖÐU-FLOKKR, m. *adverse party*; -MAÐR, m. *adversary, opponent*.

GAGN-SÆR, a. *transparent* (glerit er gagn-sætt).

GAGN-SÖK, f. *counter-action, counter-charge*.

GAGN-TAK, n. *saddle-strap*.

GAGN-VART, prep. with dat. and adv., *over against* (sitja -vart e-m).

GAGN-VEGR, m. *short cut*, = -leið.

GAGN-VERT, prep. with dat. and adv., *over against, opposite (to)*.

GAGN-VÆNLIGR, a. *profitable*.

GALA (GEL; GÓL, GÓLUM; GALINN), v. (1) *to crow* (of a cock), *cry, scream*; (2) *to sing, chant*; g. galdra yfir e-m, *to chant magic songs over one*; afl gól hann Ásum, *he chanted strength into the Æsir*.

GAL, n. screaming, howling.

GALDR (gen. -RS, pl. -RAR), m. (1) *magic song, charm* (gala, kveða galdra yfir e-m); (2) pl. *witchcraft, sorcery* (galdrar ok görningar).

GALDRA-BÓK, n. *book of magic*; -FULLR, a. *full of sorcery*; -HRÍÐ, f. *magic storm*; -KIND, f. *foul witch*; -KONA, f. *witch, sorceress*; -LIST, f. *magic art*; -LÆTI, n. pl. *magical mummeries*; -MAÐR, m. *wizard*; -RAUMR, m. *great sorcerer*; -SMIÐR, m. *sorcerer*.

GALDR-LIGR, a. *magical*.

GALEIÐ (pl. GALEIÐR and GALEIÐIR), f. *galley*.

GALINN, pp. (1) *enchanted*; (2) *mad, frantic* (fóru galnir sem hundar).

GALL, n. *gall, bile*; *sour drink*.

GALLA-LAUSS, a. *faultless*.

GALL-BEISKR, a. *bitter as gall*; -BLANDINN, pp. *mixed with gall*.

GALL-HARÐR, a. *hard as stone*.

GALLI, m. *defect, fault, flaw*.

GALTI, m. *boar, hog* (= göltr).

GAMALL (GÖMUL, GAMALT), a. (1) *old*; á gamals aldri, *in his old age*; opt er gott þat er gamlir kveða, *old men's sayings are often good*; (2) *old, aged, of a certain age*; hve g. maðr ertu, *how old art thou?* tólf vetra (gen.) g., *twelve years old*.

GAMAL-LIGR, a. *elderly*; -MENNI, n. *old man*; -ÓRAR, m. pl. *dotage from old age*; -ŒRR, a. *in dotage*.

GAMAN (dat. GAMNI), n. *game, sport, pleasure, amusement*; mér þykkir g. at e-u, *I am amused by it*; henda (sér) g. at e-u, *to make game of*; jötni at gamni, *to the deight of the giant*; taka undir í gamni, *to respond in jest*; hafa. e-t til gamans, *to amuse oneself with*.

GAMAN-LEIKR, m. *game, amusement*; -MÁL, n. *merry talk, joking*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. *joyful conversation*; -RŒÐA, f. = gaman-mál; -SAMLIGR, a. *amusing*; -SAMR, a. *merry, jocose*.

GAMANS-FERÐ, f. *pleasure trip*; -FUNDR, m. *merry-making*.

GAMAN-VÍSA, f. *a humorous verse*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *jesting talk*.

GAMBAN-REIÐI, f. *great wrath*; -SUMBL, n. *great banquet*; -TEINN, m. *a kind of magic staff*.

GAMBR (gen. -RS), m. *a kind of bird*.

GAMBRA (AÐ), v. *to brag, bluster*.

GAMLAÐR, pp. *stricken in years*.

GAMMI, m. *hut of a Finn*.

GAMMR (-S, -AR), m. *vulture*.

GAMNA (AÐ), v. *to divert, amuse* (g. e-m með sögum).

GAN, n. *frenzy, frantic gestures*.

GANA (-DA), v. (1) *to gape, show a fissure*; g. á e-t, *to gape for or after* (g. á rán); (2) *to rush* (g. at e-m); (3) *to gaze, stare*.

GANDR (-S, -AR), m. *magic staff*; renna göndum, *to ride a witch-ride*.

GAND-REIÐ, f. *witch-ride*.

GANGA (GENG; GEKK, GENGUM; GENGINN), v. (1) *to walk* (reið jarl, en Karkr gekk); (2) *to go*; g. heim, *to go home*; g. braut, *to go away*; g. til hvílu, *to go to bed*; g. á skip, *to go on board*; g. af skipi, *to go ashore*; with infin., g. sofa *or* at sofa, *to go to sleep*; g. at eiga konu, *to*

marry a woman; (3) *to go about grazing, to graze* (kálfrinn gekk í túni um sumarit); (4) of a ship, *to run, sail* (gekk skipit brátt út á haf); (5) *to stretch out, extend, project* (nes mikit gekk í sæ út); (6) of report, tales, *to be current* (litlar sögur megu g. af hesti mínum); (7) *to prevail*; gekk þaðan af í Englandi Valska, *thereafter the French tongue prevailed in E.*; (8) of money, *to be current* (peningar þeir, sem nú ganga); of laws, *to be valid* (þau lög, er gengu á Uppsalaþingi); of sickness, plague, famine, *to rage* (þá gekk land-farsótt, drepsótt, hallæri); (9) *to go on, last* (gnustu þá saman vápnin, ok gekk þat um hríð); impers., gekk því lengi, *so it went on for a long while*; (10) láta g. e-t, *to let go on*; láta höggin g., *to rain blows*; Birkibeinar létu g. lúðrana, *blew the trumpets vigorously*; (11) *to succeed*; ef þat gengr eigi, *if that will not do*; impers., svá þykt, at þeim gekk þar eigi at fara, so *close, that they could not go on there*; þeim gekk ekki fyrir nesit, *they could not clear the ness*; (12) *to turn out, go in a specified way*; g. andæris, *to go all wrong*; mart gengr verr en varir, *many a thing goes worse than is looked for*; gekk þeim lítt atsókinn, *they made little progress with the attack*; impers., e-m gengr vel (illa), *one fares (goes on, gets on) well (badly)*; (13) with acc., g. e-n á bak, *to force one to go backwards* (harm gengr bjöninn á bak); (14) with dat., *to discharge* (gekk bann þá blóði); (15) with preps. and adverbs; g. af e-u, *to depart from, leave* (þá gekk af honum móðrinn); g. af vitinu, *to go out of one's wits*; g. af trú sinni, *to apostatize*; *to pass* (síðan gengu af páskarnir); *to go off* (gekk þegar af höfuðit); *to be left as surplus* (þat er af skuldinni gekk); nú gengr honum hey af, *now he has some hay left*; g. af sér, *to go to extremities, to go beyond oneself* (mjök ganga þeir fóstbræðr nú af sé); g. aptr, *to revert (return) to the former proprietor* (síðan gengu þau lönd aptr undir Árna); *to be void, annulled* (þá skal kaup aptr g.); of a ghost, *to walk again*; of a door, *to close, shut* (gekk eigi aptr hurðin); g. at e-m, *to attack one*; g. at e-u, *to agree to, accept a choice or offer* (Flosi gekk fljótt at þessu öllu); *to fit* (skaltu fá mér lukla þá, sem ganga at kistum yðrum); g. á e-t, *to encroach upon* (g. á ríki e-s); *to break* (g. á orð sín, eiða, grið, sættir, trygðir); *to pierce, penetrate*; hann var í panzara, er ekki gekk á, *that was proof against any weapons*; g. á vald e-s *or* e-m, g. á hönd (hendr) e-m, *to submit to, give oneself up to, surrender to one*; g. á bak e-u, *to contravene*; g. eptir e-u, *to go for, go to fetch* (göngum heim eptir verðinu); *to pursue, claim*; g. eptir, *to prove true, be fulfilled* (þetta gekk allt eptir, sem M. sagði fyrir); g. frá e-u, *to part with, lose* (sumir munu g. frá öllu fénu); g. fram, *to step forward*; g. fram vel, *to go forward bravely, in a battle*; *to come to pass, come into execution* (skal þess bíða, er þetta gengr fram); *to increase* (fé Hall gerðar gekk fram ok gørðist allmikit); *to depart this life* (H. bóndi gengr fram til frænda sinna); g. fyrir e-n, *to present oneself before one* (g. fyrir konung); g. fyrir e-u, *to take charge of, manage* (var þar mart fólk, en húsbóndi gekk svá fyrir, at ekkert skorti); *to yield to, be swayed by* (hann gekk þá fyrir fortölum hennar); g. í gegn e-m, *to set oneself against one*; g. í gegn e-u, *to confess, acknowledge*; maðr gengr í gegn, at á braut kveðst tekit hafa, *the man confessed and said that he had taken it away*;

g. í mál, *to undertake a case*; g. með e-m (of a woman), *to marry*; g. með barni, *to be with child*; g. með burði (of animals), *to be with young*; g. með e-u, *to assist in, plead* (g. með máli, bónorði); g. milli (á m., í m.), *to go between, intercede*; g. móti (á m., í m.) e-m, *to go to meet one*; g. móti e-u, *to resist, oppose*; *to confess*, = g. í gegn, g. við e-u; g. nær e-m, *to be troublesome to one* (þótti hón œrit nær g. Þórgerði); g. e-m nær, *to approach, come near to one* (sá hefir á brott komizt, er næst gekk Gunnari um alla hluti); g. saman, *to marry*; *of an agreement, bargain, to be brought about*; saman gekk kaupit með þeim, *they came to a bargain*; g. sundr (í s.), *to go asunder, part*; g. til, *to go up to a thing* (gangit til ok hyggit at); of the wind, *to veer* (veðrit gekk til útsuðrs); e-m gengr e-t til e-s, *one has some reason for doing a thing*; en þat gekk mér til þess *(that was my reason)*, at ek ann þér eigi; hversu hefir ykkr til gengit, *how have you fared?* Loka gekk lítt til, *it fared ill with L.*; g. um e-t, *to go about a thing*; g. um beina, *to wait upon guests*; g. um sættir, *to go between, as peacemaker*; g. um e-n, *to befall, happen to one* (þess, er um margan gengr guma); of the wind, *to go round, veer* (gekk um veðrit ok styrmdi at þeim); *to manage* (fékk hón svá um gengit, at); g. undan, *to escape to absent oneself*; *g.* undir e-t, *to take upon oneself, undertake (a duty)*; g. undir e-n, *to subject oneself to*; g. upp, *to be wasted* (of money); *to get loose, to he torn loose* (þeir glímdu svá at upp gengu stokkar allir á húsinu); of a storm, gale, *to get up, rise* (veðr gekk upp); of an ice-bound river, áin var gengin upp, *swollen with ice*; g. við staf, *to walk with a stick*; g. við e-u or e-t, *to avow*; g. yfir e-t, *to go beyond, disregard* (hann vildi eigi g. yfir þat, er hann vissi réttast); g. yfir e-n, *to overcome, to befall, happen to one*; slíkt sem yfir hefir gengit, *all that has happened*; eitt skal yfir okkr g., *we shall share one* fate; (16) refl., gangast, *to be altered, to change, of tradition* (g. í munni); láta e-t g., *to waive, give up*; e-m gengst hugr við, *is moved to compassion by something* (þá gekst Þorgerði hugr við harmatölur hans); gangast at, *to engage in a fight* (þeir gengust at lengi); g. á, *to be set off against one another* (á gengust vígin húskarlanna); *to dash against one another*; á gengust eiðar, *the oaths were broken*; g. nær, *to come to close quarters*; g. við, *to gain strength*: áðr en við gengist hans bæn, *before his prayer should be fulfilled*; E. hafði mikit við gengizt um menntir, *E. had much improved himself in good breeding*.

GANGA, f. (1) *walking* (hann mœddist í göngu); vera í göngu, *to be on foot, to walk*; (2) *course* (g. tungls, vinds).

GANGANDI, m. *wayfarer*.

GANGDAGA-VIKA, f. *Rogation week*; -ÞING, n. *an assembly held during Rogation week*.

GANG-DAGAR, m. pl. *Rogation days, 'Gang days'*; -FŒRI, n. *the condition of the roads*; illt (gott) gangfœri, *bad (good) walking*; -PRÚÐR, a. *with stately gait*.

GANGR (gen. GANGS), m. (1) *walking* (vera á gangi); *motion, activity of any kind* (þá var hvert járn á gangi); (2) *pace, pacing* (temja hesta við gang ok hlaup); (3) *course* (g. himintungla); (4) *prevailing, being in vogue*; hafa mikinn gang, *to be much in vogue*; heldr er vaxandi g. at þeim, *they* (viz. *the dreams*) *were rather on the increase*; svá mikill g. var orðinn at el-

dinum, *the fire had got to such a height*.

GANG-RÚM, n. *passage-room*; -SILFR, n. *current money*; -STIGR, m. *footpath*; -TAMR, a. *well-trained in pacing (of a horse)*.

GAP, n. (1) *gap, empty space*; (2) *shouting, crying* (háreysti ok g.).

GAPA (-TA, -AT), v. *to gape, open the mouth wide*.

GAPS-MAÐR, m. *gaping fool, gaby*.

GARÐAR, m. pl. *Russia*; GARÐA-RÍKI, -VELDI, n. *the Russian empire*.

GARÐ-HLIÐ, n. *gate*; -HÚS, n. *privy*; -HVERFA, f. *an enclosed plot*; -LAG, n. *the building of a fence or wall*.

GARÐR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *fence, wall*; (2) *enclosed space, yard* (cf. aldin-garðr, gras-garðr, kirkjugarðr); (3) *court-yard, court* (þeir gánga út í garðinn ok berjast); riða í garð, *to arrive*; riða (fara) ór garði, *to depart*; fig., helmingr skal falla í minn garð, *the half shall fall into my share*; skal aukast þriðjungi í þínum garði, *in thy keeping*; hyggjum vér, at í yðvarn garð hafi runnit, *into your hands, your possession*; gøra e-n af garði, *to equip one* (as a son, a friend, when departing from home); líðr vetr ór garði, *the winter passes by*; (4) *house, dwelling*; (5) *stronghold, castle* (cf. Ás-garðr, Út-garðar).

GARÐ-KONUNGR, m. *the Greek emperor* (in 'Miklagarðr').

GARÐ-STAURR, m. *fence-stake*.

GARMR, m. *dog*.

GARN, n. (1) *yarn* (spinna garn af rokki); (2) *warp-thread, warp*, opp. to 'vipta', *weft, woof*.

GARP-LIGR, a. *martial*; -MENNI, n. *martial man*.

GARPR (-S, -AR), m. *a bold, dauntless man* (g. mikill); also applied to a woman (hon var væn kona ok garpr mikill í skapi).

GARP-SKAPR, m. *bravery*.

GASSI, m. (1) *gander*; (2) *rash fellow*.

GAT, n. *hole, opening*.

GATA (gen. pl. GATNA), f. *path, way, road*; vera á götu e-s, *to be in one's way*; sitja á götu e-s, *to lie in wait for* (= sitja fyrir e-m); alla götu, *always, throughout*.

GATNA-MÓT, n. *junction of roads*.

GAUK-MÁNAÐIR, m. *'cuckoo-month'* (the first summer month).

GAUKR (-S, -AR), m. *cuckoo*.

GAUL, n. *lowing*; *bellowing*; GAULA (AÐ), v. *to low, bellow*.

GAUM-GÆFA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to heed*; -GIEFT, f. *attention, care*.

GAUMR, m. *heed, attention*; gefa gaum at e-u, *to pay attention to*.

GAUPA, f. *the lynx*.

GAUPNA-SÝN, f. *looking into one's palms*; *covering one's face with the hands* (cf. 'sjá í gaupnir').

GAUPNIR, f. pl. (1) *the two hands placed together so as to form a bowl*; sjá, horfa, líta, lúta í g. sér, *to cover one's face with the hands* (as a token of sorrow, or in prayer); (2) *double handful* (g. silfrs).

GAURA-GANGR, m. *disorderly conduct*.

GAURR, m. *rough fellow*.

GAUTA (AÐ), v. *to prate, brag*.

GAUTAN, f. *prating*.

GAUTAR, m. pl. *a Scandinavian people in southern Sweden*.

GAUT-ELFR, f. *the river Gotha*.

GAUT-LAND, n. *the land of the* Gautar.

GAUZKR, a. *from Gautland*.

GÁ (GÁI, GÁÐA, GÁT), v. *to heed*, with infin. (gá at gøra e-t) or gen.; guðs hann gáði, *he* gave *heed to God*; gá sín, *to take care of oneself*; gá til e-s, *to mark*; glýja þú

né gáðir, *thou hadst no mind for joy*.

GÁ, f. *barking* (in 'goðgá', *blasphemy*; 'hundgá').

GALA-SAMLIGR, a. *waggish*; -SKAPR, m. *waggery*.

GÁ-LAUSLIGR, a. *heedless, wanton*; -LAUSS, a. *wanton, careless*; -LEYSI, n. *heedlessness*.

GÁLGA-TRÉ, n. *gallows-tree*.

GÁLGI, m. *gallows* (reisa gálga).

GÁ-LIGR, a. *mindful of* (e-s).

GÁR, n. *buffoonery, mocking*.

GÁR-FENGINN, a. *given to buffoonery*.

GÁRUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *buffoon*.

GÁS (gen. GÁSAR; pl. GÆSS), f. *goose* (galt hann gagl fyrir gás).

GÁ-SAMR, a. *heedful, attentive*; -SEMI, f. attention.

GÁS-VEIÐR, f. *goose-catching*.

GÁTA, f. *riddle*; geta (ráða) gátu, *to read a riddle*.

GÁTT (pl. -IR), f. (1) *the rabbet of a door-sill or doorpost*; var hnigin hurð á gátt, *the door was shut*; (2) pl. *doorway*; innan gátta, *indoors*.

GEÐ, n. (1) *mind, wits, senses*; heimta aptr g. sitt, *to come to one's senses again*; vera gætinn at geði, *to be on one's guard*; vita til síns geðs, *to be master of one's wits*; (2) *disposition, liking*; honum var vel í geði til Freysteins, *he was well disposed to Fr.*; þú fellst mér vel í g., *you are to my liking*; féllst hvárt öðru (féllust þau) vel í g., *they liked one another well*.

GEDDA, f. *pike* (fish).

GEÐ-FASTR, a. *firm of mind*; -FESTI, f. *firmness of mind*.

GEÐJAÐR, a. *to one's mind, agreeable*.

GEÐJAST (AÐ), v. refl., e-m geðjast e-t, *one is pleased with, one likes*.

GEÐ-LAUSS, a. *fickle-minded*; -LEYSI, n. *fickleness of mind, inconstancy*.

GEÐS-LIGR, a. *engaging, pleasing*.

GEÐ-SPEKI, f. *wisdom*; -SVINNIR, a. *wise, clever*.

GEFA (GEF; GAF, GÁFUM; GEFINN), v. (1) *to give* (g. e-m e-t); hann gaf þeim góðar gjafar, *he gave them good gifts*; g. e-m ráð, *to give one advice*; g. hljóð, *to give a hearing*; g. e-m sök, e-t at sök, *to lay to one's charge, to bring a charge against one*; g. slög, *to deal blows*; g. e-m drekka, *to give one to drink*; impers., e-m gefr byr (byri), *one gets a fair wind* (gaf þeim byr ok sigla þeir í haf); absol., gaf þeim vel, *they got a fair wind*; ef fœri gefr á, *if you get a chance*; ef yðr (dat.) gefr eigi missýi í þessu máli, *if you are not mistaken in this matter*; þat gaf öllum vel skilja, *it was clear for all to understand*; (2) *to give, grant*; g. heimleyfi, *to grant furlough*; g. e-m grið, *to grant quarter or pardon to one*; g. e-m líf, *to grant one his life*; (3) *to give in matrimony* (ek var ung gefin Njáli); (4) *to give fodder to cattle, to feed* (g. göltum, nautum, kúm, hestum); (5) g. staðar, *to stop*; lét hann þá staðar gefa róðrinn, *he stopped rowing*; (6) e-m er e-t svá gefit, or svá gefit um e-t, *one is so and so disposed, thinks so and so of a thing* (ef þér er þetta svá gefit sem þú segir); (7) with preps.; g. sér litit (mikit) af (or at) e-u, *to take little (much) notice of*; g. á e-t, *to pour water on*; fig. *to press on* (gefr Ormr þá á); g. e-m til e-s, *to give in return for a thing* (g. fé til sátta); impers., honum hafði vel gefit til *(had good luck)* um hefndina; g. sér mikit (lítit) um e-t, *to take great (little) interest in* (= g. sér mikit, lítit, af or at e-u); g. sér fátt um e-t, *to take coldly, take little notice of*; g. e-t upp, *to give up* (g. upp alla mótstöðu); g. sik upp, *to surrender*; g.

upp gamalmenni, *to give old people up, let them starve*; g. upp leiguna, *to remit the rent*; g. upp sakir, *to remit offences*; upp gefinn, *exhausted*; g. e-t við e-u, *to give in payment for*; g. sik við, *to give in* (þat er líkara, at ek gefa mik við); (8) refl., gefast vel (illa), *to prove good (bad)*; opt hafa mér vel gefizt yður ráð, *your counsels have often proved good for me*; hefir þeim þat ok aldri vel gefizt, *it has never turned out well*; gefast gjöfum, *to give gifts to one another*; g. á vald e-s, *to give oneself into another's power*; g. upp, *to give in, surrender*; e-m gefst e-t yfir, *one does wrong in a thing* (ef göfgum mönnum gáfust stórir hlutir yfir).

GEFANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *giver*.

GEFNA-GEÐ, n. *conduct, behaviour*.

GEGN and Í GEGN, prep. with dat., *against* (í g. vindi sem forvindis); í g. eðli, *against nature*.

GEGN, a. (1) *honest* (sannorðr ok g.); (2) *fit* (fór Ó. þar á land, sem honum þótti gegnast); (3) *direct, straight* (hinn gegnsta veg).

GEGNA (-DA, -T), v. (1) *to go against, meet* (g. e-m); (2) *to suit one, be meet for one*; velit þat er yðr gegnir, *choose what best suits you*; (3) *to signify, mean, matter*; spurði, hverju gegndi úgleði sú, er hann hafði, *asked what his sadness meant*; sumir mæltu í móti ok kváðu øngu g., *some denied it, and said it was of no use*; meira en hófi gegnir, *more than is due, above measure*; g. tíðendum, *to be of importance*; (4) *to amount to*; svá at mörgum hundruðum gegndi, *so that it amounted to many hundreds*.

GEGNI-LIGA, adv. *duly, properly*.

GEGNING, f. *suitableness*; á þessu er engi g., *this will not do*.

GEGNT, (1) adv. *straight*; compar., gegnra, gegnara, *more straight*; superl., gegnst, gegnast, *the shortest way*; *most right, meetest*; (2) prep. with dat. *over against, opposite to* (g. konungi).

GEGNUM, Í GEGNUM (1) prep. with acc. *through* (g. vegginn); (2) adv., allan dag í g., *all the day long*.

GEIFLA (AÐ), v. *to mumble* (g. á e-u).

GEIGA (AÐ), v. *to take a wrong direction*; eigi veit, hvar úskytja ör geigar, *none can tell where a shaft ill-shol may stray to*.

GEIGAN, f. *wavering*.

GEIGR, m. (1) *scathe, serious hurt*; vinna, gera, veita e-m geig, *to hurt one*; (2) *danger* (er þat enn mesti g.).

GEIGU-SKOT, n. *deadly shot*.

GEIG-VÆNLIGR, a. *dangerous, fatal*.

GEIL (pl. -AR), f. *narrow glen, lane*.

GEILA-GARÐR, m. *a fence along a geil*.

GEI-LIGR, a. *fine, beautiful* (rare).

GEIP, n. *idle talk, nonsense*.

GEIPA (AÐ), v. *to talk nonsense*.

GEIPAN, f. *brag, nonsense*.

GEIR-FÁLKI, m. *gerfalcon*; -FUGL, m. *gare-fowl, the great awk*.

GEIRI, m. *gore, triangular strip*.

GEIR-LAUKR, m. *garlic*.

GEIR-MÍMIR, m. poet. *warrior*.

GEIR-NAGLI, m. *the nail fastening a spear's head to the shaft*.

GEIR-NJÖRÐR, m. poet. *warrior*.

GEIRR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *spear*; (2) *the point of an anvil* (nefsteði).

GEIR-VARTA, f. *nipple* (of a man).

GEIS, f. *impetuosity*; GEISA (AÐ), v. *to rage, be furious*; þeirra ofsi geisar hátt, *their insolence runs high*.

GEISAN, f. *impetuosity* (= geis).

GEISKA-FULLR, a. *frightened*.

GEISKI, m. *panic, fear*.

GEISL, m. (1) *snow-skater's staff*; (2) *ray, beam*; GEISLA (AÐ), v. *to shed rays, to beam*; GEISLI, m. = geisl.

GEISPA (AÐ), v. *to yawn, gape*.

GEISPI, m. *yawn*.

GEIT (gen. -AR; pl. GEITR), f. *a she-goat* (ragr sem geit).

GEITA-FŒTIR, m. pl. *goats' feet, feet like those of a goat*; -HIRÐIR, m. *goat-herd*; -HÚS, n. *goat-house*.

GEITAR-HORN, n. *goat's horn*; -HUGR, m. *cowardice*; -HÚS, n. *goat-house*; -SKEGG, n. *goat beard*.

GEITA-SVEINN, m. *goat-herd*.

GEIT-BJÁLFI, m. *goat-skin coat or hairy jacket*; -HEÐINN, m. *goat-skin coat or hairy jacket*; -SKINN, n. *goat-skin*; -STAKA, f. = -skinn.

GEITUNGR, m. *wasp*.

GELDA (-DA, -DR), v. *to geld, castrate*.

GELD-FÉ, n. *barren sheep*.

GELDJFÁR-HÖFN, f. *pasture for* geldfé.

GELDING, f. *gelding, castration*.

GELDINGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *wether*; (2) *eunuch*.

GELD-NEYTI, n. *barren cattle*.

GELDR, a. *yielding no milk, dry*.

GELLA (-DA), v. *to yell*, roar, *bellow* (sem griðungr gelldi).

GEMLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *a year-old sheep* (at rýja gemlinga).

GEMS, n. *gibe, scoff*.

GEMEA (AÐ), v. *to gibe, scoff*.

GEMS-FULLR, a. *full of gibes*.

GEMS-MIKILL, a. *full of gibes*.

GENGI, n. (1) *luck, success*; án er ills gengis nema heiman hafi, *ill luck is home-bred*; (2) *help, support*; afla sér gengis, *to gather troops*.

GENGINN, pp. *gone, dead*.

GENGR, a. (1) *able to walk*; (2) *fit to walk on* (vegr vel g.); (3) eiga heiman gengt, *to have time and opportunity to leave home*.

GENTA, f. *girl, lass*.

GERA, v. *see* gøra; GERÐ, *see* gørð.

GERÐ, f. *yeast, ferment*.

GERÐ (pl. -AR), f. *gear, harness*; pl. *armour* (gerðar várar).

GERÐA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to fence in*.

GERÐI, n. *a fenced field*.

GERÐING, f. *fencing, hedging*.

GERI, m. *'ravener', wolf* (poet.).

GERLA, adv. *see* görla.

GERNING, GERNINGR, *see* gørn-.

GERPI-LIGR, a. *martial* (= garpligr).

GERR, a. *see* görr; adv. *see* gørr.

GER-SAMLIGA, -SEMI, -SIMI, -SIMLIGR, see gör-, gør-.

GERSTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to annoy, tease* (g. hug e-s); GERSTR, pp. (1) *wearisome, dismal*; gerstan dag, *the long weary day*; (2) *sulky*; hann leit g. við mér, *he looked sulkily on me*.

GERVA, GERVALLR, GERVI, see görva, görvallr, gørvi.

GERZKR, a. *from* Garðaríki.

GESTA-BEKKR, m. *guests' bench*; -BOÐ, n. *banquet*; -HÚS, n. *guest-room*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *chef of the guests*; -SKÁLI, m. *guest-hall*.

GEST-GJAFI, m. *host* (góðr -gjafi).

GESTR (-S, -IR), m. (1) *guest*; (2) *a royal retainer of inferior rank*.

GEST-RISINN, a. *hospitable*; -RISNI, f. *hospitality*.

GET, n. *guess* (rare).

GETA (GET; GAT, GÁTUM; GETINN), v. I. with acc. (1) *to get*; g. orðstír, *to get fame*; g. sér e-t, *to get for oneself* (góðs um œðis ef sér g. mætti); g. gott af e-m, *to get good of one*; with dat. of the person, g. váluðum vel, *to be kind to the*

poor; g. e-m illa, *to do harm to one*; impers., getr e-t, *there is* (got); eigi getr slíkan *(there is none such)* í konungs herbergjum; (2) with pp. of another verb, g. veiddan fisk, *to be able to catch fish*; ek get eigi fylgt yðr, *I cannot follow you*; (3) almost like an auxil. verb with infin.; ek Gunnari gat at unna, *I loved G.*; g. at lita, sjá *(to get) to see*; without 'at', er slíkt getr fœða jóð, *that shall rear such a child*; (4) *to learn* (lengi man þat er ungr getr); (5) *to beget, engender* (fótr gat son við fœti); geta börn, *to beget children (said of both parents)*; (6) refl., getast at e-u, *to like*; því at mér gezt vel at þér, *because I like thee well*; láta sér getit at e-u, *to be pleased with*; eigi læt ek mér at einu getit, *I am not pleased to have always the same, I want some change*; II. with gen. (1) *to guess*; g. gatu, *to guess a riddle*; g. rétt, *to guess right*; g. e-s til, *to guess, suppose*; g. í hug e-m, *to guess one's thoughts*; (2) *to speak of, mention, in speech or writing* (þess er getit, sem gört er); geta um e-t, *to speak about* (hann gat ekki um þetta fyrir sínum mönnum); þess er við getit, at, *it is told that*.

GETA, f. *guess, conjecture* (er þat g. mín, at); spá er spaks g., *a wiseman's guess is a prophecy*; ætla ek eigi þat til getu, at hann sé þar, *it is not likely that he is there*; leiða getum um e-t, *to make a guess at*.

GETARA, f. *birth-giver, mother*.

GETARI, m. *begetter, father*.

GET-GANGR, m. *guessimg*.

GETNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *conception*; (2) *fœtus*; vera með getnaði, *to be with a child*; (3) *liking*.

GET-SAKIR, f. pl. *imputations* (without evidence); sœkja -sakir, *to prosecute one upon loose imputations*; -SAMLIGR, a. *pertaining to guessing*; -SPEKI, f. *gift of prophecy*; GETU-MÁL, n. *doubtful case*.

GEYJA (GEY, GÓ), v. (1) *to bark* (at e-m); (2) *to scoff at* (vil ek eigi goð g.); g. á e-n, *to abuse*.

GEYMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to heed, mind, watch* (geym þess, at enginn komist í braut); hann hafði geymt hlutverka sinna, *he had minded his* work; g. sin, *to take care of oneself*; g. at e-u, til e-s = g. e-s; (2) *to watch, keep*, with acc. (g. bœinn, heilrœðit).

GEYMARI, m. *keeper*.

GEYMDIR, f. pl. *heed, attention*; gefa g. at e-u, *to give heed to*.

GEYMILIGA, adv. = gætiliga.

GEYMINN, a. *heedful* (g. e-s, at e-u).

GEYMSLA, f. *keeping, care*.

GEYMALU-LAUSS, a. *unguarded*.

GEYRA, GEYRR, = gøra, görr.

GEYSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to send out with violence* (hann lætr g. eld ok járn); usually refl. *to dash or rush furiously* (þá geysist hafit á löndin; múgrinn geystist inn á skipin).

GEYSI-, *very, exceedingly*; g. mikill, *very great*; g. margir, *very many*, g. illa, *very badly*.

GEYSI-LIGA, adv. *enormously*; -LIGR, a. *enormous*.

GEYSINGR, m. *impetuosity*.

GEYSTR, pp. (1) *rushing hastily*; (2) *enraged* (vóru bœndr mjök geystir á hendr honum).

-GI (or -KI after *t* or *s*), a suffix used esp. with negative, but also with positive and indefinite force.

GIL (gen. pl. GILJA), n. *ravine, gully*.

GILDA-SKÁLI, m. *guild-hall*.

GILDI, n. (1) *payment, tribute* (rare); (2) *recompense, return*; æ sér til gildis gjöf

(see gjald 4); (3) *repute, esteem* (þegar þér komist í g. við höfðingja); (4) *feast banquet* (þá gengu Æsir at g. sínu); (5) *guild, brotherhood*.

GILDIS-BRŒÐR, m. pl. *guild-brothers*; -FUNDR, m. *guild-meeting*; -SKÁLI, m. *guild-hall*; -TÍÐ, f. *guild-term*.

GILD-LEIKI, m. *perfectness*.

GILD-LIGA, adv. *properly*.

GILDR (GILD, GILT), a. (1) *valued at* (g. tveim mörkum); (2) *of full value*; *worth, great* (g. konungr, höfðingi); með gildum sóma, *with great fame*; Hallfreðr var þá sem gildastr, *H. was then at his best*.

GILDRA, f. *trap*.

GILDRA (AÐ), v. *to trap, set a trap*.

GILJA (ÁÐ), v. *to beguile* (a woman).

GILS-ÞRÖMR, m. *edge of a gully*.

GIM-STEINN, m. *gem, jewel*.

GIN, n. *mouth* (of a beast).

GIN-KEFLI, n. *gag*.

GINNA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to dupe, fool one*; g. e-n at sér, *to fall out with one*; (2) *to decoy, entice* (g. e-n til e-s, heiman af bœnum).

GIN-HEILAGR, a. *most holy*.

GINNING (pl. -AR), f. *deception, befooling* (Gylfa-ginning).

GINNINGAR-FÍFL, n. *one who runs a fool's errand* (vera ginningar-fífl e-s).

GINN-REGIN, n. pl. *the great gods*.

GINNUNGA-GAP, n. *the great void, primeval chaos*; -HIMINN, m. *the heaven over* ginnunga-gap.

GINNUNGR, m. *juggler, lister*.

GIPT, f. (1) *gift* (jarðligar giptir); (2) *good luck* (= gipta).

GIPTA, f. *good luck*.

GIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to give away in marriage* (g. e-m e-a); refl. giptast, *to marry*.

GIPTING, f. *marriage (of a woman)*.

GIPTU-DRJÚGR, a. *lucky*; -FÁTT, a. n. *luckless* (e-m verðr giptu-fátt); -LIGA, adv. *luckily*; -LIGR, a. *lucky, auspicious*; -MAÐR, m. *lucky man*; -MUNR, m. *difference in good luck*; -RÁÐ, n. *good, auspicious match*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *auspiciously*; -SAMLIGR, a. = -ligr; -SKORTR, m. *want of luck, bad luck*; -TÓMR, a. *luckless*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *promissing good luck, auspicious*.

GIRÐA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to fence*, = gerða.

GIRKIR, m. pl. *the Greeks*.

GIRNA (-DI, -T), v. impers., mik girnir, *I desire*; refl., girnast e-t, á e-t, til e-s, *to desire something*.

GIRND (pl. -IR), f. *desire*; *lust*.

GIRNDAR-BRUNI, -ELDR, -HITI, m. *fire of lust, ardent lust*; -RÁÐ, n. *(foolish) love match*.

GIRNI-LIGR, a. *desirable, pleasant*.

GIRSKA, f. *the Greek language*.

GIRSKR, a. (1) *Greek*; (2) = gerzkr.

GISTA (-STA, -ST), v. *to pass the night* (g. at e-s, at *or* á e-m stað); g. e-n, *to spend a night with one*.

GISTING, f. *night-lodgings, accommodation for the night* (beiðast gistingar; þiggja gisting).

GISTINGAR-BÓL, n., -STAÐR, m. *night-quarters*.

GIZKI, m. *a kind of kerchief* (?).

GÍFR, n. *witch, hag*; -LIGA, adv. *savagely* (láta -liga).

GÍFR, a. poet. *bloodthirsty, savage*.

GÍGJA, f. *fiddle*; GÍGJARI, m. *fiddler*.

GÍNA (GIN; GEIN, GINUM; GINIT), v. *to gape, yawn* (gínandi ú fr); g. yfir e-t, *to take into one's mouth*; g. við agni, *to gape in order to take the bait*.

GÍSL (pl. -AR), m. (1) *hostage*; (2) *bailiff* (g. keisarans); *warder*.

GÍSLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to give as hostage*; (2) *to take as hostage*.

GÍSLAR, f. pl. (1) *sureties, securities*; (2) *securily, guard* (setja g. fyrir).

GÍSLING, f. (1) *hostage* (taka e-n í g.); (2) pl. *guard* (setja gíslingar fyrir e-n).

GJAFA-LAUST, adv. *(disinissed) without gifts*; -LEYSI, n. *lack of gifts*.

GJAFARI, m. *giver*.

GJAFA-SKIPTI, n., -VÍXL, n. *exchange of gifts*.

GJAF-ERFÐ, f. *bequest*; -FALR, a. *to be had for a trifle*; -LAUST, adv. *without gift*; -LENDINGAR, m. pl. *feudatories*; -LYNDI, n. *open-handedness*; -MILDR, a. *open-handed*; -ORÐ, n. *match (of a woman to be married)*; -VAXTA, a. *marriageable* (of a maid); -VINR, m. *open-handed friend*.

GJALD, n. (1) *tribute* (hann lagði g. á borgina); (2) *payment*; þá héldu bœndr galdinu, *they kept back the payment*; (3) *retribution*, esp. pl.; ella mun þér g. at verða, *thou shalt pay dear for it*; (4) *reward, return, compensation*; æ sér gjöf til gjalda, *gift looks for gift*.

GJALDA (GELD; GALT, GULDUM; GOLDINN), v. (1) *to repay, return*; g. gjöf við gjöf, *to pay back gift for gift*; g. aptr, *to restore, pay back*; (2) fig. *to give, yield*; g. skynsemi við e-u, *to give reason for*; g. samkvæði at e-u, *to consent to*; g. varúð, varhuga við e-u, *to be on one's guard against*; g. e-m fjándskap, *to show ill-will towards one*; (3) with gen. *to pay for, suffer on account of* (þar munuð þit min g.); g. e-s at = g. e-s; geldr at nýbreytni (gen.) konungs, *it is a punishment for the king's innovations*.

GJALD-DAGI, m. *pay-day*; -FANG, n. *payment, equivalent*; -GENGR, a. *taken in payment*; -KERI, -KYRI, m. *the king's steward*.

GJALLA (GELL; GALL, GULLUM; GOLLIT), v. *to scream, shriek* (ernir gjalla hátt); strengr gellr, *the bow-string twangs*; impers. *to resound, echo* (kvað Þorsteinn svá hátt, at gall í múrnum).

GJALLAR-HORN, n. (1) *the horn (trumpet) of Heimdal*; (2) *the drinking horn used by Mimir*.

GJALLR, a. *ringng, resounding*; GJALTI, *only in the phrase*, verða at gjalti, *to turn mad with terror*.

GJARN, a. (1) *eager for, desirous of* (g. á e-t, í e-t, til e-s); (2) g. e-m, *willing to follow one*.

GJARNA, adv. *willingly*.

GJARN-LIGA, adv. *willingly*.

GJARN-SAMLIGA, adv. *willingly*.

GJÁ (gen. GJÁR; pl. GJÁR, gen. GJÁ, dat. GJÁM), f. *rift, cleft, chasm*.

GJÁLFR, n. *din of the sea*; GJÁLFR-DYR, n. *ship* (poet.); -SAMR, a. *roaring (of the sea)*.

GJÁR-BAKKI, m. *brink of a rift*; -BARMR, m. *edge of a rift*; -MUNNI, m. *mouth of a rift*.

GJÓ, f. *sensuality*; -LÍFI, n. *sensual life*; -MAÐR, m. *a sensual person*.

GJÓSA (GÝS; GAUS, GUSUM; GOSINN), v. *to gush, burst out* (þar gaus upp stundum, eldr; blóðit gaus ór sárinu).

GJÓS-ÆÐR, f. *'gush-vein', artery*.

GJÓTA (GÝT; GAUT, GUTUM; GOTINN), v. (1) g. hrognum, *to spawn*; (2) g. augum, sjonum, *to cast a look*.

GJÖF (gen. GJAFAR, pl. GJAFAR and GJAFIR), f. *gift*; skipta gjöfum við e-n, *to exchange gifts with one*; leiða e-n út (í brott) með gjöfum, leysa e-n á brott með gjöfum, *to dismiss one with gifts (at the end of a visit)*.

GJÖFULL (acc. GJÖFLAN), a. *munificent,*

liberal (g. at gulli).

GJÖGR, f. *cleft, rift* (gljúfr ok gjögrar).

GJÖGRA (AÐ), v. *to reel, stagger*.

GJÖLNAR, f. pl. *the whskers of the Fenris-wolf*.

GJÖLTA (-LTI), v. *to bark* (rare).

GJÖR-, see gör-, gør-.

GJÖRÐ (gen. GJARÐAR; pl. GJARÐAR and GJARÐIR), f. *girdle*; *saddle-girth* (söðul-gjörð).

GJÖRVALLR, a. *see* 'görvallr'.

GLAÐA (AÐ), v. *to gladden* (= gleðja).

GLAÐAN, adv. = glaðliga.

GLAÐ-LÁTR, a. *cheerful*; -LIGA, adv. *gladly, willingly*; -LIGR, a. *glad, cheerful*; -MÆLTR, a. *cheerful in speech*.

GLAÐNING, f. *gladdening, gladness*.

GLAÐR (GLÖÐ, GLATT), a. (1) *glad, glad-some, cheerful* (Flosi var allra ruarma, glaðastr); (2) *bright, beautiful, of the sky, weather, fire* (veðr glatt, tunglit skein glatt).

GLAÐ-VÆRI, f. *gladness*; -VÆRR, a. *glad-some, cheerful*.

GLAM, OR GLAMM, n. *noise, din, clash*.

GLAMA, v. *to twaddle, talk idly*.

GLAMRA (AÐ), v. *to tinkle, jingle*.

GLAP, n. *beguilement, seduction*; venja kvámur sínar til glapa (*or* glaps) við konu, *to aim at seducing*.

GLAPNA (AÐ), v. *to grow dim* (glapnaði honum heyrn ok sýn).

GLAPPA-VERK, n. *mishap*.

GLAP-RÆÐI, n. *mistake, blunder*; -STIGR, m. *a wrong path*; -VÍG, n. *accidental manslaughter*.

GLATA (AÐ), v. (1) *to destroy* (g. e-u); (2) *to lose*; refl., glatast, *to be lost*.

GLATAN, f. *perdition*.

GLATUNS-HUNDR, m. *glutton* (?).

GLAUMR, m. *noisy merriment*; glaums andvana, *cheerless*.

GLAM-SÝNI, f. *illusion*.

GLEÐA, f. *glede, kite (bird)*.

GLEÐI, f. *gladness, merriment, joy* (var þar þá g. mikil).

GLEÐI-BRAGÐ, n. *joyful mien*; -DAGAR, m. pl. *days of happiness*; -FULLR, a. *joyful*; -LIGR, a. *glad*; -MAÐR, m. *cheery man*; -MÓT, n. = -bragð; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of joy*; -STUNDIR, f. pl. *merry, happy time*; -VIST, f. *merry sojourn*.

GLEÐJA (GLEÐ, GLADDA, GLADDR), v. *to gladden, make glad*; refl., gleðjast, *to be glad, rejoice*.

GLEFJA, f. *spear, lance* (for. word).

GLEFSA (-TA), v. *to snap at* (g. í e-t).

GLENS, n. *gibing, gibe, jest, banter*.

GLENSA (AÐ), v. *to jest, make fun*.

GLENSAN, f. *gibing, jesting*.

GLENS-LIGR, a. *bantering*; -MIKILL, a. *full of jesting or gibes*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *jesting or gibing speech*.

GLEPJA (GLEP, GLAPTA, GLAPTR), v. (1) *to confuse one* (in reading, speaking); (2) *to confound* (g. sókn, vörn); (3) *to beguile (g. konu)*.

GLER, n. (1) *glass*; háll sem g., *slippery as glass*; bresta í gleri, *to break into shivers*; (2) *looking-glass*.

GLER-GLUGGR, m. *glass-window*; -STEINAR, m. pl. *glass stones, agates*; -TÖLUR, f. pl. *glass beads*.

GLETT, n., GLETTA, f. *banter, raillery, taunting*; fara (ganga, ríða) í glett við e-n, *to provoke one*.

GLETTAST (TT), v. refl. *to banter, rail against one, taunt, provoke an enemy* (g. við e-n).

GLETTI-LIGA, adv. *tauntingly*.

GLETTINGR, m. = glett, gletta.

GLETTINGS-BÁRA, f. *splashing wave*.

GLETTINN, a. *bantering*.

GLETTNI, f. = glett (eiga g. við e-n).

GLETTU-ATSÓKN, f. *a feint to provoke the enemy to attack*.

GLETTUNAR-MAÐR, m.; engi glettunarmaðr, *a man not to be trifled with*.

GLEYMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to make a merry noise* (glaumr); (2) with dat. *to forget* (gleymt hefi ek þessu).

GLEYM-SAMLIGR, a. *forgetful*.

GLEYMSKA, f. *forgetfulness*.

GLEYPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to swallow*.

GLISSA (-STA), v. *to grin, gabble*.

GLIT, n. *'glitter'*; ofit í g., *brocaded*.

GLITA, GLITRA (AÐ), v. *to glitter*.

GLÍKINDI, GLÍKING, GLÍKJA, GLÍKLIGR, GLÍKR = líkindi, líking, *etc*.

GLÍMA (-DA, -T), v. *to wrestle*.

GLÍMA, f. *wrestling*.

GLÍMINN, a. *expert as a wrestler*.

GLÍMU-BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *wrestling-tricks*; -FÉLAGI, m. *wrestling-mate*; -FŒRR, a. *able-bodied as a wrestler*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *like a good wrestler*.

GLJÁ (-ÐA, -Ð), v. *to glisten, shine*.

GLJÚFR, n. pl. *rocky (sides of a) ravine*.

GLJÚFRÓTTR, a. *rocky*.

GLOTT, n. *grin, sneer, scornful smile*; draga g. at e-u, *to sneer at*.

GLOTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to grin* (g. at *or* við e-u); g. við tönn, *to smile scornfully and show the teeth*.

GLÓA (AÐ, or -ÓÐA, -ÓT), v. (1) *to shine, glitter* (glóar nökkut í götunni); (2) *to glow with heat*; glóanda járn, *red-hot iron*.

GLÓÐ (pl. GLŒÐR), f. *red-hot embers*.

GLÓÐAR-KER, n. *fire-pan*.

GLÓÐ-RAUÐR, a. *red as embers*.

GLÓFAÐR, a. *gloved*; GLÓFI, m. *glove*.

GLÓ-FÖXÓTTR, a. *light-maned*.

GLÓPALDI, m. *fool*.

GLÓPR, m. *fool*.

GLÓSA (AÐ), v. *to explain by a gloss*.

GLUGGAÐR, pp. *with windows*.

GLUGGA-ÞYKKN, f. *dense clouds with openings in them*.

GLUGGR (-S, pl. -AR), m. *opening* (in a wall, roof, etc.), esp. *window*.

GLUMR, n. *noise, rattle, clatter*.

GLUMRA (AÐ), v. *to rattle, clatter*.

GLUTR, n. *squandering, lavishment*.

GLUTRA (AÐ), v. *to squander*.

GLUTRS-MAÐR, m. *spendthrift*.

GLUTRUNAR-MAÐR, m. = glutrsmaðr; -SAMR, a. *lavish, extravagant*.

GLÚPNA (AÐ), v. *to becorne downcast*.

GLYMJA (GLYM, GLUMDA, GLUMIÐR), v. *to dash noisily, splash* (unnirglymja), *clatter* (glumdu jöklar), *rattle*.

GLYMR, m. *clatter, clash, ringing*.

GLYRNUR, f. pl. *cat's eyes*.

GLYS, n. *finery* (kaupa glys).

GLYS-GJARN, a. *fond of finery*; -LIGR, a. *showy, specious*; -MÁL, n. pl. *specious words*.

GLÝ, n. *joy*; glýja (gen. pl.) né gáðir, *thou hadst no mind for joy*.

GLÝJAÐR, pp. *gleeful* (vel g.).

GLÝ-STAMR, a. *joyless*.

GLÆA (-DDA), v. *to glow, glisten*.

GLÆR (gen. GLÆS), m. *sea*; kasta á glæ, *to throw into the sea, squander*; hlaupa á glæ, *to run in vain*.

GLÆ-RÆÐI, n. = glapræði.

GLÆSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to embellish*; gulli ok silfri glæstr, *adorned with gold and silver*.

GLÆSI-LIGR, a. *splendid, showy*; *specious* (-lig orð).

GLŒPA-FULLR, a. *full of wickedness, ungodly*; -MAÐR, m. *miscreant, malefactor*; -MANNLIGR, a. *ruffianly*; -VERK, n.

crime.

GLŒPI-LIGA, adv. *wickedly*; -LIGR, a. *wicked*; GLÆP-LIGR, a. = glœpiligr.

GLŒPR (-S, -IR), m. *misdeed, crime*.

GLŒPSKA, f. *misdeed, offence*.

GLŒP-VARR, a. *righteous*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *foul language*.

GLØGG-DŒMR, a. *sagacious in one's judgement*; -LEIKR, m. *sagacity*; -LIGA, adv. *clearly, distinctly*.

GLØGGR (acc. -VAN), a. (1) *clear-sighted* (gløggt er gests auga); (2) *clear, distinct*; vera gløggrar greinar, *to distinguish sharply*; eigi er mér þat gløggt, *it is not clear to me*; neut., gløggt, as adv. *clearly* (muna, kenna gløggt); (3) *stingy, close* (gløggr við gesti).

GLØGG-RÝNN, a. *clever in interpreting runes*; -SKYGN, a. *sharp-sighted*; -SÝNN, a. *sharp-witted*; -SÆR (-SÆ, -SÆTT), a. (1) *clear-sighted*; (2) *manifest, clear*; -ÞEKKINN, a. *quick to discern, clear-sighted*; -ÞEKKNI, f. *clear-sightedness*.

GNADD, n. *grumbling, muttering*.

GNADDA (AÐ), v. *to murmur, grumble*.

GNAGA (AÐ), v. *to gnaw* (hestar gnöguðu beizlin).

GNAPA (-TA), v. (1) *to jut or stand out*; (2) *to stoop* or *bend forward*; (3) *to droop the head*.

GNATA (AÐ), v. *to clash*.

GNAUÐ, n. *noise, din, rattle*.

GNAUÐA (AÐ), v. *to rattle, ring*.

GNEGG, n. *neighing*.

GNEGGJA (AÐ), v. *to neigh*.

GNEISTA (AÐ), v. *to emit sparks*.

GNEISTA-FLAUG, f. *shower of sparks*.

GNEISTI, m. *spark*.

GNESTA (GRIEST; GNAST, GNUSTUM; GNOSTINN), v. *to crack, clash* (gnustu þá saman vápnin).

GNEYPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to pinch*.

GNEYPR, a. (1) *bent forward, drooping*; (2) *savage, fierce*.

GNIÐA (AÐ), v. *to rub, scrape*.

GNÍPA, f. *peak, jutting pinnacle* (on a beetling mountain).

GNÍSTA (-STA, -ST), v. (1) g. tönnum, *to gnash the teeth*; (2) *to snarl (of dogs)*; (3) gnístanda frost, *biting frost*.

GNÍSTAN, f. *gnashing*.

GNÍSTING, f. *gnashing*.

GNÓGA, adv. poet. = gnógliga.

GNÓG-LEIKR, m. *abundance*; -LIGA, adv. *abundantly*; -LIGR, a. abundant.

GNÓGR, a. (1) *abundant, plentiful, enough* (selveiðar gnógar ok fiskifang mikit); at gnógu, *sufficiently*; ok vinnst oss þat at gnógu, *it is enough for us*; í gnóg, *enough* (var þar vatn í gnóg); gnógu (neut. dat.) lengi, *long, enough*; (2) g. um e-t, at e-u, *richly furnished with* (nú var hann g. orðinn um kvikfé).

GNÓTT, f. *abundance, plenty* (g. fjár) gera g. spurning (dat.) e-s, *to give sufficient answer to one's question*.

GNÚA (GNÝ, GNERA, or GNØRA, GNÚINN), v. *to rub* (hann tók til orða ok gneri nefit).

GNÚFA (-ÐA), v. *to droop* (g. með höfðinu).

GNÚP-LEITR, a. *stern-looking*.

GNÚPR (-S, -AR), m. *peak* (= gnípa).

GNYÐJA (GNYÐ, GNUDDA), v. *to mutter, grumble* (herrinn gnuddi illa); *to grunt* (g. mundu nú grísir).

GNYÐR (pl. -IR), m. *murmur*.

GNÝJA (GNÝ, GNÚÐA, GNÚIT), v. *to roar* (vindar gnýja); g. á, *to set in* (þá gnúði í hallæri mikit ok veðrátta köld).

GNÝ-MIKILL, a. *roaring, stormy*.

GNÝR (-S, -IR), m. *clash, din*.

GNÝ-REIÐ, f. *roaring thunder*.

GNÆFA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to stand up, rise high, tower* (g. við himin).

GNŒGR, a. = gnógr.

GNÖLTRA (AÐ), v. *to howl, bark*.

GNÖTRA (AÐ), v. *to clatter, rattle*.

GOÐ, n. *(heathen) god*.

GOÐA-BLÓT, n. *sacrifice to the gods*; -GREMI, f. *wrath of the gods*; -HEILL, n. *favour of the gods*; -HÚS, n. *house of gods, heathen temple*; -REIÐI, f. = góða-gremi.

GOÐ-BORINN, pp. *god-born*; -DÓMR, m. *godhead*; -GÁ, f. *blasphemy*.

GOÐI, m. *heathen priest*; *chief* (in Iceland during the republic).

GOÐ-KUNNIGR, a. *of the kith of gods*; -MÁLUGR, a. *skilled in the lore of the gods*; -MÖGN, n. pl. *divine powers, deities* (g. þau er þeir blótuðu).

GOÐ-ORÐ, n. *dignity and authority of a goði* (goðorð ok manna forráð).

GOÐORÐS-LAUSS, a. *without a* goðorð; -MAÐR, m. *owner of a* goðorð; -MÁL, n. *an action concerning a* goðorð.

GOÐ-VEFR, m. = guðvefr.

GOÐ-VEGR, m. *the way of the gods*.

GOLL, n. *gold* = gull.

GOLLURR, m. *pericardium*.

GOR, n. *the cud in animals*.

GOR-MÁNAÐR, m. *the first winter-month* (Oct.-Nov.).

GOTNAR, m. pl. poet. *men*.

GOTNESKR, a. *Gothic*.

GÓÐ-BRJÓSTAÐR, a. *kind-hearted*; -FENGR, a. *good-natured*; -FÚSLIGA, adv. *willingly*; -FÚSS, a. *benevolent*; -FÝSI, f. *goodness, good-will*; -FÝST, f. *goodness, goodwill*; -GIPT, f. *benefit, charitable deed*; -GIRND, f. = góð-fýsi; -GIRNI, f. = góðfýsi; -GJARN, a. *benevolent, kind*; -GJARNLIGA, adv. *kindly*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *kind, kindly*; -GRIPR, m. *costly thing*; -GÆFLIGA, adv. *gently*; -GÆT, f. *good entertainment*; -GÆTI, n. *dainty*; -GØRÐ, f. *charity*; -GØRNING, f. = góð-gørð; -GØRNINGR, m. *good deed, charity*; -HÁTTAÐR, a. *well-mannered*; -HJARTAÐR, a. *kind-hearted*.

GÓÐI, m. (1) *good-will*; (2) *profit*.

GÓÐ-LÁTR, a. *good-natured*; -LEIKR, m. *goodness*; -LIFNAÐR, m., -LÍFI, n. *good life*; -LYNDI, n. *good nature*; -LYNDR, a. *good-natured*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *like a good man*; -MANNLIGR, a. *gentle*; -MENNI, n. *a good, gentle man*; -MENNSKS, f. *goodness, gentleness*; -MENNT, a. n. *good people*; -MÓTLIGA, adv. *kindly*, gently; -ORÐR, a. *gentle in one's words*.

GÓÐR (GÓÐ, GOTT), a. (1) *good, morally commendable* (g. ok réttlátr konungr, góð kona); (2) *good, honest* (drengr g.); g. vili, *good, honest intention*; (3) *kind, friendly*; g. e-m, *kind towards one*; gott gengr þér til, *thou meanest well*; gott var í frændsemi þeira, *they were on good* terms; vilja e-m gott, *to wish one well*; (4) *good, fine, goodly*; g. hestr, *fine horse*; gott veðr, *fine weather*; með góðu föruneyti, *with goodly suite*; góðr beini, *good cheer*, verða gott til e-s, *to get plenty of*; var þá gott til fjár ok mannvirðingar, *there was ample wealth and fame to earn*; g. af e-u *or* e-s, *good, liberal with a thing*; g. af tíðendum, *good at news, communicative*; g. af hestinum, *willing to lend the horse*; g. af fé, *open-handed*; g. matar, *free with his food*.

GÓÐ-RÁÐR, a. *giving good counsel*; -RÆÐI, n. *goodness*; -SEMI, f. = góð-fýsi; -VERK, n. *charitable deed*; -VILD, f. *kindness, good-will*; -VILI, m. *kindness, goodwill*; -VILJAÐR, a. *benevolent*.

GÓÐVILJA-FULLR, a. *benevolent, kind*; -MAÐR, m. *benevolent man*; -MIKILL, a.

full of good-will.

GÓÐ-VILJUGR, a. *kind*; -VIRKI, n. = -verk; -VIRKR, a. *making good work*; -VÆNLIGA, adv. = -vættliga; -VÆNLIGR, a. *promising good*; -VÆTTLIGA, adv. *amicably*; -YRKI, n. = -verk; -ÆTTAÐR, a. *of good family*.

GÓI, f. *the month* Goi (from the middle of February to the middle of March); -BEYTILL, m. *a species of horse-tail (equisetum hyemale)*.

GÓLF, n. (1) *floor*; (2) *apartment*.

GOLF-STOKKAR, m. pl. *floor beams*; -ÞILI, n. *deal floor*.

GÓ-LIGR, a. *fine, pretty* (-lig orð).

GÓMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *the roof or floor of the mouth* (efri or neðri g.); e-m berr mart á góma, *one talks freely of many things*; gæta tungu í báða góma, *to keep guard on the tongue, speak warily*; (2) *finger-tip* (á hendi heitir fingr, nagl, gómr).

GÓM-SPARRI, m. *gag*.

GÓZ, n. *goods, property*.

GRAÐ-FÉ, n. *entire cattle*.

GRAÐR, a. *entire, not castrated*.

GRAÐUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *bull*.

GRAFA (GREF; GRÓF, GRÓFUM; GRAFINN), v. (1) *to dig* (g. gröf); g. torf, *to dig peat*; fig. *to seek out the sense of* (g. vísu); (2) *to earth, bury* (g. lík); (3) *to carve, engrave* (døkkr steinn í ok grafit á innsigli); (4) *to inlay*; fagr á liti, sem þá er fílsbein er grafit í eik, *as when ivory is set in oak*; (5) impers. *to suppurate* (lærit tók at g. bæði uppi ok niðri); (6) with preps., g. at e-u, eptir e-u, *to inquire into, try to flnd out*; also refl., grafast eptir e-u; g. niðr, *to dig down*; svá kyrr sem hann væri grafinn niðr, *as if he had been rooted in the ground*; g. til e-s, *to dig for* (g. til vatns); g. um e-t = g. eptir e-u; gróf hann svá undir þeim, at, *he sounded them so that*; g. e-t upp, *to find out*.

GRAF-ALR, m. *burin, graver*.

GRAFAR-BAKKI, m. *verge of a grave*; -GØRÐ, f. *digging of a grave*; -LŒKR, m. *a brook which has dug itself a deep bed*.

GRAF-SILFR, n. *hidden treasure*; -TÓL, n. pl. *digging tools*.

GRAMENDR, m. pl. *the angry gods*.

GRAMR, a. *wroth, angry* (g. e-m); GRAMIR, m. pl., GRÖM (viz. GOÐ), n. pl. used as subst., *fiends, demons*; (gramir munu taka þik); deili gröm við þik, *the fiends bandy words with thee*.

GRAMR (-S, -IR), m. *king, warrior*.

GRANA-HÁR, n. *whiskers* (cf. 'grön').

GRAND, n. *hurt, injury* (gera, vinna, e-m grand).

GRANDA (AÐ), v. *to injure, do harm* (engi grandaði öðrum).

GRAND-LAUSS, a. *guileless*; -LIGR, a. *dangerous, injurious*; -VARR, a. *guileless*; -VERI, f. *guilelessness*.

GRANNA, f. *neighbour*.

GRANNI, m. *neighbour*.

GRANN-LEIKR, m. *slenderness*; -LEITR, a. *thin-faced*; -LIGR, a. *slim, slender of build* (ungr ok grannligr á vöxt).

GRANNR, a. *thin, slender*.

GRANN-VAXINN, pp. *slender, slim of figure* (hár á vöxt ok g.).

GRAN-RAUÐR, a. *red-bearded*; -SELR, m. *bearded seal*; -SÍÐR, a. *long bearded*; -STŒÐI, n. *the bearded part of the face, the upper lip*.

GRAPTAR-DAGR, m. *burial-day*; -KIRKJA, f. *a church with a burying ground*; -REITR, -STAÐR, m. *burial-place*.

GRAS, n. *grass, herbage, herb*.

GRASAÐR, pp. *prepared with herbs*.

GRAS-DALR, m. *grassy dale*; -GARÐR, m.

garden; -GEILAR, f. pl. *grassy lanes*; -GOTT, a. n. *with good crop of grass*; -GRŒNN, a. *grass-green*; -LAUSS, a. *grassless*; -LEYSA, f. *failure of grass*; -LEYSI, n. *failure of grass*; -LOÐINN, a. *thick with grass*; -LOÐNA, f. *grassy spot*; -LÆGR, a. *lying in the grass*; -MIKILL, a. *rich in grass*; -RŒTR, f. pl. *roots of herbs or grass*; -SÓTT, f. *grass-fever*; -TÓ, f. *grassy spot among cliffs*; -VÖLLR, m. *grassy field*; -VÖXTR, m. *growth of grass*.

GRAUTAR-DÍLI, m. *porridge-spot* (on the body); -KETILL, m. *porridge-pot*; -SÓTT, f. '*porridge-fever*'; -TROG, n. *porridge-trough*; -TRYGILL, m. *porridge-trough*; -ÞVARA, f. *porridge-stick*.

GRAUTR (gen. -AR), m. *porridge*.

GRÁ-BILDÓTTR, a. *with grey-spotted cheeks*, of a sheep; -BJÖRN, m. *grey bear*, opp. to 'hvítabjörn'; -BLÁR, a. *grey-blue*.

GRÁÐA, f. *step*; fig. *degree*.

GRÁÐI, m. *gentle breeze*.

GRÁÐI, m. *step, degree* = gráða.

GRÁÐR, m. *greed, hunger*.

GRÁÐUGR, a. *greedy* (g. ormr).

GRÁ-EYGR, a. *grey-eyed*; -GÁS, f. *wild goose*; -KLÆDDR, pp. *grey-clad*; -KOLLÓTTR, a. *grey and without horns*; -KUFL, m. *grey cowl*; -LEIKR, m. *malice*; -LEITR, a. *pale-looking*; -LIGA, adv. *with malice*; -LIGR, a. *malicious*; -LYNDR, a. *spiteful, malicious*; -MUNKR, m. *grey friar*.

GRÁNA (AÐ), v. *to become grey*, fig. *to grow rough* (tekr at g. gamanit).

GRÁN-STÓÐ, n. *stud of grey horses*; -VARIÐR, pp. *grey-coated* (úlfar-varðir).

GRÁR (GRÁ, GRÁTT), a. (1) *grey* (í grám kyrtli); g. fyrir hærum, *grey-haired*; grátt silfr, *bad silver*; (2) *spiteful, malicious*; þó at í brjósti grátt búi, *although bearing malice in the heart*.

GRÁ-RENDR, a. *grey-striped*; -SILFR, n. *grey (bad) silver*; -SKINN, n. *grey fur*; -SKÝJAÐR, a. *covered with grey clouds*; -STEINN, m. *a grey stone* (til grásteins hins mikla).

GRÁTA (GRÆT; GRÉT, GRÉTUM; GRÁTINN), v. (1) *to weep*; g. hástöfum, *to weep aloud*; (2) *to bewail, weep for one* (þú grætr góðan mann).

GRÁTAN-LIGR, a. *tearful*.

GRÁT-FAGR, a. *beautiful in tears*; -FEGINN, a. *weeping for Joy*.

GRÁTINN, pp. *tearful*.

GRÁT-LIGR, a. *pitiable, deplorable*.

GRÁTR, m. *weeping*; setr grát at e-m, *one bursts into tears*.

GRÁT-RAUST, f. *tearful voice*; -STOKKINN, pp. *bathed in tears*.

GRÁ-VARA, f. *grey fur* (harm hafði fengit á fjallinu mikla grávöru).

GREFTA (-FTA, -FT), GREFTRA (AÐ), v. *to bury* (greftraðr at fornum sið).

GREIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to unravel, disentangle, arrange*; g. hár, *to comb or dress the hair*; greiddi hón hárit frá augum sér, *she stroked back the hair from her eyes*; (2) *to make or get ready* (g. segl); g. til vað, *to get ready a fishing line*; g. til um vápn *to get the weapons ready*; (3) *to speed, further* (g. ferð e-s); refl., greiddist honum vel, *it sped well with him, he got on well*; (4) *to pay* (g. fé af hendi); g. fram, *to pay out*; (5) *to discharge, perform*; g. skírslu af höndum, *to perform the ordeal*; g. vörð, *to keep watch*; g. róðr, *to pull at the oars*; g. atróðr, g. til atlögu, *to attack* (in a sea-fight); g. mál, *to settle a case*.

GREIÐ-FARA, a. indecl. *walking with speed*; -FŒRR, a. *passable, easy to pass* (þar var eigi greiðfœrt); -GENGR, a. = -fœrr (eigi er hér -gengt).

GREIÐI, m. (1) *disentanglement, arrangement*; gera greiða á málinu, *to put the case right*; skipaðist lítt til greiða með þeim, *nothing was settled between them*; (2) *entertainment, accomadation*; gera e-m greiða, *to give one entertainment*.

GREIÐ-LIGA, adv. (1) *readily, promptly*; (2) *quite*; greiðliga berr, *completely stripped*; (3) *downright, actually* (þó at engir menn bæri vápn á mik greið-liga).

GREIÐ-LIGR, a. (1) *ready, prompt*; var söngrinn eigi greiðligr, *the song did not go smoothly*; (2) *clear, plain* (greiðlig orð).

GREIÐ-MÆLTR, pp. *of ready speech*.

GREIÐR (GREIÐ GREITT), a. (1) *clear, free from obstacles* (greið leið, gata); (2) *ready to serve* (góðr ok greiðr við alla sína nágranna).

GREIÐ-SKAPR, m. (1) *readiness, promptness*; (2) *entertainment*.

GREIÐSLA, f. = greizla.

GREIÐ, m. *earl, count*.

GREIN (pl. -IR), f. (1) *branch* (of a tree), *division*; (2) *point, head, part* (í öllum greinum); í annarri g., *in the second place*; (3) *cause, reason*; fyrir þá g., *therefore*; (4) *distinction*; sjá grein handa, *to discern one's hands*; gera grein á e-u, *to explain*; (5) *understanding, discernment*; gløggrar greinar, *sharpwitted*; (6) *dissent, discord* (varð mart til greina með þeim); vald fyrir utan alla g., *undisputed (absolute) power*.

GREINA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to divide into parts* (veröldin var greind í þrjár hálfur); (2) *to discern, distinguish* (g. gang himintungla); (3) *to expound, tell, record*; sem áðr er greint, *as is told above*; sem síðarr greinir, *as will be told hereafter*; (4) impers., menn (acc.) greinir á, *they disagree, quarrel*; (5) refl., greinast, *to branch out, be separated* (svá sem tungurnar greindust); g. á e-u, at e-u, *to disagree about*; impers., tók at g. með þeim kumpánum, *they began to quarrel*.

GREINA-MIKILL, a. *sensible, clever*.

GREINAR-LAUST, a. n. (1) *indiscriminately*; (2) *unconditionally*; -MÁL, n. *reasonable case*.

GREINA-VÆNN, a. *likely to cause a difference or dissension*.

GREINI-LIGA, adv. *distinctly*; -LIGR, a. *distinct, clear*.

GREINING, f. *distinction*.

GREININGAR-VIT, n. *discernment*.

GREIP (pl. GREIPR), f. *the space between the thumb and the other fingers* (kom blóð á hönd þóri ok rann upp á greipina); fig., koma, ganga í greipr e-m, *to fall into one's clutches*.

GREIZLA, f. *payment, discharge*.

GREMI, f. *wrath, anger*.

GREMJA (GREM, GRAMDA, GRAMIT), v. *to anger, provoke, exasperate* (gremdu eigi goð at þér); refl., gremjast e-m, *to be angry with*.

GREN (gen. pl. GRENJA), n. *lair of a fox or wolf* (sem melrakki í greni).

GRENJA (AÐ), v. *to howl, bellow*.

GRENJAN, f. *howling, bellowing*.

GRENNAST (D), v. refl. *to become thin*.

GRENND, f. *vicinity*.

GRENNSLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to inquire*.

GREN-SKOLLI, m. *a fox in its earth*.

GREPP-LIGR, a. *frowning, ugly*.

GREPPR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *poet, scald*; (2) *doughty man*.

GREPTA, GREPTRA, see grefta, greftra.

GRES-JÁRN, n. *iron wire*.

GRETTA (-TTA, -TT), v., g. sik *or* grettast, *to frown, make a wryface*.

GRETTIS-HAF, -TAK, n. *Grettir's lift*.

GREY (gen. pl. GREYJA), n. (1) *bitch*; (2) *paltry fellow, coward*.

GREY-BAKA, f. = grey (1) *bitch*.

GREYFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to bend down with the face to the ground*.

GREY-HUNDR, m. *bitch*; -MENNEKS, f. *paltriness, meanness*.

GREYPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to groove*.

GREYPI-LIGA, adv. *fiercely*; -LIGR, a. *fierce, fearful*.

GREYP-LEIKR, m. *fierceness*; -LIGR, a. = greypiligr.

GREYPR, a. *fierce, fearful*.

GREY-SKAPR, m. = -mennska; -STÓÐ, n. *pack of hounds*.

GRIÐ, n. (1) *domicile, home*; (2) pl. *truce, peace, pardon, quarter*; selk g.: *to make truce*; segja í sundr griðum *to dissolve the truce*; lífs g. ok lima, *safety for life and limbs*; beiða (sér) griða, *to sue for quarter*; beiða griða Baldri fyrir alls konar háska, *to seek protection for B. against all kinds of harm*; gefa e-m g., *to give one quarter*; ganga til griða, *to accept pardon*.

GRIÐA-BREK, n. pl. *breach of truce*; -GJÖF, f. *granting truce*; -LAUSS, a. *without truce, truceless*; -MARK, n. *sign of truce*; -MÁL, n. pl. *truce formularies*; -ROF, n. pl. *breach of truce*; -SETNING, f. *truce-making*; -STAÐR, m. *sanctuary, asylum*.

GRIÐ-BÍTR, m. = -níðingr.

GRIÐI, m. *servant*.

GRIÐKA, f., GRIÐ-KONA, f. *housemaid, female servant*.

GRIÐ-MAÐR, m. *male servant*.

GRIÐ-MÁL, n. pl. = griðamál; -NÍÐINGR, m. *truce-breaker*; -SALA, f. *a granting truce*; -SAMR, a. *peaceful*.

GRIÐUNGR (-S, -AR), m. = graðungr.

GRIÐ-VIST, f. *lodging, home*.

GRIKKIR (gen. -JA), m. pl. *Greeks*.

GRIKK-LAND, n. *Greece*; GRIKKLANDS-HAF, n. *the Grecian Archipelago*.

GRIKKSKA, f. *Greek (language)*.

GRIKKSKR, a. *Greek*, = girskr.

GRIMMAST (D and AÐ), v. *to chafe, be furious* (g. móti guði).

GRIMMD, f. (1) *grimness, fierceness*; (2) = grimmdarfrost.

GRIMMDAR-FROST, n. *biting frost*; -HUGR, m. *hostile mind*.

GRIMM-EYGR, a. *fierce-eyed*; -HUGAÐR, a. *in a grim humour*; -LEIKR, m. *savageness, cruelly*; -LIGS, adv. *fiercely*; hefna grimmliga, *to take a fearful revenge*; -LIGR, a. *fierce, fearful*; -LUNDAÐR, a. *of grim temper*.

GRIMMR, a. (1) *grim, stern, dire*; gráta grimmum tárum, *to weep bitter tears*; g. dómr, *severe jugement*; (2) *wroth*; svá var hón grimm orðin Brjáni konungri, at, *she hated him so much, that*.

GRIMM-ÚÐIGR, a. *ferocious, fierce* (-úðigr í skapi).

GRIND (pl. GRINDR and GRINDIR), f. (1) *a gate made of spars or bars, a fence*; (2) pl. *pen, fold* (fé byrgt í grindum); fullar grindir, *full-stocked folds*; (3) *haven, dock* (liggja í grindum, *of ships*); (4) *store-houses*.

GRIND-HLIÐ, n. *barred gate*.

GRIPA-AUÐIGR, a. *rich in precious things*; -GJALD, n. *payment in precious things*; -KISTS, f. *jewel chest*; -TAKA, f. *seizure of property*.

GRIP-DEILD, f. *robbery, rapine*.

GRIPR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *costly thing*; *valuable treasure, property*; (2) *value, money's worth*; enn þriðja hlut á hann, þann er mikill g. er í, *that is of great value*; epli þau, er henni munu gripir í þykkja, *ap-*

ples which she will *think of great value*.

GRIPR, m. *vulture* (rare).

GRÍÐR (gen. -AR), f. *giantess*.

GRÍMA, f. (1) *a kind of covering for the face or the head, a mask or cowl* (hafa grímu fyrir andliti, á höfði sér); (2) *armour covering a horse's head and breast*; (3) *beak* (on a ship); (4) *night* (poet.).

GRÍMU-MAÐR, m. *a masked or disguised man*.

GRÍPA (GRÍP; GREIP, GRIPURN; GRIPINN), v. (1) *to grasp, seize* (hann greip sverð sitt á skjöld); (2) *to seize upon* (g. góz fyrir mönnum); (3) with preps., g. á e-u, *to catch hold of* (H. greip á stafni); g. á kýlinu, *to touch upon a sore place*; g. til e-s, *to seize* (g. til sverðsins); greip hundrinn til hans, *the dog snapped at him*; g. upp, *to catch up* (Loki greip upp mikla stöng); g. við orði, *to commence speaking*.

GRÍSA-SÝR, f. *a sow with pigs*.

GRÍSS (gen. GRÍSS, pl. GRÍSIR), m. (1) *young pig*; (2) *hog*.

GRJÁR, a. *grey* (poet., rare).

GRJÓT, n. *stones*; verða at grjóti, *to be turned into stones*; bera g. á e-n, berja e-n grjóti, *to stone one*.

GRJÓT-BERG, n. *quarry*; -BJÖRG, n. pl. *rocks*; -BURÐR, m. throwing *of stones*; -FLAUG, f. *stone shower*; -FLUTNING, f. *conveyance of stones*; -HLAÐ, n. *stone wall*; -HÓLL, m. *stone mound, stone heap*; -HRÍÐ, f. *shower of stones*; -HÖRGR, m. = -hóll; -KAST, n. *throwing stones*; -KLETTR, m. *boulder*; -LIGR, a. *stony, flinty*; -MÖL, f. *gravel, pebbles*; -PÁLL, m. *in the phrase*, vera grjótpáll fyirir e-u, *to be the chief supporter (mainstay) of*; -SKRIÐA, f. *stone-slip*; -SMIÐR, m. *stone-mason*; -VARTI, m. *cairn of stones*; -VEGGR, m. *stone wall*.

GRÓA (GRÆR, GRERI, GRÓINN), v. (1) *to grow (of vegetation)*; jörð grær, *earth grows*; þá var grund gróin grœnum lauki, *the ground was covered with green herbs*; (2) *to grow together, become joined to* (höfuð konungs var gróit við bolinn); (3) *of wounds, to be healed* (sár hans greru seint); Ingólfr lá í sárum vetr þenna, ok greri yfir at kalla, *his wounds were healed in a way*; *of the person*, gróinn sára sinna, *healed of one's wounds*; g. um heilt, *to be quite healed*; fig. *to be reconciled* (grær um heilt með þeim).

GRÓÐI, m. *growth, increase*.

GRÓÐR (gen. -RAR, pl. -RAR), m. *growth, crop* (blóta til gróðrar).

GRÓÐRAR-LIGR, a. *fertile*; *healing*.

GRÓÐR-SAMR, a. *fertile*; -SETJA (see SETJA), v. *to plant*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *healing* (-vænlig smyrsl).

GRÓF, f. *pit*.

GRÓM-LAUSS, a. *free from shot*.

GRÓMR, m. *blot, dirty spot*.

GRUFLA (AÐ), v. *to grovel an all-fours*.

GRUGGÓTTR, a. *muddy, turbid*.

GRUNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to suspect, mistrust* (Grettir grunaði hann); vera grunaðr um e-t, *to be suspected of*; (2) *to doubt* (ekki grunum vér illvilja yðvarn); (3) *to suppose, guess* (gruna ek, at fjölmenni muni fyrir); (4) impers., mik grunar e-t *or* um e-t, *I suspect, doubt*.

GRUNAN, f. *suspecting, suspicious*.

GRUN-BRUSLIGR, a. *suspicious-looking* (þú ert g. maðr).

GRUND (pl. -IR), f. *green field, grassy plain* (í grundinni hjá þverá).

GRUNDA (AÐ), v. *to meditate on*.

GRUNDAN, f. *meditation*.

GRUNDR, m. *inquiry*; gefa (grafa) grund at e-u, *to inquire into*.

GRUND-VALLA (AÐ), v. *to found*; -VÖLLR, m. *ground for a building* (marka -völl til húss, kirkju); *foundation*; reisa hús af -velli, *to make a building from the ground*.

GRUN-LAUSS, a. *unsuspecting*; trúa guði -laust, *to put absolute faith in God*; vera -lauss af e-u, *to be unsuspected, above suspicion*; -MAURAR, m. pl., only in the phrase, e-n bíta -maurar, *one suspects*.

GRUNN, n. *shallow, shoal*; róa á g., *to run a ground*.

GRUNN-EYGÐR, a. *goggle-eyed*; -FALL, n. *a breaker on a shoal*; -FASTR, a. *fast aground*; -FŒRI, n. pl. *anchor-tackle. cable*; draga upp -fœri, *to weigh anchor*; -HYGGINN, a. *shallow-minded*, silly; -HYGNI, f. *silliness*; -LETTR, a. *thin-faced*.

GRUNNR (-S, -AR), m. *bottom* (of sea or water); til grunns, til grunna, *down to the bottom*; ganga á grunn, *to come to an end* (fig.).

GRUNNR (GRYNNRI, GRYNNSTR), a. *shallow*; standa grunnt, *to be shallow* (vinitta okkur stendr grunnt).

GRUNN-STIGLAÐR, pp. *hard frozen*; -SÆI, f. *simplicity, credulity*; -SÆLIGA, adv. *foolishly*; -SÆLIGR, a. *foolish*; -SÆR, a. *shallow-witted, foolish*; -SÆVI, n. *shallow water*; -ÚÐIGR, a. *shallow-minded*; -ÝÐIGR, f. *shallowness of mind, credulity*.

GRUNR (-AR, -IR), m. *suspicion, doubt, uncertainty* (e-m er grunr á e-u); grafa grun á (um e-t), *to suspect*; hafa grun á e-m um e-t, *to suspect one of a thing*; e-m leikr grunr á um e-t, *one feels suspicious about a thing*; draga gruni á um e-t, *to conceive a suspicion of*; renna grunum á. e-t, *to doubt, to guess at*; búa um grun, *to be suspected*; um grun, *by guile* (sem þetta væri eigi um grun gört).

GRUN-SAMLIGR, a. *suspicous-looking*; -SAMR, a. *suspected* (hafa e-n -saman); -SEMD, f. *suspicion*.

GRUNSEMDAR-LAUSS, a. *free from suspicion*.

GRÚFA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to grovel, to cower or crouch down* (hann grúfði at eldinum; þeir grúfa í skjöldu sina).

GRÚFA, f., in the phrase, liggja á grúfu, *to lie face down, on one's belly*.

GRYFJA, f. *hole, pit*.

GRYNNA (-TI, -T), v. impers. *to become shallower*; grynnir dalinn, *the dale became less deep*; refl., grynnast = grynna (þá er grynntist yfir at landinu).

GRÝFI-LIGA, adv. *hideously*.

GRÝJANDI, f. *dawn* (rare).

GRÝLA, f. (1) *giantess*; (2) *bug-bear* (ekki hirði ek um grýlur yðrar).

GRÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to stone one to death* (g. e-n í hel, til bana); (2) g. á e-n, at e-m, *to pelt one with stones*.

GRÝTA, f. *pot*.

GRÝTING, f. *stoning* (to death).

GRÝTTR, a. *stony*.

GRÝTU-KER, n. *earthen pot*.

GRÆÐ, f. *malice, hostility* (= gráleikr).

GRÆÐGI, f. *greediness, gluttony*.

GRÆSKA, f. *malice* (= græð).

GRŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to make grow*; (2) *to heal* (g. sar, g. sjóka); (3) *to increase*; g. fé, *to make money*; refl., vindrinn grœddist, *the wind increased*; grœðist e-m fé, peningar *one makes money*.

GRŒÐARI, m. *healer, saviour*.

GRŒÐI-LIGR, a. *healable*.

GRŒÐING, f. (1) *growth, increase* (byrr var í grœðingu); (2) *healing, cure* (g. sótta; andlig g.).

GRŒFR, a. *fit to be buried*.

GRŒNAST (-D), v. *to become green*

(grœnist jörð).

GRŒN-FAINN, a. *green-stained*.

GRŒN-LEIKR, m. *greenness, verdure*.

GRŒN-LENDINGR, m. *Greenlander*.

GRŒN-LENZKR, a. *of or belonging to Greenland* (Grœnland).

GRŒNN, a. (1) *green* (g. sem gras); (2) *fresh* (g. fiskr); (3) *good fit*; sá mun nú grœnstr *(the most hopeful choice)* at segja satt.

GRŒN-TÓ, f. *tuft of grass*; -TYRFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to cover with green turf*.

GRŒTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to make one weep, distress one*; grœttr, *grieved*.

GRŒTI, n. pl. *tears, sorrow*.

GRŒTI-LIGR, a. *lamentable, sad*.

GRŒTIR, m. *one who makes another weep* (gýgjar g.).

GRÖF (gen. GRAFAR; pl. GRAFIR and GRAFAR), f. (1) *pit, ditch* (grafa g.); (2) *grave*; þat mein leiddi hann til grafar, *caused his death*.

GRÖFTR (gen. GRAFTAR and GRAFTRAR, dat. GREFTI and GREFTRI), m. (1) *digging* (vera at grefti); (2) *burial, interment*; veita e-m gröft, *to bury*; (3) *tomb*; (4) *carving*.

GRÖN (gen. GRANAR, pl. GRANAR), f. (1) *the hair on the upper lip, moustache* (svá ungr, at eigi mun g. sprottin); (2) *lip*; legðu munn við g., *lay thy mouth to his lips*; e-m bregðr vá fyrir g., *one is startled, alarmed*; bregða grönum, *to draw back the lips, grin*; in pl. *the lips of a cow or bull*.

GRÖN (gen. GRANAR), f. *pine-tree*.

GRÖPTR (gen. GRAPTAR), m. = gröftr.

GRÖSUGR, a. grassy, *grass-grown*.

GUÐ, m. (and n.), *God*.

GUÐDÓM-LIGR, a. *god-like, divine*.

GUÐ-DÓMR, m. *godhead, divinity*; -DÓTTIR, f. *god-daughter*; -FAÐIR, m. *godfather*; -GEFMN, pp. *given by God, inspired*; -HRÆDDR, a. *godfearing*; -HRÆZLA, f. *fear of God*; -LASTA (AÐ), v. *to blaspheme*; -LASTAN, f. *blasphemy*; -LATR, a. *ungodly*; -LEYSI, n. *godlessness*; -LIGR, a. *godlike, divine*; -MAGN, n. = goðmagn; -NÍÐINGR, m. *traitor to God, apostate, renegaade*.

GUÐNIÐING-SKAPR, m. *apostasy*.

GUÐ-RÉTTLIGR, a. *righteous*; -RÆKILIGR, a. *ungodly*; -RÆKR, a. *ungodly*; -RŒKILIGA, adv. *piously*; -RŒKINN, a. *pious*; -SIFI (gen. -SIFJA), m. *'gossip' godfather*; -SIFJAR, f. pl. *spiritual relationship, sponsorship*; veita e-m -sifjar, *to be a sponsor (godfather) to*.

GUÐS-LÖG, n. pl. *the canon law* (halda -lög ok landsins).

GUÐ-SPJALL, n. *gospel*; -SPJALLIGR, a. *evangelical*.

GUÐVEFJAR-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *a suit of clothes made of* guðvefr; -KYRTILL, m., -SKIKKJA, f. *kirtle of* guðvefr.

GUÐ-VEFR, m. *a costly fabic used for garments*, etc.; ? *velvet*.

GUFA, f. *vapour, steam*.

GUGNA (AÐ), v. *to lose heart, quail*.

GUL, n. *gentle breeze*, = gol.

GULA, f. (1) = gola; (2) = gulusótt.

GUL-BRÚNAÐR, *a-yellow-brown*; -GRÁR, a. *yellow-grey*; -GRŒNN, a. *yellow-green* (í gulgrœnum kyrtli).

GULL, n. (1) *gold*; (2) = fingrgull.

GULL-ALDR, m. *golden age*; -AUÐIGR, a. *rich in gold*; -AUÐR, m. *wealth in gold*; -BAND, n. *golden head-band*; -BAUGR, m. *gold ring*; -BITLAÐR, a. *golden-bitted*; -BITULL, m. *bit (bridle) of gold*; -BJARTR, a. *bright as gold*; -BÓKA (AÐ), v. *to embroider in gold*; -BÓLA, f. (1) *gold boss*; (2) *golden bull* (bulla aurea); -BRYNJA, f. *golden coat of mail*; -BÚINN, pp. *orna-*

mented with gold; -BOLLR, m. *golden ball*; -DÁLKR, m. *gold pin*; -FESTR, f. *gold chain*; -FJALLAÐR, pp. *embroidered in gold*; -GÓÐR, a. *of pure gold*; -GÓRR, a. *made of gold*; -HAGR, a. *skilled in working gold*; -HÁLSAR, m. pl. *gold-necks, lordlings*; -HÁRR, a. *golden-haired*; -HELLA, f. *bar of gold*; -HJALT, n. *gold hill*; -HJÁLMR, m. *golden helmet*; -HLAÐ, n. *gold lace* (esp. to tie up the hair with); -HLAÐINN, pp. *laced with gold*; -HRINGR, m. gold ring; -HÚS, n. jewel-chest; -HYRNDR, a. *golden-horned*.

GULLIN-BURSTI, m. *gold-mane*; -HJALTI, m. *golden-hilt* (a sword with a hilt of gold); -KAMBI, m. *gold comb*.

GULLINN, a. golden.

GULL-KNAPPR, m. *gold button*; *gold knob*; -KNÚTR, m. *gold knot*; -KÓRÓNA, f. *golden crown*; -LEGGJA (see leggja), v. *to lace with gold*; -LIGR, a. *golden, of gold*; -MÁL, n. *inlaid figure of gold*; -MEN, n. *gold necklace*; -MIÐLANDI, m. *distributor ofvgold*; -NISTI, n. *gold pin*; -OFINN, pp. *gold-woven*; -REKINN, pp. *inlaid with gold* (-rekit spjót); -RENDR, a. *gold-striped*; -RITINN, pp. *written in gold*; -ROÐINN, pp. *gilt*; -SAUMAÐR, pp. *embroidered with gold*; -SETTR, pp. *gold-mounted*; -SKILLINGR, m. *gold shilling*; -SKOTINN, pp. *woven with gold*; -SKÓR, m. *gold shoe*; -SMEITTR, pp., -SMELTR, pp. *gold-enamelled* (of a shield); -SMIÐR, m. *goldsmith*; -SMÍÐ, f. *goldsmith's work, working in gold*; -SPÁNN, m. (1) *gold ornament* (on ships); (2) *gold spoon*; -SPROTI, m. *gold sceptre*; -STAFAÐR, pp. *gold-striped*; -STAFR, m. *golden letter*; -STEINDR, pp. *gilt*; -STÖNG, f. *bar of gold*; -STYLGJA, f. *gold brooch*; -TAFLA, f. *golden piece* (used in playing); -TEINN, m. *golden rod*; -VAFIÐR, pp. *wound with gold*; -VEGGR, m. *golden wall*; -VIÐJAR, f. pl. *gold withies*; -VÖNDR, m. *golden wand*.

GULR, a. *yellow* (gult silki).

GUL-RENDR, a. *gold-striped*.

GULU-SÓTT, f. *jaundice*.

GUMI (pl. GUMAR), m. *man* (poet.).

GUMNAR, m. pl. *men (poet.)*; gumna synir, *the sons of men*.

GUMPR, m. *bollom, fundament*.

GUMSA (AÐ), v. *to scoff at, mock*.

GUNNAR-FÚSS, -GJARN, a. *eager for battle*.

GUNN-FÁNI, m. *'gonfarron', war-banner*; *processional banner*.

GUNN-HEILAGR, a. *invulnerable*; -HVATR, a. *warlike*.

GUNNR (gen. -AR, dat. and acc. -I), f. *war, battle (poet.)*.

GUNN-TAMIÐR, pp. *used to war*.

GUSS, n. *fuss*; GUSSA (AÐ), v. *to make fuss and noise*.

GUSTA (AÐ), v. *to blow in gusts*.

GUST-ILLIR, a. *having foul breath*; -KALDR, a. *gusty, chilly* (veðrit var gustkalt); -MIKILL, a. *gusty*.

GUSTR, m. (1) *gust*; (2) *smell*.

GYÐINGA-LAND, n. *Palestine*; -SKIRN, f. *circumcision*.

GYÐING-LIGR, a. *Jewish*.

GYÐINGR (-S, -AR), m. *Jew*.

GYÐJA, f. (1) *goddess*; (2) *priestess*.

GYLFI, m. *prince, king* (poet.).

GYLFRA, f. (1) *ogress witch*; (2) er þat helzt við orði, at gylfrum gangi vinittan, *it is rumoured that your friendship is all gone to the dogs*.

GYLLA (-DA, -DR and -TA, -TR), v. *to gild*; g. hóli, *to flatter*.

GYLLING, f. (1) *gilding*; (2) pl. *vain praise* (fara með glyllingar).

GYLTA, f. *young sow*.

GYLTR, f. *young sow*.

GYMBILL, m. *he-lamb*.

GYMBR (gen. -RAR), f. *ewe-lamb*.

GYRÐA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to gird* (with a belt); g. sik, *to gird oneself, fasten one's belt* (cf. gyrðr í brœkr); g. sik með sverði, *to gird on a sword*; (2) *to girth* (g. hest, g. söðul).

GYRÐILL, m. (1) *girdle*; (2) *purse* (hon lét féit í gyrðilinn).

GYRJA, v. *to stain with blood*.

GYS, n., GYSS, m. *mocking*; gera gys at e-u, *to mock at a thing*.

GYZKI, m. *wonder* (rare).

GÝGR (gen. -JAR, pl. -JAR), f. *giantess, hag* (þar bjó ein gýgr).

GÆFA, f. *goodluck*; bera gæfu til e-s, *to have luck in a thing*.

GÆFR, a. *quiet, meek*; þat er mér ok gæfast, *that is most pleasant to me*.

GÆFU-DRJÚGR, a. *lucky*; -FÁTT, a. n., e-m er -fátt, *one has little luck*; -HLUTR, m. *share of good luck*; -LAUSS, a. *luckless*; -LEYSI, n. *lucklessness*; -MAÐR, m. *lucky man*; -MANNLIGR, a. *as a lucky man*; -MIKILL, a. *having great luck*; -MUNR, m. *difference in luck*; -RAUN, f. *trial of luck*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *luckily*; -SAMLIGR, a. *lucky*; -SKIPTI, n. *turn or change of luck*; -SKORTR, m. *want of luck*; -VANT, a. n. *wanting in luck*.

GÆGJAST (ð), v. refl. *to bend eagerly forward and peep*.

GÆR, adv. only with the prep. í; (1) *yesterday* (vara þat nú né í gær); (2) poet. *tomorrow* (þótt nú eðr gær deyjum).

GÆRA, f. *sheepskin with the wool on*.

GÆR-DAGR, m. *yesterday*; -KVELD, n. *yesterday evening*.

GÆTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to watch, take care of, guard*, with gen.; g. skóklæða e-s, *to take care of one's shoes*; g. dura í höllinni, *to guard the door of the hall*; g. kúa, hesta, *to tend cows, horses*; g. dóma, *to observe justice*; g. ráðsins, *to take heed to the advice*; g. til e-s, *to mind, take care of, attend to* (svá gættu þeir til, at ekki varð at); (2) refl., ok um þat gættust, *and took counsel together*.

GÆTI-LIGA, adv. *heedfully*.

GÆTINN, a. *heedful, wary*.

GÆTIR, m. *keeper, warder*.

GÆTTI, n. *door-frame, doorpost*; hurð var á g., *the door was ajar*.

GÆTUR, f. pl., hafa g. á e-u, gefa g. at e-u, *to take care of, mind*.

GÆZLA, f. *watch, keeping*.

GÆZLU-ENGILL, m. *guardian angel*; -LAUSS, a. *unguarded*; -MAÐR, m. *keeper*; -SÓTT, f. *an illness which involves watching over the patient*.

GŒÐA (-DDS, -DDR), v. (1) *to endow, enrich* (g. e-n fé ok virðingu); (2) *to increase*; g. rás, ferð, *to quicken the pace*; g. róðrinn, *to quicken the stroke, pull quicker*; adding the prep. á; svá mikit gœddi þetta á, *it increased so much, went to such a pitch*; var þá nökkuru heimskari en áðr, ef á mátti g., *sillier, if possible, than before*.

GŒÐA-LAUSS, a. *void of good things, barren* (gœðalaust land).

GŒÐI, n. pl. *good or profitable things, boons, emoluments*.

GŒÐINGR (-S, -AR), m. *nobleman, chief* (konungr ok hans gœðingar).

GŒL, n. = gœlingar-orð.

GŒLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to comfort, soothe* (verð á mik gœla).

GŒLING, f. *soothing*; GŒLINGAR-ORÐ, n. pl. soothing words.

GŒZKA, f. (1) *goodness, kindness*; (2) *good things* (= gœði).

GŒZKU-FULLR, a. *full of goodness, merciful*; -LAUSS, a. *merciless*; -SAMLIGR, a. *good, kind*; -VERK, n. *charitable deed*.

GÖFGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to worship* (g. goð); (2) *to honour* (g. dróttins-dag).

GÖFGAN, f. *worshipping*; GÖFGARI, m. *worshipper*.

GÖFUG-KVENDI, n. *noble woman, lady*; -LÁTR, a. *worshipful, generous*; -LEIKR, m. *worshipfullness, highness*; -LIGR, a. (1) *worshipful, noble-looking*; (2) *magnificent* (-ligr staðr); -MENNI, n. *noble, worshipful man*; -MENNR, a. *with many worshipful men*.

GÖFUGR (GÖFGARI, GÖFGASTR), a. *noble, worshipful* (g. at kyni).

GØGN, GØGNUM, see 'gegn, gegnum'.

GÖLTR (gen. GALTAR, dat. GELTI; pl. GELTIR), m. *boar, hog*.

GÖNG, n. pl. *passage* (ór kastala vóru göng upp í kirkju).

GÖNGU-DRYKKJA, f. *drinking-bout*; -FŒRI, n. = gang-fœri; -FŒRR, a. *able to walk*; -KONA, f. vagrant woman; -LÍÐ, n. (1) *footmen, infantry*; (2) *help, assistance*.

GÖNGULL, a. *running much about*.

GÖNGU-MAÐR, a. *beggar, vagrant*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *beggar-like, beggarly*; -SVEINN, m. *vagrant, tramp*; GØR, n. poet. *flock*.

GØRA, GØRVA (-ÐA, -ÐR, and GÖRR), v. (1) *to make, construct, build* (g. hús skip, haug); g. bók, *to write a book*; (2) *to set in order, prepare, perform*, &c.; g. veizlu, *to make a banquet*; g. seið, blót, *to perform a sacrifice*; g. ferð, *to make a journey*; g. ráð sitt, *to make up one's mind*; g. ráð með e-m, *to take counsel with, advise one*; (3) *to contract* (g. vináttu, félagskap); (4) *to grant, render*; g. kost, *to give a choice*; (5) with acc. of an adj.; g. sik líkan e-m, *to make oneself like to, imitate one*; g. sik reiðan, *to take offence*; g. skjót-kørit, *to make a quick choice*; (6) *to do, act*; g. gott (illt), *to do good (evil)*; hefir hann marga hluti gört stór-vel til min, *I have received many great benefits at his hands*; g. e-m gagn, *to give help to one*; (7) *to do, avail*; þat mun ekki g., *that won't do*; ekki gørir at dylja, *it is no use denying it*; (8) *to send, dispatch* (hann gørði þegar menn frá sér); (9) *to beget* (af henni gørði hann hinn fyrsta soninn); (10) *to judge or arbitrate in a case* (= g. um mál); *to fix the amount of a fine* (gørði Njáll hundrað silfrs); g. sér e-t, *to adjudge to oneself*; (11) with infin. as an auxiliary verb; ef hón gørði koma, *if she did come*; gørðit hón hjúfra, *she did not wail*; (12) impers. *one becomes*; hann gørði fölvan, *he turned pale*; veðr gørði hvast, *a gale arose*; brið mikla gørði at þeim, *they were overtaken by a storm*; mér gørir svefnhöfugt *I grow sleepy*; (13) with preps., g. mikit af sér, *to distinguish oneself*; g. e-t af e-m, *to extort (take) from one*; g. e-t af við e-n, *to wrong a person, transgress against one* (ek hefi engan hlut af gørt við þik); g. góðan (mikinn) róm at máli e-s, *to cheer (praise) another's speech*; g. at e-u, *to mend, put right* (tekr bann kníf ok gørir at skónum); *to heal* (kannt þú nókkut g. at slíkum meinum); hann gørði þat eina at, er hann átti, *he did only what he ought*; slíkt gørir at, er sölin etr, *so it happens when one eats seaweed*; g. at skapi e-s, *to conform to one's wishes*; g. at álitum, *to take into consideration*; g. sér úgetit at e-u, *to be displeased with*; g. á hluta e-s, *to wrong one, do harm to*; g. fáleika á sik, *to make oneself look sad*; g.

eptir e-m, *to send for one*; g. e-t eptir, *to imitate*; g. ráð fyrir e-u, *to suppose*; g. sér mikit (lítit) fyrir, *to make great (small) efforts*; g. sér e-t hug, *to resolve, plan*; g. sér gott hug, *to be easy in mind*; g. milli (á m.) e-m, *to decide between*; g. til e-rra, *to make preparations for*; g. e-t til, *to prepare, make ready, dress meat*; g. til e-s, *to de serve a thing*; hvat hafðir þú til gört, *what hadst thou done to deserve it?*; g. sœmdir til e-s, *to confer honour upon one*; g. til saka við e-n, *to transgress against one*; g. um mál, *to arbitrate in a case* (þær urðu málalyktir, at Þórdr skyldi g. um); g. mikit um sik, *to make a great noise*; g. sér mikit um e-t, *to make much of, admire*; g. upp, *to rebuild, restore* (g. upp hús, skála); g. e-n upp, *to upset one*; g. e-n útan, *to banish, exile* (Flosi var görr útan); g. e-t við e-n, *to do with one* (þá var um rœtt, hvat við þá skyldi g.); g. við e-u, *to prevent*; (14) refl., gørast, *to become, arise* (þá gørðist hlátr); sá atburðr gørðist, *it came to pass*; gørðist með þeim félagskapr, *they entered into fellowship*; gørast konungr, *to become king*; svá gørðist, at, *it so happened, that*; impers., næsta gørist mér kynligt, *I feel rather uneasy*; gørast ferðar sinnar, *to set out for a journey*; with infin., ár var þat er Guðrún gørðist at deyja, *was nigh to death*; g. í, *to occur, happen* (sögdu þeir konungi, hvat í hafði görzt); g. til e-s, *to set about doing* (þessir menn hafa görzt til svá mikils stórrœðis).

GÖR-BŒNN, a. *begging hard, impotunate* (gørast g. við e-n).

GØRÐ, f. (1) *making, building*; (2) *doing, act, deed*; orð ok gørðir, *words and deeds*; (3) *arbitration, award*; leggja mál í g., *to submit a case to arbitration*; taka menn til gørðar, *to choose umpires*; segja *or* lúka upp g., *to deliver the arbitration*.

GØRÐAR-MAÐR, m. *umpire*.

GØR-FARINN, pp. *quite gone, quite lost*; -HUGALL, a. *very heedful, mindful*.

GÖRLA, adv. *quite, fully* (vita g.).

GÖRN (pl. GARNAR and GARNIR), f. *gut*.

GÖRNING, f. *doing, deed*.

GØRNINGA-HRIÐ, f. *a storm raised by witchcraft*; -MAÐR, m. *sorcerer*.

GØRNINGAR, f. pl. *witchcraft, sorcery*.

GØRNINGA-SÓTT, f. *sickness caused by sorcery*; -STAKKR, m. *enchanted jacket*; -VEÐR, n. = -hrið; -VÆTTR, f. *witch*.

GØRNINGR, m. = gørning.

GØRÓTTR, a. *poisonous* (g. er drykkrinn, ái!).

GÖRR, GØRR, GERR (acc. GÖRVAN), a. and pp. (1) *skilled, accomplished* (vel at sér g.); leggja görva hönd á e-t, *to to be an adept, a master in a thing*; (2) *ready, willing* (g. gull at bjóða). with gen., g. ills hugar, *prone to evil* skulut þess görvir, *be ready for that!* (3) svá gört, *so done, so*; verða menn þat svá gört at hafa, *it must be so* at svá görvu, *this being the case*.

GØRR, adv. compar., GØRST, adv. superl. *more, most fully*.

GØR-RÆÐI, n. *arbitrary act*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *altogether, quite*.

GØR-SEMI, -SIMI (pl. -SEMAR), f. *costly thing, jewel, treasure*; -SIMLIGR, a. *costly*.

GØR-TŒKI, n. *unlawful seizure of another man's property*.

GØRVA, v. = gera, gøra.

GÖRVA (GØRVA, GERVA), adv. *quite, clearly*; muna g., *to remember clearly*; ef þú g. kannar, *if thou search closely* cf. gørr, gørst.

GÖRV-ALLR, a. *entire, whole*.

GØRVI (pl. GØRVAR), f. *gear, apparel*;

-BÚR, n. *store-house*.
GØRVI-LEIKR, m. *accomplishments*; -LIGR, a. *accomplished, doughty*.
GÖTU-BREIDD, f. *breadth of a road*; -LEYSI, n. *pathless tract*; -NISTI, n. *provisions for a journey*; -SKARÐ, n. *a defile with a path through it*.
GÖTVA (AÐ), v. *to bury*.
GÖTVAÐR, m. *slayer* (?).

H

HADDA, f. *pot-hook, pot-handle*.

HADD-BJARTR, a. *light-haired*, = bjarthaddaðr; -BLIK, n. *bleaching the hair*.

HADDR (-S, -AR), m. *a lady's hair*.

HAÐNA, f. *a young she-goat*.

HAF, n. *the sea*, esp. *the high sea, ocean*; sigla (láta) í h., sigla á h. út, *to put to sea*; hann dó í hafi, *he died at sea*.

HAF, n. *lifting* (úlíkligr til hafs).

HAFA (HEFI; HAFÐA, HÖFÐUM; HAFÐR), v. (1) *to have* (þeir höfðu sjau skip ok flest stór); h. elda, *to keep up a five*; (2) *to hold, celebrate* (h. vinaboð, blót, þing); (3) *to keep, retain* (rifu þær vefinn í sundr, ok hafði hverr þat er hélt á); (4) *to use* (tvau net eru rý, ok hafa eigi höfð verit); orð þau sem hann hafði um haft, *which he had made use of*; h. fagrmæli við e-n, *to flatter one*; h. hljóðmæli við e-n, *to speak secretly to one*; h. tvimæli á e-u, *to speak doubtfully of a thing*; h. viðrmæli um e-t, *to use mocking words*; hann var mjök hafðr við mál manna, *much used to, versed in, lawsuits*; (5) *to have, hold, maintain*; h. vináttu við e-n, *to maintain friendship with one*; h. hættumikit, *to run a great risk*; h. heilindi, *to have good health*; (6) *to bring, carry*; h. e-n heim með sér, *to bring one home*; hann hafði lög, út hingat ór Noregi, *he brought laws hither from Norway*; h. sik *(to betake oneself)* til annara landa; (7) *to take, carry off*; troll hafi þik, *the trolls take thee*; (8) *to get, gain, win*; hann hafði eigi svefn, *he got no sleep*; hefir sá jafnan, er hættir, *he wins that ventures*; h. gagn, sigr, *to gain victor*; h. meira hlut, *to get the upper hand, gain the day*; h. betr (verr), *to get the better (worse) of it*; h. sitt mál, *to win one's suit*; h. tafl, *to win the game*; h. erendi, *to do one's errand, succeed*; h. bana, *to suffer death, to die*; h. sigr, *to be worsted*; h. góðar viðtökur, *to be well received*; h. tíðindi af e-m, *to get tidings of, or from, one*; h. sœmd, óvirðing af e-m, *to get honour, disgrace from one*; with gen., h. e-s ekki, *to fail to catch one* (hann kemst á skóg undan, ok höfðu þeir hans ekki); ekki munu vér hans h. at sinni, *we shall not catch him at present*; (9) *to wear carry* (clothes, weapons); hann hafði blán kyrtil, *he wore a blue kirtle*; h. kylfu í hendi sér, *to have a club in one's hand*; (10) *to behave, do, or fare, so an so* esp. with an adv.; h. vel, illa, vetr, *to behave (do) well, badly, be worse*; hafa sik vel, *to behave*; hafa vel, *to be well off or happy*; h. hart, *to be in a wretched plight*; (11) with infin., h. at varðveita, *to have in keeping* at selja, *to have on sale*; lög hafið þér at mæla, *you are right*; (12) h. e-n nær e-u, *to expose one to* (þú hafðir svá nær haft oss úfœru); h. nær e-u, *to come near to*, esp. impers.; nær hafði okkr nú, *it was a narrow escape*; svá nær hafði hausinum, at, *the shot so nearly touched the head, that*; ok er nær hafði, skipit mundi fljóta, *when the ship was on the point of flloating*; (13) as an auxiliary verb, in the earliest time with the pp. of transitive verbs in acc.; hefir þú hamar um fólginn, *hast thou hidden the hammer?*; ek hefi sendan mann, *I have sent a man*; later with indecl. neut. pp.; hefir þú eigi sét mik, *hast thou not*

seen me?; (14) with preps.; h. e-t at, *to do, act*; hann tók af þér konuna, en þú hafðir ekki at, *but thou didst not stir, didst take it tamely*; absol., viltu þess freista, ok vita hvat at hafi, *wilt thou try and see what happens?*; h. e-t at hlífiskildi (skotspœni), *to use as a shield (as a target)*; h. e-n háði, hlátri, *to mock, laugh at*; h. e-t at engu, vettugi, *to hold for naught, take no notice of*; h. sakir á e-n *have charges against one*; h. á rás, *to take to one's heels, run off*; h. e-t eptir, *to do or repeat a thing after one*; h. e-t fram, *to produce* (vápn þorgils vóru fram höfð); *to carry out, hold forth*; h. mál fram, *to proceed with a suit*; var um búit, ekki fram haft, *all was made ready but nothing done*; h. e-t frammi, í frammi, *to use, make use of* (h. í frammi kúgan); ok öll lögmæt skil frammi hafa, *and discharge all on official duties*; h. e-t fyrir satt, *to hold for true*; eigi em ek þar fyrir sönnu hafðr, *I am not truly aimed for that, it is a false charge*; h. e-n fyrir sökum um e-t, *to charge one with*; h. í hótum við e-n, *to threaten one*; h. e-t með höndum, *to have in hand*; höfum eiai sigrinn ór hendi, *let not victory slip out of our hands*; h. ór við e-n, *to behave so and so towards one* (hefir þú illa ór haft við mik); h. e-t til e-s *to use for* (höfðu þeir til varnar skot ok spjót); *to be a reason or ground for*; vér hyggjum þat til þess haft vera, at þar hafi menn sézt, *we believe the foundation of the story is that men have been seen there*; h. mikit (lítit) til síns máls, *to have much (little) in support of one's case*; h. e-t til, *to have at hand, possess*; orð þau, sem hann hafði um haft, *the words which he had used*; keisari hafði fátt um, *did not say much*; h. e-n undir, *to get one under, subdue one*; h. e-t uppi, *to take (heave) up* (h. uppi fœri, net); Skarpheðinn hafði uppi øxina, *S. heaved up the axe*; h. flokk uppi, *to raise a party, to rebel*; h. uppi tafl, *to play at a game*; h. e-n uppi, *to bring one to light*; h. uppi rœður, *to begin a discussion*; h. e-t úti, *to have done, finished* (h. úti sitt dagsverk); h. við e-m, *to be a match for one*; h. sik við, *to exert oneself*; h. mikit (lítit) við, *to make a great (little) display*; hann söng messu ok bafði mikit við, *and made much of it*; hann bad jarl leita, bann hafði lítit við þat, *he did it lightly*; haf ekki slíkt við, *do not say so*; haf þú lítit við at eggja sonu þina, *refrain from egging on thy sons*; (15) refl., hafast, *to dwell, abide*; þeir höfðust mjök í ferðum, *they spent much of their life in travelling*; hafast vel, *to do well, thrive* (vaxa ok vel h.); h. at, *to do*; Lambi sá hvat Steinarr hafðist at, *what he was doing*; h. við, *to dwell, stay* (hér mun ek við hafast); h. vel við, *to bear oneself well up*; h. orð við, *to speak to one another*.

HAFANDI, pr. p. *being with child*.

HAF-BÁRA, f. *wave*; -FUGL, m. *sea-bird*; -FŒRANDI, pr. p. *sea-going, sea-worthy*; -GERÐINGR, f. pl. *tremendous waves*; -GJÁLFR, n. *roar of the sea*; -GOLA, f. *sea-breeze*; -GUFA, f. *mermaid*; -HALLT, adv. *standing seawards*; -HRÚTR, m. *sea-ram*; -ÍSS, m. *drift ice*; -KALDR, a. *cold as the sea*; -LEIÐ, f. *standing seawards*; stefna -leið, *to stand seawards*; -LEIÐIS, adv. *seawards*; -LIGR, a. *marine*.

HAFNA (AÐ), v. *to forsake, abandon*, with dat. (h. fornum sið, blótum ok heiðnum góðum); kýr hafnaði átinu, *the cow left off eating*.

HAFNAN, f. *abandonment, forsaking* (h. heimsins, veraldar).

HAFNAR-DYRR, f. pl. *entrance of a haven*

(höfn).

HAFNAR-FELDR, m. *a shaggy cloak for everyday use*.

HAFNAR-MARK, n. *harbour mark*; -MERKI, n. *harbour mark*; -TOLLR, m. *harbour toll*.

HAFNAR-VAÐMÁL, -VÁÐ, n. *plain stuff*.

HAFN-BORG, f. *sea borough, sea-port*.

HAF-NEST, n. *provisions for a voyage*.

HAFN-LEYSA, f. *harbourless coast*; -LEYSI, n. *harbourless coast*; -LIGR, a. *harbour-like*.

HAFR (-RS, -RAR), m. *he-goat, buck*.

HAFR-BELGR, m. = -staka.

HAF-REK, m. *wreck, jetsam*; -REKA, a., -REKINN, pp. *tossed or driven about on the sea*.

HAFR-STAKA, f. *goat's skin*.

HAF-RŒÐR, a. *sea-worthy* (hafrœðr sexæringr).

HAFS-BOTN, m. *gulf* (firðir ok hafsbotnar); -GEIL, f. *sea-lane*.

HAF-SKIP, n. *a sea-going ship*; -SKRIMSL, n. *sea-monster*.

HAFS-MEGIN, n. *the main, high sea*.

HAF-STORMR, m. *storm at sea*; -STRAMBR, m. *fabulous sea-monster*.

HAFT, n. (1) *bond, chain*; esp. pl., höft, *fetters*; sitja í höftum, *to be in fetters*; halda e-n í höftum, *to keep one in bonds*; (2) pl., höft, *gods*.

HAFTA, f. *female prisoner, bondwoman* (h. ok hernuma).

HAFTR, m. *male prisoner, bondman*.

HAF-TYRÐILL, m. *little auk*; -VELKTR, pp. *sea-tossed*; -VIÐRI, *sea-breeze*; -VILLA, f. *loss of one's course at sea*; -VILLR, a. *having lost one's course at sea*.

HAGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to manage, arrange*, with dat. (svá skulu vér h. inngöngu vorri); fénu var hagat til gæzlu, *the money was taken into keeping*; with adv., hvernig skulum vér þá til h., *how shall we arrange it*; h. svá til, at, *to arrange or contrive it so that*; h. e-m til e-s, *to turn out so and so for one* (þat hagaði Ólafi til mikils harms); (2) *to suit, be suitable* (skip með þeim farmi, sem ek veit vel hagar til Íslands).

HAGA-BEIT, f. *grazing*; -GARÐR, m. *fence round a pasture-field*.

HAG-FASTR, a. *grazing constantly on the same pasture*; -FÁTT, a. n. *short of grazing* (málnytu verðr hag-fátt).

HAG-FELDR, a. *meet, fit, suitable* (ek mun þér h.; hagfelt erindi).

HAGI, m. *pasture, field for grazing*; var hestum h. fenginn, *the horses were put out to grass*.

HAG-JÖRÐ, f. *pasture land*.

HAG-KEYPI, n. *good bargain*.

HAGL, n. *hail*; -HRIÐ, f. *hail-storm*.

HAG-LEIKR, m. *skill in handicraft*.

HAGLEIKS-GØRÐ, f. *fine workmanship*; -MAÐR, m. *handicraftsman, artist*.

HAG-LIGA, adv. *skilfully, handily, neatly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *skilful, handy, neat*; (2) *fit, proper, convenient*.

HAGL-KORN, n. *hailstone*; -STEINN, m. *hailstone*; -VINDR, m. *hail-storm*.

HAG-MÝRR, f. *pasture, marsh*.

HAG-MÆLTR, a. *well-spoken*.

HAGNA (AÐ), v. *to be meet for one*; hvárum ykkrum hefir betr hagnat, *which of you has had the best luck?*

HAGNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *advantage*.

HAG-NÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to make use of, have profit of*.

HAGR, a. *handy, skilful* (h. maðr á tré ok járn).

HAGR (-S, -IR), m. (1) *state, condition, affairs* (hvat er nú um hagi þína?); (2) *means* (ef hann hefir eigi hag til at fœra

þau fram); (3) *favour, advantage*; í hag e-m, *to one's advantage* at högum, *suitably*.

HAG-RÁÐ, n. *opportunity*; -RÁÐR, a. *giving wise counsel*; -RÆÐA (-RÆDDA, -RÆTT), v. *to put right* (fyrir sér); -RÆÐI, n. *service* (gera e-m hagræði); -SKEYTR, a. *a good shot*; -SKIPTI, n. *fair bargain*.

HAGS-MUNIR, m. pl. *profit, advantage*.

HAG-SPAKLIGR, a. *practical, wise*; -SPEKI, f. *forethought, good sense*; -STŒÐR, a. fair, favourable (-stœðr byrr); -TŒKR, a. *practical*; -ÞORN, -ÞYRNIR, m. *hawthorn*.

HAKA (gen. HÖKU), f. *chin*.

HALA-BRODDR, m. *point of a tail*; -FERÐ, f. *the rear*; -LANGR, a. *long-tailed*; -TAFL, n. *a kind of game*.

HALD, n. (1) *hold, fastening*; (2) *keeping in repair* (fyrir h. kirkju); (3) *support, backing* (hann hefir nú h. mikit af konungi); h. ok traust, *help and support in need*; koma e-m at haldi, í hald, *to be of use or help to one*; hér kemr illa í h., *it does little good*; (4) *custody* (Ólafr konungr tók þá við haldi Hræreks konungs); (5) *esteem* (vera með e-m í góðu haldi); (6) *keeping, observance* (cf. jóla-hald, drottinsdaga hald).

HALDA (HELD; HÉLT, HÉLDUM; HALDINN), v. I. with dat. (1) *to hold fast* (Gunnarr var kyrr svá at honum hélt einn maðr); *to keep back, restrain* (Hrafn fekk eigi haldit henni heima); (2) *to withhold* (héldu bœndrgjaldinu); (3) *to keep, retain* (þú skalt jafhan þessu sæti h.); *to preserve* (h. virðingu sinni, lífi ok limum); h. vöku sinni, *to keep oneself awake*; (4) *to hold, keep one's stock*; also ellipt. (vetr var illr ok héldu menn illa); (5) *phrases*, h. njósnum, *to keep watch, to spy* (= h. njósnum til um e-t); h. (hendi) fyrir auga, *to hold (the hand) before the eyes, shade the eyes*; h. hendi yfir e-m, *to protect one*; (6) *to hold, stand, steer*, ellipt., þeir héldu aptr *(held back again)* um haustit; þeir héldu út eptir fírði, *they stood out the firth*; h. heim, *to steer homewards*; (7) *to graze, put in the field* (h. fé til haga); (8) impers. *to continue, last* (hélt því lengi um vetrinn); II. with acc. (1) *to hold in possession, a fief, land, estate* (þeir héldu alla hina beztu staði með sjónum); (2) *to hold, keep, observe*, a feast, holiday (í hvers minning heldr þú þenna. dag?); (3) *to keep* (h. orð sín, eið, sættir, frið); *to observe* (h. guðs lög ok landsins); (4) *to uphold, maintain, support* (h. vini sína, h. e-n til ríkis); (5) h. sik, *to comport oneself* (kunna h. sik með hófi); h. sik ríkmannliga, *to fare sumptuously*; h. sik aptr af e-u, *to abstain from*; (6) *to hold, consider, deem* (hón hélt engan hans jafningja); (7) *to hold, keep up*; h. varnir, *to keep up a defence*; h. vörð, *to keep watch*; (8) *to hold, compel, bind* (heldr mik þá ekki til útanferðar); þó heldr þik várkunn til at leita á, *thou hast some excuse for trying*; III. with preps., h. á e-u, *to hold, wield in the hand* (h. á sverði); *to hold to a thing, go on with it, be busy about* (h. á drykkju, á ferð sinni, á sýslu); h. e-t af e-m, *to hold* (land, office) *from or of one* (þeir er höfðu haldið land af Danakonungi); h. mikit af e-m, *to make much of one*; h. eptir e-m, *to pursue one*; h. e-u eptir, *to keep back*; h. sik frá e-u, *to keep oneself back from, refrain from*; h. e-u fram, *to uphold, support*; h. e-u fyrir e-u, *to withhold from one*; *to protect against* (héldu engar grindr fénu fyrir birninum); h. e-n fyrir e-t, *to hold, consider one to be so and so* (síðan hélt konungr Erling fyrir tryggvan vin); h. í e-t, *to hold fast, grasp* (þú skalt h. í hurðarhringinn); h. til e-s,

to be the cause of, be conducive to; heldr þar margt til þess, *there are many reasons for this*; hélt til þess *(conduced to it)* góðgirni hans; h. til e-s, *to be bent on, fond of* (h. mjök til skarts, til gleði); h. til jafns við e-n, *to bear up* against *one, to be a match for one*; h. um e-t, *to grasp with the hand* (= h. hendi um e-t); h. barni undir skírn, *to hold at baptism*; h. e-u upp, *to hold aloft, lift* (h. upp höndum); h. upp árum, *to hold up the oars, cease pulling*; *to uphold, maintain, support* (h. upp hofum, kristninni); *to keep going* (h. upp bardaga); *to discharge* (h. upp kostnaði, bótum); h. upp bœnum fyrir e-m, *to pray for one*; h. e-u við, *to maintain a thing*; h. við e-m, *to stand against* (hvar sem harm kom fram, hélt ekki við honum); impers. *to be on the point of*; hélt þá við atgöngu (acc.), *they were near coming to fight*; heldr nú við hót, *it is little short of threats*; IV. refl., haldast, *to hold oneself, stay* (mátti hann eigi þar h.); *to hold out, continue, last* (hélzt vinátta með þeim); *to be kept safe and sound*; menn allir héldust *(all hands were saved)* ok svá fé; *to be valid, stand* (engi má h. dómr hans); h. á, *to pull one against another, wrestle, fight*; impers., e-m helzt vel (illa) á e-u, *one has good (bad) luck with a thing* (mér helzt lítt á sauðamönnum); h. við, *to stay, remain*; h. við e-m, *to resist, make a stand against one* (hélzt þá ekki við honum).

HALD-GÓÐR, a. *lasting, durable*.

HALDINN, pp. (1) *in such and such a state*; vel h., *in good condition, well to do, doing well*; þungliga h., *very ill*; (2) *satisfied with* (Hrani sagðist ekki af því h. vera); (3) heilu ok höldnu, *safely, safe and sound*.

HALDIN-ORÐR, a. *discreet, close*; -YRÐI, n. *discreetness*.

HALD-KVÆMAST (D), v. refl. *to avail, be of use to* (-kvæmast e-m).

HALD-KVÆMD, f. *convenience, comfort*; -KVÆMILIGR, a. *convenient*; -KVÆMR, a. *convenient, useful*; -SAMR, a. *holding close*; vera -samr á e-u, *to keep it close*; -SEMI, f. (1) *fast holding*; (2) *closeness, stinginess*.

HALI, m. *tail*; leika (veifast um) lausum hala, *to play with a loose tail, to be unrestrained*; bera brattan halann, *to cock up the tail, to be proud*; draga eptir sér halann, *to drag the tail, to play the coward*.

HALLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to incline or turn sideways*, with dat. (h. keri, skipi); (2) *to sway to the wrong side* (= h. til um. e-t); h. sögu, *to give an unfair report*; h. nökkurum orðum til, *to let fall a few words*; h. eptir e-m, *to be biassed in one's favour*; h. sér, *to lean with one's body*; impers. *to lie over*, with dat. (hallaði honum svá, at sjór féll inn á annat borð); sólu hallar, *the sun sinks*; vetri hallar, *the winter is declining*; tafli hallar á e-n, *the game turns against one*; (3) *to slope* (hann skildi eigi fyrr við þá en hallaði af norðr); (4) refl., hallast, *to lean with the body*; *to lie over* (þá tók mjök at h. Ormrinn); á þá hallaðist bardaginn, *the battle turned against them*; h. eptir e-u, *to sway towards a thing*.

HALLAR-BÚNAÐR, -BÚNINGR, m. *hangings of a hall*; -DYRR, f. pl. *door of a hall*; -GÓLF, n. *floor of a hall*; -VEGGR, m. wall of a hall.

HALL-LENDI, n. *slope, declivity*; -LENDR, a. *sloping*; -MÆLA (-TA, -T), v. *to speak ill of one* (-mæla e-m); -MÆLI, n. pl. *blame, reproof*; -OKI, a., fara, verða halloki fyrir e-m, *to be overcome, defeated*.

HALLR, a. (1) *leaning to one side, lying*

over, sloping (vóru jakarnir hallir mjök út af skerinu); bera hallt höfuðit, *to carry the head on one side*; standa höllum fœti, *to stand unevenly*; verðr hallt á e-n, *one is worsted*; (2) *biassed, partial*; *inclined or attached to one* (h. til e-s *or* undir e-n); h. til illsku, *prone, inclined, to evil*.

HALLR, m. (1) *slope, hill*; (2) *big stone* (enn harði hallr).

HALL-ÆRI, n. *bad season, famine*.

HALR (-S, -IR), m. poet. *man*.

HALTR, a. *limping, lame, halting*; h. eptra fœti, *lame of the hind leg*.

HALTRA (AÐ), v. *to halt, limp*.

HALZI, a. indecl. *holding* (with gen.).

HAMALT, a. n., only in the phrase, fylkja h., *to draw up in a wedge shaped column* (= svínfylkja).

HAMAR-GNIPA, f. *peak of a crag*; -KLETTR, m. *crag, rock*.

HAMARR (gen. -S, dat. HAMRI, pl. HAMRAR), m. (1) *hammer*; hann gerði hamar yfir, *he made the sign of the hammer over it*; (2) *back of an axe*; (3) *crag, precipice* (þar stendr h. mikill fyrir þeim); þrítugur h., *a crag thirty fathoms high*.

HAMAR-RIFA, f. *rift in a crag*; -SKALLI, m. *head of a hammer*; -SKAFT, n. *shaft of a hammer*; -SKÚTI, m. *jutting or overhanging crag*.

HAMARS-MARK, n. *sign of the hammer*; -MUÐR, m. *the thin end of a hammer*.

HAMAR-SPOR, n. *a hammers print*.

HAMAST (AÐ), v. refl. (1) *to assume the shape of an animal* (h. í arnarlíki); (2) *to rage* (like a berserk).

HAM-FAR, n., -FARIR, f. pl. *travelling in the shape of an animal* (fara -fari, í -förum); -FÖNG, n. pl. *fury, frenzy*; -HLEYPA, f. *a human being who travels in the shape of an animal*; *a witch that goes in* ham-farir.

HAMINGJA, f. (1) *guardian spirit*; (2) *luck, good fortune*.

HAMINGJU-DRJÚGR, a. lucky; -HJÓL, n. *wheel of fortune*; -HLUTR, m. lucky *chance*; -LAUSS, a. *luckless*; -LEYSI, n. *want of luck*; -MAÐR, m. *lucky man*; -MIKILL, a. *very lucky*; -MÓT, n. *lucky appearance* (-mót er á þér); -RAUN, f. *trial of fortune*; -SAMLIGR, a. *lucky-looking*; -SKIPTI, n. *turn (vicissitude) of fortune*; -SKORTR, m. *lack of good luck*; -TJÓN, n. *bad luck*.

HAMLA, f. *oar-thong, grummet*; láta síga á hömlu, *to pull backwards* (stern foremost); ganga e-m í hömlu (um e-t), *to take one's place, be a substitute for one (in a thing)*.

HAMLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pull backwards*; (2) *to stop, hinder* (h. e-m); (3) *to maim, mutilate* (sumir vóru hamlaðir at höndum eða fótum).

HAMPR, m. *hemp*.

HAMR (-S, -IR), m. (1) *skin, slough*; hleypa hömum, *to cast the slough* (of snakes); (2) *shape, form*; skipta hömum, *to change one's shape*.

HAMRA-FJALL, n. *craggy mountain*; -KLIF, n. *cleft between two crags*.

HAM-RAMR, a. (1) *able to change one's shape*; (2) *seized with warlike fury* (berserks-gangr).

HAMRA-SKARÐ, n. = -klif.

HAM-REMI, f. *the state of being* ham-ramr (2).

HAMS, m. (1) *snake's slough* (ormar skriða or hamsi á vár); (2) *husk*.

HAM-STOLI, -STOLINN, a. *deprived of one's wits, frantic, furious*.

HANA-GALAN, f. *cock-crew*.

HANDA (= til h.), prep. with dat. *to, for*

(h. Oddi).

HANDA-BAND, n. *shaking of hands*; -FESTI, -FESTR, f. *a hold for the hands*.

HAND-AFL, n. *strength of hand*; lesa sik upp *(to haul oneself up)* með -afli.

HANDA-GANGR, m. *grasping after a thing*; -GØRVI, f. *'hand-gear', gloves*; -KAST, n. = -læti; -KLAPP, n. *clapping of hands*; -LÆTI, n. pl. *gestures with the arms*.

HANDAN, adv. *from beyond*; heðan ok h., *hither and thither*; fyrir h., with acc. *beyond, on the other side of*.

HANDAR-BAK, n. *back of the hand*; -GAGN, n. *use of the hand*; leggja e-t til -gagns *to lay it so as to be ready at hand*; -GRIP, n. *span*; -HALD, n. *handle*; -HÖGG, n. *a blow on one's hand*; -JAÐARR, m. *hand's edge*; vera undir -jaðri e-s, *to be in one's hands, in one's power*; -KRIKI, m. *arm-pit*; -MEIN, n. *sore in the hand*; -SÁR, n. *wound in the hand*; -STUBBR, m. *stump* (of an arm); -STÚFR, m. *stump* (of an arm); -VANR, a. *handless*.

HANDA-SKÖMM, f. *shame for one's hands*; -STAÐR, m. *print of the hands*; -VERK, n. pl. one's *handwork, doings*.

HAND-BANI, m. *actual slayer*, opp. to 'ráð-bani'; -BJALLA, f. *hand-bell*; -BJÖRG, f. '*hand-supply*'; lifa við -björg sina, *to earn one's own living*; fœra e-n fram með -björg sinni, *to support a person by one's labour*; -BOGI, m. *hand-bow*, opp. to 'lás-bogi'; -BYNDI, n. *encumbrance* (e-m verðr -byndi at e-u); -BÆRR, a. *ready at hand*; -FANG, n. *span*; -FÁTT, a. n. *lack of hands* (-fátt varð upp at bera); -FESTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to strike a bargain by shaking hands, to pledge* (-festa heit sitt); biskup -festi *(betrothed)* jungfrú Ingiborg; -FESTA, f. *striking a bargain by joining hands*; -FESTR, f. *striking a bargain by joining hands*; -FYLLR, f. *handful*; -GANGA, f. *surrender, submission*; -GENGINN, pp. *that has become a retainer to the king* (gørast -genginn e-m); -GÓÐR, a. *handy, adroit*; -HAFL, m. *having in hand* (vera -hafl at e-u); -HALTR, a. *having a lame hand*; -HÆFI, n., -HÖFN, f. *hand-instrument*; -HÖGG, n. *hacking off one's hand*; -HÖGGVA (see HÖGGVA), v. *to hack one's hand off*; -IÐJAN, f. *hand-work*; -KLUKKA, f. *hand-bell*; -KLÆÐI, n. *hand-towel*; -KRŒKJAST (t), v. *to make trial of strength by pulling with bent hands*; -KVERN, f. *quern, hand-mill*.

HANDLA (AÐ), v. = höndla.

HAND-LAG, n. *joining hands*; -LAMI, a. *with a lame hand*; -LATR, a. *lazy to use one's hands*; -LAUG, f. *water for washing the hands* (bera inn -laugar); -LAUSS, a. *handless*; -LEGGR, m. *arm, fore-arm*; -LEKTARI, m. *hand-lectern*; -LÉTTIR, m. *lending a hand*; -LÍN, n. *sleeves*; -MEGIN, n. *strength of hand, working power*; -MEIDDR, pp. *with maimed hands*; -NUMINN, pp. *seized, caught*; -RAMMR, a. *strong-handed*; -RIÐ, n. *hand-rail*; -RIF, n. '*reefing cord*', in the phrase, svipta af -rifi, *to reef a sail*; -SAL, n. (1) = handaband; (2) *pledge, bargain*; taka við -sölum á e-u, *to undertake the trust or charge of a thing*; eiga -sól við e-n, *to make a bargain* with one; bjóða -sól fyrir e-n, *to offer bail for one*; -SALA (AÐ), v. *to make over (confirm) by shaking hands*.

HANDSALA-MAÐR, m. *bail, surety*.

HANDSALS-MAÐR, m. *bail, surety*.

HAND-SAX, n. *short sword, dagger*; leika at -söxum, *to play with daggers (by throwing them in the air and catching them by the hilt)*; -SEINN, a. *slow with the hand*;

-selja (see selja), v. *to make over*; -seld sök, *a suit conducted by proxy*; -síðr, a. *long-armed*; -skot, n. *throwing by hand*, opp. to 'bogaskot'; -sleggja, f. *hand-sledge*; -sløngva, f. *hand sling*; -sterkr, a. *strong-handed*; -stinnr, a. *with brawny hands*; róa -stinnan, *to pull strongly*; -styrkja (t), v. -styrkja sik upp, *to haul oneself up*; -styrkr, a. = -sterkr; -tak, n. = handaband; -taka, v. (1) *to seize, lay hold of*; (2) *to stipulate*; -tygill, m. *an arm-strap*; -vega (see vega), v. *to weigh in the hand*; -vegr, m. *shoulder-seam*; -víss, a. *quite certain*; -vætta (-tta, -ttr), v. = -vega; -vömm, f. *maladroitness, blundering*; -øx, f. *hand-axe*.

hang, n. *coil (of a serpent)*; köttrinn beygði hangit (v. r. kenginn), *the cat bent its back*.

hanga (hangi; hékk, héngum; hanginn), v. (1) *to hang, be suspended* (hvers manns alvæpni hékk yfir rúmi hans); (2) *to cling to, hang fast to*; weak pret. (hangdi naðran á lifrinni); (3) *to be hanged* (gengr þú at h.).

hanga-guð, -týr, m. *god (lord) of the hanged* (viz. Odin).

hangi, m. *a body hanging on a gallows* (hann settist undir hanga).

hani, m. *cock*.

hanki, m. *hasp or clasp (of a chest)*.

hann, pers. pron. *he*.

hann-yrð, -ørð, f. *skill, fine work*.

hanzki, m. *glove*.

happ, n. *good luck*.

happa-drjúgr, a. *lucky*; -mikill, a. *having great luck*; -ráð, n. *happy counsel*; -verk, n. *happy deed*.

happ-auðigr, a. *lucky*; -fróðr, a. *wise in season*; -samr, a. *lucky*; -skeytr, a. *a good shot*.

hapt, n. *bond*; see 'haft'.

hara, v. *to stare, grin* (?).

harða, adv. *very* (= harðla).

harð-angr, m. *hard times, distress*; -brjóstaðr, a. *hard-hearted*; -býll, a. *a hard householder*; -drœgi, f. *the being* -drœgr; -drœgr, a. *hard to manage*; -eygr, a. *hard-eyed*; -fari, m. *'fast-goer'*; -farliga, adv. *harshly, vehemently*; -fengi, f. *hardihood, valour*; -fengiliga, adv. = -fengliga; -fenginn, a. = -fengr; -fengliga, adv. *hardily, valiantly*; -fengr, a. *hardy, valiant*; -fenni, n. *hard snow*; -fœri, f. *stubbornness*; -fœrr, a. *hard to overcome*; -görr, a. (1) *hardy, stout*; (2) *strong built* (-gört skip); -hendi, f. *hard-handedness*; -hendiliga, adv. *with hard hand*; -hendr, a. *hard handed*; -hugaðr, a. *hard-hearted*.

harðindi, n. pl. (1) *hardness*; (2) *hardship, severity*.

harð-kvæli, n. = harmkvæli.

harðla, adv. *very* (h. mikill, lítill).

harð-leikinn, a. *playing a hard, rough game*; verða e-m -leikinn, *to play roughly with one*; fá -leikit, *to be roughly treated*; -leikni, f. *rough game*; -leikr, m. *hardness, harshness*; -leitr, a. *hard-looking*; -lífi, n. *hard life, chastisement*; -liga, adv. (1) *forcibly, sternly*; (2) *fast* (riða -liga); -ligr, a. *hard, severe*; -lundaðr, a. *hard-tempered*; -lyndi, n. *hard temper*; -lyndr, a. = -lundaðr; -mannligr, a. *hardy, manly*; -menni, n. *hardy man*; -móðigr, a. *hard of mood*; -mæli, n. *hard language*; -mæltr, a. = -orðr.

harðna (að), v. (1) *to harden*; (2) *to become severe* (of weather); *to grow worse*; harðnaði matlífi þeirra, *they ran short of provisions*.

HARÐ-ORÐR, a. *hard-spoken*.

HARÐR, a. (1) *hard* (h. steinn, skafl); (2) *hard, stern, severe* (h. í skapi, í hjarta); (3) *hardy*; fólk hart ok illit at sœkja, *hardy and difficult to assail*; h. í horn at taka, *hard to take by the horns, stubborn*; h. bardagi, *hard-fought battle*; leika e-n bart, *to treat one harshly*; ríða hart, *to ride fast*.

HARÐ-RÁÐR, a. (1) *firm, determined* (maðr vitr ok -ráðr); (2) *severe, tyrannical*; -REIÐR, a. *hard to ride on*; -RÉTTI, n. *hardship*; -RÆÐI, n. (1) *hardiness, hardihood, firmness*; (2) *hardness, harshness*; -SKEYTI, f. *hard shooting*; -SKEYTR, a. (1) *shooting hard*; (2) *hard, severe*; -SKIPAÐR, pp. *manned with hardy men*; -SLEGINN, pp. *hard-hammered*; -SLŒGR, a. *hard to mow* (-slœgr teigr); -SNÚINN, pp. '*hard-twisted', staunch, stubborn*; -SÓTTR, pp. *hard to get, difficult*; -STEINN, m. *whetstone*; -TŒKR, a. *hard, exacting*; -ÚÐIGR, a. *hard-minded*; -VAXINN, pp. *strong-built, brawny*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *hard words*; -YRKI, m. *hard worker*; -ÝÐGI, f. *hardness of heart, severity*.

HARK, n. *noise, tumult*.

HARKA, f. *hardness, hardiness*.

HARKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to scrape together* (h. e-u saman); (2) e-m harkar, harkar fyrir e-m, *things go ill with one*; harkar um e-t, *it goes badly*; harkast um, *to be in a bad way*; (3) refl., harkast, *to make a tumult*.

HARKA-GETA, f. *coarse, scanty food*; -LIÐ, n. *rabble*; -MENN, m. pl. *tramps, scamps*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *coarsely*.

HARKI, m. *rubbish, trash*.

HARMA (AÐ), v. *to bewail*; h. sik, *to wail*; impers., e-m *or* e-n harmar, *it vexes one, one is vexed*.

HARMAN-LIGA, adv. *sorrowfully*; -LIGR, a. *sorrowful*.

HARM-BLANDINN, pp. *mixed with sorrow*; -BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *mournful deeds*; -DAUÐI, m. *sorrowful death*; -DAUÐI, -DAUÐR, a. *lamented* (vera -dauði e-m); -DÖGG, f. *sorrow-dew, tears* (poet.); -FENGINN, pp. *affected by grief*; -FLAUG, f. *baneful shaft*; -FULLR, a. = harmsfullr; -KVÆLI, n. pl., -KVÖL, f. *torments*.

HARMR (-S, -AR), m. *sorrow, grief*.

HARM-SAGA, f. *tidings of grief*; -SAMLIGR, a. *sad, mournful*.

HARMS-AUKI, m. *addition to one's grief*; -FULLR, a. *sorrowful, distressed*; -LÉTTIR, m. *relief*.

HARM-SÖK, f. *cause of grief, sad case*; -SÖNGR, m. *dirge*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. = -saga; -TÖLUR, f. pl. *lamentations*; -ÞRUNGINN, pp. *filled with grief*; -ÞRÚTINN, a. *swollen with sorrow*.

HARNESKJA, f. *harness, armour*.

HARPA, f. (1) *harp* (leika, slá hörpu); (2) *harp-seal* (era hlums vant, kvað refr, dró hörpu at ísi).

HASLA (pl. HÖSLUR), f. *pole of hazel wood*; HASLA (AÐ), v. *to mark out by hazel-poles*; h. e-m völl, *to challenge one to a pitched battle or duel*.

HASTAR-LIGA, adv. *suddenly*.

HAST-ORÐR, a. *harsh-spoken*.

HATA (AÐ), v. (1) *to hate* (h. e-n); (2) *to damage, destroy* (poet.); (3) refl., hatast við e-n, *to be full of hatred against one*.

HATR, n. *hatred, enmity*.

HATR-LIGA, adv. *hatefully*; -LIGR, a. *hateful*; -SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *hateful hostile* (-samr e-m).

HATRS-FULLR, a. *hateful hostile*.

HATTR, m. *hat*, = höttr.

HAUÐR, n. poet. *earth*.

HAUGA-ELDR, m. *cairn fire*; -ÖLD, f. *the age of cairn-burial*, opp. to 'brunaöld', *the*

age of burning the dead.

HAUG-BROT, n. *breaking of a cairn*; -BÚI, m. *'cairn-dweller', ghost*; -FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to bury in a cairn*; -GANGA, f. *the breaking into a cairn*.

HAUGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *mound*; (2) *sepulchral mound, cairn*.

HAUG-SETJA (see SETJA), v. = haug-fœra.

HAUGS-GÓLF, n. *floor of a cairn*; -GØRÐ, f. *cairn-making*.

HAUG-STAÐR, m. *heathen burial-place*; -TEKINN, pp. *taken from a cairn*.

HAUGS-ÖLD, f. = hauga-öld.

HAUKA-VEIÐR, f. *hunting with hawks*.

HAUK-LIGR, a. *hawk-like* (of the eyes).

HAUKR (-S, -AR), m. *hawk*; fleygja hauki, *to fly a hawk*.

HAUKSTALDR, m., poet. *man, hero*.

HAULD-, HAULDR, see höld-, höldr.

HAULL, m. *rupture, hernia*.

HAUSA-KLJÚFR, m. *skull-cleaver* (nickname); -MÓT, n. pl. *sutures of the skull*.

HAUS-BROT, n. *skull-fracture*; -FASTR, a. *seated in the skull*; -FILLA, f. *the skin of the skull*.

HAUSS (pl. HAUSAR), m. *skull*.

HAUST, n. *harvest season, autumn*.

HAUSTA (AÐ), v. *to draw near autumn*.

HAUST-BLÓT, n. *sacrificial feast in autumn*; -BOÐ, n. *autumn feast*; -DAGR, m. *day in autumn*; at *or* í -degi, *in autumn*; -GRÍMA, f. *autumn night*; -HEIMTUR, f. pl. *getting in sheep in autumn*; -LANGR, a. *lasting all the autumn*; -MÁNAÐR, m. *autumn month, September*; -VÍKING, f. *free-booting expedition in autumn*; -ÞING, n. *autumn assembly*; -ÖL, n. *autumn (drinking) festival*.

HÁ, interj. *eh! what do you say?*

HÁ, f. *after-grass, after-math*.

HÁ, f. *hide* (hangir með hám).

HÁ-ALTARI, m. *high altar*; -BEINN, a. *high-legged, long-legged*; -BJARG, n. *high rock*; -BOGAÐR, a. *high-curved* (of a saddle).

HÁ-BORA (AÐ), v. *to fit with rowlocks*.

HÁ-BORUR, f. pl. *rowlocks*.

HÁ-BRÓK, f. *a kind of hawk*; -BRÓKAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to puff oneself up*.

HÁÐ, n. *scoffing, mocking*.

HÁ-DEGI, n. *midday, noon*.

HÁDEGIS-SKEIÐ, n. *noon-tide*.

HÁÐ-SAMR, a. *scoffing*; -SEMI, f. *mockery* (með hrópyrðum ok h.).

HÁÐUGR, a. *shameful, disgraceful*.

HÁÐU-LIGR, a. (1) *scornful, abusive* (-lig orð); (2) *disgraceful* (-ligt verk).

HÁÐUNG, f. *shame, disgrace*.

HÁÐUNGAR-ORÐ, n. pl. *scornful words*.

HÁÐ-YRÐI, n. pl. = hæði-yrði.

HÁ-FJALL, n. *high mountain*; -FLEYGR, a. *high-flying*; -FLŒÐR, f. *full flood, high flood-tide*; -FŒTTR, a. *high-legged*; -LEIKR, m. *highness*; -LEITLIGR, a. *sublime*; -LEITR, a. *looking upwards*; fig. *lofty, sublime*.

HÁLA, f. *giantess*; hálu skær, *wolf* (poet.).

HÁLFA, f. (1) *region, part* (veröldin var greind í þrjár hálfuir); (2) *lineage, kin* (frjálsborinn í allar hálfur); (3) af e-s hálfu, *on one's behalf*; *on one's part*; af guðs hálfu ok lands-laga, *on behalf of God and the law of the land*.

HÁLF-BERGRISI, m. *half a giant*; -DAUÐR, a. *half dead*; -ERMAÐR, pp. *half-sleeved*; -FÍFL, n. *half an idiot*; -FULLR, a. *half full*; -GÖRR, a. *only half, done, left half undone*; -KIRKJA, f. *annex-church, chapel of ease*; -LAUNAT, pp. n. *half rewarded*; -LITR, a. *of two colours, with a different*

colour on each side; -ljóst, a. n., þá er -ljóst var, *in the twilight*; -mörk, f. *half a mark*; -nauðigr, a. *half reluctant*; -nið, n. *half a lampoon*.

hálf-neytr, a. *'half-good'*; þótti Birni eigi verr en -neytt, þó at, *B. was out half-loath, though*.

hálfr, a. (1) *half*; h. mánaðr, *half a month, fortnight*; til hálfs *by a half*; h. annar, þriði, fjórði, &c., *one, two, three and a half*; hálft annat hundrað, *one hundred and a half*; h. þriði tøgr manna, *twenty-five men*; (2) neut. 'hálfu', *by half*, with a comparative in an intensive sense, *much, far*; hálfu verri, *far worse*; hálfu meira, *far more*; hálfu siðr, *far less*.

hálf-risi, m. *half a giant*; -róinn, pp. *having rowed half the way*; -rými, n. *half a* 'rúm' *in a ship*.

hálfrýmis-félagar, m. pl. *messmates in the same* hálfrými; -kista, f. *a chest belonging to a* hálfrými.

hálf-røkvit, a. n. *half twilight*; -skiptr, pp. = -litr; -troll, n. *half a giant*; -tunna, f. *half a tun*; -unninn, pp. *half done*; -virði, n. *half worth*; -þrítugr, a. *aged twenty-five*; -þynna, f. *a kind of small axe*; -œrinn, a. *half sufficient*; -œrr, a. *half mad* (hann var hálf-œrr af drykkju).

háll, a. *slippery* (var hált á ísinum).

hál-leikr, m. *slipperiness*.

hálmr (gen. -s), m. *straw, haulm* (þeir lögðust þar niðr í hálm).

hálm-strá, n. *haulm-straw*; -visk, n. *wisp of straw*; -þúst, n. *flail*.

háls (gen. háls, pl. hálsar), m. (1) *neck*; taka höndum um h. e-m, *to embrace one*; beygja h. fyrir e-m, *to bend the neck to one*; liggja e-m á hálsi fyrir e-t, *to reprove, blame one for*; standa á hálsi e-m *to put the foot on one's neck*; (2) *bow of a ship or boat* (Hýmir reri í hálsinum fram); (3) *the front-sheet (tack) of a sail*; (4) *the end of a rope*; (5) *the tip of a bow* (hann dregr svá bogann, at saman þótti bera hálsana); (6) *ridge, hill*; (7) pl., góðir hálsar, *good men! fine fellows!*

hálsa (að), v. (1) *to embrace*; (2) h. segl, *to clew up the sail*.

háls-bein, n. *neck-bone*; -beina, n. *neck-bone*; -björg, f. *gorget*; -bók, f. *a book to be hung from the neck*; -brotna (að), v. *to break one's neck*; -brún, f. *edge of a hill*; -digr, a. *thick-necked*; -fang, n. *embrace*; -gjörð, f. *necklace*; -högg, n. *stroke on the neck*; -höggva (see höggva), v. *to behead*; -járn, n. *neck-iron, iron collar*; -langr, a. *long-necked*; -liðr, m. *neck-joint*; -ljósta (see ljósta), v. *to strike one on the neck*; -men, n. *necklace*; -sár, n. *neck wound*; -slag, n. = hálshögg; -stefni, n. (1) *throat*; (2) *part of a ship*.

há-læti, n. *shouting, noise*; -messa, f. *high-mass*; -mælgi, f. *loud talking*.

há-mót, n. *ankle-joint*; only in the phrase, fara í há-mót (*or* -mótit) eptir e-m, *to follow one closely, sneak along behind one*.

há-mæli, n., fœra (bera) e-t í -mæli, *to speak loud of*; -mæltr, pp. *loud-voiced*; -nefjaðr, a. *high-nosed*; -pallr, m. *dais* (in a hall).

hár (há, hátt), a. (1) *high*; á háfum fjöllum, *in high mountains*; hæri en, *higher than*; (2) *tall* (h. maðr vexti); (3) superl. *at the highest pitch*; meðan hæst væri vetrar, sumars, *in the depth of winter, in the height of summer*; (4) *high, glorious*; hæstu hátíðir, *the highest feasts*; (5) *loud* (h. brestr); mæla hátt, *to speak loud*;

hón verðr há við, *she becomes clamorous or excited*.

HÁR (gen. HÁS, pl. HÁIR), m. *thole*.

HÁR, n. *hair* (jarpr á h.).

HÁR, m. *dog-fish*.

HÁR-AMR (= hár-hamr), m. *the hairy side of a skin*; -BJARTR, a. *fair-haired*.

HÁ-REIÐAR, f. pl. *rowlocks*.

HÁ-REYSTI, n. and f. *noise, clamour*; -REYSTR, a. *noisy, loud-voiced*.

HÁR-FAGR, a. *fair-haired*; -FERÐ, f. *fashion of the hair*; -HVASS, a. *hair-edged*; -KLÆÐI, n. *hair cloth*; -KNIFR, m. *razor*; -LAUG, f. *washing the hair*; -LEPPR, m. *lock of hair*.

HÁRR, a. *hoary, grey-haired*.

HÁR-RŒTR, f. pl. *roots of the hair*; -SKURÐR, m. *cut of the hair*.

HÁRS-LITR, m. *color of the hair*.

HÁR-TAUG, f. *string of horse-hair*; -VARA, f. *fur*; -VÖXTR, m. *hair-growth*.

HÁ-SEGL, n. *top-sail*.

HÁ-SETI, m. *oarsman*, opp. to 'stýrimaðr' *(helmsman)*.

HÁ-SEYMDR, pp. *studded with large nails* (beizl háseymt).

HÁ-SIN, f. *Achilles' tendon*.

HÁSKA-FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *dangerous journey* (exploit); -LAUSS, a. *free from danger*; -LIGR, a. *dangerous*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *dangerously*; -SAMLIGR, a. *perilous*; -SAMR, a. *perilous*; -TÍMI, m. *time of danger*; -VAÐ, n. *dangerous ford*; -VÁN, f. *danger to come*.

HÁ-SKEPTR, a. *long-handled, long-shafted* (háskept øx, spjót).

HÁSKI, m. *danger, peril*.

HÁS-MÆLTR, a. *hoarse-speaking*.

HÁSS, a. *hoarse*.

HÁ-STAÐR, m. *high (important) place*; -STAFIR, m. pl., in the phrase, gráta (œpa) -stöfum, *to weep (shout) loudly*; -STEINT, a. n. *full of high boulders* (var hásteint í ánni).

HÁ-STOKKR, m. *gunwale*.

HÁ-STÓLL, m. *high-seat*; -SUMAR, n. *midsummer*; -SÆTI, n. *high-seat, seat of honour* (= öndvegi).

HÁSÆTIS-BORÐ, n. *high-seat table*; -KISTA, f. *a chest near the high-seat*; -MAÐR, m. *the man in the high-seat*.

HÁ-TALAÐR, a. *loud-voiced*; -TIMBRA (AÐ), v. *to build high*; -TÍÐ, f. *festival, feast* (halda hátíð).

HÁTÍÐAR-APTANN, m. *eve of a feast*; -DAGR, m. *festal day, holiday*; -HALD, n. *holding a feast*.

HÁTÍÐIS-DAGR, m. = hátíðardagr.

HÁTÍÐ-LIGA, adv. *with festivity*; -LIGR, a. *festive, festal*.

HÁTTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to arrange, dispose*, with dat.; h. sér, *to conduct oneself*; impers., háttar svá, at hann kom, *he happened to come*; (2) *to go to bed*.

HÁTTA-BRIGÐI, n. *change of manners*.

HÁTTAÐR, pp. *fashioned, conditioned* (hvernig var jörðin háttuð?); e-u er svá háttat, *it is so made or conditioned of that nature or kind*; yðr frændum er svá háttat, *you kinsmen are of that stamp*.

HÁTTA-GÓÐR, a. *well-mannered, well. behaved*; -LYKILL, m. *key to metres*; -SKIPTI, n. (1) *change of manners*; (2) *shifting of metre*; -TAL, n. *enumeration of metres*.

HÁTT-PRÚÐR, a. *well-mannered, polite*; -PRÝÐI, f. *good manners*.

HÁTTR (gen. HÁTTAR, dat. HÆTTI; pl. HÆTTIR, acc. HÁTTU), m. (1) *mode of life, habit, custom* (rikra manna háttr); halda teknum hætti, *to go on in one's usual way*; (2) pl. *conduct, behaviour* (vanda um háttu manna); fara vel með sínum háttum,

to conduct oneself well; ráða sjálfr sínum háttum; *one's own master*; halda háttum við aðra menn, *to conduct oneself properly*; (3) *mode, way of doing a thing*; kunna hátt á e-u, *to know how to do a thing*; (4) mikils háttar, *of importance*; lítils háttar, *insignificant*; þess háttar, *of that kind*; alls háttar, *of every kind*; á allan hátt, *in every respect*; (5) *moderation, measure*; eptir hætti, *duly, properly*; (6) *metre*.

HÁTT-SAMR, a. *well-mannered*.

HÁTTUNG, f. *danger, risk*.

HÁ-TÚN, n. *high place*.

HÁVAÐA-MAÐR, m. *a noisy, self-assertive man*; -MIKILL, a. *boastful, self-assertive*; -SAMR, a. *boisterous*.

HÁ-VAÐI, m. (1) *noise, tumult*; kveða e-t upp, segja e-t, í -vaða, *to proclaim loudly*; (2) *loud self-assertion*; (3) = hávaða-maðr.

HÁ-VETR, m., -VETRI, n. *midwinter* (þegar hávetri var liðit).

HEÐAN, adv. (1) *hence, from this place*; (2) fyrir h. hafit, *on the hither side of the sea*; (3) *henceforth*; h. í frá, *hereafter*.

HEÐINN (dat. HEÐNI), m. *jacket of fur or skin*; vefja (*or* veifa) heðni at höfði e-m, *to wrap a skin round one's head, to hoodwink one*.

HEÐRA, adv. *here, hither*.

HEFÐ, f. *prescriptive right* (með réttri ok löglegri hefð).

HEFÐA (AÐ), v. *to acquire a prescriptive right to* (h. sér e-t).

HEFÐAR-MAÐR, m. *possessor, holder*.

HEFILL (pl. HEFLAR), m. *a noose fastened to the edge of a sail to help in furling it*; láta siga (*or* hleypa segli) ór heflum, *to unfurl the sail*.

HEFIL-SKAPT, n. *a boat-hook to pull the sail down*.

HEFJA (HEF; HÓF, HÓFUM; HAFIÐR and HAFINN), v. (1) *to heave, raise, lift* (h. stein); hann hóf upp augu sin, *he lifted up his eyes*; h. sik á lopt, *to make a leap*; h. handa, *to lift the hands* (for defense); h. höfuðs, *to lift the head, be undaunted*; h. graut, *to lift the porridge, eat it with a spoon*; (2) *to exalt, raise in rank*; h. e-n til ríkis, *to raise one to the throne*; (3) *to begin*; h. mál sitt, *to begin one's speech*; h. ferð, *to set out on a journey, to start*; h. flokk, *to raise a party*; h. ákall, *to raise a claim*; impers., hefr e-t = hefr upp e-t, *it begins* (hér hefr Kristnisögu); refl., hefjast, *to begin, originate* (hvaðan af hefir hafizt skáldrskarpr?); (4) impers. *to be carried, drifted (by storm or tide)*; höf skipin öll saman *(all the ships were drifted)* inn at landinu; þeir létu h. skipin ofan forstreymis, *they let the ships drift down the stream*; (5) with preps., h. e-t af e-u, *to take it off*; impers., en er af henni hóf öngvit (acc.), *when she recovered from her swoon*; þá hóf af mér vámur allar, *all ailments left me*; refl., hefjast af höndum e-m, *to leave one*; h. á rás, *to take to one's feet* (= hafa á rás); refl., láta hefjast fyrir, *to retreat, withdraw*; h. munn sinn í sundr, *to open one's mouth*; impers., Birkibeina (acc.) hefr undan, *the B. drew back*; h. e-t upp, *to lift up* (hann hóf orminn upp á hendi sér); impers., hóf honum upp brýn (acc.), *his face brightened*; h. e-t upp, *to begin* (= hefja 3); Egill hóf upp kvæðit, *E. began his poem*; impers., hér hefr upp Konunga-bók, *here begins the K.*; refl., hefjast upp, *to begin* (hér hefjast upp landnám); hefjast upp til ófriðar (með ófriði), *to begin warfare*; láta hefjast við, *to lay to* (naut.).

HEFLA (AÐ), v. *to furl the sail*.

HEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to avenge, take*

vengeance, with the thing and the person in gen., h. sára, *to avenge the wounds*, h. bróður síns, *to avenge one's brother*, h. sín, *to avenge oneself*; with dat. of the person, h. e-m, *to take vengeance on* (skulu við h. honum); with the thing in gen. and the person in dat.; áttu honum at h. frændaláts, *thou hast to avenge on him the death of a kinsman*; impers., e-m hefnir e-t, *one pays (suffers) for a thing* (svá hefndi honum þat mikla mikillæti); with preps., h. e-m fyrir e-t, h. e-s a e-m, *to avenge a thing on one*; refl., hefnast, *to avenge oneself* (= hefna sín); h. e-s, *to avenge a thing*; h. á e-m, *to avenge oneself on a person*; e-m hefnist e-t, *one has to pay (suffer) for*; hefnast mun honum vist, *the day of retribution will assuredly come to him*.

HEFND, f. *revenge, vengeance*.

HEFNDA-LAUST, adv. *without retribution or revenge*.

HEFNDAR-DAGR, m. *day of vengeance*; -MAÐR, m. *avenger*.

HEFNI-LEIÐ, f. '*way to vengeance*'; róa á -leið, *to set about taking vengeance*; -LEIT, f. *seeking for vengeance*; róa á -leit e-s, *to seek vengeance for*; -SAMR, a. *revengeful*.

HEGAT, adv. = hingat, higat.

HEGÐA (AÐ), v. *to arrange* (h. e-u).

HEGÐAN, f. *conduct, behaviour*.

HÉGEITILL, m. *flint*.

HEGGR (pl. -IR), m. *bird cherry*.

HEGLA (-DI, -T), v. *to hail*.

HEGNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to hedge, protect*; (2) *to punish, chastise* (hegna ránsmenn, úsiðu).

HEGNARI, m. *chastiser*.

HEGND, f. *punishment, chastisement*.

HEGNING, f. *punishment, chastisement*.

HÉ-GÓMA (AÐ), v. *to speak falsely*; -góma á e-n, *to slander one*.

HÉGÓMA-DÝRÐ, f. *vain-glory*; -FULLR, a. *vain, vain-glorious*; -MAÐR, m. *charlatan, quack*; -MÁL, n. *vain speech*; gøra orð e-s at -máli, *to disregard one's words*; -NAFN, n. *empty name, sham name*.

HÉ-GÓMI, m. *falsehood, jolly nonsense*; segja -góm á e-n, *to slander one*.

HÁGÓM-LIGR, a. *vain, false*.

HEGRI, m. *heron*.

HEIÐ, n. *bright (clear) sky* (veðr var bjart ok skein sól í heiði).

HEIÐAR-BRÚIN, f. *edge of a heath*.

HEIÐAR-LAUSS, a. *ignominious dishonourable*; -LIGA, adv. *honourably*; -LIGR, a. *honourable*.

HEIÐAR-VEGR, m. *road across a heath*.

HEIÐ-BJARTR, a. *serene* (veðr -bjart).

HEIÐ-FÉ, n. *fee, stipend*.

HEIÐIN-DÓMR, m. *heathendom*.

HEIÐINGI (pl. -JAR), m. (1) *heathen, gentile*; (2) *wolf* (poet.).

HEIÐINGLIGR, a. *heathen*.

HEIÐINN, a. *heathen, pagan*; heiðnir menn, *heathens*.

HEIÐ-MAÐR, m. = málamaðr.

HEIÐNAST (AÐ), v. *to become heathen*.

HEIÐNI, f. (1) *heathenism*; (2) *heathen country* (= heiðit land); (3) *the heathen age, the time of heathendom*.

HEIÐR, a. *bright, clear, cloudless*; h. himinn, *clear sky*; heiðar stjörnur, *bright stars*.

HEIÐR (gen. HEIÐAR, dat. and acc. HEIÐIR; pl. HEIÐAR), f. *heath, moor*.

HEIÐR (gen. HEIÐRS), m. *honour*.

HEIÐR (gen. -AR), m. *honour, worth*.

HEIÐRA (AÐ), v. *to honour*.

HEIÐ-RÍKR, a. *cloudless, serene*.

HEIÐRS-MAÐR, m. *man of honour*.

HEIÐ-SKÍRR, a. *bright, cloudless* (-skírt veðr); -VANR, a. *accustomed to the clear*

sky; -VIÐRI, n. *bright weather*.

HEIÐ-VIRÐR, a. *honest, honourable*.

HEILA-BUST, f. *crown of the head*.

HEILAG-LEIKR, m. *holiness*; -LIGA, adv. *holy*; -LIGR, a. *holy*.

HEILAGR (acc. HELGAN (heilagan), pl. HELGIR (heilagir), &c.), a. (1) *holy*; (2) *inviolable, sacred*.

HEILAN, f. *healing*.

HEIL-BRIGÐI, f. *health*; -BRIGÐR, a. *hale, healthy*.

HEILENDI, n. *good health*.

HEILINDI, n. *good health*.

HEIL-EYGR, a. *'hale-eyed', having sound eyes*; -FŒTTR, a. *'hale-legged'*; -HUGAÐLIGA, adv. *sincerely*, = af heilum huga; -HUGAÐR, a. *'whole-minded', sincere*.

HEILHUGA-FRIÐR, m. *sincere peace*; -RÁÐ, n. *sincere purpose*.

HEIL-HUGI, m. *sincere person*; -HUGLIGA, adv. *sincerely*.

HEILI, m. *brain*, = hjarni.

HEILI-VÁTGR, m. *healing liquor, balm*.

HEILL, a. (1) *hale, sound*; illa h., *in ill health*; hann sagði at þar var vel heilt, *he said they were all well there*; kona eigi heil, *enceinte*; grœða e-n at heilu, *to heal one fully*; (2) *whole, healed, in respect of wounds or illness*, with gen. (verða h. sára sinna); er um heilt bezt at binda, *it is better to bind a hale than a hurt limb*; (3) *blessed, happy*; njótið heilir handa, *'bless your hands', well done*; kom heill! *welcome, hail!* far h., *farewell!* (4) *whole, entire*; h. hleifr, *a whole loaf*; sjau hundruð heil, *full seven hundred*; (5) *true, upright*; ráða e-m heilt, *to give one a wholesome (good) advice*; af heilum hug, af heilu, *sincerely*; heilt ráð, *wholesome advice*; heil kenning, *a useful, profitable lesson*.

HEILL, n. and f. *luck, omen, foreboding*; góðu (illu) heilli, *in a good (evil) hour*; mörg eru giptusamlig heill, *there are many good auspices*; fall er farar h., *a fall is a good omen*; hann bað þeim h. duga, *he wished them good speed*; heillum horfinn, *forsaken by luck*; ok var brugðit heillum sverðsins, *the spell of the sword was broken*.

HEILLA (AÐ), v. *to enchant, spell-bind, bewitch*; heilluð ertu *(thou art infatuated)*, ef þú ætlar, *etc*.

HEILLA-BRIGÐ, n. pl. *turn of luck*; -DRJÚKGR, a. *fortunate, happy*; -LEYSI, n. *ill-luck*; -MAÐR, m. *lucky man*; -RÁÐ, n. *good advice, wholesome counsel*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *hopeful, promising*; -VÆNN, a. *boding good luck, promising well*.

HEIL-LEIKR, m. (1) *health*; (2) *sincerity, uprightness*; -LIGA, adv. *fairly, candidly*; -LIGR, a. *fair*; -NÆMLIGR, a. *wholesome*; -RÁÐR, a. *giving wholesome counsel*; *taking wholesome counsel*; -RÆÐI, n. *wise (wholesome) counsel*.

HEILSA (AÐ), v. *to say hail to one, greet one* (= biðja e-n heilan vera), with dat.; h. á e-n = h. e-m.

HEILSA, f. (1) *health*; (2) *restoration to health* (hann var feginn heilsu sinni); (3) *salvation*.

HEIL-SAMLIGR, a., -SAMR, a. *wholesome, salutary*.

HEILSAN, f. *salutation, greeting*.

HEIL-SMÍÐLIGA, adv. *uprightly, fairly, properly*.

HEILSU-BÓT, f. *improvement of health, recovery*; -BRAGÐ, n. *cure*; -DRYKKR, m. *healing draught*; -FAR, n. *state of health*; -GJÖF, f. *cure, restoration to health*; -LAUSS, a. *in bad health*; -LITÍLL, a. *in weak health*; -RÁÐ, n. *means to recover*

one's health; -SAMLIGR, a., -SAMR, a. *wholesome, salutary*; -TAPAN, f. *perdition*.

HEIL-UND, f. *brain wound*.

HEILUNDAR-SÁR, n. = heilund.

HEIL-VITA, a. indecl. *'hale-witted', of sound mind, sane*.

HEIM, adv. *home, homewards*; sœkja e-n h., *to visit one*; *to attack one*.

HEIMA, n. *home* (ganga til sins h.); at h. mínu, *at my house*; eiga h., *to have one's home, to live* (Hallfreðr átti h. at Haukagili).

HEIMA, adv. *at home, at, or in, one's own house* (halr er heima hverr); sitja h., *to remain at home*.

HEIMA-BÓL, n. *homestead, manor*; -BÓNDI, m. *franklin or yeoman in a* -ból; -BRUNNR, m. *home-well*; -DYRR, f. pl. *entrance to a dwelling-house*; -ELSKR, a. *fond of staying at home*; -FÓLK, n. *home folk, household*; -GRIÐUNGR, m. *a bull kept at home*; -HÚS, n. *dwelling-houses*; -KONA, f. *house-maid*; -LAND, n. *home estate*; -LÍÐ, n. = -fólk; -MAÐR, m. *one of the household, a servant* (= griðmaðr).

HEIMAN, adv. *from home*; in some phrases the reference is to the marriage and dowry of women.

HEIMAN-BÚNAÐR, m. *preparation for a journey from home*; -FERÐ, f. *journey (voyage) from home*; -FYLGJA, f. *the dowry which the bride takes with her from home*; -FÖR, f. = heiman-ferð; -FÖRULL, a. *strolling from home*; -GENGT, a. n., in the phrase, eiga lítt -gengt, *to have no time or opportunity to leave home*.

HEIMA-PRESTR, m. *resident priest, parson*; -SETA, f. *sitting at home*; -SVEIT, f. = -fólk; -TAÐA, f. *the hay from the home-field*; -VIST, f. *staying at home*.

HEIM-BOÐ, n. *invitation, feast*; -DRAGI, m. *a stay-at-home*; hleypa -draganum, *to see the world*.

HEIMFARAR-LEFI, n. = heimleyfi.

HEIM-FERÐ, f. (1) *going home, return home*; (2) *inroad into one's home*, atför, heimsókn.

HEIMFERÐAR-LEYFI, n. = heimleyfi.

HEIM-FÚSS, a. *longing for home*; -FÖR, f. = heim-ferð; -GANGA, f. *going home*; -GÁS, f. *tame goose*; -HAMR, m. *one's own skin*.

HEIMILA (AÐ), v. *to give a title or right to a thing* (heimilaði jarl þeim þat er þurfti at hafa).

HEIMILD, f. *title, right*.

HEIMILDAR-MAÐR, m. *a man from whom a title is derived*; -TAK, n. *taking proper possession or title* (-tak á skóginum).

HEIMILDA-VANDR, a. *fastidious in regard to title*.

HEIMILI, n. *house, home, homestead* (eiga h. e-s staðar).

HEIMILIS-FANG, n. *domicile*; -FASTR, a. *having a fixed homestead*; -HÚS, n. (1) *closet*; (2) *privy*; -KVIÐR, m. *home-verdict*; -PRESTR, m. *chaplain*; -SÖK, f. *a charge that can be brought home to one*; -VIST, f. *permanent habitation*; vera -vistum með e-m, *to reside with one*.

HEIMILL, a., e-m er e-t heimilt, *one has a right to, is free to have a thing*; heimill er maðr þeim, er hafa þurfu, *the food is free to those who need it*; kvað honum heimilan sinn styrk, *his help should be at his disposal*; segir, at þat var skylt ok heimilt, *due and just*; eiga heimilt (at gera e-t), eiga e-t heimilt, *to have a right (to do a thing), to have at one's disposal*; láta e-m e-t heimilt, *to give one a right to, to place at one's disposal* (lét Þ. honum heimilan hest sinn).

HEIMIS-GARÐR, m. *homestead*; -HAUGR, m. '*homestead-cairn*'; -KVIÐR, m. = heimiliskviðr.

HEIM-KVÁMA, f. *return home*; -KYNNI, n. *home, household*; -LEIÐIS, adv. *homewards* (fara -leiðis); -LEYFI, n. *leave to go home*; -LIGR, a. *worldly*.

HEIMOLL, a. = heimill.

HEIMOL-LEIKR, m. *intimacy*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *with full right to possession*; (2) *privately* (fá e-m e-t -liga); -LIGR, adv. (1) *intimate*; (2) *private* (heimolligr klerkr).

HEIMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *a place of abode, a region or world* (níu man ek heima); spyrja e-n í hvern heim, *to ask one freely*; (2) *this world* (segðu mér ór heimi, ek man ór helju); koma í heiminn, *to be born*; fara af heiminum, *to depart this life*; liggja milli heims ok heljar, *to lie between life and death*; (3) *the earth*; kringla heimsins, *the globe*.

HEIM-REIÐ, f. (1) *ride home*; (2) *inroad, attack*.

HEIMS-ALDR, m. *age of the world*; -ÁLFA, f. *quarter (part) of the world*; -BRESTR, m. *crash of the world*; -BYGÐ, f. *the peopled world*.

HEIMSKA, f. *folly, nonsense*.

HEIMSK-LIGA, adv. *foolishly*; láta -liga, *to play the fool*; -LIGR, a. *foolish, silly* (heimsklig orð).

HEIMSKR, a. *foolish, silly*; verðr opt heitum h. maðr feginn, *fair words often make a fool s heart rejoice*.

HEIMSKU-VERK, n. *foolish deed*.

HEIMS-LIGA, adv. = heimskliga.

HEIM-SÓKN, f. (1) *visit*; (2) *inroad, attack on one's home* (veita e-m -sókn).

HEIMS-SLIT, n. pl. *the end of the world*; -SÓL, f. *the sun*; undir heims-sólu, *on earth*.

HEIM-STÖÐ, f. *homestead*.

HEIMS-VIST, f. *living, dwelling*; -ÞRIÐJUNGR, m. = -álfa.

HEIM-SŒKJA (see SŒKJA), v. *to visit*.

HEIMTA (-MTA, -MTR), v. (1) *to draw, pull*; h. upp akkeri, *to weigh anchor*; fig., h. sik fram með fégjöfum, *to make one's way by giving presents*; h. sik í vináttu við e-n, *to get on friendly terms with one*; h. nyt af fé, *to milk cattle*; (2) *to get back, recover, regain* (þóttust þeir hafa hann ór helju heimtan); esp., *to get home the sheep from the summer pastures*; (3) *to claim* (h. e-t at e-m); h. arf, skuld, toll, *to claim an inheritance, debt, toll*; h. vilmæli, *to claim the fulfilment of a promise*; h. e-n á tal við sik, *to ask for an interview with one*; (4) impers., e-n heimtir, *one longs* (slíks var ván, at þik mundi þangat h.); (5) refl., heimtast fram at aldri, *to advance in years*; h. saman, *to gather together, join* (heimtust brátt skip hans saman).

HEIMTA, f. (1) *claim, demand* (of payment due to one); (2) esp. in pl. (heimtur) *bringing home sheep from the summer pastures* (verða h. góðar).

HEIMTING, f. *claim, demand*.

HEIMULL, a. = heimoll, heimill.

HEIM-VÁN, f. (1) *prospect of coming home*; (2) *prospect of salvation*.

HEIN, f. *hone, whetstone*.

HEINAR-SMJÖR, -SUFL, n. *the grease or liquor which mowers put on the whetstone*.

HEIN-BERG, n. *hone-quarry*; -BRÝNI, n. *hone, whetstone*.

HEIPT, f. (1) *feud, deadly war*; vinna e-m h., *to wage war against one*; deila heiptir, *to wage deadly feud*; (2) *deadly hatred, spite* (meirr af h. en ást); h. ok harðindi, *ill-will and tyranny*; hafa h. á e-m, *to hate*.

HEIPTAR-BLÓÐ, n. *bloodshed*;

-FENGINN, a. *breathing hatred against one*; -HUGR, m. *wrath, hatred* (hafa -hug á e-m); -MÁL, n., -ORÐ, n. pl. *words breathing hatred*.

HEIPT-FENGINN, a. = heiptarfenginn; -GJARN, a. *spiteful*; -MÓÐR, a. *wrathful*; -MÖGR, m. *foeman, adversary*; -RÆKR, a. *vindictive, revengeful*; -ÚÐ, f. *deadly hatred, revengefulness*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *words of hatred*.

HEIT, n. (1) *solemn promise, vow*; efla (stofna, festa) heit, *to make a vow*; strengja e-s h., *to make a solemn vow*; (2) pl. *threats* (hann stóð undir heitum ok illyrðum).

HEITA (HEIT; HÉT, HÉTUM; HEITINN), v. (1) *to call give a name to*; Grímni mik hétu, *they called me G.*; heitinn eptir e-m, *called (named) after one*; (2) *to call on one*; h. e-n á brott, *to call on one to be gone, bid one go* (heitit mik héðan); h. á e-n, *to exhort one* (in battle); *to invoke* (h. á hinn heilaga Ólaf); h. á e-n til e-s, *to invoke (appeal to) one for a thing* (hann hét á Þór til fulltings); (3) intrans., the pres. 'heiti' (not 'heit'), *to be hight, be called*; Óðinn ek, nú heiti, *now I am called Odin*; Ólafr heiti ek, *my name is O.*; Úlfr hét maðr, *there was a man, whose name was U.*; bœr heitir á Bakka (at búrfelli), *there is a farm called B.*; h. *(to be reckoned)* frjáls maðr, hvers manns níðingr; (4) with dat. *to promise* (h. e-m e-u); mantu, hverju þú hézt mér, *do you remember what you promised me?* h. e-m hörðu, *to threaten one*; Bárði var heitit meyjunni, *the maid was promised to B.*; (5) refl., heitast, *to vow, plight one's faith* (þeir hétust reka Hákon ór landi); h. e-m, *to vow one's person to one* (h. hinum heilaga Ólafi konungi); *to be betrothed to one*.

HEITA (HEITTA, HEITTR), v. (1) *to heat* (h. spjót í eldi); (2) *to brew* (h. mungát, h. öl).

HEITA, f. *brewing* (cf. ölheita).

HEITAN, f. *threatening*.

HEITANAR-ORÐ, n. pl. *menaces*.

HEITAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to make threats, to speak threateningly* (aldrei heitaðist hann við úvini sina); h. til e-s, *to use threats to obtain a thing*; h. at gera e-t, *to threaten to do a thing*.

HEIT-BUNDINN, pp. *bound by a vow* (í e-u við e-n); -FASTR, a. *true to one's word*; -FENGI, f. *the being* -fengr; -FENGR, a. *able to eat one's food burning hot*; -FÉ, n. *votive money*; -GUÐ, m. *a god to whoin one inakrs a vow*.

HEITI, n. *name, denomination*.

HEITINGAR, f. pl. *threats, imprecations* (h. ok hrakning).

HEIT-KONA, f. *one's promised spouse*; -ORÐ, n. *promise (of marriage)*.

HEITR, a. (1) *hot, burning*; eldi heitari, *hotter than fire*; e-m verðr heitt, *one gets warm*; (2) *hot, ardent, zealous* (verða h. við e-t).

HEIT-RAMR, a. *boasting, braggart*.

HEIT-ROF, n. *breach of faith*; -ROFI, m. *promise-breaker*.

HEITSI, a., verða e-s h., *to engage, oneself to a thing*.

HEIT-STRENGING, f. *making a solemn vow*; -STRENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to vow solemnly* (= strengja e-s heit); -SÖNGR, m. *votive song*.

HEITU-HÚS, n. *brew-house*; -KETILL, m. *boiler*; -MAÐR, m. *brewer*.

HEKLA, f. *cowled or hooded frock*.

HEL (gen. HELJAR, dat. HELJU), f. (1) *Hel (the goddess of death)*; blár sem h., *black as Hel*; (2) *abode of the dead* (gráta

Baldr ór helju); leysa höfuð sitt ór helju, *to save oneself from death*; rasa í helina opna, *to rush into open death*; liggja á heljar þremi, *to be on the verge of death*; (3) *death* (þykkir ekki betra líf en hel); berja e-n grjóti í hel, *to stone one to death*.

HÉLA, f. *hoar frost, rime*.

HÉLA (HÉLDI, HÉLDR), v. *to cover with rime*; *to fall as rime*.

HEL-BLÁR, a. *black as death*.

HELDR, adv. compar. (1) *more, rather*; h. en, *rather than, more than* (vápn þeirra bitu eigi h. en vendir); (2) at h., *any the more*; also, *all the more* (at h. tveimr, at ek mynda gjarna veita yðr öllum); at heldr þótt, *even although*; (3) *rather* (nú vartu h. til skjótr, en ek h. til seinn); var brúðrin döpur h., *the bride was rather sad*; (4) after a negative, *but, on the contrary*.

HELDRI, a. compar. *better*; HELZTR, a. superl. *best*; í heldra lagi, *in a high degree*; þykkir mönnum sá helztr kostr, *the best choice*.

HEL-FÚSS, a. *murderous* (-fúss hönd); -FÖR, f. *death*.

HELGA (AÐ), v. (1) h. sér land *to appropriate land by performing sacred rites*; (2) *to hallow to one* (hét hann at helga Þór allt landnám sitt); (3) h. þing, *to proclaim the sanctity of a meeting*; h. e-n, *to proclaim a person inviolable*; (4) refl., helgast *to be sanctified*.

HEL-GALDR, m. *death-dirge*.

HELGAN, f. (1) *sanctification, sanctity*; (2) *sacrament*.

HELGAR-FRÍÐR, m. *holiday-truce*.

HELGI, f. (1) *holiness, sanctity* (h. Ólafs konungs); (2) *inviolability, security*.

HELGI-BRIGÐI, n. *Sabbath-breaking*; -HALD, n. *holiday-keeping*; -STAÐR, m. *holy place*.

HELGR (gen. HELGAR, dat. and acc. HELGT; pl. HELGAR), f. *holiday, festival*; hringja til helgar, *to ring for a festival*.

HEL-GRÁÐR, m. *voracity betokening death*; -GRINDR, f. pl. *Hel's gate*.

HELJAR-KARL, m. (1) *accursed fellow*; (2) *one doomed to die*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *accursed fellow*; (2) *one doomed to die*; -SKINN, n. *a dark-skinned person*.

HELJAST, v. refl. *to work hard* (hann heljast á skálasmíð).

HELLA, f. *flat stone, slab of rock*.

HELLA (-TA, -T), v. *to pour out* (h. e-u); var hellt í þik mjólk, *milk was poured into thy mouth*; h. út blóði, tárum, *to shed blood, tears*.

HELLIR (gen. HELLIS, dat. and acc. HELLI; pl. HELLAR), m. *cave, cavern*.

HELLIS-BERG, n. *cavernous rock*; -DYRR, f. pl. *door (entrance) of a cave*; -MAÐR, m. *cave-dweller, outlaw*; -MUNNI, m. *mouth of a cave*; -SKÚTI, m. *jutting cave*.

HELLNA-GRJÓT, n. *flat stones, slabs*.

HELLU-STEINN, m. *flat stone, slab*.

HELMA, f. *haulm, straw*.

HELMING, f. = helmingr.

HELMINGA (AÐ), v. *to halve*.

HELMINGA-SKIPTI, n. *division in two equal portions*.

HELMINGR (-S, -AR), m. *half*; at helmingi, *by half*; skipta í helminga, *to share in two equal portions*.

HELMINGS-FÉLAG, n. *joint company (with equal shares)*.

HELSI, n. *collar*, esp. for a dog.

HEL-SKÓR, m. pl. *shoes for the dead*; -STAFIR, m. pl. *baneful characters*; -STRIÐ, n. *agony*.

HELTAST (T), v. refl. *to become lame*.

HELTI, f. *lameness*.

HÉLU-FALL, n. *fall of rime*; -KALDR, a. *rime-cold*; -ÞOKA, f. *rime-fog, mist*.

HEL-VEGR, m. *the way to Hel*; -VÍTI, n. *hell, the abode of the damned*.

HELVÍTIS-KVALIR, f. pl. *torments of hell*; -MAÐR, m. *a man doomed to hell*.

HELVÍZKR, a. *hellish, infernal*.

HELZT, adv. superl. (cf. 'heldr'), *most of all, especially* (hefi ek þat helzt í hug mér).

HELZTI, adv. *far too* (= helzt til); h. lengi, *far too long*.

HELZTR, a. superl., see 'heldri'.

HEMINGR, m. *the skin of the shanks*.

HENDA (HENDA, HENDR), v. (1) *to catch with the hand* (hann kastaði heininni í lopt upp, en allir vildu h.); *to pick out or up* (hann safnar mönnum til at h. svínin); h. e-t augum, *to catch with the eyes*; h. til smátt ok stórt, *to pick up small and great alike, look closely after*; h. gaman (skemtan) at e-u, *to take a delight in* (hann hendi skemtan at sögum ok kvæðum); h. sakir á e-m, *to pick up charges against one*; (2) *to touch, concern one* (tíðendi þau, er bæði okkr henda); (3) *to befall, happen to one*; þá hafði hent glœpska mikil, *they had committed a great folly*; hann kvað þat dugandi menn h. *(it happened to brave men)* at falla í bardögum.

HENDI-LANGR, a. *helpful, ready to help* (vera e-m -langr um e-t).

HENDING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *catching*; var í hendingum með þeim, *they were near coming to close quarters*; (2) *rhyme or assonance*; *rhyming or assonating syllable*.

HENDINGAR-ORÐ, n. *rhyming syllable*.

HENDI-SAMR, a. *picking, thievish*.

HENGI-SKAFL, m. *jutting heap of snow*.

HENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to hang up, suspend*; *to hang on a gallows*; h. sik, *to hang oneself*.

HENTA (-NTI, -NT, or AÐ), v. *to fit, be suitable for* (sárum mönnum hentir betr mjólk en mungát); eigi hentir svá, *it will not do that way*.

HENTI-LIGR, a. *befitting*, = hentr.

HENT-LEIKR, m. *opportunity*.

HENTR, a. *fit, suited for one*; er slíkum mönnum bezt hent þar, *there is the right place for such men*.

HENTUG-LEIKR, m. = hentleikr.

HENTUGR, a. *befitting, convenient*.

HEPPI-FENGR, a. *making a good catch*.

HEPPINN, a. *lucky, fortunate*.

HEPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. (1) *to bind, fetter*; h. hross, hest, *to hobble a horse*; (2) *to impede, hinder* (illt er flýjanda at h.); h. sik, *to restrain oneself, forbear*; refl. *to be thwarted* (heptist ferð þeirra).

HEPTI, n. *haft* (of a dirk).

HEPTING, f. *tether*; *impediment*.

HEPTI-SAX, n. *a kind of digger*.

HÉR, adv. (1) *here*; á landi h., *in this country*; h. ok hvar, *here and there*; (2) *here, hither* (margir þeir er h. koma); (3) with preps., h. af, *here from, from this*; h. eptir, *hereafter, according to this*; h. fyrir, *for this, therefore*; h. til, *hereto*; h. um, *in this, as regards this*.

HERAÐ, n. (1) *district*; (2) *country*, opp. to 'bœr' *(town)*.

HERAÐS-BÓNDI, m. *franklin*; -BÓT, f. *bettering the affairs of a district*; -BRESTR, m. *a crash that can be heard all over the district*; -BYGÐ, f. *a district and its people*; -DEILD, f. *district quarrel*; -FTEYGR, a. *quickly known over a district*; -FLÓTTI, m. *flight or exile from a district*; -FUNDR, m. *district meeting*; -ÍSETA, f. = heraðs-vist; -KIRKJA, f. *parish church*; -KONUNGR, n. kinglet; -RÍKR, a. *of influence in one's dis-*

trict; -sekr, a. *outlawed within a district*; -sekt, f. *outlawry within a district*; -stjórn, f. *district government*; -vist, f. *abiding within a certain district*; -vært, a. n., eiga -vært, *to be at liberty to reside within a district*; -þing, n. *district assembly* (in contrast to the 'alþingi').

herað-vært, a. n. = heraðs-vært.

her-baldr, m. poet., *warrior*.

her-bergi, n. (1) *room*; (2) *lodgings, quarters* (var þeim vísat fyrst í gestahús til herbergis).

herbergis-maðr, m., -sveinn, m. *groom of the chamber*.

herbergja (-ða, -ðr), v. (1) *to harbour* (a person); (2) *to lodge, take up one's quarters* (= h. sik).

her-blástr, m. *blast of trumpets*; -boð, n. *war summons*; -brestr, m. *explosion*; -búðir, f. pl. *camp*; -búinn, pp. *armed*; -búnaðr, m. *armament*.

herða (-rða, -rðr), v. (1) *to make hard, temper* (h. járn, sverð); (2) *to press, clench*; h. hendr (knúa) at e-u, *to clench with the hands (fists)*; fig., h. atgöngu, *to make the attack harder*; (3) *to make firm, exhort*; h. huginn, h. sik, *to take heart, exert oneself*; (4) absol. *to follow closely, pursue vigorously* (Birkibeinar herðu eptir þeim); h. áfram, *to push on*; h. at (e-m) *to press hard (upon one)*; (5) impers. *to become hard*; veðr (acc.) herði, *it blew up a gale*; herði seglit, *the sail was strained hard* (by the gale); (6) refl. *to take heart* (það konungr menn vel við herðast).

herða, f. (1) *tempering* (of steel), *steeling*; (2) *hardness, severity*.

herða-drengr, m. *hump on the back* (cf. 'herðar'); -lítill, a. *narrow shouldered*; -munr, m. *superiority, superior force*.

herðar, f. pl. *shoulders, the upper part of the back*.

herðar-blað, n. *shoulder blade*.

herða-sár, n. *a wound over the shoulders*; -toppr, m. *shoulder tuft* (of a horse's mane).

herði, f. *hardness, hardihood*.

herði-breiðr, a. *broad-shouldered*; -lítill, a. = herðalítill; -lútr, a. *with stooping shoulders*.

herði-maðr, m. *hardy man*.

herði-mikill, a. = herði-breiðr; -þykkr, a. *thick-shouldered*.

herðu-góðr, a. *well tempered* (øx herðugóð ok snarpegg).

her-draga (see draga), v. *to drag violently* (at grípa, slá, eða h.).

her-fang, n. *booty* (taka fé e-s at -fangi); -fenginn, pp. *captured, taken by force*; -ferð, f. (1) *warfare, military expedition*; (2) *host*.

herfi, n. *harrow*.

herfi-liga, adv. *wretchedly*; -ligr, a. *wretched*.

her-fjöturr, m. *'war-fetter'*; -flokkr, m. *body of warriors*; -fólk, n. *men of war*; -fórur, f. pl. *harness*; -færr, a. *able for war service*; -för, f. = -ferð (1); -ganga, f. *march*; -gjarn, a. *warlike*; -glötuðr, m. *destroyer of hosts*; -hlaup, n. *rushing to arms*; -horn, n. *war trumpet*.

heri, m. *hare*; hafa hera hjarta, *to be hare-hearted*.

herja (að), v. (1) *to go harrying or free-booting*; (2) with acc. *to despoil, waste* (h. land); refl., herjast á, *to harry (wage war on) one another*.

herja-föðr, m. *father of hosts, Odin*.

herjan, m. *Lord of hosts* (a name of Odin).

HERJANS-KERLING, f. *hag*; -SONR, m. *'devil's limb', wretch*.

HER-KASTALI, m. *castle, stronghold*.

HER-KERLING, f., only in 'hver -kerling', *every old woman*.

HERKJA, v. *to drag oneself along*.

HER-KLUKKA, f. *alarm-bell*; -KLÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to clothe in armour*; refl., -klæðast, *to put on armour*; -KLASTI, n. pl. *armour*; -KONUNGR, m. *warrior-king*; -KUMBL, -KUML, n. *war token, arms* (on shields).

HÉR-KVÁMA, f. *arrival*.

HER-LAND, n. *harried land*; -LEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to lead off into captivity*; -LEIÐING, f. *captivity*; -LEIÐSLA, f. = herleiðing.

HÉR-LENDR, -LENZKR, a. *domestic, native*, opp. to 'útlenzkr' (foreign).

HER-LIÐ, n. *war-people, troops*; -LIGR, a. *marlial-looking*; -LÚÐR, m. *war trumpet* (þeyta h.).

HERMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to relate, repeat, report* (h. orð e-s); (2) h. eptir e-m, *to imitate or mimic one*.

HER-MAÐR, m. *man of war, warrior* (hann var mikill h.).

HERMANN-LIGA, adv. *gallantly*; -LIGR, a. *gallant, martial*.

HERMAST (D), v. refl. *to wax wroth* (e-m hermist við e-n).

HERMD, f. *vexation, aimer*.

HERMDAR-FULLR, a. *wrathful*; -LITR, m. *colour of wrath*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *angry words*; -VERK, n. *deed of renown* (?); -YRÐI, n. pl. = -orð.

HER-MEGIR, m. pl. *warriors*.

HERMI-KRÁKA, f. *mimic, ape*.

HERMI-LIGA, adv. *right angrily*.

HERMING, f. *indignation, wrath*.

HERMT, pp. n., e-m verðr h. við e-t, *to wax angry with a thing*.

HÉRNA, adv. *here* (= hér).

HERNAÐAR-FÓLK, n., -MENN, m. pl. *plunderers, forayers*; -RÁÐ, n. pl. *a planning for plunder*; -SÖK, f. *a case of raid*.

HERNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *harryng, plundering*; (2) *warfare, raid, foray* (hefja hernað, fara í hernað).

HER-NEMA (see NEMA), v. *to capture, take by force*.

HERNESKJA, f. *armour*.

HER-NUMI, a., -NUMINN, pp. *captive*; -ÓP, n. *war-cry, war-whoop*.

HERR (gen. HERS, older HERJAR), m. (1) *crowd, great number* (fylgdi oss h. manna); með her manns, *with a host of men*; úvígar h., *overwhelming host*; (2) *army, troops* (on land and sea). Cf. 'allsherjar-'.

HERRA (indecl. in sing.; pl. HERRAR), m. *master, lord*.

HERRA (AÐ), v. *to confer the title* 'herra' *upon a person*.

HERRA-DÓMR, m., -DŒMI, n. *lordship*; *dominion*; -LIGR, a. *lordly*; -MAÐR, m. *lordly man, lord, knight*.

HERRAMANN-LIGA, adv. *in a lordly manner*; -LIGR, a. *lordly*.

HERRA-SAMLIGR, a. = herraligr.

HER-SAGA, f. *war-news*.

HERS-BORINN, pp. *born of a hersir*.

HERS-HÖFÐINGI, m. *commander of an army*; *general*.

HERSIR (-IS, -AR), m. *a local chief lord* (in Norway).

HERSKAPAR-BÚNINGR, m. *warlike equipment*; -FŒRI, n. *implement of war*.

HER-SKAPR, m. *harrying, warfare*; -SKÁR, a. (1) *warlike, martial*; (2) *exposed to raid or warfare, in a state of war* (landit var þá herskátt; í þann tíma var mjók

-skátt); -skip, n. *warship*; -skjöldr, m. *war shield*; fara land -skildi, *to harry a land* (= herja land); -skrúð, n., -skrúði, m. *harness*; -skrýddr, pp. *clad in armour*; -spori, m. *caltrop*.

herstast (st), v. refl. *to speak harshly to one* (h. á e-n).

hersti-ligr, a. *harsh*.

her-stjóri, m. *commander*; -stjórn, f. *command of troops*.

herstr, a. *harsh*; mæla herst við e-n, *to speak harshly to one*.

her-taka (see taka), v. *to capture*; -taka konu, *to abduct a woman*; -taka, f. *captivity*; -taki, m. *captive*; -tekja, -tekning, f. = -taka.

hertoga-dómr, m. *leadership*; *duke-dom*; -dœmi, n. *duchy*; -nafn, n. *title of a duke*.

her-togi, m. (1) *commander of troops*; (2) *duke*; -váðir, f. pl. *armour*; -vápn, n. pl. *weapons*; -vegr, m. *highway*; -virki, n. *ravaging, plundering, damage*.

hér-vist, f. *dwelling here*.

her-vígi, n. *ravage, man-slaughter*; -víkingr, m. *plunderer, pirate*; -væða (-dda, -ddr), v. = -klæða.

herzla, f. *tempering* (of steel).

her-þurft, f. *want of troops*; -ör, f. '*war-arrow*' (sent round as a to of war); skera upp -ör, *to summon a district to arms*.

hesli, n. *hazel-wood*; -kylfa, f. *hazel club*; -skógr, m. *hazel-wood*; -stöng, f. *hazel-pole*; -vöndr, m. *hazel wand*.

hespa, f. (1) *hasp, fastening*; (2) *skein* (of wool).

hesta-at, n. *horse-fight*; -birgr, a. *Well provided with horses*; -geldir, m. *horse gelder*; -geymsla, f. *horse keeping*; -gneggjan, f. *neighing of horses*; -gnýr, m. *noise (din) of horsemen*; -járn, n. pl. *horse-shoes*; -keyrsla, f. *driving the horses on, in horse-fight*; -kostr, m. *supply of horses* (hafa lítinn -kost); -líð, n. *horsemen*; -maðr, m. = -svein; -skipti, n. *change of horses*; -stafr, m. *horse staff* (used in a horse-fight); -stallr, m. = hest-hús; -sveinn, m. *horse boy, groom*; -vað, n. *horse ford*; -víg, n. *horse-fight*; -þing, n. *a meeting for a public horse-fight*.

hest-bak, a. *horse-back*; -bein, n. *horse bone*; -birgr, a. = hestabirgr; -brynja, f. *armour for a war-horse*; -búnaðr, m. *horse-gear*; -fœrr, a. *able to ride*; -gangr, m. *set of horse shoes*; -gjöf, f. *gift of a horse*; -hús, n. *horse-stall, stable*; -klárr, m. *hack*; -lán, n. *loan of a horse*; -lauss, a. *without a horse*.

hestr (-s, -ar), m. (1) *stallion* (hestar þrír ok merhross eitt); (2) *horse*.

hest-skeið, n. *race-course*; -skór, m. *horse-shoe*; -tönn, f. *horse's tooth*; -verð, n. *horse's worth*; -víg, n. = hesta-víg; -vörðr, m. *mounted guard* (halda hestvörð).

hetja, f. *hero, dauntless man*.

hetju-skapr, m. *courage, valour*.

hetta, f. (1) *hood*; (2) *a kind of cape*.

hey (dat. heyi or heyvi), n. *hay*; hirða h., *to get in hay*; pl. *stores of hay* (hann hefir rænt mik öllum heyjum).

hey-annir, f. pl. *hay-making time, haying season*; -björg, f. *stores of hay* (varð all-lítil -björg manna); -des, f. *hay-rick*; -fang, n. *produce of hay*; -fátt, a. n., var -fátt, *there was little hay*; -garðr, m. *stack-yard*.

heygja (-ta, -tr), v. *to bury in a how* (haugr), = haugfœra.

hey-gjöf, f. *giving hay* (to horses or

cows); -HJÁLMR, m. *hay-rick*; -HLASS, n. *load of hay*.

HEYJA (HEY; HÁÐA, HÁIÐR), v. (1) *to hold, conduct* (h. þing, dóm); h. gleði *to indulge in mirth*; h. sér orðfjölda *to acquire a store of words*; (2) h. orrostu, bardaga, hólmgöngu *to fight a battle or duel* (hann hafði margar orrostur háðar); refl., heyjast við (*viz.* bardaga), *to fight, bandy words* (þeir háðust þar við um stund).

HEYKJAST (t), v. refl. *to bend, cower down* (h. niðr).

HEY-KLEGGI, m. = hey-des; -KOSTR, m. *stores of hay*; -LAUSS, a. *short of hay*; -LEIGA, f. *rent paid in hay*; -LEYSI, n. *failure in hay*; -LÍTILL, a. *short hay*; var hey-litit, *there was little hay*.

HEYRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to hear*; h. heyrir þat, er gras grær á jörðu, *hears the grass grow*; h. illa, *hard of hearing*; h. e-t til e-s, *to hear (a sound) from one*; hefir hvárki heyrt til hans styn né hosta, *neither groan nor cough has been heard from him*; heyrir blástr (acc.) hans í alla heima, *when he blows, it can he heard in all the worlds*; (2) *to listen to, give ear to*; h. bœn e-s, *to listen to (to grant) one's prayer*; h. á e-t, *to listen* (= hlýða á e-t); (3) h. til e-s *or* e-m til, *to belong to, concern* (þetta mál, er heyrir til dóttur þinnar); þat er til mín heyrir, *as far as I am concerned*; (4) with dat. *to behave* (mér heyrir eigi at þegja við yðr); (5) refl. e-m heyrist e-t, *one thinks he hears*; þá heyrðist þeim öllum sem sveinninn kvæði þetta, *they all thought they heard the boy say this (verse)*.

HEYRANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *hearer*; í heyranda (gen. pl.) hljóði, *in the hearing of all, in public*.

HEYRÐR, pp. (1) *able to hear* (h. vel); (2) *listened to, paid heed to, esteemed* (biskup vel heyrðr).

HEYRI-LIGR, a. *becoming*; mér er -ligt at, *it is incumbent on me to*.

HEYRIN-KUNNIGR, -KUNNR, a. *well known, known to all*.

HEYRN, f. *hearing*; í h. e-m, *in one's hearing*; sumt ritaði hann eptir sjálfs síns h., *from what he heard himself*.

HEYRUM-KUNNR, a. = heyrin-kunnr.

HEY-SALA, f. *sale of hay*; -STÁI, n. *the middle of a hay-stack*; -TAKA, f. *plunder of hay*; -TEIGR, m. *strip of a hayfield*; -TJÚGA, f. *pitchfork*; -VERÐ, n. *payment for hay*; -VERK, n. *hay making*; -VÖNDULL, m. *wisp of hay*; -ÞROT, n. *want of hay*; -ÞROTA, a. indecl. *short of hay*; -ÖNN, f. = -annir.

HIFNA-, = himna-.

HIGAT, adv. = hingat.

HILDI-LEIKR, m. *game of war, battle* (poet.); -MEIÐR, m. *warrior* (poet.).

HILDINGR (-S, -AR), m. *chief, hero*.

HILDR (gen. HILDAR, dat. and acc. HILDI), f. *battle* (poet.); vekja bildi, *to wage war, to fight*.

HILMIR (gen. -IS), m. *chief, prince*.

HIMBRIN, n. *great northern diver*.

HIMIN-BORA, f. = -rauf; -FASTR, a. *fixed in heaven* (of stars); -GEISLI, m. *heavenly beam*; -JÖÐURR, m. *the rim of heaven*; -LOPT, n. *the vault of heaven*.

HIMINN (gen. HIMINS, dat. HIMNI; pl. HIMNAR), m. *heaven*; undir berum himini, *in the open* air.

HIMIN-RAUFAR, f. pl. *the windows of heaven*; -RÍKI, n. *kingdom of heaven*; -SKAUT, n. *quarter of heaven*; -TUNGL, n. *heavenly body*; -VANGR, m. *field of heaven* (á -vanga).

HIMNA-BRAUÐ, n. *bread of heaven, man-*

na; -DRÓTTINN, m. *king of heaven*; -FAGNAÐR, m. *heavenly joy*; -MJÖL, n. *flour of heaven, manna*; -RÍKI, n. *kingdom of heaven*; -VALD, n. *heavenly power*; -VIST, f. *abode in heaven*.

HIMNESKR, a. *heavenly*.

HIND, f. *hind* (female of 'hjörtr').

HINDRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to keep behind, hinder*; (2) *to loiter, linger*; h. eptir e-u, *to loiter about a thing*; (3) impers., e-n hindrar e-t, *one wants or lacks a thing*.

HINDRI, a. compar. (rare), hindra dags, *the next day*.

HINDR-VITNI, f. *idolatry, superstition*.

HINGAT, adv. *hither*; -BURÐR, m. *the birth of Christ*; -FERÐ, f. *journey hither*; -FÖR, f. *journey hither*; -KVÆMA, f. *coming hither, arrival*.

HINKA (AÐ), v. *to limp, hobble*.

HINKR, n. *loitering, delay*.

HINN (HIN, HITT), dem. pron. (1) *the other*; á hinn fótinn, *on the other leg*; pl. *the others, the rest* (Kimbi bar sár sín engan mun betr en hinir); (2) emphatically, *that*; hitt ek hugða, *that was what I thought*; hitt vil ek vita, *that I want to know*.

HINN (HIN, HIT), def. art., before an adjective standing alone or followed by a substantive, *the*, = inn, enn (eptir hinni eystri kvísl).

HINNA, f. *film, membrane*.

HINNIG (= HINNEG, HINNOG), adv. (1) *there, in the other place*, opp. to 'hér'; (2) *the other way* (= hinn veg); (3) *thus, so*; (4) *the other day formerly*; (5) *hither*.

HINZTR (HINNSTR), a. superl. *hindmost, last*; hinzta sinni, *for the last time*; h. fundr, *the last meeting*.

HIRÐ, f. *a king's or earl's bodyguard*; *the king's men* (hann hefir á h. um sik sem konungr).

HIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. (1) *to keep in a box or chest* (Ásgerðr hirði slœðurnar, þar sem áðr vóru); (2) h. hey, *to gather in hay*; (3) *to hide, conceal*; (4) *to mind, care for* (aldregi hirði ek þat); h. eigi um e-t, *not to care about* (þeir hirðu ekki um líf sitt); hirð eigi, hirðit eigi, *do not seek* (hirð eigi þú at hopa á hæl!).

HIRÐ-BISKUP, m. *king's bishop*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *comrade of the king's men*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *apparel for king's man*.

HIRÐIR (-IS, -AR), m. *herdsman, shepherd*; *pastor*.

HIRÐ-LIÐ, n. *the king's troops*; -LIGR, a. *belonging to the king's men, courtly* (-lig málsnild); -LÖG, n. pl. *laws and statutes of the king's men, their community or fellowship* (taka e-n í -lög); -MAÐR, m. *king's men*.

HIRÐMANNA-LÚÐR, m. *a trumpet belonging to the king's men*; -STEFNA, f. *a hustings of the king's men*.

HIRÐ-MÆR, f. *court lady*; -PRESTR, m. *king's chaplain*; -PRÚÐR, a. *cour teous*; -PRÝÐI, f. *royal pomp*; -SIÐIR, m. pl. *the customs of the king's men*; -STEFNA, f. *meeting of the king's men*; -STJÓRI, m. *the captain of the king's men*; -STJÓRN, f. *the dignity of a* stjóri; -STOFA, f. *king's hall*; -SVEIT, f. *the host of king's men*; -VIST, f. *the position of a king's man*.

HIRÐU-LEYSA, f. *carelessness, neglect*.

HIRSI, n. *millet*.

HIRTA (-RTA, -RTR), v. *to chastise*.

HIRTING, f. *chastisement*.

HIRTINGAR-LAUSS, a. *unchastised*; -LEYSI, n. *want of chastisement*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *severe words*; -SAMR, a. *severe*.

HIRZLA, f. (1) *keeping*; (2) *box, chest*.

HITA, f. *heating, heat*.

HITI, m. *heat, warmth*.

HITNA (AÐ), v. *to become hot*; impers., e-m hitnar, *one gets hot (warm)*.

HITTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to hit upon, meet with one*; h. ráð, *to hit upon a device*; h. leiðina, *to find one's way*; absol., h. inn í váginn, *to find the way into the bay*; sjaldan hittir leiðr í lið, *an unwelcome guest always misses the feast*; h. í vandræði, *to get into scrapes*; h. á e-t, *to hit upon* (hitti hann þar á þórolf); (2) *to hit, strike* (spjótit hitti í brjóst hestsins); (3) *to visit, call on, see* (fóru þá margir menn at h. Hákon konung); (4) refl., hittast, *to meet one another*; hann bað þá vel fara ok heila h. *(meet again safe and sound)*.

HITU-ELDR, m. *a fire for heating (brewing)*; -HÚS, n. *brew-house*; -KETILL, m. *boiler*.

HIXTA (-XTA, -XT), v. *to hiccough*; *to sob*; meðan í önd hixti, *while the breath rattled in his throat*.

HIXTI, m. *hiccough*; *sobbing*.

HÍ-BÝLI, n. see 'hý-býli'.

HÍÐ, n. *lair, den*, esp. of a bear.

HÍÐ-BJÖRN, m. *common bear*.

HÍT, f. *skin-bag*.

HJAL, n. *chatter, talk*.

HJALA (AÐ), v. *to chatter, talk* (h. e-n); hjalast við, *to talk together*.

HJALDR (-RS), m. *fight, battle* (poet.).

HJAL-DRJÚGT, a. n. *talkative, chatting*; þeim verðr -drjúgt, *they have much to say*.

HJALLI, m. *ledge in a mountain side*.

HJALLR, m. (1) *scaffold, frame of timber*; (2) *shed* (for drying fish).

HJALS-KONA, f. *female friend*.

HJALT, n. (1) *the boss or knob at the end of a sword hilt* (eptra, efra hjaltit); (2) *the guard between the hilt and blade* (fremra hjaltit).

HJALT-LAND, n. *Shetland*; -LENDINGR (-S, -AR), m. *Shetlander*; -LENZKR, -NESKR, a. *from Shetland*.

HJARA, f. *hinge*, = hjarri.

HJARÐAR-SVEINN, m. = hjarð-sveinn.

HJARÐ-HUNDR, m. *shepherd's hound*; -REKI, m. = -sveinn; -RÆKR, a. *able to drive a drove*; -SVEINN, m. *shepherd boy*; -TÍK, f. *shepherd's dog*.

HJARN, n. *hard frozen snow*.

HJARNA (AÐ), v. *to revive, recover strength* (h. við).

HJARNI, m. *brain*, = heili.

HJARN-SKÁL, m. *brain pan, skull*.

HJARRI, m. *hinge*.

HJARSI, m. *the crown of the head*.

HJARTA (pl. HJÖRTU, gen. HJARTNA) n. (1) *heart*; (2) *mind, feeling*.

HJARTA-BLAUÐR, a. *cowardly*; -BLÓÐ, n. *heart's blood*; -GÓÐR, a. *kind-hearted*; -LIGR, a. *hearty*; -PRÚÐR, a. *stout-hearted, generous*; -PRÝÐI, f. *stoutness of heart, courage*; -RAGR, a. = -blauðr; -RŒTR, f. pl. *heart strings*; -SÁR, n. *heart wound*; -TREGI, m. *heart-ache*.

HJART-BLÓÐ, n. = hjarta-blóð; -FÓLGINN, pp. *heart-felt, cherished in heart*; -MÖRR, m. *the fat about the heart*; -NÆMR, a. *heart-touching*; -SÁRI, a. *heart-sore, broken-hearted*.

HJART-SKINN, n. *deer-skin* (hjartskinns glófar).

HJASSI, m. see 'hjarsi'.

HJASSI, m. *a fabulous beast*.

HJÁ, prep. with dat. (1) *by, near*; liggja (sitja) h. e-m, *to lie (sit) by one*; sofa (hvíla) hjá e-m, *to sleep with one*; h. durunum, *near (close to) the door*; (2) *by, with*; vera h. e-m, *to stay with one*; vera í gistingu h. e-m, *to lodge with one*; maðr einn var eptir h. honum, *was left with*

him; (3) *present*; svá at Flosi var h., *in the presence of F.*; (4) *past, by*; fara, ganga h. e-m, *to go by, pass one* (mánaði síðarr fóru þeir h. mér kátir); farast h., *to pass by one another*; fara h. sér, *to go beside oneself*; fram h. Knafahólum, *past K.*; þeir riðu h. fram, *they rode by*; (5) *in comparison with (to)*; höfðu þeir fátt kvikfjár h. því sem þurfti, *they had few live stock in comparison with what was needed*.

HJÁ-BÚ, n. *out-lying estate*; -HVÍLA, f. *concubinage*; -KONA, f. *concubine*; -LEIKR, m. *trick*.

HJÁLMAÐR, pp. *helmed*.

HJÁLM-BARÐ, n. *helmet-rim*; -BÖND, n. pl. *helmet strings*; -DRÓTT, f. *helmed host, war host*; -GJÖRÐ, f. *rim of a helmet*; -HÖTTR, m. *helmet-hood* (a kind of cowl put over the helmet); -LAUKR, m. *a kind of leek, garlic*.

HJÁLMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *helm, helmet*; (2) *rick (of hay or barley)*.

HJÁLM-STAFR, m. *warrior* (poet.); -STOFN, m. *the head*; -VÍTR, f. *'helm-wight', Valkyrie*.

HJÁLMUN-VÖLR, HJÁLM-VÖLR, m. *tiller of a helm*.

HJÁLP (-AR, -IR), f. *help*.

HJÁLPA (HELP; HALP *or* HJALP, HULPUM; HÓLPINN), v. (1) *to help* (h. e-m); h. e-m við = h. e-m; (2) *to save* (h. lífi sínu); refl. *to be saved* (þá munu vér hjálpast allir saman).

HJÁLPA (AÐ), v. = prec.

HJÁLPAR-GATA, f. *a way to help*.

HJÁLPARI, m. *helper, saviour*.

HJÁLPAR-LAUSS, a. *helpless*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *helper*; (2) *one saved*; ek mun vera -maðr, ef, *I shall be saved, if*; -RÁÐ, n. *helping advice*.

HJÁLP-LAUSS, a. *helpless*; -LEYSI, n. *helplessness*; -RÁÐ, -RÆÐI, n. *helping advice*; *help, means of saving*; -SAMLIGR, a. *helpful, salutary*; -SEMD, f. *help, salvation*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *promising help, likely to help, salutary*; -VÆNN, a. = -vænligr.

HJÁ-MÁLL, a. *refractory, obstinate*; -STAÐA, f. *assistance*; -STIGR, m. *by-path*; -TŒKR, a. *missing one's hold*; -VERA, -VIST, f. *presence*.

HJÓL, n. *wheel* (vagnar á hjólum); brjóta á hjóli, *to break (a person) on the wheel*.

HJÓL-VAGN, m. *cart on wheels*.

HJÓN *or* HJÚN, n. (1) *one of the household* (griðkona var hit þriðja h.); (2) pl. *married couple, man and wife* (Höskuldr bað hana vinna þeim hjónum); (3) *domestic, servant* (ef þú sýnir skilríki, at hann sé þitt h. = þinn vinnumaðr); rézt hann þar at hjóni, *he took service there*.

HJÓNA, n. = hjón (rare).

HJÓNA-BAND, n. *matrimony*; -LIÐ, n. *domestic servants*; -LIGR, a. *connubial*; -SKILNAÐR, m. *divorce*; -TAK, n. *hiring of servants*; -VAL, n. *choice of servants* (eigi hefik dyggt h.).

HJÓN-MARGR, a., hafa -margt, *to have many servants*.

HJÚ (pl. HJÚ, dat. HJÚM), n. = hjón, hjún; (1) þeir ráku hann í stofu ok hjú hans öll, *and all his household-people*; (2) hjú gørðu hvílu, *man and wife went to rest*; (3) hann reið heim á Laugaland ok réð sér hjú, *and engaged servants*.

HJÚFRA (AÐ), v. *to weep*.

HJÚKA (AÐ), v. *to nurse* a sick person (h. e-m, h. at *or* við e-m); refl., *to recover strength* (hón hjúkast lítt við þessa fœðu).

HJÚKAN, f. *nursing* (of a sick person).

HJÚ-KÓLFR, m. *convivial meeting*.

HJÚN, n. = hjón.

HJÚPA (AÐ), v. *to shroud* (a corpse).

HJÚPR, m. a kind of *doublet*.

HJÚSKAPAR-BAND, n. *bond of matrimony*; -FAR, n. *cohabitation*; -MÁL, n. *a case referring to marriage*; -RÁÐ, n. pl. *the contracting of matrimony*; -SAMLAG, n. *wedlock*.

HJÚ-SKAPR, m. *matrimony*.

HJÖLP (gen. HJALPAR), f. = hjálp.

HJÖRÐ (gen. HJARÐAR, dat. HJÖRÐU; pl. HJARÐIR), f. *herd, flock*.

HJÖR-DRÓTT, f. *sword-company*; -LEIKR, m. *'sword-play', fight*; -LÖGR, m. *'sword-liquid', blood* (poet.).

HJÖRR (gen. HJARAR and HJÖRS, dat HJÖRVI), m. *sword*.

HJÖR-STEFNA, f. *'sword-meeting', battle, fight* (poet.).

HJÖRTR (gen. HJARTAR, dat. HIRTI; pl. HIRTIR, acc. HJÖRTU), m. *hart, stag*.

HJÖR-UNDAÐR, pp. *wounded by a sword*; -ÞING, n. = -stefna.

HLAÐ, n. (1) *pile, stack*; (2) *pavement* (in front of a homestead); (3) *border, lacework*; feldr búinn hlöðum, *a laced cloak*.

HLAÐA (HLEÐ; HLÓÐ, HLÓÐUM; HLAÐINN), v. (1) *to pile up* (h. korni í hjálma); h. grjóti (hellum) at höfði oðrum, *to be present at another's burial, to survive*; (2) *to build*, with acc. (h. vegg, vörðu); (3) *to load*, esp. *lade a ship* (h. skip e-u, af e-u, með e-u); kistur hlaðnar af gulli, *chests laden with gold*; (4) *to fell, lay prostrate*, with dat. (gátu þeir hlaðit honum um síðir ok bundu hann); h. seglum, *to take in sail*; (5) *to slay* (bera vápn á Finnana ok fá hlaðit þeim); (6) refl., hlaðast at, *to throng, crowd*; vér viljum eigi, at fjölmenni hlaðist at (*throng to see*), er vér erum afklæddir; hlaðast á mara bóga, *to mount the horses*.

HLAÐA, f. *store-house, barn*.

HLAÐ-BÚÐ, f. *a booth with walls of turf or stones*.

HLAÐ-BÚINN, pp. *ornamented with lace, laced* (= hlöðum búinn).

HLAÐI, m. *pile, stack*.

HLAKKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to cry, scream* (of the eagle); (2) *to rejoice*; h. yfir e-u, *to exult over a thing*.

HLAMM, n. *a dull, heavy sound*.

HLAMMA (AÐ), v. (1) *to give a dull, heavy sound*; (2) *to exult*.

HLAND, n. *urine*; -AUSA, -SKJÓLA, f., -TROG, n. *urine trough*.

HLASS, n. *cart-load*.

HLAUP, n. (1) *leap, jump* (Egill hljóp yfir díkit, en þat var ekki annara manna h.); (2) *run, running*; taka h., *to take to running, to run* (hann tók h. heim til herbergis); vera í hlaupum ok sendiförum, *to run on errands*; (3) *a sudden rise* (in a river), *flood, freshet* (hlaup kom í ána); (4) *assault* (= frumhlaup).

HLAUPA (HLEYP; HLJÓP, HLJÓPUM; HLAUPINN), v. (1) *to leap, jump* (hann hljóp meirr en hæð sina); hljópu þeir á hesta sína, *they sprang upon their horses*; h. fyrir borð, útbyrðis, *to leap overboard*; h. á sund, *to leap into the water*; h. upp, *to spring to one's feet, start up* (þá hljópu varðmerm upp); (2) = renna, *to run* (þeir hlaupa eptir, en hann kemst á skóg undan); refl., hlaupast á brott, *to run away*; (3) of a river, *to flood*; hljópu vötn fram ok leysti árnar, *the waters rose in flood and the ice was broken*; of ice, mikit svell var hlaupit upp (*there was a great sloping sheet of ice*) öðru megin fljótsins; (4) with preps., h. at e-m, h. á e-n, *to attack one*; h. á, *to come suddenly on, spring up*, of a gale (þá hljóp á útsynningr steinóði); h. saman, of a wound, *to heal over*; h. í sun-

dr, *to open up again* (sárit var hlaupit í sundr).

HLAUPA-FAR, n. *assault*; pl. -FÖR, *uproar*; -PILTR, m. *errand boy*.

HLAUPARI, m. (1) *landlouper*; (2) *charger* (horse).

HLAUP-ÁR, n. *leap-year*.

HLAUPINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *landlouper, runaway*.

HLAUP-ÓÐR, a. *in a great flurry*; -RÍFR, a. *precipitate*; -STIGR, m. *run-away-path* (taka e-n á þeim -stigi).

HLAUT, f. *blood of sacrifice*.

HLAUT-BOLLI, m. *sacrificial bowl*; -TEINN, m. *sacrificial twig* (for sprinkling the blood with).

HLAUT-VIÐR, m. *rod immersed in sacrificial blood, divination rod*.

HLÁKA, f. *thaw*.

HLÁNA (AÐ), v. *to thaw* (veðr tók at þykkna ok hlána).

HLÁTR (gen. -RAR and -RS), m. *laughter*; reka upp h., *to burst out laughing*; hafa e-t at hlátri, *to ridicule, make a laughing-stock of*.

HLÁTR-MILDR, a. *prone to laughing*.

HLÉ, n. (1) *shelter*; (2) *lee, lee side*; sigla á h., *to stand to leeward*.

HLÉ-BARÐR, m. (1) *leopard* (also poet. *bear, wolf*); (2) *shield* (poet.).

HLÉ-BORÐ, n. *the lee side*.

HLEÐI, m. *shutter* (= hleri).

HLÉÐR, a. *famous, renowned* (?).

HLEIFR (-S, -AR), m. *loaf*.

HLEIFS-EFNI, n. *dough for a loaf*.

HLEINA (-DA), v. *to guard oneself* (?).

HLEKKJAST (T), v., in the phrase, e-m hlekkist á, *one gets impeded, suffers miscarriage*.

HLEKKR (-S or -JAR; pl. -IR), m. *link*; pl. *a chain of links*.

HLEMMR (-S, -AR), m. *trap-door*.

HLENNI, m. *robber* (poet.).

HLENNI-MAÐR, m. *robber, thief*.

HLÉR (gen. HLÉS), m. *the Sea*.

HLER, n. *listening*; standa á hleri, *to stand eaves-dropping or listening*.

HLERA (AÐ), v. *to listen*.

HLEYPA (-TA, -T), v. (1) *to make one run or go*; *to move or impel* in some way; h. njósnarmönnum á land upp, *to send spies ashore*; hleypti hann annarri brúninni ofan á kinnina, *he let one eye-brow sink upon the cheek*; h. hurð í lás, *to shut a door*; h. ánni í veg sinn, *to lead the river into its channel*; h. e-u á e-n, *to cause to fall upon one* (hleypti Gróa skriðu á þá); hann hleypir út vatni miklu ór sullinum, *he presses much water out of the sore*; h. ór e-m auganu, *to poke the eye out*; (2) *to throw off* (h. heimdraganum); h. akkerum, *to cast anchors*; (3) h. berki af trjám, *to cut the bark off the trees*; h. upp dóminum, *to break up the court* (by violence); (4) *to gallop, ride swiftly* = h. hesti (Hrungnir varð reiðr ok hleypti eptir honum).

HLEYPI-FÍFL, n. *a headlong fool*; -FLOKKR, m. *band of rovers*; -FÖR, f. *ramble, roving*; -HVEL, n. a kind of *war engine*; -MAÐR, m. *rover*.

HLEYPING, f. *galloping*.

HLEYPI-PILTR, m. *errand-boy*; -SKIP, n., -SKÚTA, f. *swift boat*.

HLEYTA-MENN, m. pl. *kinsmen*.

HLEYTI, n. (1) *part* = leyti; (2) pl. *affinity*; gøra h., bindast hleytum við e-n, *to marry into another's family*.

HLIÐ, n. (1) *gate, gateway* (h. heitir á garði); (2) *wide gap*; (3) *space, interval* (var hvergi h. í milli); (4) *space of time*; *pause, halt* (eptir þat varð h. á orrostun-

ni).

HLIÐ (pl. -AR), f. *side*; standa á aðra h. e-m, *to stand on one side of one*; á tvær hliðar e-m, *on either side of one*; á allar hliðar, *on all sides*.

HLIÐA (AÐ), v. *to give way, recede* (h. undan, h. fyrir e-m); refl., hliðast, *to become open*.

HLIÐ-FARMR, m. *'side-burthen', load* (-farmr Grana); -LAUSS, a. *without a gate or opening* (veggir -lausir); -MÆLTR, pp. *said in oblique speech*.

HLIÐ-SKJÁLF, f. *the seat of Odin*.

HLIÐ-SKJÁR, m. *side window*; -VEGGR, m. *side wall*.

HLIÐ-VÖRÐR, m. *porter*.

HLÍÐ (pl. -IR), f. *mountain side, slope* (fagrar hlíðir grasi vaxnar).

HLÍF (pl. -AR), f. *cover, shelter, protection*, esp. *shield*.

HLÍFA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to shelter, protect*, with dat. (h. sér með skildi, en vega með sverði); (2) *to spare, deal gently with* (mun ek ekki h. þér í gørðinni); refl., hlífast við e-n, *to spare one* (hann hlífðist þá við engan mann); h. við at gøra e-t, *to refrain from doing a thing*; h. við, *to hold back* (sumir hlífðust við mjök).

HLÍFAR-LAUSS, a. *uncovered*.

HLÍFÐ, f. *protection, defence*.

HLÍFÐAR-LAUSS, a. = hlífarlauss; -STAÐR, m. *safe place*; -VÁPN, n. *weapon of defence*.

HLÍFI-SKJÖLDR (HLÍF-SKJÖLDR), m. *shield of defence* (hafa e-n at -skildi).

HLÍT, f. *sufficiency, satisfaction*; til (nökkurrar) hlítar, *tolerably, pretty well*; at góðri h., *very well indeed*.

HLÍTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to rely on, trust*, with dat. (hlítir Ástríðr ekki öðrum konum at því at þjóna honum í lauginni); (2) *to rest satisfied with, be content with* (var hann kvæntr, en hlítti þó eigi þeirri einni saman); eigi má því einu h., er bezt þykkir, *one must put up with something short of the best*; eigi mun minna við h., *less than that will not do*; eigi muntu því einu fyrir h., *thou shalt not get off with that*; (3) *to submit to, abide by* (h. sætt, h. órskurði, dómi, ráðum e-s).

HLJÓÐ, n. (1) *silence, hearing*; biðja (kveðja sér) hljóðs, *to beg (ask for) a hearing* (Njáll kvaddi sér hljóðs); fá h., *to get a hearing*; þegja þunnu hljóði, *to keep a watchful silence*; af hljóði, í hljóði, *in all stillness, silently*; (2) *sound* (Þorfinnr kom engu hljóði lúðrinn); koma á h. um e-t, *to become aware of*; drepr h. ór e-m, *one is struck dumb*; (3) *musical sound, tune*; (4) *trumpet* (h. Heimdallar = Gjallarhorn).

HLJÓÐA (AÐ), v. *to sound* (hverr stafr hljóðar með löngu hljóði eða skömmu).

HLJÓÐAÐR, a. *sounding*; sorgsamliga h., *having a plaintive note*.

HLJÓÐA-GREIN, f. *distinction of sound, accentuation*.

HLJÓÐAN, f. *sound, tune*.

HLJÓÐ-BJALLA, f. *tinkling bell*; -FALL, n. *consonancy*; -FEGRÐ, f. *euphony*; -FYLLANDI, m., -FYLLING, f. = stuðill; -FŒRI, n. *musical instrument*; -GÓÐR, a. *well-tuned*; -LÁTR, a. *reticent, taciturn*; -LEIKR, m. *silence, sadness*; -LIGA, adv. *in all stillness, silently*; -LIGR, a. *silent*; -LYNDR, a. *taciturn*; -LÆTI, n. *stillness*; -MIKILL, a. *shrill-sounding*; -MÆLI, n. *secrecy*; fœra e-t í -mæli, *to hush up*.

HLJÓÐNA (AÐ), v. *to become silent*; þar til hljóðnar um mál þessi, *till the noise about it subsides*.

HLJÓÐR (HLJÓÐ, HLJÓTT), a. *silent, taciturn*; tala hljótt, *to speak in a low voice*;

láta hljótt um sik, *to keep quiet*: var hljótt, *there was silence*.

HLJÓÐ-SAMLIGA, adv. = hljóðliga; -SAMR, a. = hljóðr; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *stillness, calmness*.

HLJÓÐS-GREIN, f. (1) *a kind of sound*; (2) *pronunciation*; (3) *accentuation*.

HLJÓÐ-STAFR, m. *vowel*.

HLJÓMR (gen. -s), m. *sound, tune*.

HLJÓTA (HLÝT; HLAUT, HLUTUM; HLOTINN), v. (1) *to get by lot, to have allotted to oneself* (hón hlaut at sitja hjá Björgólfi); (2) *to get* (h. sigr); margir hlutu gott af hans ráðum, *many benefited by his counsels*; (3) *to undergo, suffer* (h. högg, úför, harm); (4) *to be obliged to*; svá mun nú h. at vera, *it must needs be so*; fara hlýtr þú með mér, *thou must go with me*; (5) refl., hljótast af e-u, *to result or proceed from* (mun hér h. af margs manns bani); hlauzt svá til, at þá tunn átti Ingimundr, *it so happened that*.

HLOTNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to fall to lot* (e-m hlotnast e-t).

HLÓA, v. *to be boiling hot*.

HLÓÐYN (gen. -YNJAR), f. *the Earth*.

HLUMMR (-S, -AR), m. *handle of an oar*.

HLUMR (-S, -IR), m. (1) = hlummr; (2) *roller* = hlunnr.

HLUNKA (AÐ), v. *to give a dull, hollow sound* (brúin hlunkaði undir hófunum hestanna).

HLUNN-GOTI, m. poet. *ship*.

HLUNNINDI, n. pl. *emoluments*.

HLUNNR (-S, -AR), m. *roller for launching or drawing up ships*.

HLUNN-VIGG, n. poet. = -goti.

HLUST (pl. -IR), f. *ear* (= eyra).

HLUSTA (AÐ), v. *to listen* (h. til e-s).

HLUTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to draw (cast) lots for a thing* (h. e-t or h. um e-t); (2) *to select by lot* (vóru menn hlutaðir til skipstjórnar); (3) refl., hlutaðist svá til, at, *it so turned out that* (= hlauzt svá til, at); hlutast til e-s, *to meddle with a thing* (ekki hefi ek hlutazt til málaferla, yðvarra); h. til með em, *to assist one in a case*.

HLUT-DEILA (-DA, -DR), v. *to meddle with a thing* (-deila e-t); -DEILINN, a. *meddlesome*; -DEILNI, f. *meddlesomeness*; -DRJÚGR, a. *lucky, getting the better share*; -FALL, n. *casting of lots*; leggja e-t til -falls, *to settle a thing by drawing lots*; bjóða til -falla, *to bid one proceed to cast lots*; -GENGR, a. *up to the mark*; -gengr við e-n, *equal to one, a match for one*; -GIRNI, f. = -deilni; -GJARN, a. = -deilinn.

HLUTI, m. (1) *part* (í þeim hluta veraldar); at mínum hluta, *for my part, as far as I am concerned*; (2) *share, lot*; gera á hluta e-s, *to wrong one*; eptir er enn yðarr h., *your part (of the work) remains yet*.

HLUT-LAUSS, a. *not partaking in, having taken no part in* (-lauss eðr sýkn af manndrápi); -LAUST, adv., ríða -laust, *to pass free, unmolested*.

HLUTR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *lot*; bera (leggja) hluti í skaut, *to throw the lots into a cloth (lap of a garment)*; skera (marka) hluti, *to mark the lots*; (2) *amukt, talisman* (h. er horfinn or pússi þínum); (3) *share, allotment, portion* (hann fœrði Ølvi skip sin ok kallar þat vera hans hlut); (4) *part* (of a whole); höggva í tvá hluti, *to cut in two parts*; mestr h. liðs, *the most part of the company*; meiri h. dómanda, *the majority of the judges*; tveim hlutum dýrra, *twice as dear*; (5) *participation*; eiga hlut í e-u *or* at e-u, *to have part in, be concerned in* (mér uggir, at hér muni eigi gæfumenn hlut í eiga); þar er þú ættir hlut at, *wherein thou wast concerned*; (6) *con-*

dition, position, lot; eiga hlut e-s, *to be in one's place (position)*; ef þú ættir minn hlut, if *thou wert in my place*; láta hlut sinn, *to be worsted*; sitja yfir hlut e-s, *to oppress, weigh a person down*; leggja hlut sinn við e-t, *to cast in one's lot with, to espouse a cause*; hafa (fá) hærra, meira (lægra) hlut, *to get the best (worst) of it*; (7) *thing*; allir hlutir, *all things*; kynligr h., *a strange thing*; um alla hluti, *in all things, in all respects*.

HLUT-RÆNINGR, m. *one robbed of his share*; verða -ræningr e-s *or* fyrir e-m, *to be unfairly dealt with*; -SAMR, a. *meddlesome* (um e-t); -SEIGR, a. *tenacious, obstinate*; -SKIPTI, n. (1) *sharing*; (2) *booty*; (3) *share, lot*; -SÆLL, a. *getting the best share*; -TAKANDI, -TAKARI, m. *partaker*; -VANDR, a. *upright, honest*; -VERK, n. *work allotted, task*.

HLYKKJÓTTR, a. *crooked*.

HLYKKR (-S, -IR), m. *bend, curve*.

HLYMJA (HLYM, HLUMDA, HLUMIT), v. *to make a loud noise*.

HLYMR (-S, -IR), m. *a resounding noise* (hlymr var at heyra).

HLYNNA (-TA, -T), v. *to prepare the way for one* (h. fyrir e-m).

HLYNR (-S, -IR), m. *maple tree*.

HLÝ, n. *warmth* (sumar-hlýit).

HLÝÐA (-DDA, -TT), v. (1) *to listen* (eyrum hlýðir hann, en augum skoðar); h. e-m, *to listen (give ear) to one*; h. messu, tíðum, *to hear mass, attend service*; h. á e-t *or* til e-s, *to listen to* (sitja menn þar umhverfis ok hlýða til sögunnar); (2) *to yield to, obey* (h. ráðum, orðum e-s); (3) *to do, be permissible or proper*; hlýðir það hvergi *(it will not do)* at hafa eigi lög í landi; engum öðrum skyldi þat h., *nobody else should dare to do so*; Einar lét engum h. móti at mæla, *E. would not hear of any one's gainsaying*; (4) refl. *to listen* (hann hlýðist um, hvárt nökkurir vekti); *to be allowable* (konungr sagði, at þeim skyldi þat ekki hlýðast).

HLÝÐINN, a. (1) *willing to give ear to one, compliant* (hann var h. vinum sínum um öll góð ráð); (2) *yielding homage to one*.

HLÝÐ-SAMT, a. n. *suitable, proper*; vera h., = hlýða (3).

HLÝÐNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to obey* (ef þér vilið mér hlýðnast).

HLÝÐNI, f. *obedience, homage*; -BROT, n. *disobedience* (við e-n); -MARK, n. *token of obedience*.

HLÝJA (HLÝ, HLÝÐA, HLÚIT), v. *to cover, shelter* (hlýrat henni börkr né barr).

HLÝR, n. (1) *cheek*; h. roðnaði, *her cheek reddened*; (2) *bow of a vessel*, = kinnungr; (3) *the flat of an axe*.

HLÝR-BJARTR, a. *having brightly painted bows* (of a vessel).

HLÝRI, m. *friend, brother* (poet.).

HLÆJA (HLÆ; HLÓ, HLÓGUM; HLEGINN), v. (1) *to laugh*; h. hátt, *to laugh loud*; h. at e-u, *to laugh at*; þau tíðendi, er þeim hló hugr við, *that gladdened their hearts*; (2) h. e-n, *to laugh at, deride one*.

HLÆR (HLÆ, HLÆTT), a. *warm, mild* (veðr var þykkt ok hlætt).

HLŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to lade* (h. skip); h. hest, *to load, saddle, a horse*; (2) with dat. *to load* (þú munt gulli h. á Grana bógu).

HLŒGI, n. *ridicule*; fá e-m, hlœgis, *to make one a laughing-stock*.

HLŒGI-LIGA, adv. *laughably*; -LIGR, a. *laughable*; -MÁLL, -MÁLUGR, -ORÐR, a. *humorous*.

HLŒGJA (-ÐI), v. *to make one laugh*; þat hlœgir mik, at, it *makes me glad, I am re-*

joiced, that.

HLŒG-LIGR, a. = hlœgiligr.

HLÖÐU-DYRR, f. pl. *door of a barn*; -VINDAUGA, n. *barn window*.

HLØRA (AÐ), v. = hlera.

HNAFA (HNÓF), v. *to cut off* (rare).

HNAKKA-BEIN, n. *neck-bone*; -FILLA, f. *the flesh and skin on the nape*.

HNAKK-BAND, n. *anchor cable*.

HNAKKI, m. *the back of the head, nape of the neck*.

HNAKK-MIÐI, m. *anchor-buoy*.

HNAKKR, m. (1) *nape* = hnakki; (2) *stool* = knakkr.

HNEFA (AÐ), v. *to clasp with the fist*.

HNEFA-HÖGG, n. *a blow with the fist*; -TAFL, n. *a kind of chess*.

HNEFI, m. (1) *closed hand, fist*; (2) *the king in* hnefa-tafl.

HNEF-TAFL, n. = hnefatafl.

HNEIGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to bow, bow down, bend, incline*; h. sik, *to make a bow*; h. sik til við e-n, *to bow down, pay homage to one*; h. e-m, *to bow down to one*; h. eptir e-m, *to be biassed towards one*; (2) refl., hneigjast, *to lean*; h. af villu, *to forsake heresy*; h. til e-s, *to lean towards a person*; h. fyrir fortölur e-s, *to be swayed by another's persuasions*.

HNEISA, f. *disgrace, shame* (gera, vinna, e-m hneisu). Cf. 'neisa'.

HNEISA (-TA, -TR), v. *to disgrace* (h. e-n). Cf. 'neisa'.

HNEISU-LIGA, adv. (1) *disgracefully*; (2) *insultingly*.

HNEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to cut* (rare).

HNEKKING, f., HNEKKIR, m. *check, rebuff* (hafa hnekking).

HNEKKI-STIKILL, m. *bump on the head*.

HNEKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to drive back*, with dat. (síðan lét Egill h. nautunum út á mýrar); h. e-m frá, *to repel, repulse*; (2) *to check, thwart, prevent*; h. för sinni, *to halt and go back again*; h. vándu ráði, *to prevent an evil deed*; (3) *to fall back, withdraw* (hnekkja Írar nú frá).

HNEPPA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to curtail*; hneppt em ek at brœðrum, *I am bereft of brothers*; (2) *to thrust, force* (Hrólfr hneppti hann undir sik, ok setti kné fyrir brjóst honum); h. fólk í þrælkan, *to keep a people bound in thraldom*.

HNEPPI-LIGA, adv. *scarcely, scantily*.

HNEPPR, a. *scant*; ætla hneppt til jólanna, *to make scant provision for Christmas*.

HNERI, m. *sneeze, sneezing*.

HNEYKING, f. *shame, disgrace*.

HNEYKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to put to shame, confound*, with acc. (h. grimmleik heiðinna þjóða).

HNEYKSLI, n. *disgrace, dishonour*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *foul language, calumny*.

HNIGNA (AÐ), v. *to begin to sink, decline* (e-rr er, gerist, hnignandi).

HNIPINN, a. drooping, *downcast*.

HNIPNA (AÐ), v. *to become downcast, to droop* (hnipnaði þá Grani).

HNIPPA (-TA, -T, or AÐ), v. *to poke*; hnippadði kolli hverr at öðrum, *they laid their heads together, nodded significantly*; refl., hnippast, *to quarrel* (= h. við); h. orðum við e-n, *to bandy words with one*.

HNITA (AÐ), v. *to weld together*.

HNIT-BRÓÐIR, m. '*near brother*'.

HNÍGA (HNÍG; HNÉ and HNEIG, HNIGUM; HNIGINN), v. (1) *to fall gently, sink down* (hné Guðrún höll við bólstri); h. at armi e-m, *to sink into one's arms*; (2) *to flow* (hnigu heilög vötn af himinfjöllum); (3) *to sink down, fall dead* (= h. at velli); h. at grasi, í gras, *to bite the grass*; (4) *to incline, turn*; eigi mátti sjá hvernig

h. mundi, *which way the scale would turn* (in a battle); (5) h. til e-s, *to turn towards* (var jafnan þeirra hlutr betri, er til hans hnigu); h. til liðs, hjálpar við e-n, *to side with one* pp., hniginn, *advanced (stricken) in years*, = h. á aldr, h. at aldri; of a door, *shut*; var hurð hnigin, *the door was down*; hurð hnigin á hálfa gátt, á miðjan klofa, *half shut, half down*.

HNÍPA (-TA, -T), v. *to be downcast, droop* (hann hnípti í jörðma).

HNÍSA, f. *porpoise*.

HNÍTA (HNEIT, HNITU), v. *to strike, wound*; hjörr hneit við hjarta, *steel touched the heart*.

HNJÓÐA (HNÝÐ; HNAUÐ; HNOÐINN), v. *to rivet, clinch* (Helgi hnauð hjalt á sverð).

HNJÓÐ-HAMARR, m. *rivetting, hammer*; also as a nickname.

HNJÓSA (HNÝS, HNAUS), v. *to sneeze*.

HNJÓSKR, m. *touchwood*, = fnjóskr.

HNOÐA, n. *clew*.

HNOÐ-SAUMR, m. *clincher nails*.

HNOSS (pl. -IR), f. *costly thing, ornament* (hverr vildi mér hnossir velja).

HNOT (gen. -AR, pl. HNETR), f. *nut*.

HNOT-SKÓGR, m. *nutwood, hazelwood*.

HNUGGINN, pp. *bereft* (miklu h.).

HNÚKA (-TA, -T), v. *to sit cowering*.

HNÚTA, f. = knúta.

HNYÐJA, f. *club, rammer*.

HNYKILL (gen. -S, dat. HNYKLI; pl. HNYKLAR), m. *knot, tumor*.

HNYKKA-STAFR, m. a kind of *peg* (?).

HNYKKING, f. *pulling*.

HNYKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to pull violenty*, with dat. (h. e-m til sin); h. e-u upp, *to pull up a thing*; absol., þykkist sveinninn hafa vel hnykkt, *he thought he had made a good pull*.

HNÝÐINGR (-S, -AR), m. *dolphin*.

HNÝFIL-DRYKKJA, f. *drinking-bout*.

HNÝFFIL, m. *short horn* (= knýfill).

HNŒFI-LIGR, a. *taunting* (-lig orð).

HNŒFIL-YRÐI, n. pl. *taunts, gibes*.

HNØGGR (acc. -VAN), a. *stingy* (h. fjár).

HNØRI, m. = hneri.

HODD, f. *hoard, treasure* (poet.).

HOF, n. *heathen temple*.

HOF-FERÐ, f. *pride, pomp*; -FÓLK, n. *courtiers*; -GARÐR, m. *lordly mansion*.

HOF-GOÐI, m. *temple-priest*; -GYÐJA, f. *priestess*; -HELGR, f. *temple-feast*.

HOF-LÝÐR, m. = hof-fólk; -MAÐR, m. *courtier*; *gentleman in waiting*.

HOFS-DYRR, f. pl. *temple-doors*; -EIÐR, m. *temple-oath*; -GOÐI, m. = hofgoði; -HELGI, f. *sanctity of a temple*; -MOLD, f. *temple-earth, holy mould*.

HOF-STABR, m. *sanctuary*; -TOLLR, m. *temple-toll, rate*.

HOKA, HOKRA (AÐ), v. *to crouch* (h. eða skríða); h. undan, *to slink away*.

HOL, n. *hollow, cavity*, esp. *cavity of the body*; ganga (hlaupa) á h., *to pierce to the inwards* (of weapons); hit efra h., the cavity of the chest; neðra h., *the stomach*.

HOLA, f. *hole, hollow*.

HOLA (AÐ), v. *to make hollow*.

HOL-BLÓÐ, n. *blood from the inwards*.

HOLD, n. (1) *flesh*; svörðr ok h., *skin and flesh*; bjarnar h., *bear's flesh*; (2) pl. *fleshiness*; -BORINN, pp., -borinn bróðir, *one's own brother*; -FÚI, m. *mortification*.

HOLDGAN, f. *incarnation*.

HOLDGAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to take flesh*.

HOLD-GRÓINN, pp. *grown to the flesh*; -LIGR, a. *carnal* (-lig ást); -ligr bróðir, *one's own brother*; -LÍTILL, a. *lean*.

HOLDR, a. *fleshy*; vel h., *well-fleshed*.

HOLD-ROSA, f. *fieshy side of a hide*; -TEKJA, f. = holdgan.

HOL-FENNI, n. *hollow pile of snow*; -GÓMR, a. *having a hollow palate*; -HÖGGVINN, pp. *cut into the cavity of the body*.

HOLLENDR, m. pl. *suppporters*.

HOLLOSTA, f. *faith, loyalty* (við e-n).

HOLLR, a. (1) *faithful, loyal* (h. e-m); of the gods, *gracious* (holl regin); (2) *wholesome, salutary* (holl ráð).

HOLL-RÁÐR, a. *giving wholesome counsel*; -RÆÐI, n. *wholesome counsel*.

HOLR, a. *hollow*; h. innan, *hollow within* (þetta guð er holt innan).

HOL-SÁR, n. *wound in a vital part*.

HOLT, n. (1) *wood* (opt er í holti heyrandi nær); (2) *rough stony ridge*.

HOLT-RIÐ, n. *wooded ridge*.

HOL-UND, f. *a wound entering the cavity of the body; mortal wound*.

HOLUNDAR-SÁR, n. = holsár, holund.

HOPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to move backwards*; h. hestinum undan, *to back the horse*; (2) *to draw back, retreat* (= h. aptr, á hæl, undan).

HOPPA (AÐ), v. *to hop, skip*.

HOR-DIGULL, m. *a clot of mucus hanging from the nose*.

HORFA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to turn (be turned)* in a certain direction; horfði upp eggin, *the edge turned upwards*; suðr horfðu dyrr, *the door looked south*; h. baki við e-m, *to turn the back against one*; h. við e-m, *to face one*; fig. *to set oneself against one* (þeir er heldr höfðu við honum horft í sínum huga); (2) *to look in a certain way, to have a certain appearance*; h. úvænt, *to look unpromising* (úvænt horfir um sættir); hvárum horfir vænna, *who is more likely to get the betler*; h. fastliga, erfiðliga, *to look difficult*; horfir mjök í móti oss, *matters look bad for us*; horfir til gamans mikils, *there is a prospect of much entertainment*; (3) refl., Hjalta þótti þá úvænt á horfast, *H. thought that matters looked unpromising*; horfðust þeir Gizurr höfðum at, *he and Gizurr lay with their heads together*.

HORFA (AÐ), v. = hörfa.

HORFIN-ALDA, a. indecl. *luckless*; -HEILLA, a. indecl. *luckless*; horfinheilla er mér, *luck has left me*.

HORFINN, pp.; see 'hverfa (4)'.

HORN, n. (1) *horn* (of cattle); vera harðr í h. at taka, *to be hard to take by the horns, hard to deal with*; (2) *drinking-horn*; (3) *horn, trumpet* (blása í h.); (4) *corner, angle*; skýtr í tvau h. um e-t, *there is a great difference between*; skýtr í tvau h. með okkr, *we are at variance*; (5) *nook, corner* (in a house).

HORNA-FLÁTTR, m. *flaying a hide with the horns*; -SKVOL, n. *noise of horns*; -TOG, n. *a rope round the horns*.

HORN-BLÁSTR, m. *sound of trumpets*; -BOGI, m. *horn-bow*; -FISKR, m. *garfish or green bone*; -GÖFUGR, a. *proud of his horns*; -KERLING, f. *old woman in the corner*; -KONA, f. = -kerling; -REKA, f. = -kerling; -SIL, n. *stickle-back*; -SKAFA, f. *a scraper made of horn*; -SPÁNN, m. *horn spoon*; -STAFR, m. *corner pillar in a building*.

HORNUNGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *bastard son*; (2) *scamp, outcast* (vera h. e-s).

HORR, m. (1) *starvation*; detta, niðr í hor, *to starve to death*; (2) *mucus from the nose*.

HORSK-LEIKR, m. *knowledge, wisdom*; -LIGR, a. *wise, noble*.

HORSKR, a. *wise* (h. ok þögull).

HORTUGR, a. *pert, impertinent*.

HOSA, f. *hose, legging*.

HOSAÐR, pp. *wearing hose*.

HOSNA-REIM, f., -STERTA, f. *garter*.

HOT-VETNA, see 'hvatvetna'.

HÓ, interj. *hoh! ah! oh!*

HÓA (AÐ), v. *to shout 'hoh'* (h. á féit).

HÓF, m. (1) *moderation, measure*; kunna h., *to show (observe) moderation*; þá er h. á (*or* at), *then it is all right*; at hófi, *tolerably, moderately* (jarl svarar þessu at hófi vel); e-t gegnir hófi, *it is fair*; vel er þessu til hófs mikils, *this affair is well settled*; ór hófi, *beyond measure*; (2) *proportion, equal degree* (hefði hann lið at því hófi, sem hann er sjálfr frœkn ok djarfr); (3) *judgement* (vil ek, at þú hafir þar engis manns h. nema þitt).

HÓF, n. *feast, banquet*.

HÓF-GULLINN, a. *with golden hoof*; -HVARF, n. *pastern of a horse*.

HÓF-LAUSS, a. *immoderate*; -LEYSA, f. *immoderation, excess*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *with moderation*; (2) *fitly*; (3) *fairly* (munu þeir nú vera -liga hræddir); -LIGR, a. *moderate*.

HÓFT (-S, -AR), m. *hoof* (of a horse).

HÓF-SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *moderate temperate*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *moderation, temperance*.

HÓF-SKEGG, n. *fetlock*.

HÓFS-MAÐR, m. *temperate, just man*.

HÓF-STILLING, f. *moderation*.

HÓG-BÆRR, a. easy to bear; -FŒRR, a. *lively, light* (of a horse); -LÁTR, a. *of easy temper*; -LEIKI, m. = væri; -LIGA, adv. *calmly, meekly*; taka -liga á, *to touch gently*; -LIGR, a. *easy, gentle*; -LÍFI, n. *easy (quiet) life*; -LYNDI, n. *easy temper*; -LYNDR, a. *easy-tempered, peaceable*; -LÆTI, n. *gentleness*; -SAMR, a. *gentle*; -SEMD, f. *gentleness*; -SETA, f. = -lífi; -STÝRT pp., n. *easy to steer* (eigi verðr mér nú -stýrt fótunum); -VÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to calm, appease*; -VÆRÐ, f. *calmness of mind*; -VÆRR, f. *calmness of mind*; -VÆRLIGR, -VÆRR, a. *gentle, meek of mind*.

HÓL, n. *praise, flattery*.

HÓLFA (-DI, -T), v. *to capsize* (þar hólfir skip á sjónum).

HÓLKR (-S, -AR), m. *ring or tube (of metal)* on a staff, knife-handle, etc.

HÓLL (-S, -AR), m. = hváll.

HÓLM-GANGA, f. *'holm-going', a duel or wager of battle* fought on an islet (hólmr).

HÓLMGÖNGU-BOÐ, n. *challenging to* hólmganga; -LÖG, n. pl. *the law, rules of* h.; -MAÐR, m. *duellist*; -STAÐR, m. *a place where a* 'hólmganga' *is fought*; -SVERÐ, n. *a sword used in* 'hólmganga'.

HÓLMI, m. (1) *islet*, = hólmr; *knoll*.

HÓLM-LAUSN, f. *releasing oneself by paying the ransom after a duel*.

HÓLMR (-S, -AR), m. *holm, islet*; falla á hólmi, *to fall in a duel*; skora e-m á min, *to challenge one*; leysa sik af hólmi, *to redeem oneself after a duel*.

HÓLM-STAÐR, m. = hólmgöngu-staðr; -STEFNA, f. *meeting (duel) on a holm* (koma, riða til -stefnu).

HÓN, pers. pron. *she*.

HÓP, n. *a small land-locked bay or inlet* (connected with the sea).

HÓPR (-S, -AR), m. *troop, flock, crowd*.

HÓR (gen. HÓS), m. *pot-hook*.

HÓRA (AÐ), v. *to commit adultery* (h. *or* hórast undir bónda sinn).

HÓRA, f. *whore, harlot*.

HÓRAN, f. *adultery*.

HÓR-DÓMR, m. *adultery*; -KARL, m. *adulterer*; -KERLING, f. *harlot*; -KONA, f. *adulteress*.

HÓRR (gen. HÓRS), m. *adulterer*.

HÓSTA (AÐ), v. *to cough*.

HÓSTI, m. *cough, coughing*.

HÓSTR, m.; see 'óstr'.

HÓT, n. *whit, bit*; hóti heldr, *a bit more, a good deal more*; with superl., hóti líkast, *most likely*; þat er hóti úmakligast, *that is least undeserved*.

HÓT, n. pl. *threats*; hafa í hótum við e-n, *to threaten one*.

HÓTA (AÐ), v. *to threaten*, = hœta (h. e-m); HÓTAN, f. *threatening*.

HÓT-SAMR, a. *menacing*.

HRAÐA (AÐ), v. *to hasten*, with dat.

HRAÐ-BYRI, n. *a fresh fair wind*; -BYRJA, a. indecl., sigla -byrja, *to sail with a strong wind*; -FARTA, a. indecl. = -fœrr; -FEIGR, a. *doomed to instant death*; -FŒRR, a. *fleet, swift* (hestr-fœrr); -GEÐI, n. *hasty temper*; -LIGA, adv. swiftly; -MÆLTR, a. *quick of speech*; -mælt tunga, *a glib tongue*.

HRAÐR (HRÖÐ, HRATT), a. *swift, fleet*.

HRAFN (-S, -AR), m. *raven*.

HRAFH-HVALR, m., a kind of *whale*; -REYÐR, f. a kind of *whale*; -TINNA, f. *obsidian or agate*.

HRAK-, in compds., denoting *wretched, vile*; -BÚ, n. *wretched household*; -DÝR, n. *hunted deer*; -FERÐ, f. *disgraceful journey*; -FÖR, f. *disgraceful journey*; -LIGA, adv. *wretchedly*; -LIGR, a. *wretched, disgraceful*; -MAGR, a. *wretchedly thin*.

HRAKNING (pl, -AR), f. *wretched treatment, injury, insult* (ek hefi af þár heitingar ok hrakning).

HRAKNINGR (-S, -AR), m. = prec.

HRAK-YRÐI, n. *foul language*.

HRAMM-DÝR, n. *beast of prey*.

HRAMMR (-S, -AR), m. *bear's paw*.

HRAPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to hurl*, with dat. (h. e-m til helvítis); (2) *to hurry on, hasten* (h. ferð sinni); (3) *to rush on, hurry* (h. á fund e-s); h. til dauðans: banans, *to rush headlong to destruction*; (4) *to fall, tumble down* (hrapaði hann niðr í fjöruna).

HRAPAÐR, m. *hurry*; af hrapaði, *hurriedly*.

HRAPAL-LIGA, adv. *hurriedly, headlong* (fara -liga); -LIGR, a. *hurried*.

HRAPAN, f. *downfall*.

HRAP-ORÐR, a. *hasty in one's language* (Sæmundr varð við h.).

HRATA (AÐ), v. (1) *to reel, stagger* (hann hrataði við, en féll eigi); (2) *to tumble down, fall* (hrataði hann ofan af þekjunni).

HRATI, m. *rubbish, trash*.

HRAUK-TJALD, n. *rick-formed tent*.

HRAUN, n. (1) *rugged ground, wilderness*; (2) *lava field, lava*.

HRAUN-BÚI, m. *dweller in a* 'hraun', *giant*; -HVALR, m. *monster of the wilderness*.

HRAUNÓTTUR, a. *rugged, stony*.

HRAUST-LEIKR, m. *prowess, valour*; -LIGA, adv. *valiantly*; -LIGR, a. *bold, valiant*; -MANNLIGR, a. = -ligr; -MENNI, n. *a strong, stout man*.

HRAUSTR, a. (1) *valiant, doughty*; (2) *strong, hearty* (gamall, en þó h.).

HRÁ-BLAUTR, a. *moist, raw*, of hides (nautshúð hráblaut).

HRÁKI, m. *spit, spittle*.

HRÁR (HRÁ, HRÁTT), a. (1) *raw*, of meat or food (hrár fiskr, hrátt kjöt); (2) *raw, fresh, sappy* (h. viðr).

HRÁ-SKINN, n. *shelter, refuge*; -VIÐI, n. *saplings, young plants*; -ÆTI, n. *raw flesh used asfood*.

HREÐA, f., see 'hrœða'; HREÐULAUSS, a., see 'hrœðulauss'.

HREÐAR, f. pl. *the scrotum*.

HREGG, n. *storm, blast* (var bæði h. ok regn).

HREGG-VIÐRI, n. *tempest*.

HREIÐR, n. *bird's nest*.

HRORAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to nestle*.

HREIÐR-BÖLLR, m. *'nest-ball', egg*.

HREIFI, m. (1) *wrist*, = úlfliðr; (2) *the hand and fingers*; (3) *seal's fin, flipper*.

HREIMR, m. *scream, cry*.

HREINA (-DA, -DR), v. *to make* (swine) *squeal* (ef svín eru hreind).

HREIN-BJÁLBI, m. *reindeer's skin*; -DÝRI, n. *reindeer*.

HREIN-FERÐI, n. *purity*; -FERÐUGR, a. *pure, chaste*.

HREIN-GÁLKN, n. poet. *wolf* (?).

HREIN-HJARTAÐR, a. *pure of heart*; -LÁTR, a. *clean, chaste*; -LEIKR, m. (1) *cleanliness*; (2) *chastity*; -LIFNAÐR, m. = -lífi; -LIGA, adv. (1) *cleanly*; (2) *with purity*; -LIGR, a. (1) *clean, cleanly*; (2) *pure*; -LÍFI, n. *pure life, chastity*; -LÍFR, a. *pure of life*; -LYNDR, a. *pure of heart, upright*; -LÆTI, n. *cleanness, chastity*; -MANNLIGR, a. of *noble or manly bearing*.

HREINN, a. (1) *clean* (hrein klæði); (2) *bright* (hreinir kyndlar, hrein vápn); (3) *clear* (hrein rödd); (4) *pure, sincere*.

HREINN (-S, -AR), m. *reindeer*.

HREINSA (AÐ), v. (1) *to make clean, cleanse*; (2) *to purge, clear* (h. land af víkingum).

HREINSAN, f. *cleansing*.

HREINSANAR-ELDR, m. *purgatory*.

HREIN-STAKA, f. *reindeer skin*.

HREISTR, n. *scales (of fish)*.

HREKJA (HREK; HRAKTA, HRÖKTUM; HRAKIÐR, HRAKTR), v. (1) *to drive away, chase off* (h. e-n af máli); (2) *to annoy, vex, ill-treat* (Sigmundr sagðist heldr vilja h. þá sem mest); h. e-n í orðum, *to scold and abuse one*; (3) *to damage, spoil* (h. mál fyrir e-m); absol., h. fyrir e-m, *to do damage to one*; (4) *to abuse* (= h. e-n í orðum).

HREKKR (pl. -IR), m. *trick, piece of mischief* (hrekkir ok slœgðir).

HREKK-VÍSI, f. *trickiness*; -VÍSS, a. *tricky, mischievous*.

HRELLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to distress, annoy, trouble* (h. e-n).

HRELLING, f. *anguish, affliction*.

HREMMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to clutch*.

HREMSA (AÐ), v. = hremma.

HREMSA, f. (1) *clutch*; (2) poet. *shaft*.

HREPPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to catch, obtain*; en er hann hreppti áverkann, *when he received the wound*.

HREPPA-SKIL, n. pl. *poor-law matters*.

HREPPR (-S, -AR), m. *poor-law district* (in Iceland).

HRER, n. *corpse*, = hrør.

HRESS, a. *hale, hearty, in good spirits*.

HRESSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to refresh, cheer*; hann bað hann h. sik, *he bade him cheer up*; refl., hressast, *to recover strength, be refreshed*; (2) *to restore* (h. staðinn).

HRESS-LEIKR, m. *good health*.

HRET, n. *storm*, = hregg.

HREYFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to move, stir*, with acc.; refl., hreyfast, *to put oneself in motion, stir*.

HREYSAR, f. pl. *heap of stones*.

HREYSI, n. (1) = hreysar; (2) *cave, den* (skríða í hreysi).

HREYSI-KÖTTR, m. *ermine, weasel*.

HREYSTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to encourage make valiant*; h. sik, *to cheer up, take heart or courage*.

HREYSTI, f. *valour, prowess*.

HREYSTI-BRAGÐ, n. *feat of prowess*; -LIGA, adv. *stoutly, boldly*; -LIGR, a, *stout, bold*; -MAÐR, m. *valiant man*; -MANNLIGR, a. *gallant, bold*; -ORÐ, n. *word of prowess*; -RAUN, f. *trial of valour*; -VERK,

n. *deed of prowess*.

HREYTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to cast, scatter, throw about*, with dat. (h. mold-inni, hringum).

HREYTING, f. *spreading, scattering*.

HREYTI-SPELDI, n. *top* (a child's toy).

HRIFLINGA-BJÖRG, f. *hand-to-mouth life* (er slíkt kallat -björg).

HRIFS, n. *robbery, pillaging*.

HRIFSA (AÐ), v. *to rob, pillage*.

HRIFSAN, f., HRIFSING, f., = hrifs.

HRIKI m., *huge fellow*.

HRIKJA (-ÞA), v. *to creak* (rare).

HRINDA (HRIND; HRATT, HRANDUM; HRUNDINN), v. (1) *to push, thrust*, with dat. (hann hratt hestinum í vök eina); var þá hrundit hátnum, *the ship's boat was put out*; h. hurð (upp), *to push the door open*; h. e-m í myrkvastofu, *to cast into prison*; h. á braut, *to drive away*; h. skipi fram *or* út, *to launch a ship*; impers., hratt stundum fyrir, en stundum frá, *the clouds were drifting on and off (the moon)*; (2) *to cast (throw) off* (h. harmi, ótta); h. máli, *to make a case void, clear oneself of it*; h. e-u af e-m, *to free one from, rid one of a thing*.

HRINGA (AÐ), v. *to furnish with a ring*.

HRINGA-BRYNJA, f. *coat of ring-mail*.

HRING-BROTI, m. *'breaker of rings', prince* (poet.); -DRIFI, m. *'distributor of rings', prince, king* (poet.).

HRINGING (pl. -AR), f. *bell-ringing*.

HRINGJA (-DA, -T), v. *to ring bells*.

HRINGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to encircle, surround*; h. e-u um e-n, *to encircle with* (cf. kringja um, urnkringja).

HRINGJA, f. *buckle*.

HRING-LEGINN, pp. *coiled up* (of a serpent); -LEIKR, m. *ring-dance*; -OFMN, pp. *woven with rings*.

HRINGR (-S, AR), m. (1) *ring, circle*; slá hring um e-n, *to make a ring around one*; í hring, *in a circle*; hann fór í hring um skipit, *he swam in a circle round the ship*; með hringum, *all around, altogether* (brendu upp bœinn Með hringum); (2) *ring* (on the finger or arm, at the end of a chest, in a door, at the end of the hilt); *link* (in a chain).

HRING-VARIÐR, pp. *'ring-mounted'*; málmr -variðr, *a sword with rings*.

HRINR, m. *howling, screaming*.

HRIP, m. *box of laths, basket*.

HRIPUÐR, m. *fire* (poet.).

HRISTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to shake* (h. höfuðit); h. e-t af sér, *to shake it off*; marir hristust, *the horses shook their manes*; þeim hristust tennr í höfði, *the teeth chattered in their head*.

HRÍÐ (pl. -IR), f. (1) *storm*, esp. *snow-storm*; h. mikla gerði at þeim, laust á fyrir þeim h. mikilli, *they were caught by a violent snow-storm*; (2) *attack, onset*, in a battle (hörð, snörp h.); (3) *a while*; nökkura h., *for a while*; langa (litla) h., *a long (little) while*; þessar hríðir allar, *all this while*; um h., *for a while* (hann dvaldist þar um h.); um hríðir sakir = um h.; í hríðinni, *immediately, at once* (hann fór í hríðinni upp til Hofs); hríðum, *frequently* (stundum í Hvammi, en hríðum at Stað); (4) *space, distance* (var þó h. löng í millum).

HRÍÐ-DREPA, a. incled. *killed by a snow-storm*; -FASTR, a. *detained by a snow-storm*.

HRÍÐÓTTR, a. *stormy* (h. vetr).

HRÍÐ-VIÐRI, n. *storm, tempest*.

HRÍFA (HRÍF; HREIF, HRIFUM; HRIFINN), v. (1) *to catch, snatch* (h. til e-s); h. við, *to take hold, to grip* (kasta

akkerum, ok hrífa þau við, um síðir); impers., hrífr við, *it takes effect, it turns out well*; (2) *to scratch* (hann lét h. sér með kömbum).

HRÍM, n. (1) *rime, hoar frost*; (2) *the black soot on a kettle* (ketil-hrím).

HRÍM-ALDL, m. *lazy lout*.

HRÍM-DRIF, n. *rime-drift*; -FROSINN, pp. *rimy*; -KALDR, a. *rime-cold*; -KALKR, m. *foaming cup*; -STEINAR, m. pl. *rime-covered stones*; -ÞURSAR, m. pl. *frost-giants*.

HRÍNA (HRÍN; HREIN, HRINUM; HRINIT), v. (1) *to squeal* (of swine); h. við, *to neigh to a horse* (of a mare in heat); (2) h. á (*or* á e-m), *to take effect*, esp. of imprecations.

HRÍS, n. (1) *brushwood*; (2) *faggots*.

HRÍS-BYRÐR, f. *load of faggots*; -FLEKI, m. *hurdle of brushwood*; -KJARR, n. *brushwood*.

HRÍSLA, f. *sprig of a branch, twig*.

HRÍSÓTTR, a. *grown with shrubs*.

HRÍS-RUNNR, m. *bush*.

HRÍSUNGR, m. *a kind of bastard*.

HRJÁ (HRJÁI, HRJÁÐA, HRJÁÐR), v. *to vex, harass* (a person).

HRJÓÐA (HRÝÐ; HRAUÐ, HRUÐUM; HROÐINN), v. (1) *to unload* (h. skip sín); (2) *to strip, disable*, esp. a ship in a sea-fight (hann hrauð öll víkingaskipin); (3) impers., hrýðr e-u, *it clears away*; mun hroðit myrkvanum, *the fog will have cleared away*; hrauð upp ór honum miklu vatni, *he brought up much water*; (4) refl., hrauðsk ór skikkju, *she threw off her mantle*.

HRJÓSA (HRÝSS, HRAUS, HROSIT), v., only in the phrase, hrýss mér hugr við, *I shudder with horror* (ávalt hrýss mér hugr við, er ek sé þik).

HRJÓSTR, n. *barren, rocky place*.

HRJÓSTUGR, a. *rough, barren*.

HRJÓTA (HRÝT; HRAUT, HRUTUM; HROTINN), v. (1) *to fall, fly, be flung* (øxin hraut ór hendi honum); hraut upp hurðin, *the door was flung open*; eldr hraut ór hlunnunum, *fire sprang from the rollers*; hrjóta spœnirnir upp í móti honum, *the chips flew up into his face*; h. í sundr, *to be snapped asunder* (í sundur hrutu baugar); (2) *to snore* (hann svaf ok hraut sterkliga).

HRJÚFR, a. (1) *rough to the touch* (h. háls); (2) *scurvy*.

HROÐA-LIGR, -VÆNLIGR, a. *likely to cause disturbance*.

HROÐ-GÁS, f. = hrot-gás.

HROÐI, m. (1) *trash, rubbish*; (2) *disturbance, riot* (h. ok stornir).

HROGN, n. *roe, spawn*.

HROGN-KELSI, n. *lumpfish*.

HROKA (AÐ), v. *to fill above the brim*.

HROKI, m. *a heap above the brim*.

HROKKIN-HÁRR, -HÆÐR, a. *curlyhaired* (bleikhárr ok hrokkinhárr).

HROKKINN, pp. *curly* (hrokkit hár); *wrinkled* (hrokkit skinn).

HROKKIN-SKINNA, f. *'wrinkle-skin', old woman*.

HROLLA (-DI), v. *to shiver, shudder* (hrollir hugr minn).

HROLLR, m. *shivering (from cold)*.

HROSS, n. (1) *horse*; (2) mare.

HROSSA-BEIN, n. pl. *horse bones*; -FÚLGA, f. *fodder* or *pay given to keep a horse*; -FŒTR, m. pl. *horses' hoofs*; -GAUKR, m. *the snipe*; -GEYMSLA, f. *horse keeping*; -HÚS, n. *stable*; -HÖFN, f. *horse pasture*; -KIPPING, f. *quarrel about horses*; -KJÖT, n. *horse flesh*; -KYN, n. *horse kin*; -MAÐR, m. *groom*; -REIÐ, f. = hross-reið; -SLÁTR,

n. *horse meat*; -STÓÐ, n. *stud of horses and mares*; -STULDR, m., *stud of horses and mares*; -TAKA, f. *horse stealing*; -VÖNDR, m. *horse-whip*; -ÞJÓFR, m. *horse-thief*.

HROSS-BAK, n. *horseback*; á -baki, *on horseback*; -BEIN, n. *horse's bone*; -EIGANDI, m. *horse-owner*; -FELLIR, m. *loss of horses* (from hunger or disease); -FJÖLDI, m. *drove of horses*; -GJÖF, f. *the gift of a horse*; -GØRSEMI, f. *a treasure of a horse, a valuable horse*; -HALI, m. *horse's tail*; -HAUSS *horse's head (skull)*; -HÚS, n. *stable*; -HVALR, m. *walrus*; -HÖFUÐ, n. *head's head*; -ÍSS, m. *ice that is strong enough to ride on*; -KLYF, f. *horse pack*; -LIFR, f. *horse's liver*; -NAUTN, f. *using another's horse*; -NEYZLA, f. *using another's horse*; -REIÐ, f. *riding another's horse*; -RÓFA, f. *horse's tail*; -SÍÐA, f. *horse's side*; -TAGL, n. *horse's tail*; -VERÐ, n. *the worth of a horse*; -ÞJÓFR, m. *horse-stealer*; -ÆTA, f. *eater of horse-flesh*.

HROSTI, m. *the mash* (in brewing).

HROT-GÁS, f. *barnacle-goose*.

HROT-GARMR, m. '*howling dog*'; -garmr viðar, *fire* (poet.).

HROTTA-MEIÐR, m. *warrior* (poet.).

HROTTI, m. (1) *sword* (poet.); (2) *a coarse, rude fellow*.

HRÓÐR (gen. -RS and -RAR), m. *praise*.

HRÓÐR-BAÐMR, -BARMR, m. *the famous branch* (the mistletoe); -FÚSS, a. *eager for praise*.

HRÓÐUGR, a. *triumphant, glorious*.

HRÓF, n. *shed* (under which ships are built or kept).

HRÓKR (-S, -AR), m. *rook* (the bird).

HRÓKR, m. *rook, castle* (in chess).

HRÓP, n. *slander, foul words*.

HRÓPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to slander, defame*; (2) *to shout* (h. á e-n).

HRÓP-YRÐI, n. pl. *slander, calumny*.

HRÓSA (AÐ), v. *to praise*, with dat.; h. sér, *to boast*; h. sigri, *to triumph*.

HRÓSAN, f. *praise, boasting*.

HRÓSARI, m. *boaster*.

HRUFA, f. *rough surface, crust*.

HRUFLA (AÐ), v. *to scratch*.

HRUKKA, f. *wrinkle*.

HRUMA (AÐ), v. *to enfeeble, make infirm*; hrumaður, *infirm, worn by age*.

HRUM-LIGR, a. *infirm*.

HRUMR, a. *infirm, decrepit, staggering* (h. í göngu).

HRUNDNING, f. *kicking, pushing*.

HRÚÐR, m. *crust, scab on a sore*.

HRÚGA, f. *heap* (liggja í hrúgu).

HRÚGALD, n. *heap, mass*.

HRÚT-MÁNAÐR, m. *the third month of winter* (Dec.-Jan.).

HRÚÐR (-S, -AR), m. *ram*.

HRÚTS-FALL, n. *a ram's carcase*; -GÆRA, f. *the skin and fleece of a ram*; -HÖFUÐ, n. *a ram's head*; -MARK, -MERKI, n. *the sign Aries*.

HRYÐJU-VERK, n. *foul deed, outrage*.

HRYGÐ, f. *affliction, grief, sorrow* (mikil hrygð ok hörmung).

HRYGÐAR-BÚNAÐR, m. *mourning dress*; -BÚNINGR, m. *mourning dress*; -DAGR, m. *day of sorrow*; -EFNI, n. *cause of sorrow*; -FULLR, a. *sorrowful, rueful*; -MARK, n. *token of sorrow*; -SAMLIGR, a. *mournful*; -SVIPR, m. *mournful look*; -YFIRBRAGÐ, n. *mournful look*.

HRYGG-AFL, n. *strength of the back*; -BJÚGR, a. *crook-backed*; -BROTINN, pp. *broken-backed*; -BROTNA (AÐ), v. *to break one's back*.

HRYGGILIGR, a. *mournful, sad*.

HRYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to distress, grieve*, with acc. (ekki hryggja mik hót

þín); refl., hryggjast, *to become sad or sorrowful*; (2) *to cause to look sad* (h. andlit sitt).

HRYGG-KNÝTTR, pp. *humpbacked*.

HRYGG-LEIKR, m. = hrygð.

HRYGG-LUNDIR, f. pl. *loins*.

HRYGGR (-JAR, -IR), m. (1) *backbone, spine*; (2) *ridge, mountain-ridge*.

HRYGGR (acc. -VAN), a. *afflicted, grieved, sad*; er þér hryggt í hug, *art thou heavy of heart?*

HRYGG-SPENNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to clasp the arms round another's back*.

HRYGG-STERKR, a. *strong-backed*.

HRYGGVA, v. = hryggja (old form).

HRYGNA, f. *spawner*.

HRYM(J)AST (Ð), v. refl. *to become old and infirm*; hrymdr, *infirm from age* (h. bæði at sýn ok elli).

HRYN-HENDA, f. *a kind of metre* (having lines with four stresses).

HRYNJA (HRYN, HRUNDA, HRUNINN), v. (1) *to fall in, collapse, topple down* (veggrinn hrynr, björgin hrynja); (2) *to flow, stream* (hrundu tárin á kinnr honum); (3) *to fall loosely* (klæðit hrundi ofan um hann); látum und hánum h. lukla, *let the keys rattle down from his girdle*; (4) h. á hæla e-m, *to shut upon one's heels*.

HRYSSA, f. *mare* (cf. 'merhryssi').

HRYTR, m. *snoring*.

HRÝGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to heap together* (h. hverjum ofan á annan).

HRÆ (gen. pl. HRÆVA), n. (1) *dead body, carrion*; (2) *fragments* (of a thing), *scraps*.

HRÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to frighten*; refl., hræðast e-t *or* við e-t, *to be afraid of, to fear, dread*.

HRÆDDR, a. *afraid* (við e-t, *of*), *frightened (at)*; vera h. um, at, *to fear, be afraid, that*.

HRÆÐI-LIGA, adv. *dreadfully, fearfully*; -LIGR, a. *dreadful, fearful*.

HRÆÐINN, a. *timid*.

HRÆ-DREYRUGR, a. *gory*.

HRÆFA (-ÐA, -T), v., h. um e-t, *to bear with, tolerate*; má ekki um þat h. lengr, *it is no longer tolerable*.

HRÆ-GÍFR, n. *'carrion beast', wolf*.

HRÆKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to spit*; h. e-u út, *to spit out*.

HRÆLA (AÐ), v. *to beat the loom with a weaver's rod* (hræll).

HRÆLL, m. *weaver's rod, slay*.

HRÆ-LJÓMI, m., -LOG, n. *the light from decomposing matter*.

HRÆVA-DAUNN, HRÆVA-ÞEFR, m. *carrion-smell*; *stench of dead bodies*.

HRÆZLA, f. *dread, fear*.

HRÆZLU-FULLR, a. *in great fear*; -GŒÐI, n. *timidity*.

HRŒÐA, f. *disquiet, disturbance*.

HRŒÐU-LAUSS, a. *free from disturbance, quiet, peaceable* (sjaldan mun -laust vera í þessu heraði).

HRŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to move, stir* (h. fingrna); h. í katlinum, *to stir the pot*; h. e-t saman, *to mix up* (h. saman allt, moldina ok blóðit); (2) refl., hrœrast, *to move oneself, to be in motion* (þá hrœrist heinin í höfuð Þór); *to move from one's place, to budge, stir* (ek ætla héðan hvergi at hrœrast).

HRŒRAR, m. pl. *groin*.

HRŒRILIGR, a. *movable*.

HRŒRING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *motion, stir*; (2) *inclination*.

HRŒSINN, a. *boasting, vaunting*.

HRŒSNI, f. *boasting, bragging*.

HRØÐAST, v. refl. *to grow old and decrepit*.

HRÖÐUÐR, m. '*the swift one*', poet.

name of *fire*.

HRØKKLA (AÐ), v. *to reel, totter*.

HRØKKVA (HRØKK; HRÖKK, HRUKKUM; HROKKINN), v. (1) *to fall back, recoil, be repelled*; h. frá, *to shrink back*; h. fyrir e-m, *to give way before one* (gekk konungr svá hart fram, at allt hrökk fyrir honum); h. undan, *to give way, draw back, retreat* (hrukku Baglar þá undan); h. við, *to stand at bay, make a stand* (verðr Sigvaldi nú við at h.); (2) *to curl*, of hair (hann hafði gult hár, ok hrökk mjök); (3) *to suffice*.

HRØKKVA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) h. e-u um e-t, *to lash (switch) with a thing*; beit eigi heldr á en tálknskíði *(a piece of whalebone)* væri hrøkt um; (2) *to spur or whip a horse* (eptir þat hrøkti hann hestinn); (3) refl., hrøkkvast, *to coil, wriggle*, of a snake (undan honum hrøktist ein naðra at Oddi); hrøkkvast aptr, *to turn back* (G. reið síðastr ok skyldi geyma, at engir hrøktist aptr).

HRÖNN (gen. HRANNAR, pl. HRANNIR), f. *wave*; dat. pl., hrönnum, *in heaps* (drepr hann hirðmenn konungs niðr hrönnum).

HRØR, n. *corpse* = hrer.

HRØRAST, v. refl. = hrøðast.

HRØR-LIGR, a. *dilapidated, ruinous*.

HRØRNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to fall into decay* (of buildings); (2) *to wither* (tréit deyr, þegar þat hrørnar).

HUGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to excogitate, think out* (hugat hefi ek mér ráð); (2) h. e-m e-t, *to think of, intend, for one* (verk hefi ek hugat þér); (3) h. at e-u, *to attend to, look after* (þá var at hugat sárum Kormaks); h. um e-t, *to be concerned about*; h. fyrir e-u, *to provide for*.

HUGAÐ-LÁTR, a. *engaging, amiable*; -LIGA, adv. *amiably, lovingly*.

HUGAÐR, a. (1) *courageous, bold*; (2) h. e-m vel (lítt), *well (ill) disposed towards one*; (3) e-m er mest um e-t hugat, *one has most at heart* (Hafliði kvað þat sýnt, at henni var mest um hann hugat).

HUGAÐ-SAMLIGA, adv. *carefully*; -SAMR, a. *gentle, engaging*.

HUGAÐS-RŒÐA, f. *sensible speech*.

HUGA-FULLR, a. *anxious*; -GÓÐR, a. *kind-hearted*.

HUGALL, a. *mindful, thoughtful*.

HUGALT, adv. *carefully* (geyma h.).

HUGAN, f. *care, concern* (konungr bar hér mikla hugan fyrir).

HUGAR-ANGR, n. *heart's grief*; -BÓT, f. *comfort*; -EKKI, m. *heart-ache, distress of mind*; -FAR, n. *disposition, frame of mind*; -FÝST, f. *desire*; -GÓÐR, a. *kind of heart*; -HERÐI, f. *hard-heartedness*; -HRŒRING, f. *emotion*; -HVARF, n. *estrangement*; -KRAPTR, m. *strength of mind*; -LÁTLIGA, adv. *amiably, gently*; -LUND, f. *disposition of mind, fancy*; -ÓTTI, m. *fright, anxiety*; -REIKAN, f. *wandering of mind*; -RUGLAN, f. *wandering of mind*; -STURLAN, f. *insanity*; -STYRKR, m. *strength of mind*; -UM-SKIPTI, n. pl. *change of mind*; -VÁLAÐ, n. *anguish of mind*; -ŒÐI, f. *fury*; -ŒSINGR, m. *excitement, agitation of mind*.

HUGAT, adv. *frankly, sincerely* (mæla hugat).

HUG-ÁST, f. *heartfelt affection*; unna -ástum, *to love with all one's heart*; -BLAUÐR, a. *cowardly*; -BLEYÐI, f. *cowardice*; -BLÍÐR, a. *gentle of mind*; -BOÐ, n. *foreboding, anticipation, fancy* (þat er nær mínu -boði, at); -BOÐIT, pp. n., hafa e-t -boðit, *to intend*; -BORÐ, n. *courage*; -BORG, f. *the breast* (poet.); -BÓT, f. comfort; -BRIGÐR, a. *fickle, false* (við e-n).

HUGÐ, f., only in compds., hugðar-.

HUGÐA, f. *interest, affection*; leggja hugðu til e-s, *to take interest in, feel affection for one* (konungr leggr enga hugðu til hests síns); mæla, rœða af hugðu, *to speak from one's heart*.

HUGÐAR-ERINDI, n. *a matter which one has at heart*; -MAÐR, m. *intimate friend*; -MÁL, n. = -erindi.

HUG-DIRFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to encourage*; -DIRFÐ, f. *courage*; -DJARFR, a. *courageous, stout-hearted*.

HUGÐU-MAÐR, m. = hugðar-maðr.

HUG-DYGGR, a. *steadfast*; -FASTLIGA, adv. *steadfastly*; -FASTR, a. *steadfast, fixed in one's mind*; e-m er e-t -fast, *one is bent on*; -FÁTT, a. n., e-m verðr fátt, *one loses heart*; -FELDR, a. *agreeable*; -FESTA (-STA, -STR), v. (1) *to fix in one's mind*; (2) *to make up one's mind about*; -FULLR, a. *full of courage*.

HUGGA (AÐ), v. *to comfort, console*; refl., huggast, *to be comforted*.

HUGGAN, f. *comfort, consolation*.

HUGGANAR-ORÐ, n. *word of comfort*; -VÁN, f. *hope of comfort*.

HUGGANDI, m. *comforter*.

HUGGARI, m. *comforter*.

HUG-GÓÐR, a. *kind-hearted, cheerful*; -GÆFR, a. *cheerful*; -GŒÐI, n. *goodness of heart*; -HRESS, a. *cheerful, at ease*; -HREYSTI, f. *courage*; -HVARF, n. *change of mind*; telja e-m -hvarf, *to persuade one to change his mind*; -HŒGR, a., e-m er -hœgt, *one feels at ease*.

HUGI, m. *mind* (= hugr); illum huga, *with evil mind, ill, badly*; hafa e-t í huga, *to have in one's mind, to think of*; leiða e-t huga, *to consider*.

HUGINN, m. *the wise raven of Odin*.

HUG-KVÆMLIGR, a. *ingenious, apt*; -KVÆMR, (1) *recurring to one's mind*; (2) *mindful, attentive*; -KŒMLIGR, a. = -kvæmligr; -LAUSS, a. *faint-hearted, cowardly*; -LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. *to lay to mind, to reflect on*; -LEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to pay attention to, consider*; -LEIÐING, f. *reflection*; -LÉTT, a. n., e-m er -létt = e-m er -hœgt; -LÉTTIR, m. *mind's ease, comfort*; -LEIKIT, pp. n., mér er eigi -leikit at, *I have no mind to*; -LEYSA, f., *faint-heartedness*; -LEYSI, n. *faint-heartedness*; -LÍTILL, a. *fainthearted*; -LJÚFI, m. *darling*; (hann var ljúfi allra manna); -MAÐR, m. *bold man*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *boldly*.

HUGNA (AÐ), v. *to please*; e-m hugnar e-t, *one is pleased, satisfied with a thing*; impers., mér hugnar vel (illa) við e-n, *I am pleased (displeased) with one*; refl., hugnast = hugna.

HUG-PRÚÐR, a. *stout-hearted, noble*; -PRÝÐI, f. *courage, nobleness*.

HUGR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *mind*; í hug eða verki, *in mind or act*; vera í hug e-m, *to be in one's mind*; koma e-m í hug, *to come into one's mind, occur to one*; leiða e-t hugum, *to consider*; ganga (líða, hverfa) e-m ór hug, *to pass out of one's memory, to be forgotten*; snúa hug sínum eptir (at, frá) e-u, *to turn one's mind after (to, from)*; mæla um hug sér, *to feign, dissemble*; orka tveggja huga um e-t, *to be of two minds about a thing*; orkast hugar á e-t, *to resolve*; ef þér lér nökkut tveggja huga um þetta, *if thou be of two minds about the matter*; (2) *mood, heart, temper, feeling*; góðr h., *kind heart*; illr h., *ill temper, spite*; heill h., *sincerity*; reynast hugi við, *to make close acquaintance*; hugir þeirra fóru saman, *they loved each other*; (3) *desire, wish*; leggja hug á e-t, *to lay to heart, take interest in*; leggja lítinn hug á e-t, *to mind little, neglect*; leggja hug á konu, *to*

fall in love with a woman; mér leikr h. á e-u, *I long (wish) for a thing*; e-m rennr h. til e-s, *to have affection for one*; mér er engi hugr á at selja hann, *I have no mind to sell him*; (4) *foreboding*; svá segir mér h. um, *I forebode*; hann kvað sér illa hug sagt hafa (*he had evil forebodings*) um hennar gjaforð; mér býðr hugr um e-t, *I anticipate* (eptir gekk mér þat, er mér bauð hugr um); mér býðr e-t í hug, *it enters my mind, I think*; gøra sér í hug, *to imagine*; (5) *courage*; h. ræðr hálfum sigri, *a stout heart is half the battle*; herða huginn (hug sinn), *to take heart, exert oneself*.

HUG-RAKKR, a. *stout-hearted*; -RAUN, f. (1) *trial of one's mind*; (2) *trial of valour*; -REKKI, f. *courage, intrepidity*; -RENNING, f. *thought*; -RÓ, f. *peace of mind*.

HUG-RÓ, f. *clinch on a sword's hilt*.

HUG-RÚNAR, f. pl. '*mind-runes*'.

HUGSA (AÐ), v. *to think, think upon*; hugsat hefi ek kostinn, *I have thought over the terms*; h. eptir um e-t, *to consider*; h. e-t fyrir sér, *to ponder over, reflect upon*; h. um e-t, *to think about*; h. sik um e-t, *to take counsel with oneself about a thing, consider*.

HUGSAN, f. (1) *thought, thinking*; bera h. fyrir e-u, *to ponder over*; (2) *opinion* (hér em ek í annari h.).

HUGSANAR-AUGU, n. pl. *mental vision, intellect*; -STUND, f., -TÍMI, m. *time for consideration or reflection*.

HUGSI, a. indecl. *thoughtful, meditative, absent-minded* (hann fór jafnan sem h. væri).

HUG-SJÚKR, a. *distressed, anxious*; -SKOT, n. *mind, soul*; -SÓTT, f. *care, anxiety, concern*; -SPEKI, f. *sagacity, foresight*; -STEINN, m. *the heart* (poet.); -STERKR, a. *strong of mind*; -STIGINN, pp. *in high spirits*; -STOLINN, pp. *mad, crazy*; -STÓRR, a. *high-minded*; -STŒÐR, a. (1) *fixed in one's mind*; (2) vera -stœtt til e-s, *to be opposed to one*; -SÝKI, f. *anxiety*; -SÝKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make one anxious*; -TREGI, m. *affliction, grief*; -TRÚR, a. *true, faithful*.

HUGUM-STÓRR, a. *great of heart*.

HUG-VEIKR, a. *weak-minded*; -VIT, n. *understanding, sagacity*; -ÞEKKR, a. *endeared to one, after one's heart* (-þekkr allri alþýðu); -ÞOKKAÐR, pp. *well disposed*; -ÞOKKI, m. *mind, disposition, judgement* (hefir þetta farit eptir -þokka mínum); -ÞUNGT, a. n., e-m er -þungt, *one is depressed*.

HULD, f. *giantess*, = trollkona.

HULDA, f. (1) *cover, veil* (mikil þoka ok h. liggr yfir eyju þeirri); (2) *hiding, secrecy*; drepa huldu á e-t, *to hide, conceal a matter*.

HULDAR-HÖTTR, m. *hood of disguise*.

HULIÐR, pp. *hidden, obscure*.

HULIÐS-HJÁLMR, HULINS-, m. '*hiding helmet*'; bregða -hjálmi yfir e-n, *to make one invisible*.

HULNING, f. *hiding, covering*.

HUMARR (gen. -S, pl. HUMRAR), m. *lobster*; humra fjöll, *waves* (poet.).

HUMÓTT, f. = hámót.

HUNANG, n. *honey*.

HUNANG-LIGR, a. *honeyed*.

HUNANGS-DÖGG, f., -FALL, n. *honey dew*; -ILMR, m. *smell of honey*; -LŒKR, m. *stream of honey*.

HUND-, in compds., *very, extremely*; -DJARFR, a. *exceedingly bold*; -FORN, a. *very old*.

HUND-GÁ, f. *barking*; -HEIÐINN, a. '*dog-heathen*', = heiðinn sem hundr.

HUND-MARGR, a. *innumerable*.

HUNDR (-S, -AR), m. *dog, hound*; vera ór hunda hljóði *or* hljóðum, *to have made one's escape*.

HUNDRAÐ (pl. hundruð), n. *hundred*; tírœtt h. = 100; tólfrœtt h. = 120; hundruðum, *by (in) hundreds*; as value, *one hundred and twenty ells of the stuff wadmal*; h. frítt, *a hundred paid in cattle*; tólf hundruð mórend, *twelve hundred in dark-striped wadmal*; hundrað silfrs, ? *the silver value of 120 ells* (= 20 *ounces*).

HUNDRAÐ-FALDR, a. *hundredfold*.

HUNDRAÐS-HÖFÐINGI, m. *centurion*.

HUNDS-BIT, n. *bite of a dog*; -SOÐ, n. *broth made from a dog*.

HUND-TÍK, f. *bitch*.

HUND-VILLR, a. *utterly lost, quite astray*; -VÍSS, a. *very wise* (hundvíss jötunn).

HUNGR (gen. -RS), m. and n. *hunger*.

HUNGRA (AÐ), v. impers., e-n hungrar, *one hungers*; HUNGRAÐR, a. *hungry*.

HURÐ (pl. -IR), f. *door*; h. er aptr, *the door is shut*; drepa á h., *to knock at the door*.

HURÐAR-ÁSAR, m. pl. *'door-beams'*; -BAK, n. *the back of a door*; at -baki, *behind the door*; -BORA, f. *small hole in a door*; -FLAKI, m. *hurdle*; -HRINGR, m. *door-ring*; -JÁRN, n. *door-hinge*; -KLOFI, m. *door-groove*; -OKI, *a cross-plank joining the boards of a door* (þá boraði A. hurðarokann).

HURÐ-ÁSS, m. *'door-beam'*.

HUTTUTUTU, interj., to express shivering from cold.

HÚÐ (pl. -IR), f. *hide* (of cattle).

HÚÐAR-ÞVENGR, m. *a thong cut out of a hide*.

HÚÐ-FAT, n. *a kind of hammock*.

HÚÐFATS-FÉLAGI, m. *hammock mate*.

HÚÐ-KEIPR, m. *canoe of skin, kayak*; -LÁT, n. loss *of one's hide, flogging*; -SKÓR, m. *a shoe of raw hide*; -STRJÚKA (see STRJÚKA), v. *to flog*; -STROKA, f. *flogging*; -STRÝKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to flog*; -ÞAK, n. *roof of hides*; -ÞEKJA (see ÞEKJA), v. *to cover with hides*.

HÚFA, f. (1) *cap, bonnet*; (2) *vault, ceiling of a church* (hann lét penta húfuna).

HÚFR (-S, -AR), m. *hulk or hull* of a ship (undir húfinn á skipi).

HÚKA (-TA, -T), v. *to squat*.

HÚM, n. *twilight, dusk*.

HÚMA (AÐ), v. *to grow dusk* (var nú mjök húmat).

HÚNA-LAND, n. *the land of the Huns*.

HÚNAR, m. pl. *the Huns*.

HÚN-BORA, f. *the hole in the mast-head through which the halyard went*; vinda segl við -boru, *to hoist the sail*; -DREGINN, pp. *hoisted to the top*; -KASTALI, m. *the crow's nest at the mast-head* (á knörrunum vóru húnkastalar).

HÚNIR, m. pl. *the Huns*.

HÚN-LENZKR, a. *Hunnish*; -MEGIR, m. pl. = Húnar, Húnir.

HÚNN (-S, -AR), m. *the knob at the top of the mast-head*; draga segl við hún (í hún upp), vinda upp segl við húna, *to hoist a sail to the top*.

HÚNN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *bear's cub*; (2) *urchin, boy* (poet.).

HÚNSKR, a. = húnlenzkr, hýnskr.

HÚS, n. *house* (leita nú um hvert h. á þeim bœ); pl. the group of *buildings on a farm*, = bær; taka hús (pl.) á e-m, *to take a person by surprise in his house*; at húsa baki, *at the back of the houses*.

HÚSA (AÐ), v. *to build houses, furnish with houses* (Uni húsaði þar).

HÚSA-BŒR, m. *farmstead, farmhouses*;

-KOSTR, m. *lodgings, house-accommodation*; -KOT, n. *cottage*; -KYNNI, n. pl. = -kostr; -MÓT, n. pl. *the joining of buildings*; -SKIPAN, f. *arrangement of buildings*; -SNOTRA, f. *an ornament on a gable-head or on a ship*; -TOPT, f. *house walls* (without the roof); -UMBŒTR, f. pl. *house repairs*; -VIÐR, m. *house-timber*; -VIST, f. *abode* (hann tekr sér þar -vist).

HÚS-BAK, n. *back of the houses*; -BÓNDI, m. *master of the house*; -BRENNA, f. *house-burning, arson*; -BÚNATR, m. *house furniture*, esp. *hangings, tapestry*; -BÚMINGR, m. *house furniture*, esp. *hangings, tapestry*; -DYRR, f. pl. *house doors*; -ENDI, m. *house end, gable*; -FASTR, a. *domiciled*; -FREYJA, f., -FRÚ, f. (1) *mistress of the house*; (2) *wife*; -GAFL, m. *house-gable*; -GANGA, f. *'house-walking', visits*; -GANGR, m. *begging from house to house* (fara á -gang); -GUMI, m. = -bóndi; -GÖNGULL, a. *making many visits*; -GØRÐ, f. *house-making*.

HÚSI, m. *case* (skæra-húsi, *scissor case*).

HÚS-KARL, m. (1) *house-carle, man-servant*; (2) pl. *the king's men, his body-guard*.

HÚSKARLA-LIÐ, n. *body of house-carles*.

HÚS-KONA, f. *housewife, lady of the house*; -KYTJA, f. *hovel*.

HÚSL, n. *housel*; HÚSLA (AÐ), v. *to housel, administer the Eucharist to one* (var húslaðr ok dó síðan).

HÚS-MŒNIR, m. *ridge* of *a house*; -PRÚÐR, a. = hýbýla-prúðr; -VEGGR, m. *house wall*; -ÞEKJA, f. *housethatch*; -ÞING, n. *council, meeting* (to which a king or chief summoned his people or guardsmen).

HVAÐAN, adv. (1) *whence*; þóttist engi vita, h. veðr var á, *whence (from what quarter) the wind blew*, meðan ek veit eigi vist, h. G. hinn ríki stendr at, as *long as I know not what side G. takes*; (2) *from wheresoever*; h. sem, *from what place or source soever*; hann siglir h. sem á cr, *he sails, whatever wind may blow*; h. æfa, *from every side* (þustu þá borgarmenn h. æfa at þeim); *on all sides*; hann vann svá, at h. æfa vóru á honum hendrnar, *he worked as if he had hands all over him*.

HVAL-FÖNG, n. pl. *stores of whale (blubber)*; -GRÖF, f. *whale pit* (where blubber was kept); -JÁRN, n. *harpoon*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of whale-blubber*; -KÁLFR, m. *young whale*; -KOMA, f. *stranding of whales*.

HVALR (-S, -AR, and -IR), m. *whale*; skera hval, *to flense a whale*.

HVAL-REIT, f., *stranding of whales*; -REKI, m., *stranding of whales*; -REKSTR, m. *stranding of whales*; -RIF, n. *whale's rib*; -SAGA, f. *news of a whale*.

HVALS-AUKI, m. *spermaceti*.

HVAL-SKURÐR, m. *flensing (cutting up) of a whale*; -SKYTI, m. *whale harpooner*.

HVAMMR (-S, -AR), m. *grassy hollow or little vale* (kaus hann sér bústað í hvammi einum).

HVANN-NJÓLI, m. *angelica-stalk*.

HVAR, adv. (1) *where, in or at what place* (h. vartu í nótt, eða h. er þitt heimili?); h. skulu vit á leita? *where shall we search*?; (2) *where, to what place, whither* (sé ek nú, h. sök horfir); (3) *anywhere*; hér framarr en h. annars staðar, *here more than anywhere else*; (4) *in each place* (urðu þrjú þing í hverjum fjórðungi ok skyldu þingnautar eiga hvar saksóknir saman); hér ok h., *here and there, now here now there*; víðast h., *in most places, in most instances*; h. sem, *wherever* (h. sem hann fór); (5)

ever so, very; h. fjarri, *ever so far, very far Off* (ek ligg einn í húsi ok kerling mín, en h. fjarri öðrum mönnum); víðara h., *ever so much farther* (um allt Hálogaland ok þó víðara h.); h. meiri, *ever more, much more* (ek skal þó h. meiri stund á leggja).

HVARF, n. *disappearance* (h. Iðunnar); rann hann þeim þar h., *he ran out of their sight*.

HVARFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to be turned round*; lét hann sér í hendi h. ker gullit, *he rolled the gold cup round in his hand*; (2) *stroll about* (fílamir hvarfa um skóginn); e-m hvarfar hugr, *one's mind wavers*; (3) h. í milli, *to stand between (in the way)*.

HVAR-FÚSS, a. *fickle* (poet.).

HVARGI, adv. *in each (every) place, everywhere*; h. er (*or* sem), *wheresoever* (h. er þú tekr land).

HVAR-LEIÐR, a. *loathsome to all men*.

HVARMR (-S, -AR), m. *eyelid*.

HVARS, adv. = hvar es, *wheresoever*.

HVAR-VETNA, adv. *everywhere*.

HVASS, a. (1) *sharp, keen* (h. knífr, hvössøxi, hvasst vápn); *pointed, tapering* (h. hjálmr); (2) fig., of the intellect, *keen* (hvasst næmi); of the eyes or sight (hvöss augu, hvöss sjón); (3) *sharp, acute*; hvasst hljóð, *a sharp sound*; (4) of wind, *sharp, fresh* (h. byrr, hvasst veðr, andviðri).

HVASS-EGGJAÐR, a. *keen-edged*; -EYGR, a. *keen-eyed*; -LEIKR, m. *sharpness*; -LEITR, a. *sharp-looking*; -LIGA, adv. *sharply*; -NEFIAÐR, a. *sharp-nebbed*; -TENNTR, a. *sharp-toothed*; -VIÐRI, n. *sharp gale*, = hvasst veðr.

HVAT (old gen. HVESS, dat. HVÍ), neut. pron. I. interrog. (1) what (h. sýnist þér ráð?); h. er þér, Hjálmar? *what is the matter with thee, H.?*; expressing wonder, *what sort of?* (h. Øgmundr ertu?); with gen., h. er þat fira, flagða, drauma, fiska? *what sort of men. witches, dreams, fishes?* h. manna ertu? *what sort of a man art thou?*; with dat., hann spurði, h. mönnum þeir væri, *what kind of men they were*; (2) implying an answer in the negative, *to what end? of what use?* (h. skal rögum manni langt vápn?) (3) *how*, = hve, hversu; fréttir hann nú, h. liði bónorðsmálum, *how the was going on*; II. indef. pron. (1) *each, every*; h. at öðru, *'each with the other', everything*; þat lið, er honum fylgdi, flýr sér hvat, *scattered in all directions*; h. bíðr sinnar stundar, *there is a time for everything*; (2) = hvatki, with the relat. part. 'er (es)' or 'sem'; h. sem *or* h. es, *whatsoever*; (3) with compar., *ever so much*; hann var til hans h. betr en til sinna barna, *he was ever so much kinder to him than to his own children*.

HVATA (AÐ), v. (1) *to hasten*, with dat., h. för sinni, h. ferðinni, *to hasten one's journey*; h. göngunni, *to quicken one's pace*; h. báli, *to hurry on the bonfire*; (2) absol., *to hasten, speed* (h. til skipa, h. heim).

HVATA-, gen. pl. from 'hvöt'.

HVATA-BUSS, m. *busybody*; -MAÐR, m. *prompter*.

HVATAN, acc. from 'hvatr', *at a quick pace* (ríða h.).

HVATI, m. *hurry, haste*.

HVATKI, indef. pron. (1) *each thing, everything for itself* (munu þér þá vita til hvers h. kemr); (2) with 'er'; h. er (es), *whatsoever* (heill Atla, h. es þik dreymir).

HVAT-LÁTR, a. *quick*; -LEIKR, m. *alacrity, activity* (-leikr í orrostum); -LIGA, adv. *quickly* (riða -liga); -LIGR, a. *quick, brisk*; -ligt lið, *active troops*.

HVATR, a. *active, brisk, vigorous* (h.

maðr, h. hugr); neut. 'hvatt' as adv. *quickly* (riða hvatt, sem hvatast).

HVAT-RÆÐI, n. *quick action*; -SKEYTI, n. *precipitancy*; -SKEYTILIGR, a. *rash, headlong*.

HVAT-VETNA (gen. HVERS-, dat. HVÍVETNA), pron. n. *anything whatever*; vex þér hvatvetna í augu, *everything grows big in thy eyes*; var Hrafn fyrir þeim í hvívetna, *H. was superior in every respect*.

HVAT-VÍSI, f. *temerity*; -VÍSLIGA, adv. *rashly*; -VISS, a. *rash, headlong, reckless* (maðr hvatvíss ok óvitr).

HVÁLF, n. (1) *vault*; (2) *concavity* (of a shield).

HVÁLFA (-DA, -T), v. = hólfa.

HVÁLL (-S, -AR), m. *hill, hillock, knoll* (dalr var í hválinum).

HVÁPTR (-S, -AR), m. *mouth, chops*.

HVÁRGI (neut. HVÁRKI and HVÁRTKI), indef. pron. *neither* (of two); h. þeirra, *neither of them*; neut. 'hvárki' as adv., hvárki ... né, *neither ... nor* (hefir h. heyrt til hans styn né hósta).

HVÁRGIN-LIGR, a. *neuter* (-ligt kyn).

HVÁRIGR or HVÁRUGR, indef. pron. *neither*, = hvárgi.

HVÁRR, pron. (1) *which* (of the two) in pl. *of two parties*, hvárir sigrast, *which of both (hosts) will gain the day*; (2) *each* (of the two); h. við annan, *each to the other*; sinn veg h., *each his own way*; (3) at hváru, *yet, nevertheless, however*.

HVÁRRGI, pron. = hvárgi.

HVÁRR-TVEGGI, -TVEGGJA, pron. *each of the two, either, both*; (1) as adj., ór hvárritveggju hlustinni, *out of both ears*; (2) as subst. with gen., -tveggi þeirra, *both of them*; with a possess., -tveggi okkarr, *both of us*; (3) the neut. hvárttveggja, used as adv., *both* (hvárttveggja karlar ok konur).

HVÁRT, neut. from 'hvárr', as interr. adv., *whether*, direct and indirect; h. grætr þú? *whether dost thou weep (or not)?* h. skal ek fara eðr eigi? *whether shall I go or not?* hann vildi vita, h. hann var í brynju, *he wanted to know whether he wore a coat of mail*; with the rel. part. er (es *or* sem), h. er ... eða, *whether ... or* (h. er þeir töluðu hér til fleira eða færra).

HVÁRZ = hvárts = hvárt es (= er).

HVÉ, adv. (1) *how, in what manner* (hvé fór með þeim?); h. heitir þú? *how art thou named?*; (2) qualifying an adj. or adv., *how, to what extent*; h. gamall maðr hann væri, *how old he was*; þeir vissu eigi, h. fram var, *they did not know the time of day*; h. nær? *when?* (hvé nær mun hann heim koma?)

HVÉGI, adv. *howsoever*, always with a following particle, er (es) *or* sem (h. lengi sem, h. viða sem).

HVEIM, dat. from the obsolete pron. 'hvar' = hverr; (1) *to whom?* (h. eru bekkir baugum sánir?); (2) *to any* (manni h., *or* manna h.) h. er (es), *to whomsoever* (orðstírr deyr aldregi hveim, er sér góðan getr).

HVEITI, n. *wheat*; -AKR, m. *wheatfield*; -MJÖL, n. *wheat meal, flour*.

HVEL, n. *wheel*; á hverfanda hveli, *on it whirling wheel*.

HVELFA (-DA, -DR), v. *to upset, overturn*, with dat. (hann hvelfdi nökkvanum undir sér); impers., skipinu hvelfdi, *the ship capsized*.

HVELL-MÆLTR, a. *clear-voiced*.

HVELLR, a. *shrill, sharp in tone* (h lúðr); hvell rödd, *a clear voice*; mæla. (tala) hátt ok hvellt, *to speak loud and clearly*.

HVELPR (-S, -AR), m. *whelp*.

HVENAR, adv. *when?* (= hvé nær).

HVERFA (HVERF; HVARF, HURFUM; HORFINN); v. (1) *to have a circular or rotatory motion, turn round* (himinn hverfr); with acc. of the place, himin h. þau skulu hverjan dag, *they shall wheel round the heaven every day*, of the sun and moon; (2) *to be lost* to sight (h. at sýn); *to disappear, vanish* (hverfa af himni heiðar stjörnur); e-m hverfr e-t, *one loses a thing* (Mávi hurfu sauðir nökkurir); síðan hvarf hann þeim, *he vanished out of their sight*; (3) with preps. and advs., h. af at gera e-t, *to leave off doing a thing*; h. aptr, *to turn back, return*; aptr hverfr lygi, þá er sönnu mœtir, *a lie recoils before the truth*; h. at e-m, *to throng around one* (þá hurfu þegar at honum allir ok fögnuðu honum); h. at e-u, *to turn to, to adopt* (h. at e-u ráði); h. brott, *to disappear*; h. eptir e-m, *to follow one*; h. frá e-u, *to turn away from*; gørðut far festa, áðr þeir frá hyrfi, *they did not moor the boat before they turned away*; *to leave off* (nú skal þar til taka, sem fyrr var frá horfit); h. í sundr, *to part*; h. til e-s, *to turn (go) to one, or to a place* (hlæjandi Guðrún hvarf til skemmu); esp. *to go to one and take leave* (Gunnar hverfr til allra manna, er hann er búinn); *to fall to one's lot, accrue to one* (þótti stór heill til hans horfit hafa); h. um e-t, *to encircle, surround* (h. um hodd goða); h. undan e-m, *to be withdrawn from, lost to one* (hvarf ríki í Noregi undan Dana konungum);(4) horfinn, pp. (1) *surrounded* (bœrinn var h. mönnum); vera vel vinum h., *to be well backed by friends*; vel um horfit, *in good condition* (þar stóð naust ok var vel um horfit); (2) *abandoned, forsaken*; heillum h., *forsaken by luck*; sök h., *having lost the suit*; heraði h., *bereft of a dwelling in the district*.

HVERFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to turn a thing* (in a certain direction); h. e-m hugi (acc. pl.), *to change a person's mind*; (2) h. e-u um e-t, *to enclose with a thing*; vera hverfðr útan um e-t, *to encircle a thing*.

HVERFI, n. *cluster of farms*.

HVERF-LYNDI, n. *fickleness*; -LYNDR, a. *fickle-minded*.

HVERFR, a. (1) *shifty, changeable* (h. hugr); (2) neut., hverft, *quickly* (fara h.; stýra h.).

HVERF-RÁÐR, a. *fickle, wavering*.

HVERFULL, a. *shifty, changeable*.

HVERGI, pron. (1) *each, every one* (hann lét sem hann eigi vissi, hvat h. talaði); (2) adding 'er' *or* 'sem', *whosoever* (h. er þá beiðir); hverngi veg sem *(howsoever)* hann vill svara.

HVERGI, adv. (1) *nowhere* (hann undi h.); h. annars staðar, *nowhere else*; (2) *by no means, not at all*; vil ek h. ara, *I shall not go at all*; vera h. færr, *to be quite unable to go*; h. nær, *far from it* (h. nær allir); with compar. (Bergr var þess h. fúsari); alls h., *nowhere at* all.

HVER-GÆTIR, m. *'cauldron-keeper', cook* (poet.).

HVERIGR, pron. = hvergi.

HVERNIG, adv. *how* (= hvern veg).

HVERNIN, adv. = hvernig.

HVERNUG, adv. = hvernig.

HVERR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *kettle, cauldron*; (2) *hot spring* (hverrinn var bæði heitr ok djúpr); holtriða h., *'rock-cauldron', cave*.

HVERR, pron. (1) interrog., used both substantively and adjectively, *who, which, what?* hverjar ero þær meyjar? *who are these maids*? h. á hestinn? *who owns the horse?* h. er þessi maðr? *who is this man?* hvern enda? *what end?* (2) indef.

each, every one, as subst., with gen.; manna h., *every man*; fróðra h., *every wise man*; h. várr, *each of us*; as adj., h. gumi, *every man*; hverjan *or* hvern dag, *every day*; as adv., í hverju, *moment* (veðrit óx í hverju); (3) *any* (fyrir útan hverja hjálp); (4) with the relat. part. 'er' *or* 'sem', *whosoever, whichever* (þá skulu þeir þegar drepa hann h. sem hann er); (5) with another pron. or adj; h. at öðrum, *one after another* (hverja nótt eptir aðra); at öðru hverju, *every now and then*, hverir tveir, *every two and two*; þriðja hvert ár, *every three years* (= á hverjum þremr árum); hverr … sinn, *every one … his* (hverr maðr í sínu rúmi); (6) relat. (rare), *who, which*.

HVERS-DAGLIGA, adv. (1) *every day*; (2) *commonly, generally* (eigi var hón margmælt -dagliga); -DAGLIGR, a. (1) *every day*; (2) *common*.

HVERSDAGS-MAÐR, m. *an every-day man, ordinary person*.

HVERS-KONAR, -KYNS, adv. *of every kind* (á -konar lund).

HVERSU, adv. *how*, = hvé.

HVERT, adv. (1) *whither, where* (Gunnar sagði þeim, h. hann ætlaði); (2) h. er, *whithersoever* (h. er hann ferr).

HVER-VETNA, adv. *everywhere* (= hvarvetna).

HVESSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to sharpen, whet* (h. spjót); h. augun á e-t, *to look keenly or hard at*; (2) *to stir up, instigate*; (3) impers., hvessir (acc.), *it blows up a gale*.

HVETJA (HVET; HVATTA, HVÖTTUM; HVATTR), v. (1) *to whet, sharpen* (h. sverð); (2) *to encourage* (síðan hvatti hann lið sitt); hvat hvatti þik hingat? *what urged thee to come here?*

HVIÐA, f. *squall of wind*.

HVIKA (AÐ), v. *to quail, shrink, waver* (= h. undan); impers., hví hvikar þér svá? *why art thou so slow?*

HVIKAN, f. *wavering*.

HVIK-SAGA, f. *idle lale, slander*.

HVIM-LEIÐR, a. *loathsome, detested* (-leiðr bæði trollum ok mönnum).

HVIMSI, a. *taken aback, discomfited* (verða h. við).

HVINN, m. *pilferer*; HVINNSKA, f. *larceny*; HVINNSKR, a. *thievish*.

HVINR, m. *whiz, whistling* (h. örvarinnar; hvinrinn af högginu).

HVIRFILL (gen. -S, dat. HVIRFLI), m. (1) *circle, ring*; (2) *crown of the head* (milli hvirfils ok ilja).

HVIRFIL-VINDR, m. *whirlwind*.

HVIRFING, f., HVIRFINGR, m. (1) *circle* (of men); setjast í hvirfing, *to sit down in a circle*; (2) *drinking match* (drekka hvirfing).

HVIRFINGS-BRÓÐIR, m. *club-mate*; -DRYKKJA, f. *drinking bout* (in a sort of club or guild).

HVIRFLA (AÐ), v. *to whirl, spread* (þær ætinþu at h. heyit).

HVISS, interj. *whew!*

HVÍ, (1) an old dat. of 'hvat'; þá spurði Hallr, hví þat sætti, *then H. asked what was the matter*; fyrir hví, *why, wherefore* (fyrir h. biðr þú eigi lækningar?); (2) adv. *why?* = fyrir hví (hví ertu svá fölr?).

HVÍLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) with acc. *to rest*; h. lið sitt, *to let one's troops rest*; h. sik, *to take* rest (þeir hvíldu sik þar ok eyki sína); hvíldr, *rested* (þeir hafa mœdda hesta, en vér höfum alla hvílda); refl., hvílast = h. sík; (2) *to lie, rest, sleep in a bed* (h. í rekkju sinni); h. hjá e-m, *to sleep with one*; (3) *to lie buried* (til staðarins þar

sem Ólafr hinn helgi hvílir).

HVÍLA, f. *bed*; ganga (fara) til hvílu, *to go to bed*.

HVÍL-BEÐR, m. *bed of rest*; -BRÖGÐ, n. pl. = hvílubrögð.

HVÍLD, f. (1) *rest, repose* (taka h. *or* hvíldir); (2) *pause* (þá var h. nökkur á um bardagann).

HVÍLDAR-DAGR, m. *day of rest, the Sabbath*; -HESTR, m. *relay horse*; -LAUSS, a. *restless*.

HVÍ-LÍKR, a. *of what kind or sort*.

HVÍLU-BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *cohabitation*; -FÉLAGI, m. *bed-fellow*; -GÓLF, n. *bed closet*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *bed-clothes*; -TOLLR, m. *hire of a bed*; -ÞRÖNG, f. *want of room in one's bed*.

HVÍNA (HVÍN; HVEIN, HVINUM; HVININN), v. *to whiz, whistle* (örvar hvinu hjá þeim öllum megin).

HVÍSKR, n. *whisper, whispering*.

HVÍSKRA (AÐ), v. *whisper*.

HVÍSL, n., HVÍSLA, f. *whisper*.

HVÍSLA (AÐ), v. = hvískra; recipr., hvíslast, *to whisper to one another*.

HVÍTA-BJÖRN, m. *white bear, polar bear*; -DAGAR, m. pl. *'the white days, Whitsunweek*.

HVÍTADAGA-HELGR, f. *Whitsuntide*; -VIKA, f. *Whitsun-week*.

HVÍTA-KRISTR, m. *the white Christ*.

HVÍT-ARMR, a. *white-armed*.

HVÍTA-SUNNA, f. *Whitsunday*.

HVÍTASUNNU-DAGR, m. = hvítasunna.

HVÍTA-VÁÐIR, f. pl. *the white dress worn by those newly baptized*.

HVÍT-BEINN, a. *white-legged*; -FJAÐRAÐR, a. *white-feathered*; -FYÐSA (-TI, -T), v. *to be white with foam*; -HADDAÐR, a. *white-haired, light-haired* (meyjar -haddaðar); -HÁRR, a. *white-haired*.

HVÍTI, f. *fair complexion*.

HVÍTINGR, m. *a kind of whale*.

HVÍT-KLÆDDR, pp. *clad in white*; -LEIKR, m. *whiteness*.

HVÍTNA (AÐ), v. *to become white*.

HVÍTR, a. *white* (hvítt silfr); h. á hár, *white-haired*.

HVÍT-RÖNDÓTTR, a. *white-striped*; -SKEGGJAÐR, a. *white-bearded*; -SKINN, n. *white skin, ermine*; -VÁÐUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *one dressed in white weeds* (hvítaváðir).

HVÆSA (-TA, -T), v. *to hiss*, of serpents (h. sem höggormr).

HVÆSA, HVÆSING, f. *hissing*.

HVÖNN (gen. HVANNAR, pl. HVANNIR), f. *angelica*.

HVÖRFUN, f. *vacillation*; á h., *wavering* (var á h. hugr minn of þat).

HVÖT (gen. HVATAR, pl. HVATIR), f. *instigation, encouragmient, impulse*.

HVÖTUÐR, m. *encourager, instigator*.

HVÖTUN, f. *instigation, egging*; ganga at h. e-s, *to follow one's egging*.

HYGGENDI, f. *wisdom, prudence*.

HYGGI-LIGA, adv. *wisely, prudently*; -LIGR, a. *wise, prudent*.

HYGGINN, a. *wise, prudent, intelligent* (þeir er hyggnastir vóru).

HYGGJA (HYGG, HUGÐA, HUGÐR and HUGAÐR), v. (1) *to think, believe*; hugðu þó mjök sér hvárir-tveggju, *they were of different opinions*; (2) *to guess*; fár hyggr þegjanda þörf, *few can guess the needs of him that is silent*; (3) *to intend, purpose* (sóknargögn þau, er hann hugði fram at færa); mæla fagrt, ok flátt h., *to speak fair and mean false*; mæla hugat (af hugðu), *to speak sincerely*; (4) h. e-m e-t, *to intend a thing for one, to have in store for one* (þóttist þann vita, at honum mundi slíkr

kostr hugaðr); h. e-m vel, *to be well disposed towards a person*; h. e-u illa, *to be ill pleased with*; ok munu þau vel h. (*they will be glad*), er þau hafa akrinn; (5) with preps., h. af e-u, *to leave off thinking about, forget or drop* (h. af harmi, heimsku); h. af um leitina, *to give up the search*; h. at e-u, *to attend to, mind, look at*; konungr hugði vandliga at manninum, *the king looked closely at the man*; h. á e-t, *to think of* (h. á flótta); ef hann á grið hygði, *if he thought of any breach of faith*; h. fyrir e-u, *to look to, take heed to* (hygg nú svá fyrir hag þínum); h. til e-s, *to look forward to* with pleasure, &c. (hversu hyggr þú til at deyja? gott hygg ek til bana míns); h. um e-t, *to think about a thing*; h. um með e-m, *to deliberate with one about a thing*; (6) refl., hyggjast, *to think*; hyggst þú betr gøra munu? *thinkst thou thou canst do it better?* h. fyrir, *to hesitate*; hyggst vætr hvatr fyrir, *a valiant man flinches for nought*.

HYGGJA, f. *thought, mind, opinion*.

HYGGJANDI, f. = hyggendi.

HYGGJU-LEYSI, n. *thoughtlessness*.

HYGGNAST (AÐ), v., h. af e-m, *to gain knowledge from one*.

HYLDA (-LDA, -LDR), v. (1) *to cut up* (takit þér Högna ok hyldit með knífi); h. hval, *to flense a whale*; (2) refl., hyldast, *to grow fat, get flesh*.

HYLDR, pp. *fleshy*.

HYLJA (HYL, HULDA, HULIÐR and HULDR), v. *to hide, cover* (hann huldi höfuð sitt); fara huldu höfði, *to go 'with the head covered', in disguise, by stealth*.

HYLJAN, f. *hiding, covering*.

HYLLA (-TA, -TR), v., h. sik e-m, *to court a person's friendship, make friends with*; h. fyrir e-m, *to recommend one*; refl., hyllast e-n = hylla sik e-m; h. e-n at, *to pay homage to*.

HYLLI, f. *favour, grace* (hafa guðs h.).

HYLMA (-DA, -DR), v., h. yfir e-u, *to hide, conceal* (þarf ekki lengr yfir þessu at h.).

HYLMING, f. *concealment*.

HYLR (-JAR, -IR), m. *deep place, pool*, in a river (í hylnum undir fossinum).

HYRNA, f. *point of an axe-head*.

HYRNDR, a. (1) *horned* (hyrnd kýr); (2) *angular* (þrí-, fer-, átt-hyrndr).

HYRNING (pl. -AR), f. *corner, nook* (of a house or room).

HYRNINGR, m. (1) *a horned man* (a bishop wearing a mitre); (2) *angle* (þrí-hyrningr, *triangle*).

HYRR (gen. HYRJAR), m. *fire* (poet.).

HYSKI, n. = hýski.

HÝBÝLA-, gen. pl. from hýbýli; -BÓT, n. *bettering of one's homestead*; -BRESTR, m. *home loss*; -HÆTTIR, m. pl. *home affairs, home manners*; -PRÚÐR, a. *keeping a hospitable house* (A. var -prúðr ok gleðimaðr mikill); -SKÖMM, f. *disgrace to the home*.

HÝ-BÝLI, n. pl. (1) *home, homestead, house* (í annarra manna hýbýlum); (2) *household*.

HÝÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to flog* (= berja húð af e-m).

HÝÐING, f. *flogging* (= húðstroka).

HÝNIR, m. pl. = Húnar.

HÝ-NÓTT, f. *night of anxious waiting* (?).

HÝNSKR, a. *Hunnish*.

HÝRAST (Ð), v. refl. *to be gladdened, brighlen up* (hýrðist hann skjótt í viðbragði).

HÝR-LIGA, adv. *cheerily, with a smiling face* (líta -liga til e-s); -LIGR, a. *friendly, smiling*.

HÝ-RÓG, n. *servants' slander (quar-*

relling).

HÝRR, a. *smiling, pleasant, mild, friendly* (h. í viðbragði).

HÝSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to house, harbour*.

HÝSKI, n. *household, family*.

HÆÐ, f. (1) *height*; hann hljóp meirr en h. sína, *he could leap more his own height*; (2) *height, eminence, hill* (gengu þeir upp á h. nökkura).

HÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to scoff at, mock* (h. e-n *or* h. at e-m).

HÆÐ-LIGA, adv. *mockingly, scornfully* (tala -liga til e-s); -LIGR, a. (1) *derisive disgraceful*; (2) *contemptible*.

HÆÐINN, a. *fond of mocking*.

HÆÐ-YRÐI, n. pl. *taunts, gibes*.

HÆÐNI, f. *mocking, mockery*.

HÆKI-LIGA, adv. *vehemently*.

HÆL-BEIN, n. *heel bone*; -BÍTR, m. *heel-biter*; -DREGINN, pp. *dragging the heels in walking*; -DREP, n. *blow on the heel*.

HÆLI, n. *shelter, refuge*; leita s ér hælis, *to seek for shelter*.

HÆL-KRÓKR, m. *'heel-crook', catch with the heel (a* trick in wrestling).

HÆLL (-S, -AR), m. *heel*; hlaupa (fara, ganga) á hæla e-m, *to follow at one's heels*; hurð felir (lýkst) á HÆLA e-m, *the door shuts (closes) upon one's heels*; fara aptr á hæli, *to return immediately*; hopa (fara) á hæl fyrir e-m, *to retreat, recede before one*.

HÆLL (-S, -AR), m. (1) *peg, pin*; (2) *handle* in a scythe-shaft (orf-hæll).

HÆLL, m. *a widow whose husband has been slain in battle*.

HÆL-SÍÐR, a. *reaching down to the heels* (-síðr kyrtill).

HÆNGR, m. *male salmon*.

HÆRA, f. *hoariness, grey hair* (skegg hvítt af hæru); fá elli ok hæru, *to live to a hoary old age*; esp. in pl., grár (hvítr) fyrir (*or* af) hærum, *white with grey hair*.

HÆRÐR, a. *haired*; h. vel, *having-fine hair*; h. mjök, *having much hair*.

HÆRINGR, m. *hoary (old) man*.

HÆRU-KARL, m. = hæringr; -KOLLR, m. *hoary head, a nickname*; -LANGR, a. *having long grey hair*; -SKEGGI, m. *hoary beard*; -SKOTINN, pp. *grizzled*.

HÆTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to leave of*, with dat. (h. heyverkum); with infin. *to cease* (h. at tala).

HÆTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to risk, venture*, stake, with dat. (L. vildi eigi út h. sínum mönnum); h. til þess virðing þinni, *to stake thy honour on it*; impers., litlu hættir nú til, *there is but small* risk; absol., hefir sá er hættir, *he wins who risks, 'nothing venture nothing have'*; h. til e-s, *to risk a thing* (vil ek heldr til þess h. en hitt spyrist áönnur lönd); h. á e-t, *to risk* (kváðust á það mundu h. at berjast); *to venture upon, to trust to* (h. á miskunn e-s); h. e-u undir e-n, *to depend on one for a thing*.

HÆTTA, f. *danger, peril*; eiga mikit íhættu, *to run a great risk*; leggja e-t í hættu, *to expose to risk or danger* (leggja sik, líf sitt, fé sitt, í hættu); leggja á þá hættu, *to run the risk*.

HÆTTING, f. *danger, risk*.

HÆTTINGAR-FERÐ, f. *dangerous journey* (= hættu-ferð).

HÆTT-LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. *to risk*; -LIGA, adv. *dangerously*; -LIGR, a. *dangerous*; kölluðu -ligan mátt hans, *they said that he was sinking fast*.

HÆTTR, a. (1) *dangerous* (slíkr maðr er hættastr, ef); (2) *dangerously ill* (vera, liggja, h.); (3) *exposed to danger*; ekki h. fyrir vápnum, *proof against weapons*; (4) e-m er hætt við e-u, *one is in danger of*;

var Þuríði við engu meini hætt, *Thurid was out of danger*; (5) *doubtful, uncertain*.

HÆTTU-FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *dangerous journey*; -LAUSS, a. *free from danger, without danger*; -LÍTILL, a. *little dangerous*; -MIKILL, a. *very dangerous*; -RÁÐ, n. *dangerous plan*.

HŒFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to hit*, with acc. (þeir hœfa aldri dýr); hann hœfði allt þat, er hann skaut til, *he never missed his mark*; h. til, *to aim*; svá hafði smiðrinn til hœft, *so well had he aimed*; (2) *to fit*, with dat. (hœfðu Kjartani þau klæði allvel); (3) *to behove, be meet* (eigi hœfir at drepa svá fagran svein); svá hœfir eigi, segir Úlfr, *that will not do, said U.*; h. e-m, *to be meet for one*; (4) refl., hœfast, *to fit each other, to correspond*; spjótit mun h. ok sár þat, *the shaft and the wound will correspond*; h. á, *to agree in time, coincide*.

HŒFI, n. (1) *fitness*; vera við e-s h., *to fit one, be suitable, convenient* (Hrútr fekk sér nú konu þá, er honum þótti við sitt h.); (2) skjóta til hœfis, *to shoot at a mark*.

HŒFI-LÁTR, a. *moderate*; -LIGA, adv. *fitly*; -LIGR, a. *fit, due*.

HŒFINDI, n. pl. *what fits, behoves*.

HŒFING, f. *aiming*; gøra h., *to take aim*.

HŒFINN, a. *aiming well, good at hitting the mark*.

HŒFNI, f. *good marksmanship* (Eindriði lofaði hœfni konungs).

HŒFR, a. *fit, proper*; engu h., *good for nothing, useless, worthless*.

HŒGINDI, n. pl. (1) *relief* (for the sick and poor); (2) *comforts*; snúast til hœginda, *to turn to advantage, for the better*; (3) in sing., *bolster, pillow, cushion* (undir hœgindit í hvílunni).

HŒGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to abate*, with dat.; h. rás sinni, *to slacken one's course*; (2) *to relieve, seek relief for one* (var þeim hœgt í öllu sem mátti); (3) refl., hœgjast, *to abate* (sjór tók at h.); *to get smoother* (kann vera at hœgist ráðit); impers., eptir allt þetta hœgðist Fróða lítit, *F. became more at ease*.

HŒG-LIGA, adv. *with ease, gently*; -LIGR, a. *easy, convenient*; -LÍFI, n. *easy* or *comfortable life*.

HŒGR (acc. -JAN and -AN), a. *easy, convenient*; ykkr er þat hœgst um hönd, *it is most at hand for you*; h. byrr, *a gentle, fair wind*; ekki var samlag þeirra hœgt, *they were not on good terms*; h. e-m *or* við e-n, *gentle towards one*.

HŒGRI, a. compar. (from hœgr), *right*; til h. handar, til hœgra vegs, *on the right hand, to the right*.

HŒKIL-BJÚGR, a. *bowed in the knees*.

HŒKJA, f. *crutch*.

HŒLA (-DA, -T), v. (1) *to praise*, with dat. (hann hœldi Úlfari mjök); (2) *to boast of* (sverði hœlir þú tar, en eigi sigri); (3) refl., hœlast, *to boast, vaunt*; h. e-u (af e-u, um e-t), *to boast of*; h. við e-n, *to boast over one*.

HŒLINN, a. *given to boasting*.

HŒLNI, f. *boasting, bragging*.

HŒNA, f. *hen* (hani ok hœna).

HŒNS, HŒNSN, n. pl. *liens, fowls*.

HŒTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to threaten*; h. e-m e-u, *to threaten one with a thing* (hœtti honum dauða).

HŒTING (pl. -AR), f. *threatening*.

HŒTINN, a. *given to threatening*.

HŒVERSKA, f. *courtesy, good manners*.

HŒVERSK-LIGA, adv. politely, fashionably (-LIGA KLÆDD); -LIGR, a. = hœverskr.

HŒVERSKR, a. *well-mannered, polite*.

HÖÐNU-KIÐ, n. *female kid, young she-*

goat (cf. ‘haðna’).

HÖFÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to cut the head off* (h. fisk), *to behead*; (2) h. mál (sök) áhönd (á hendr) e-m, *to bring an action against one*.

HÖFÐAÐR, pp. *headed* (h. sem hundr; cf. tví-, þrí-höfðaðr).

HÖFÐA-FJÖL, f. *head-board of a bedstead*; -HLUTR, m. = höfuðhlutr; -LAG, n. *bed's head*; -SKIP, n. *a ship with an ornamental prow*; -TAL, n. *‘tale of heads’, number of persons*, etc.

HÖFÐI, m. *headland*.

HÖFÐINGI (pl. -JAR), m. (1) *chief, leader*; h. þeirrar ráðagørðar, *at the head of that plan*; (2) *captain, commander* (K. var h. yfir þeim her); (3) *chief, ruler*, esp. in pl., *men of rank or authority* (höfðingjar ok góðir menn; hann gørðist þá h. mikill).

HÖFÐINGJA-, gen. from ‘höfðingi’; -ÁST, f. *love for one's chief*; -BRAGÐ, n. *the bearing of a chief* (hafa -bragð á sér); -DJARFR, a. *frank and bold in one's intercourse with the great*; -EFNI, n. *a hopeful man for a chief* (L. þótti bezt -efni austr þar); -FUNDR, m. *meeting of chiefs*; -HLUTR, m. *a chief's lot or share*; -KÆRR, a. *in favour with the great*; -LAUSS, a. *chiefless*; -MERKI, n. *chiefs standard*; -NAFN, n. *chiefs title*; -SKIPTI, n. *change of rulers*; -SON, m. *son of a chief*; -STEFNA, f. = -fundr; -STYRKR, m. *support of great folk*; -ÆTT, f. *noble extraction, high birth*.

HÖFÐING-LIGA, adv. *nobly, generously*; -LIGR, a. *princely, noble*; -SKAPR, m. (1) *power, dominion*; (2) *authority, prestige*; (3) *liberality, generosity*.

HÖFGA (AÐ), v. *to make heavy*; impers., e-m (*or* e-n) höfgar, *one becomes heavy with sleep*.

HÖFGA-VARA, f. *heavy wares*.

HÖFGI, m. (1) *heaviness, weight*; (2) *sleep, nap* (rann á hann h.); *drowsiness* (sló á þá höfga svá miklum, at þeir máttu eigi vöku halda).

HÖFN (gen. HAFNAR, pl. HAFNIR), f. (1) *haven, harbour*; (2) *fœtus* (á þann hátt sem h. vex með konu); (3) *coat, cloak*, = yfirhöfn (hann tók af sér höfnina ok sveipaði um konunginn); (4) *tenure of land* (jarðar h.); (5) *crew*, = skipshöfn.

HÖFUÐ (dat. HÖFÐI, gen. pl. HÖFÐA), n. (1) *head* (höggva h. af e-m); láta e-n höfði skemmra, *to behead one*; strjúka aldrei um frjálst h., *to be never free, never at ease*; skera e-m h., *to make a wry face at one*; heita í h. e-m, *to be called after a person*; hætta höfði, *to risk one's life*; leggja við h. sitt, *to stake one's head*; fœra e-m h. sitt, *to surrender oneself to an enemy*; drepa niðr höfði, *to droop the head*; þoku hóf af höfði, *the fog lifted*; stíga yfir h. e-m, *to overcome one*; hlaða helium að höfði e-m, *to leave one dead on the spot*; ganga milli bols ok höfuðs e-s *or* á e-m, *to hew of one's head, to kill outright*; senda e-n til höfuðs *e-m, to send one to take another's head*; leggja fé til höfuðs e-m, *to set a price on one's head*; leggjast e-t undir h., *to put aside, neglect* (Þ. lagðist eigi þessa ferð undir h.); vera höfði hærri, *to be taller by a head*; (2) *head, chief* (h. lendra manna); Þrándheimr hefir lengi verið kallaðr h. Noregs, *the chief district of Norway*; (3) *ornamental prow* of a ship (skip með gyltum höfðum); *ornamental head* on a bridle (slitnaði sundr beizlit, ok týndist h., er á var).

HÖFUÐ-Á, f. *chief river*; -ÁRR, m. *archangel*; -ÁTT, f. *cardinal point*; -BAÐMR, m. *the ‘head stem’, agnate lineage*; -BAND, n. *head-band, snood, fillet*;

-BANI, m. *death, destruction*; -BEIN, n. pl. *head-bones*; -BENDA, f. (1) naut. *slay, shroud*; (2) fig. *stay, support*; -BLÓT, n. *chief sacrifice*; -BORG, f. *head town, capital*; -BÓL, n. *chief estate, manorial estate*; -BROT, n. *great dammage, ruin*; -BURÐR, m. *'bearing of the head'*, fig. *honour, credit, prestige*; e-m er lítill -burðn at e-u, *it does him little honour (credit)*; -BŒR, m. = -ból; -DÚKR, m. *head-kerchief, hood*; -FAÐIR, m. *protector, patron*; -FIRN, n. pl. *great scandal*; -GERSEMI, f. *great jewel*; -GJARNT, a. n. *fatal, dangerous to one's life*; -GJÖF, f. *capital gift*; -GOÐ, n. *principal god*; -GÆFA, f. *great luck*; -HÁTÍÐ, f. *principal feast*; -HETJA, f. *great champion, chief*; -HLUTR, m. *the upper part of the body*, opp. to 'fótahlutr'; -HOF, n. *chief temple*; -ÍSAR, m. pl. *great masses of ice, ice-banks*; -KEMPA, f. = -hetja; -KENNIMAÐR, m. *great clerk, ecclesiastic*; -KIRKJA, f. *high-church, cathedral*; -KLERKR, m. *great clerk or scholar*; -KONUNGR, m. *sovereign king*; -LAUSN, f. *'head-ransom'* (the name of three old poems); -LAUSS, a. (1) *headless, without a head*; (2) *without a leader* (-lauss herr); -LEÐR, n. *head-piece of a bridle*; -LÆKNIR, m. *chief physician*; -LÖSTR, m. *cardinal sin*; -MAÐR, m. *headman, chief*; -MEIN, n. *sore (boil) on the head*; -MEISTARI, m. *head-master*; -MERKI, n. (1) *chief mark, characteristic*; (2) *chief standard*; -MIKILL, a. *big-headed*; -MUNDR, m. *ransom*; -NAUÐSYN, f. *great need*; -NIÐJAR, m. pl. *head-kinsmen, agnates*; -ÓRAR, m. pl. *delirium*; -RÁÐ, n. *chief council*; -RÁÐGJAFI, m. *chief adviser*; -SÁR, n. *wound in the head*.

HÖFUÐS-BANI, m. = höfuðbani.

HÖFUÐ-SKÁLD, n. *great poet*; -SKEPNA, f. *prime element*; -SKUTILSVEINN, m. *head-cupbearer*; -SKÖMM, f. *great shame, scandal*; -SKÖRUNGR, m. *great and noble person*.

HÖFUÐS-MAÐR, m. *head-man, leader, chief* (vel til fallinn at vera -maðr).

HÖFUÐ-SMÁTT, f. *the opening for the head* (in a shirt or smock-frock); -SMIÐR, m. *chief builder*; -STAÐR, m. *capital, chief place*; -STEYPA, f. *tumbling on the head* (fara -steypu); -SVIÐA, f. *singed sheep's head*; -SVÖRÐR, m. *head-skin, scalp*; standa yfir -svörð-um e-s, *to have an enemny's head in one's power*; -SYND, f. *cardinal sin*; -SÆTI, n. *chief seat*; -TUNGA, f. *chief language*; -VÁPN, n. *principal weapon*; -VEIZLA, f. *chief banquet*; -VÉL, f. *chief device*; -VERKR, m. *headache*; -VINR, m. *bosom friend*; -VÖRÐR, m. *bodyguard*; -ÞING, n. *chief meeting*; -ÞVÁTTR, m. *head-washing*; -ÆTT, f. = -átt; -ŒRR, a. *insane*; -ŒRSL, n. pl., -ŒRSLUR, f. pl. = -órar.

HÖFUG-LEIKR, m. *heaviness*.

HÖFUGR, a. (1) *heavy* (h. steinn); (2) *heavy with sleep, drowsy*; e-m er höfugt, *one is sleepy*.

HÖFUNDR (-AR, -AR), m. (1) *author, originator*; (2) *judge* (rare).

HÖGG (dat. HÖGGVI), n. (1) *stroke, blow*; ljósta h. á dyrr, *to knock at the door*; skamma stund verðr hönd höggvi fegin, *only a short while is the hand fain of the blow*; eigi fellr tré við hit fyrsta h., *no tree falls at the first stroke*; (2) *beheading, execution* (leiða e-n til höggs); (3) fig. *gap, breach* (kom þá fljótt h. í liðit).

HÖGG-FŒRI, n. *the being within sword's reach*; standa í -fœri (við e-n), *to stand within stroke of sword*; -JÁRN, n. *'hewing iron', chopper*; -ORMR, m. *viper*; -ORROSTA, f. *close fight*; -RÓ, f. *clinch* on a sword's hilt (cf. 'hugró'); -RÚM, n. *room*

to use a sword; -sax, n. *a kind of cutlass*; -spjót, *a kind of halberd*; -staðr, m. *place for a blow* (leita -staðar á e-m); -stokkr, m. *chopping-block*.

höggu-nótt, f. = hökunótt.

höggva (høgg; hjó, hjoggum *or* hjuggum; höggvinn and högginn), v. (1) *to strike, smite* (with a sharp weapon); høggr sá, er hlífa skyldi, *he strikes who ought to shield*; h. sverði (*or* með sverði), *to strike with a sword*; h. e-n bana-högg, *to give one his deathblow*; (2) *to cut down, destroy* (þeir hjoggu drekann mjök); (3) *to put to death, behead* (suma lét hann hengja eða h.); *to kill, slaughter* (h. hest, búfé, kýr, naut); (4) *to fell trees* (hann hefir höggvit í skógi mínum); (5) *to strike, bite* (of a snake, boar); ormrinn hjó hann til bana, *the snake struck him dead*; (6) with preps., h. e-t af, *to hew or cut off* (h. af kampa ok skegg); h. af fé, *to kill (slaughter) cattle*; h. e-t af sér, *to ward of*; h. eptir e-m, *to cut at one*, = h. til e-s (hjá eptir honum með sverði); h. í höfuð e-m, *to give one a blow on the head*; h. e-t niðr, *to cut down* (var merki hans niðr höggvit); *to kill, butcher* (I. hefir áðr niðr höggvit brœðr sína tvá); h. e-t ór, *to cut out*; fig. *to make even, smooth* (láta konung ok erkibisup ór h. slíkar greinir); h. e-t í sundr, *to hew asunder*; h. til e-s, *to strike (cut) at one*, = h. eptir e-m; h. upp tré, *to cut down a tree*; h. upp skip, *to break a ship up*; (7) refl. *to be cut, hacked* (hjást skjöldr Helga); þótti honum nú taka mjök um at höggvast, *things looked hard*; recipr., *to exchange blows, fight* (þeir hjuggust nökkura stund).

höggvandi, m. (1) *hewer, smiter*; (2) *headsman, executioner*.

högg-vápn, n. *'cutting weapon', sword or axe* (opp. to 'lagvápn').

höggva-skipti, -viðskipti, n. pl. *exchange of blows*.

högg-øx, f. *'hewing-axe', hatchet*.

högld (pl. hagldir), f. a kind of *buckle* (shaped like oo), used to run a rope through with which hay is trussed (bregða reipum í hagldir).

höku-, gen. from 'haka'; -bein, n. *chin bone* (hökubeinit ok hakan); -langr, a. *having a long chin*.

hökul-brœkr, f. pl. *'cloak-breeches'* (exact meaning doubtful).

hökull (dat. hökli), m. *priest's cope chasuble*.

hökul-skúaðr, pp. *'cloak-shod'* (?).

höku-mikill, a. *having a large chin* (hálslangr ok h.).

höku-nótt, f. *midwinter-night*.

höku-skegg, n. *beard on the chin*.

höld-borinn, pp. *born of a* 'höldr', *enjoying a* höld's *right, free-born*.

höldr, m. (1) *a kind of higher yeoman*; (2) *in poetry, man*; hölda synir, *sons of men*.

hölkn, n. *a rough, stony field*.

höll (gen. hallar, pl. hallir), f. *large house, hall* (esp. of a king or earl).

hølzti, adv. = helzti.

höm (gen. hamar), f. *ham or haunch* (of a horse).

hömlu-, gen. from 'hamla'; -band, n. *oar-strap, oar-grummet*.

hönd (gen. handar, dat. hendi; pl. hendr), f. (1) *hand*; taka hendi á e-u, *to touch with the hand*; hafa e-t í hendi, *to hold in the hand*; drepa hendi við e-u, *to refuse*; halda hendi yfir e-m, *to protect one*; taka e-n höndum, *to seize, capture*; bera hönd fyrir höfuð sér, *to defend oneself*; eiga hendr sínar at verja, *to act*

in self defence; láta e-t hendi firr, *to let go out of one's hands, to lose*; taka í h. e-m, *to join hands with one*; eiga e-t jöfnum höndum, *to own in equal shares*; sverja sér af hendi, *to forswear*; af hendi e-s, *on one's behalf, on the part of* (af hendi landsmanna); at hendi, as adv. *in turn*; hverr at hendi, *each in turn*; felast á hendi e-m, *to be under one's protection*; hvat er þér á höndum, *what hast thou in hand?*; ef honum væri ekki á höndum, *if he had nothing in hand, if his hands were free*; eiga e-t fyrir hendi (höndum), *to have in hand* (duty, business, engagement); vera í hendi, *to be at hand, at one's disposal*; hafa vel (illa) í höndum, *to behave well (badly)*; hafa e-t með höndum, *to have in hand, manage, discharge*; hljóta e-t undan hendi e-s, *from one, at one's hand*; á h., á hendr, *against* (lýsa vígi á h. e-m); snúa vanda á hendr e-m, *to throw the responsibility on one*; færast e-t á hendr, *to undertake*; ganga (drífa) á h. e-m, *to submit to one*; bjargast á sínar hendr, *by one's own handiwork*; selja, gefa, fá e-t í hönd (hendr) e-m, *to give into one's hands, hand over*; búa e-t í hendr e-m, *to make it ready for one*; kalla til e-s í hendr e-m, *to lay claim to a thing at the hands of another*; þá sömu nótt, er fór í h., *the following night*; veðr óx í h., *the wind rose higher and higher*; vera hægt um h., *to be easy in hand*; til handa e-m, *into one's hands*; ganga til handa e-m, *to put oneself in another's hands, submit to him*; ef þat berr þér til handa, *if it befalls thee*; þá skömm kýs ek mér eigi til handa, *I will not have that shame at my door*; biðja konu til handa e-m, *on one's behalf, for him*; (2) *the arm and hand, the arm* (höndin gekk af axlarliðnum; hann hefir á hœgri hendi hring fyrir ofan ölnboga); var eigi djúpara en þeim tók undir hendr, *the water just reached to their armpits*; (3) *hand, side*; á hœgri (vinstri) h., *on the right (left) hand, side*; á hvára h., *on either hand*; minnar (yðvarrar) handar, *for my (your) part*; (4) *kind, sort*; allra handa árgœzka, *great abundance of all things*.

HÖNDLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to seize, capture* (h. gloepamann); (2) *to treat*; h. e-n illa, *to treat one ill*.

HÖNK (gen. HANKAR, pl. HENKR), f. *hank, coil, loop, ring*; sterkar henkr, *strong clasps*.

HÖRFA (AÐ), v. *to retire, withdraw* (h. undan); h. fyrir e-m, *to give way before one*.

HÖR-GEFN, f. poet. *woman*.

HÖRGR (-S, -AR), m. *heathen place of worship, cairn or altar of stone* (hörg hann mér gørði hlaðinn steinum).

HÖR-HNOÐA, n. *clew of flax*.

HÖRKLA (AÐ), v. *to hobble, walk with difficulty* (þat lið tekr at dasast ok hörklar af heiðinni ofan).

HÖRKULL, m. *noise, din*.

HÖRMUGR, a. *afflicted, sorrowful*.

HÖRMU-LIGA, adv. *sadly*; -LIGR, a. *sad, distressing* (-lig tíðendi).

HÖRMUNG, f. *grief, affliction*.

HÖRMUNGAR-LÆTI, -ORÐ, n. pl., -TALA, f. *lamentations*.

HÖRPU-, gen. from 'harpa'; -LEIKR, m. *playing on a harp*; -SKEL, f. *'harpshell', scallop*; -SLAGARI, m. *harper*; -SLAGI, m. *harper*; -SLAGR, m. *striking the harp*; -SLÁTTR, m. *striking the harp*; -STOKKR, m. *harp-case*; -STRENGR, m. *harp-string*.

HÖRR (dat. HÖRVI and HÖR), m. *flax, linen* (af hör eða hampi); dúkr hvítr af hörvi, *a cloth of white linen*.

HÖR-SKRYDDR, pp. *clad in linen*.

HÖRUND, n. and f. (1) *human flesh*, = hold (milli skinns ok hörunds); (2) *skin, complexion*; svartr á hár ok h., *black in hair and skin*.

HÖRUNDAR-LITR, m. *colour of flesh* (Hel er blá hálf, en hálf með -lit).

HÖRUNDS-LITR, m. = hörundarlitr; -LJÓSS, a. *of bright complexion*.

HÖS-MAGI, m. *a sheep with a grey, dusky belly*; -MÖGÓTTR, a. *grey on the belly* (hrútr h. at lit).

HÖSS (acc. HÖSVAN), a. *grey*, of a wolf (úlfr hinn hösvi).

HÖSVAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to approach one wrathfully* (h. at e-m).

HÖTTR (gen. HATTAR, dat. HETTI; pl. HETTIR, acc. HÖTTU), m. *hood*.

I

IÐA, f. *eddy, whirlpool*.

IÐ-GJÖLD, n. *recompense, reward*; -GNÓGR, a. *over-abundant*; -GNÓTT, f. *great abundance*.

IÐINN, a. *diligent, assiduous*.

IÐJA (AÐ), v. *to do, perform*.

IÐJA, f. *activity, doing, business*.

IÐJA-GRŒNN, a. *ever-green*.

IÐJU-, gen. from 'iðja'; -FULLR, a. *hard-working*; -LAUSS, a. *idle*; -LEYSI, n. idleness; -MAÐR, m. *hard-working man*; -SAMR, a. *industrious*.

IÐKA (AÐ), v. *to perform, cultivate*.

IÐ-LÍKA, adv. *exactly alike* (e-m).

IÐN (pl. -IR), f. *occupation, business*.

IÐNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to do, perform*, = iðja; (2) *to work at* (a thing).

IÐNAR-, gen. from 'iðn'; -MAÐR, m. = iðjumaðr.

IÐR, n. pl. *bowels, entrails*.

IÐRA (AÐ), v. *to make one repent* (eigi iðra mik mínar gørðir); impers. e-n iðrar e-s *or* eptir e-t, and refl., iðrast e-s, *to repent of*.

IÐRAN, f. *repentance*.

IÐRANAR-FULLR, a. *repentant, penitent*; -FÚSS, a. *repentant, penitent*; -LAUSS, a. *unrepentant*; -MARK, n. *mark of repentance*.

IÐRANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *repentant*.

IÐRAR, f. pl. (1) *bowels, entrails* = iðr; (2) *repentance*.

IÐRI, a. compar., see 'innri'.

IÐUG-LIGA, = iðu-liga; -LIGR, = iðu-ligr.

IÐU-KAST, n. *whirling eddy*, = iða.

IÐU-LIGA, adv. *frequently*; -LIGR, a. *frequent, continuous*.

IÐUR-LIGA, = iðu-liga; -LIGR, = iðu-ligr.

IF, IFA, IFAN, see 'ef, efa, efan'.

IGÐA, f. *a kind of small bird*.

IL (pl. ILJAR), f. *sole of the foot*.

IL-BAND, n. *strap under the foot*.

ILBANDA-BRŒKR, f. pl. *breeches or trousers* with 'il-bönd'.

ILLA (compar. VERR, superl. VERST), adv. *badly*, ill; líka i., *to dislike*.

ILL-BRAGÐ, n., -BRIGÐI, n. *bad trick*; -BÝLI, n. *wretched home*; -DEILDIR, f. pl. *hostilities, quarrels*; -DÝRI, n. *noxious animal*.

ILLENDI, n. pl. (1) *spite* (til áleitni ok illenda); (2) *gangrene* (þat sár greri illa, svá at blástr hljóp ok illendi í).

ILL-FELLI, n. *mishap*; -FENGR, *ill-natured*; -FERLI, n. pl. *ill doings, evil ways*; -FÚSS, a. *ill-willed*; -FYGLI, n. *noxious birds*; -FÝSTR, pp. *bent on evil*; -GETA, f. *imputation*; -GIRND, f., -GIRNI, f. *ill-will, ill-nature, malice*; -GJARN, a. *ill-willed, ill-natured, malicious*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *ill-natured, spiteful*; -GRESI, n. *'evilgrass', weeds, tares*; -GRUNAÐR, pp. *suspected of evil* (um e-ð); -GÆTI, n. *ill fare*; -GØRÐ, f. *evil doing, misdeed*.

ILLGØRÐA-FLOKKR, m. *gang of evil-doers*; -MAÐR, m. *evil-doer*; -SAMR, a. *evil-doing*.

ILL-HREYSINGR, m. *savage, miscreant*; -HVELI, n. *evil (noxious) whale*.

ILLI-LIGA, adv. *hideously*; -LIGR, a. *ill-looking, hideous* (-lig gaulan).

ILL-KVIKENDI, n. *noxious beast*; -KYKVENDI, n. *noxious beast*; -KYNDUGR, a. *crafty, wily, cunning*; -KYNGI, f. *wili-*

ness; -leikni, f. *ill-treatment* (gøra e-m -leikni).

ill-liðnaðar-maðr, m. *a man of an ill life* (-maðr um kvennafar).

ill-lifnaðr, m., -lífi, n. *wicked life*; -lífr, a. *wicked*; -lyndi, n. *evil temper, ill-nature*; -læti, n. pl. *hideous grimaces*; -mannliga, adv. *wickedly, cruelly*; -mannligr, a. *inhumane, cruel, wicked*; -málugr, a. *foul-mouthed, slanderous*; -menni, n. *wicked (cruel) man*; -mennska, f. *wickedness, cruelty*; -mæla (-ta, -tr), v. *to talk evil of, slander*, with acc. or dat.; -mælgi, f., -mæli, n. *slander, calumny, libel*; -orðr, a. *slanderous, abusive*.

illr (compar. verri, superl. verstr), a. (1) *ill, evil, bad*; illr maðr, *a bad man*; ill ráð, *evil counsel*; illum huga, *with evil intent*; illu feginn ver þú aldregi, *never rejoice at evil*; illar álögur, *evil, oppressive burden*; (2) *hard, difficult*, with gen.; illr viðr-eignar, *ill to deal with*; (3) *close, mean, stingy* (illr af mat).

ill-ráðr, a., -ráðugr, a. *wicked*; -ræði, n. *evil deed, crime*.

illræðis-maðr, m. *evil-doer*.

ill-sakar, f. pl., troða -sakar við e-n, *to have it out with one*.

illska, f. *wickedness, cruelty*.

illskast (að), v. refl. *to wax wroth and furious*.

ill-skái, m. *the less of two evils*.

illsku-fullr, a. *full of wickedness*; -kraptr, m. *wicked power*; -maðr, m. *wicked (cruel) man*; -þrá, f. *incination to mischief or evil*.

ill-spár, f. pl. *evil prophecy, croakings*; -svipligr, a. *ill-looking*; -úð, f. *ill-nature*; -úðigr, a. *ill-natured, evil-boding*; -úðligr, a. *ill-looking, grim*; -verk, n. *evil deed*; -viðri, n. *bad weather*.

illviðris-bakki, m., -klakkar, m. pl. *foul-weather clouds*.

ill-vili, m. *ill-will, hostility*; -vilja, a. indecl., -viljaðr, a. *ill-willed, evil-minded*.

illvilða-maðr, m. *ill-wisher*.

ill-virki (pl. -virkjar), m. *evil-doer, criminal*; -virki, n. *evildoing, crime, robbery, ravage*; -vært, a. n., illvært var úti, *one could hardly stay out of doors*; -yrða (-eða, -ðr), v. *to speak ill, to abuse*; -yrði, n. pl. *abusive language*; -yrmi, n. *noxious worms, vermin*; -ýðgi, f. = -úð; -þræli, n. *wretched thrall*; -þýði, n. *rabble, gang of thieves and robbers*.

illþýðis-fólk, n. = illþýði; -maðr, m. = illvirki (m.).

ilma (-di, -t), v. (1) *to smell sweet*; ilmandi, *sweet-smelling*; (2) *to scent, perceive by smell* (þefja ok ilma).

ilmr, m. *sweet smell, scent*.

imbru-dagar, m. pl. *Ember-days*.

imbrudaga-vika, f. *Ember-week*.

imbru-dœggr, n. pl. = -dagar.

in, temp. adv., pleonast. before a compar., hélt-a in lengr rúmi, *he kept not his place longer, he ran away*; mann in harðara = harðara mann, *a hardier man*; nema þú in snotrari sér, *unless thou art wiser*; né in heldr, *neither*; né hests in heldr, *nor of his horse either*; eigi in heldr ætla ek þat, *neither do I think that*.

inn (compar. innarr, superl. innst), adv. (1) *in, into*; ganga inn í búðina, *to go into the booth*; ganga inn, *to go indoors* (Njáll gekk ýmist út eða inn); kasta e-m (setja e-n) inn, *to cast into prison*; var þar glaumr mikill inn (*in the house*) at heyra; inn eptir firði, *inwards along the firth*; (2) denoting the situation of a place, = inni

(varð Hálfdán bráðdauðr inn í þrándheimi); (3) innarr, *more inward, farther in*; innst, *most inward, farthest in*.

INN (IN, IT), def. art. *the* = hinn (hin, hit).

INNA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to perform* (i. Íþrótt); hafði hann þá af hendi innt alla sætt sína, *he had then fulfilled all the terms of his atonement*; (2) *to pay, discharge* (i. gjald af hendi); hvat áttu mér illt at i., *what evil hast thou to repay me?* (3) *to relate, tell* (i. sín vandræði); innti orðstafi at eldi ljósum, *she read out the letters by the light of the fire*; (4) i. til e-s, *to allude to, mention, speak of* (þá skatta, sem nú mun ek til i.); i. upp, *to sum up, expound* (i. upp allan málavöxt); (5) refl., innast til um e-t, *to discuss*; inntust þeir til um kaupakosti, *they discussed the bargain*; innast orð við, *to exchange words*.

INNAN, adv. (1) *from within, from an inner part* (reru þeir innan í móti þeim); læsti hón loptinu i., *she locked the door from the inside*; (2) *internally, within*; gengu þeir um kirkjuna i., *all around the inside of the church*; rak þá síðan um haf i., *all about the sea*; fyrir i., prep. with acc. *Inside of, within*; fyrir i. stokk, *in-doors*; (3) prep. with gen. *Within*; i. lítils tíma, *within a short time, presently*; esp. in a great many adverbial compds.

INNAN-BORÐS, adv. *on board*; -BORGAR, adv. *within the town*; -BÚÐAR, adv. *within the booth*; -BÆJAR, adv. *within town*; -GENGT, a. n. *accessible from within* (-gengt var í fjósit); -HÚSS, adv. *indoors, within the house*; -LANDS, adv. *within the land, at home*.

INNANLANDS-HÖFÐINGI, m. *native chief*; -MENN, m. pl. *natives*.

INNAN-MEIN, n. *internal conplaint*; -RIFJA, adv. *within the ribs, inwardly*; -SÓTT, f. = -mein; -VÁTR, a. *wet within*; hafa -vátt, *to have the sea washing over*; þeir fengu mjök -vátt, *they had a wet passage*; -VERÐR, a. *inward, interior*; í -verðri búðinni, *in the inner (inmost) part of the booth*.

INNAR-LIGA, adv. *far inward*.

INNARR, adv. compar., see 'inn'.

INNARST, adv. superl. *farthest in, at the further end*, = innst, see 'inn'.

INN-BLÁSTR, m. *inspiration*; -BORG, f. *the inner castle, keep*; -BYRÐIS, adv. *on board*; -DÆLI, n. *ease, comfort*; -DÆLL, a. *quite easy*; -EYGR, a. *in-eyed, hollow-eyed*; -FIRÐINGR (-S, -AR), m. *a man from the inner part of a fjord*; -GANGA, f. *entrance*; beiða e-n -göngu, *to ask one to be let in*; -GANGR, m. (1) = inn-ganga; (2) *beginning* (föstu -gangr); -GJALD, n. *paying in*, opp. to 'útgjald', *outlay*; -GRÖPTR, m. *engraving* (on a seal).

INN-FJÁLGR, a. *hot, burning* (tár innfjálgt).

INNGÖNGU-LEYFI, n. *leave to enter*.

INN-HALLT, adv. *in towards land*; sigla -hallara, *to stand nearer the shore*; -HLUTR, m. *inner part*; -HÝSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to house, harbour*; -HÝSINGR (-S, -AR), m. *lodger*; -HÝSIS, adv. = innanhúss.

INNI, adv. *in-doors*; úti ok i., *out-doors and in-doors*; brenna e-n i., *to burn one to death in his house*; hafa boð i., *to hold a (wedding-) feast at one's home*.

INNI, n. *abode, house, home*; ná sínu i., *to get home*.

INNI-HÚS, n. *dwelling-house*; -HÖFN, f. *harbouring, housing*; -LIGA, adv. *exactly, minutely* (segja -liga frá e-u); -VIST, f. *dwelling in a house*.

INN-KOMA, f. *coming in, arrival*; -KVÁ-

MA, f. *coming in, arrival*; -KVÆMT, a. n., er engum manni -kvæmt, *no one is allowed to enter*; -LAND, n. *inland*; -LEIÐ, f. (1) *coasting along, course along the shore*; (2) *entrails* (innleið dýra); -LEIZLA, f. *introduction*; -LENDR, a. (1) native, opp. to 'útlendr'; (2) *residing in one's country*; -LENZKR, a. *indigenous*; -RAPTR, m. *inner rafter*; -REIÐ, f. *riding in*; -RENTA, f. *income*.

INNRI, a. compar. *inner, inmost, interior*, = iðri; fara hit innra (iðra), *to go by the inner road*.

INN-SIGLA (AÐ), v. *to seal*.

INN-SIGLI, n. *seal, seal-ring*.

INNST, adv. superl. from 'inn'.

INN-STÓLPI, m. = -stöpull.

INNSTR, a. superl. *innermost*.

INN-STRÖND, f. *the inner strand*; -STŒÐA, f. *investment*; -STÖPULL, m. *inner pillar*; -TAK, n. *contents* (of a book); -VIÐIR, m. pl. *ribs* (of a ship).

INN-VIRÐILIGA, -VIRÐULIGA, adv. *closely, minutely*, = einvirðuliga.

INN-YFLI, n. pl. *entrails, bowels*.

INN-ÞRÆNDIR, m. pl. *the inhabitants of the inner part of Þrandheim*.

Í

í, prep. — I. with dat., (1) *in, within*; fela fé sitt í jörðu, *to hide one's money in the earth*; fastir í vellinum, *fast in the ground*; vera í sveit, *to live in a district*; í öðrum löndum, *in other lands*; (2) with local names (í Orkneyjum, í Laxárdal, í Borgarfirði, &c.); (3) in a certain spot; í einum stað, í þeim (hverjum) stað, *in one, that (every) place*; standa í höggfœri, *within sword's reach*; (4) *in, among*; í valnum, *among the slain*; (5) of clothes; vera í, *to have on, wear* (hann var í blám stakki, í litklæðum); (6) *during, in*; þenna vetr í jólum, *during Yule*; í sumri (hausti), *this summer (autumn)*; í því bili, *in that moment*; í því er Gunnar stendr upp, *at the very moment when G. rises*; (7) denoting action, state, condition; vera í för með e-m, *to travel in one's company*; vera í víkingu, *to be engaged in freebooting*; í trausti e-s, *in his trust, under his protection*; vera í góðu yfirlæti, *to be in good quarters, live well*; liggja í úviti, *to lie in a swoon*; vera í góðu (illu) skapi, *to be in good (ill) humour*; (8) *in respect of, in regard to*; roskinn í orðum, *mature in words*; léttr í máli, *cheerful in speech*; í öllum mannraunum, *in all trials*; (9) denoting form or content, *in*; at eigi hafi komit til Noregs meiri gørsemi í skikkju, *such a jewel of a cloak*; fé er í því *there is value in it*; Hallr kvað góðan kost í henni, *H. said she was a good match*; hvat er íþví? *how is that? what is the matter?* (10) *by means of, through* (opt kaupir sér í litlu *lof)*; (11) equivalent to a gen. or possess. pron.; hann braut hrygg í henni, *he broke her back*; hann knýtir saman alla halana í nautunum, *all the cows' tails*; II. with acc., (1) *in, into* (spjótit fló niðr í völlinn); leggja e-t í kistu, *to put into a chest (coffin)*; steinninn kom í höfuð honum, *the stone hit him in the head*; sigla (láta) í haf, *to stand out to sea*; var þat sagt Gunnari inn í búðina, *word was carried into the booth to Gunnar*; giptast í önnur lönd, *to marry into other countries, marry an alien*; deyja Mælifell, *to pass into M. after death*; þórðr svaf ok horfði í lopt upp, *with his face turned upwards*; (2) of time; *in, during*; í þat mund, *at that hour*; í nótt, this *night*; i vetr, *this winter*; í (= um) fjórtán vetr, *for fourteen winters*; (3) denoting entrance into a state, condition, *in, into*; ganga íbönd ok eiða, *to enter into bonds and oaths*; falla í úvit, *to fall into a swoom*; taka e-n í frið, *to pardon one*; bjóða búum í setu, *to call on the neighbours to take their seats*; (4) denoting change *into*; skjöldrinn klofnaði í tvá hluti, *split in two*; brotna í spán, *to be shivered to pieces*; verja fé sínu í lausaeyri, *to convert one's property into movables*; (5) denoting the object, purpose, &c.; gjalda í sonarbœtr, *to pay as the son's weregild*; þiggja e-t vingjafir, *to accept as a friend's gift*; kaupa e-t í skuld, *to buy on credit*; gøra e-t í hag (vil) e-m, *to do something in one's favour*.

Í-BLÁR, a. *bluish*; Í-BLÁSTR, m. *inspiration*; Í-BÚA, f. *female inmate*; Í-BÚÐ, f. *indwelling*; Í-BYGGJARI, m. *inmate, inhabitant*.

ÍÐ (pl. -IR), f. *doing, deed* (poet.).

Í-ENDR, a. *still breathing, alive*, opp. to 'ør-endr'; Í-FANG, n. *grappling with*; Í-FELLT, a. n., of the wind, *filling the sails*; Í-FRÁ, prep., see 'frá'; Í-GANGA, f. *undertaking, entering upon*; Í-GANGR, m. (1) *beginning*; (2) *wearing of clothes*.

ÍGANGS-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *wearing apparel* (höfðu menn -klæði sín).

Í-GILDI, n. *equivalent, equal* (þeir þykkja vera lendra manna ígildi); Í-GJARN, a. *eager for* (e-s); Í-GRÓÐRA, a. indecl. *in full growth*.

ÍGULL, m. *sea-urchin*.

ÍHLUTANAR-MIKILL, -SAMR, a. *meddlesome, interfering*.

Í-HRÆDDR, a. *a little timid*; Í-HUGA (AÐ), v. *to consider, muse over*; Í-HUGAN, f. *minding, consideraticn*; Í-HUGI, m. *minding, sympathy*.

Í-HÖGG, n. *striking in*.

ÍKORNI, m. *squirrel*.

Í-KYNDA (-DA, -DR), v. *to kindle*; refl., íkyndast, *to be kindled, take fire*; Í-LÁT, n. *vessel into which a thing is put*; Í-LENDAST (D), v. refl. *to settle in a country*; Í-LENDR, a. *settled in a place, naturalized*.

ÍM, n. *dust, ashes*.

ÍMA, f. poet. *strife, fight, battle*.

ÍRAR, m. pl. *Irishmen, the Irish*.

ÍRAST, v. refl. *to be rumoured abroad*.

ÍRI, m. *rumour, gossip* (rare).

ÍRLAND, n. *Ireland*.

ÍRSKA, f. *the Irish tongue*.

ÍRSKR, a. *Irish*.

ÍSA (AÐ), v. *to cover with ice* (íss).

ÍSA-GANGR, m. *drifting of ice*; -LAUSS, a. *ice-free*; -LÖG, n. pl. *formation or layer of ice*.

ÍSARN, n. *iron*, = járn; -KOL, n. *bellows*; -LEIKR, m. *battle* (poet.).

ÍSARN-BORG, f. *iron plating of a ship* (poet.); -KOL, -KUL, n. *iron chill or coldness*.

ÍS-BROT, n. *broken ice*; -BRÚN, f. *edge of an ice-field*; -HÖGG, n. *ice-breaking*.

Í-SJÁ, f. *attention*.

ÍS-JAKI, m. *ice-floe*.

ÍSJÁ-VERÐR, a. *worth looking into*.

Í-SJÓN, f. *aspect, appearance* (þann veg er himininn ísjónar).

ÍS-KALDR, a. *ice-cold*.

ÍS-LAND, n. *Iceland*.

ÍS-LENDINGR (-S, -AR), m. *Icelander*.

ÍS-LENSKA, f. *the Icelandic tongue*.

ÍS-LENSKR, a. *Icelandic*.

ÍS-LÖG, n. pl. = ísalög; -MÖL, f. *ground (broken) ice*; -REK, n., -REKI, m. *ice-drift*.

ÍSS (gen. ÍSS, pl. ÍSAR), m. *ice*; ísa (acc.) leggr á vötn, *the lakes (rivers) freeze over*; ísa leysir, tekr af vötnum, *the ice thaws, breaks up*.

Í-STAÐ (pl. Í-STÖÐ), n. *stirrup*; Í-STANGAN, f. *instigation, pricking*; Í-STIG, n. = ístað.

ÍSTR, n., ÍSTRA, f. *paunch-fat*.

ÍSTÖÐU-LAUSS, a. *weak, faint-hearted*.

ÍTALA, f. *proportionate share in common pasture*.

ÍTAR-LIGR, a. *fine, glorious, lordly*.

ÍTR (acc. ÍTRAN), a. *glorious, excellent*.

ÍTR-BORINN, pp. *high-born*; -HUGAÐR, a. *high-mmuinded*; -LAUKR, m. *beautiful leek or plant*; -MANNLIGR, a. *of stout, noble bearing*; -SKAPAÐR, pp. *beautifully shaped*; -VAXINN, pp. *of beautiful stature*; -ÞVEGINN, pp. *clean-washed, bright* (ítrþvegnir armar).

Í-VERA, f. *'dwelling-in'* (kjósa sér stað til íveru).

ÍVIÐ-GJARN, a. *wicked, evil* (rare).

ÍVIÐI, n. (Völuspá 2)?

ÍVIÐJA, f. *giantess, ogress* (rare).

Í-VIST, f. = ívera; hús til ívistar, *a house to dwell in*.

ÍÞRÓTT, f. *accomplishment, feat, art, skill* (vel búinn at íþróttum).

ÍÞRÓTTA-LAUSS, a. *unskilled*; -MAÐR, m. *one skilled in bodily exercises*.

ÍÞRÓTT-LIGR, a. *skilful*; -ligr fimleikr, *dexterity in feats*.

J

JAÐARR (gen. -S, dat. JAÐRI, pl. JAÐRAR), m. (1) *edge, border, selvage* (of cloth, of a sail, tent, &c.); (2) poet. *prince, lord* (ása j., folks j.).

JAÐRA-SKEGG, n. *whiskers*.

JAFN, a. (1) *even*; jöfn tala, *even number*; (2) *equal, the same*; þínar (viz. ferðir) verða flestar jafnastar, *thy doings are mostly the same, all equally bad*; hann var ellefu vetra ok sterkr *at* jöfnum aldri, *and strong for his age*; jafn e-m, *equal to one*; jafnt er sem þér sýnist, af er fótrinn, *it is just as it appears to thee, the leg is off*; komast til jafns við e-n, hafa e-t til jafns við e-n, *to equal one, be one's match in a thing*; at jöfnu, *equally, in equal shares*.

JAFN-, in compds., *such a, so… a, equally, as*; er þat skömm j.-mörgum mönnum, *it is a shame for so many men*; j.-fræg drengr, *so fine a fellow*; j.-auðveldr, as *easy*.

JAFNA (*að*), v. (1) *to cut even, to trim* (mörum sínum mön jafnaði); (2) *to make equal*; (3) *to divide in equal shares* (j. ríki með sér); (4) j. e-u til e-s, við e-t, *to compare (liken) one thing with (to) another*; j. e-u saman, *to compare, set of one thing against another* (var þá jafnat saman vígum); (5) refl., jafnast við e-n, jafnast e-m, *to even oneself with, call oneself a match for, another*; j. orðum við e-n, *to bandy words with one*.

JAFNA, f. *level ground, plain* (hann flýði af hálsinum ofan á jöfnu).

JAFNAÐAR-BOÐ, n. *fair offer*; -DÓMR, m. *fair judgement*; leggja mál til -dóms, *to put a case before an umpire*; -FUNDR, m. *a meeting on equal terms*; -GEÐ, n. *even temper*; -KAUP, n. *equal bargain*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *equal match*; (2) *fair (impartial) man*; -SAMR, a. *fair*; -SKIPTI, n. *fairdealing*; -ÞOKKI, m. *mutual affection*.

JAFNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *comparison*; (2) *equal share* (en þaðan af höfum vit jafnað báðir); at jafnaði, *in equal proportions* (skipta e-u at jafnaði); *usually, as a rule* (= með jafnaði); (3) *equity, fairness*.

JAFN-ALDRA, a. indecl. *of the same age*; -ALDRI, m. *one of the same age* (þeir váru mjök jafnaldrar).

JAFNAN, adv. *constantly, always*.

JAFN-BJÓÐA (see BJÓÐA), v. *to be equal to, be a match for one* (e-m); -BORINN, pp. *of equal birth*; -borinn til e-s, *having equal birthright to* (-borinn til ríkis sem ek); -BREIÐR, a. *equally broad*; -DŒGRI, n. *equal length of day and night, equinox*; -DŒMI, n. *equitable (fair) judgement, justice*; -DŒMR, a. *fair, impartial*.

JAFNENDR, m. pl. *daysmen, umpires*.

JAFN-FRAM, adv. (1) *equally forward, side by side, with* (leggr fram skeiðina -fram skipi Hrúts); *evenly, in a straight line* (standa allir -fram fyrir konungsborðinu); (2) *at the same time* (þeir riðutil þings -fram Skeggja); -FRAMT, adv. *equally, in the same degree*, = -fram; -FŒTIS, adv. *on equal footing* (standa -fœtis e-m, við e-n); -GEGNT, prep. with dat. *just opposite to*; -GIRND, f. *equity, fairness*; -GJARN, a. *as eager; just, equitable*; -HARÐR, a. *as hard*; -HUGAÐR, a. (1) *of even temper*; (2) *of one mind*.

JAFNI, m. (1) *equalness*; mæla til jafna (=

til jafns) við e-n, *to speak just as well as another*; (2) *even number* (= jöfn tala).

JAFNINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *equal, match*.

JAFN-KEYPI, n. *equal bargain*, = jafnaðarkaup; -KOMINN, pp. *on even terms; with equal title* (-komnir til erfðar); neut., -komit er á með ykkr, *you are well matched*; -KRAPPR, a. *as strait, as narrow*; í -krappan stað, *in such a strait*; -LEIKIT, pp. n. *an equal game*; -LENDI, n. *a level piece of ground*; -LENGD, f. *the same time* of the following day (til -lengdar annars dags); *the same day* in the next year, *anniversary* (eigi síðarr en fyrir -lengd); -LÉTTVÍGR, a. *as active in wielding arms*; -LIÐA, a. indecl. *with an equal number of men*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *equally, fairly* (skipta -liga); (2) *usually, always*; -LIGR, a. *equal, fair*; -LYNDI, n. *evenness of temper*; -LYNDR, a. *even-tempered*; -MAKI, m. = jafningi; -MENNI, n. *equal, match*; -MENNTR, a. *of equal rank*; -MÆLI, n. *fair play, equality*; -OKI, m. *equal, match* (for one); -RÆÐI, n. *equal match*; -SAMAN, adv. *together* (fyrir þessa hugsan alla -saman); -SKIPTILIGA, adv. *equally*; -SKJÓTT, adv. *immediately, at once*; -skjótt sem, *as soon as*; -SNEMMA, adv. *at the very same moment*; allir -snemma, *all at the same time*; -SÆTTI, n. *an agreement on equal terms*.

JAFNT, adv. (1) *just, precisely* (þat var j. jólaaptan sjálfan, er þeir börðust); (2) *always, perpetually*.

JAFN-TEFLI, a. *an equal, drawn game*; -VEGIT, pp. n. *with an equal number slain on both sides*; -VEL, adv. (1) *as well, equally well*; (2) *likewise, even* (-vel sýniliga); -virði, n. *equal worth*; -VÍGI, n. *drawn battle*; -VÆGI, n. *equal weight*; -VÆGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to equal, match*, with dat.; -VÆGR, a. *of equal weight*; -VÆTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to weigh against, counterbalance*; -YRÐA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to bandy words with one* (e-n).

JAGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to harp on one string*; j. ávallt á enni sömu sök, *to be always harping on the same case*; (2) *to hunt* (j. dýr), rare.

JAKA-FÖR, f. *drifting of ice-floes*.

JAKI, m. *broken ice, ice-floe*.

JAKOBS-LAND, n. *Compostella* in Spain; -MESSA, f. *St. James' mass*.

JALDA, f. *mare* (í jöldu líki).

JAM-, JAMN-, see 'jafn-'.

JAMTAR, JAMTR, m. pl. *men from Jamtaland* in Sweden.

JARÐA (AÐ), v. *to earth, bury*.

JARÐAR-, gen. from 'jörð'; -ÁVÖXTR, m. *produce of the earth*; -BLÓMI, m. *bloom of the earth*; -MEGIN, n. *strength of the earth* (sá var aukinn -megni *or* -magni); -MEN, n. *a long sod or turf*; ganga undir -men, *to creep under a sod* partially detached from the earth.

JARÐ-BANN, n. *want of grazing* (from snow or frost); -BORG, f. *stronghold of earth*; -BÚI, m. *underground-dweller*; -ELDR, m. *volcanic fire*; -FALL, n. *earth-slip*; -FASTR, a. *fixed in the earth* (-fastr steinn); -FÉ, n. *treasure hidden in the earth*; -FJÚK, n. *drifting snow*; -FÓLGINN, pp. *hidden in the earth*; -HITA, f., -HITI, m. *subterranean (volcanic) heat*; -HOLA, f. *earth-hole*; -HÚS, n. *underground room or passage*; -KOSTR, m. *choice of land, land to be had*; -KROSS, m. *cross-shaped mark in the ground*; -LAUG, f. *a bath in a warm spring in the earth*; -LIGR, a. *earthly*; -LÚS, f. '*earth-louse*'; -LÆGR, a. *lying on the ground*; -NESKR, a. *earthly*; -RÍKI, n. *the earth, world*, opp. to 'himin-ríki'; -SKJÁLFTI, m. *earthquake*; -STOFA, f. *un-*

derground room; -VEGGR, m. *earthen wall*.

JARKI, m. *the outside edge of the foot*.

JARKNA-STEINN, m. *glittering gem*.

JARL (-S, -AR), m. (1) poet. *a highborn, noble man or warrior*; (2) *earl* (in dignity next to the king); -BORINN, pp. *earl-born, an earl by birth*; -DÓMR, m., -DŒMI, n. *earldom*.

JARLS-DÓTTIR, f. *earl's daughter*; -MAÐR, m. *an earl's follower*; -NAFN, n. *earl's title*; -RÍKI, n. *dominion of an earl, earldom*; -SÆTI, n. *earl's seat*.

JARMA (AÐ), v. *to bleat*, of sheep and goats (ærin jarmaði).

JARMR, m. *bleating* (sauða j.); *screaming of* birds (fugls j.).

JARPR, a. *chestnut, reddish-brown* (j. á hár); j. hestr, *chestnut-horse*.

JARP-SKAMR, m. *'the brown pygmy'* (viz. Erpr).

JARP-SKJÓTTR, a. *bay-piebald*.

JAR-TEGN (-TEIN, -TEIKN), n. (1) *token, proof* (of a thing); hafa e-t til -tegna, *to use as a token or evidence*; vera til jartegna, *to serve as a token*; (2) *miracle*; -TEGNA, -TEINA (AÐ or -DI, -DR), v. *to betoken*.

JATA (gen. JÖTU), f. *manger*.

JAUR, adv. yes *indeed, yes certainly*.

JAXL (-S, -AR), m. *jaw-tooth, grinder, molar* (tennrnar ok jaxlarnir).

JAXLA-VERKR, m. *tooth-ache*.

JÁ, adv. *yea, yes*; já, já! *yes, yes!*

JÁ (JÁI, JÁÐA, JÁÐR), v. *to say yes, assent to*, with dat. (hann jáði því); já e-m e-u, *to confess a thing to one*; j. e-u upp, undan sér, *to yield up*.

JÁ-KVÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to say yes to*, with dat.; -KVÆÐI, n. *assent, consent*; gjalda -kvæði til e-s, *to give one's assent to*; -ORÐ, n. = -kvæði.

JÁRN, n. (1) *iron* (hagr á j.); bera j., *to carry hot iron* (as an ordeal); (2) in pl. *irons, fetters* (setja e-n í j., sitja íjárnum); *iron hinges* (lék þar grind ájárnum); *horse-shoes*.

JÁRNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to mount with iron* (járnaðir vagnar); (2) *to shoe a horse* (hestr járnaðr öllum fótum).

JÁRNA-FAR, n. *iron-plating*, on a ship; -GANGR, m. *chafing, galling from irons* (máttlítill af -gangi); -STAÐR, m. *mark or print of irons*.

JÁRN-BORG, f. *'iron-castle'* (used of a ring of iron-clad ships); -BUNDINN, pp. *iron-bound*, of a shield; -BURÐR, m. *the ordeal of carrying hot iron*; -BÚTR, m. *iron stump*; -DRAGI, m. *'iron-drawer', magnet*; -FESTR, f. *iron band*; -FJÖTURR, m. *iron-fetter*; -FLEINN, m. *iron rod*; -GADDR, m. *iron spike (goad)*; -GJÖRÐ, f. *iron girdle*; -GLÓFI, m. *iron glove*; -GÓÐR, a. *of good iron*; -GREIPR, f. pl. *iron gloves*.

JÁRNGØRÐAR-MAÐR, m. *blacksmith*.

JÁRN-HANKI, m. *iron handle*; -HÓLKR, m. *iron tube*; -HVALR, m. *harpooned whale*; -KAMBR, m. *iron comb*; -KETILL, m. *iron kettle*; -KLÓ, f. *iron claw or fang*; -KLUKKA, f. *iron bell*; -KLÆDDR, pp. *iron-clad*; -KRÓKR, m. *iron crook*; -KYLFA, f. *iron club*; -LIGR, a. *of iron*; -LOKA, f. *iron bar*; -LURKR, m. *iron cudgel*; -LYKKJA, f. *iron clasp*; -MEISS, m. *iron basket*; -MÉL, n. pl. *iron mouth-piece* (of a bridle); -MIKILL, a. *of solid iron*; -NÖKKVI, m. *iron boat*; -REKENDR, f. pl. *iron chains*; -RENDING, f. *iron brim* (of a shield); -RENDR, pp. *bordered with iron* (targa -rend); -SÍA, f. *spark from red-hot iron*; -SKÓR, m. *iron shoe*; -SLÁ, f. *iron bar*; -SLEGGJA, f. *iron sledge-hammer*; -SMIÐR, m. *blacksmith*; -SMÍÐI, n. *smith's work*; -SPJÓT, n. *iron spear*; -SPÖNG, f. *iron*

plate; -STAFR, m. *iron staf*; -STÖNG, f. *iron bar*; -SÚLA, f. *iron column*; -TEINN, m. *iron prong*; -VAFIÐR, pp. *wound round with iron*; -VARIÐR, pp. *mounted with iron* (= járni varðr); -VÁPN, n. pl. *iron weapons*; -VIÐJAR, f. pl. *iron withes, iron wire*.

JÁTA, or JÁTTA (AÐ, or -TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to say yes to*, with dat. (þessu játar *or* játir hann); (2) *to acknowledge, admit* (erkibiskup hafði því játat, at); (3) *to consent*; mun ek þessu j. fyrir mik ok mína heimamenn, *I will agree to this for myself and my household*; j. e-u undan sér, j. e-u upp, *to yield up*; (4) *to promise* (konungr játaði þeim griðum ok sættum); (5) with acc. of the thing, *to acknowledge* (j. syndir); *to grant, give* (játtuðu allir þér konungdóm); with acc. of the person; fyr engan mun játum vér hann guð, *by no means do we acknowledge him to be God*; j. sik, *to confess oneself*; j. sik undir e-t, *to engage oneself*; (6) refl., játast undir e-t, játast til e-s, = játa sik undir e-t.

JÁTAN, JÁTTAN, f. (1) *affirmation*; (2) *confession* (j. synda).

JÁTARI, m. *one who confesses*.

JÁTNING, f. *confession* (j. heilagrar trúar, j. synda).

JÁT-ORÐ, n. *consent* (seinn í -orðum).

JÁTSI, a. indecl. *saying yes*; verða e-m e-s j., *to promise one a thing*.

JÁTTA (AÐ, or -TTA, -TTR), v. = játa.

JÁ-YRÐI, n. *consent*; leggja sitt -yrði til, *to give consent*.

JÓÐ, n. *baby* (j. ól Edda).

JÓÐ-LIGR, a. *thriving* (of a baby); -SÓTT, f. *pains of childbirth*; -UNGR, a. *very young*.

JÓL, n. pl. *Yule, a great midwinter feast in the heathen time, afterwards applied to Christmas*.

JÓLA-APTANN, m. *Yule-eve, Christmas-eve*; -BOÐ, n. *Yule banquet*; -DAGR, m. *Yule-day, Christmas-day*; -DRYKKJA, f. *Yule-drinking*; -FASTA, f. *Advent*; -FRIÐR, m. *Yule-peace, Christmas-peace*; -GJÖF, f. *Yule-gift, christmas box*; -HALD, n. *keeping of Yule*; -KVELD, n. *Yule-eve*; -MORGINN, m. *Yule morning*; -NÓTT, f. *Yule night*; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. *Christmas service*; -VEIZLA, f. *Yule banquet or entertainment*; -VIST, f. *staying over Yule*; -ÖL, n. *Yule ale*.

JÓMS-VÍKINGAR, m. pl. *the Vikings of Jom* (Wollin in Pomerania).

JÓN, m., a proper name, *John*.

JÓNS-MESSA, f. *St. John Baptist's day*, the 24th of June; -STÚKA, f. *chapel of St. John*; -VAKA, f. = -messa.

JÓR (gen. JÓS; pl. JÓAR, acc. JÓA and JÓI, dat. JÓM), m. poet. *stallion, steed*.

JÓ-REIÐ, f. *riding on horseback*; -REYKR, m. *cloud of dust* (seen afar off above a body of horsemen).

JÓRSALA-, gen. pl. from 'Jórsalir'; -BORG, f. *Jerusalem*; -FARI, m. *Jerusalem traveller*; -FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *journey to J.*; -LÝÐR, m. *the people of J*.

JÓRSALIR, m. pl. *Jerusalem*.

JÓTAR, m. pl. *the Jutes*.

JÓT-LAND, n. *Jutland*.

JUNG-FRÚ, f. *princess, lady*; -HERRA, m. *'young lord', prince*.

JURT (pl. -IR), f. *aromatic herb*.

JUSTA, f. *bowl, cup*.

JÖÐURR, m. = jaðarr.

JÖFURR (-S, pl. JÖFRAR), m. poet. *king, prince, chief* (af Svía jöfri).

JÖKLAÐR, a. *covered with icicles* (yfir jökluðu skeggi).

JÖKLA-GANGR, m. *ice-drift* (in a river);

-VATU, *icy water*.

JÖKUL-BARINN, pp. *storm-beaten, stiffened with ice*; -KALDR, a. *ice-cold*.

JÖKULL (gen. -S, dat. JÓKLI; pl. JÖKLAR), m. (1) *icicle* (hann gekk inn í sal, glumdu jöklar); (2) *ice* (vatnit snýst í jökul); (3) *glacier*.

JÖKUL-VATN, n. *ice-water from a glacier*; -VETR, m. *severe winter*.

JÖLL, n. poet. *disturbance, strife* (?).

JÖRÐ (gen. JARÐAR, dat. JÖRÐU; pl. JARÐIR), f. (1) *earth*, opp. to 'himinn' (hvárt býr guð á himni eða jörðu?); (2) *the surface of the earth, ground* (féll hann þá dauðr til jarðar); (3) *mould*; (4) *land, estate*.

JÖRFI, m. *gravel, gravel bank*.

JÖRMUN-, a prefix, denoting something huge, *vast superhuman*; -GANDR, m. *the great monster, the Midgard Serpent*; -GRUND, f. *the earth*.

JÖSTR (gen. JASTAR), m. *yeast*.

JÖTUN-HEIMAR, m. pl. *the Giants' land*; -MÓÐR, m. *giant's wrath, fury*.

JÖTUNN (gen. -S, dat. JÖTNI; pl. JÖTNAR), m. *giant*; jötna synir, *sons of giants*.

K

KAÐALL (gen. -S, dat. KAÐLI; pl. KAÐLAR), m. *cable, rope*.

KAF, n. *a plunge into water, dive, diving*; fær hann annat k. at öðru, *he gets one plunge after another*; taka k., *to dive under water*; á k., í k., *into water, under water*; hlaupa á k., *to plunge into water*; fara í k., *to go under water*; á kafi, í kafi, *under water, diving*; of snow, lágu hestarnir á kafi í snjónum, *the horses stuck deep in the snow*; standa á kafi *to sink deep* (øxin stóð á kafi).

KAFA (AÐ), v. *to dive, swim, under water*; of a ship, *to be swamped in a heavy sea* (síðan kafaði skipit).

KAFA-FJÚK, n. *thick fall of snow*; -HRÍÐ, f. *thick snow-storm*.

KAF-FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to thrust under water, to duck* (= fœra e-n í kaf); -FÖR, f. *going under water, ducking*; -HLAÐINN, pp. *deep-laden*; -HLAUP, n. *deep snow*; -HLEYPR, a. *sinking deep in the snow* (var svá mikill snjór, at allt var -hleypt).

KAFINN, pp. from 'kefja', fig. *absorbed*.

KAFLI, m. *a piece cut off*; tok at leysa ísinn í köflum, *the ice began to break up into floes*.

KAFNA (AÐ), v. *to be suffocated, choked*, in water, smoke, etc. (k. í sandfoki, í stofureyk).

KAFNAN, f. *suffocation*.

KAF-SUND, f. *swimming under water*; -SYNDR, a. *good at swimming under water*; -ÞYKKR, a. *very thick* (of fog, sn owstorm, etc.).

KAGA (AÐ), v. *to bend forward and peep, pry* (hón kagar hjá gáttinni).

KAGGI, m. *keg, cask*, a nickname.

KALA (KELL, KÓL, KALINN), v. impers., mik kell, *I freeze, become frost-bitten* (kalinn á *fótum)*; e-n kell í hel, *one freezes to death*.

KALDA (AÐ), v. *to become cold*; impers. *to blow cold*; kaldar af boðafallinu, *a gust of cold wind came from the breakers*.

KALDA-HLÁTR, m. *sardonic laughter*.

KALD-LIGA, adv. *coldly*; -LIGR, a. *cold*.

KALDR, a. (1) *cold*; kalt veðr, *cold weather*; brenna (e-t) at köldum kolum, *to burn to cold* ashes; konungi gørði kalt, *the king began to get cold*; (2) *baneful, hostile, cruel* (köld eru kvenna ráð).

KALD-RÁÐR, a. *evil-minded, ill-affected*; -RIFJAÐR, a. *'cold-ribbed', cold-hearted, cunning*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *'cold words', sarcasm*.

KALEKR (-S, -AR), m. *cup, chalice*.

KALKR (-S, -AR), m. *drinking-cup, goblet* (k. er þú skalt drekka af).

KALL, n. (1) *call, cry, shouting* (heyra k. mikit); (2) *appellation, name* (þeir nefna hann jarl enn illa, var þetta k. haft lengi síðan).

KALLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to call, shout, cry* (kallaði konungr ok bað létta af); (2) *to call, summon by a call, send for* (um kveldit kallaði konungr Áslák); (3) *to say* (sumir menn kalla, at eigi sé sakleysi í); at kalla, *so to say, nominally*; sáttir at k., *nominally reconciled*; (4) k. sér e-t, *to claim for oneself* (konungr kallaði sér allar Orkneyjar); (5) *to call, name* (Mörðr hét maðr, er kallaðr var gígja); (6) refl., kallast, *to say of oneself*; konungr

kallaðist hann reynt hafa at góðum dreng, *the king said that he had found him a good and brave fellow*; (7) with preps., k. at e-m, *to call to one*; k. á e-n, *to call to one* (Flosi gekk þá at durum ok kallaði á Njál); *to call on, invoke* (kallaði hann á guð ok hinn helga Olaf); k. á e-t, *to lay claim to* (Snækollr kallaði á bú nökkur þar í eyjunum); k. eptir, *to protest*; k. e-n eptir e-m, *to call or name after*; k. til e-s, *to call to, invoke* (k. til guðs); *to lay claim to, to claim, demand* (Snorri kallaði þá til brynju sinnar); k. til e-s við e-n, í hendr e-m, *to claim a thing from one*.

KALLARI, m. *crier, herald*.

KALLS, n. (1) *taunting, raillery*; gøra e-m k., hafa í kallsi við e-n, *to taunt one*; (2) *importunate claim*.

KALLSA (AÐ), v. (1) *to taunt, mock*; (2) *to molest, annoy, importune*.

KALLS-LAUSS, a. *unmolested*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *gibes, taunts*.

KAMARR (-S, pl. KAMRAR), m. *privy*.

KAMBARI, m. *comb-maker*.

KAMBR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *comb*; (2) *carding-comb*; (3) *crest, comb*; (4) *ridge* (of hills).

KAMPR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *beard on the lips, moustache*; (2) *the whiskers* (of a seal); (3) *front wall*. Also 'kanpr'.

KANGIN-YRÐI, n. pl. *jeering- words*.

KANNA (gen. KÖNNU), f. *can, tankard*.

KANNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to search, explore* (þeir könnuðu landit fyrir austan ána); k. lið, *to review, muster troops*; k. val, *to search the field for slain*; k. e-t af, *to find out, make out* (ferr Brandr biskup norðr á Völlu ok kannar þat af, at); k. til = k. af (kannaðist svá til, at); (2) refl., kannast við e-t, *to recognize, know again* (kannaðist hón við hann ok kynferði hans); *to make one's acquaintance* (Þórólfr hitti þar marga frændr sina þá, er hann hafði eigi áðr við kannazt); *to acknowledge* (könnuðust þeir við, at þat var sannmæli); *to recognize as one's own* (með því at engi kannast við svein þenna); recipr., *to recognize one another* (síðan könnuðust þau við).

KANÓKI, m. *canon* (of a church).

KANTARA-KÁPA, f., -SLOPPR, m. *a priest's or bishop's gown*.

KAPAL-HESTR, m., -HROSS, n. = kapall.

KAPALL (-S, pl. KAPLAR), m. *pack-horse, hack* (naut ok kaplar).

KAPELLA, f. *chapel* (k. konungs).

KAPELLU-PRESTR, m. *priest of a chapel*.

KAPITULI, m. (1) *chapter*; (2) *meetingroom in a cloister or convent*.

KAPP, n. *contest, zeal, eagerness, ardour*; deila kappi við e-n, brjóta kapp (halda til kapps) við e-n, *to contend, contest, with one*; með kappi, *with ardour*; meirr af kappi en forsjá, *with more obstinacy than prudence*; berjast af miklu kappi, *with great ardour*; renna í köpp við e-n, *to run a race with*.

KAPPA-, gen. pl. from 'kappi'; -LIÐ, n. *troop of champions*; -TALA, f. *roll of champions* (taka e-n í kappatölu); -VAL, n. *choice of chamnpions*.

KAPP-DRYKKJA, f. *drinking-match*; -DRŒGT, a. n. *strongly contested*; varð þeim -drœgt í leiknum, *it was a hard contest*; kvað þeim þetta mundu -drœgt, *it would be a hard task*; -FÚSS, a. = -gjarn; -GIRNI, f. *eagerness, energy*; -GJARN, a. *full of energy and desire to excel*.

KAPPI, m. *hero, champion, man of valour* (k. mikill, kappar konungs).

KAPP-KOSTA (AÐ), v. *to strive, endeavour*; -LEIKR, m. *fighting-match*; -MÆLI, n.

pl. *dispute*; -NÓGR, a. *plentiful*; -ORÐR, a. *contentious, wrangling*; -RÓÐR, m. *rowing-match*; -SAMLIGA, adv. (1) *impetuously, with energy*; (2) *abundantly, plentifully*; -samliga alinn, *very well fed*; -SAMLIGR, a. (1) *vehement*; (2) *rich, liberal* (-samlig veizla); -SAMR, a. *vehement, impetuous*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *energy, headstrong character*.

KAPPS-FULLR, a. *contentious, eager to excel, vehement* (harðr ok k.).

KAPP-SIGLING, f. *sailing-match*.

KAPPS-MAÐR, m. *man of energy*.

KAPP-SUND, n. *swimming-match*; -SVINNR, a. *vehement, passionate*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *overbearing language*; -ŒRINN, a. *fully sufficient, abundant*.

KARAR-, gen. from 'kör'; -KERLING, -KONA, f., -MAÐR, m. *bedridden old woman, man*.

KARBUNKULI-STEINN, m. *carbuncle*.

KARDINÁLI, m. *cardinal*.

KARFA-FÓTR, m. *an unsteady leg*.

KARFI, m. *swift-going ship, galley*.

KARFI, m. *red-fish, red sea-perch*.

KARÍNA, f. *a fast of forty days* (imposed as a penance).

KARL (-S, -AR), m. (1) *man*, opp. to woman (brigðr er karla hugr konum); (2) *a man of the common people, a carle*; (3) *old man*.

KARLA-FÓLK, n. *male folk*; -FÖT, n. pl. *men's attire*; -SÆTI, n. *seat for men*.

KARL-DYRR, f. pl. *the men's door*; -FÁTT, a. n. *wanting in men-folk* (þar var -fátt heima); -FJÖLDI, m. *multitude of male persons*; -FÖT, n. pl. *men's attire*; -GILDR, a. *as good as a man* (var hón ok -gild at afli); -HÖFÐI, m. *a carved man's head, figure-head*; -KENNDR, pp. *masculine*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *men's clothes*; -KOSTR, m. *a (good) match*, of a man; -KYN, n. *the male sex*; -LEGGR, m. *male lineage, agnates*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *man, male*, opp. to 'kvennmaðr' *woman* (-maðr ok kona); (2) *man of valour* (styrkr ok fálátr ok inn hraustasti -maðr).

KARLMANN-LIGA, adv. *in a manly way*; -LIGR, a. (1) *manly, bold*; (2) *masculine* (-ligt kyn).

KARLMANNS-BÚNAÐR, m., -KLÆÐI, n. pl., *man's attire*.

KARL-MENNSKA, f. *manhood, valour*.

KARLS-EFNI, n. '*the makings of a man*', *a promising lad* (as a nickname); -HÖFUÐ, n. *a man's head (carved on a pillar)*.

KARL-SIFT, adv. *on the male side*; -SVIPT, f. *relationship by descent on the male side*; -SVIPTR, a. *male*.

KARMR (-S, -AR), m. *breast-work, parapet* (kastalar ok karmar).

KARNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *concubinage*.

KARP, n. *bragging, boasting*; -MÁLUGR, a. *bragging, boastful*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *overbearing words*.

KARSK-LIGA, adv. *briskly, boldly*.

KARSKR, a. *brisk, bold; hale, hearty*.

KART-NAGL, m. *diseased nail*.

KARTR (-S, -AR), m. *cart*.

KASA (AÐ), v. *to heap earth upon, to bury* (hann var kasaðr í urð).

KASS, m. *large box, case, creel*.

KAST, n. (1) *cast, throw of a net*; (2) *throw of dice*; koma í k. við e-n, *to come in collision with one*; kemr til várra kasta at, *it is our turn to*; (3) a kind *of cloak*.

KASTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to cast, throw*, with dat. (Egill kastaði þegar niðr horninu); k. akkerum, *to cast anchor*; k. verplum, teningum, *to throw with dice*; k. orðum á e-n, *to address one*; refl., kastast orðum á, *to exchange words*; k. kalls-yrðum at e-m,

to throw taunts at one; k. eign sinni á e-t, *to seize upon, take possession of*; k. á sik sótt, *to feign illness*; (2) *to cast off* (er H. heyrði þetta, kastaði hann skikkjunni); k. trú, *to cast off one's faith*; (3) impers., e-u kastar, *is thrown, flung*; tóku þeir gneista þá, er kastat hafði ór Múspellsheimi, *they took the sparks that had been cast out from M.*; skipinu hafði kastat, *had capsized*; henni var kastat skinni at beini, *the skin was, as it were, thrown over her bones* (from leanness); (4) with 'um'; k. um hesti, *to turn, wheel, a horse right round*; k. um sínum hug, *to alter one's (own) disposition*; absol. *to turn round, wheel about*.

KASTALA-MENN, m. pl. *defenders of a castle*; -STAFR, m. *castle pillar*; -VEGGR, m. *castle wall*.

KASTALI, m. *castle, stronghold*.

KATLARI, KATLA-SMIÐR, m. *kettlemaker*.

KATT-SKINN, n. *cat's skirt*.

KAUP, n. (1) *bargain*; illt (gott) k., *bad (good) bargain*; slá kaupi við e-n, *to strike a bargain with one*; eiga k. við e-n, *to bargain, trade with one*; verða at kaupi, *to come to a bargain*; (2) *stipulation, agreement* (þá tala þeir um k., ok verða á allt sáttir); (3) *wages, pay* (konungr gaf honum mikit k.); vera af kaupi, *to be of one's bargain, to have forfeited it*.

KAUPA (KAUPI, KEYPTA, KAYPTR), v. (1) *to buy* (keypti Njáll land í Ossabœ); absol. *to make a bargain*; k. kaupi, *to bargain*; (2) *to make an agreement about* (þeir keyptu þessu); (3) with preps., k. e-n á braut, *to buy one of*; k. e-t at e-m, *to buy a thing of one*; k. saman, *to bargain*; k. um e-t, *to barter, exchange* (keypti hann um lönd við Guðrúnu); k. við e-n, *to make a bargain, come to terms with one*; recipr., kaupast við, *to bargain with one another*.

KAUPA-KOSTIR, m. pl. *terms of a bargain*; -LAND, n. *purchased land*; -MANG, n. *barter, bartering*; -MARK, a. *purchased (cattle) mark*, opp. to one inherited.

KAUPANGR (-RS and -S), m. *marketplace* (í kaupangi sem í heraði).

KAUPANGRS-LÝÐR, m. *towns-folk*.

KAUP-BRIGÐI, n. *breach of contract*; -BŒR, m. = kaupangr; -DRENGR, m. = -maðr; -DÝRR, a. *demanding a high price, expensive*; -EYRIR, m. *article of trade, wares, cargo*; -FERÐ, f. *trading journey or voyage*; -FOX, n. *cheating*; -FRIÐR, m. *security for trade*; -FÖR, f. = -ferð, esp. in pl. (hafa skip í -förum, fara -förum); -GEGN, a. *good at trading*; -GJALD, n. *wages, pay*; -HÚS, n. *shop*; -LAG, n. tax, *price*; -LAUST, a. n. (1) *without charge, gratuitously*; (2) *without bargain or profit*; -LIGR, a. *mercantile*; mér verðr -ligt, *I come to a bargain*; -MAÐR, m. *trader, merchant*; -MANGA (AÐ), v. *to bargain* (-manga við e-n).

KAUPMANNA-GØRFI, n. *merchant's attire*; -LÖG, n. pl. *league of merchants* (vera í -lögum = vera kaupmaðr).

KAUPMANN-LIGA, adv. *in a merchant-like manner*; -LIGR, a. *merchant-like*.

KAUP-MÁLI, m. *bargain, contract*; -ROF, n. *breach of bargain*; -SÁTTR, a. *agreed as to a bargain*; -SKAPR, m. *stores of merchandise, wares*; -SKIP, n. *merchant ship*; -SLAGA (AÐ), v. *to bargain*; -STAÐR, m. *market town*; -STEFNA, f. *fair, market*; -SVEINN, m. = -drengr; -TÚN, n. *market town*.

KAUPU-NAUTR, m. *customer*.

KAUP-VARNINGR, m. *merchant wares*; -VÁTTR, m., -VITNI, n. *witness to a bargain*; -ÞORP, n. = -tún.

KÁ (KÁI, KÁÐA, KÁÐR), v. *to harass*; refl., kást í e-u, *to meddle in a thing*.

KÁKLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to receive a beating, meet with blows*.

KÁL, n. *cabbage, kale*.

KÁLFI, m. *the calf of the leg*.

KÁLFR (-S, -AR), m. *calf*; fig. *small island* (beside a large one).

KÁLFS-BELGR, m. *calf's skin*.

KÁLF-SKINN, n. *calf-skin*.

KÁPA, f. *cloak made with a cowl or hood* (hann var í blárri kápu).

KÁPU-ERMR, f. *the sleeve of a* kápa; -HATTR, -HÖTTR, m. *the hood of a* kápa; -SKAUT, n. *the lap of a* kápa.

KÁR-HÖFÐAÐR, a. *curled*.

KÁRÍNA, f., see 'karína'.

KÁRR, m. *curl in the hair*.

KÁT-LIGA, adv. *in a merry manner*; -LIGR, a. *merry, cheerful* (-lig orð).

KÁTR, a. *merry, cheerful*.

KÁ-VÍSI, f. *meddlesomeness*; -VÍSLIGR, a., -VÍSS, a. *quarrelsome, meddlesome*.

KEFJA (KEF, KAFÐA, KAFÐR), v. *to dip, put under water*; impers. *to be swamped, sink*, of a ship (skipit kafði undir þeim); refl., kefjast, *to dip oneself, duck, dive*.

KEFLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to gag* (a lamb).

KEFLI, n. *cylinder* (of wood), *stick*.

KEFLING, f. *gagging* (of lambs).

KEFLI-VÖLR, m. *cane, stick*, = kefli.

KEIKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to bend backwards* (E. keikti hann aptr á bak).

KEIKR, a. *bent backwards* (bjúgr ílendum en keikr í hálsi).

KEILA, f. *a sea-fish allied to the cod; torsk or tusk*.

KEIPR (-S, -AR), m. *rowlock*.

KEIPULL, m. a kind of *boat, coble*.

KEISA (-TA, -TR), v. *to bend*.

KEISARA-DÓMR, m., -DŒMI, n. *empire*; -HÖLL, f. *imperial castle*; -LIGR, a. *imperial*; -RÍKI, n. = -dœmi; -STÓLL, m. *imperial throne*.

KEISARI, m. *emperor*.

KEKTUNAR-MAÐR, = klektunar-maðr.

KELDA, f. (1) *well, spring*; (2) *bog, quagmire* (lá hestr hans í keldu).

KELFA (-DI, -T), v. *to calve*.

KELPA, f. *trap* (for otters).

KELTA, f. = kjalta.

KEMBA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to comb* (k. hár sitt); (2) *to card* (k. ull).

KEMPA, f. *champion, bold warrior* (bardagamaður mikill ok kempa).

KENGR, m. (1) *a horseshoe-formed crook*; (2) *bend, bight*; köttrinn beygði kenginn, *arched its back*.

KENNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to know, recognize* (Flosi kenndi Kára, er hann kom í stofuna); (2) *to know as one's own, claim* (k. sér land); (3) *to assign or attribute* to one (þá var ok ár um öll lönd, kenndu Svíar þat Frey); k. e-m barn, *to father a child upon one*; (4) k. e-m e-t, *to lay to one's charge, impute* (ef hann væri sannr verks þessa, er honum var kennt); k. e-m um e-t, *to charge one with a thing* (Þorgeirr vildi ekki, at brœðrum hans mætti um k.); (5) *to taste* food or drink (k. e-t *or* e-s); (6) *to feel, perceive*, with acc. and gen. (ek kennda þín eigi, er þú hvíldir á brjósti mér); k. sætan ilm, *to perceive a sweet smell*; k. hita (kulda) af e-u, *to feel heat (cold) from*; k. aflsmunar, liðsmunar, *to feel the odds*; hón kenndi í meira lagi, *she felt considerable pain*; absol., þá er þeir kómu upp í heiðina, kenndi at brá lit, *the colour was felt to change, it began to darken*; mér kennir heiptar við e-n, *I feel hatred against one*; k. niðr, *to touch the bottom* (en er skipin kenndu

niðr, þá gekk jarl á land); (7) *to show, bear witness of* (virðist mér ákall þetta meirr kenna ranglætis en réttvísi); (8) *to call, name*; k. e-t við e-n, *to call after one* (Helgi trúði á Krist, ok kenndi því við hann bústað sinn); (9) in poetry, *to call* by a periphrastic name (hvernig skal k. sól, vind); (10) k. e-m e-t, *to teach one a thing* (k. e-m rétta trú ok góða siðu); ek hefi kennt þér írsku at mæla, *I have taught thee to speak Irish*; (11) *to make one do a thing* (k. e-m bíta); (12) refl., kennast, *to seem, appear* (Ulfr kennist mér vitr maðr); recipr., svá var myrkt, at þeir kendust eigi, *that they did not know one another*; goldit var honum þetta svá, at hann mun lengi kennast, *he was repaid for this in a way that he will long remember*; kennast við, *to recognize* (kenndist hann af því þegar við mennina); *to confess, acknowledge* (at þeir mætti við kennast sinn lítilleik).

KENNANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. (1) *recognizer*; (2) *teacher, preacher*.

KENNAN-LIGR, a. *perceptible*.

KENNARI, m. *teacher, master*.

KENNI, n. *mark* (cf. 'einkenni').

KENNI-FAÐIR, m. = lærifaðir; -MAÐR, m. *teacher, cleric, priest*.

KENNIMANN-LIGR, a. *having the air of a priest, clerical*.

KENNIMANNS-SKAPR, m. *priesthood*.

KENNI-MARK, n. *mark* (= kenni).

KENNING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *teaching, doctrine, lesson, esp. of preaching*; kenna kenningar, *to preach*; (2) *mark of recognition*; (3) *a poetical penphrasis or descriptive name*.

KENNINGAR-NAFN, n. *surname*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of admonition*; -SONR, m. *alleged son*.

KENNI-SPEKI, f. *power of recognition*.

KENNSL, n. pl. (1) *recognition*; bera k. á e-n, *to know, recognize one*; (2) *a charge made on evidence*; hafa k. á e-m, bera k. á hendr e-m, *to charge one with a thing*.

KENNSLA, f. (1) *teaching, instruction*; (2) = kennsl (1).

KENPA, f. *champion* (= kempa).

KEPPA (-TA, -T), v. *to contend, strive hard*; k. um e-t, *to contend for or about a thing*; k. við e-n, *to contend with one*; refl., keppast, *to exert oneself*; k. við e-n, *to contend with or against one*; k. til e-s *or* um e-t, *to strive after, contend for a thing*.

KEPPI-LIGA, adv. *impetuously*.

KEPPR, m. *cudgel, club*.

KER, n. *tub, vessel, goblet*.

KERALD, n. *tub*.

KER-BAÐ, n. = ker-laug.

KERFI, n. *bunch, bundle* (mörg spjót, er bundin vóru í k.).

KER-LAUG, f. *bathing in a tub*.

KERLING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *woman, wife*; (2) *old woman*.

KERLINGA-VILLA, f. *old woman's tale, nonsense* (þat er nú kölluð -villa).

KERRA, f. *car, chariot* (k. sólarinnar).

KERSKI, f. *cheerfulness, fun* (= keski).

KERSKI-MÁL, n. *jest*; -MÁLL, a. *facetious*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *jokes*; -ORÐR, a. = -máll; -YRÐI, a. pl. = -orð.

KERTA-HJÁLMR, m. *chandelier*; -KLOFI, m. *snufers*; -STIKA, f. *candlestick*.

KERTI, n. *wax candle, taper*.

KERTI-RAK, n. *candle-wick*; -STIKA, f. = kertastika; -SVEINN, m. *link-boy* (attendant on a great man).

KESJA, f. a kind of *halberd*.

KESJU-LAG, n. *a thrust with a halberd*.

KESKI, f. = kerski; -FIMR, a. *witty*.

KETIL-HADDA, f. *kettle-handle*; -HRÍM,

n. *kettle-grime, soot*.

KETILL (dat. KATLI, pl. KATLAR), m. *kettle, pot, cauldron* (í eldahúsinu var eldr mikill ok katlar yfir).

KETIL-TAK, n. *taking a hot stone out of a boiling kettle* (as an ordeal).

KETLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *kitten*.

KETTA, f. *she-cat; giantess*.

KEYPI-LIGA, adv. *after the manner of a bargain*.

KEYR, n. *choice*, = kør.

KEYRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to whip, lash, prick on* (hann keyrði þá hest sinn); k. hest sporum, *to put spurs to a horse*; (2) *to ride* (keyrir síðan sem harðast til sinna manna); (3) *to fling* (S. bregðr honum á loft ok keyrir hann út á Rangá); k. e-n útbyrðis, *to fling overboard*; (4) *to drive, thrust* (k. nagla, k. sverð í höfuð e-m); Jórunn tók sokkana ok keyrði um höfuð henni, *J. struck her about the head with the stockings*; (5) impers., e-n keyrir, *one is driven, tossed*, by the wind, waves (fundu þeir eigi fyrr en þá keyrði á land upp); e-t keyrir ór hófi, *it exceeds all measure*.

KEYRI, n. *whip*.

KEYRIS-HÖGG, n. *lash*.

KEYTA, f. *foul water*.

KIÐ (gen. pl. KIÐA or KIÐJA), n. *kid*.

KIÐJA-MJÓLK, f. *kid's milk*.

KIÐLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *young kid*.

KIÐ-SKINN, n. *kid-skin*.

KIKNA (AÐ), v. *to bend backwards to sink at the knees* (kikna í knésbótum).

KILPR, m. *handle* (of a vessel).

KILTING, f. *skirt, lap* (hann hafði Inga konung í kilting sér).

KIMBLA (AÐ), v. *to truss up*.

KIND (pl. KINDIR AND KINDR), f. (1) *kind, race*; fyrða (gumna, seggja, skatna, ýta) k., *the sons of men, mankind*; (2) *creature, being*; lifði engi kvik k. eptir, *no living creature lived after*; sterkari en nökkur k. önnur, *stronger than any other creature*; helgar KINDIR, *holy beings*.

KINGA, f. *brooch* (k. var á bringu).

KINN (pl. KINNR), f. *cheek*.

KINNAR-BEIN, n. = kinnbein; -KJÁLKI, m. *the upper jaw-bone*.

KINN-BEIN, n. *cheek-bone*; -BJÖRG, f. *cheek-piece* of a helmet; -FILLA, f. *'cheek-flesh'*; -HESTR, m. *box on the ear*; -HÖGGVA (see HÖGGVA), v. *to hew or hack the cheek*; -LEÐR, n. *leather cheek-piece of a bridle*; -ROÐI, m. *blush of shame*; -SKJÓTTR, a. *with piebald cheeks* (of a horse); -SKÓGR, m. *beard*; -SKÆRR, a. *white-cheeked*.

KINNUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *bow of a ship*.

KINN-VANGI, m. *cheek*.

KIPPA (-TA, -T), v. *to pull, snatch, draw quickly* (Egill kipti at sér sverð-inu); hann kippir mönnum at sér, *he gets men together*; k. ofan seglinu, *to pull the sail down*; impers., e-m kippir í kyn (um e-t), *one resembles his kinsmen (in something)*; refl., kippast um e-t, *to struggle with one another about a thing*; k. við, *to make a sudden motion* (kippist hann svá hart við, at jörð öll skelfr).

KIPPA, f. *bundle, string (of)*.

KIPPR, m. *pull, jerk, shock*.

KIRKJA (gen. pl. KIRKNA), f. *church*.

KIRKJU-BANN, n. *ban of the church*; -BÓL, n. *church estate*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *church hangings*; -BŒR, m. = -ból; -DAGR, m. *church-day, anniversary*; -DRÓTTINN, m. *church patron*; -EIGN, f., -FÉ, n. *church property*; -FRIÐR, m. *church-peace, sanctuary*; -GANGA, f. *church-going*; -GARÐR, m. *churchyard*; -GENGT, a. n., eiga -gengt, *to be* allowed *to go to church*;

-GRIÐ, n. pl. = -friðr; -GRÆFR, a. *who can be buried at a church*; -GØRÐ, f. *church-building*; -HELGR, f. *church service*; -LAND, n. *church-land, glebe*; -LÖG, n. pl. *ecclesiastical law*; -MÁLDAGI, m. *church deed*; -MESSA, f. = -dagr; -RÁN, n. *sacrilege*; -RÉTTR, m. *church-right*; -SKOT, n. *wing of a church*; -SKRAUT, -SKRÚÐ, n. *church ornament*; -SÓKN, f. (1) *church-worship, attendance at service*; (2) *parish*; -STÉTT, f. *church pavement*; -STÓLL, m. *church pew*; -TÍUND, f. *church tithe*; -TJÖLD, n. pl. *church hangings*; -VIÐR, m. *church timber*; -VIST, f. *attendance at church*; -VÍGSLA, f. *consecration of a church*; -VÖRÐR, m. *churchwarden*.

KIRNA, f. *churn*.

KIRNU-ASKR, m. *churn-pail*.

KISTA (gen. pl. KISTNA), f. (1) *chest*; (2) *coffin* (= lík-kista).

KISTILL (-S, pl. KISTLAR), m. *little chest, small box*.

KISTU-HRINGR, m. *ring in a chest*; -LYKILL, m. *key of a chest*; -LOK, n. *cover of a chest*.

KITLA (AÐ), v. *to tickle*.

KÍFA (AÐ), v. *to quarrel*.

KÍFINN, a. *quarrelsome*.

KÍLL, m. *narrow inlet, canal*.

KJALLARI, m. *cellar*.

KJALTA (gen. KJÖLTU), f. *lap*.

KJAL-VEGR, m. *a way leading across a ridge of mountains* (local name).

KJAPPI, m. pet name of a *he-goat*.

KJAPTA (AÐ), v. *to chatter, gabble*.

KJAPTR (-S, -AR), m. = kjöptr.

KJARK-LEYSI, n. *lack of vigour*.

KJARKR, m. *vigour, pith, energy*.

KJARNI, m. *kernel*, esp. of berries.

KJARR (pl. KJÖRR), n. *copsewood, brushwood, thicket*.

KJARR-MÝRR, f. *marsh-ground with brushwood*; -SKÓGR, m. *copsewood*.

KJÁ (KJÁI, KJÁÐA, KJÁÐ), v.; hverr þeirra kjár nefinu at öðrum, *they put their heads together*.

KJÁLKI, m. (1) *jaw-bone*; (2) *hand-sledge* (draga kjálka).

KJÓLL (-S, -AR), m. poet. *ship*.

KJÓSA (KÝS; KAUS, KØRI and KEYRI; KUSUM and KURUM; KOSINN, KØRINN), v. (1) *to choose, select* (valkyrjur ríða jafnan at k. val); (2) *to desire, wish* (þá kýs ek laust kaup várt); k. heldr, *to choose rather, prefer*; (3) *to elect* (k. biskup); (4) with preps., k. e-n af fleirum, *to select, choose from a number*; k. af, *to choose* (kuru þeir þá af at ganga til handa konungi); margir kjósa ekki orð á sik, *many are not so well spoken of as they may wish to be*; k. e-n til e-s, *to select one for a thing* (k. e-n til fylgdar við sik, til biskups); k. um e-t, *to choose between* (kjós þúnú um tvá kosti).

KJÚKLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *chicken, chick*.

KJÖLR (gen. kjalar, dat. KILI; pl. KILIR, acc. KJÖLU), m. (1) *keel* (brotnaði kjölrinn undir skipinu); sigla lausum kili, *to sail with an empty ship*; koma e-m á kjöl, *to get one up on the keel* (when the boat is capsized); niðr kili, *down in the hold*; (2) *keel-shaped range of mountains* (austr um Kjöl); (3) *back of a book*.

KJÖL-SÝJA, f. *one of the two boards nearest to the keel*.

KJÖL-VEGR, m. = kjal-vegr.

KJÖPTR, m. (1) *jaw* (er hinn efri k. við himni, en hinn neðri við jörðu); (2) *gaping jaws*.

KJÖR, n. *choice, decision*; ganga (falla) k., *to go as one wishes*.

KJÖR-GRIPR, m. *a choice or costly thing*;

-LIGR, a. *fit to be chosen*.

KJÖRR, m. *thicket* kjarr (þeir skildu í kjörr einum).

KJÖR-VÁPN, n. *a choice weapon*; -VIÐR, m. *choice timber*; -VÍSLIGR, a. *acceptable*, = kjörligr.

KJÖT (dat. KJÖTI and KJÖTVI), n. *meat, flesh*; in pl. *stores of meat*.

KJÖT-ÁT, n., -ÁTA, f. *meat-eating*; -BITI, m. *piece of meat*; -LIGR, a. (1) *pertaining to flesh*; (2) *carnal, fleshly*; (3) *related by blood*; kjötligt barn, *one's own child*; kjötligr bróðir, *brother germane*; -LÆR, n. *joint of meat*; -STYKKI, n. *piece of meat*; -VAXINN, pp. *fleshy*; -ÆTR, a. *eatable* (of meat).

KLAFA-KERLING, f., -STAFR, m. a kind of *two-pronged stick*.

KLAFI, m. a kind of *fork* (put on a cow's neck in the stall).

KLAK (pl. KLÖK), n. *chirping of birds*.

KLAKA (AÐ), v. *to twitter, chatter* (of birds); refl., klakast við um e-t, *to have a dispute about*.

KLAKA-HESTR, m., -HROSS, n. *a horse that is left unhoused in winter*; -HÖGG, n. *a tool for breaking up frozen soil*, = þelhögg; -TORF, n. *frozen turf*.

KLAKI, m. *hard-frozen ground*.

KLAKK-LAUST, adv. *unhurt, unscathed* (komast -laust af).

KLAKKR (-S, -AR), m. *heavy, peaked clouds*; cf. úviðris-klakkr.

KLAKK-SÁRR, a. *touchy, feeling sore*; e-m verðr -sárt, *one is hurt, injured*.

KLAMBRAR-, gen. from 'klömbr'; -VEGGR, m. a kind of *wedge*.

KLAND, n. *molestation*.

KLANDA (AÐ), v. *to molest*.

KLANDA-LAUSS, a. *free from molestation*; KLANDAN, f., KLANDR, n. = kland.

KLAPP, n. *pat, patting*.

KLAPPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pat, stroke gently* (jarlinn klappaði hendi sinni ábak honum); k. um e-t, *to pat*; (2) *to knock, rap* (k. á dyrum, á hurð); (3) *to shape by cutting blows, hew, chisel* (vóru klappaðir á steinvegginn krossar þrír); (4) *to hammer*; mun ek nú k. um aptr, *I will make it good (right) again*.

KLAUF (pl. -IR), f. (1) *the cleft* (between the toes); (2) *cloven foot* (göltrinn svamm þar til af gengu klaufirnar); (3) *beast, head of cattle*.

KLAUFA-GANGR, m. *tramp of cattle*.

KLAUSA, f. *clause, passage*.

KLAUSTR, n. *cloister, convent*.

KLAUSTRA-FÓLK, n. *convent folk*; -LIFNAÐR, m. *convent life*; -MENN, m. pl. *convent people*.

KLAUSTR-GANGA, f. *entering a convent*; -GARÐR, m. *convent wall*.

KLÁ (KLÆ; KLÓ, KLÓGUM; KLEGINN), v. *to claw, scratch, rub* (hann bað mik klá fót sinn).

KLÁÐI, m. *itch* (þegar brá kláða miklum á hvarmana).

KLÁÐ-SJÚKR, a. *scabby*.

KLÁFR (-S, -AR), m. a kind of *box* carried on horseback.

KLÁM, n. *obscene, filthy language*.

KLÁM-HÖGG, n. *an opprobrious blow*; -YRÐI, n. *foul language*.

KLÁP-EYGR, a. *goggle-eyed, staring*.

KLÁRR (-S, -AR), m. *hack, cart-horse*.

KLÉ (gen. KLJÁ; pl. KLJÁR), m. *one of the stones to keep the warp straight in the old upright loom*.

KLEFI, m. *closet* (cf. svefnklefi).

KLEGGI (gen. -JA), m. *cleg, horse-fly*.

KLEGGI (gen. -JA), m. *cock of hay*.

KLEIF (pl. -AR), f. *cliff, rocky ascent*.

KLEIMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to daub, dabble*.

KLEISS, a. *lisping* (k. í máli).

KLEKJA (KLEK, KLAKTA, KLAKTR and KLAKINN), v. *to hatch* (= k. út).

KLEKTUNAR-MAÐR, m. *chicken-hearted man* (hann er engi -maðr).

KLENGING (pl. -AR), f. *vexatious action*.

KLENGI-SÖK, f. *a vexatious suit*.

KLENGJAST (D), v. *to interfere or intrude oneself vexatiously*.

KLEPPR, m. *plummet, lump*.

KLERKA-FÓLK, n., -LÝÐR, m. *the clergy*; -SIÐIR, m. pl. *clerical customs*; -SÖNGR, m. *church music*.

KLERK-DÓMR, m. *learning*; -LIGA, adv. *like a clerk, learnedly*; -LIGR, a. *clerkly, scholar-like*.

KLERKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *cleric, clerk, scholar*; (2) *clergyman*, esp. of the minor orders.

KLETTR (-S, -AR), m. *rock, crag*.

KLIÐR, m. *din, murmur*.

KLIF, n. *cliff, scaur*, = kleif.

KLIFA (AÐ), v. *to repeat, harp on the same thing* (also, k. á e-u); refl., klifast við e-n, *to wrangle with one*.

KLIF-GATA, f. *way along a cliff*.

KLIFRA (AÐ), KLIFRAST, v. *to climb*.

KLINGJA (-DA, -T), v. *to ring, jingle*.

KLIPPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to clip, cut*; k. sauði, *to shear sheep*.

KLÍFA (KLÍF; KLEIF, KLIFUM; KLIFINN), v. *to climb* (konungr kleif upp í einn bakka; k. bratta brekku).

KLÍGJA (-ÐA), v. *to feel nausea* (hón klígir mjök).

KLÍGJA, f. *nausea*.

KLÍNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to smear*; k. brauð, *to butter bread*.

KLÍNINGR, m. *buttered bread*.

KLJÁ (KLJÁI, KLJÁÐA, KLJÁÐR), v. *to fix the weights* (cf. 'klé') *to a loom*; vera á enda kljáðr, *to have done*; er ek á enda kljáðr at þola þat lengr, *I can bear itno longer*.

KLJÁR, m. = klé.

KLJÚFA (KLÝF; KLAUF, KLUFUM; KLOFINN), v. *to cleave, split* (hann hjó þegar í skjöld Hrúts ok klauf allan niðr); skammt upp klofinn, *having a short fork, short-legged*.

KLOF, n. *the space between the legs, the fork*.

KLOFA-RÚM, n. *ship's cabin near the mast*; -STEF, n. *'cleft burden'*, a form of refrain in a 'drápa'.

KLOFI, m. (1) *cleft, rift* (in a hill); *cleft stick*; verða í klofanum, *to be caught in a trap*; (2) *door-groove*; lúka upp hurðu, *or* lúka aptr hurð, árniðjan klofa, *to open, or shut, the door halfway*; hurð hnigin á miðjan klofa, *half shut*; reka aptr hurðina (*or* lúka hurðinni) í klofa, *to shut the door*; (3) *the forks* to support tents *on board a ship* (höggva tjöldin or klofum); (4) *snuffers*.

KLOFNA (AÐ), v. *to be cloven, to split*.

KLOKKA, f. = klukka.

KLÓ (pl. KLÆR, dat. KLÓM), f. (1) *claw, talon*; (2) *clew* (of a sail).

KLÓA-GANGR, m. *scratching (fighting) with claws*.

KLÓAST, v. refl. *to fight with claws*.

KLÓ-DÝR, n. *a beast with claws, beast of prey*; -FUGL, m. *bird of prey*.

KLÓKINDI, n. pl. *cunning, cleverness*.

KLÓK-LEIKI, m. = klókindi; -LIGA, adv. *cunningly*; -LIGR, a. *cunning, crafty*.

KLÓKR, a. *arch, cunning, clever*.

KLÓK-SAMLIGR, a. = -ligr; -SKAPR, m. = klókindi.

KLÓR, n. *scratching*; KLÓRA (AÐ), v. *to scratch* (like a cat).

KLÓT, n. *knob of a sword hilt*.

KLUBBA, f. = klumba.

KLUKKA (gen. pl. KLUKKNA), f. *bell*; kvað við klukkan, *the bell rang*.

KLUKKARI, m. *bell-ringer*.

KLUKKNA-HLJÓÐ, n. *peal of bells*; -HÚS, n. *bell-chamber, belfry*.

KLUKKU-HLJÓÐ, n. = klukknahljóð; -STRENGR, m. *bell-string*.

KLUMBA, f. *club*, = klubba, kylfa.

KLUNGR (-RS, -RAR), m. *bramble*.

KLUNGRÓTTR, a. *grown with bramble*.

KLÚTR (-S, -AR), m. *kerchief*.

KLYF (pl. -JAR), f. *pack, truss* (on a pack-horse); -BERI, m. *pack-saddle*.

KLYFBERA-BAND, n. *pack-saddle girth*.

KLYFJA (AÐ), v. *to load with packs* (k. hest, asna af e-u).

KLYFJA (KLYF, KLUFÐA, KLUFIÐR), v. *to split, cleave*.

KLYFJA-BAND, n. *pack-girth*; -BURÐR, m. *carrying packs on horseback*; -HESTR, m., -hross, n. *pack-horse*.

KLÝPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to pinch, nip*.

KLÝPING, f. *pinching, nipping*.

KLÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to clothe*; k. sik, *to dress oneself*; refl., klæðast, *to dress oneself, put on one's clothes*, in the morning (síðan stóðu þeir upp ok klæddust).

KLÆÐA-, gen. pl. from 'klæði'; -BÚNAÐR, -BÚNINGR, m. *apparel*; -KAUP, n. *exchange of clothes*; -SKIPTI, n. pl. *change of clothes*; -SKURÐR, m., -SNIÐ, n. *cut, fashion of clothes*; -YLR, m. *warmth derived from clothes*; -ÖRK, f. *clothes-chest*.

KLÆÐ-FÁR, a. *thinly clad*; -HŒFR, a. *fit for wear*.

KLÆÐI, n. (1) *cloth, stuff* (ensk k. með mörgum litum); (2) *garment* (maðr í rauðu k.); (3) esp. in pl., *clothes, apparel, dress* (hvar fyrir berr þú rauð klæði?); fara í k., *to put on clothes*; fara af *or* ór klæðum, *to take off one's clothes*; bera k. (kasta klæðum) á vápn, *to throw clothes over the weapons* (to stop a fight).

KLÆÐ-LAUSS, a. *void of clothes, naked*; -LEYSI, n. *nakedness*; -MARGR, a. *well provided with clothes*.

KLÆÐNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *clothing, apparel* (k. þóru ok gripir).

KLÆÐ-SEKKR, m. *clothes-bag*.

KLÆJA (AÐ), v. *to itch*; nú klæja oss lófarnir, *now our palms itch*; impers., mér klæjar, *I itch*.

KLÆKI, n. *disgrace, cowardice*.

KLÆKI-LIGR, a. *dastardly, cowardly*.

KLÆKIS-EFNI, n. *mean proceeding*; -HÖGG, n. *dastardly blow*.

KLÆKI-SKAPR, m. *baseness, meanness*.

KLÆKIS-LAUST, adv. *blamelessly*; -MAÐR, m. *dastard*; -NAFN, n. *name for cowardice*; -ORÐ, a. = -nafn; -VERK, n. *base work*.

KLÆKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to put to shame*.

KLÆKJA-FULLR, a. *disgraceful, mean*.

KLÆMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to put to shame*.

KLÖK, a. pl., see 'klak'.

KLØKKNA (AÐ), v. *to become soft, soften* (þat vöknar ok kløkknar).

KLØKKR (acc. -VAN), a. *pliable, soft, yielding; easily affected*.

KLØKKVA (KLØKK; KLÖKK, KLUKKU; —), v. *to be moved to tears; to sob*.

KLØKKVA (-TA, -TR), v. *to soften*.

KLØKKVING, f. *emotion*.

KLÖMBR (gen. KLAMBRAR), f. *smith's vice*, fig. *a tight place*.

KLÖPP (gen. KLAPPAR, pl. KLAPPIR), f. *stepping-stone*.

KNAKKR (-S, -AR), m. a kind *of stool*.

KNAPI, *in. valet, varlet*.

KNAPPAÐR, pp. *furnished with studs or buttons* (k. kyrtill).

KNAPP-JÁRN, n. *iron staff with a knob at one end*.

KNAPPR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *knob* (staf íhendi ok knapp á); ríða knapp á, *to furnish a thing with a knob*; (2) stud, *button* (með knappi ok nezlu).

KNARRAR-BÁTR, m. *ship's boat* (see 'knörr'); -SKIP, n. = knörr; -SMIÐR, m. *shipwright*.

KNATT-DREPA, f., -GILDRA, f. = -tré; -HÖGG, n. *a blow with a ball*; -LEIKR, m. *playing at ball*; -TRÉ, n. *bat*.

KNÁ (pl. KNEGUM; KNÁTTA), a defective verb, *I can (could)*; knákat ek segja, *I cannot say* (poet.).

KNÁ-LEIKR, m. *prowess, hardihood*; -LIGA, adv. *hardily, doughtily* (þeir sœkja -liga ferðina); -LIGR, a. = knár.

KNÁR (KNÁ, KNÁTT), a. *hardy, vigorous; having strength and energy*.

KNÉ (gen. pl. KNJÁ, dat. KNJÁM or KNJÓM), m. (1) *knee*; sitja á kné e-m, *to sit on a person's knee*; ganga (koma, fara, hvarfa) fyrir k. e-m, *to approach one as a suppliant*; koma e-m á k., *to bring one to his knees, overcome*; láta k. fylgja kviði, *to plant the knee on the belly*; sitja fyrir knjóm e-rri, *to attend a woman in childbirth*; (2) *knee-timber in a ship*.

KNÉ-BEÐR, m. *knee cushion*; falla á -beð, *to kneel*; -BEYGJAST (Ð), v. refl. *to bow the knees*; -BJÖRG, f. *knee-piece*; -FALL, n. *kneeling*.

KNEFA (AÐ), v. *to determine* (er þar nú knefat um annat ráð).

KNÉ-FALLA (see FALLA), v. *to fall on the knees; to kneel*.

KNEIKING (pl. -AR), f. *close embrace, hug* (kossar ok kneikingar).

KNEIKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to bend backwards with force* (k. e-n aptr á bak).

KNÉ-LIÐR, m. *knee-joint*.

KNEPPA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to press, hug* (k. e-n at sér); (2) *to stud, button*.

KNÉ-RUNNR, m. *lineage, kinship; degree in descent*.

KNÉS-BÓT, f. *the hollow of the knee*.

KNÉ-SETJA (see SETJA), v. *to place upon one's knees*, a kind of adoption (hann -setti þann svein ok fóstraði); -SETNINGR, m. *foster-son*.

KNÉS-FÓTR, m. *ham hough* (= -bót).

KNÉ-SIG, n. *sinking on one's knees*; -SKEL, f. *knee-cap, knee-pan*; -SKOT, n. *humiliation*; koma -skoti á e-n *to bring one to his knees*.

KNEYFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to quaff* (Egill kneyfði af horninu í einum drykk).

KNÍA (AÐ), v. *to consider, debate* (er þeir kníaðu þetta mál milli sín).

KNÍA, v. poet., only in the pret. 'kníði', *to knock, strike*; kníðum unnir *we rowed*.

KNÍFR (-S, -AR), m. *knife, dirk*.

KNÍFS-BLAÐ, n. *knife's blade*; -HEPTI, n. *knife's handle*; -ODDR, m. *knife's point*; -SKEPTI, n. = -hepti.

KNOÐA (AÐ), v. *to knead* (k. saman mjöl ok smjör).

KNOKA (AÐ), v. *to knock, thump*.

KNOSA (AÐ), v. *to bruise, beat*.

KNÚI, m. *knuckle* (hvítnuðu knúarnir).

KNÚSKA (AÐ), v. *to knock, ill-treat*.

KNÚSKAN, f. *knocking, ill-treatmeant*.

KNÚTA, f. *knuckle-bone, joint-bone*.

KNÚTÓTTR, a. *knotted*.

KNÚTR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *knot*; leysa knút, *to undo a knot*; ríða knút, *to tie a knot*; knýta knút, *to knit a knot*; (2) *hump, protuberance*.

KNYKILL (pl. KNYKLAR), m. *small knot, protuberance*.

KNYLLA (-TA, -TR), v. *to beat, strike*

(þeir knylltu hann með keyrinu). knypri, n. *cowering*; vefja sik í k., *to crouch together*.

KNYTJA (AÐ), v. *to knit or tie together*.

KNÝFILL (pl. KNÝFLAR), m. *short horn*.

KNÝFLÓTTR, a. *short-horned*.

KNÝJA (KNÝ, KNÝÐA OR KNÚÐA, KNÚINN), v. (1) *to knock*; hann knúði hurðina, *he knocked at the door*; (2) *to press, drive onward* (þeir knúðu fast árar með stórum bakföllum); *to push, urge on* (hann gat varla fylgt henni, svá knúði hón fast reiðina); (3) refl. *to struggle on, press on*; því harðara er Þórr knúðist at fanginu, því fastara stóð hón, *the more Thor exerted himself, the firmer she stood*.

KNÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to knit, fasten by a knot, bind, tie* (hon knýtir saman halana á nautunum); with dat. (skulum vér k. líndregli um fremra stafn); impers., knýtti hrygginn (acc.), *the back knotted up, became crooked*.

KNÝTI, n. *bag, purse*.

KNÝTIL-SKAUTI, m. *a cloth or kerchief knotted up* (and used as a purse).

KNÝTI-SKAUTI, m. = knýtilskauti.

KNÝTTR, pp. *knotted, crippled*.

KNÖRR (gen. KNARRAR, dat. KNERRI; pl. KNERRIR, acc. KNÖRRU), m. *ship*, esp. *merchant-ship*, opp. to 'langskip'.

KNÖTTR (gen. KNATTAR, dat. KNETTI; pl. KNETTIR, acc. KNÖTTU), m. *ball*; herða knúa at knetti, *to play at ball*.

KODDI, m. *pillow*.

KOFARN, n., -RAKKI, m. *lap-dog*.

KOFI, m. *convent cell; hut, shed*.

KOFR, n. *coffer* (skrín ok k.).

KOFIR, m. *hood or bonnet of fur*.

KOFR-MÁLUGR, a. *testy, snappish*; -MENNI, n. *a snappish, testy person* (menniskapi).

KOGLA (AÐ), v. *to goggle, look askance*.

KOL, n. pl. *coals, charcoal* (svíða k.).

KOLA, f. *a small, open lamp*.

KOLA-, gen. pl. from 'kol'; -KARL, -MAÐR, m. *charcoal-maker*; -MEISS, m. *box for carrying coals*.

KOL-BITR, m. *coal-eater* (an idle person sitting always at the fireside); -BLAR, a. *coal-black*; -BRENNA, f. *charcoal-making*; -GRÖF, f. *charcoal pit*; -GØRÐ, f. = -brenna.

KOLLA, f. (1) *hind, cow*; (2) *woman* (only in compds.).

KOL-LAUPR, m. *coal-box*.

KOLL-HEIÐ, n. *bright sky overhead*; -HETTA, f., -HÖTTR, m. a kind of *round cap* (þeir höfðu grár -hettur).

KOLLÓTTR, a. (1) *without horns, polled* (ær kollótt); (2) *with shaven crown, hairless* (k. ok klæðlauss); *having the hair cut short*.

KOLLR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *top, summit* (á kollifjallsins); (2) *head, pate* (þeim var sprottit hár ór kolli); (3) *a shaven crown* (hann rakar af þeim hárit ok gørði þeim koll); (4) hrinda e-u um koll, *to overthrow*.

KOLL-SVEIBB, m. *boy with a flat cap*; -VARPA (AÐ), v. *to overthrow*; -VERPA (see verpa), v. = -varpa.

KOL-MERKTR, pp. *jet-black* (klæðimerkt); -REYKR, m. *smoke from burning charcoal*; -SVARTR, a. *coal-black*; -VIÐR, m. *wood for charcoal*.

KOMA (KEM; KOM OR KVAM, KÓMUM OR KVAMÚM; KOMINN), v. (1) *to come* (litlu síðarr kómu Finnar aptr heim); (2) *to come, arrive* (bréf kómu frá Skúla jarli); kom svá, at *(it came to pass, that)* Bárði var heitit meyjunni; (3) with dat. of the object, *to make to come, to take, bring, car-*

ry, &c.; hann skyldi k. Þór í Geirröðargarða, *he should make Th. come to G.*; hann kom Þórhaddi heilum yfir ána, *he brought Th. safe across the river*; k. e-m í hel, *to put one to death*; k. e-m til falls, *to make one fall*; k. e-m í sætt við e-n, *to reconcile one with another*; k. sér vel hjá e-m, *to bring oneself into favour with, be agreeable to* (þeir kómu sér vel við alla); k. e-u til leiðar (til vegar), *to effect, bring about*; k. orðum við e-n, *to speak with a person* (hann gørði sik svá reiðan, at ekki mátti orðum við hann k.); (4) with preps., k. e-u af sér, *to get rid of* (allt mun ek til vinna at k. af mér yðvarri reiði); k. e-u af, *to abolish* (því hafði eigi orðit af komitmeði öllu); k. at e-m, *to come upon one* (kómu þessir at honum fyrir Sjólandi með tveim skipum); k. at hendi, *to happen* (mikill vandi er kominn at hendi); impers., Gunnarr játaði því, en þá er at kom, vildi hann eigi, *G. agreed to it, but when it came to the point he would not*; k. at e-u, *to come at, regain, recover* (k. at hamri); k. sér at e-u, *to bring oneself to* (Þ. kom sér ekki at því); k. á e-t, *to come on, hit* (höggit kom á lærit); k. e-u á, *to bring about, effect* (máttu þeir øngum flutningum á k.); k. kristni (dat.) á England, *to christianize E.*; k. fram, *to come forth, appear, emerge* (sigldi E. suðr með landi ok kom fram í Danmörk); *to be produced, brought forward* (nú mun pat fram k. sem ek sagða); k. e-u fram, *to bring about, effect* (k. fram hefndum); k. fyrir e-t, *to be an equivalent for* (fyrir víg Hjartar skyldi k. víg Kols); allt mun k. fyrir eitt, *it will all come to the same*; k. fyrir ekki, *to come to naught, be of no avail*; e-m þykkir fyrir ván komit, at, *one thinks it past all hope, that*; k. e-u fyrir, *to destroy* (hann kom hverjum hesti fyrir); k. í e-t, *to come into, enter*; mál koma í dóm, *suits are brought up for judgement*; k. niðr, *to come down*; hann reyndi eptir, hvar G. væri niðr kominn, *what had become of G.*; kom þar niðr tal hennar, at hon sagði honum, hversu, *the end of her talk was, that she told him how* -; k. hart niðr, *to pay dearly for it* (ek hafða illa til gört, enda kom ek hart niðr); k. saman, *to come together, gather* (er saman kom liðit); *to agree*; þat kom saman (or ásamt) með þeim, *they agreed on it*; impers., kom þeim vel saman (ásamt), *they agreed well*; k. e-u saman, *to bring about, effect*; k. saman sættum með e-m, *to reconcile them*; k. til e-s, *to come to a person or place* (jarlinn kom með allan her sinn til Dyflinnar); k. till ríkis, *to come to, or succeed to, the throne*; k. til e-s, *to cause*: þat kemr til þess, at, *the reason is, that; to help, avail*: koma til lítils, *to come to little, be of small avail* (= k. fyrir lítit); *to concern*: þetta mál kemr ekki til þín, *this quarrel is no business of thine*; þat er til mín kemr, *so far as I am concerned; to mean, signify* (Þ. kvezk skilja, hvar orð hans kómu til); *to be of value*: sverð þat, er til kom mörk gulls, *that was worth a 'mark' of gold*; mikit þykkir til e-s k., *one is much thought of, is thought to be of great importance*; k. til, *to be born*; k. e-m undan, *to help one to escape*; k. undir e-n, *to come unto one*; ef undir oss skal k. kjörit, *if we are to choose*; k. e-m undir, *to get one down, overcome one*; k. upp, *to come up*; tungl kemr upp, *the moon rises*; eldr kom upp, *fire broke out*; kom þá upp af tali þeirra, at, *the end of their talk was, that; to come out, become known* (kom þat þá upp, at hann hafði beðit hennar); k. e-

u upp, *to open* (kerling tekr hörpuna ok vildi upp k.); hann mátti lengi eigi orði upp k., *it was long before he could utter a word*; k. við e-t, *to touch* (komit var við hurðina); þeir kómu við sker, *they struck on a reef*; hann kemr við margar sögur, *he appears in many sagas; to be added to* (koma þær nætr við hinar fyrri); k. við, *to fit, be convenient, suit*; k. e-u við, *to employ, make use of* (ek mátta eigi boganum við k.); hann kom því við *(he brought about)*, at engi skyldi fara með vápn; urðu þeir at flýja sem því kómu við, *all fled that could*; k. sér við, *to bring about, effect, be able to do* (ek mun veita þér slíkt lið sem ek má mér við k.); *to behave* (hversu hann kom sér við í þessum málum); k. yfir, *to pass over* (hvert kveld, er yfir kom); (5) refl., komast, *to come to the end, get through, reach* (hann komst við svá búit í ríki sitt); k. af, *to escape, save one's life* (tveir drukknuðu kómust af); k. at e-u, *to get at a thing, procure*; eigi skaltu illa at k., *thou shalt not get it unfairly*; k. á fœtr, *to get on one's legs*; k. undan, *to escape* (alt þat lið, er undan komst); k. út, *to get out*; k. við, *to be able* (brenn allt ok bæl sem þú mátt við k.); *to be touched* (hann komst mjök við ok felldi tár); k. við veðri, *to get abroad* (hann lét þat ekki við veðri k.); k. yfir e-t, *to overcome, get hold of* (er hann komst yfir féit).

KOMA, f. *arrival*, = kváma.

KOMINN, pp. *come*; k. af e-m, *descended from*; k. af sér, *in a declining state, on the decline* (kristnin var mjök svá af sér komin); k. at andláti, dauða, *breathing one's last*; vóru þeir mjök at komnir, *they were much exhausted*; vel (illa) k., *in good (bad) estate*; hann var vel til náms k., *he was in a good place for learning*; mér þykkir son minn hvergi betr k., *methinks my son is nowhere better off, in better hands*; k. á sik vel, *in a good state, accomlished* (k. á sik manna bezt); vera á legg k., *to be grown up*; vera svá aldrs k., *to be of such an age*; hann sagði henni, hvar þá var komit, *he told her how matters stood*; vera k. til e-s, *to be entitled to* (þeir, er til einskis eru komnir); rétt k. til konungdóms, *right heir to the kingdom*.

KOMPÁNA-SKAPR, m. *companionship*.

KOMPÁNN, m. = kumpánn.

KOMPÁSS, m. *ring, circle, compass*.

KOMU-MAÐR, m. *new comer, guest*.

KONA (gen. pl. KVENNA), f. (1) *woman* (var hón kvenna fríðust); (2) *wife* (ek em k. Njáls).

KONAR, gen. sing. from an obsolete 'konr', *kind*; alls k., *of all kinds*; hvers k., *of every kind*; margs k., *of many kinds*; ýmiss k., *of sundry kinds*; sams k., *of the same kind*.

KONR (pl. -IR), m. poet. (1) *son, descendant, kinsman*; (2) *man*.

KONU-BÚ, n. *woman's estate*; -EFNI, n. *one's future wife, bride*; -FÉ, n. *marriage portion*; -HÁR, n. *woman's hair*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *woman's attire*; -LAUSS, a. *wifeless, widowed* (verða-lauss); -MÁL, n. *love affair* (verða-sekr um -mál), = kvennamál; -NÁM, n. *abduction of a woman*.

KONUNGA (AÐ), v. *to address as a king, to call by the name of king*.

KONUNGA-KYN, n. *royal kin, royalty*; -SKIPTI, n. *change of kings, succession*; -STEFNA, f. *meeting of kings*; -SÆTT, f. *peace between kings*; -TAL, n. *series of kings*; -ÆTT, f. = -kyn.

KONUNG-BORINN, pp., -BORLIGR, a. *of royal birth*; -DJARFR, a. *speaking boldly to kings*; -DÓMR, m. *kingdom*; -LAUSS, a.

kingless, without a king; -LIGR, a. *kingly, royal*; -MAÐR, m. *royal person, king*.

KONUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *king*.

KONUNG-RÍKI, n. *kingdom*.

KONUNGS-ATSETR, n. *king's residence*; -BRÉF, n. *king's writ, warrant*; -BÚ, n. *royal estate*; -EFNI, n. *future king*; -EIGUR, f. pl. *royal property*; -EYRENDI, n. *royal errand*; -FUNDR, m. *audience given by a king*; -GARÐR, m. *king's palace*; -HÖFN, f. *king's haven*; -KVEÐJA, f. *address to a king*; -LEYFI, n. *king's leave*; -LYKILL, m. *the king's key = axe* (which opens all doors and chests); munu þeir bera -lykil at húsinu, *they will break in by force*; -LÆGI, n. *king's berth*; -NAFN, n. *king's title*; -NAUTR, m. *king's gift*; -NÍÐINGR, m. *traitor to the king*; -RÍKI, n. *kingdom*; -SETR, n. *royal residence*; -SKRÚÐI, m. *king's apparel*; -STEÐI, m. *the king's stithy, the mint*; -SVEIT, f. *king's retinue*; -SÝSLA, f. *royal office, district*; -SÆTI, n. *king's seat, residence*; -TEKJA, f. *election of a king*; -TIGN, f. *royal dignity*; -VÍGSLA, f. *coronation*.

KONUNG-SÆLL, a. *blessed with good kings* (höfum vér verit -sælir).

KOPAR-KANNA, f. *copper can*; -KROSS, m. *copper cross*.

KOPARR, m. *copper*.

KOPAR-STIKA, f. *copper candlestick*.

KOPPR (-S, -AR), m. *cup, small vessel*.

KORDÚNU-HOSUR, f. pl. *hose of cordovan leather*.

KORN, n. *corn, grain* (þar var hallæri á korni); *oats* (gefa hestum k.); in pl. *stores of grain* (hann flutti með sér mikil korn).

KORN-AMSTR, n. *corn-stack*; -ÁR, n. *crop*; -árit brast, *the crop failed*.

KORN-BRETAR, m. pl. *the Britons of Cornwall* (Kornbreta-land).

KORN-FRJÓ, n. *seed-corn*; -HJÁLMR, m. *corn-stack*; -HLAÐA, f. *barn*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of corn*; -KIPPA, f. *basket for seed-corn*; -SALA, f. *sale of corn*; -SKREPPA, f. *corn-bag*.

KORNSKURÐAR-MAÐR, m. *shearer, reaper*; -MÁNAÐR, m. *shearing month*.

KORN-SKURÐR, m. *shearing, reaping*; -VIST, f. *stores of corn*.

KORPR, m. *raven*, = hrafn.

KOS-EYRIR, m. *choice things*.

KOSNING, f., KOSNINGR, m. *election*.

KOSS (pl. KOSSAR), m. *kiss*.

KOSS-MILDR, a. *fond of kissing*.

KOSTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to try*, with gen.; k. afls, magns, *to try (put forth) one's strength*; k. mans, *to fall in love*; B. þurfti alls at k., *B. had to exert all his strength*; k. kapps, *to strive hard*; (2) *to exert oneself, strive*, with infin. (í því, er hann kostar upp at rísa); kostit svá keppa, at Guðrún kløkkvi, *do your best to draw tears from G.*; (3) *to injure, hurt* (bæði var kostat hold hans ok bein); impers., þat fall var svá mikit, at kostaði lærlegg hans, *that his thigh-bone was hurt*; (4) k. e-n mikit, lítit, *to cost one much, little*; impers., kostar e-n e-t, *it costs one so and so much*, with the price in gen. (kostar þik þat nökkurs), or acc. (einn riddara kostar átta merkr gulls sinn búnað); (5) *to defray the expenses of* (þat boð kostaði Unnr); þú hefir kostat oss, *thou hast entertained us*.

KOSTA- gen. pl. from 'kostr'; -BOÐ, n. *favourable choice*; -LAUSS, a. = -vanr; -MIKILL, a. *good, fine, valuable*; -MUNR, m. *difference in quality* (eigi er -munr með ykkr).

KOSTAN, f. (1) *pains, effort* (lagði k. ok stund á at fremja kristni); (2) *temptation*

(k. fjándans).

KOSTA-VANDR, a. *fastidious*; -VANR, a. *cheerless*.

KOST-GÓÐR, a. *of good quality*; -GRIPR, m. *costly thing, choice thing*; -GÆFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to push on with a thing*; -gæfa eptirförina, *to press the pursuit hard*; (2) with infin., *to strive, take pains* (Þ. kostgæði svá mjök at hjálpa föruneyti sínu); -GÆFÐ, f., -GÆFI, n. and f. *painstaking, care*; með öllu -gæfi, *with all diligence*; -GÆFLIGA, adv. *with pains, diligently*; -GÆFLIGR, a., -GÆFR, a. *painstaking, diligent*.

KOSTIGR, a. *of good quality, choice*.

KOST-ILLR, a. *of mean quality, poor*; -LAUSS, a. *of no use, bad*; -LIGR, a. *desirable, advantageous*; -MÓÐR, a. *heavy with food*.

KOSTNAÐAR-MIKILL, -SAMR, a. *very costly, expensive*.

KOSTNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *cost, expense*; (2) *maintenance, living*.

KOSTR (-AR, pl. -IR, acc. -I or -U), m. (1) *choice, alternative* (hann sá engan sinn kost annan); mun ek engan kost á gøra, *I will give no choice in the matter*; (2) *choice, terms* (hvern kost vili þér nú gøra Ingjaldi); hugsat hefi ek kostinn, *I have thought over the terms*; (3) *choice, chance, opportunity*; k. er e-s, *there is a chance* (þat er hverjum manni boðit at leita sér lífs, meðan k. er); eiga e-s kost, *to have a choice of* (eiga slíkra manna kost); eiga alls kosti við e-n, *to have one altogether in one's power*; (4) *match* (Sigríðr hét dóttir hans ok þótti bezir k. á Hálogalandi); hann spyrr, hverr eigi að ráða fyrir kosti hennar, *who was to give her away*; (5) *state, condition*; sjá fyrir sínum kosti, *to take care of oneself*; síðan lét Símon varðveita kost hennar, *look after her affairs*; (6) *cost, expense* = kostnaðr (þat skip höfðu bœjarmenn látit gøra af sínum kosti); (7) *means, victuals, provisions* (bauð hann Oddi alla kosti með sér); (8) *food* (þat var siðr at fœra konum þeim kost, er á sæng hvíldu); (9) *board* (þá bauð Ketill fé fyrir kost hennar); (10) *stores, goods* (tvau skip hlaðin vænum kosti); (11) *good quality, good things*; segja kost ok löst á e-u, *to tell both the good and the bad of a thing*; fær þú fátt af mér fríðra kosta, *thou shalt get little good from me*; (12) *virtue*, opp. to 'löstr'; (13) adverb. usages, þat er til kostar, ef, *it is well done, if*; at þeim kosti, *on that condition*; at öðrum kosti, *else, otherwise*; at síðasta, efsta kosti, *in the last instance, last emergency*; alls kostar, *quite, in every respect*; eigi eins kostar, *not very, not peculiarly*; annars kostar, *as for the rest*; nökkurs kostar, *in any wise*; þess kostar, *in this case, thus*.

KOSTU-LIGR, a. *costly, excellent* (hann hélt eina -liga veizlu).

KOST-VANDR, a. *fastidious*.

KOT, n. *cottage, small farm, hut*.

KOT-BÓNDI, m. *cotter*; -BŒR, m. = kot; -KARL, m. *cotter, cottager*.

KOTKARLS-SON, m. *churl's son*.

KOT-LÍFI, n. *humble life*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *meanly, in a beggarly way*.

KOTUNGR (-S, -AR), m. = kotkarl.

KÓF, n. *thick vapour, steam*.

KÓF-VIÐRI, m. *thick fall of snow*.

KÓLFR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *clapper, tongue of a bell*; (2) a kind of *bolt*; svá skjótt (snart) sem kólfi skjóti (skyti), *swift as an arrow*.

KÓLF-SKOT, n. *bolt-shot*.

KÓLGA, f. poet. *wave, billow*.

KÓLNA (AÐ), v. *to become cold* (veðrit

kólnar); impers., e-m kólnar, *one gets cold* (oss kólnar á knjánum).

KÓLNAN, f. *cooling down, getting colder* (þá er sólargangr í k.).

KÓNG-, see 'konung-'.

KÓNGR (-S, -AR), m. = konungr.

KÓPA (-TA, -T), v. *to stare, gape*.

KÓR-BÓK, f. *choir-book, hymn-book*; -DYRR, f. pl. *choir-door*; -KÁPA, f. *choir-cope*.

KÓRÓNA, f. *crown*, = krúna.

KÓRÓNA (AÐ), v. *to crown*, = krúna.

KÓR-PRESTR, n. *choir-priest*.

KÓRR (gen. KÓRS), m. *choir, chancel*.

KÓRS-BRÓÐIR, m. *canon*, = kanúkr.

KÓR-SMÍÐ, f. *building of a choir*; -ÞILI, n. *panel of the choir*.

KRABBA-MARK, -MERKI, n. *the zodiacal sign Cancer*.

KRABBI, m. *a crab* (k. gengr öfugr löngum).

KRAFA, f. *claim, demand*.

KRAFLA (AÐ), v. *to make (slight) pawing movements with the hands*.

KRAFSA (AÐ), v. *to paw, scrape, or scratch with the feet* (uxinn krafsaði sem hross).

KRAKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to furnish with pales*; (2) *to grip the bottom* (tóku þá akkerin at k.); (3) k. e-t upp, *to fetch up from the bottom* (krökuðu þeir hann upp ok fluttu til lands).

KRAKI, m. (1) *pale, stake*; (2) *thin pole*; (3) a kind of *drag or boat-hook*.

KRAK-LIGR, a. *slender, thin and weak*.

KRAMMR, a. *half thawed* (k. snjór).

KRANGA (AÐ), v. *to creep along*.

KRANGR, a. *weak, frail*.

KRANK-DÓMR, m., -DŒMI, n. *ailing, illness*; -LEIKR, m. = -dómr.

KRANKR, a. (1) *ill, silk*; mér er krankt, *I am ill*; (2) *sore, distressing*.

KRAP, n. *half thawed snow, slush*.

KRAPA-DRÍFA, f. *shower of sleet*; -FÖR, f. *drift of thawed ice* (in a river).

KRAPI, m. = krap.

KRAPPA-RÚM, n. *'strait-room'* (a place before a ship's 'lypting').

KRAPPR, a. (1) *strait, narrow* (kröpp leið); koma í krappan stað, *to get into straits*; (2) *sharp, crafty* (kröpp Guðrún).

KRAPTA-, gen. pl. from 'kraptr'; -LÁN, n. *gifts of strength (power)*; -LIFNAÐR, m., -LIF, n. *virtuous life*; -LÍTILL, a. *weak, wanting strength*; -MAÐR, m. *strong (virtuous) man*; -MIKILL, a. *strong*.

KRAPT-AUÐIGR, a. (1) *very powerful*; (2) *highly virtuous*.

KRAPTR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *might, strength, power*; með öllum krapti, *with might and main*; (2) *virtue*; (3) *superhuman being, angel*.

KRÁ, f. *nook, corner*.

KRÁKA, f. *crow* (galandi k.).

KRÁKR, m. *crow or raven*.

KRÁKU-SKEL, f. *mussel*; -STIGR, m. *'crow-path', crooked way, zigzag*; -UNGI, m. *young crow*.

KRÁS, f. *dainty* (dýrðligar krásir).

KREDDA, f. *creed* (Lat. *credo*).

KREFJA (KREF, KRAFÐA, KRAFÐR and KRAFINN), v. *to crave, demand, claim* (k. e-n e-s); k. e-n máls, orða, *to ask speech of one* (engi þorði at k. hann orða); hann krafði dura, *he asked to be let in, knocked at the door*; refl., krefjast, *to claim*, with gen. (krafðist Hávarðr torfunnar).

KREGÐ, f. *pining away*, a nickname.

KREISTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to squeeze, press*; fig. *to force, compel*.

KREISTING, f. *squeezing, pressing*.

KRELLR, m. *pith, spirit, hardihood* (engi krellr er í yðr).

KREMJA (KREM, KRAMADA, KRAMIÐR, KRAMDR, or KRAMINN), v. *to squeeze* (hann kramdi hold af beinum); refl., kremjast, *to be pinched, pine* (from a wasting sickness).

KRENKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make sick*.

KREPPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to squeeze, press*; k. at e-m, *to press hard on one* (krepptu þeir svá hart at þorgrími, at hann); impers., e-n kreppir, *one becomes crippled*; krepptr, *crippled* (hón var kreppt öll, svá at báðir fœtr lágu bjúgir við knén).

KREPPA, KREPPING, f. *strait, scrape* (koma í kreppu).

KREPPINGR, m. *handful* (hafa krepping fullan).

KRETTA (pret. KRATT), v. *to murmur, complain* (engi þorði um at kretta).

KRIKTA (-KTA, -KT), v. = kretta (þeir þoldu illa, ok kriktu um).

KRING, adv. *round*; ganga í hring ok í kring, *all around, round and round*; í kring um, *around*, with acc. (þú skalt róa í kring um skútuna).

KRINGJA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to encircle, surround* (Birkibeinar kringdu bæinn þegar); usually with prep. 'um' (þeir kringdu um kirkjuna); (2) *to go round* (kringið um borgina).

KRINGLA, f. *disk, circle, orb*.

KRINGLÓTTR, a. *round, circular*.

KRINGLU-SKURÐR, m. *tonsure*; -SÓTT, f. *the staggers* (in sheep).

KRINGR, a. *easy*; svá var honum k. skáldskapr sem öðrum mönnum mál sitt, *verse-making was as easy to him as speaking to other men*.

KRISMA (AÐ), v. *to anoint*.

KRISMA, n., KRISMI, m. *chrism*.

KRISMU-KER, n. *chrismatorv*.

KRIST-FÉ, n. '*Christ-fee*' (property given for the support of the poor).

KRISTI-LIGA, adv. *in a Christian-like way*; -LIGR, a. *Christian(like)*.

KRISTIN-DÓMR, m. *Christendom, Christianity* (also 'kristinn dómr').

KRISTINN, a. *Christian*; kristin lög, *ecclesiastical law*.

KRIST-MAÐR, m. *champion of Christ*.

KRISTNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to christianize*; (2) *to christen, baptize*.

KRISTNI, f. *Christianity, Christendom*.

KRISTNI-BOÐ, n., -BOÐAN, f. *preaching the Gospel*; -HALD, n. *keeping Christianity*; -LÖG, n. pl. = kristin lög; -SPELL, n. *breach, profanation of Christianity*.

KRISTR (gen. KRISTS), m. *Christ*.

KRIKAR, m. pl. *groin*.

KRJÚPA (KRÝP; KRAUP, KRUPUM; KROPINN), v. (1) *to creep, crouch* (vóru dyrnar svá lágar, at nær varð at k. inn); (2) *to fall prostrate, kneel* (þá er vér krjúpum til hans með iðran).

KROF, n. *cut-up carcase* of a slaughtered animal (cf. sauðarkrof).

KROPNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to be crippled*; (2) *to be clenched, stiffened* (var höndin kropnuð at bréfinu).

KROPNING, f. *kneeling*.

KROPPA (AÐ), v. *to crop, pick*.

KROPPIN-BAKR, m. *hump-back*.

KROPPR (-S, -AR), m. *the body, trunk* (kroppr arnarins).

KROSS (pl. -AR), m. (1) *cross, crucifix*; (2) *sign of the cross*; í k., *cross-wise, in the form of a cross* (leggja hendr í k.; rétta sik í k.).

KROSSA (AÐ), v. *to mark with a cross*; refl., krossast, *to take the cross* (as a crusader).

KROSSA-LAUST, adv. *without making the sign of the cross*.

KROSSAN, f. *taking the cross*.

KROSS-FESTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to fasten to the cross, crucify*; -FESTING, f. *crucifixion*; -HÚS, n. *house containing a cross*; -MAÐR, m. *warrior of the cross*; -MARK, n. *sign of the cross*; -MESSA, f. *Cross-mass*, twice a year, in the spring (-messa um várit), the 3rd of May, *Invention of the Cross*, and in autumn, the 14th of Sept., *Elevation of the Cross*; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. *Hours of the Cross*.

KRÓKA-SPJÓT, n. *barbed spear*.

KRÓK-FALDR, m. *a form of women's head-dress*; -FJÖÐR, f. *barbed head of a spear*; -LYKILL, m. *hook-shaped key*.

KRÓKÓTTR, a. (1) *crooked, win* krókótt á, *winding river*; (2) *cunning, crafty*.

KRÓK-PALLR, m. *corner seat*.

KRÓKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *hook* (nef hans var mikit ok krókr á); (2) *barb*, on a spear or arrow-head (cf. krókaspjót, krókör); (3) *peg* (þeir tóku reip ofan ór krókum); (4) *a fire-hook*; (5) *curve, bend, winding*; rista krók, *not to go straight*; gøra sér króka, *to make a detour*; (6) *corner* (nú gangit þér í krókinn hjá húsinu).

KRÓK-STAFR, m. *crooked stick*.

KRÓK-ÖR, f. *barbed arrow*.

KRUMMA, f. *clownish hand, paw*.

KRUMMI, m. a pet name of a *raven*.

KRÚNA, f. (1) *crown*; (2) *shaven crown, tonsure*.

KRÚNA (AÐ), v. *to crown*.

KRYDD, n. spice.

KRYFJA (KRYF, KRUFÐA, KRUFÐR and KRUFINN), v. *to open up, disembowel* (þá krufði hann hana sinn).

KRYMMA, f. = krumma.

KRYPPA, f. *hump, hunch*.

KRYPPILL, KRYPPLINGR, m. cripple.

KRYSJA (KRUSTA), v. *to crouch, linger*.

KRYTJA (KRUTTA, KRUTT), v. *to murmur, grumble* (k. um e-t).

KRYTR, m. *noise, murmur*.

KRÆKI-BER, n. *crowberry*.

KRÆSAST (T), v. *to fare sumptuously*.

KRŒKILL, m. = krókstafr.

KRŒKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to hook*, with dat. (hann krœkti handarstúfinum í kistuhringana); krœkt er saman beinum í þér, *thy bones are hooked together*, i. e. *badly knit*; (2) *to grasp (drag) with a hook*, with acc. (Þ. krœkti mann Sturlu at sér með øxinni); (3) *to go in circuits, in windings* (fjörðrinn krœkti ymsa vegu inn í landit); (4) vera inni krœktr, *to be shut in*.

KRÖF (gen. KRAFAR, pl. KRAFIR), f. *claim, demand*.

KRÖM (gen. KRAMAR; pl. KRAMAR), f. *long or wasting illness*.

KRÖPTUGR, a. *strong, vigorous*.

KRÖPTURLIGAN, adv. *with might and main* (róa k., *viz.* róðr).

KUFL, m. *cowl, cowled cloak*; -HÖTTR, m. *cowl*; -MAÐR, m. *cowl-man*.

KUFLUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *cowl-man*.

KUGGR (-S, -AR), m. *large (foreign) merchant-ship, 'cog'*.

KUKL, n. *juggling, sorcery*.

KUKLARA-SKAPR, m. = kukl.

KUKLARI, m. *juggler, wizard*.

KUL, n. *breeze* (fagrt k.).

KULDA-SAMR, a. *cold, chilly*; -VATN, n. *cold water*; -VETR, n. *cold weather*.

KULDI, m. (1) *cold*; pl. kuldar, *continued cold weather* (váru frost mikil ok kuldar); (2) fig. *coldness, frigidity* (kenna kulda af e-m).

KULT, n. *quill, counterpane*.

KUL-VÍSS, a. *sensitive to cold*.

KUMBL, KUML, n. (1) *mark, sign, badge*; (2) *sepulchral monument, cairn* (þau liggja

bæði í kumli).

KUMBLA, KUMLA (AÐ), v. *to bruise, wound* (sárr ok kumlaðr).

KUMBLA-SMIÐR, m. *'wound-maker', warrior, hero* (poet.).

KUMBL-BÚI, m. *cairn-dweller*.

KUMBL-DYS, f. *little cairn*.

KUMPÁNN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *fellow, companion*; (2) *the male organ*.

KUMPÁSS, m. = kompáss.

KUNNA (KANN, KUNNA, KUNNAT), v. (1) *to know, understand* (þú kannt margt þat er eigi kunnu aðrir menn); (2) *to know* (by memory); ljóð ek þau kann, er kannat þjóðans kona, *I know songs, such as no king's daughter knows*; (3) *to know* a person; unni honum hverr maðr, er hann (acc.) kunni, *every man that knew him loved him*; (4) spec. phrases; k. hóf at um e-t, k. hóf sitt, *to know the proper mean, to behave with moderation*; uxarnir kunnu þó heim, *the oxen found their way home*; k. enga mannraun *to have no experience of men*; k. e-m þökk, aufusu, *to be thankful, obliged to one*; (5) k. sik, *to know oneself* (sá er svinnr, er sik kann); *to behave well* (G. kveðst mundu meiða hann, ef hann kynni sik eigi); (6) k. sér e-t, *to understand, have clear knowledge of* (something as concerning oneself or touching one's own interest); k. sér margt, *to be skilled in many things*; k. fyrir sér = k. sér; also ellipt. *know how to conduct oneself*; (7) with dat. *to know*; ek kan skapi Gunnhildar, *I know Gunhild's temper*; (8) k. e-n e-s *or* um e-t, *to blame a person for a thing* (eigi hugða ek, at hann mætti mik þessa k.); eigi er hann um þat at k., *he is not to be blamed for it*; (9) *to be pleased or not with a thing*; Eyjúlfr lézt því nafni mundu vel k., *E. said he should be well pleased with that name*; (10) *to be able*, with infin.; þú skalt eigi k. frá tíðindum at segja, *thou shalt not escape to tell the tale*; (11) *to chance, happen*; hvar sem þik kann at at bera, *wheresoever thou may happen to arrive*.

KUNNANDI, pr. p. *knowing* (margs k.).

KUNNANDI, f. *knowledge, accomplishments* (nökkurs konar list eða k.).

KUNNASTA, f., KUNNÁTTA, f. *knowledge; magical lore*.

KUNNÁTTU-LEYSI, n. *ignorance*; -LÍTILL, a. *ignorant*.

KUNN-GØRA (see GØRA), v. *to make known* (=gøra kunnigt).

KUNNIGR, a. (1) *known*; gøra kunnigt, *to make known*; mér er kunnigt um e-t, *I know, have knowledge of*; (2) *versed in magic art*, = fjölkunnigr; (3) *akin to* (ás-, álf-, goð-kunnigr).

KUNNINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *acquaintance* (vinir ok kunningjar).

KUNN-KONA, f. *female acquaintance*; -LEIKI, m., -LEIKR, m. (1) *knowledge, intelligence*; gøra e-m e-t í -leika, *to inform a person of*; e-m er -leiki á e-u, e-t er e-m í kunnleika, *one knows, is acquainted with*; (2) *intimacy, familiarity* (-leikar eru með þeim, í milli þeirra); -LIGA, adv. *familiarly, intimately* (kveðjast -liga); -MAÐR, m. = kunningi.

KUNNR, a. (1) *known* (þér munu kunnar leiðir); k. at e-u, *known for something* (þú ert k. at drengskap); (2) *familiar*; þeir vóru mjök kunnir áðr, *intimate friends*.

KURFI, n. *cuttings of wood*.

KURFLA (AÐ), v. *to chop (wood)*.

KURFR (-S, -AR), m. *chip, cut-off piece*.

KURR, m. (1) *murmur, grumbling* (of a number of persons); (2) *rumour* (spurðist þessi k. í Vindland).

KURRA (AÐ), v. *to murmur, grumble* (kurruðu bœndr mjök).

KURR-HUGI, m. *low spirits*; vera í -huga, *to be anxious, concerned*.

KURTEISI, f. *courtesy, good manners, chivalry* (hann lét kenna honum alls konar k.).

KURTEIS-LIGA, adv. (1) *courteously, gracefully* (heilsa -liga); (2) *with dignity, nobly* (bar hann svá -liga sinn harm); -LIGR, a. *courteous, graceful*.

KURTEISS, a. *courteous, well-bred* (væn kona ok kurteis); hann var lítill vexti, en þó k., *he was small of stature, but yet elegant*.

KÚFÓTTR, a. *convex* (kúfótt hvel).

KÚFUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *sea snail*.

KÚGA (AÐ), v. *to cow, force, tyrannize over* (ek man ekki k. hann til nökkurra hluta); k. e-t af e-m, *to press out of one*; láta kúgast, *to let oneself be cowed into submission*.

KÚGAN, f. *oppression, use of force* (hafðu k. við þá uppi við fjöllin).

KÚ-GILDI, n. *cow's value*, = kýrlag; -GILDR, a. *of a cow's value*.

KÚLA, f. *knob, boss, ball*.

KÚLU-BAKR, m. *humpback*.

KÚR-HUGI, m. = kurr-hugi.

KVAÐA, f. *request, claim, demand*.

KVAÐNING, f. (1) *greeting, salutation*; (2) *request, demand*.

KVAKA (AÐ), v. *to twitter, chirp*.

KVAK-SAMR, a. *whining, querulous*.

KVALA-, gen. pl. from 'kvöl'; -LAUSS, a. *without torments*; -MAÐR, m. = kvalari; -STAÐR, m. *place of torment*.

KVALARI, m. *tormentor*.

KVAL-RÆÐI, n. *torture, torments*.

KVAL-SAMLIGR, a. *tormenting*.

KVANTA (AÐ), v. *to molest, injure*.

KVANTR, m. *loss, damage*.

KVARÐI, m. *yard-wand*.

KVARTA (AÐ), v. *to complain*; k. um e-t, *to complain of a thing*.

KVARTSAMR, a. *given to complaining*.

KVÁMA, f. *arrival*, = koma.

KVÁN, f. *wife* (Heðins k.).

KVÁNAR-EFNI, n. *one's future wife*; -MUNDR, m. *a sum paid by a man for his wife*.

KVÁN-BŒNIR, f. pl. *wooing*; -FANG, n. *taking a wife; marriage; match* (gott -fang), *wife*.

KVÁNGA (AÐ), v. *to make a man marry*; kvángaðr, *married*; refl., kvángast, *to marry, take a wife*.

KVÁNGAN, f. *the taking of a wife*.

KVÁN-LAUSS, a. *wifeless, unmarried, widowed*; -RÍKI, n. *the domineering of a wife*; hafa -ríki, *to be hen-pecked*.

KVÁRA (AÐ), v. *to rattle*.

KVÁTRA, f. a kind of *backgammon*.

KVEÐA (kveð; kvað, kváðum; kveðinn), v. (1) *to say, utter*; hann kvað eigi orð, *he did not utter a word*; k. gleði-orð, *to say a cheerful word*; with infin., hann kvað þat satt vera, *he said it was true*; k. at orði, *to express oneself, say, speak*; (2) *to (compose and) say aloud* (hann kvað vísu); *to recite, repeat* (S. bað hann þá k. kvæðit þat, er hann hafði ort); (3) with preps., k. at, *to say, state*; gramm. *to pronounce, sound*; k. e-t at e-m, *to inflict on*; mikill harmr er at oss kveðinn, *great grief has been sent on us*; k. á, *to fix, determine* (k. á stefnudag); impers. *to state*; kveðr þar skýrt á þetta, *it is there expressly stated; to cancel, object to* (k. á gögn, *to cancel the evidence) to make up one's mind, resolve*; k. e-t upp, *to recite, declare* (þat skulu lög vera, sem hann kveðr upp); k. við, *to re-*

ply, answer (hitki hann veit, hvat hann skal við k., ef); *to utter a cry*, &c. (hundrinn kvað við hátt); *to sound* (því næst kvað lúðr við); (4) refl., kveðast, *to say of oneself*; þeir er biskupar kváðust vera, *who said they were bishops*; hann kveðst eigi ríða mundu, *he said he would not ride*; impers., mér kveðsk = ek kveð mér; Kára kvaðsk (= Kári kvað sér) önnur ferð betri þykkja, *K. said he thought another course preferable*; kveðast at, *to exchange verses or songs*.

KVEÐANDI, f. (1) *recitation, chanting or singing* (fögr var sú k. at heyra); (2) *rhythm, flow of a verse* (þó fegra þær mjök í k.).

KVEÐJA (KVEÐ, KVADDI, KVADDR), v. (1) *to call on, summon* (Þórvaldr kvaddi húskarla sína); k. e-n e-s, *to request (demand) of one*; k. matar, svefns, *to call for food, sleep*; k. sér hljóðs, *to call for a hearing*; k. þings, *to convoke a meeting*; k. e-n e-s, *to call on, summon, one to do something* (vóru vér kvaddir at bera vitni þat); (2) *to welcome, greet* (þeir kvöddu konung); of one departing, *to bid farewell, take leave of* (hann gengr nú í brott ok kveðr engan mann); refl., kveðjast, *to greet one another* (þeir kvöddust vel); (3) with preps., k. e-n at e-u, *to call on a person to do a thing, call his attention to* (þik kveð ek at þessu); k. e-n frá e-u, *to exclude from, deprive of* (ek hefi opt menn frá æfi kvadda, er eigi vildu hlýða mínum boðum); k. e-n til e-s, *to call on one for a thing* (k. menn til ferðar); k. e-n upp, *to call on one to rise* (síðan vaknaði Haraldr ok kvaddi upp menn sína); *to summon to arms*; síðan safnaði hann liði ok kveðr upp almenning, *after that he gathered men and roused the whole country*; k. e-n út, *to call one out of the house* (hann kvaddi út Höskuld ok Hrút).

KVEÐJA, f. *welcome, greeting, salutation* (konungr tók kveðju hans).

KVEÐJU-BOÐ, n., -SENDING, f. *greeting from one absent, compliments*.

KVEÐ-SKAPR, m. *poetry, verse-making* (góðr, illr, -skapr).

KVEFJA (KVAFÐA), v. = kefja.

KVEIF, f. *coif, cap*, esp. *mitre*.

KVEIKING, f. *kindling*.

KVEIKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to light, kindle*; k. eld, ljós, *to kindle a fire, light*; (2) fig. *to arouse, give rise to* (k. sorg, harm, fjándskap).

KVEIKJA, f. *kindling* (öfundar k.).

KVEIKR, m. *wick of a lamp*.

KVEIN, n. *wailing, lamentation*.

KVEINA (AÐ), v. *to wail, lament*; k. um e-t, *to com plain of* (er hér kveinat um eldiviðarfæð).

KVEINAN, f. *wailing*.

KVEINKA (AÐ), v. *to complain*.

KVEINKAN, f. *lamentation*.

KVEIN-SAMLIGR, a. *doleful*; -STAFIR, m. pl. *wailings, lamentations*.

KVEISA, f. *whitlow, boil* (hann hefir kveisu mikla í fœtinum).

KVEISU-NAGLI, m. *the core of a boil*.

KVELD, n. *evening*; at kveldi (dags), *at eventide*; í k., *to-night*; á kveldit, á kveldum, *of an evening, in the evenings*; um kveldit, *in the evening, that evening*.

KVELDA (AÐ), v. impers., kveldar *or* daginn tekr at k., *evening draws near*.

KVELD-LANGT, adv. *all the evening* (drekka -langt); -LIGR, a. *pertaining to evening*; -MÁL, n. *eventide*; -MÁLTÍÐ, f. *supper*; -RIÐA, f. *night-hag, witch* (riding on wolves in the twilight); -SETA, f. *sitting up late*; -SVÆFR, a. *inclined to sleep*

in the evening, opp. to 'morgunsvæfr'; -söngr, m. *evensong, vespers* (eptir kveldsöng um aptaninn); -tími, m. *eventide*.

kvelja (kvel, kvalda, kvaldr and kvalinn), v. *to torment, torture*; refl., kveljast, *to be tormented* (k. í vesöld).

kveljari, m. *tormentor*.

kvelling, f. *ailment, ailing*.

kvellinga-samr, a. *ailing*.

kvelli-sjúkr, a. *ailing, sickly* (ekki hefi ek verit -sjúkr); -sótt, f. = kvelling (engar hefi ek -sóttar).

kvendi, n. *woman*, pl. *womankind*.

kvenna-, gen. pl. from 'kona'; -ást, f. *women's love*; -búnaðr, m. *women's attire*; -far, n. *love affairs*; -fólk, n. *women-folk*; -friðr, m. *immunity of women*; -grið, n. = -friðr; -hjal, n. *women's gossip*; -hús, n. *lady's bower*; -klæðnaðr, m. *female dress*; -lið, n. *women-folk*; -maðr, m. *one fond of women*; -mál, n. pl. *love matters*; -munr, m. *distinction of women*; -nám, n. *abduction, rape*; -ráð, n. pl. *women's counsel*; -siðr, m. *habits of women*; -skap, n. *women's temper*; -skáli, m. *women's apartment*; -skipan, f. *placing of the ladies* (at a banquet); -sveit, f. *bevy of women*; -vagn, m. *the Lesser Bear* (Ursa Minor); -vist, f. *women's abode*.

kvenn-borinn, pp. *cognate*; -búnaðr, m. *women's dress*; -dýr, n. *female beast*; -folk, n. *women-folk*; -fugl, m. *hen bird*; -hallr, a. *inclined to love, amorous*; -kenna (-da, -dr), v. *to address as a woman*; -kenndr, pp. *feminine*; -klæði, n. pl. *women's dress*; -kné, n. *cognate lineage; female degree of kin*; -kostr, m. *good match* (of a woman); -kyn, n. *female sex*; -kyrtill, m. *woman's kirtle*; -leggr, m. *kindred on the woman's side, the cognates*; -liga, adv., -ligr, a. *womanly, womanlike*; -list, f. *female skill*; -maðr, m. *woman*, opp. to 'karlmaðr'; -mannligr, a. *womanlike*; -nýtr, a. *able to procreate*; -samliga, adv. *lasciviously* (mæla kv. við konu); -samr, a. *amorous*; -semi, f. *amorousness*; -sift, adv. *on the female side*; -skikkja, f. *woman's cloak*; -skratti, m. *wicked woman, termagant*; -skrúði, m. *women's attire*; -skygn, a. *looking after women*; -skörungr, m. *great (stately) lady*; -styrkr, a. *strong enough for a woman*; -svift, adv. = -sift; -söðull, m. *woman's saddle, side-saddle*; -úmagi, m. *female pauper*; -váðir, f. pl. *woman's dress, female attire*; -vélar, f. pl. *woman's wiles*.

kvenska, f. *womanhood, chastity*.

kver, n. *sheet* (folded in a book).

kverk (pl. kverkr), f. (1) *the angle below the chin* (hann tók undirkverkina ok kyssti hana); fig. *the inner angle of an axe-head* (undir k. øxinni); (2) in pl. *throat* (konungr fór höndum um kverkr sveininum).

kverka-mein, a. *bronchitis*; -sótt, f. *throat disease*; -sullr, m. *boil in the throat, quinsy*.

kverk-band, n. *string of a cap or hood, going under the chin*.

kvern (pl. -ir), f. (1) *quern-stone, millstone*; (2) *quern, handmill* (þar sat kona við k.).

kvernar-auga, n. *the eye or hole of a mill-stone*.

kvern-steinn, m. *quern-stone millstone* (hjó hann -stein til augans).

kveyking, kveykja, see 'kveiking, kveikja'.

kviða, f. *narrative poem, ballad*.

KVIÐAR-GIRND, f. *gluttony*.

KVIÐ-BURÐR, m. *verdict, or deilvery of the verdict, of neighbours*.

KVIÐJA (AÐ), v. *to forbid* (k. e-m e-t); refl., kviðjast e-t, *to decline, shun*.

KVIÐLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *ditty*.

KVIÐ-MAÐR, m. *'inquest-man', juror*.

KVIÐR (-AR; pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *verdict* (of neighbours); bera kvið um e-t, *to give a verdict in a case*; bera kvið á e-n, í móti e-m (af e-m), *to give a verdict against (for, in favour of) one*; (2) *inquest, jury*; kveðja e-n kviðar, *to call (a neighbour) on an inquest*; ryðja kviðinn, bjóða til ruðningar um kviðinn, *to challenge the jury*; (3) *saying, word*; k. norna, *the decree of the Fates* (kveld lifir maðr ekki eptir kvið norna).

KVIÐR (-AR; pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *belly, abdomen*; (2) *womb*.

KVIÐ-SÓTT, f. *colic*; -SULLR, m. *boil on the stomach*.

KVIÐUGR, a. *pregnant*.

KVIÐU-HÁTTR, m. a kind of *metre*.

KVIÐ-ÞROTI, m. *swelling of the stomach*; -VERKR, m. *belly-ache*.

KVIKA, f. (1) *the quick* (under the nail or under a horse's hoof); (2) *running fluid; yeast*; (3) k. í nösum, *polypus in the nostrils* (?).

KVIK-FÉ, n., -FÉNAÐR, m. *live stock, cattle* (þu skalt njóta kvikfjár þíns).

KVIKINDI, n. = kykvendi.

KVIK-LÁTR, a. *quick, lively*; -LIGA, adv. *briskly*; -LIGR, a. *brisk, lively*.

KVIKNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to quicken, come to life* (dvergar höfðu kviknat í moldunni, svá sem maðkar í holdi); (2) *to be kindled* (eldr kviknar); tréit kviknaði, *the tree took fire*; (3) *to revive, get fresh spirit* (þá kviknaði hestr hans, er fyrr var móðr).

KVIKNAN, f. *quickening*.

KVIKR (acc. -VAN), a. (1) *quick, alive, living* (yfir þá götu náði engi k. komast); skera e-n kvikvan, *to dissect alive*; (2) *lively, glad* (svá verðr herrinn k. við þenna kvitt, at).

KVIK-SETJA (see SETJA), v. *to bury alive* (hann lét kviksetja sik); -SILFR, n. *quicksilver, mercury*.

KVIKU-DROPI, m. *drop of a fluid*.

KVIKVA, f. = kvika.

KVIKVA-VÖÐVI, m. *the calf of the leg*.

KVIKVENDI, n. *a living creature*; in pl. *animals, beasts*, as opp. to men (menninir ok kykvendin).

KVINNA, f. *woman*, = kona.

KVIS, n. *rumour, tattle*.

KVISA (AÐ), v. *to gossip, whisper*.

KVISTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to lop off cut the branches of* (k. lim, tré); þeir kvistuðu þar bál mikit, *they cut wood for a large fire*; (2) *to cut down* (k. menn niðr sem hráviði).

KVISTR (-AR; pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. *twig, branch; stroke in a letter*.

KVIST-SKŒÐR, a. *branch-scathing*.

KVITTA (AÐ), v. *to rumour, report*.

KVITTR (pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. *loose rumour, report* (sögðu af því slíkan kvitt, sem þeir höfðu heyrt); ljósta upp kvitt, *to spread reports*.

KVITTR, a. *quit, acquitted* (k. um e-t).

KVITTSAMR, a. *ready to believe (or repeat) idle rumours*.

KVÍ (pl. -AR), f. (1) *fold, pen* (reka fé í kvíar); (2) *a lane of men gradually narrowing* (also in pl.).

KVÍA (AÐ), v. *to pen, hem in, enclose*.

KVÍA-DYRR, f. pl. *gate of a fold*; -GARÐR, m. *pen-wall*.

KVIÐA (-DDA, -TT), v. *to feel apprehension for* (k. e-u *or* við e-u).

KVÍÐA, f. *apprehension, anxiety*.

KVÍÐ-BJÓÐR, m. *dismal foreboding*.

KVÍÐI, m. = kvíða (hvárki er þat æðra né kvíði).

KVÍÐINN, a. *anxious, timid, concerned* (cf. 'kátr ok ókviðinn').

KVIÐU-STAÐR, m. *cause of fear*.

KVÍGA (gen. pl. KVÍGNA), f. *young cow, heifer*; KVÍGENDI, n. = kvíga; KVÍGR, m. *young bullock*.

KVÍSL (pl. -IR), f. (1) *branch (of a tree)*; (2) *fork*; (3) *fork of a river*; (4) *pedigree of a family*.

KVÍSLA (AÐ), v. *to branch out*; refl., kvíslast = kvísla (of a tree, lineage, river, etc.).

KVÍSLA-TRÉ, n. *forked tree*.

KVÍSLÓTTR, a. *branched, branchy*.

KVORA (AÐ), v. = kvára.

KVÆÐA-FRÓÐR, a. *knowing many songs or poems by heart*.

KVÆÐI, n. *poem, song* (yrkja k.).

KVÆÐIS-LAUN, n. pl. *reward for a poem*; -MYND, f. *form of a poem*.

KVÆFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. = kœfa.

KVÆKLA (AÐ), v. = kvaka.

KVÆMT, a. n. *free* (for one) *to come* (er engum yðrum manni k. í Noreg).

KVÆN, f. = kván.

KVÆNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to make one marry*; refl., kvænast, *to take a wife*.

KVÆNDR, KVÆNTR, pp. *married* (of a man), = kvángaðr.

KVÆNING, f. *taking a wife, marriage*.

KVÖÐ (gen. KVAÐAR, pl. KVAÐAR), f. (1) *claim*; (2) *summoning of neighbours* (= búakvöð); (3) *the body of neighbours*.

KVÖL (gen. KVALAR, pl. KVALAR), f. *torment, torture*.

KYKR, a. = kvikr.

KYKVENDI, n. = kvikvendi.

KYLFA (-DA), v. *to aim*; k. til orðanna, *to hesitate for words*.

KYLFA, f. *club* (k. eða klumba).

KYLFU-HÖGG, n. *blow with a club*.

KYLLIR, m. *the scrotum*.

KYLR, m. *gust of cold air*.

KYN (gen. pl. KYNJA), n. (1) *kin, kindred* (þar átti hann k. hálft); danskr at kyni, *Danish by extraction*; telja k. sitt til e-s, *to claim kindred with*; (2) *kind, sort, species*; ískyldasta kyni, *of the most befitting kind*; alls kyns, *of every kind*; hvers kyns, *of any kind*; margs kyns, *of many kinds*; þess kyns, *of that kind*; (3) *gender* (karl-, kvenn-kyn).

KYN (gen. pl. KYNJA), n. *wonder marvel, portent* (þá urðu mörg k. bæði í draumum ok sýnum).

KYN-BIRTR, a., poet. *very bright*.

KYNDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to kindle, light* (k. eld, funa, loga, bál, vita).

KYNDARI, m. *kindler*.

KYNDILL (pl. KYNDLAR), m. *candle, torch* (k. ok kerti).

KYNDIL-MESSA, f. *Candlemas, the feast of the purification*.

KYNDUGR, a. *guileful, cunning*.

KYNDUG-SKAPR, m. *guile, wiliness*.

KYN-FERÐ, f., -FERÐI, n. *kindred, extraction*; -FYLGJA, f. (1) *family characteristic, peculiarity*; (2) *kind, nature*; (3) *kindred*.

KYNGI, f. *knowledge of magic*; kyngi kraptr, *magical power*.

KYN-GOÐR, a. *of good family*; -GÖFUGR, a. *of noble extraction*.

KYNJAÐR, a. *descended, born; sprung* from a place (hvaðan ertu k.?).

KYNJA-LAUSS, a. *'without wonders', natural*; er eigi -laust um hann, *there is something wrong with him*; -LÆTI, n. pl.

strange gestures; -MEIN, n. *strange illness*; -MENN, m. pl. *'wonder people', fairies, goblins*; -SÓTT, f. = -mein; -VETR, m. *'wonder-winter'*.

KYN-KVÍSL, f. *lineage, pedigree; branch*; -LEGGR, m. = ætt-leggr.

KYN-LIGA, adv. *strangely*.

KYNLIG-LEIKR, m. *a strange thing*.

KYN-LIGR, a. *strange, wonderful, extraordinary* (með kynligu móti); e-m gørist -ligt, *one feels strange*.

KYN-LÍKR, a. *resembling* (-líkr e-m); -LÍTILL, a. *of low extraction*; -MARGR, a. *of various kinds*; -MÓT, n. *(specific) look or appearance*.

KYNNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make known*; k. sér e-t, *to make oneself acquainted with, study* (k. sér kaupskap); hverr mun k. oss til konungs, *who will show us the way to the king*; refl., kynnast, *to become known, come abroad*; k. e-u, *to become acquainted with*; e-m kynnist e-t, *one gets acquainted with*; k. e-t, *to study* (= kynna sér e-t); k. við *e-n, to make acquaintance with one*.

KYNNI, n. (1) *way, fashion, nature* (kaupum vel saman, þat er vina k.); (2) *affairs, circumstances* (þau ein eru k. heima at þín); (3) *kindred, kinsmen* (mér þykkir sem þú munir eiga hér k.); Glúmr var þrjár nætr at k. sínu, *with his kinsmen*; (4) *friendly visit to a friend or kinsman*; leita (koma til) kynnis, sœkja k., fara á k., fara til kynnis, *to make a visit*; sitja at k., *to stay on a visit*.

KYNNI-LIGA, adv. = kunnliga (þeir kvöddust kynniliga).

KYNNING, f. *acquaintance with, knowledge of* (k. e-s).

KYNNIS-FERÐ, f. *journey on a visit*; -GJÖF, f. *gift to a visitor*; -LEIT, -SÓKN, f. *visit*; -VIST, f. *stay on a visit*.

KYN-RÍKR, a. *of great extraction, noble* (stórauðgir ok kynríkir).

KYNSL, n. pl. *wonders, strange things*.

KYN-SLÓÐ, f. *kindred, progeny*.

KYNS-MAÐR, m. *kinsman, descendant*.

KYN-SMÁR, a. *of low extraction*; -SMÆÐ, f. *low extraction*; -STAFR, m. *scion*; -STÓRR, a. *of noble extraction*.

KYNSTR, n. pl. *strange, prodigious things; magical acts or arts*.

KYN-STŒRÐ, f. *noble extraction*; -SÆLL, a. *blessed with good and great offspring*; -VANI, a. *wanting in kindred*; -ÞÁTTR, m. *lineage*.

KYRÐ, f. *rest, tranquillity*; með k., *quietly*; í (at, á) kyrðum, *in quiet*.

KYRFI-LIGR, a. *humble, mean*.

KYRKING, f. *choking, strangulation*.

KYRKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to strangle or choke* (hengdr eða kyrktr).

KYRPINGR (-S, -AR), m. *weakling* (?).

KYRR, a. (1) *still, quiet, at rest*; halda vápni kyrru, *to hold a weapon at rest*; sitja um KYRT, *to remain quiet*; setjast um kyrt, *to take to rest* (in life); halda kyrru fyrir, *not to stir*; (2) neut., kyrt, as adv. *gently*; tak þú kyrt þar á, *touch it gently*.

KYRRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to calm, still*; impers., kyrrir sjáinn, *the sea becomes calm*; refl., kyrrast, *to become calm* (en er kyrðist á strætinu).

KYRRA, f. *calmness, calm* (kyrra var á sjónum).

KYRR-LÁTR, a. *calm, peaceful, tranquil*; -LEIKR, m. *tranquillity*; -LIGA, adv. *quietly, calmly*; -LIGR, a. *calm*; -SETA, f. *sitting (living) at rest*; setjast í -setu, *to take rest in life*; hafa -setu, *to have rest*; -SETJA (see setja), v. *to sequester*; -SÆTI, n. = -seta.

KYRTILL (-S, pl. KYRTLAR), m. *kirtle, tunic* (k. ok yfirhöfn).

KYRTILS-BLAÐ, n. *the lap of a kirtle*; -KLÆÐI, n. *cloth for a kirtle*; -LAUSS, a. *without a kirtle*; -SKAUT, n. = -blað.

KYSSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to kiss*; k. á hönd e-m, *to kiss one's hand* (in homage); recipr., kyssast, *to kiss one another*.

KYSSI-LIGR, a. *fit to be kissed*.

KYTJA, f. *hovel, small cottage*.

KÝLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to fill*; k. vömb sína (k. sik) á e-u, *to fill one's belly with*; k. öl, *to swill ale, drink hard*.

KÝLI, n. *boil, abscess*; grípa á kýlinu, *to touch a sore place*.

KÝLL, m. *bag*; hann bar kýl Þórs, *he carried Thor's knapsack*; karl ok k., *beggar and scrip*.

KÝMI-LIGA, adv. *in a funny manner*; -LIGR, a. *amusing, funny*.

KÝR (gen. KÝR, dat. and acc. KÚ; pl. KÝR, gen. KÚA, dat. KÚM), f. *cow*.

KÝR-FÓÐR, n. *cow's fodder*; -HÚÐ, f. *cow's hide*; -HVALR, m. a kind *of whale*; -LAG, n. *a cow's value*.

KÆKINN, a. *ill-mannered*.

KÆNA, f. a kind of *boat*.

KÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to discuss, debate* (þeir kærðu þetta um hríð milli sín); (2) *to bring forward, mention*; herra R. kærði krankleik *sinn, pleaded his illness*; k. vandræði sín fyrir e-m *to disclose one's troubles to one*; (3) *to complain of* (þeir kærðu mjök áhlaup hans); (4) *to accuse, make a charge against one* (k. e-n um þjófnað); k. á e-n, *to lay to one's charge* (Svíar kærðu mjök á Hákon konung, at hann hafði brennt Vermaland); k. sik, *to complain, murmur* (þegar bœndr tóku at kæra sik).

KÆRA, f. *complaint; murmur*.

KÆR-LEIKR, m. *friendly terms, intimacy* (vera í miklum -leik, *or* -leikum við e-n); komast í -leika við e-n, *to ingratiate oneself with one*; -LIGA, adv. *lovingly, dearly*; -LIGR, a. *dear, beloved; loving*.

KÆRR, a. (1) *dear, beloved* (k. e-m); (2) *intimate, close* (var með þeim hin kærsta vinátta); (3) k. at *e-m, fond of* (k. at góðum hestum).

KÆRSLA, f. *complaint*, = kæra.

KÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to gladden*; refl., kætast, *to be gladdened, rejoice* (tók konungr at k).

KÆTI, f. *cheerfulness, gladness*.

KŒFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to choke, drown* (þeir vildu k. hann í lauginni); k. ljós, *to quench a light*.

KŒJA, v. *to disturb* (rare).

KŒLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to cool*.

KŒNI, f. = kœnleikr.

KŒN-LEIKR, m. *cleverness, sagacity*; -LIGA, adv. *cleverly, skilfully*; -LIGR, a. *judicious, prudent*.

KŒNN, a. (1) *wise*; kœnna (gen. pl.) hverr, *every wise man*; (2) *skilful, expert*; k. við *e-t, skilful in a thing* (k. við leika, orrostur, allan riddaraskap).

KŒNSKA, f. *craft, sagacity*.

KÖGGULL (pl. KÖGLAR), m. *joint (in the fingers and toes)*.

KÖGLA (AÐ), v. *to steal a glance* (til e-s, *at one)*.

KÖGUR-BARN, n. *bantling, infant*.

KÖGURR (dat. KÖGRI, pl. KÖGRAR), m. *a quilt with fringe, counterpane*.

KÖGUR-SVEINN, m. = -barn.

KÖKKR (dat. KEKKI, pl. KEKKIR), m. *lump*, in 'snækökkr', *snow-ball*.

KÖLSUGR, a. *pert, saucy*.

KÖMBÓTTR, a. *crested* (cf. 'kambr').

KÖNGULL (pl. KÖNGLAR), m. *cluster, bunch*, in 'vínberjaköngull'.

KÖNGUR-VÁFA, f. *spider*.

KÖPPU-STEINN, m. *boulder*.

KÖPUR-MÁLL, a. *bantering*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *banter*.

KÖR (gen. KARAR), f. *bed (of sickness*, etc.); liggja í k., *to lie bedridden*; leggjast í k., *to become bedridden*.

KØR, n. *choice, election*, = kjör.

KÖS (gen. KASAR), f. *heap, pile*.

KÖSTR (gen. KASTAR, dat. KESTI; pl. KESTIR, acc. KÖSTU), m. *pile* (bera saman í köst).

KÖSUNGR, m. *sleeveless jacket*.

KÖTTR (gen. KATTAR, dat. KETTI; pl. KETTIR, acc. KÖTTU), m. *cat* (sér köttrinn músina?).

L

LAÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to bid, invite* (l. gesti); (2) *to lead* (l. menn til eilífrar sælu); (3) refl., laðast, *to be drawn* (laðast allir til Broddhelga).

LAÐ-ORÐ, n. *invitation*; þiggja -orð at e-m, *to accept an invitation*.

LAÐRÚNN, m. *robber*.

LAFA (LAFI, LAFÐA, LAFAT), v. *to hang loosely, dangle*.

LAFÐI, f. *lady* (þú ert vár lafði).

LAF-HRÆDDR, a. *quaking with fear*.

LAG, n. (1) *stratum, layer*; (2) *due place, right position*; leggja stýri í l., *to ship the rudder*; ganga ór lagi, *to go wrong*; fóru nú brýnn hans í l., *his brows became smooth and straight*; koma lagi á e-t, *to put to rights, get a thing into order*; komast vel í l., *to fall into good order*; (3) *companionship, fellowship*, leggja (binda) saman l. sitt, *to enter into fellowship*; (4) *living together* (hann réðst til lags við Beru); (5) *cohabitation*; eiga l. við konu, *to cohabit*; (6) *market price, tax*; leggja l. á varning manna, *to set or regulate the market price*; (7) *thrust, stab* (with a knife, sword, or spear); (8) *air, tune*; (9) adverbial phrases; í tvennu lagi, *in two parts, double*; í öllu lagi, *in every respect, quite*; í sumu (mörgu) lagi, *in same (many) respects*; with compar. or superl., denoting *degree*; í meira lagi, *considerably, rather*; í fyrra lagi, *rather early, among the earliest*; í verra lagi, *among the worst*; í hljóðara lagi, *rather silent*; í nærra lagi, *rather close*; þann dag svaf Unnr í lengra lagi, *U. slept that day longer than she was wont*; Helias var í fyrsta lagi spámanna, *H. was one of the first of prophets*; í elzta lagi sona hans, *among the oldest of his sons*; minnsta lag, *the least share*.

LAGA (AÐ), v. *to prepare, make ready* (lagat var drykkju).

LAGA-, gen. pl. from 'lög'; -AFBRIGÐI, n. *breach of law*; -BEIZLA, f. *lawful demand*; -BOÐ, n. *statute*; -BÓK, f. *law-book*, = lögbók; -BRJÓTR, m. *law-breaker*; -BROT, n. *breach of law*; -EIÐR, m. *lawful oath*, = lögeiðr; -FRÉTT, f. *legal inquiry*; -GREIN, f. *article of law*; -GÆZLA, f. *maintenance of the law*; -HALD, n. *keeping of the law*; -HELLUR, f. pl. *the tables of the law*; -KAUP, n. *legal bargain*; -KVÁNFANG, n. *lawful marriage*; -LÝRITR, m., -LÝRITI, n. *lawful protest*; -LÖSTR, m. *evasion of law*; -MAÐR, m. *man of law, lawyer*; -ÓRSKURÐR, m. *legal decision*; -PRÓF, n. *legal proof*; -RÉTTING, f. *lawmending*; -RÉTTR, m. *legal, personal right*; -SETNING, f. *legislation*; -SKILNAÐR, m. *legal divorce*; -SKIPAN, f. (1) *legislation*; (2) *ordering of the law*; -SKIPTI, n. *change of law*; -VEGR, m. *lawful course*.

LAGÐR, m. *tuft of wool* (ullar-lagðr) *or hair* (röggr eða lagðr).

LAG-KLAUF, f. *the pastern* (of sheep).

LAG-LIGA, adv. *meetly, handsomely*; -LIGR, a. *meet, fit* (-ligr skilnaðr).

LAGNAR-, gen. from 'lögn'; -SKIP, n., -SKÚTA, f. *a boat for net-fishing*.

LAGS-KONA, f. *concubine*; -MAÐR, m. *companion, comrade*.

LAG-VÁPN, n. *weapon for thrusting or stabbing* (opp. to 'höggvápn').

LAKI, m. *third stomach in ruminating an-*

imals (feljóttr sem laki).

LAKR, a. (1) *lacking in quality* (þat lið, sem lakast var); (2) *deficient* (in weight).

LAMB, n. *lamb*.

LAMBAÐR, pp. *with lamb*, = lembdr.

LAMB-BURÐR, m. *lambing*; -HAGI, m. *pasture for lambs*; -HÚS, n. pl. *lamb sheds*; -LAUSS, a. *without a lamb*; -SKINN, n. *lamb's skin* (in 'lambskinns-kofri'); -ÆR, f. *ewe with lamb*.

LAMI, a. *lame, maimed*.

LAMNING, f. *thrashing*.

LAMPI, m. *lamp*.

LAND, n. (1) *land*, opp. to sea; lands eða lagar, *on land or sea*; taka l., *to land*; nema l., *to take land as a settler*; (2) *the (opposite) bank* (of a river, bay, fjord); inn með öðru landi ok öðru út, *in along one side and out along the other*; (3) *country* (verja landit fyrir Dönum); út í lönd, *into foreign lands*; (4) *land, estate* (í landi annars manns).

LANDA-, gen. pl. from 'land'; -BRIGÐI, n. *redemption of land*; -EIGN, f. *land-owning*; -FUNDR, m. *discovery of new lands*; -LEIT, f. *exploration, voyage of discovery*; -MERKI, n. pl. *boundaries* (of an estate); -MÆRI, n. *borderland, boundary*; -RIPTING, f. = landa-brigði; -SKIPAN, f. *geography*; -SKIPTI, n. (1) *division of land*; (2) *boundary*; (3) *exchange of land*.

LAND-AUÐN, f. *depopulation, devastation*; -AURAR, m. pl. *'land-dues'*, a tax which Icelanders had to pay to the king on their arrival in Norway; a land tax had also to be paid for license of traveling or trading abroad; -BORÐI, m. *the 'landward' side*; -BRIGÐ, f. = landa-brigði; -BÚI, m. = landsbúi; -EIGANDI, m. *landowner*; -EIGN, f. *estate*; -EKLA, f. *lack of land*; -EYÐA, f. *'land-waster'* (the name of a standard); -FASTR, a. *'land-fast'*; verða -fastr, *to reach the land, arrive*; -FESTAR, f. pl. *shore-ropes, moorings*; -FLÓTTI, a. *fled from the land*; -flæmdr, pp. *driven out of the land, exiled*; -FÚSS, a. *eager to make the land* (of sailors); -GANGA, f. *landing, disembarking*; -GANGR, m. *running ashore* (of shoals of fish); -GÆZLA, f. *defence of the land*; -HALLT, adv. *keeping along the shore* (fara, sigla -hallt); -HERR, m. (1) *people of the land*; (2) *land troops*; -HLUTR, m. *the landowner's share*; -HREINSAN, f. *clearing the land of miscreants*.

LANDI, m. *(one's) countryman* (landar várir); *Icelander* (= mörlandi).

LAND-KAUP, n. *purchase of land*; -KOSTR, m. *the quality of the land*; -KÖNNUÐR, m. *a settler's mark*; -MENN, m. pl. = landsmenn; -MUNR, m. *home-sickness, nostalgia*; e-m leika -munir, *one feels homesick*; -NÁM, n. *taking possession of land as settler, settlement*.

LANDNÁMA-BÓK, f. *the history of the settlement* (of Iceland); -MAÐR, m. *settler*; -TÍÐ, f., -TÍMI, m. *the time of the settlement*.

LANDNÁMS-KONA, f. *female settler*; -MAÐR, m. *settler* (Ingólfr var frægastr allra landnámsmanna).

LAND-NORÐR, n. *north-east*, opp. to 'útnorðr'; -NYRÐINGR, m. *north-east wind*; -RÁÐ, n. pl. (1) *government of the land* (hann var fyrir öllum -ráðum); (2) *high treason*.

LANDRÁÐA-MAÐR, m. (1) *governor*; (2) *traitor*.

LAND-RÁN, n. *the harrying of a land*; -REKI, m. poet. *protector of the land, king*; -RÖGNIR, m. poet. *prince, king*.

LANDS-AUÐN, f. *depopulation of a land*;

-BRIGÐ, f. = landabrigði; -BRUNI, m. *destruction of the land by fire*; -BÚ, n. = -bygð; -BÚI, m. (1) *inhabitant*; (2) *tenant*; -BYGÐ, f. (1) *the peopled land*; (2) *tenantry*; -BŒTR, f. pl. *improvements in a land*; -DEILD, f. *partition of land*; -DRÓTTINN, m. *landlord*; -ENDI, m. *land's end*.

LAND-SETI, m. *tenant*; -SEYRA, n. *general famine*.

LANDS-FJÓRÐUNGR, m. *quarter of the land* (of Iceland); -FLÓTTI, m. *exile, banishment*; -FÓLK, n. *the people (inhabitants) of a land*; -FRIÐR, m. *public peace*; -GÆZLA, f. *guarding or defence of the land*; -HERR, m. = -fólk; -HORN, n. *the land's end*.

LANDSHORNA-MAÐR, m. *landlouper*.

LANDS-HÖFÐINGI, m. *great chief of the land* (hann barðist í mót -ingjum).

LAND-SKAÐI, m. *damage to the land*; -SKAPR, m. *custom of the land* (sakir -skapar ok fornrar venju); -SKEKILL, m. *outskirt of land*; -SKIPAN, f. (1) *government of a land*; (2) = landaskipan; -SKIPTI, n. = landsskipti; -SKJÁLFTI, m. *earthquake*; -SKORTR, m. *lack of land*.

LANDS-KOSTR, m. (1) *posession of land*; (2) *quality of the land*.

LAND-SKYLD, f. *rent of land*.

LANDS-LAG, -LEG, n. *nature (physical conditions) of a land*; -LEIGA, f. *land rent*; -LÝÐR, m. = -fólk; -LÖG, n. pl. *law of the land, public law*; -MAÐR, m. *inhabitant (native) of a country*; -MEGIN, n. *the main power of the land* (as to strength or area); -MÚGR, m. *the common people*; -NYTJAR, f. pl. *produce of the land*; -OFRINGI, m. *landlouper*; -RÉTTR, m. *the law of the land, public law*; -SIÐR, m. *custom of the land*; -SKATTR, m. *land tax*; -SKIPAN, f. = -siðr; -SKIPTI, n. *division of land*; -SKYLD, f. = landskyld; -STJÓRN, f. = landstjórn.

LAND-STJÓRN, f. *government*; -SUÐR, n. *south-east*, opp. to 'útsuðr'.

LANDS-VÁN, f. = landván; -VENJA, f. = -siðr; -VIRÐING, f. *taxation of land*; -VIST, f. *right or permission to reside in a land*.

LAND-SYNNINGR, m. *south-east wind*; -SÝN, f. *sight of land*; í -sýn, *in sight of land*; ór -sýn, *out of sight of land*; -TAKA, f. *taking land, landing*; -TJALD, n. *land tent*; -VANR, a. *acquainted with the country*; -VÁN, f. *prospect of reaching land*.

LANDVARNAR-MAÐR, m. *a man entrusted or charged with the defence of the country against invaders*.

LAND-VEGR, m. *a way by land*, opp. to 'sjóvegr'; fara -veg, *to travel by land*; -VIÐRI, n. *land wind*; -VÆRT, a. n., eiga -vært, *to have residence in a country open to one*; -VÆTTR, f. *guardian spirit of a country*; -VÖRN, f. *defence of the land*.

LANGA (AÐ), v. *to long for*; impers., mik langar til e-s, *I long for a thing*.

LANGA (gen. LÖNGU), f. *ling* (fish).

LANGA-FASTA, f. *the long-fast, Lent*; -FRJÁDAGR, m. *Good Friday*.

LANG-ÁSS, m. *longitudinal beam*, opp. to 'þvertré'; -BAKKI, m., in the phrase, skjóta e-u -bakka *to put of*; -BEKKR, m. *long bench* (along the side of the hall), opp. to 'þverbekkr'; -ELDAR, m. pl. *long fires* (along the middle of the hall); -ERMAR, f. pl. *long sleeves*; -FEÐGAR, m. pl. *ancestors on the father's side*.

LANGFEÐGA-TAL, n., -TALA, f. *list or roll of* 'langfeðgar', *pedigree*; -ÆTT, f. *the lineage of* 'langfeðgar' (from father to son).

LANG-FEÐR, m. pl. = -feðgar.

LANG-FERÐ, f. *long-journey*.

LANGFERÐA-MAÐR, m. *far traveller*.

LANG-FRAMI, m. *lasting fame*; -FŒTTR, a. *long-legged*; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -HÁLSAÐR, a. *long-necked*; -HENDR, a. *long-handed*; -HYGGJA, f. *long-suffering*; -HÖFÐAÐR, a. *long-beaked* (of a ship); -KNAKKR, m. *long bench*; -LEGA, f. *long stay* (of a weather-bound ship); -LEGGR, m. *the long leg, shank*; -LEIÐI, n. *long distance*; -LEITR, a. *long-faced*; -LIÐINN, pp. *'long gone'*; eptir -liðit, *after a long time*; -LIGA, adv. *for a long time past*; -LÍFI, n. *long life, longevity*; -LÍFR, a. *long-lived*; -LOKA, f. a kind of *eight-lined verse*; -MINNIGR, a. (1) *having a long memory*; (2) *long to be remembered*; -MÆLGI, f., -MÆLI, n. *long-winded talk*; -MÆLTR, pp. *long-spoken, long-winded*; -NEFJAÐR, a. *long-nosed*; -NIÐJAR, m. pl. *descending lineage on the father's side*; -ORF, n. *long scythe-handle*; -PALLR, m. *dais along the hall*.

LANGR, a. (1) *long*, of space and time (langt sverð, löng stund); (2) neut., langt, *long, far, distant*; þeir áttu eigi langt til eyjarinnar, *they had no long distance to the island*; (3) e-m er langt at e-m, *one is interested in a person*; hvat er yðr langt at þessum mönnum, *what interest do you take in these men?*; (4) *long, wearisome* (þér mun langt þykkja hér á heiðinni).

LANG-REIÐ, f. *long ride*; -RÆKI, n. *rancour, unforgiving spirit*; -RÆKR, a. *unforgiving*; -RŒÐA, f. *long tall*; -RŒÐR, a. *long-winded*; -SKEPTA, f. *long-shafted spear*; -SKEPTR, pp. *longshafted*; -SKIP, n. *long ship, war ship* (þar lágu langskip mörg).

LANGSKIPA-MENN, m. pl. *the crew of a long ship*.

LANG-SKÖR, f. *the lower hem of a tent*; -STAÐINN, pp. *of old date, long-standing*; -STÓLL, m. *long seat*; -STRÆTI, m. *long street*; -SÝNN, a. *far-sighted*; -SÆI, f. *far sight*; -SÆR, a. = -sýnn; -TALAÐR, pp. *long-spoken*; -ÚÐIGR, a. = -rækr; -VARI, m. *long duration* til -vara, *to last long*; -VAXINN, pp. *longish*; -VÉ, n. *guillemot, sea-hen*; -VIÐRI, n. *long-continued weather*; -VINR, m. *a friend of long standing*; -VIST, f. *long stay*; -vistum, as adv. *staying long* (vera -vistum e-s staðar); -ÆÐ, f. *long duration*; -ÆLIGA, adv. *for a long time*; -ÆLIGR, a. *long-lasting*; -ÆR, a. = -æligr (-ær friðr).

LASINN, a., LAS-MEYRR (-MÆRR), a. *weak, feeble, decrepit*.

LAST, n. *blame, vituperation*.

LASTA (AÐ), v. *to blame, speak ill of*.

LASTA-, gen. pl. from 'löstr'; -FULLR, a. *faulty, depraved* (-fullt líf); -LAUSS, a. *faultless, guileless*.

LASTAN, f. *reproach, blame*.

LASTANAR-ORÐ, n. pl. *words of blame*.

LASTAN-LIGR, a. *reprehensible*.

LAST-AUÐIGR, a. *vicious, evil*; -LIGR, a. *disparaging*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *slander*; -SAMR, a. *slanderous*; -VARLIGA, adv. *without guilt or sin*; -VARR, a. *guilt-less, virtuous*; -VERI, f. *righteousness*.

LATA (AÐ), v. impers., e-m latar, *one becomes slow, slackens*; élinu latar, *the snowstorm abates*.

LATÍNA, f. *Latin (language)*.

LATÍNU-BÓK, f., -BRÉF, n., -DIKT, n. *Latin book, document, composition*; -KLERKR, m., -LÆRÐR, pp. *Latin clerk, scholar*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *Latin, Roman*; (2) *Latin scholar, Latinist*; -MÁL, n. = -tunga; -SKÁLDSKAPR, m. *Latin poetry*; -STAFROF, n. *Latin alphabet*; -TUNGA, f. *Latin tongue*.

LAT-LIGA, adv. *slowly, negligently*.

LATR, a. *slow, lazy*.

LATÚN, n. *latten, brass*.

LAUÐR, n. (1) *lather*; (2) *froth, foam of the sea* (alda lauðri faldin).

LAUF, n. *leaf, foliage*.

LAUFA-DRÁTTR, m. *embroidery representing leaves*.

LAUFGAÐR, pp. *leafy, covered with leaves* (mærðar timbr máli laufgat).

LAUFGAST (AÐ), v. *to come into leaf, put forth leaves*.

LAUF-GRŒNN, a. *leaf-green, verdant*; -SEGL, n.; sigla með -segli, *to take things easy*; -SKÁLI, m. *arbour, bower*; -STEINDR, pp. *leaf-dyed*, = -grœnn; -VIÐR, m. *leafy wood*.

LAUG (-AR, -AR), f. (1) *bath*; (2) *hot spring* (fyrir sunnan ána eru laugar).

LAUGA (AÐ), v. *to bathe* (kona laugaði barn sitt); *to coat, overlay* (skjöldr laugaðr í rauðu gulli); refl., laugast, *to bathe, take a bath* (laugaðist konungr í ánni Jordan).

LAUGAR-APTANN, m. *Saturday evening*; -DAGR, m. *Saturday*; -KVELD, n. = -aptann; -MORGINN, m. *Saturday morning*; -NÁTT, f. *Saturday night* (the night between Saturday and Sunday); -VATN, n. *bathing water*.

LAUKA-GARÐR, m. *leek-garden*.

LAUKR (-S, -AR), m. *leek, garlic*.

LAUN, n. pl. *reward, recomnpense*.

LAUN, f. *secrecy, concealment*; á (*or* með) laun, *secretly*.

LAUN-BARN, n. *natural child*; -BLÓT, n. *secret worship of the gods*; -DYRR, f. pl. *secret doorway*; -FESTAR, f. pl. *secret betrothal*; -FUNDR, m. *secret meeting*; -GETINN, pp. *illegitimate, natural*; -KÁRR, a. *dealing in secrets, mysterious*; -KONA, f. *concubine*; -KOSS, m. *secret kiss*; -MAÐR, m. *a hidden (sham) person*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *secret talk*; -RÁÐ, n. *secret device*; -SÁT, f. *ambush*; -SÁTT, f. *secret agreement*; -STEFNA, f. = -fundr; -STIGR, m. *secret path*; -STULDR, m. *pilfering, theft*; -SÆTT, f. = -sátt; -TAL, n. *secret talk*.

LAUNUNG, f. *concealment, secrecy*; af (á, með) launungu, *secretly*.

LAUN-VÁGR, m. *hidden creek*; -VÍG, n. *secret manslaughter*; -ÞING, n. = -fundr, -stefna.

LAUPR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *basket, box*; (2) *the framework of a building*.

LAUSA-BRULLAUP, a. *improvised wedding*; -BÚÐ, f. *extemporized booth*; -EYRIR, m., -FÉ, n. *movable property, chattels*; -FJÖL, f. *loose board*; -GÓZ, n. = -fé; -KJÖR, n. pl. *loose conditions, void bargain*; -KLOFI, m. *diphthong*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *loose (outer) garments*; -MAÐR, m. *able-bodied labourer who has no fixed home*; -MJÖÐM, f. *a trick with the hip in wrestling*; -SNJÓR, m. *loose snow*; -TAUG, f. *loose (reserve) strap*; -VIÐR, m. *loose logs, planks*; -VÍSA, f. *a single verse* (not forming part of a poem).

LAUS-BEIZLAÐR, pp. *loose-bridled*; -EYGR, a. *with unsteady eyes*; -GEÐJAÐR, -GEÐR, a. *fickle-minded*; -GRÝTTR, a. *with loose pebbles*; -GYRÐR, pp. *loose-girthed, without a belt*; -HÁRR, a. *with loose (flowing) hair*; -HUGAÐR, a. = -geðjaðr.

LAUSINGI (pl. -JAR), m. = leysingi.

LAUS-LEIKR, m. *looseness*; -LIGA, adv. *loosely*; -LIGR, a. *loose, unsteady*; -LYNDI, n. *looseness of mind, fickleness*; -LÆTI, n. = -lyndi; -MÁLL, a. *loose or unreliable of speech*; -MÆLGI, f. *looseness of speech*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *breach of word*.

LAUSN (-AR, -IR), f. (1) *release, libera-*

tion; (2) *ransom*; (3) *absolution from ban or sin* (hann tók lausn af sjálfum páfanum); (4) *release from a duty*; (5) *decision, judgemnent* (segja fram lausnir mála); eiga lausn á máli, *to decide in a case*.

LAUSNARI, m. *the Redeemer*.

LAUSNAR-MARK, n. *badge of redemption*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *loose news*.

LAUS-ORÐR, a. = -máll.

LAUSS, a. (1) *loose*, opp. to 'fastr', 'bundinn' (hon hafði laust hárit sem meyjum er títt); verða l., *to get loose*; eldr varð l., *fire broke out*; láta e-t laust, *to let loose, yield up*; liggja laust fyrir, *to be easy to seize upon*; (2) *free, unimpeded, unencumbered* (gakk þú l. yfir brúna); ríða l., *to ride without baggage*; (3) *disengaged (free) from*, with gen. (vit erum lausir allra svardaga); (4) *void, riot binding* (nú er laus veðjan okkar); (5) *vacant* (viljum vér gefa yðr Olafskirkju, því at hón er nú laus); (6) *light* (l. svefn); (7) *empty, without a cargo* (sigla lausum skipum); (8) *movable*; lönd ok lausir aurar, *lands and movable property*; (9) *absolved from ban*; (10) in compds. mostly suffixed to a subst., often in gen., *-less* (mein-, sak-, vit-lauss, athuga-, auðnu-, lýta-lauss).

LAUS-TŒKR, a. *easily taken*.

LAUSUNG, f. (1) *'leasing', lying, falsehood*; (2) *loose life, life of a libertine*.

LAUSUNGAR-FULLR, a. *thoughtless, inconsiderate*; -GUÐ, n. *false god*; -KONA, f. *loose woman*; -MAÐR, m. *libertine*; -ORÐ, n. *deceit*.

LAUS-YRÐI, n. and f. *loose (unreliable) talk* (lausyrði ok lygi).

LAUT, f. *hollow place*.

LAX (pl. LAXAR), m. *salmon*.

LAX-Á, f. *salmon river*; -GANGA, f. *shoals of salmon entering rivers*; -VEIÐR, f. *salmon-fishing*.

LAZ, n. *lace* (for. word).

LAZA (AÐ), v. *to adorn with lace*.

LÁ (pl. LÁR), f. *the line of shoal water along the shore*.

LÁ, f. (?) *blood*, (?) *warmth*.

LÁÐ, n. poet. *land*.

LÁÐ-MAÐR, m. *loadsmnan, pilot*.

LÁFI, m. *threshing-floor, barn floor*.

LÁG, f. *a felled tree, log*.

LÁGA-MESSA, f., -SÖNGR, m. *the 'low chant'* (in the Roman Catholic Mass).

LÁ-GARÐR, m. *the surf* (cf. 'lá').

LÁG-LENDI, n. *low land, flat land*; -LIGA, adv. *lowly, gently*; -LIGR, a. *low in stature*; -MÆLTR, pp. *low-spoken, low-voiced*.

LÁGR (LÆGRI, LÆGSTR), a. (1) *low, low down* (þá er sól er lág um kveldit); bera lágt höfuðit, *to carry the head low, be discomfited*; fara lægra, *to be lowered, humbled*; (2) *short* (höggspjót á lágu skafti), *short of stature* (lágr sem dvergr ok digr); (3) *low, humble* (lágr at burðum); bera lægra hlut, *to get the worst of it, be worsted*; (4) *low*, of the voice (hann svarar ok heldr lágt).

LÁG-RAUSTAÐR, a. *low-voiced*; -SKEPTR, pp. *with a short handle*; -TALAÐR, pp. *speaking in a low voice*; -VAXINN, pp. *short of stature*.

LÁMR, m. *hand, paw*.

LÁN, n. (1) *loan*; at láni, as a loan; hafa at láni, to get on credit; (2) fief; hafa at láni = hafa at léni.

LÁNA (AÐ), v. *to lend* (þetta er lánsfé, er ymsir menn hafa lánat mér).

LÁNAR-DROTTINN, m. *liege-lord, lord, master* (hann þótti vel hafa fylgt sínum lánardróttni).

LÁN-FÉ, n. *lent (borrowed) money*; -HROSS, n. *borrowed horse*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl.

borrowed clothes.

LÁNS-FÉ, n. = lánfé.

LÁS-BOGI, m. *crossbow*.

LÁS-LAUSA, a. *unlocked*.

LÁSS (pl. LÁSAR), m. *lock*; hurðin var í lási, *the door was locked*.

LÁS-ÖR, f. *crossbow bolt*.

LÁT, n. (1) *loss* (þeir sögðu konungi l. sitt); (2) *death, decease* (ek segi þér l. Eyvindar bróður þíns); (3) in pl. *manners*; skipta litum ok látum, *to change colour and manners*.

LÁTA (LÆT; LET, LÉTUM; LÁTINN), v. (1) *to set, put, place* (l. hest á stali); l. e-n í myrkvastofu, *to thrust in prison (dungeon)*; l. e-t í ljós, *to make it known*; l. e-t af e-u, *to take off* (vóru þá látnir fjötrar af Hallfreði); (2) *to cede, give up* (hann vildi eigi l. þenna best); l. hlut sinn, *to let go one's share, be worsted*; (3) *to leave, forsake* (biðr hann, at þeir láti blótin); hann ætlaði at l. dróttningina eina, *he intended to divorce the queen*; (4) *to lose* (hann hafði látit flest allt lið ok herfang allt); also with dat. (l. lífi, fjörvi); (5) with infin. *to let, make, cause*; látit mik vita, *let me know*; ek lét drepa Þóri, *I made Th. to be killed*; l. sér fátt um finnast, *to disapprove*; hann lét fallast (= sik falla), *he let himself fall*; (6) with pp., in circumlocutory phrases; hann lét verða farit, *he went*; hann lét hana verða tekna, *he seized her*; ellipt., omitting the infin., l. um mælt, *to let be said, to declare*; hann lét harðan Hunding veginn, *he slew the stark H.*; (7) *to behave, comport oneself* (forvitni er mér á hversu þeir láta); hann lét illa í svefni, *he was restless in his sleep*; l. allstórliga, *to make oneself big*; l. hljótt yfir e-u, *to keep silence about a thing*; l. mikit um sik, *to puff oneself up*; (8) l. sem *to make as if* (hann lætr sem hann sjái ekki sveinana); (9) *to estimate, value* (fátt er betr látit en efni eru til); (10) *to express, say* (Þorfinnr bóndi lét heimilt skyldu pat); (11) *to sound, give a sound*; hátt kveði þér, en þó lét hærra atgeirrinn, *you speak loud, but yet the bill gave a louder sound*; (12) with preps.; l. af e-u, *to leave off, desist from* (sumir létu af blótum); absol., l. af, *to cease*; l. af hendi, *to let out of one's hands, deliver up*; l. fé af, *to kill (slaughter) cattle*; l. aptr, *to shut* (l. aptr hurðina); l. at e-u, *to yield to, comply with* (allir þeir, er at mínum orðum láta); l. at stjórn, *to obey the helm* (of a ship); l. e-t eptir, *to leave behind* (þeir létu menu eptir at gæta skipa); l. eptir e-m, *to mimic, ape* (mun Gísli hafa látit eptir fíflinu); l. e-t eptir e-m, *to grant, indulge one in a thing* (lát þú þetta eptir mér); l. fyrir e-u, *to give way, yield* (þeir munu verða fyrir at l., ef vér leggjum sköruliga at); l. í haf, *to put out to sea*; l. e-t í mót e-m, *not to indulge one*; l. e-t til, *to grant* (heimt mun brátt hit meira, ef þetta er til látit); l. til við e-n, *to yield (give way) to one* (þeir báðu hann til l. við konung); l. undan e-m, *to yield to one* (ek skal hvergi undan þér l.); l. upp, *to open* (l. upp hurð); *to let one get up* (eptir þat lét K. þenna mann upp); l. e-t uppi, *to grant* (ertu saklauss, ef púlætr uppi vistina); l. e-t út, *to let out*; l. út (skip sitt), *to put to sea* (síðan létu þeir út ok sigldu til Noregs); l. vel (illa) yfir e-u, *to express approval (disapproval) of a thing* (hann lætr vel yfir því); (13) refl., látast, *to die, perish* (hér hefir látist Njáll ok Bergþóra ok synir þeirra allir); *to declare of oneself, profess, pretend* (allir létust honum fylgja vilja).

LÁTAÐR, a. *mannered* (l. vel).

LÁT-BRAGÐ, n. *bearing, manners, deportment*; -GÓÐR, *well-mannered, courteous*; -GŒÐI, n. *fine manners*.

LÁTINN, pp. (1) *deceased, dead*; (2) vel l., *highly esteemed, in good repute*; (3) l. við e-u, *ready*; vel fyrir l., *well prepared*.

LÁT-PRÚÐR, a. *of gentle bearing*.

-LÁTR, a. *-mannered, -minded* (fá-, lítil-, marg-, mikil-látr).

LÁTRAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to go to rest*.

LÁT-ŒÐI, n. *bearing, deportment*.

LÁVARÐR (-S, -AR), m. *lord, master*.

LÉ (dat. and acc. LJÁ; pl. LJÁR), m. *scythe* (þeir hjuggust með ljám).

LÉ-BARN, n. *infant, baby*.

LÉ-DENGING, f. *scythe-sharpening*.

LEÐR, n. *skin, leather*; -BLAKA, f. *bat*; -FLASKA, f. *leather bottle*; -HOSA, f. *leather hose*; -PANZARI, m. *leather jacket* (as a defence).

LEG, n. *burial-place*, = legstaðr.

LEGA, f. *lying in bed*.

LÉ-GARÐR, m. *swath*.

LEGÁTI, m. *(papal) legate*.

LEGGJA (LEGG, LAGÐA, LAGIÐR, LAGÐR, LAGINN), v. (1) *to lay, place* (Már hafði lagt höfuð sitt í kné Rannveigar); l. net, *to lay a net*; (2) *to put*; l. eld í, *to put fire to*; l. söðul á hest, *to put a saddle on a horse*; l. árar upp, *to lay up the oars, give up pulling*; l. ofan segi, *to haul down, take in the sails*; l. at jörðu, at velli (*or* við jörðu, við velli), *to overthrow, slay, kill*; l. hlut sinn, *to lose one's lot, be worsted*; (3) *to lay, drop*, of a beast (hvelparnir, er eigi vóru lagðir); (4) *to lay, make, build*; l. garða, *to make fences*; (5) *to appoint, fix* (l. stefnu, leika, bardaga); (6) *to tax, value* (hann lagði hálft landit fyrir sex tigi silfrs); l. e-n úgildan, *to award no fine for, put no price on*; l. at léttu, *to make light of*; (7) *to settle*; l. sakar, *to settle strife*; l. lög, *to lay down laws*; l. leið sína, *to take a direction*; hann lagði mjök kvámur sínar í Ögr, *he was in the habit of coming often to O.*; (8) *to allot, assign* (þér mun lagit verða at vera einvaldskonungr yfir Noregi); hvat mun til líkna lagt Sigurði, *what comfort is there appointed for S.?*; þér var lengra líf lagit, *a longer life was destined for thee*; (9) *to lay out, pay, discharge*; l. at veði, *to give as bail*; l. á hættu, *to risk*; l. á mikinn kostnað, *to run into great expenses*; l. líf á, *to stake one's life on a thing*; l. fé til höfuðs e-m, *to set a price on one's head*; (10) *to lay a ship's course, stand of or on, sail*, absol., or the ship in dat. or acc., lét hann blása herblástr ok l. út ór höfninni, *and sailed out of the harbour*; l. at, *to land* (lagði hann at við Sundólfsstaði); in a naval battle, *to attack* (lögðu þeir þá at þeim); l. undir land, *to stand in towards land*; fig. *to give in*; l. (skip) í rétt, *to drift or run before the wind*; (11) *to set off, start*; l. á flótta, *to take toftight*; l. eptir e-m, *to pursue*; l. upp, *to start on a journey*; (12) *to stab, thrust*, with a weapon (Þ. leggr hann spjóti til bana); (13) impers. *it turns, is driven in a direction* (of smoke, smell, fire); hingat leggr allan reykinn, *all the smoke blows hitherward*; *to freeze over, be covered with snow or ice* (þá er ísa lagði á vötn); l. nær, *to be on the brink of*; nær lagði þat úfœru einu sinni, *it had well nigh come to a disaster*; (14) with preps.; l. e-t af, *to cede, give up* (H. bróðir hans lagði af við hann sinn part í eyjunni); *to leave off, desist from* (legg af héðan af versagørð, sagði erkibiskup); l. af fénað, *to slaughter cattle*; l. e-t aptr, *to give back, return* (báðu mik leggja aptr taflit); l. at, l. at landi, *to land*; l. at e-m, *to attack*; l. e-t

á e-n, *to impose, lay (a burden, tax) upon one* (l. skatt, skyldir, yfirbót á e-n); l. e-t á við e-n = l. e-t á e-n; l. stund, kapp, hug á e-t, *to take pains about, great interest in, a thing*; l. ást, elsku, mætur á e-t, *to feel love, affection, interest for a thing, to cherish a thing or person*; l. fæð, öfund, hatr á, *to take dislike, envy, hatred to*; l. móti e-m, *to oppose, contradict one*; l. e-t til, *to furnish, contribute*, as one's share (hvern styrk hefir móðir mín til lagit með þér?); l. fátt til, *to say little, be reserved*; l. lof til, *to give praise to*; l. gott (illt) til e-s, *to lay a good (or ill) word to one, to interfere in a friendly (or unfriendly) manner*; l. e-t til lofs e-m, *to put a thing to a person's credit*; l. e-t til orðs, *to talk about*; l. e-m e-t til ámælis, orðs, *to blame one for a thing*; l. e-t undir *or* undir sik, *to conquer, vanquish* (Knútr konungr lagði allt land undir sik íNoregi); l. e-t undir e-n, *to submit a matter to a person, refer to* (þeir höfðu lagit mál undir Njál); l. undir trúnað e-s, *to trust*; ok er þat mjök undir hann lagit, *it depends much on him*; l. e-t undir þegnskap sinn, *to assert on one's honour*; l. e-t upp við e-n, *to hand over to one*; l. e-t eigi langt upp, *not to make much of, to make light* of (eigi legg ek slíkt langt upp); l. e-t við e-t, *to add to* (l. aðra tölu við aðra); l. við líf sitt, höfuð sitt, *to stake one's life*; l. við sekt, *to fix a fine*; (15) refl., leggjast, *to lay oneself*; l. niðr, *to lie down; to pass out of use, cease*; þeir höfðu lagizt til svefns, *they were gone to sleep*; l. í sótt, *to fall sick, take to bed* (from illness); l. á e-t, *to fall upon* (of robbers, beasts of prey); l. á, *to arise* (mun sá orðrómr á l., at); l. fyrir, *to take rest, lie down* (lögðust þá fyrir bæði menn ok hestar af úviðri); fyrir l. um e-t, *to give it up*; l. *or* l. til sunds, *to swim* (Grettir lagðist nú inn á fjörðinn); l. í hernað víking, *to set out on a freebooting expedition*; l. út, *to set out into the wilderness* (as a highwayman); l. e-t eigi undir höfuð, *not to lay it under one's pillow, not to neglect or forget it*; eigi lagðist mjök á með þeim brœðrum, *they were not on good terms*; lítit leggst fyrir e-n, *one has but a poor destiny* (lítit lagðist nú fyrir kappann, því at hann kafnaði í stofureyk sem hundr); recipr., l. hendr á, *to lay hands on one another*; l. hugi á, *to take a liking for each other*; l. nær, *to run close up to one another* (of two boats); l. niðr fé, *to slaughter sheep* (haf frjálst þat, sem þú hefir niður lagt af fé váru).

LEGGJA-, gen. pl. from 'leggr'; -BROT, n. pl. *pieces of bone in a broken leg*; -BÖND, n. pl. *leg-straps*.

LEGGR (-JAR, -IR), m. (1) *hollow bone* (of arms and legs); (2) *leg*; komast á legg, *to grow up* (þá vóru synir hans vel á legg komnir); (3) *stem of a plant*; (4) *shank of an anchor*; (5) *shaft of a spear*.

LEG-KAUP, n. *burial-fee*.

LEG-ORÐ, n. *lying with a woman*.

LEGORÐS-SÖK, f. *a case of* leg-orð.

LEG-RÓ, f. *rest in bed*; -STAÐR, m. *burial-place*; -STEINN, m. *tombstone*.

LEGU-NAUTR, m. *bed-mate, mess-mate*.

LEIÐ (-AR, -IR), f. (1) *way* (fara, ríða leið sína *or* leiðar sinnar); (2) *way, road* (á skóginum vóru tvennar leiðir); þar er leiðir skildi, *where the roads parted*; (3) *course* (on the sea); segja leið, *to pilot*; (4) adverb. phrases, koma e-u til leiðar *or* á leið, *to bring about*; skipast á betri l., *to change to a better way*; á þá l., *in this wise, thus*; fram á l., á l. fram, *further, all along*; *afterwards, for the time to come*; (5) *levy*; leiðar at biðja, *to call out a levy*.

LEIÐ, f. *a local assembly* (in the Icelandic Commonwealth).

LEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to lead, conduct* (Ólafr konungr leiddi Kjartan til skips); l. upp skip, *to drag a ship ashore*; (2) fig., l. augum (sjónum), *to behold*; l. hugum, *to consider*; l. huga at e-u, *to mark, note*; l. spurningum at um e-t, *to inquire*; l. getum um e-t, *to guess at a thing*; l. ástum, *to love*; l. af e-u, *to result from*; (3) gramm. *to pronounce* (því at hann leiddi eigi svá sem tíðast er); (4) *to bury, lead to the grave* (Steinarr leiddi hann uppi í holtum).

LEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) l. e-m e-t, *to make a person loathe or avoid a thing*; (2) refl., leiðast e-t (acc.), *to loathe, get tired of* (leiðist manngi gott, ef getr); impers., e-m leiðist, *one feels discontented* (man honum leiðast, ef deildr er verðrinn); mér leiðist e-t, *I am tired of* (leiðist mönnum opt á at heyra).

LEIÐANGR (gen. -RS), m. (1) *levy*, esp. by sea (including men, ships and money); bjóða út leiðangri, *to levy men and ships for war* (bjóða út leiðangri at mönnum ok vistum); hafa l. úti, *to make a sea expedition*; (2) *war contribution, war tax*.

LEIÐANGRS-FAR, n. *levy-ship*; -FERÐ, f. *war expedition*; -FÓLK, n. *levied folk*; -GØRÐ, f. *raising a levy*; -LIÐ, n. *levied army*; -MAÐR, m. *levied man*.

LEIÐAR-DAGR, m. *the day on which the* leið *was held*; -MORGUNN, m. *the morning of that day*.

LEIÐAR-NESTI, n. *viands*; -STEINN, m. *loadstone*; -STJARNA, f. *lodestar*; -SUND, n. *strait, passage*; -VÍSIR, m. *guide*; -VÍTI, n. *a fine for default in respect of a levy*.

LEIÐAR-VÖLLR, m. = leiðvöllr.

LEIÐI, n. (1) *leading wind, fair wind* (þeir fengu gott l.); (2) *tomb* (Svíar grétu yfir l. hans).

LEIÐ, n. *irksomeness*.

LEIÐI-FÍFL, n. *a fool to be led about*.

LEIÐI-GJARN, a. *wearisome*.

LEIÐI-LIGR, a. *hideous*.

LEIÐINDI, n. pl. (1) *loathing, dislike*; leggja l. á við e-n, *to take a dislike to a person*; (2) *an unpleasant thing*.

LEIÐING, f. *leading, persuasion*.

LEIÐINGA-MAÐR, m. *an easily led person* (= leiðitamr maðr); -SAMR, a. *easily led, pliable* (= leiðitamr).

LEIÐIN-LIGA, adv. *hideously*; -LIGR, a. *hideous* (knoa ljót ok leiðinlig).

LEIÐI-ORÐ, n. pl. *walking and talking with a person*; -TAMR, a. *easy to be led*.

LEIÐ-MÓT, n. *the* leið *meeting*.

LEIÐR, a. *loathed, disliked* (l. e-m); e-m er e-t leitt, *one dislikes a thing*.

LEIÐ-RÉTTA (-RÉTTA, -RÉTTR), v. *to put right, mend, correct*; -RÉTTING, f. *setting right, correction*; -SAGA, f. *guidance, direction*, esp. *piloting*; -SAGARI, m. *guide*, esp. *pilot*.

LEIÐSAGNAR-MAÐR, m. = leiðsagari.

LEIÐSLA, f. (1) *guidance, leading*; (2) *burial, interment*.

LEIÐ-STAFIR, m. pl. *loathsome runes*.

LEIÐ-SÖGN, f. = leiðsaga.

LEIÐSÖGU-MAÐR, m. *guide, pilot* = leiðsagnarmaðr.

LEIÐ-TOGI, m. *guide*; -VÍSI, f. *knowing the course* (on the sea).

LEIÐ-VÍTI, n. = leiðarvíti.

LEIÐ-VÖLLR, m. *the field where the* leið *was held*.

LEIFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to leave* (food) *over*; *to leave as heritage* (hann leifði honum löng ok lausa-fé); (2) *to leave behind, relinquish, abandon* (þeir leifðu skipin í

Raumsdal).

LEIFAR, f. pl. (1) *leavings, remnants*, esp. of food; (2) *effect, result* (illa gefast ills ráðs leifar).

LEIGA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to hire, rent*; l. e-t at e-m, *to hire from a person*.

LEIGA, f. (1) *hire, rent*, opp. to 'innstœða' (*capital*); byggja fé á leigu, *to let money out at interest*; leggja leigu eptir höfn, *to pay a harbour duty*; (2) *wages, pay* (kallast hann engrar leigu makligr).

LEIG-LENDINGR, m. *tenant*.

LEIGU-BÓL, n. *rented farm*; -FÉ, n. *hired cattle*; -FŒRR, a. *fit to be hired out*; -LAND, n. *rented land*; -LAUSS, a. *rent free, without interest*; -LIÐI, m., -MAÐR, m. *tentant*; -MÁL, n. *agrement as to rent, lease*; -PRESTR, m. *hired priest, curate*; -STAÐR, m. *a place where money is invested, investment*.

LEIKA (LEIK; LÉK, LÉKUM; LEIKINN), v. (1) *to play* (við skulum nú l. fyrst); l. leik, *to play a play*; l. tveim skjöldum, *to play a double game*; l. at e-u, *to play (amuse oneself) with* (Katla sat ok lék at hafri sínum); l. at tafli, *to play at chess*; l. sér, *to play* (hann lék sér þá enn á gólfi með öðrum börnum); (2) *to perform*, of a feat or act of prowess (en ek hygg, at engi annarr fái þat leikit); (3) *to move, swing, wave to and fro, hang loosely* (l. á lopti); landit skalf sem á þræði léki, *as if balanced on a string*; (4) of flame, fire, water, waves, *to play lightly about or over, lick* (eldr tók at l. húsin); eldrinn lék skjótt, *the fire spread fast*; leikr hár hiti við himin sjálfan, *the lofty blaze plays against the very heavens*; fig., e-m leikr e-t í skapi (í mun), *one feels inclined to, has a mind to* (þat leikr mér í skapi at kaupa Íslandsfar); (5) *to deal (hardly) with, to (ill-)treat* (l. e-n illa, hart, sárt, sárliga); (6) *to play a trick upon, delude*, = l. á e-n (djöfullinn leikr þá alla); (7) *to bewitch*, esp. in pp. (maðr sá var leikinn af flagði einu); (8) with preps., l. á e-n, *to play a trick upon* (mjök hefir þú á oss leikit); fig., lék þat orð á, at, *it was rumoured, that*; e-m leikr öfund á, *to envy*; e-m leikr hugr á, *to have a mind to*; þar leikr minn hugr á, *my mind is bent upon that*; hón segir föður sínum um hvat at l. er, *she told her father how things stood*; l. e-n út, esp. in pp., *to ill-treat* (konungr sér nú Áka, hversu hann er út leikinn); l. við e-n, *to play with one*; l. við, *to continue* (meinit hafð lengi við leikit); (9) refl., leikast, *to be performed, done*; ef þat má l., *if this can be done*; leikst á e-n, *it goes against one, he gets the worst of it* (mjök hefir leikizt á minn hluta); l. við, *to play one against the other, play a match*; höfðu þeir leikizt við barna leikum, meðan þeir vóru ungir, *they had been playmates*.

LEIKA (pl. LEIKU), n. *plaything, doll*.

LEIKA, f. (1) = leika, n.; (2) *play-sister* (vér vórum leikur vetr níu).

LEIKANDI, f. (1) *pulley*; (2) *sport, jest*.

LEIKARA-SKAPR, m. *scurrility*.

LEIKARI, m. *player, jester*.

LEIK-BLANDINN, pp. *sportive*; -BORÐ, n. *play-board*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *playmate*.

LEIK-DÓMR, m. *laity*, = leikfólk.

LEIK-FANG, n. *wrestling*; -FÉLAGI, m. *play-fellow*; -FERÐ, f. *sport*.

LEIK-FÓLK, n. *lay-folk, laity*.

LEIKINN, a. *playful, gay*.

LEIK-LIGR, a. *lay*; -MAÐR, m. *layman*.

LEIK-MAÐR, m. *player*.

LEIKMANN-LIGR, a. *lay*.

LEIK-MIKILL, a. *playful, merry*; -MÓT, n. *'play-meeting', public athletic sports*;

-mær, a. *play-sister*.

leikr (-s, -ar), m. *game, play, sport*; láta (vinna) leikinn, *to lose (win) the game*; á nýja leik, *anew*; við illan leik, *narrowly, with a narrow escape* (þeir kómust þar yfir við illan leik); hann segir þeim hvat leika (gen.), hvat í leikum er, *he told them what the game was, what was the matter*; leikr er görr til e-s, *a person is aimed at, is the mark of an attack*; gera leik til e-s, *to mock one*.

leikr, a. *lay* (lærðir ok leikir).

leik-skáli, m. *play-shed*; -stefna, f. = leikmót; -sveinn, m. *playmate*; -vald, n. *lay power, laity*; -völlr, m. *playground*.

leiptr (gen. leiptrar, pl. leiptrir), f. *lightning flash*.

leiptra (að), v. *to flash, shine*.

leir, n. *clay, loam, mud*.

leira, f. *muddy shore, mud-flat*.

leir-bakki, m. *clayey bank*; -búð, f. *clay booth*; -depill, m. *clayey spot*; -gata, f. *clayey path*; -kelda, f. *clay-pit*; -ligr, a. *of clay*; -maðr, m. *clay man*; -óttr, a. = leirugr.

leir-pottr, m. *earthen pot*.

leirr, m. = leir.

leir-stokkinn, pp. *mud-splashed*.

leiru-bekkr, m. *muddy brook*.

leirugr, a. *clayey, muddy*.

leista-brœkr, f. pl. *trousers and stockings in one piece, long hose*; -lauss, a. *without a foot-piece or sock* (leistalausar brœkr).

leistr (-s, -ar), m. *stocking-foot, sock*.

leit, f. (1) *search*; fara á l. e-s, *to go in search of a thing*; (2) *exploring party, search-party* (jarl var sjálfr í leitinni).

leita (að), v. (1) *to seek, search*, with gen. (heraðsmenn leituðu hennar ok fundu hana eigi); l. e-m e-s, *to seek (try to get) a thing for one* (l. e-m kvánfangs); l. sér lífs, *to seek to save one's life*; (2) *to seek for help* (vil ek, at þú leitir aldri annarra en mín, ef þú þarft nökkurs við); l. ráða, *to seek for advice*; (3) *to act (proceed) towards one*; ef yðar er illa leitat, *if you are challenged*; (4) *to try to go, proceed on a journey*; l. braut ór landi, *to go abroad*; l. á fund e-s, *to visit a person*; (5) *to seek, try*, with infin. (þá leitaði Kálfr at flytja brœðr sína ofan til skips); (6) with preps., l. at e-m, *to seek for a person*, = l. e-s (var þá leitat at lækninum); l. at um e-t = l. eptir um e-t; l. á e-n, *to attack or assail one, to blame or reprehend one*; l. á, *to try, make an attempt to get a thing* (hvar skulu vit á l.?); l. á um kvánfang, *to look for a wife*; l. eptir e-u, *to seek for*; l. eptir máli, *to follow a case, take it up*; l. eptir um e-t, *to inquire into*; l. eptir við e-n, *to inquire of a person*; l. fyrir sér, *to save oneself by flight* (leggjum á flótta, verðr nú hverr at l. fyrir sér); l. e-s í, *to try, make an attempt* (var þá margs í leitat); l. til e-s, *to seek for*, = l. e-s (aldri leitaði hann til griða né undankomu); l. um e-t = l. at um e-t, *to examine* (var þá leitat um sár manna); *to try to get or effect* (l. um sættir); l. e-s við e-n, *to apply to one for a thing* (l. ráða við e-n); l. við e-t, *to try*; l. við för, *to try to get away*; l. við at gøra e-t, *to try to do a thing* (hann vildi við l. at mæla); (7) refl., leitast um, *to make a search, examine* (leituðust þeir þá um ok fundu hurð í gólfinu).

leiti, n. *hill, elevation, height*.

leizla, f. = leiðsla.

leizlu-drykkja, f. *drinking-party*.

leka (lek; lak, lákum; lekit), v. (1) *to drip, dribble* (af þeim legi, er lekit hafði

ór hausi Heiðdraupnis); (2) *to leak, be leaky* (húsit, skipit, keraldit lekr).

LEKAÐR, pp. *leaky* (lekat skip).

LEKAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to spring a leak*.

LEKI, m. *leakage, leak*; kóma þá lekar at skipinu, *the ship sprang a leak*.

LEKR, a. *leaky* (skipin vóru lek).

LEKTARI, m. *lectern, reading desk*.

LEMBDR, pp. *with lamb* (lembd ær).

LEMJA (LEM, LAMDA, LAMIÐR), v. (1) *to thrash, flog, beat* (þeir lömdu hann náliga til bótleysis); (2) l. niðr, *to beat down, suppress* (hafa vald til þess at niðr l. allan mátt illgjarnra anda); (3) refl. *to be severely injured* (svá mikit högg, at haussinn lamdist).

LEMSTR, m. *lameness, infirmity*.

LÉN, n. (1) *fief, fee* (halda lönd ok lén af konungi); (2) *royal grant or emolument*; (3) *royal revenue*; (4) *share of good things* (sumir hafa lítit lén eða lof).

LÉNA, f. *pad or cushion which is placed under a pack-saddle*.

LEND (pl. -IR and -AR), f. *loin, rump*.

LENDA (-DA, -NT), v. (1) *to land*, with dat. (l. báti, skipi); (2) *to land, come to land* (síðan lendu þeir upp frá Bakka); (3) impers., e-m lendir saman, *to clash, come into conflict* (mun ek ekki letja, at oss lendi saman); e-u lendir, *to come to an end*; þar lendir þessi viðrœðu, at, *the end of this talk was, that*.

LENDA, f. *land, estate*.

LENDA-VERKR, m. *lumbago*.

LEND-BORINN, pp. *sprung from the landed gentry*.

LENDING, f. *landing, landing-place*.

LENDR, a. (1) *landed*; l. maðr, *'landed-man', holding land or emoluments from the king*; (2) in compds. (í-lendr, inn-, sam-, út-).

LENGD, f. *length* (of space and time); til lengdar, *long, for a long time*; nú (*or* í bráð) ok lengdar, *for now and hereafter*.

LENGI (LENGR, LENGST), adv. *long, for a long time*; of l., *too long*; lengr en skemr, *rather long than short, for a good while*; with gen., l. vetrar, *for a great part of the winter*.

LENGING, f. *lengthening*; lífs l., *maintenance of life*.

LENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to lengthen* (l. líf sitt); var lengt nafn hans, *an addition was made to his name*; hvat þarf þat l., *what need to make a long story*?; impers. *to become longer* (um vetrinn er daga lengdi).

LENGJA, f. *a long piece, strip*.

LENGR, adv. compar., see 'lengi'.

LENGRA, adv. compar. *to a greater length*; *farther, further*.

LENGRUM, adv. compar. *longer, farther*; *for a longer time*.

LENGSTUM, adv. superl. *mostly, most of the time* (hann var þó l. á Grjótá).

LEÓ, LEÓN, n. *lion*.

LEOPARÐR, LÉPARÐR, m. *leopard*.

LEPPR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *lock of hair* (fá mér leppa tvá ór hári þínu); (2) *rag, tatter* (leppr rotinn).

LÉREPT, n. *linen, linen cloth*.

LERKA (AÐ), v. *to lace tight* (hosur lerkaðar at beini); fig., lerkaðr, *bruised, contused* (l. af höggum).

LES, n. *lesson* (in divine service).

LESA (LES; LAS, LÁSUM; LESINN), v. (1) *to pick up, gather* (l. hnetr, ber, aldin); l. saman, *to gather, glean* (l. saman axhelmur); l. upp, *to pick up*; (2) *to grasp, catch* (eldrinn las skjótt tróðviðinn); l. sik upp, *to haul oneself up* (hann las sik skjótt upp eptir øxarskaptinu); (3) *to knit, embroider*; (4) *to read* (l. á bók); l. fram, l.

upp, *to read aloud*; l. um (of) e-n, *to speak* (evil) *of one* (l. fár um e-n).

LES-BÓK, f. *lesson-book*; -DJÁKN, m. *reading clerk*; -KÓRR, m. *reading-desk, lectern*.

LESNINGR, m. *reading*.

LEST, f. (1) *burden, cargo*; (2) *train of packhorses*.

LESTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to injure, damage* (l. skip sitt); refl., lestast, *to be injured, damaged* (féll hann af baki ok lestist fótr hans).

LESTI, adv., only in the phrase, á l., *last, at last*.

LESTR, m. and f. *reading*.

LEST-REKI, m. *agent, manager*.

LETI, f. *sloth, laziness*; -FULLR, a. *slovenly*; -SVEFN, m. *sleep of sloth*.

LETJA (LET; LATTA, LÓTTUM; LATTR), v. *to hold back, dissuade* (one from something), l. e-n e-s (Björn latti ferðar; konungr fór eigi at síðr); refl., letjast, *to become loth, unwilling* (prællinn tók at l. mjök á starfanum).

LÉ-TORFA, f. *a turf cut with a scythe*.

LETR, n. *letters, writing*; -LIGR, a. *literal*; -LIST, f. *art of writing*.

LÉTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) with acc. *to lighten* (l. skipin); (2) with dat. *to lift* (þá létti köttrinn einum fœti); (3) l. e-u, *to desist from, leave off*; l. ferð sinni, *to stop one's journey, to halt*; also absol., þeir léttu eigi (*they stopped not, halted not*) fyrr en þeir kómu í Skaptártungur; l. af e-u, l. af at gøra e-t, *to leave off doing, give up* (hann léttir aldregi af slíkt at vinna); l. af hernaði, *to leave off freebooting*; l. undan, *to withdraw, retreat* (svá kom því máli, at Sigvaldi létti undan); (4) *to relieve, ease* (hann létti hans meini með mikilli íþrótt); (5) impers., e-m léttir, *one is relieved, eased* (of pain, illness); sótt (dat.) léttir, léttir af sóttinni, *the illness (fever) abates*; with the person in dat., the illness in gen. honum létti brátt sóttarinnar, *he soon recovered from the illness*; l. upp, *to clear up, abate*, esp. of the weather; storminum (hríðinni) léttir upp, *the storm (snowstorm) abates*; (6) refl., léttast, *to be lightened, cleared*, of the sky (hinn syðri hlutr léttist); impers., e-m léttist = e-m léttir, *one is relieved, eased* (léttist honum heldr, ok var á fótum þrjá daga).

LÉTTA-BRAGÐ, n. *cheerful look* (gøra á sér -bragð); -SÓTT, f. *child-labour*.

LÉTT-BRÚNN, -BRÝNN, a. *of cheerful look*; -BÚINN, pp. *lightly clad*; -BÆRR, a. *easy to bear*; -FLEYGR, a. *swift, fleet-winged*; -FŒRR, a. *nimble, fleet*; -HJALAÐR, pp. *spoken of with ease*.

LÉTTI, m. (1) *alleviation, relief, ease*; (2) *readiness*; af létta, *readily, without reserve* (hann sagði allt af létta).

LÉTTI-LIGA, adv. (1) *lightly* (búa sik -liga); (2) *readily, with good will* (dróttning tók kveðju hans -liga); -MÖTTULL, m. *light mantle*.

LÉTTIR, m. *alleviation, relief*.

LÉTTI-SKIP, n., -SKÚTA, f. *a light, fleet ship*; -VINÁTTA, f. *good friendship*.

LÉTT-KLÆDDR, pp. *lightly clad*; -LÁTR, a. *affable*; *light-mannered*; -LEIKR, m. *lightness, agility*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *lightly*; (2) *easily*; (3) *cheerfully, readily* (taka e-u léttliga); -LIGR, a. *light*; -LÍFR, a. *living an easy life* (e-m er -líft); -LÆTI, n. *affability, friendliness* (cf. 'léttlátr').

LÉTTLÆTIS-KONA, f. *loose woman*.

LÉTT-MÆLTR, pp. *spoken with ease*.

LÉTTR, a. (1) *light*, opp. to 'þungr'; (2) *active, nimble* (l. á sér); vera á léttasta

skeiði, *to be at one's most active age*; ek em nú af léttasta skeiði, *I am past my best years*; (3) *unencumbered, free*; verða léttari (at barni), *to be delivered of a child*; e-m verðr harms síns léttara, *one is eased of one's grief*; (4) *light, easy* (mœddist hann fyrir þeim ok gekk þeim léttara); var veðr létt, *the wind was light*; (5) *cheerful, gladsome* (var konungr þá l. í öllum rœðum); e-m segir eigi létt hugr um e-t, *one has apprehensions*; (6) *of small value*; leggja e-t í léttan stað, *to think lightly of*.

LÉTT-ÚÐ, f. *light-heartedness*; -ÚÐIGR, a. *light-hearted*; -VÍGR, a.; e-m er -vígt, *one finds it easy to fight*.

LEYFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to give leave to, allow, permit* (leyfi þér honum at fara sem honum gegnir bezt); (2) *to praise* (at kveldi skal dag leyfa).

LEYFI, n. *leave, permission*.

LEYFI-LIGR, a. *permitted, allowed*.

LEYNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to hide, conceal*; l. e-n e-u, *to hide, conceal a thing from one*; (2) refl., leynast, *to hide oneself, be concealed*; l. at e-m, *to steal upon a person, attack by stealth*; l. í brott, *to steal away*.

LEYND, f. *secrecy, concealment, hiding*; með l., af l., *secretly*.

LEYNDAR-BRÉF, n. *secret letter*; -KLEFI, -KOFI, m. *closet*; -LIMR, m. *the privy member*; -MAÐR, m. = -vinr; -MÁL, n. *secret affair, a secret*; -STAÐR, m. *hiding place*; -TAL, n. *secret talk* (eiga -tal við e-n); -VINR, m. *secret friend*.

LEYNDR, pp. *secret*; leyndr staðr = leyndarstaðr.

LEYNI, n. *hiding-place*; -BRAGÐ, n. *secret plot*; -DYRR, f. pl. *secret door*; -FJÖRÐR, m. *hidden fjord*; -GATA, f. *secret path*; -GRÖF, f. *hidden pit*; -HERAÐ, n. *secluded district*; -LIGA, adv. *secretly*; -LIGR, a. *hidden, secret*; -STIGR, m. = -gata; -VÁGR, m. *hidden creek*; -VEGA, m. *secret way*.

LEYSA (-TA, -TR), v (1) *to loose, loosen, untie, undo* (tók Skrýmir ok leysti nestbagga sinn); l. knút, *to undo a knot*; (2) impers. *is dissolved, breaks up* (skipit leysi undir þeim); snjó, ís leysir, *the snow thaws, the ice breaks up*; árnar (vötn) leysir *or* ísa leysir af vötnum, *the ice breaks up on the rivers*; (3) *to absolve* (biskup sagðist eigi mega leyas þá); (4) *to free, set free, release* (l. e-n ór ánauð, af þrældómi); (5) *to discharge, pay* (bœndr hetu jarli stórfé at l. þat gjald, er á var kveðit); (6) l. *or* l. af hendi, *to perform, do* (vel hefir þú leyst þitt erendi); (7) *to redeem, purchase* (vil ek l. landit til mín); (8) *to solve* (a difficulty); hann leysti hvers manns vandræði, *he helped every man in distress*; (9) *to send away, dismiss* (Oddr leysir menn þaðan með góðum gjöfum); (10) *to get rid of, dispatch* (seint sœkist várum félaga at l. þenna úkunna mann); (11) with preps. and advs., l. e-n brott, *to dismiss* (leysti Ásmundr hann brott með góðum gjöfum); l. e-n frá e-u, *to rid one of a thing*; l. ór e-u, *to solve, explain, answer* (K. leysti ór því öllu froðliga, sem hann spurði); l. e-t sundr, *to dissolve*; l. e-n undan e-u *to release from, aquit of*; l. e-n út *to redeem* (má vera, at þú náir at l. hann út héðan); *to dismiss guests* (leysti konungr þá út með sœmiligum gjöfum); *to pay out* (leysit Höskuldr út fé hans); (12) refl. leysast, *to decompose* (tók hold þeirra at þrútna ok l. af kulda); *to absent oneself* (leystist þú svá hédan næstum, at þér var engi ván lífs af mér); fig. *to get oneself clear* (megu vér eigi annat ætla, en

leysast af nökkuru eptir slfk stórvirki).

LEYSINGI (gen. -JA), m. *freedman*.

LEYSINGJA, f. *freedwoman*.

LIÐ, n. (1) *host, folk, people*; fyrða l., *the people*; þeir vóru allir eins liðs, *they were all of one party*; vera einn sins liðs, *to be alone*; (2) *family, household* (lið mitt er heima bjarglaust); (3) *troops, host*; samna liði, *to gather troops*; (4) *aid, assistance*; veita e-m lið, *to aid*; koma e-m at liði, *to come to one's assistance*.

LIÐ, n. poet. (1) *ale* (cf. 'líð'); (2) *ship*.

LIÐAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to fall in curls* (sá maðr hafði gult hár, ok liðaðist allt á herðar niðr).

LIÐ-DRÁTTR, m. = liðsdráttr; -DRJÚGR, a. *strong, powerful*; -FÁR, a. *short of men*; -FÆÐ, f. *scarcity of men*; -FŒRR, a. *able-bodied*; -GÓÐR, a. *good at doing*; handy; -HENDA, -HENDING, f. a kind of *metre*.

LIÐI, m. (1) *follower* (liðar þat eru fylgðarmenn); (2) *levy-district*.

LIÐ-LIGA, adv. *adroitly, handily*; -LIGR, a. *adroit, handy*; -LÍTILL, a. (1) *having few men*; (2) *of little use*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *adroitly*; -MANNLIGR, a. *adroit, handy*; -MARGR, a. *having many men*; -MIKILL, a. = -margr; -MJÚKR, a. *lithe, limber* (meðliðmjúkum fingrum).

LIÐR (gen. -AR; pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *joint of the body* (lið kalla menn þat á manni, er leggir mætast); fótrinn stökk or liði, *the foot went out of joint*; fœra (fót) í lið, *to set in joint again*; (2) hann var fölleitr ok l. á nefi, *he was pale-looking and hook-nosed*; (3) *degree (of kindred), generation*.

LIÐ-RÆKR, a. *rejected from a* lið.

LIÐS-AFLI, m. *forces, troops*.

LIÐ-SAMLIGR, a. *likely to be helpful*; -SAMNAÐR, m. *gathering of troops*; -SAMR, a. *ready to help*.

LIÐS-BEINI, m. *giving help, assistance*; -BÓN, f. *prayer for help*; -DRÁTTR, m. *assembling troops*.

LIÐ-SEMD, f. *assistance*.

LIÐS-FJÖLDI, m. *greathost*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *captain of a host*.

LIÐ-SINNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to assist*, with dat. (-sinna e-m); (2) *to further*, with acc. (hefir hón því heitit at -sinna þetta mál); -SINNAÐR, pp. *ready to help one* (e-m); -SINNI, n. *help, assistance*.

LIÐSINNIS-MAÐR, m. *helper*.

LIÐ-SKORTR, m. *lack of men*.

LIÐS-KOSTR, m. *military force*.

LIÐ-SKYLFR, a. *requiring many people* (vér höfum skip mikit ok -skylft).

LIÐS-LAUN, n. pl. *reward for help rendered*; -MAÐR, m. *follower, warrior*; -MENN, *the men of one's army*; -MUNR, m. *odds*; -SAMNAÐR, m. = liðsamnaðr; -ÞURFI, a. *in need of help*; -ÞURFT, f., -ÞÖRF, f. *need of help*.

LIÐUG-LIGA, adv. *willingly, readily* (gerði Þ. þat vel ok liðugliga).

LIÐUGR, a. (1) *lithe, supple*; (2) *free, unhindered* (skal Grettir fara l. þangat, sem hann vill); (3) *unoccupied, disengaged*; (4) *easy, fluent* of language (með liðugri norrœnu).

LIÐ-VANI, a. *lacking means (men)*; -VASKR, a. *doughty, valiant*; -VEIZLA, f. *succour, support*.

LIÐVEIZLU-MAÐR, m. *supporter*.

LIFA (LIFL, LIFÐA, LIFAT), v. (1) *to be left* (er þriðjungr lifði nætr); meðan öld lifir, *while the world stands*; (2) *to live*; meðan hann lifði, *while he lived*; at sér lifanda, *in his life-time*; lifa eptir e-n, *to survive one* (verðr maðr eptir annan at l.); l. við e-t, *to live on, feed on* (þeir lifðu nú

við reka ok smádýri); (3) *to burn*, of fire (lifði þar eldr í skála).

LIFANDIS, adv. *alive*; vera l. = vera lífs, á lífi; -HLUTR, m. *living thing*; -SKEPNA, f. *living creature*.

LIFÐR, a. *endowed with life, living*; betra er lifðum en sé úlifðum, *better to be living than lifeless*.

LIFENDR, m. pl. *the living*.

LIFINN, a. *living*, = lifðr.

LIFNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to be left*; (2) *to come to life, revive* (konungr hugði, at hón mundi l.).

LIFNAÐAR-LENGD, f. *length (duration) of life* (-lengd mannsins).

LIFNAÐR, m. (1) *conduct of life*; (2) *convent life, convent*.

LIFR (gen. and pl. LIFRAR), f. *liver*.

LIGGJA (LIGG; LÁ, LÁGUM; LEGINN), v. (1) *to lie* (ör liggr þar úti á vegginum); l. sjúkr, *to lie sick* (hann liggr sjúkr heima); þeir lágu í sárum, *they lay ill of their wounds*; (2) *to lie buried* (hér liggr skáld); (3) *to lie at anchor* (hann lagði til hafnar ok lá þar um hríð); liggja veðrfastr, *to lie weather-bound*; (4) *to lie, be situated*, of a place (þorp ok borgir, er lágu við ríki hans); (5) *to lie, go, lead*, of a road (liggr gata til bœjarins); (6) *to be covered with ice, ice-bound* (vetrar-ríki var á mikit ok lágu firðir allir); (7) *to lie with, have sexual intercourse with*, = l. hjá konu; (8) with preps. and advs., l. á e-m, *to lie heavy on, weigh upon, oppress* (liggja á mér hugir stórra manna); l. á hálsi e-m, *to hang on one's neck, blame one*; l. á e-m, *to be fated to one* (þat lá á konungi, at hann skyldi eigi lifa um tíu vetr); l. á e-u, *to attend, be connected with* (á þessum ráðum liggja stórmeinbugir); *to be urgent, of importance, pressing* (A. kvað honum eigi á l. þat at vita); liggr honum ekki á, *it does not matter to him*; l. á úknyttum, *to pursue wicked courses*; l. eptir, *to be left undone* (skal ekki eptir l. þat, sem vér megum þeim veita); l. fyrir e-m, *to lie in wait for*; l. fyrir, *to be in store for, or open to, one*; þœtti mér þat ráð fyrir l., at þú sendir menn, *that the best thing would be to send men*; l. hjá e-rri, *to lie with* (lá ek hjá dóttur þinni); l. í e-u, *to stick or sink in* (lágu hestarnir á kafi í snjónum); l. í, *to stick fast in mire or bog* (liggr í hestrinn undir þeim); l. í hernaði, víkingu, *to be engaged in warfare*; l. niðri, *to lie untold* (nú skal þat eigi niðri liggja, er honum er þó mest vegsemd í); l. saman, *to be adjacent* (lágu saman skógar þeirra Lopts); l. til e-s, *to belong to* (naut ok sauðir, lá þat til Atleyjar); bœtr liggja til alls, *there is atonement for every case*; *to be due or proper* (þótti þat til l. at taka af honum tignina); l. til byrjar, *to lie by for a fair wind*; l. til hafs, *to lie ready for sea* (lá biskup til hafs sex vikur); l. um e-n, *to lie in wait for*; l. um e-t, *to be bent upon* (hann liggr um þat nótt ok dag at veita yðr líflát); l. undir e-n *or* e-m, *to be subject to, belong to* (þessi lönd liggja undir Danakonung); hlutr e-s liggr undir, *one is worsted*; l. úti, *to lie out, not in a house* (sumir lágu úti á fjöllum með bú sín); l. við, *to lie at stake* (líf mitt liggr við); þá muntu bezt gefast, er mest liggr við, *when the need is greatest*; e-m liggr við e-u, *one is on the verge of*; mörgum lá við bana, *many lay at death's door*; lá við sjálft, at, *ti was just on the point of*.

LILJA, f. *lily* (hon var hvít sem l.).

LIM, n. *foliage, small branches*.

LIMAÐR, pp. (1) *branchy, full of branches*; (2) *limbed*; l. mjök, *large-limbed*; l. vel, *having shapely limbs*.

LIMA-FALL, n. *paralysis*; -LÁT, n. *mutilation*; -LJÓTR, a. *ugly-limbed*; -MARGR, a. *having many branches*.

LIMAR, f. pl. *branches* (þeir höfðu fest skjöldu sína í limar).

LIMA-VÖXTR, m. *frame of the body*.

LIM-BYRÐR, f. *burden of faggots*.

LIM-HLAUPA, -HLAUPINN, a. indecl. *cowed, prostrate*.

LIMR (gen. -AR, pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *limb* (halda lífi ok limum); (2) *joint* of meat (þrír limir kjöts).

LINA (AÐ), v. (1) *to soften, mitigate*; (2) *to soothe, alleviate* (linit harmi mínum); impers., e-u linar, *it abates* (við átak hans linat þegar sóttinni); (3) l. til, *to give way*; (4) refl., linast, *to be softened, give way* (þá linuðust hugir þeirra).

LIN-AFLAÐR, a. *of little strength*.

LINAN, f. *mitigation*.

LIND, f. (1) *lime-tree*; lindar váði, *fire* (poet.); (2) *linden-shield*; (3) *linden spear-shaft*.

LIND, f. *source, spring*; lindar logi, *gold* (poet.).

LINDA-STAÐR, m. *the waist*.

LINDI, m. *belt, girdle*.

LINDI-SKJÖLDR, m. *shield of lime-wood*; -TRÉ, n. *lime-tree*.

LIN-HJARTAÐR, a. *soft-hearted*; -KIND, -KINNI, f. *mercy*; -LEIKR, m. *lenity*; -LIGA, adv. *leniently, gently*; -LIGR, a. *lenient*; -MÓÐR, a. = -mœðinn; -MÆLTR, pp. *mild, gentle in speech*; -MŒÐINN, a. *meek, gentle*.

LINNA (-TA, -T), v. *to cease, stop* (l. ferðinni); impers., e-u linnir, *it ceases, abates* (en er því linnti, greiða þeir atróðr sinn).

LINN-ORMR, m. *(fabulous) serpent*.

LINNR, m. *serpent* (poet.).

LINN-VENGI, n. *'serpent-field', gold*; linnvengis bil, *woman* (poet.).

LINR, a. (1) *soft to the touch*; (2) *gentle, mild* (H. var linr ok blíðr við alla sína menn); (3) *agreeable, pleasant*; faðmast lint, *to embrace softly*.

LIPR (acc. -RAN), a. *handy, adroit*.

LIST (pl. -IR), f. (1) *art, craft* (margar listir þær, sem áðr höfðu eigi fundnar verit); (2) *skill, adroitness, dexterity* (lék hann marga íþróttliga fimleika með mikilli l.).

LISTA, f. *list, border*.

LISTA-MAÐR, m. *skilled workman, craftsman*.

LISTUGR, a. (1) *skilled, skilful*; (2) *polite, elegant*.

LISTU-LIGA, adv. *skilfully; handsomely, finely*; -LIGR, a. (1) *skilful, clever*; (2) *elegant, handsome* (-ligir menn).

LIST-VANR, a. *skilful, clever*.

LITA (AÐ), v. *to dye* (l. sik í blóði).

LITANAR-GRAS, n. *dyeing herb*.

LITAR-, gen. from 'litr'; -APT, n., -ÁTTA, f., -HÁTTR, m. *complexion*.

LITA-SKIPTI, n. *change of colour*.

LITAST (AÐ), v. refl., l. um, *to look about* (nú litaðist konungr um).

LIT-BJARTR, a. *bright of complexion*; -BRIGÐI, n. *change of colour*; -FÖRÓTTR, a. *dappled*; -GÓÐR, a. *of fine complexion* (-góðr í andliti); -GRAS, n. = litanargras.

LITKA (AÐ), v. *to colour, stain*; vel litkaðr, *of a fine hue*.

LIT-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *coloured (dyed) clothes* (not with the natural colour of the wool); -LAUSS, a. *colourless, pale*.

LITR (gen. -AR, pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *colour, hue*; bregða lit, *to change colour*; blár (grár, hvítr, rauðr) at lit, *blue (grey, white, red) of colour*; (2) *the colour of the*

sky, at dawn or dusk; en er þeir kómu upp á heiðina, kenndu þeir, at lit brá, *they saw the day break*; þá tók at kenna annars litar, *then it began to grow dusk*; (3) *dye* (sœkja grös til litar).

LITR, a. *hued, coloured* (vel, illa l.).

LIT-VERPAST (T), v. refl. *to change colour*; -VERPR, a. *pale* (from fear).

LÍÐ, n. *strong ale* (líð heitir öl).

LÍÐA (LIÐ; LEIÐ, LIÐUM; LIÐINN), v. (1) *to go, pass, glide* (er skipit leið fram hjá flotanum); l. e-m ór hug, *to pass out of one's memory*; (2) *to pass by, go past* (er þeir liðu nesit); impers., en er líðr Euphrates á (acc.), *when one has passed the E.*; sem leið jóladaginn, *as the Yule-day passed*; þá (*or* þegar) er e-n líðr, *when a person is omitted, passed over*; Úlfr jarl var ríkastr í Danmörku, þegar er konung leið, *next to the king*; (3) *to pass away, elapse*, of time (eigi munu margir vetur l. áðr en þér munuð þessa iðrast); at liðnum vetri, *when the winter had passed*; liðinn, *dead, deceased*; at liðinn fylki, *after my lord's death*; (4) impers. with dat., nú líðr, svá dögum, at, *the days draw on*; þá var liðit degi, *the day was far spent*; (5) *to go on, take place*; ek vil vita, hvat þeim líðr, *how they are getting on*; ok sér, hvat leið drykkinum, *and sees, how it had gone with his drinking*; (6) with preps. and advs., l. af e-u, *to depart from*; l. af heimi, *to depart this life*; l. af, *to pass away* (líðr af vetrinn = líðr fram vetrinn); impers., l. at e-u, *to approach, draw near*; en er at leið jólunum, *when it drew nigh Yule*; l. at e-m, *faintness comes over one*; nú tók at l. at Ölvi, O. *began to get drunk*; G. tók sótt, en er at honum leið, *when he was far spent, near his end*; líðr at mætti e-s, *one's strength gives way*; impers., líðr á e-t, *the time draws to a close*; ok er á leið daginn, *when the day was far spent*; at áliðnu, *in the latter part of a time* (um haustit at áliðnu); at áliðnum vetri, *towards the end of the winter*; l. fram, *to pass away, wear on* (ok er várit leið fram); also impers., líðr fram e-u = e-t líðr fram (er fram leið nóttinni ok dró at degi); *to advance, proceed* (Egill tók at hressast svá sem fram leið at yrkja kvæðit); impers., þá er frá líðr, *when time passes on*; láta e-t hjá sér l., *to let it pass by unheeded*; impers., líðr í mót e-u = líðr at e-u (nú líðr í mót jólum); l. um e-t, *to pass by* (eigi hœfir þá hluti um at l., er); hann spurði, hvat liði um kvæðit, *he asked how the poem was getting on*; l. undan, *to slip off, pass by*; l. undir lok, *to pass away, die, perish*; l. yfir e-n, *to pass over, happen to, befall* (mart mun yfir þik l.); eitt skal yfir oss alla l., *we shall all share the same fate*.

LÍÐA (LÍÐDI), v., rare, = prec.

LÍÐENDR, m. pl. *wayfarers* (ok býðrat líðöndum löð).

LÍF, n. (1) *life*; týna lífinu, *to lose one's life*; taka (ráða) e-n af lífi, *to take or put and end to one's life*; sitja um l. e-s, *to attempt or seek one's life*; vera á lífi, *to be alive, living*; vera lífi minnr, *to be dead*; fyrir l. sitt, *even if it should cost one's life* (þeir vilja ekki fyrir l. sitt frá hverfa); lífs, *alive*; lífs eða látinn, *alive or dead*; hvárki lífs né liðinn, lífs né dauða, *neither alive nor dead*; (2) *body*; lífs ok sálar, *body and soul*; esp. *the waist, middle* (hafði hann vafit klæðum um lífit); (3) *person*; at svá fagrt l. skyldi þann veg kveljast, *that so fine a man should be tortured in that way*.

LÍFAÐR, a. *full of life*.

LÍF-DAGAR, m. pl. *life-days, life*.

LÍFERNI, n. = lífi (2).

LÍFGA (AÐ), v. *to call to life, revive*.

LÍFGAN, f. *calling to life again*.

LÍF-GJAFARI, -GJAFI, m. *preserver of a person's life, rescuer*; -GJÖF, f. *granting life or pardon to one*; -HINNA, f. *the peritoneum*; -HRÆDDR, a. *fearing for one's life*.

LÍFI, n. (1) *life*; (2) *conduct of life*.

LÍF-LAUSS, a. *lifeless, inanimate* (-lausir hlutir); -LÁT, n. *loss of life, death*; -LÁTA, v. *to put to death*.

LÍFLÁTS-DAGR, m. *anniversary of one's death*; -DÓMR, m. *sentence of death*; -VERÐR, a. *deserving death*.

LÍF-LIGR, a. (1) *alive, living*; (2) *life-supporting* (-lig atvinna).

LÍFS-BJÖRG, f. *sustenance of life*; -BÓK, f. *biography*; -DŒGR, n. *day of life*; -GRÖS, n. pl. *healing herbs*; -HÁSKI, m. *danger of life, extreme danger*; -HJÁLP, f. *deliverance*; -HVATR, a. *active with life*; -LEIÐINDI, n. pl. *weariness of life*; -MARK, n. *sign of life* (dauðamörk sé ek á honum, en eigi -mörk); -NŒRING, f. *food*, = -björg; -SAGA, f. *life history, biography*; -STUNDIR, f. pl. *'life-days'*; -TÍMI, m. *lifetime*; -TJÓN, n. *loss of life, death*; -VÁN, f. *hope of saving one's life*; -VEGR, m. (1) *means of saving one's life*; (2) *way of life*.

LÍFT, a. n. *permitted to live* (er-at l. vinum Ingimundar).

LÍF-TJÓN, n. *loss of life, death*; -VÆNN, a. *with hope of life, with hope of recovery*; -ÆÐR, f. *artery*.

LÍK, n. (1) *the living body* (við þat l. at lifa); (2) *the dead body, corpse* (jarða l. e-s).

LÍK, n. *bolt-rope, leech-line* (of sails).

LÍKA (AÐ), v. *to please, satisfy*, with dat. (líkaði yðr vel Finnskattrinn?); hvárt er honum líkar vel eðr illa, *whether he likes it or not*; e-m líkar vel (illa) til e-s *or* við e-n, *one likes or dislikes a person* (honum líkaði til Sighvats vel); líkaði við hana ekki illa, *they liked her well enough*.

LÍKA (AÐ), v. *to polish, burnish*.

LÍKA, adv. *also* (rare).

LÍKA-FERÐ, f. = líkferð; -FŒRSLA, f. = líkfœrsla; -GRÖFTR, m. *grave-digging*; -HLIÐ, n. *lich-gate*.

LÍKAMI, m. = líkamr.

LÍKAM-LIGA, adv. *bodily, in the flesh*; -LIGR, a. *bodily, affecting the body* (-lig heilsa); *fleshly*.

LÍKAMR (-S, -IR), m. *body*.

LÍKAMS-LOSTI, m. *carnal lust*; -MÁTTR, m. *bodily strength*.

LÍKANDI, n. *form, shape*.

LÍK-BLAUÐR, a. *afraid of a corpse*; -BLÆJA, f. *winding-sheet*; -FERÐ, f. *funeral journey, funeral*; -FYLGJA, f. *funeral procession*; -FŒRSLA, f. *the conveyance of a body to church*; -HRINGING, f. *tolling, knelling*.

LÍKI, m. *equal, match*.

LÍKI (gen. pl. LÍKJA), n. (1) *body* (l. leyfa ins ljósa mans); (2) *form, shape* (hann brá á sik l. graðungs eins).

LÍKINDI, n. pl. (1) *likelihood, probability*; l. eru á e-u *or* til e-s, *it is probable*; vera (fara) at líkindum, *to be (go) as might be expected*; ráða (sjá) e-t at líkindum, *to guess at a thing*; frá líkindum, *beyond likelihood, extraordinary* (þótti honum frá líkindum, hversu þungr hann var); til líkinda við, *in comparison with*; (2) *semblance, trace* (um morguninn eptir sá engi l. Danavirkis).

LÍKING, f. *shape, form* (hann lét gera járnkróka í l. akkerisfleina).

LÍKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make like*; l. eptir e-m, *to imitate*; refl., líkjast e-m, *to be like, resemble* (l. í ætt e-s).

LÍK-KISTA, f. *coffin*.

LÍK-LIGA, adv. *favourably*; taka (svara) e-u -liga, *to give a favourable answer to*; -LIGR, a. (1) *likely, probable* (gør af drauminum slíkt er þér sýþnist -ligast); Þorsteini var þar vel fagnat, sem -ligt var, *as might be expected*; gøra sik -ligan til e-s, *to show oneself inclined to*; (2) *eligible, preferable, suitable* (nú þykkir Eyjúlfi þetta et líkligasta).

LÍK-MAÐR, m. *one who assist at a funeral, a coffin-bearer*.

LÍKN, f. *mercy, relief, comfort*; veita e-m l., *to relieve, soothe*; hvat er til líkna lagt Sigurði, *what comfort is assigned for S.?*

LÍKNA (AÐ), v. *to show mercy to*, with dat. (hann líknar hvers manns máli); refl., líknast við e-n, *to sue one for mercy* (ef ek skal til blóta hverfa ok l. við goðin).

LÍKNAR-BRAUT, f. *path of mercy*; -GALDR, m. *healing spells, charms*; -LAUSS, a. *merciless*; -LEYSI, n. *unmerciful disposition*.

LÍKNESKI, n., LÍKNESKJA, f. (1) *shape, form*; (2) *graven image* (l. Freys).

LÍKN-FASTR, a. *strong in favour, beloved*; -LIGR, a. *helping, comforting*; -SAMLIGR, a. *merciful*; -STAFIR, m. pl. *good favour, comfort*.

LÍKR, a. (1) *like, resembling* (fríðr sýnum ok mjök l. föður sínum); Kári er øngum manni l., *K. has no match*; líkt ok ekki, *like nothing* (Steinólfi þótti þat líkt ok ekki); at líku, *all the same, nevertheless*; (2) *likely, probable* (þat er ok líkast, at); (3) *likely, promising, fit* (lituðust þeir um, hvar líkast væri út at komast).

LÍK-SÖNGR, m. *funeral dirge*; -ÞRÁ, f. *leprosy*; -ÞRÁR, a. *leprous*.

LÍM, n. *lime, mortar* (var þat mikit musteri ok gört sterkliga at límí).

LÍMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to lime with mortar*; (2) *to glue* (l. skegg við höku sér).

LÍMI, m. *broom or rod of twigs*.

LÍM-SETJA, v. *to set in lime*.

LÍN, n. (1) *flax* (drósir suðrœnar dýrt l. spunnu); (2) *linen, linen garment*; ganga und líni, *to be wedded*.

LÍNA, f. *line, rope*.

LÍNA, f. *bridal veil* (cf. 'lín' 2).

LÍN-BRŒKR, f. pl. *linen breeks*; -DREGILL, m. *linen tape*; -DÚKR, m. *linen cloth, linen kerchief*; -FÉ, n. *bridal gift*; -FRÆ, n. *flax-seed, linseed*; -GARN, n. *linen-yarn*; -HÚFA, f. *linen cap*; -HVÍTR, a. *white as linen*; -KLÚTR, m. *linen kerchief*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *linen raiment*; -KYRTILL, m. *linen kirtle*; -LAK, n. *linen bedsheet*; -SEKKR, m. *linen sack*; -SERKR, m. *linen shirt*; -TJALD, n. *linen tent*; -VEFR, m. *linen web, linen*.

LÍTA (LÍT; LEIT, LITUM; LITINN), v. (1) *to look*; ok í augu leit, *and looked him in the eyes*; (2) *to see, behold* (Sölvi gat at l., hvar þeir flýðu); (3) with preps., l. á e-t, *to look on or at*; *to consider, take into consideration* (hann kvazt mundu l. á slík mál); þótti Þrándr brátt hafa á litit, *Th. was thought to have been hasty*; l. á með e-m, *to keep an eye on, take care of*; l. til e-s, *to look towards one*; konungr leit ástaraugum til hennar, *the king cast love glances at her*; hver spurning lítr jafnan til svara, *a question looks for an answer*; l. við e-m, *to look at one* (keisari leit við honum ok spurði, hverr hann væri); l. yfir e-t, *to look over* (Þ. hafði litit yfir verk húskarla sinna); (4) refl., lízt e-m, *it seems (appears) to one*; leizt honum mærin fögr, *he thought the maiden beautiful*; svá lízt mér, sem, *it seems to me that*; lízt þér eigi silfrit, *dost thou not like the silver?*; hversu lízt þér á mey þessa, *what dost thou*

think of this maiden?; leizt mér vel á konunginn, *I was pleased with the king*; recipr., *to look to one another* (fellst hvárt öðru vel í geð, ok litust þau vel til ok blíðliga).

LÍTIL-FJÖRLIGR, a. *weak, small, of little account*; -GÆFT, a. n., e-m er -gæft um e-t, *one is not much pleased with*; -HŒFR, a. *humble*.

LÍTILL (LÍTIL, LÍTIT), a. (1) *little, small in size* (lét hann læsa þá í lítilli stofu); at ek var ekki l. maðr vexti, *that I was not small of stature*; (2) *small in amount, degree, &c.* (lítil var gleði manna at boðinu); sumar þetta var l. grasvöxtr, *a small (bad) crop*; landit er skarpt ok lítit matland, *bad for foraging*; hann er l. blótmaðr, *no great worshipper*; þat er lítit mál, *that is a small matter*; var hans móðerni lítit, *of low rank*; jarl hafði hann lengi lítinn mann gört, *treated him shabbily*; l. fyrir sér, *of little account* (þér munut kalla mik lítinn mann fyrir mér); (3) of time, *short, brief*; litla stund, *for a short while*; litlu síðarr, *a little while after*.

LÍTIL-LÁTLIGA, adv. *humbly*; -LÁTLIGR, a. *condescending, humble*; -LÁTR, a. = -látligr; -LEIKR, m. *smallness, littleness*; -LEITR, a. *small-faced*; -LIGA, adv. *little, in a small degree*; -LÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v., -læta sik, *to humble oneself, condescend*; -LÆTI, n. *humility*; *condescenscion*; -MAGNI, m. *a poor, weak person*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *in a paltry manner*; -MANNLIGR, a. *unmanly, low, mean*; -MENNI, n. (1) *small, mean person*; (2) *one of low condition*; -MENNSKA, f. *paltriness, meanness*; -MÓTLIGA, adv. = -mannliga; -MÓTLIGR, a. *insignificant, small*; -RÆÐI, n. (1) *smallness of estate*, opp. to greatness; (2) *degradation* (henni þótti sér -ræði í því at smá-konungar báðu hennar); (3) *trifle* (þér væri -ræði í at skipta höggum við Vatsdœli).

LÍTILS-VERÐR, a. *of little worth, insignificant* (sýnist þér þat -vert?).

LÍTIL-VÆGÍLIGR, a. *of little weight or moment*; -YRKR, a. *doing little work*; -ÞÆGR, a. (1) *content with little* (mun ek -þægr at yfirbót); (2) *particular* (hann er -þægr at orðum, ef honum er í móti skapi).

LÍTINN ÞANN, as adv. *a little*; ok brosti at l. þ., *and smiled a little*.

LÍTT, as adv. (1) *little*; ek kann l. til laga, *I know but little of the law*; hann nam lítt stað, *he made a little stand*; (2) *wretchedly, poorly, badly* (hón bar sik þá l. ok grét allsárt).

LÍTTAT, LÍTTÞAT, adv. *a little*, = lítinn þann; *a small amount, a short time* (mælti Gísli, at þeir skyldi bíða líttat).

LJÁ (LÉ, LÉÐA, LÉÐR), v. (1) l. e-m e-s *or* e-m e-t, *to lend one a thing* (muntu mér, Freyja, fjaðrhams ljá?; það hann ljá sér skip); (2) *to grant, give* (vil ek, at þú ljáir mér tómstundar til at finna Gizur); l. sik til e-s, *to lend oneself to a thing* (ef hann vill sik til þess l. at gera yðr mein); (3) impers., þat má vera, (at) þér ljái þess hugar at hverfa aptr, *may be thou art minded to return*; ef þér lér tveggja huga um þetta mál, *if thou art in two minds in this matter*.

LJÁ, f. *new-mown grass* (kona hans rakaði ljá eptir honum).

LJÁ-ORF, n. *scythe-handle*.

LJÁR, m. *scythe*, = lé (rare).

LJÓÐ, n. *verse or stanza of a song* (ljóð þau, er kallat er gróttasöngr); *a ditty, a charm in verse*; usually pl., also in names of poems, as Hyndluljóð, Sólarljóð.

LJÓÐA (AÐ), v. *to make verses, sing*; l. á

e-n, *to address one in verse*.

LJÓÐAN, f. *verse-making, singing*.

LJÓÐ-BISKUP, m = lýð-biskup; -HEIMAR, m. pl. *the people's abode, world*.

LJÓÐI, m., álfa l., *the elves' king*.

LJÓÐR, m. = lýðr.

LJÓÐR, m. *blemish, defect*.

LJÓMA (AÐ), v. *to gleam, shine*; ljómar af e-u, *a thing gleams or shines* (ljómaði af, er sólin skein á).

LJÓMI, m. *flash of light, radiance*.

LJÓN, n. = león.

LJÓNAR, m. pl. *men* (poet.).

LJÓRI, m. *louver or opening in the roof* (for the smoke to escape by, and also for admitting light).

LJÓS, n. (1) *a burning light* (þeir þóttust sjá fjögur ljós í hauginum brenna); kveikja l., *to make a light*; (2) *light* of the sun, &c. (hefir þat ljós af sólu); fig., láta e-t í ljós, *to bring to light, reveal*; koma í l., *to come to light, appear*; (3) *world*; í þvísa ljósi ok öðru, *in this life and the next*.

LJÓS-ÁLFR, m. *light-elf*; -BLEIKR, a. *light yellow, pale*; -HÁRR, a., -HÆRÐR, a. *light-haired*; -JARPR, a. *light-chestnut* (hárit -jarpt, -jarpr á hár); -KER, n. *lantern, lamp*; -LEIKR, m. *brightness*; -LIGA, adv. *clearly, plainly*; -LIGR, a. *clear, plain*; -LITAÐR, a. *light-hued, light-coloured*.

LJÓSS, a. (1) *light, bright*; l. dagr, *a bright day*; verða ljóst, *to grow light, dawn*; (2) *bright, shining* (hann hafði exi ljósa um öxl); (3) *light-coloured, fair*; l. á hár, *light-haired*, = ljóshárr; ljós vara, *ermine*; (4) *clear, evident, plain* (hitt er ljóst, at þeir muni vilja vera úvinir mínir); vil ek ljósan gera mik, *I will speak out plainly, make a clean breast*.

LJÓSTA (LÝST; LAUST, LUSTUM; LOSTINN), v. (1) *to strike, smite* (laust hann sveininn með sprota); l. e-n kinnhest, *to give one a box on the ear*; hann lýstr ofan í miðjan hvirfil honum, *he dealt him a blow in the middle of the crown*; laust hann selinn í svima, *he stunned the seal* (by a blow on the head); (2) *to strike, hit*, with a spear, arrow (þá var Knútr lostinn öru til bana); Þjóstólfr skaut broddi, ok laust undir kverkina, *and hit him under the chin*; (3) phrases, l. árum í sjó, *to dash the oars into the sea*; l. eldi í, *to put fire to*; l. e-u upp, *to spread a rumour* (skal ek þá l. upp þeim kvitt, at); l. upp heróp, *to raise the war-cry*; l. e-u við e-u, *to put forth in defiance against* (E. laust skildinum við kesjunni); G. lýstr við atgeirinum, *G. parries the blow with the bill*; (4) impers. illviðri lýstr á, *bad weather comes on of a sudden*; laust í bardaga með þeim mikinn, *it came to a great battle between them*; laust hræzlu í hug þeim, *they were panic-stricken*; e-m lýstr saman, *to come to blows, begin to fight*; ok er saman laust liðinu, *when they came to close fighting*; myrkri lýstr yfir, *darkness comes on suddenly*.

LJÓSTR (gen. -RS), m. *salmon-spear*.

LJÓT-LEIKR, m. *ugliness*; -LIGA, adv. *in an ugly manner*; -LIGR, a. *ugly, hideous*; -LIMAÐR, a. *with ugly limgs*.

LJÓTR, a. *ugly* (Þ. var manna ljótastr); fátt mun ljótt á Baldri, *on Balder there are few blemishes*.

LJÚFR, a. (1) *beloved, dear* (l. e-m); (2) *mild, gentle* (hann var l. ok lítillátr við alla); (3) ljúft ok leitt, *pleasant and unpleasant, weal and woe*.

LJÚGA (LÝG; LAUG or LÓ, LUGUM; LOGINN), v. (1) *to lie, tell a lie* (lýgr þú nú, Atli!); mannfýla sú, er þetta hefir logit,

the rascal who has told this lie; l. e-n e-u, *to charge one falsely with a thing* (ef hann er loginn þessu máli); l. e-u at e-m, *to tell a lie to one* (eigi er logit at þér); l. á e-n, *to tell lies about one, belie*; l. til e-s, *to tell a lie about* (l. til faðernis); (2) *to treat falsely*; Brandr mun eigi ljúga stefnuna, *B. will not fail to come*; lýgr skjöldrinn nú at mér, *now the shield proves false to me, fails me*; (3) refl., ljúgast, *to fail, prove false or untrue* (hefir yðr þat sjaldan logizt, er ek sagða).

LJÚG-EIÐR, m. *false oath, perjury*; -FRÓÐR, a. *untruthful*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *false evidences*; -HEITR, a. *false to one's word* (cf. 'úljúgheitr'); -KVIÐR, m. *false verdict*; -SPÁR, a. *prophesying falsely*; -VITNI, n., -VÆTTI, n. *false witness, perjury*; -YRÐI, n. *falsehood*.

LJÚKA, v. see 'lúka'.

LOÐA (LOÐI, LODDA, LOÐAT), v. *to cleave to, stick, hang on* (haf þú þat silfr, er í hárinu loðir); Hrútr hjó á fót Þjóstólfi svá at lítlu loddi við, *so that it hung by a shred*; hón loddi á hringinum eptir magni, *she kept as firm hold as she could of the ring*.

LODDARI, m. *juggler, jester*.

LOÐ-BRŒKR, f. pl. *shaggy breeks*.

LOÐI, m. *fur cloak*.

LOÐIN-HÖFÐI, m. *shaggy head*; -KINNI, m. *shaggy cheek* (nicknames).

LOÐINN, a. (1) *hairy, shaggy, woolly*; ær loðnar ok lembdar, *ewes in fleece and with lamb*; l. sem selr, *shaggy as a seal*; (2) *covered with thick grass* (túnit var úslegit ok gekk hestrinn þangat sem loðnast var).

LOÐ-KÁPA, f. *fur cloak*, = loði; -ÓLPA, f. *a large fur doublet*.

LOF, n. (1) *praise, good report* (opt kaupir sér í litlu lof); (2) *leave, permission* (ef konungr vill þeim lof til gefa); (3) in pl. *license*; þeir skulu ráða lögum ok lofum, *the administration rests with them*.

LOFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to praise* (lofa konung þenna, en lasta eigi aðra konunga); (2) *to allow, permit* (l. e-m e-t); (3) *to promise* (hann lofaði at koma aptr).

LOFAN-LIGR, a. *praiseworthy*.

LOF-DRÁPA, f. *laudatory poem*.

LOFÐAR, m. pl. poet. *men*.

LOFÐUNGR, m. poet. *prince, king* (þar átti lofðungr land á milli).

LOF-GJARN, a. *eager for praise or renown*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *laudatory*; -GØRÐ, f. *praise*; -KVÆÐI, n. *laudatory poem, encomium*; -LIGR, a. (1) *laudatory, praising* (-lig orð); (2) *praiseworthy, glorious*; -ORÐ, n. *leave, permission*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *gloriously*; -SAMLIGR, a. *glorious*; -SEMD, f. *praise, laudation* (lofsemdarorð).

LOFS-ORÐ, n. *praise*.

LOF-SÆLA, f. *esteem, fame*; -SÆLL, a. *glorious, famous*; -SÖNGR, m. *song of praise, hymn*.

LOG, n. (1) *flame* (kerti mjök mikit ok log á); (2) esp. pl. *lights, torches* (þrjú vóru log í skálanum).

LOGA (AÐ), v. *to burn with a flame, to blaze*; hyr sé ek brenna, en hauðr l., *I see the fire burning and the earth ablaze*.

LOGI, m. *flame, blaze*; brenna loga (dat.), *to burn strongly, be ablaze*; þá var enn l. á eldinum, *the fire was still aflame*.

LOGN, n. *calm* (l. var veðrs); veðrit datt (féll) í l., *it fell dead calm*.

LOGN-DRÍFA, f. *drift of snow in calm weather*; -FARA, a. indecl., poet. *tranquil, peaceful* (lundr -fara); -RÉTT, f., liggja í -rett, *to be becalmed or drifting slowly on the sea*.

LOK, n. (1) *bolt (of a door)*; láta l. frá hurðu, *to unbolt a door*; (2) *lock* (en lyklar vóru settir í lokin); (3) *cover, lid* (ok l. yfir kerinu); (4) *locker or bench* in the stern of a boat, = stafnlok (gekk biskup fram í lokit); (5) in pl. *lockers*; gullhringr hvarf frá husfreyju ór lokum; *out of the lockers*; (6) fig. in pl. *end, conclusion*; þat fylgir ljóða lokum, *this is the end of my lay*; fœra e-t til loka, *to put an end to*; liða undir l., *to die, perish*; at lokum, *at last*, = loks; til loks, *to an end*; *completely, altogether*.

LOK, n. a kind of *fern or weed*; ganga sem l. yfir akr, *to spread like weeds over a field*.

LOKA, f. *bolt of a door* (hurðarloka); láta loku fyrir hurð, *to bolt a door*; spretta frá lokunni, láta loku frá hurð, *to unbolt a door*; margr seilist um hurð til lokunnar, *many a man reaches far to get what is near at hand*.

LOKA (AÐ), v. *to lock, shut* (l. hurðina).

LOKARR (-S, pl. LOKRAR), m. *plane*.

LOKAR-SPÁNN, m. *plane shavings*.

LOK-HVÍLA, f. *locked bed-closet*.

LOKHVÍLU-ÞIL, n. *wainscot or panelling of a bed-closet*.

LOKKA (AÐ), v. *to allure, entice* (Æsir lokkuðu Fenrisúlf til þess at leggja fjöturinn á hann); l. e-t af e-m, *to coax or wheedle out of one* (ef menn sitja um at l. af mér fé mitt).

LOKKA-MAÐR, m. *a man with thick locks of hair*.

LOKKAN, f. *allurement, enticement*.

LOKKARI, m. *allurer, seducer*.

LOKKAST (AÐ), v. *to fall in locks* (hárit lokkaðist ofan í herðar).

LOKKR (-S, -AR), m. *lock of hair*.

LOK-LAUSA, -LEYSA, f. *nonsense, absurdity* (lygi ok loklausa).

LOKNA (AÐ), v. *to come to an end, drop* (láta l. niðr mál).

LOK-REKKJA, f. = -hvíla.

LOKREKKJU-GÓLF, n. = hvílugólf.

LOKS, LOKSINS, adv. *at last, finally*.

LOKU-GAT, n. *a hole for a latch*; -SVEINN, m. *door-keeper*.

LOPT, n. (1) *air, atmosphere, sky* (skein sól, ok var lítt a l. komin); l. var mikit til jarðar at falla, *it was a great height to fall down*; l. ok lögr, *sky and sea*; á l., *aloft, into the air*; bera (fœra) á l., *to spread abroad*; hlaupa í l. upp, *to leap up into the air*; liggja í l. upp, *to lie face uppermost*; á lopti, *aloft, in the air, on high*; taka spjót á lopti, *to catch a spear as it flies*; (2) *loft, upper room* (Gunnar svaf í lopti einu í skálanum); (3) *balcony* (hann hleypr ofan ór loptinu á strætit).

LOPT-DYRR, f. pl. *the door to a* 'lopt'; -ELDR, m. *lightning*; -HÚS, n. *'loft-chamber'*; -HÖLL, f. *an upper* "skemma'; -STOFA, f. *upper room*; -SVALAR, -SVALIR, f. pl. *balcony, gallery*.

LOS, n. *looseness, breaking up* (var þá alstaðar los á fylkingunum).

LOSA (AÐ), v. (1) *to loosen, make loose* (hann losar til heyit niðri við jörðina); (2) *to perform, do* (ok hefir þú þá vel losat þitt erendi); (3) refl., losast, *to get loose, get away* (l. ór hernaði).

LOSNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to become loose, get free* (þá rettust fingrnir ok losnuðu af meðalkaflanum); (2) fig., tók nú bardaginn at l., *the ranks began to get loose*; l. í sundr, *to dissolve, break up*; (3) *to get away* (l. brott).

LOSTA-FULLR, a. *lustful, lewd*; -GIRND, f. *lust*; -SAMLIGR, a. *lecherous*; -SEMD, f., -SEMI, f. *lustfulness, lust, sensuality*.

LOST-FAGR, a. *so fair as to awaken desire*

(-fagrir litir).

LOSTI, m. *lust, carnal desire*.

LOSTIGR, a. *willing, ready*, opp. to 'nauðigr' (skal ek deyja lostig).

LOST-VERK, n. *labour of love*; létt eru -verk, *a labour of love falls light*.

LOTA, f. (1) *round, bout, turn* (síðan glíma þeir þrjár lotur); (2) lotum, as adv. *by fits and starts, from time to time* (en lotum horfði hann á).

LOTNING, f. *reverence, veneration*.

LÓ (pl. LŒR), f. *golden plover*.

LÓFA-TAK, n. (1) *hand-shake*; (2) *show of hands*.

LÓFI, m. *the hollow of the hand, palm* (mun ek bera þat í lófa mér).

LÓG, n. *complete use*; leggjast í l., *to be used up*; þeir munu ekki öllu í l. koma, *they will be unable to make use of all (their forces)*.

LÓGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to part with, make away with* (lógaðu eigi landinu); (2) *to waste, destroy* (hvárki mundi sá drykkr viti þeirra l. né afli þeirra).

LÓMR, m. *loon, loom* (the bird).

LÓMUNDR (pl. -IR), m. *lemming*.

LÓN, n. *lagoon, inlet*.

LUKKA, f. *luck, good fortune*.

LUND, f. (1) *mind, temper*; vera mikillar lundar, *to be of a proud mind*; (2) *manner*; á ymsar lundir, *in various ways*; á þá l., á þessa l., *in this way, thus*.

LUNDAÐR, pp. *disposed, minded*.

LUNDAR-FAR, n. *temper, disposition*.

LUNDERNI, n. *temper*, = lyndi.

LUND-HŒGR, a. *gentle-minded*.

LUNDI, m. *puffin*.

LUNDR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *clump of trees, grove*; (2) *tree* (rare).

LUNG, n. poet. *war-ship*.

LUNGU, n. pl. *lungs*.

LURKA (AÐ), v. *to cudgel, thrash*.

LURKR (-S, -AR), m. *cudgel*.

LÚÐR (gen. -RS), m. (1) *trumpet* (blása í l.); (2) *the stand of a hand-mill* (þær at lúðri leiddar vóru).

LÚÐRA-GANGR, m. *sound of trumpets*; -MENN, m. pl. *trumpeters*; -SÖNGR, m., -ÞYTR, m. = -gangr.

LÚÐR-BLÁSTR, m. *blowing of trumpets*; -SVEINN, -ÞEYTARI, m. *trumpeter*.

LÚFA, f. *thick and matted hair*, a nickname of Harald the Fairhaired.

LÚINN, pp. (1) *worn, bruised* (vóru ok árar mjök lúnar); (2) *worn out, exhausted* (hann verðr lúinn; var lúinn hestr hans mjök); cf. 'lýja'.

LÚKA (LÝK; LAUK, LUKUM; LOKINN), v. (1) *to shut* (= l. aptr); (2) *to end, bring to an end, finish, conclude*, with dat. (hann lauk rœðu sinni); þá er menn höfðu lokit lögskilum at mæla, *when they had finished their pleading*; (3) *to pay*, l. e-m e-t (svá mikit fé, sem vér eigum konunginum at l.); (4) impers., lýkr e-u, *it is at an end*; lýkr þar nú sögunni, *here the story ends*; eptir þat var lokit þinginu, *after that the Thing was broken up*; var þess ván, at illa mundi illum l., *that it would end badly with a bad man*; þá var lokit öllum vistum nema hval, *all stores were exhausted, except whale*; absol., svá lauk at lyktum, *finally it ended so that*; lýkr svá, at þeir kaupa þessu, *it ended so that they struck the bargain*; áðr en lýkr, áðr lýkr, *before the end comes* (nærr munum við gangast áðr lýkr); um þat er lýkr, *finally, in the end*; (5) with preps., l. aptr, *to shut*, with acc. or dat. (l. aptr hurðina *or* hurðinni); l. e-u í sundr, *to open* (lúk heill munni í sundr); impers., er í sundr lauk firðinum, *when the fjord opened*; l. upp,

to open, with dat. or acc. (l. upp hurðinni *or* hurðina); l. upp augum, *to open the eyes*; *to declare, make known* (en er jarl hafði því upp lokit, at hann mundi fylgja þeim); l. uppgørð, *to deliver a judgement* (of an umpire); impers., lýkr e-u upp, *it opens*; l. vel (illa) við e-n, *to behave well (ill), deal fairly (unfairly) with a person* (Bolli fekk Sigríði gjaforð göfugt ok lauk vel við hana); l. við, *to end* (má vera, at svá lúki við, at þér þykki alkeypt); l. yfir, impers., *to come to an end, to a final issue* (skal nú yfir l. með oss); (6) refl., lúkast, *to be shut* (ok þegar laukst hurðin á hæla honum); *to come to an end, to end* (hér lýkst sjá bók); l. upp, *to open* (fjallit laukst upp norðan).

LÚS (pl. LÝSS), f. *louse* (sárt bítr soltin lús; lýss ok kleggjar).

LÚSUGR, a. *lousy* (verjan var öll lúsug).

LÚTA (LÝT; LAUT, LUTUM; LOTINN), v. (1) *to lout, bow down* (konungr laut þá allt niðr at jörðu); (2) *to bow to* in homage or worship (Erlingr laut konungi ok heilsaði honum); (3) *to give away, yield*; hinir lægri verða at l., *the weaker has to yield*; (4) with preps., l. at e-u, *to bear upon, have reference to* (þat sem at lýtr þess manns lofi); *to bow for a thing*; l. at litlu, *to be thankful for little*; l. til e-s, *to belong to, bear upon* (þetta efni lýtr til lofs herra Guðmundi); *to pay homage, show deference, to* (lutu allir til hans); l. undir e-n, *to be subject to* (þeir ætluðu engan guð vera þann, er þeir áttu undir at l.).

LÚTR, a. *louting, bent down, stooping*.

LYDDA, f. *lazy villain*.

LYF, n. *medicine, healing herb*; ekki l., *nought, not the least*.

LYFJA (AÐ), v. *to heal*; l. e-m e-t, *to cure one of*; l. e-m elli, *to kill one*.

LYF-STEINN, m. *healing stone, stone of special virtue*.

LYGÐ, f. *lie, falsehood*, = lygi.

LYGI (pl. LYGAR), f. *lie, falsehood* (þat er ok in mesta l.); -KONUNGR, m. *false king*; -KVITTR, m. *false rumour*; -LAUSS, a. *truthful*; -LIGR, a. *false* (-lig orð); -MAÐR, m. *liar, impostor*; -SAGA, f. *false news, untrue story*.

LYGN, a. *calm, smooth*, of wind and waves (var veðr gott ok lygnt).

LYGNA (-DI, -T), v. impers. *to become calm* (lygndi veðrit).

LYKILL (pl. LUKLAR and LYKLAR), m. *key*.

LYKILS-LAUST, adv. *without using a key* (lúka upp lás -laust).

LYKJA (LYK, LUKTA, LUKTR), v. (1) *to shut in, enclose, close*; l. e-n í myrkvastofu, *to shut one up in a dungeon*; (2) *to put an end to* (hvatki er lífi hans hefir lukt).

LYKKJA, f. *loop, coil* of a rope, &c. (hann hafði ok dregr á hönd sér); gera lykkja á leiðinni, *to put an end to one's journey, to stop*; *coil* of a serpent (ormr með lykkju mikilli ok breiðum sporði).

LYKKJÓTTR, a. *looped, curved*.

LYKK-LAUSS, a. *without bend*.

LYKNA (AÐ), v. *to bend the knees*.

LYKT, f. *end, conclusion* (sú varð l. á viðrskiptum þeirra, sem nú má heyra); esp. in pl., gøra (vinna) lyktir á e-u, *to do, perform*; koma málum til lykta, *to bring a case to a final issue*; leiða e-t til lykta, *to bring to an end, finish*; at lyktum, *at last, finally* (þó flýði hann at lyktum); þat verðr at lyktum, at, *the end of it was, that*.

LYKTA (AÐ), v. *to bring to an end, finish*; impers., lyktar e-u, *it ends*.

LYKTA-LAUSS, a. *endless*.

LYMSKA, f. *wiliness, cunning*.

LYMSKAST (AÐ), v. *to steal quietly, to sneak* (færist hann á fœtr ok lymskast fram at durunum).

LYMSK-LIGA, adv. *cunningly*.

LYMSKR, a. *wily, cunning*.

LYNDI, n. *temper, disposition*.

LYNDIS-BRAGÐ, n. *temper*; -GÓÐR, a. *good-tempered*; -LAG, n. *temper, disposition*; -LÍKR, a. *of like temper*.

LYNDR, a. *tempered*; illa l., *bad-tempered*, opp. to 'góðlyndr'.

LYNG (dat. LYNGVI), n. *ling, heather*.

LYNG-ÁLL, m. *'heather-eel', snake*; -BAKR, m. *'ling-back'*, a fabulous sea-monster; -FISKR, m. *'ling-fish', snake*; -ORMR, m. *snake (living among heather)*; -RUNNR, m. *heath bush*.

LYPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to lift, raise*, with dat. (síðan lypti hón kápuhetti hans ok sá í andlit honum); l. e-u upp, *to lift up*; l. ferð sinni, *to start on a journey*; impers., lyptir e-u, *it is lifted up, raised*; lypti þá mjök brúnum manna, *their faces brightened*; refl., lyptast, *to move, stir* (lézt hann ekki mundu þaðan l. fyrr en á bak jólum); lyptist þeim þá lítt reiði, *their anger was raised a little*.

LYPTING, f. *raised deck* (in the afterpart of war-ships).

LYRGR, m. *forelock*; taka e-m lyrg, *to take one by the forelock*.

LYST, f. *desire, pleasure* (rare).

LYSTA (-STI), v. impers., e-n lystir, *one desires, wishes*; lifði hverr sem lysti, *every one lived just as he pleased*; hann lysti at sjá Ísland, *he wished to see Iceland*; mik lystir til e-s, í e-t, *I have a fancy to, a desire for* (mik lysti í hring þenna).

LYSTI-LIGA, adv. *delightfully*; -LIGR, a. *delightful*.

LYSTING, f. *desire, pleasure, delight*.

LYSTI-SAMLIGR, a. *sensual* (-samlig girnd); -SEMI, f. = lysting.

LYSTR, a. *desirous of, eager for* (l. e-s); lyst várumk þess lengi, *I have long wished for this*.

LYSTUGR, a. *eager, desirous*.

LÝÐ-BISKUP, m. *suffragan bishop*.

LÝÐ-MAÐR, m. *commoner, layman*; -MANNLIGR, a. *like a common man*; -MENNI, n. coll. = -menn.

LÝÐR (-S, -IR, rarely -AR), m. (1) *people*, esp. *the common people* (er konungr heyrði ákafa lýðsins); (2) *the members of a household* (gakk þú út ok allr l. með þér); (3) pl. *men, persons* (allir lýðir).

LÝÐSKA, f. = lýzka.

LÝÐ-SKYLDA, f. *the duty of a liege-man to his lord, homage* (eptir þat veitti jarl honum ønga lýðskyldu); -SKYLDR, a. *yielding* lýðskylda *to one, subject to one*; -SKYLDUGR, a. = -skyldr.

LÝJA (LÝ, LÚÐA, LÚINN), v. (1) *to beat, hammer*; l. járn, *to forge iron* (with a sledge-hammer); (2) *to wear out, exhaust* (lýr hann sóttin ok deyr hann); (3) refl., lýjast, *to be worn, exhausted* (tóku menn þá at l. mjök á erfiði).

LÝRIT, n., LÝRITR, LÝRITTR (gen. -AR), m. *veto, interdict*; verja e-t lýriti, *to put a veto on, forbid by law*.

LÝSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to light up, illuminate* (sól skal l. allan heim ok verma); impers., ok lýsir allt lopt af faxi hans, *and from his mane is lighted up all the sky*; lýsir af e-u, *it shines, glitters* (lýsti ok af hjálminum, er sólin skein á); lýsir, *it gets light, it dawns* (um morguninn, er lýsa tók); (2) *to manifest, show, exhibit* (Heinir lýstu mikinn drengskap); (3) *to proclaim, publish, give notice of*, as a law term; with acc., l. frumhlaup, sár, víg á hendr e-m,

to charge one with, indict one for, an assault, wound, manslaughter; with dat., l. vígi á hendr sér, *to declare oneself to be the cause of a death*; (4) *to publish, proclaim*, with dat. (lýsir hann þingreið sinni); l. yfir e-u, *to make known* (S. lýsir erindi sínu fyrir jarli); (5) impers., nú lýsir hér yfir því, at hún, *now it became clear, that she*; (6) *to illuminate* (a book).

LÝSA, f. *gleam, shimmering light* (ek sé lýsu nökkura til hafsins).

LÝSARI, m. *illuminator*.

LÝSI, n. (1) *light, brightness*; (2) *means of lighting*; *oil, train-oil*.

LÝSI-GULL, n. *bright gold*.

LÝSING, f. (1) *lighting, illumination*; (2) *daybreak, dawn*; (3) *declaration, publication*; (4) *bans of marriage*.

LÝSINGAR-SKEIÐ, f. *the time of daybreak*; -VÁTTR, m. *a witness to a declaration*, a law term; -VÆTTI, n. *attestation to a declaration* (lýsing, 3).

LÝSIS-FAT, n. *train-oil cask*.

LÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to blemish*; (2) *to blame*; (3) *to disgrace, violate*.

LÝTA-FLEKKR, m. *disfiguring spot*; -LAUSS, a. *faultless, without blemish*.

LÝTI, n. (1) *fault, blemish* (þat var lýti á, at); (2) *disgrace*.

LÝZKA, f. (1) *custom, manner* (hann hefir sömu lýzku sína ok áðr); (2) *dialect*, = mállýzka.

LÝZKAÐR, a. *mannered*.

LÆ (dat. LÆVI), n., poet. *venom, bane*; blanda lopt lævi, *to poison the air*; sviga læ, *'switch-bane', fire*; biðja e-m læs, *to wish one evil*; löngr eru lýða læ, *the woes of men are long*; -BLANDINN, pp. *baleful, venomous*.

LÆGÐ, f. (1) *a hollow, low place*; (2) *lowness*; (3) *degradation*.

LÆGI, n. (1) *berth, anchorage* (leggja skipi í l.); (2) *opportunity, fair wind* (gaf þeim ekki l. út ór firðinum).

LÆGING, f. *disgrace, degradation*.

LÆGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to lower, let down* (l. segl); (2) fig. *to humble, bring down* (hann drap þá, eða lægði þá á annan veg); (3) impers., lægir e-t, *it is lowered, sinks*; þeir sigldu svá, at lönd (acc.) lægði, *they sailed so far that the land sank out of sight*; þegar er sólina lægði, *when the sun sank*; of a storm, *it abates* (þá tók at l. veðrit); (4) refl., lægjast, *to fall, sink abate* (vindar lægðust; af hans tilkvámu lægðist harkit).

LÆ-GJARN, a. *guileful*.

LÆGR, a., eiga lægt at kirkju, *to have a right to be buried at a church*.

LÆKNA (AÐ), v. *to cure, heal*.

LÆKNAN, f. *cure*, = lækning.

LÆKNARI, m. *physician*.

LÆKNING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *cure*; Hallr var at lækningu at Hváli, *H. was under medical treatment at H.*; (2) *medicine* (góð l.); (3) *the healing art*.

LÆKNINGAR-BRAGÐ, n. *medical resource*; -ÍÞRÓTT, f. *healing art*; -LYF, n. *means of healing, medicine*.

LÆKNIR (-IS, -AR), m. *physician*.

LÆKNIS-BRAGÐ, n., -DÓMR, m. *medicine*; -GRAS, n. *healing herb*; -HENDR, f. pl. *healing hands*; -LYF, n. *medicine*.

LÆMINGR (-S, -AR), m. *loom* (bird).

LÆR, n. (1) *the leg above the knee, thigh* (Kolskeggr hjó á lærit ok undan fótinn); (2) *ham*, of meat (lær af þrevetrum uxa).

LÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to teach* (hann lærði Ara prest); lærast at e-m, *to get information from a person*.

LÆR-DÓMR, m. (1) *learning, scholarship*; (2) *the clergy* (öfundarmenn lærdóm-

sins).

LÆRDÓMS-LIST, f. *art of learning*; -MAÐR, m. *scholar* (-maðr mikill).

LÆRÐR, pp. *learned* (vel. l. þegar á unga aldri); lærðir menn, *clerics*.

LÆRI-FAÐIR, m. *teacher, master*.

LÆRING, f. *teaching, instruction*.

LÆRI-SONR, m., -SVEINN, m. *disciple*.

LÆR-LEGGR, m. *thigh-bone*.

LÆSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to lock*, with dat.; læsti hón loptinu innan, *she locked the room from the inside*; kirkjur vóru allar læstar, *all the churches were locked*; (2) *to shut in, lock up* (hón fylgdi henni í útibúr ok læsti þau þar); (3) *to set* in metal (í hjalti sverðsins vóru læstir lyfsteinar).

LÆTI (dat. LÁTUM), n. pl. (1) *noise, cries* (slík l. þóttist konungrinn eigi heyrt hafa); (2) *manners, voice* (lit hefir þú Gunnars ok l. hans).

LÆVIRKI (pl. -JAR), m. *lark* (bird).

LÆ-VÍSI, f. *craft*; -VÍSS, a. *crafty*.

LŒÐINGR, m. *a fetter* (one of those put upon the wolf Fenrir).

LŒFÐ, f. *hand's breadth*.

LŒKJAR-FALL, n. *running brook*; -FAR, n. *the bed of a brook*; -ÓSS, m. *month of a brook*; -RÁS, f. = -fall.

LŒKR (-JAR, -IR), m. *brook, rivulet*.

LÖÐ (gen. LAÐAR), f. *invitation* (poet.).

LÖÐR, n. *froth*, see 'lauðr'.

LÖÐR-MANNLIGR, a. *mean, despicable*; -MENNI, n. *mean, feeble person*.

LÖG, n. pl. (1) *law, laws* (með lögum skal land byggja, en með ólögum eyða); leggja l. á e-t, *to establish by law*; leiða e-t í l., *to bring into law, introduce a law*; taka e-t í l., *to accept as law* (fyrr en kristni væri í l. tekin á Íslandi); hafa e-t í lögum, *to adopt by law* (þat var í lögum haft á Íslandi); setja l., *to give law*; dœma e-m l., *to adjudge one's case according to law*; leita laga við e-n, *to go to law with*; ræna e-n lögum, *to deprive one of law, to treat one unfairly*; segja *or* segja upp l., *to recite the law, say what is the law*; at (eptir, með) lögum, *according to law*; (2) *participation or fellowship in law* (þrælar eru ekki í lögum með öðrum mönnum); leiða e-n í l., *to make one a full member of a community* (eru þeir nú leiddir í l. með þeim Jómsvíkingum).

LÖG-ARFI, m. *lawful heir*; -ÁVÖXTR, m. *legal interest*; -BEIÐING, f. *legal demand*.

LÖG-BERG, -BERGI, n. *the law-rock* (the place at the Alþingi where the laws were recited).

LÖGBERGS-GANGA, f. *the procession* (of the 'goðar') *to the law-rock*.

LÖG-BINDA (see BINDA), v. *to bind, stipulate by law*; -BJÓÐA (see BJÓÐA), v. *to order, prescribe by law*; -BOÐ, n. *lawful call, demand*; -BÓK, f. *lawbook, code of laws*; -BROT, n. *breach of law*; -BROTSMAÐR, m. *law breaker*; -BÚ, n. *lawful household*; -DEILA, f. *law quarrel, litigation*; -DÓMR, m. (1) *lawful court*; (2) *legal sentence*; -EGGJAN, f. *just (lawful) provocation*; -EIÐR, m. *lawful oath*; -EINDAGI, m. *legal term*; -EYRIR (pl. -AURAR), m. (1) *legal money, legal payment*; (2) = eyrir, *six ells of* 'vaðmál'; *eighth part of a mark*; -FARDAGR, m. *a legal time for moving one's household*; -FASTA, f. *law-fast*; -FASTNAN, f. *lawful betrothal*; -FASTR, a. *domiciled*; -FÁ (see FÁ), v. *to receive legally*.

LÖG-FÁKR, m. *'sea-horse', ship* (poet.).

LÖG-FRÓÐR, a. *learned in law*; -FRŒÐI, f. *law, jurisprudence*; -FULLR, a. *lawful, legal*; -FUNDR, m. *lawful meeting, public meeting*.

LÖGG (gen. LAGGAR), f. *groove in the*

staves of a cask.

LÖG-GARÐR, m. *lawful fence*.

LÖGGRA (AÐ), v. *to wag the tail* (rare).

LÖG-GRIÐ, n. pl. *lawful abode*; -HEIMILI, n. *lawful domicile*; -KLÓKR, a. = -kœnn; -KRÓKAR, m. pl. *law quibbles*; -KVÖÐ, f. *legal summons*; -KŒNI, f. *skill in the law*; -KŒNN, a. *versed, skilled in the law*; -KŒNSKA, f. = -kœni; -LAUSS, a. *unlawful*; -LEIÐA (see LEIÐA), v. (1) *to bring (a freedman) to the privileges of the law*, = leiða e-n í lög; (2) *to introduce as law*, = leiða e-t í lög; -LEYSA, f. *lawlessness, lawless state*; -LIGA, adv. *lawfully*; -LIGR, a. *lawful, legal*; -LÝSING, f. *legal declaration* (in pleading); -MAÐR, m. (1) *lawyer* (Njáll var maðr svá mikill, at engi fannst hans jafningi); (2) later, = 'lögsögumaðr' (as in Norway and Sweden); -MÁL, n. (1) *prescription, rule of the law*; (2) *law*; (3) *mutual agreement*.

LÖGMÁLS-BÓK, f. *book of the law*; -SPJÖLD, n. pl. *law tables*; -STAÐR, m. *legal point, ground of action*; -ÖRK, f. *the ark of the covenant*.

LÖG-MÆLTR, pp. *prescribed in the law* (öll -mælt skil); -MÆTR, a. (1) = -mæltr (öll -mæt skil); (2) *coming under the law, punishable* (-mætar sakir).

LÖGN (gen. LAGNAR), f. *a net* laid in the sea, opp. to 'dragnet'.

LÖG-PRETTR, m. *law-quibble*; -PUNDARI, m. *legal steelyard*.

LÖGR (gen. LAGAR, dat. LEGI), m. (1) *sea*, koma um lög, *to come by sea*; lopt ok lög, *air and sea*; lands eða lagar, á landi eða legi, *on land or sea*; (2) *water, any liquid*.

LÖG-RÁÐANDI, m. *legal guardian, warden*; -RENGD, f. *legal challenge*; -RÉTT, f. *public fold*; -RÉTTA, f. (1) *the legislature* in the Icelandic Commonwealth; also *the place* where the legislative sittings were held; ganga til -réttu, *to proceed to the* -rétta; (2) in Norway, and also in Iceland after the union with Norway, *public court of law*; -RÉTTR, m. *'law-right,' compensation legally due to one*.

LÖGRÉTTU-MAÐR, m. *member of the* 'lögrétta'; -SKIPAN, f. *order, constitution of the* 'lögrétta' (as to the number of its members).

LÖG-RUÐNING, f. *legal challenge* (of neighbours or judges); -RÆNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to deprive of law*, = ræna e-n lögum; -RÆNINGR, m. *a person who has been cheated of his lawful right*; -SAGA, f. (1) *'law-speaking', pronouncing the law*; (2) *the office of the* 'lögsögumaðr' (taka -sögu, hafa -sögu); (3) *declaration of the* 'lögsögumaðr' or 'lögmaðr' (þá bað konungr þóri lögmann birta sína -sögu); -SEKR, a. *guilty by law* (hvárigir urðu -sekir); -SJÁNDI (pl. -SJÁNDR), m. (1) *surveyor*; (2) *eye-witness, lawful witness*; -SKIL, n. pl. *pleadings or proceedings as prescribed in the law* = lögmælt skil (Mörðr mælti -skil at vanda sínum); -SKILNAÐR, m. *legal divorce*; -SKIPAN, f. *ordinance*; -SKYLD, f. *legal debt*; -SKYLDR, a. (1) *bound by law*; (2) *prescribed by law*; -SPAKR, a. *learned in the law*; -SPEKI, f. *jurisprudence*; -STEFNA, f. *lawful summons*; -SÖGN, f. (1) *the jurisdiction of a* 'lögmaðr'; (2) *office of a* 'lögmaðr'; (3) *declaration made by a* 'lögmaðr'.

LÖGSÖGU-MAÐR, m. *lawspeaker*.

LÖG-TAKA (see TAKA), v. (1) *to receive by law*; (2) *to accept as law* (þá er kristni var -tekin); -TÍÐIR, f. *lawful tithe*.

LÖGU-NAUTR, m. (1) *messmate*; (2) *mate, colleague, companion*; -NEYTI, n.

messmateship.

LÖG-VELLIR, m. poet., *boiler, kettle*.

LÖG-VILLA, f. *fraudulent procedure*; -VILLR, a. *mistaken in point of law*; -VITR, a. = -spakr; -VÖRN, f. *lawful point of defence*; -ÞING, n. (1) in Norway, *general assembly, parliament*; (2) *public meeting* (Gunnar reið til allra mannfunda ok -þinga).

LÖM (pl. LAMAR), f. *hinges* (of a chest).

LÖNGU, adv. *long ago, long since*.

LÖNGUM, adv. *long, continuously* (Eiríkr var l. með föður sínum); compar., lengrum, *longer* (l. en lög stóðu til); superl., lengstum, *mostly, most of the time* (höfuðborg sú, er Geira sat í l.).

LÖSKR (acc. -VAN), a. *weak, good-for-nothing* (l. mun hann æ heitinn).

LÖSTR (gen. LASTAR, dat. LESTI; pl. LESTIR, acc. LÖSTU), m. (1) *fault, flaw*; segja kost ok löst á e-u, *to tell fairly the good and bad of a thing*; (2) *misbehaviour*; (3) *vice* (l. ofdrykkjunnar).

LÖT (pl. LATAR), f. *dissuasion*; telja latar á um e-t, *to raise difficulties about a thing*.

M

maðka (að), v. *to become maggoty*.

maðka-haf, n., -sjór, = maðksjór.

maðk-fullr, a. *full of maggots*.

maðkr (-s, -ar), m. *maggot, grub, worm*; maðka fœzla, *food for worms*.

maðk-sjór, m. *a sea full of worms*; -smoginn, pp. *worm-eaten* (of a ship).

maðr (gen. manns, pl. menn, with the art. menninir), m. (1) *man* (irrespective of sex), *human being* (guð skapaði síðarst menn tvá, er ættir eru frá komnar); sýndi m. manni, *one showed it to another, it went from from hand to hand*; fjöldi manns, *a great number of people*; múgr manns, *crowd of people*; (2) *degree* in kinship; vera at þriðja, fjórða, fimta manni, *to be related in the third, fourth, fifth degree*; hann var manni firr en systrungr Bárðar, *he was the son of a cousin of B.*; (3) *man*, opp. to 'kona' (síðan fór hann til manna sinna).

mag-áll, m. *flesh of the belly*; -fyllr, f. *belly-full*.

magi, m. *stomach, belly*, = kviðr.

magn, n. *strength, power*; eptir öllu magni, *to the best of one's power*.

magna (að), v. (1) *to charm, make strong by spell* (hann magnaði með miklum blótskap líkneski Þórs); m. fjölkyngi, seið, *to work a spell*; (2) refl., magnast, *to increase in power, grow strong* (Glámr tók at magnast af nýju); eldrinn magnaðist, *the fire increased in strength*.

magns-munr, m. *difference in strength or power*.

magr (mögr, magrt), a. *lean*.

magr-ligr, a. *lean-looking, pinched*.

maka (pl. mökur), f. *female mate*.

maki, m. *match* (m. e-s).

makindi, n. pl. *friendly intercourse*.

mak-liga, adv. *fitly, properly*.

maklig-leikr, m. *desert*; at -leik, eptir -leikum, *deservedly*; hafa -leika til e-s, *to deserve*.

mak-ligr, a. (1) *meet, proper, becoming* (er þat makligt, at); (2) *deserving* (makligr e-s or til e-s).

makr, a. (1) *easy to deal with* (þaðan frá var Eindriði hinn makasti); (2) only in compar., *more suitable, becoming, convenient* (H. kvað honum makara at sitja við elda en vera í sjóförum).

mak-ráðr, a. *pleasant, agreeable*.

makt, f. *might, power*.

mala (mel; mól, mólum; malinn), v. *to grind* (m. valbygg).

malar-, gen. from 'möl'; -grjót, n. *beach-pebbles*; -kambr, m. *pebbleridge along the beach*.

malir, f. pl. *croup of cattle*.

malr (-s, -ir), m. *knapsack*.

malt, n. *malt* (for brewing); -hlaða, f. *malt barn*; -klyfjar, f. pl. *malt packs* (carried by horses).

man, n. (1) *household, house-folk*; *bondslaves*; (2) *bondwoman, female slave*; þær 'ro máttkar meyjar at mani hafðar, *these mighty maids are held in bondage*; (3) *woman*, esp. *young woman, maid*; líki leyfa hins ljósa mans, *to praise the fair maid's form*.

mana (að), v. *to challenge*.

mang, n. *barter, peddling*.

manga (að), v. *to barter, chaffer*.

MANGARI, m. *monger, higgler*.

MANGI, pron., see 'manngi'.

MAN-KYNNI, n. pl. *choice of maidens*.

MANNA-, gen. pl. from 'maðr'; -BEIN, n. pl. *human bones*; -BYGÐ, f. *inhabited district*.

MANNAÐR, pp. (1) *manned, furnished with men*, of a ship (vel, illa m.); (2) *(well) brought up*; var móðir mín vel mönnuð, *well bred*; skaltu vita, at hann er vel m., *that he is an accomplished man*; mannaðir at hófi, *fairly well-bred men*.

MANNA-DREYRI, m. *human blood*.

MANN-AFLI, m. *strength in men*.

MANNA-FORRÁÐ, -FORRÆÐI, n. *rule, dominion, authority*; -FÖR, n. pl. *men's footprints*; -FÖR, f. = mannferð; -GREIN, f. *distinction of men*; -HOLD, n. *human flesh*; -HÚS, n. pl. *men's houses*; -KJÖT, m. = -hold; -LÁT, n. *loss of men, loss of life, death*; -MÁL, n. *human voices, human speech*; -MISSIR, m. *loss of men*; -MÓT, n. = mann-fundr; -MUNR, m. *distinction, difference of men*; -MÚGR, m. *crowd of people*; -REIÐ, f. *riding of men, body of horsemen*; -SAMNAÐR, m. *gathering of men*; -SETA, f. *men staying in a place*; -SKIPAN, f. (1) *the placing of people* (at a banquet); (2) *people seated at a banquet*; -SKIPTI, n. pl. *exchange of men*; -SLÓÐ, f. *track of men*; -SPOR, n. pl. *footprints of men*.

MANNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become a (proper) man, to be brought up to manhood* (þórir var maðr ættsmár ok hafði mannazt vel).

MANNA-SÆTTIR, m. *peace-maker*; -TAKA, f. *reception of strangers*.

MANNA-VEGR, m. *a road where men pass*; -VERK, n. pl. *work by human hands*; -VIST, f. *human abode*; -VÖLD, n. pl. e-t er af -völdum, *it is due to human causes, is done by men*.

MANN-BJÖRG, f. *the saving of life*; brutu þar skipit allt í spán, en þó varð -björg, *but the men's lives were saved*; -BLÓT, n. *human sacrifice*; -BOÐ, n. *banquet*; -BRODDR, m. *ice-spur*; -BŒTR, f. pl. *weregild* (for one slain); -DAUÐI, m., -DAUÐR, m. *loss of life, mortality*; -DÁÐ, f. *manful deed, act of prowess*; -DEILD, f. *difference of opinion, division*; -DJÖFULL, m. *fiend of a man*; -DÓMLIGR, a. *manly*; -DÓMR, m. (1) *human nature*; (2) *manliness, prowess*; (3) *humanity, generosity*; sýna e-m -dóm, *to show kindness to one*.

MANNDÓMS-LEYSI, n. *unmanliness, meanness*; -MAÐR, m. *a brave man*.

MANN-DRÁP, n. *murder, slaughter*.

MANNDRÁPA-LAUST, adv. *without slaughter or loss of life* (sættast-laust).

MANN-DRÁPARI, m., -DRÁPSMAÐR, m. *man-slayer, murderer*; -DYGÐ, f. *virtue*; -DÝRÐIR, f. pl. *manly qualities*; -ELDI, n. *maintenance of a person*; -EYGR, a. = -ýgr; -FAGNAÐR, m. *the fare at a banquet, great entertainment*; -FALL, n. *slaughter, loss of life* (in battle); -FANG, n.; eiga -fang í sonum, *to have able sons*; -FARMR, m. *shipload of men*; -FÁR, a. *having few men* (hafa -fátt); þykki mér -fátt í bœnum, *few people*; -FERÐ, f. *passage, passing of people*; -FJÁNDI, m. *human fiend*; -FJÖLDI, m. *multitude, crowd of men*; -FLEIRI, a. compar., see '-margr'; -FÓLI, m. *fool, idiot*; -FÓLK, n. *mankind, men* (allt mannfólk); -FRÓÐR, a. *skilled in* '-frœði'; -FRŒÐI, f. *history*, esp. *genealogies*; -FUNDR, m. *meeting*; -FÝLA, f. *mean, worthless fellow, rascal*; -FÆÐ, f. *lack of people, smallness of population*; -FŒÐA, f., -FŒÐI, n. *human food*; -FŒRÐ, f. *condi-*

tion of a road; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -GARÐR, m. *ring of men*; -GERSEMI, f. *'jewel of a man', paragon* (hinar beztu -gersemar).

MANN-GI (gen. MANNSKIS), pron. *no man, nobody*; mannskis mögr, *no man's son*.

MANN-GIRND, -GIRNI, f. *a longing for a husband*; -GJARN, a. *eager to marry*; -GJARNLIGA, adv. *eagerly*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. *weregild*; -GŒZKA, f. *kindness, goodness*; -HÁR, a. *of a man's height*; lypta -hátt, *to a man's height*; -HÁSKI, m. *danger of life*; -HEFND, f. *blood revenge*; -HEILL, f. *favour, good report*; hann hafði -heill mikla, *he was very popular*.

MANNHEILLA-MAÐR, m. *popular man*.

MANN-HELGR, f. *inviolability of person, sanctuary* (þar var -helgr mikil); -HRINGR, m. *circle, ring of men*; -HUNDR, m. *dog of a man, scoundrel*; -HÚS, n. pl. *dwelling-houses*; -HÆÐ, f. *man's height*; -HÆTTA, f. = -háski.

MANNHÆTTU-LAUST, adv. *without danger of life*.

MANN-HÖFN, f. *keeping, maintenance of a person*; -ILLSKA, f. *wickedness*; -JAFNAÐR, m. (1) *comparison of men*; fara í -jafnað, *to make a comparison between persons*; (2) *matching or pairing of persons* (as to the weregild to be paid); -KAUP, n., í e-m er gott -kaup, *he is a great acquisition*; -KIND, f. (1) *mankind*; (2) *race*; -KOSTIR, m. pl. *good qualities, virtues*; -KVÆMD, f. *run of visitors*; -KVÆMT, a. n., þar var ekki -kvæmt, *few came there, it was a lonely place*; -KVÖÐ, f. *levying of men*; -KYN, n. *mankind*; -LAUSS, a. *without a husband*; -LÁT, n. *loss of life*; -LEYSI, n. *good-for-nothing fellow*; -LIGA, adv. *manfully*; -LIGR, a. (1) *human* (-ligt eðli); (2) *manly, becoming a man* (er þat -ligra at fara at duga honum); -LÍKAN, f. *image of man*; -LÝTI, n. *blemish*; -LÆÐA, -LÆRA, f. = -leysi; -LÖSTR, m. *blemish, fault*, opp. to '-kostr'; -MARGR, a. *having many men*; hafa -margt, *to have many people, forces*; hafa -fleira, *to have more men, followers*; -MERGÐ, f. *host of people, crowd*; -METNAÐR, m. *honour, esteem* (among men); löngun til -metnaðar, *ambition*; -MÚGR, m. *crowd of people*; -NÍÐINGR, m. *miscreant*; -ORÐ, n. *fame, repute*; -RAUN, f. (1) *trial* (of courage), *danger, peril* (jafn hinum fremstu í öllum -raunum); (2) *trial* (of the feelings), *adversity* (þá er hann misti sonar síns, var þat þó -raun, en þetta engi); -RÁÐ, n. pl. *plots against a man's life*; standa í -ráðum, *to take part in such plots*.

MANNS-ALDR, m. *a man's life, generation* (mörgum -öldrum síðarr).

MANN-SAMNAÐR, m. *gathering of men, people assembled*.

MANNS-BANI, m. *man-slayer*; -BARN, n. *human being, living soul* (hvert -barn); -BLÓÐ, n. *humnan blood*; -BÚKR, m. *body, corpse*; -EFNI, n. *the makings of a man*; *promising young man*.

MANN-SEKT, f., esp. pl. -sektir, *penalty paid in one's person*, opp. to 'fésekt', *outlawry, banishment*; -SEMI, f. *manfulness, valour*.

MANNS-FYLGJA, f. *fetch of a man*; -HÁR, n. *human hair*; -HÖFUÐ, n. *human head*; -HÖND, f. *human hand*.

MANN-SKAÐI, m. *loss of* life, *great loss in a person's death* (ok er þat enn mesti -skaði at taka þá af lífi).

MANNAKAPAR-LAUSS, a. *lacking in strength and manhood, pithless*.

MANN-SKAPR, m. *manfulness, manhood, valour*; -SKELMIR, m. *rascal*; -SKEPNA, f.

poor creature.

MANNS-KONA, f. *married woman*.

MANN-SKRÆFA, f. *miserable coward*; -SKŒÐR, a. *dangerous to life*; -skœð orrosta, *a bloody fight*.

MANNS-LIÐ, n. *a man's aid*; -LÍKI, n. *likeness of man, human shape*; -MÓT, n. *manly mien, mark of a true man*; -MYND, f. *human form* (taka mannsmynd á sik).

MANN-SÓMI, m. *honour, reputation*; -SPELL, n. *destruction of life*; -SPJALL, n. = -spell; -STORMR, m. *rush of people*.

MANNS-VÁÐI, m. = mannskaði (varð hinn mesti -váði); -VIT, n. *'man's wit', human understanding* (hundrinn hefir -vit); -ÆFI, f. *a man's lifetime* (mart kann skipast á -æfinni).

MANN-TAK, n. *manhood, pith*; -TAL, n. (1) *'tale of men', muster*; (2) *census*; -TAPI, m. *loss of life*; -TJÓN, n. = -tapi; -ÚÐIGR, a. *gentle, affable*; -VAL, n. *choice people, select body of men* (hafði hann gott -val); -VANDR, a. (1) *particular as to choice of a husband*; (2) *req uiring an able man*; -VEIÐR, f. *seizing, catching of a man*; -VILLA, f. *misstatement of paternity*; -VIRÐING, f. *rank, renown, honour*; -VIRKI, n. (1) *work of human hands*; (2) *great work* (ok er þat it mesta -virki); -VIT, n. *understanding*; -VITSAMLIGR, a. *sensible, intelligent*.

MANNVITS-LAUSS, a. *void of understanding*; -LÍTILL, a. *with little wit*; -MAÐR, m. *wise man*.

MANN-VITULL, m. *fool* (?); -VÆNLIGR, -VÆNN, a. *hopeful, promising*; -VÆRR, a. *entitled to be with other men*; -ÝGR, a. *vicious, dangerous* (of a bull); -ÞRÖNG, f. *throng of men*; -ÞURFI, a. *in need of men*; -ÆTA, f. *cannibal*; -ŒLI, n. *wretch*.

MAN-RÚNAR, f. pl. *'love-runes', love-spells*; -SAL, n.; selja e-n -sali, *to sell one as a slave*.

MANSALS-MAÐR, m. *bondman*.

MAN-SKÆRI, n. pl. *mane-shears*.

MANS-MAÐR, m. = mansalsmaðr.

MAN-STŒÐI, n. *place of the mane*.

MAN-SÖNGR, m. *love song* (= mansöngskvæði); -UNGR, a. *youthful*; -VÉL, f. *'love-trick'* (poet.).

MAN-VERJAR, m. pl. *the Manxmen*.

MARA (-ði), v. *to be waterlogged, float low in the water* (marði þá undir þeim skipit).

MARA, f. *nightmare, incubus*.

MAR-ÁLMR, m. *sea-reed, marram*; -BAKKI, m. *steep bank near the shore*.

MARÐ-SKINN, n. *marten's fur*.

MARG-BREYTINN, a. *fickle, whimsical*; -BREYTNI, f. *fickleness*; -DÝRR, a. *very dear*; -EYGR, a. *many-eyed*; -FALDA (AÐ), v. *to multiply*; -FALDAN, f. *multiplication*; -FALDLIGA, adv. *manifoldly*; -FALDR, a. *manifold*; -FRÓÐR, a. *learned in many things, much knowing*; -FRŒÐI, f. (1) *varied learning*; (2) *magic*; -HÁTTAÐR, a. *multifarious, of many kinds*; -HEYRÐR, pp. *often heard*; -KUNNANDI, pr. p. *knowing many things*; -KUNNIGR, a. (1) = -fróðr; (2) = fjölkunnigr; -KVÍSLAÐR, -KVÍSLÓTTR, a. *many-branched*; -KVÆMT, a. n. *where many people come* (þar var eigi -kvæmt); -KYNDIGR, a. = -kunnigr; -LÁTR, a. *fickle, loose*; -LEIKAR, m. pl. *intimacy, friendly intercourse*, opp. to 'fáleikar'; -LIGA, adv. *friendly, intimately*, opp. to 'fáliga'; -LYNDR, a. *fickle-minded*; -LÆTI, n. *fickleness, wantonness, looseness*; -MÁLUGR, a. *talkative*; -MENNI, n. *multitude, many men*; -MENNR, a. *with many men* (hversu -mennr ertu?); -MÆLGI, f. *loquacity*; -MÆLTR, pp. *talkative*;

-OPT, adv. *very often*; -ORÐR, a. *using many words, long-winded*; -PRETTÓTTR, a. *very cunning or tricky*.

MARGR (MÖRG, MART), a. (1) in sing. a collect. sense, both as subst. and adj., *many a (one)*; m. maðr, *many a person*; m. mun þik öfunda, *many a one will envy thee*; neut., mart, *many things*, opp. to 'fátt' (tala m., margs vitandi); í mörgu, *in many things, in many respects*; fyrir margs sakir, *for many reasons*; mart manna, *many people*; (2) in plur. *many* (særðr mörg-um sárum); (3) fig. *friendly, communicative*, opp. to 'fár' (var hann m. við Árna biskup).

MARGR, m. *great number*; ekki má við margnum, *no one can stand against great odds*.

MAR-GREIFI, m. *margrave, marquis*.

MARG-RŒDDR, pp. *much talked of* (er -rœtt um e-t); -RŒÐINN, a. *talkative*; -SLŒGR, a. *very sly*; -SMUGALL, a. *penetrating, subtle*; -SPAKR, a. *very* wise; -TALAÐR, pp. (1) = -mæltr; (2) *much talked of* (gøra -talat um e-t); -TÍÐR, a. *very common, frequent* (-títt er, at menn deyi); -VITR, a. of *many-sided learning*; -VÍSLIGR, a. *various, of many kinds*; -VÍSS, a. = -fróðr; -YRÐR, a. *of many words* = -orðr.

MAR-GÝGR, f. *mermaid, sea-ogress*.

MARK, n. (1) *mark, token, sign*; þat er eitt m. um djarfleik hans, *one proof of his daring*; til marks um e-t, *as a token (proof) of*; (2) *matter of importance*; er þat ekki m., *it signifies nothing*; lítit m. er at því, *it is of little consequence*; lítit m. var þá at, er þeir Beli hittust, *of no great account was his meeting with B.*; at marki, *in real earnest, greatly* (reiðast at marki); (3) *mark* (as a sign of property); kenna sitt m. á e-u, *to recognize as one's own mark*; *a mark* on sheep's ears (þá var m. Sigfúss á sauðum); (4) *ornamental figure* (hón hafði knýtt *um* sik blæju ok vóru í mörk blá); (5) *boundary mark* (skógar m.).

MARKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to mark, draw the outline of*; m. grundvöll undir kirkjuna, *to draw the ground-plan of the church*; (2) *to mark as one's property* (þau naut vóru öll einn veg mörkuð); (3) *to mark by an emblem* (er þat mitt ráð, at menn marki stálhúfur sínar); (4) *to draw* (hann hafði rauðan skjöld ok markaðr á hjörtr); (5) *to observe, infer* (mil of því m. hverr maðr hann var); þar eptir máttu m. hans fegrð, *from this you can judge of his beauty*; (6) *to take notice* of, *heed, mind* (Þórðr kvað eigi drauma skyldu m.); (7) to describe (markat hefi ek fyrir þér birting lopts).

MARKAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *market*; fig., var þeim settr inn sami m., *they got the same treatment* (= höfðu þeir ina sömu kaupferð).

MARKA-MENN, m. pl. *'forest-men', outlaws, robbers*.

MARK-BYGÐ, f. *forest district*; -LAND, n. *forest-land*; -LEIÐ, f. *track through forests*; -LEIÐI, n. = -leið.

MAR-KNÚTR, m. *sea scorpion*.

MARK-STEINN, m. (1) *march-stone*; (2) *a stone laid to mark a spot*; -STIKA, f. *boundary stake*.

MAR-LÍÐENDR, m. pl. *'sea-traversers'* (of witches).

MARMARI, m. *marble*.

MAR-MENNILL, m. *'sea-mannikin', merman*.

MARR (gen. MARAR), m. *sea*; sígr fold í mar, *the earth sinks into the sea*.

MARR (gen. MARS, pl. MARIR and MARAR), m. *horse, steed* (hann kvað hest mar heita).

MAT, n. *estimate, taxing*.

MATA, f. *provender, mess* (rare).

MATAR-, gen. from 'matr'; -AFLI, m. *fare, provisions*; -BUR, n. *pantry*; -FÝST, f. *appetite*; -FLING, n. pl. = mat-föng; -GØRÐ, f. *dairy work, cooking*; -ILLR, a. *stingy of food*; -LAUSS, a. *without food*; -VERÐR, m. *meal*; -VÆTT, f. *a certain weight or quantity of victuals*.

MATAST (AÐ), v. refl. *To take food, take a meal*; hví hann mataðist svá seint, *why he was eating so slowly*.

MAT-BJÖRG, f. *provisions from hand to mouth*; -BORÐ, n. *a dressed table* (sitja yfir -borði); -BRÆÐI, f. *greediness*; -BÚA (see BÚA), v. *to dress food, cook* (var hjörtrinn matbúinn).

MATBÚÐAR-MÁÐR, m. *cook*.

MAT-BÚNAÐR, m. *cooking, dressing of food*; -BUR, n. *pantry*; -FÁTT, a. n. *short of provisions* (hafa -fátt); -FÆÐ, f. *lack of food*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *stores of food*; -GERÐ, f. *cooking*.

MATGERÐAR-MAÐR, m. *cook*.

MAT-GJAFI, m. *food-giver*; -GJÖF, f. *gift in food*; -GÓÐR, a. *liberal as to food*; -GŒÐINGR, m. = -góðr maðr; -HEILL, a. *of a good digestion*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of victuals*; -KETILL, m. *meat-kettle*; -KRÁKR, m. '*meal-crow*', *glutton*, a nickname; -LAND, n., gott (illt) -land, *a productive (unproductive) district*; -LANGR, a., -löng stund, *such a tune as it takes to eat a meal*; -LAUSS, a. *without food*; -LEIÐI, m. *loathing of food*; -LEYSI, n. *lack of food*; -LÍFI, n. *board, fare*; -LYSTR, a. *having a good appetite*; -MÁL, n. *mealtime, meal*; -NÍÐINGR, m. *one who starves his people*.

MATR (gen. MATAR, pl. MATIR), m. *food, meat*; hafa sér e-t at mat, *to feed on* (morgin-döggvar þan sér at mat hafa); pl. *stores of food, provisions*.

MAT-RÁÐ, n. pl. *the husbandry of food*; -REIÐA, f. *dressing of food, housekeeping*; -SELD, f. *distribution of food at meals*; -SELJA, f. *housekeeper*; -SÍNKR, a. *stingy of food*; -SKÁL, f. *food bowl*; -SKORTR, m. *lack of food*; -SKREIÐ, f. *dried fish for food*; -SPARR, a. *sparing of food*; -SVEINN, m. *cook*; -SVIN, n. *beggar's scrip*; -SÆLL, a. '*meat-lucky*'; -VÍSS, a. *greedy*; -VÆLI, n. pl. *means of subsistence, stores of food*; -VÆNN, a. *good for food*.

MAURR (-S, -AR), m. *ant, emmet*.

MÁ (MÁ, MÁÐA, MÁÐR), v. (1) *to blot or rub out, efface* (mást þeir of lífs bók); (2) *to wear, make blunt* (var ljár hans máðr upp í smiðreim).

MÁG-KONA, f. *sister-, mother-, or daughter-in-law*.

MÁGR (-S, -AR), m. *brother-, father-, or son-in-law* (vill Hrútr gørast m. þinn ok kaupa dóttur þína).

MÁL, n. (1) *speech, faculty of speech* (þrøngdi svá sóttarfari konungs, at hann misti málsins); þau hafa ekki mál, *they are dumb*; (2) *language, tongue*; norrønt m., *the Norse tongue*; (3) *speech, speaking* (hvárt er Flosi svá nær, at hann megi heyra m. mitt); (4) *colloquy, talk, speech*; koma á m. (*or* at máli) við e-n, *to come to talk with, speak to*; finna (hitta) e-n at máli, *to obtain speech with*; krefja e-n máls, *to ask an interview with*; leita mills við e-n (spyrja e-n máls, mæla m. of e-m), *to broach a subject to one*; bera m. á e-t, hafa e-t á *(or* at) máli, *to speak (talk) of* (allir menn höfðu á máli, hversu fríðr maðr hann var); lúka sínu máli, *to end one's speech*; þat er m. manna, at, *people say that*; (5) *tale, story*; nú er þar til

máls at taka, *now it must be told*; (6) *saw, saying*; fornt (fornkveðit) m. er, at, *it is an old saw that*; (7) *diction, construction of sentences*; (8) *sentence*; tvau mál, two *sentences*; fullt m., *a full period*; (9) *suit, action, cause*; hefja m. á hendr e-m, *to bring an action against one*; búa m., *to prepare a suit*; sœkja m., *to prosecute*; (10) *stipulation, agreement* (ek vil halda mil við hann þan, sem mælt vóru); lauss allra mála, *free of all stipulations*; (11) *case, matter, affair* (þetta m. var við Jórunni rœtt); svá er m. með vexti, *the matter stands thus*; var þat annat m., *another matter*; miðla m., *to mediate*; tillagagóðr inna stœrri mála, *a good counsellor in great matters*; hafa sitt m., *to have one's own way, have one's will* (honum eirir illa, of hann hefir eigi sitt mál); hafa mikit til síns máls, *to have much in support of one's case*; e-t skiptir miklu (litlu) máli, *it is of great (small) importance*; (12) *three months* (m. ok misseri).

MÁL, n. (1) *measure* (fimm álna er hátt m. hans); leggja, bera m. við e-t, *to measure* (hann lagði m. við öll in stœrstu tré); (2) *time, high time* (m. er upp at standa); sagði, at þá var mið nótt ók at enn væri m. at sofa, *and still time to sleep*; (3) *meal*; í eitt m., at einu máli, *for one single meal*; deila mat at málum, *to deal out food at each meal*.

MÁL, n. *inlaid ornaments* (on the hilts and guards of swords).

MÁLA-EFNI, n. pl. *circumstances and nature of a case*; góð (ill) -efni, *a good (bad) case*; -FERLI, n. pl. *lawsuits, litigation*; -FLUTNINGR, m. *conduct of a case*.

MÁLAFYLGIS-MAÐR, m., MÁLAFYLGJUMAÐR, m. *helper in lawsuits*; mikill -maðr, *a great taker up of suits*.

MÁLA-GIPT, f., -GJÖF, f. *pay for military service*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. (1) *payment of wages*; (2) *military pay*; -GULL, n. *gold in payment of* 'máli'.

MÁLA-HLUTI, m., -HLUTR, m. *one side of a case or suit, one's share in a case*; mun sá verða -hluti várr beztr, at, *the best turn for us that things can take will be that*.

MÁLA-JÁRN, n. *iron (weapon) inlaid with ornaments* (mál).

MÁLA-LEITAN, f. *negotiation, mooting the question*; -LOK, n. pl. *end of a case, conclusion*; -LYKTIR, f. pl. = -lok; -MAÐR, m. = málafylgjumaðr.

MÁLA-MAÐR, m. *a man who receives pay* (máli), *soldier*.

MÁLAMANN-LIGR, a. *worthy of a* 'málamaðr'.

MÁLA-SAX, n. *an inlaid sword*.

MÁLA-SILFR, n. *silver given in payment of* 'máli'.

MÁLA-SKIL, n. pl. *knowledge of procedure*; -SKOT, n. *appeal in a case*; -SÓKN, f. *lawsuit, prosecution*; -SPELL, n. *flaw in a suit*.

MÁLA-SPJÓT, n. *inlaid spear*.

MÁLA-TILBÚNAÐR, -TILBÚNINGR, m. *preparation of a suit*; -VÖXTR, m. *state of a case*.

MÁL-DAGI, m. (1) *covenant, agreement*; inna -daga, *to fulfil an agreement*; (2) *written deed, document* (of the rights, property, and inventories of churches); -DEILI, n., e-m er -deili á e-u, *it is of importance to one*; -DJARFR, a., *free-spoken*.

MÁL-DRYKKJA, f. *a measure of drink served for each meal*.

MÁL-EFNI, n. *circumstances of a case*; gott -efni, *a just case*.

MÁL-ELDAR, m. pl. *'meal-fires'*.

MÁLENDR, m. pl. *parties to a suit*; væri

jafnir m. (*if we were equally matched)*, mundi þess ei óhefnt.

MÁL-FÁR (acc. -FÁN), a. poet. *inlaid with ornaments, adorned with characters* (of a sword).

MÁL-FIMI, f. *ease in speech*; -FIMLIGA, adv. *eloquently*; -FIMR, a. *talkative*; -FRAMR, a. *out-spoken*; -FRIÐR, m. *peace from suits* (?); -FŒRR, a. *able to speak*; -GAGA, n. *organ of speech*; -HALTR, a. *tongue-tied*; -HRESS, a. *well enough to speak*.

MÁLI, m. (1) *contract, agreement*; (2) *wages, soldier's pay*; ganga á mála, *to take service* (with a foreign prince).

MÁLIGR (acc. málgan), a. *talkative, communicative, loquacious* (þeir vóru málgir mjök, því at þeir voru úvitrir).

MÁL-KRÓKAR, m. pl. *pettifoggery, sophistry*; -KUNNIGR, -KUNNR, a. *knowing one another to speak to*; -LAKI, m. *defect of the speech organs*; -LATR, a. *slovenly in speaking*; -LAUSS, a. *speechless, dumb*; -LEYSA, f. *incorrect expression, bad grammar*; -LÝZKA, f. *idiom, dialect*.

MÁLMR, m. (1) *ore* (m., er járn skal of gera); (2) *metal* (þann málm, er gull heitir).

MÁL-NYTA, f. *milch trine*; -NYTR, a. *yielding milk, milch*; málnytr smali, *milch cattle*.

MÁL-ÓÐI, a., -ÓÐR, a. *using violent language*; -REIFR, a. *talkative, cheerful*; -REITINN, a. = -rœtinn; -RÓF, n. *ability to talk*.

MÁLRÓFS-MAÐR, m. *glib talker*.

MÁL-RÚM, n. *time to speak in*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. *`runes of speech', runic characters*; -RŒÐINN, -RŒTINN, a. *talkative, open*.

MÁLS-BÓT, f. *excuse, exculpation*.

MÁL-SEMD, f. *language, speech*.

MÁLS-ENDI, m. = málsemd (leita -enda við e-n); -EYRENDI, n. = mál-semd; -FYLLING, f. *conclusion of a case*; -GREIN, f. (1) *sentence*; (2) *phrase, speech*; (3) *diction, style*; -HÁTTR, m. (1) *phrase*; (2) *proverb*.

MÁL-SKIPTI, n. pl. (1) *business, transactions*; (2) *importance*.

MÁLS-LÖSTR, m. *bad grammar*.

MÁL-SNILD, f. *eloquence, oratory*.

MÁLSNILDAR-LIST, f. *rhetoric*.

MÁL-SNILLI, f. *eloquence*; -SNJALLR, a. *eloquent*; -SPAKR, a. *wise-spoken*; -SPEKI, -SPEKT, f. *wisdom in speech*; -STAÐR, m. *case, point of a question*; -STAFR, m. (1) *letter of the alphabet*; (2) *consonant*; -STEFNA, f. *parley, conference*; -STOFA, f. *sleeting-hall, public hall*, esp. in houses of men of rank.

MÁL-SVEFN, m. *proper sleep*.

MÁLS-VERÐR, m. *meal*.

MÁLS-ÞÖRF, f. *desire to speak*.

MÁL-SÖNNUN, f. *evidence, reason*; -TAK, n. *diction*; -TÍÐ, f. *meal*.

MÁLUGLIGA, adv. *loquaciously*.

MÁLUGR, a. = máligr.

MÁLUNGI (= 'málum-gi', dat. pl. from 'mál' with negative -GI); ef þyrftak at m. mat, *if I needed no meat at meals*.

MÁL-VINR, m. *friend (to speak with)*.

MÁL-VÖNDR, m. *measuring wand*.

MÁL-ÞURFI, a. *wanting to speak*.

MÁNA-DAGR, m. *Monday*.

MÁNAÐAR-FREST, n. *a month's notice*; -MÓT, n. *the end of one month and the beginning the next*.

MÁNAÐR (gen. -AR; pl. -IR and MÁNAÐR), m. *month*.

MÁNI, m., poet. *moon*.

MÁR (gen. MÁS, pl. MÁVAR), m. *seamew*; ben-, gunnmár, *raven* (poet.).

MÁ-SKÁRI, m. a *young sea-mew*.

MÁT, n. *check-mate*.

MÁTA (AÐ), v. *to check-mate*.

MÁTI, m. *manner, way, respect* (í engan máta; á allan máta).

MÁTT-DREGINN, -FARINN, pp. *weak, exhausted, faint*.

MÁTTIGR (acc. MÁTTKAN), a. *mighty*.

MÁTT-LAUSS, a. *without strength, exhausted*; -LEYSI, n. *weakness, lack of strength*; -LÍTILL, a. *of little strength, weak* (hann gerist allmáttlítill).

MÁTTR (gen. MÁTTAR, dat. MÆTTI), m. (1) *might, strength*; var mér alls máttar (*I had to use all my strength)* áðr ek kom henni upp; (2) *strength, health*; reiðuliga svaraði hón, of nökkurr spurði at mætti hennar, *if any one asked how she was*; er at leið mætti hans, *when he began to sink*.

MÁTTUGR, a. = máttigr.

MÁTTU-LIGR, a. (1) *possible* (honum er alt mátttuligt); (2) *mighty*.

MÁTU-LIGR, a. *meet, fitting*.

MEÐ, prep. with dat. and acc.; 1. with dat. (1) *with, along with, together with* (Unnr dóttir hans fór með honum; hón hafði á skipi m. sér sex tigi karla); (2) denoting help, assistance; leggja til m. e-m, *to help one by word or deed*; *to give one advice*; fá menn m. sér, *to get followers*; (3) *by means of, with* (verja sik með sverðum, skjöldum); (4) *by, through, with, using* (með harðfengi ok kappi); m. hlaupi, *by running*; m. einum bug, *with one mind*; m. sama hætti, *in the same way*; (5) *including, inclusive of* (hundrað manna m. nábúum); ok þat m., at, *and besides (therewith) that*; þann dag ok nóttina m., *and the night too*; (6) *among, between* (var fact um m. þeim brœðrum); þreyta e-t m. sér, *to fight it out among themselves*; koma m. e-m, *to come among* (maðr, er m. mörgum kemr); (7) denoting inward quality, *in* (hann hafði alla þá hluti m. sér, er konung prýða); (8) *along* (landit er viðast bygt með sjónum); esp. of direction, with an adv. denoting the direction (upp m., ofan m., fram m., inn m., út m., etc.); m. stöfnum, *from stem to stern, all along the ship*; biðja matar með bœjum, *from house to house*; (9) adverbial usages; m. öllu, *altogether, quite*; m. öllu skjótt, *all of a sudden*; m. því at, *in case that* (m. því at ek falla); *as, because* (m. því at menn vóru hraustir, þá komast þeir yfir ána); (10) with verbs; ganga m. barni, *to go with child*, mæla m., *to recommend*; II. with acc. (1) *with*, with the notion of bearing, bringing, carrying (hann fór til Íslands m. konu sína ok börn); fara m. vápn, *to carry a weapon*; fig., fara með sök, mál, *to conduct, manage a case*; m. engi lögskil, *in no lawful manner*; (2) *with, among*; úsnotr m., es m. aldir kemr, *a fool when he comes among men*; (3) with an ordinal number; m. tólfta mann, *with twelve men, including himself*; *with eleven others*.

MEÐAL (Á M., Í M.), prep. with gen., *among, between*; m. vár *or* vár á m., *among us*; sat þar Þórhalla m. brúða, *Th. sat between the brides*; ellipt., ganga meðal, í m., *to intercede as peacemaker* (gekk þá Njáll í m., svá at hvárir handsöluðu ödrum grið).

MEÐAL-, in compds., *middle, average*; -AFTERÐALEYSI, n., eigi -afterðaleysi, *no common slovenliness*; -AUKI, m. *what is given into the bargain*; -ÁR, n. *average year*; -FARBAUTI, m. *middling destroyer* (þeir sögðu þat eigi -farbauta vera); -FERÐ, f. *intercession*; -FÍFL, n., eigi -fífl,

no ordinary fool; -FJÁNDI, m. *middling fiend* (ek ætla hann eigi -fjánda vera); -FÓL, n. = -fífl; -FÖR, -GANGA, f. *intercession*.

MEÐALGÖNGU-MAÐR, m. *intercessor peacemaker*.

MEÐAL-KAFLI, m. '*middle-piece', the haft of a sword between the two* 'hjölt'; -KLŒKISMAÐR, m. *middling scoundrel* (eigi -k.); -LAG, n. *average*; þat var með enu betra -lagi, *a good average*; í -lagi, -lagi, *not very, not over well* (segir mér þó í -lagi hugr um); -lagi góðgjarn, *not too benevolent*; skipti vár hafa verið sum góð, en sum til -lags, *our dealings have been, some good, some only middling*; -MAÐR, m. *average man*; -maðr á vöxt, *a middle-sized man*; -MANN-NÍÐINGR, -NÍÐRINGR, m. (*no*) *middling scoundrel*; -ORPNING, f. *interjection*; -PALLR, m. *middle bench* (in the 'lögrétta'); -SKRÆFA, f. eigi -skræfa, *a great coward*; -SKÖMM, f., eigi -skömm, *a great disgrace*; -SNÁPR, m., eigi -snápr, *no common fool*; -SNOTR, a. *middling wise*; -SŒMD, f. *common honour* (er eigi -sœmd at eiga slíkan mann at mág); -ÚSPEKTARMAÐR, m. *common peace-disturber*; -ÚVINR, m. = -fjándi; -VETR, m. *average winter*; -VINGJARNLIGR, a. *not very friendly*; -ÞRÆLL, m. *average slave*.

MEÐAN (Á M.), adv. (1) *in the mean time, meanwhile* (hann bað þá þar dveljast m.); m. at, m. er (es), *as long as, while, whilst*; (2) *so long as* = m. er (hélzt hann í vináttu við konung m. hann lifði).

MEÐ-FERÐ, f. (1) *management*; vandhœfi mun þér þykkja á -ferðinni, *you will find it difficult to manage*; (2) hafa e-t -ferðar, *to have along with one, in one's keeping*; (3) *behaviour, conduct*; var konungi þá kunnigt hverja -ferð ek hafða, *how I behaved*; -FERÐI, n., -FÖR, f. = meðferð; -GANGR, m. *siding with, helping*, = fylgi.

MEÐR, prep. = með.

MEÐ-TAKA, -TEKT, f. *reception*.

MEÐTÖKU-MAÐR, m. *receiver*.

MEGA (MÁ, MÁTTA, MÁTT), v. (1) *to be able to do*, with acc.; eigi eru Asynjur úhelgari ok eigi megu þær minna, *they are not less powerful*; svá at vér mættim ekki, *so that we could do nothing*; m. betr, *to be the stronger*; m. við e-m, *to be able to withstand one* (hann mun ekki m. einn við mörgum); skulu mikit þín orð m. við mik, *thy words shall have much weight with me*; (2) of health; m. vel, *to be well*; m. lítt, illa, *to be poorly* (hann spurpi, hversu hann mætti. — Eigi má ek nú vel, sagði hann); m. e-m, *to do for one* (má yðr þat, er yfir margan gengr); (3) with infin., *to be able*; mátt þú sjá hana, ef þú vill, *thou canst see her, if thou wilt*; hann mátti ekki mæla, *he could say nothing*; (4) *to be permitted, allowed* (hann mátti aldri tala til Kjartans, svá at Þorkell var hjá); nú man eigi m. sitjanda hlut í eiga, *one must not remain sitting, be inactive*; (5) ellipt., the verb being understood (lemja man ek bogann, ef ek má); ferr þat sem má, *go that as it may*; má, at, *it is possible that*; þeir spurðu hversu þat mætti, *how that could be*.

MEGANDI, pr. p. *availing, mighty, strong*; fylldi hann þat heit, er hann var m. maðr, *as soon as he grew to be man of might*; lítt m., *feeble, weak*; ekki m., *powerless, helpless*.

MEGIN (gen. -S, dat. MAGNI or MEGNI), n. (1) *might, power, strenght* (svá sem á leið sóttina minkaði storum m. hans); (2) *the main, chief part of a thing*; allt m.

landsins, *the main part of the land*.

MEGIN or MEGUM, adv., prop. dat. pl. from 'vegr'; kvenna m., *on the women's side* (in a chuch); karla m., *on the men's side*; Hjarðarholts m., *on the H. side* (of the river); inum vinstra m., hœgra m., *on the left (right) side*; einuni m., *from one side only* (þar mátti einum m. at sœkja); öðrum m., *on the other side* (herskip liggja öðrum m. undir nesinu); báðum m., *on both sides*; öllum m., *from all sides*; þeim m., *on that side*.

MEGIN-, in compds., *main*; -AFL, n. *main strength*; -Á, f. *main river*; -BORG, f. *the main castle*; -BYGÐ, f. *main district*; -DÓMAR, m. pl. *great events*; -FJALL, n. *great mountain*; -FLÓTTI, m. (1) *general flight*; (2) *the main body of the flying host*; -GJÖRÐ, f. *the main girdle, girdle of power*; pl. -gjarðar, *the girdle of Thor*; -GÓÐR, a. *mighty good*; -HAF, n. *the main, ocean*; -HERR, *main army*; -HERAÐ, n. *main district*; -HYGGJA, f. *wisdom*; -HÖFN, f. *main harbour*; -LAND, n. *mainland, continent*; -LAUSS, a. *without strength*; -LEYSI, n. *weakness*; -LIÐ, n. *main body of an army*; -LIGR, a. *important* (mál -lig); -LÍTILL, a. *of little might, weak*; -MERKI, n. *chief standard*; -MÖRK, f. *the main forest*; -RÁS, f. *main course*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. *mighty, powerful runes (charms)*; -STORMR, m. *mighty gale*; -TÍRR, m. *great fame*; -TRYGÐIR, f. pl. *a firm truce*; -VEL, adv. *mighty well*; -VERK, n. *mighty feat*; -ÞÖRF, f. *great need*.

MEGN, n. *strength*, = megin, máttr (hann hafði fjogurra manna m.); um m. e-m, *beyond one's strength*; þetta mál er nökkut þér um m. með at fara, *is rather too much for you*.

MEGN, a. *strong, mighty* (megnt mannfall); með megnu hugskoti, *with a strong mind*.

MEGNA (AÐ), v. *to be able, have strength to do a thing* (þó at ek megni minna en einhverr yðar); refl., megnast, *to gain strength*; en er synir þeirra tóku at m., *when their sons began to grow up*.

MEGN-LAUSS, a. *feeble, weak*; -LÍTILL, a. *faint, exhausted*.

MEGRA (-ða), v. *to make lean*; refl., megrast, *to become lean*.

MEGRÐ, f. *leanness*.

MEGUM, adv. = megin; öllum m., *from all sides*.

MEIÐA (-dda, -ddr), v. (1) *to hurt*, esp. *to maim, injure seriously* (hina rak hann ór landi, meiddi eðr drap); (2) of things, *to damage* (finna þeir at skipit var meitt neðan); *to spoil, destroy* (þá tók hann at m. hof ok hörga); (3) refl. *to take hurt*.

MEIÐING (pl. -AR), f. *bodily injury, maiming, damaging* (í manndrápum ok meiðingum).

MEIÐINGAR-LAUST, adv. *unmaimed, unhurt* (halda lífi -laust).

MEIÐMAR, f. pl. *treasures* (poet.).

MEIÐR (gen. -S or -AR), m. (1) *longitudinal beam*; *sledge-runner* (þá reif hann meiðinn undan sleðanum); fig., standa á önderverðan meið með e-m, *to stand in the forefront as a champion, to support one*; mjök þótti mönnum á einn meið hallast með heim, *it went all on one side with them*; (2) *pole, log*; telgja meið til rifjar, *to cut a log into a loom-beam*; (3) *tree* (hrafn sat á hám meiði); (4) *gallows-tree* (veit ek, at ek hekk vindga meiði á).

MEIN, n. (1) *hurt, harm, injury, damage*; at engum verði m. at, *that it may do nobody harm*; gera e-m m., *to do one harm*; hón kvað þat m., at, *she said it was a great*

pity that; mikit m. var honum þat, þá er, *a great loss it was to him when*; láta sér e-t í m., *to deny to oneself*; hann lét sveininum ekki í m., *he denied the lad nothing*; (2) *disease, sore* (af því vatni þykkjast margir bót hafa fengit sinna meina); (3) *impediments, hindrances* (that make a marriage unlawful), = meinbugir.

MEINA (AÐ), v. (1) *to harm, do harm to* (m. e-m); (2) *to hinder, prevent*; (3) *to forbid, prohibit* (ekki mun ek m. öðrum mönnum at halda þá trú, er þeim sýnist).

MEINA (-TA), v. *to mean* (rare).

MEINA-LAUSS, a. (1) *blameless*; (2) *unhindered*; ef -laust er, *if there are no hindrances*.

MEIN-BLANDINN, pp. *poisonous*; -BUGIR, m. pl. *impediments, hindrances*; -EIÐR, m. *perjury, false oath*; -FANG, n. *trouble*; leita e-m -fanga, *to try to embarrass one*; -FULLR, a. *noxious*; -FŒRR, a. *dangerous to pass*; -GØRA (see gøra), v. *to offend, harm*; -GØRÐ, f. *offence*.

MEINIGR (acc. MEINGAN), a. *noxious*.

MEINKA (AÐ), v. *to do harm to*.

MEIN-KRÁKA, f. *evil crow*; -KVIKENDI, n. *noxious animal*; -LAUSS, a. (1) *harmless, inoffensive*; ætla ek mér þat -laust, *it will do no harm to me*; at -lausu, *without hindrance*; (2) *free from suffering, painless* (aldri síðan varð honum höndin -laus).

MEINLÁT-SAMR, a. *ascetic*.

MEIN-LEIKI, m. *hindrance*, = -bugir; -LEYSI, n. *harmlessness, innocence*; -LIGA, adv. *painfully*; -LIGR, a. *painful, troublesome*; -LÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to chastise* (-læta sér).

MEINLÆTA-SAMR, a. = meinlátsamr.

MEIN-LÆTI, n. (1) *pains, trouble*; (2) *self-chastisement*; -MÆLI, n. *abusive language*, = meinyrði.

MEINN, a. *painful, causing pain* (var honum knéit harla meint ok úmjúkt); kenna sér meint, *to feel pain*; e-m verðr meint við e-t, af e-u, *one takes hurt by a thing*.

MEIN-SAMLIGA, adv. *perniciously*; -SAMLIGR, *hurtful, causing pain*; -SAMR, a. *evil, noxious*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. (1) *pain, hurt*; (2) *disease, sore*; -STADDR, pp. *placed in distress*; -STAFIR, m. pl. *baleful staves, charms*.

MEINS-VANR, a. *guileless*.

MEIN-SVARI, m. *perjurer*; a. *perjured*; -SŒRI, n. *perjury*.

MEINSŒRIS-MAÐR, m. *perjurer*.

MEIN-TREGI, m. *affliction, grief*; -VÆTTR, f. *noxious wight, harmful being*; -YRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to abuse in words*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *abusive words*.

MEIR-HÁTTAR, adv. *of greater importance* (= meira háttar).

MEIRI (neut. MEIRA), a. compar., answering to pos. 'mikill' and superl. 'mestr', (1) *greater, bigger* (hann var hverjum manni m. ok sterkari); (2) *greater, larger, more*, of quantity (meira fé ok betra).

MEIRR, adv. compar., answering to 'mjök' and superl. 'mest', (1) *more* (konungr elskaði Hákon m. en nökkurn mann annan); (2) *then, after that*; sitja m. um sáttir saman, *and afterwards sit at peace together*; (3) with another compar.; firr m., *farther off*; sunnar m., *more to the south*.

MEISS, m. *wooden box, basket* (hann hafði mikinn meis á baki).

MEISTARA-DÓMR, m. *mastership, great skill*; -SAMLIGR, a. *masterly*.

MEISTARI, m. (1) *lord, master*; (2) *master, teacher*; (3) *scholar*.

MEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to cut*; m. manar, skegg, *to cut the mane, beard*.

MEITIL-BERG, n. *an abrupt crag*.

MEITILL (-S, MEITLAR), m. *chisel*.

MEITLA (AÐ), v. *to chisel, cut*.

MEIZL, n., esp. pl. (1) *bodily hurts, injuries*; (2) *mutilation*.

MEIZLA, f. = meizl.

MEIZLA-HÖGG, n. *injurious blow*; -LAUST, adv. *without bodily injury*.

MEKT, f. *might*; *pomp* (rare).

MEKTUGR, a. *mighty, powerful*.

MÉL, n. *time, moment* (á því méli dreif lið til hans).

MÉL, n. pl. *mouth-bit of a bridle*.

MEL-BAKKI, m. *bank grown with lyme-grass* (melr).

MELDR (gen. -RS and -RAR), m. (1) *grinding* (standa at meldri); (2) *flour*; Fenju m., Fróða þýja m., *gold*.

MÉL-DROPI, m. *foam from the bit*; -GREYPR, a. poet. *champing the bit* (marir, dröslar mélgreypir).

MELJA (MALDA, MALIÐR), v. *to pound*.

MELR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *lyme-grass*; (2) *sand-bank, gravel-bank*.

MEL-RAKKI, m. *arctic fox, white fox* (brenna inni sem m. í greni).

MELTA (-LTA, -LTR), v. (1) *to malt for brewing* (m. korn); (2) *to digest* (m. valbráðir); also fig. (m. reiði).

MEL-TORFA, f. *turf grown with lymegrass* (melr).

MEN (gen. pl. MENJA), n. *necklace* (hann batt menit á háls sér); fig. in pl., *treasures, jewels* (fjöld á ek menja).

MENGI, n. *multitude*.

MENJAR, f. pl. = minjar.

MENNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make a man of, breed*; refl., mennast, *to become a man*, = mannast.

MENNI, n., a nickname; but freq. in compds., góð-, ill-, rík-, fjölmenni.

MENNI-LIGA, adv. *manfully*; -LIGR, a. *manly, well bred*, = mannvænn.

MENNING, f. *breeding, upbringing, education* (ætt hans ok m. góð).

MENNSKA, f. *human nature, humanity*; = manndómr.

MENNSKR, a. *human*; m. maðr, *human being*, opp. to giants, ogres, or supernatural beings.

MENNT, f. *art, skill, accomplishment* (hefir þú til ills þína m.).

MENNTAN, f. *breeding, culture*.

MENNTR, pp. *bred, educated, accomplished* (vel m. um marga hluti).

MEN-SKÖGUL, f., poet. *lady*.

MEN-VÖRÐR, m. *keeper of treasures*.

MERGÐ, f. *multitude, plenty* (m. fjár).

MERG-LAUSS, a. *marrowless*.

MERGR (gen. -JAR), m. *marrow*.

MERG-UND, f. *a wound to the marrow*; also MERGUNDAR-SÁR, n.

MER-HROSS, -HRYSSI, n. *mare*.

MERJA (MER, MARÐA, MARIÐR), v. *to bruise, crush*.

MERKI (gen. pl. MERKJA), n. (1) *boundary*, = landamerki; (2) *banner, standard* (tók merkit af stönginni); (3) *mark, token, sign* (mun þat til merkja, at þeir Grímr munu heim koma); þessir menn, er náliga vóru með øngum merkjum, *of no mark, distinction*; (4) *remains, traces* (þeir lögðu ok garðinn sem enn sér m.).

MERKI-Á, f. *boundary river*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *remarkably*; (2) *clearly, perceptibly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *perceptible*; (2) *remarkable, noteworthy, distinguished* (uppruni hans var -ligr); -MÁLL, a. = merkmáll, merkorðr.

MERKING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *marking*; (2)

mark, sign; (3) *signification*.

MERKIS-BURÐR, m. *the carrying of the standard*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *standard-bearer*; (2) *man of mark, distinguished person*; -STÖNG, f. *standard-pole*.

MERKI-STJARNA, f. *planet*; -STÖNG, f. = merkis-stöng; -TUNGL, n. = -stjarna.

MERKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to mark* (m. eyra á fé); (2) *to mark, draw* (hann var merktr eptir Þór, ok hefir hann hamar í hendi); ok m. á nagli nauð, *and mark (the character)* 'nauð' *on one's nail*; (3) *to mark, note, observe* (síðan merkti hann púfu þá, er griðkonan þerði á fœtr sína); (4) *to notice, perceive* (merktu þeir at sólargangi, at sumarit munaði aptr til várs ins); (5) *to show, indicate* (merkti Sunnifa þat í þessu); (6) *to denote, signify, mean* (vil ek, at þú segir drauminn ok hvat hann merkir).

MERK-MÁLL, -ORÐR, a. *truthful, trustworthy* (-orðr maðr).

MERKR, a. *of mark, noteworthy* (m. maðr ok sannorðr).

MERR (gen. MERAR, acc. and dat. MERI, pl. MERAR), f. *mare*.

MERSING, f. = messing.

MESSA, f. (1) *mass*; syngja messu, *to chant the mass*; (2) = messudagr (Jóns m., Ólafs m.).

MESSA (AÐ), v. *to say the mass*.

MESSING, f. *brass* (stafr búinn með messingu); MESSINGAR-, *made of brass, brazen* (-hestr, -ker, -spánn).

MESSU-DAGR, m. *mass-day, feast-day*; -DJÁKN, m. *deacon, clerk*; -EMBÆTTI, n. *office of the mass, divine service*; -FÖT, -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *vestments*; -MÁL, n. *mass time*; -SERKR, m. *surplice*; -SKRÚÐI, m. = -klæði; -SLOPPR, m. = -serkr.

MEST, adv. superl. (1) *most* (þeim var ek verst, er ek unna m.); (2) *almost* (kvað hann þá m. aðra hönd af Þóri).

MEST-HÁTTAR, adv. *most remarkably*.

MESTR, a. superl. *greatest* (margir hinir mestu menn); cf. 'mikill'.

MESTU, adv. *mostly, nearly*.

MET, n. pl. *weights*; fig., koma sínum metum við, *to have one's own way*.

META (MET; MAT, MÁTUM; METINN), v. (1) *to estimate, value*; ef þeir kynni m. sik, *if they could value themselves rightly, not puff themselves up*; m. e-t mikils, lítils, einskis, *to attach great, little, no value to*; *make much, little, nothing of*; munu þín orð hér um einskis metin, *thy words will be counted for naught*; (2) m. e-t fjár (kaups, etc.), *to put a money-value on, to charge for* (aldri mat hann fjár lækning sína); m. e-t við e-n, *to name a price to one for a thing*; met þú við mik rekkjubúnaðinn, *tell me the price of the bed-furniture*; ok vil ek eigi m. við þik (*I will not charge you anything*), heldr vil ek, at þú þiggir skikkjuna; *to leave it to another to decide*; allir mátu við Erling atkvæði um skírsluna, *they all left it to E. to decide about the ordeal*; við Þorkel met ek at fá þá hluti til, er hafa þarf, *I leave it to Th. to provide the necessary things*; (3) refl., metast til e-s, *to be reckoned as, counted for* (það þá gera þá smíð, er til afbragðs mætist); m. e-t við, *to contend about*; ef þeir metast eiða við, *if there is a contest about taking the oaths*.

METANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *appraiser*.

MET-FÉ, n. *a thing having a special value set upon it*.

METINN, pp., vel m., *highly esteemed*.

METJA (MET, MATTA, MATTR), v. *to lap* (with the tongue).

METNAÐAR-FULLR, a. *full of pride or ambition*; -GIRND, f. *ambition*; -GJARN, a.

ambitious; -LEYSI, n. *modesty*; -MAÐR, m. *ambitious man*; -SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *proud, haughty*.

METNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *esteem, value* (þann metnað hefi ek á ráðagerðum mínum, at); (2) *honour, repute* (hann var þar í miklum metnaði); (3) *pride, ambition* (m. honum þróast, en mannvit aldregi).

METNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to puff oneself up* (m. af mikillæti ríkis síns).

MET-ORÐ, n. (1) *estimate, valuation*; (2) *esteem, consideration*; þeir gørðu svá mikil -orð hans, at, *they paid him so much regard that*; sitja yfir -orðum manna, *to bear down others*.

METORÐA-MAÐR, m. *man of distinction* (hann var -maðr mestr).

METTR, pp. *having eaten one's fill*.

MEY, f. = mær; -BARN, n. *female child, girl*; -DÓMLIGR, a. *virgin*; -DÓMR, m. *maidenhood, virginity*.

MEYJA, f. *maid, girl*, = mær.

MEYJAR-, gen. from 'mær'; -MÁL, n. pl. *matters relating to marriage*; -MUNDR, m. *a maid's* 'mundr'.

MEY-LIGR, a. *maiden, virgin*; *girlish*; -LÍFI, n. *maiden life*.

MEYRR, a. *rotten* (m. börkr).

MEY-STAULPA, -STÚLKA, f. *girl*.

MIÐ, n. (1) *the middle* (sá var mestr, er í miðit reið); (2) *mark*; sem ek munda hafa m. á mér, ef, *which I should have experienced on myself, if*; (3) *fishing bank* (indicated by landmarks on shore); bregða til miða, *to seek for a fishing bank*.

MIÐA (AÐ), v. *to take note, mark* (E. hafði glöggt miðat á um kveldit, hvar konungrinn hvíldi); m. við e-t, *to mark a distance or place by another object* (hlað hér vörðu, ok miða svá við þar sem eldrinn brennr).

MIÐ-ALDRA, a. indecl. *middle-aged*; -BREYTIS, adv. *midway, halfway*; -BYRÐI, n. *the middle of a ship* (skipit var breitt um -byrðit); -BŒR, m. *a farm lying in the midst* (of three); -DEGI, n. *midday, noon*.

MIÐDEGIS-SKEIÐ, n. *noon-tide*.

MIÐ-DIGR, a. *stout in the waist*; -FASTA, f. *Mid-Lent*; -FIRÐIS, adv. *in the middle of the fjord*; -FYLKING, f. *the middle of the line* (in battle).

MIÐ-GARÐR, m. *midgarth, the earth*; -HEIMR, m. *centre of the world*; -HERÐAR, f. pl. *mid-shoulders*; -HJALLI, m. *middle shelf on a hill-side*.

MIÐIL (also Á or Í MIÐIL), prep. = meðal, milli (miðil svefns ok vöku).

MIÐJA, f. *the middle* (í miðju).

MIÐJARÐAR-HAF, n., -SJÓR, m. *the Mediterranean sea*.

MIÐ-KAFLI, m. *middle piece*; -KVÍSL, f. *middle branch* (of a stream).

MIÐLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to share*; m. e-m e-t *or* m. e-t við e-n, *to share with another* (Gunnar miðlaði mörgum mönnum hey ok mat); skal ek eigi m. ríkit, *I shall not share the realm*; m. spor sín, *to make a step, move* (stöndum fast ok miðlum ekki spor vár); (2) *to mediate*; m. mál *or* málum, *to make a compromise*; (3) refl., miðlast e-t við, *to share with one another*; m. mál við, *to make a compromise*.

MIÐLAN, f. (1) *partaking, sharing with another* (m. auðar); (2) *compromise* (gøra m. á um e-t). MIÐLANAR-MÁL, n. pl. *compromise*.

MIÐ-LANGR, a. *long-waisted*, a nickname; -LEIÐIS, adv. (1) *midway, halfway* (er þeir kómu -leiðis til Máfahlíðar); (2) *in the middle* (Ísraels synir gengu þurt -leiðis um hafit).

MIÐLUNG, adv. *middlingly, indifferently, poorly*; þykkist hann þá vera m. staddr, *in rather a hard plight*.

MIÐLUNGI, adv. = miðlung.

MIÐ-MESSA, f. '*the middle mass*', *matins*; -MJÓR, a. *slender in the waist*.

MIÐMUNDA-SKEIÐ, n., the time when the sun is midway between midday (twelve o'clock) and 'nón' (three o'clock), *half past one* (um -skeið miðs dags ok nóns); -STAÐR, m. *the middle point between two places or times* (í -stað vestrs ok útnorðrs).

MIÐ-MUNDI, m. (1) *the middle between two places*; þá er Skoðborgará á -munda, *the river S. is midway*; with gen., þá er sól er -munda norðrs ok landnorðrs, *when the sun is midway between north and north-east*; (2) = miðmundaskeið (fyrir -munda hófst orrostan, en konungr féll fyrir nón); (3) *moment, weight, importance*; allir þeir, er þar höfðu verit ok nökkurr -mundi var at, *and were of any note*.

MIÐ-NÆTTI, n. *midnight*; -PALLR, m. *the middle bench* (of the 'lögrétta').

MIÐR (MIÐ, MITT), a. *middle, lying in the middle*; nær miðri veröldinni, *near the middle of the world*; G. leggr í móti atgeirinum ok kom á hann miðjan, *and struck him in the middle*; áin var opin um mitt, *in the middle*; mið nótt, *midnight* (þá var mið nótt); m. dagr, *midday* (þat var nær miðjum degi, er þeir fundust); m. aptann, *six o'clock p. m.*; m. morginn, *six o'clock a. m.*; at miðjum vetri, um miðjan vetr, *at midwinter*; mitt sumar, *midsummer*; miðrar brautar, *in the middle of the road*.

MIÐR, adv. = minnr, *less*.

MIÐ-SKAMMR, a. *short-waisted*; -SKEIÐ, n. *middle course*; -SKIP, n. *middle of a ship* (= mitt skip); -SKIPA, adv. *amidships*; -SUMAR, n. *midsummer* (= mitt sumar).

MIÐSUMARS-HELGR, f. *midsummer-day*; -SKEIÐ, n. *midsummer time*.

MIÐSVETRAR-BLÓT, n. *midwinter sacrifice*; -NÓTT, f. *midwinter night* (= hökunótt); -SKEIÐ, n. *midwinter time*.

MIÐ-SYNDIS, adv. *in the middle of the sound* (cf. 'sund').

MIÐVIKU-DAGR, m. *Wednesday*; -MORGINN, m. *Wednesday morning*.

MIÐ-ÞRÖNGR, a. *tight in the waist*.

MIKIL-BRJÓSTAÐR, a. *stout-hearted, high-minded*; -FENGLIGR, a. *stout-looking*; -GJARN, a. *aspiring to great things*; -GÆFR, a. *of great importance*; -HUGAÐR, a. *big-spirited*; -HŒFR, a. *stately, eminent*.

MIKILL (acc. MIKINN, neut. MIKIT), a. (1) *great, tall*, of stature (m. vexti, maðr m. ok sterkr); (2) *great, large*, in bulk or size (mikil ey ok góð); áin var mikil, *the river was swollen*; (3) of quantity, *great, much* (m. viðr, mikil drykkjuföng); (4) *great, prominent* (skörungr m., málafylgjumaðr m.); m. drykkjumaðr, *a great drunkard*; vetr m., *a severe winter*; með mikilli snild, *with great skill*; (5) acc. 'mikinn' used as adv.; ríða (fara) m., *to ride (go) fast*; róa m., *to pull hard*; (6) neut. as subst., *much*; skipta miklu, *to be of great importance*; dat., 'miklu' with compar., *much, by far* (m. betr; m. meiri maðr en áðr); with superl., m. mestr, *by far the greatest, the very greatest*; neut. as adv., mikit, *greatly, much*, = mjök (hón unni honum m.).

MIKIL-LÁTR, a. *proud, grand*; -LEIKR, m. *greatness, largeness*; -LEITR, a. *having marked (prominent) features*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *greatly*; (2) *proudly* (láta -liga); -LIGR,

a. *grand, considerable*; -LÆTAST (TT), v. refl. *to pride oneself*; -LÆTI, n. *pride, pomp*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *magnificently*; -MANNLIGR, a. *grand, magnificent, generous*; -MENNI, n. *great, powerful man*; -MENSKA, f. *greatness, magnificence*; -MÆLI, n. *high words*; -RÁÐR, a. *imperious*; -RÆÐI, n. *great feat*; -ÚÐLIGR, a. *imposing*; -VEGLIGR, a. *magnificent*; -VIRKR, a. *doing great work*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *important*; -ÞÆGR, a. *exacting*.

MIKILS-HÁTTAR, adv. *distinguished*.

MIKJÁLS-MESSA, f. *Michaelmas*.

MIKLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to make great, increase, magnify*; m. sik, *to pride oneself*; (2) impers., e-m miklar e-t, *one wonders at* (konungi miklar þat með sjálfum sér, at); (3) refl., miklast, *to acquire fame* (ef konungr vill m. af þessu); *to pride oneself* (engi maðr miklist eða stœrist af sinni ætt).

MIKLAN, f. *increase, greatness*.

MILD-HUGAÐR, a. *mild, kind-hearted*.

MILDI, f. *kindness, mercy, grace*.

MILDINGR (-S, -AR), m., poet. *a liberal man* (örr maðr heitir m.).

MILDI-VERK, n. *work of charity*.

MILD-LEIKR, m. *mildness, mercy*; -LIGA, adv. *mildly, gently*; -LIGR, a. *mild, gentle*.

MILDR, a. (1) *mild, gentle, gracious*; (2) *munificent, liberal* (m. af fé).

MILLI, prep. with gen., also MILLIM, MILLUM, (1) *between* (m. skógarins ok árinnar); sín á (*or* í) m., *between (among) themselves*; sigla m. landa, *from one land to another*; (2) special usages; var enn meirr vönduð veizla en þess í m., *more than otherwise*; um aðra hluti var skamt m. máls konunga, *in other things there was no great difference between them*; standa í m., *to stand between, hinder*; mátti þar ekki í millim sjá, hvárr af öðrum myndi bera, *it could not be seen which of the two would get the better of it*; (3) ellipt. in 'm. ok'; upp með ánni, m. (*viz.* árinnar *or* hennar) ok skógarins, *up along the river, between (it) and the forest*.

MILLIM, MILLUM, prep. = milli.

MILLUM-FERÐ, f. *going between, mediation* (bréfsendingar ok -ferðir).

MILTI, n. *milt, spleen*.

MINJA-GRIPR, m. *heirloom, keepsake* (saxit var minjagripr þeirra).

MINJAR, f. pl. *memorial, souvenir, keepsake* (hann tók hringinn Draupni ok sendi Óðni til minja; þessa gripi skaltu eiga at minjum).

MINKA (AÐ), v., see 'minnka'.

MINN (MÍN, MITT), pron. *my, mine*.

MINNA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to remind of* (m. e-n e-s *or* e-n á e-t); hón hefir mik minnt þeirra hluta, *or* minnt mik á þá hluti, *she has reminded me of those things*; (2) impers., mik minnir e-s, *I remember, think of* (ávallt er ek sé fagrar konur, þá minnir mik þessarrar konu); (3) refl., minnast e-s, *to remember, call to mind* (H. minntist þess, at A. hafði rænta ok barða húskarla hans); eigi væri allfjarri at m. þín í nökkuru, *to remember thee with some small pittance, give thee some trifle*; m. á e-t, *to bear in mind, remember*; þá munu vér m. á hinn forna fjándskap, *then we will bear in mind the old feud*; *to mention, talk of* (hann minntist þá á marga luti þá, er fyrr höfðu verit).

MINNAST (T), v. refl. *to kiss* (m. við e-n *or* til e-s); hann spratt upp í móti honum ok minntist til hans, *he rose and kissed him*.

MINNI, n. (1) *memory* (hann missti minnis ok þótti nær sem vitstolinn) leggja e-t

í m., *to lay up in the mind*; reka m. til e-s, *to call to mind*; (2) esp. in pl. *memorials* (slík m. hafa Íslendingar Haralds konungs ok mörg önnur); settir eptir (*viz.* dauða) bautasteinar til minnis, *as a memorial*; (3) *memory*, of past time; þeir er vóru fyrir várt m., *who lived before we can remember*; (4) *memorial cup, toast* (at old sacrifices and banquets); mæla fyrir minnum, *to propose a toast*.

MINNI, a. compar., MINNSTR, a. superl., answering to 'lítill', *less, smaller*; *least, smallest* (var minna karp þitt, meðan H. konungr lifði); er sá kallaðr minni maðr *(lower in rank)*, er öðrum fóstrar barn.

MINNI, n. *mouth* (of a river, fjord, valley), = mynni.

MINNIGR, a. (1) *having a good memory* (Hallr var maðr stórvitr ok m); (2) m. e-s, *mindful of, bearing in mind* (m. þeirra meingørða, er).

MINNI-LIGA, adv. *in memory* (at þau frægðar verk skyldu -liga haldast); -LIGR, a. *memorable*.

MINNING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *memory, recollection, remembrance*; í m. e-s, *in memory of* (í hverja m. heldr þú þenna dag?); (2) in pl. *traces* (engar minningar vóru eptir hans meina); (3) *gift, present*; (4) *requital, revenge* (þótti sjá m. betri en eigi); (5) *admonition, foreboding* (þessi m. varð náliga hverja nótt); (6) *mention, suggestion, proposal* (gørði G. þá m., at).

MINNINGAR-MARK, n. *monument*; -VERÐR, a. *memorable, worth remembering* (þat sýnist mönnum -vert).

MINNI-SAMLIGR, a., -SAMR, a. *memorable, not to be forgotten* (mun þér þat minnisamt); gøra e-m hríð -sama, *to make one remember an attack*.

MINNIS-DRYKKJA, f. *a banquet where there are* 'minni' *(toasts)*; -HORN, n. *memorial horn*; -STŒÐR, a. = minnisamr; -VEIG, f. *a drink to restore remembrance*; -ÖL, n. = -veig.

MINNKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to lessen, diminish*; fig., m. sik, virðing sína, *to lower oneself*; impers., minnkar e-t, *it abates, decreases* (biðu þeir þess, er minnkaði ísana); (2) *to grow less*, = minnkast; (3) refl., minnkast, *to grow less, decrease* (þótti mér mikit vaxa mín virðing, en m. ekki).

MINNKAN, f. *decrease, diminishing*.

MINNR, adv. compar. *less* (þeir sem vitrari vóru ok m. drukknir); with dat., vetri m. en hálf-sextugr, *fifty-four years old*; vera lífi m., *to be minus one's life, lifeless, dead*; engu m., *no less*; minnr en, *less than*.

MINNST, adv. superl. *least*; m. mánað, *at least a month*; MINNSTR, a. superl. *least*; see 'minni'.

MIS, Á MIS (older form MISS), adv. *amiss*; *so as to miss*; farast þeir hjá á m., *they pass each other without meeting*.

MIS-BJÓÐA (see BJÓÐA), v. *to offend*; e-m þykkir sér -boðit í e-u, *one feels offended at, takes it ill*; -BRIGÐI, a. *offence*; -DAUÐI, m. *death at different times*; ef -dauði þeirra yrði, *if one of them should die before the other*; -DEILD, f. *quarrel*; -DEILI, n. *'wrong dealing', undue preference*; -DJÚPR, a. *of unequal depth*; *now shallow, now deep*; -DÝPI, n. *unequal depth*; -ELDRI, n. *disparity in age* (-eldri þeirra brœðra var mikit); -FALL, n. *mishap, mischance*; -FALLA (see FALLA), v. *to happen amiss*; -FANGI, m. *mistake*; -FARA (see FARA), v. *to treat amiss, outrage* (-fara e-u *or* með e-u); e-m -ferst, *it goes amiss with one*; -FARI, m. *difference*

in speed; -FENGR, a. *missing one's aim*; -FERLI, n. (1) *misconduct*; (2) *mishap*; -FRÓÐR, a. *of different opinion*; -FÖR, f. (1) *misconduct*; (2) in pl. *mishaps, miscarriage, accident*; -GANGA, f. (1) *dissent*; (2) *misconduct*; (3) *spring-tide* = -göng; -GÓÐR, a. *partly good, partly bad*; -GRUNA (AÐ), v. *to suspect*; -GÖNG, n. pl., -GÖNGUR, f. pl. *spring tide*; -GØRA (see GØRA), v. *to do amiss, transgress*; -GØRÐ, -GØRNING, f., -GØRNINGR, m. *misdeed, transgression*; -HALDINN, pp. *wronged, not getting fair treatment*; -HELDI, n. *unfair treatment*; -HLJÓÐAN, f. *discordance*; -HUGI, a., vera -hugi við e-n, *to be at variance with*; -HUGNA (AÐ), v. *to displease*; -HÖGG, n. *striking amiss*; -INNT, pp. n., e-m verðr -innt, *one makes a mistake (in speaking)*; -JAFN, a. *uneven, unequal, of various qualities, indifferent, rather bad* (samfarar þeirra vóru -jafnar); mœta -jöfnu, *to meet with hardships* (sá verðr at mœta -jöfnu, er víða ferr); þessi ætlan þótti mönnum -jöfn, *there were different opinions about this undertaking*; -JAFNA (AÐ), v. *to make unequal, share unequally*; -jafna frásögn um menn, *to give a different account of, speak well of one and ill of another*; -JAFNAÐR, m. *unequal sharing, odds*; -JAFNAN, f. = -jafnaðr; -KAST, n. *throwing away*; farast at -köstum, *to be wasted*; -KENNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to mistake for another*.

MISKI, m. *offence, harm*; gøra e-m til miska, *to offend, wrong a person*.

MIS-KUNN, f. *forgiveness, mercy, grace* (vill Þ. gefast upp í mitt vald til -kunnar); í m. konungs, *at the king's mercy*; gøra -kunn á e-m, *to show mercy to*; -KUNNA (AÐ), v. *to show mercy to, deal mercifully with, pardon* (-kunna e-m, máli e-s).

MISKUNNAR-ANDI, m. *spirit of mercy*; -AUGU, n. pl. *eyes of mercy*; líta -augum til e-s, *to look in mercy on*; -BRAGÐ, n. *act of grace*; -DÓMR, m. *merciful judgment*; -FAÐMR, m. *bosom of mercy*; -GJÖF, f. *gracious gift*; -HEIT, n. *promise of mercy*; -HUGR, m. *merciful disposition*; -LAUSS, a. *merciless, unforgiving*; -LEYSI, n. *hardness of heart, cruelty*; -MAÐR, m. *object of charity*; -VERK, n. *work of mercy or charity*.

MISKUNN-LAUSS, a. *finding no mercy*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *mercifully*; -SAMR, a. *merciful*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *compassion, mercifulness*.

MIS-KVEÐA (see KVEÐA), v. = -mæla.

MISKVIÐA-LAUST, adv. *without making any slip* ('miskviðr') *in the pleading* (hann sótti málit -laust).

MIS-KVIÐR, m. *a slip in the pleading* (before a court); -LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. *to lay amiss*; fig., e-m eru -lagðar hendr, *one does the contrary of what one ought to do*; -LITR, a. *party-coloured, variegated*; -LÍKA (AÐ), v. *to dislike, be displeased with* (e-m -líkar e-t); -LÍKAN, f. *dislike*; -LÍTAST (see LÍTA), v. refl., e-m -lízt e-t, *one is mistaken about a thing*; -LYNDI, n. *fickleness*; -LYNDR, a. *fickle-minded*; -LÝTI, n. pl. *faults, flaws*; -LÖGUR, f. pl., leggja fœtrna -lögum, *to lay the feet across*; -MUNR, m. *difference, disproportion*; -MÆLA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make a slip of the tongue* (Þórði varð -mælt); -MÆLI, n. *slip of the tongue* (mæla -mæli); e-m verðr -mæli á munni, *one makes a slip of the tongue*; -RÁÐIT, pp. n., e-u er -ráðit, *it is ill-advised*; -RÆÐI, n. *ill-advised deed*; -RŒÐA, f. *impropriety* (drýgja -rœðu við konu).

MISS, Á MISS, adv. = mis, á mis.

MISSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to miss, fail in hitting* (Kolr sveiflaði til hans øxi ok missti hans); (2) *to be without* (þeir höfðu lengi matar misst); impers., missir e-s, *it ceases*; þar sem missti húsanna, *where there were no longer any houses*; (3) *to miss, feel the want of* (missum vér nú Hákonar, frænda míns); m. fótanna, *to slip with the feet, miss one's footing*; impers., ef mín missir við, *if I should die*; (4) *to lose, suffer loss of*; ek hefi mikils misst, *I have had a great loss*; (5) with acc. *to lose*, esp. in later writers (vér höfum misst frændr vára).

MISSA, f. *loss* (megu vér nú eigi þegja yfir missu okkarri).

MIS-SÁTTR, a. *disagreeing, at variance*; -SEGJA (see SEGJA), v. *to relate wrongly or incorrectly*.

MISSERI, n. (1) *season, a period of six months, half year* (ár heitir tvau m.); sams misseris, *in the same season*; (2) in pl. *twelvemonth, year* (er þau höfðu ásamt verit ein m., áttu þau son); önnur m., *the next twelvemonth*; á tveim hinum fyrrum misserum, *in the two preceding years*; öllum misserum, *all the year round*.

MISSI-FENGR, a. *missing one's aim*.

MISSIR (gen. -IS), m. *loss*, = missa.

MIS-SÍÐR, a. *of unequal length* (of a garment); -SJÁ (see SJÁ), v. *to see amiss*; -SKIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to share unequally*; -SMÍÐI, n. pl., *mistakes in a work* (svá at eigi verði stór -smíði á); sjá, finna -smíði á e-u, *to find, see faults in a thing*; -STÓRR, a. *of different size*; -SVEFNI, n. *sleeping and waking alternately*; -SÝNAST (see SÝNA), v. refl., e-m -sýnist, *one sees wrong, is mistaken* (allmjök -sýnist slíkum manni sem Broddier); -SÝNI, n. *deception of sight, mistake*; -SÆLL, a. *of unequal happiness*; -SÆTTI, n. *discord*.

MIST, f. *a Valkyrie*.

MIS-TAKA (see TAKA), v. (1) *to take by mistake*; (2) e-m verðr-tekit til e-s, *one does a thing wrongly*; refl., -takast, *to miscarry*; -TALA (AÐ), v. *to make a slip with the tongue*; -TEKJA, f. (1) *mistake*; (2) *wrongful taking*.

MISTIL-TEINN, m. *mistletoe*.

MIS-TRÚA (see TRÚA), v. *to mistrust, disbelieve*; -TRÚNAÐR, m. *mistrust, doubt*; -TRYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. = -trúa; -VERK, -VERKI, n. *misdeed*; -VITR, a. *not always equally wise*; -ÞOKKAÐR, pp. *offensive, displeasing*, with dat.; -ÞOKKI, m. *displeasure, dislike*; -ÞOKKNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to displease*; -ÞYKKI, n. *discord*; -ÞYKKJA, f. *discord*; -ÞYKT, f. (1) *displeasure*; (2) *discord*; -ÞYRMA (-DA, -T), v. *to violate, damage, outrage*; -ÞYRMING, f. *maltreatment, outrage*.

MÍGA (MÍG; MEIG, MIGUM; MIGINN), v. *to make water*.

MÍLA, f. *mile* (rare).

MJAÐAR-, gen. from 'mjöðr'; -BYTTA, f. *mead-tub*; -DRYKKJA, f. *mead-drinking*; -ÍSTRA, f. *mead-paunch*; -LÖGR, m. *mead-liquor*.

MJAÐMAR-, gen. from 'mjöðm'; -BEIN, n. *hip-bone*; -BRAGÐ, n. *hip-trick* (in wrestling); -HÖFUÐ, n. *the head of the thigh-bone*.

MJALL-HVÍTR, a. *snow-white*.

MJALTIR, f. pl. *milking* (vóru þá konur at mjöltum).

MJALTR, a. *giving milk, milch*.

MJÓ-BEINN, a. *slender-legged* (a nickname); -EYGR, a. *narrow-eyed*.

MJÓFAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become narrow* (sundin mjófast til útsiglingar).

MJÓ-FINGRAÐR, a. *slender-fingered*.

MJÓ-HUNDR, m. *greyhound*; -LEITR, a. *narrow-faced*, opp. to 'breiðleitr'.

MJÓKKA (AÐ), v. = mjófast.

MJÓLK (gen. MJÓLKR), f. *milk*.

MJÓLKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to milk*; (2) *to give milk* (geitr mjólkuðu sem kýr).

MJÓLK-Á, f. *milk-stream*.

MJÓLKI, m. *milksop* (m. þinn!).

MJÓLKR, a. *milch, giving milk*.

MJÓR (MJÓ, MJÓTT), a. (1) *thin, slender, slim*; mjótt band, *a slender cord*; (2) *pointed* (m. knífsoddr); (3) *narrow*, opp. to 'breiðr' (þar var mjótt sund ok djúpt).

MJÓ-RAKKI, m. = mjó-hundr.

MJÚK-DÓMR, m. *meekness*; -FINGRAÐR, a. *soft-fingered*; -HENDR, a. *softhanded*; -HJARTAÐR, a. *tender-hearted*; -LÁTR, a. *meek, gentle*; -LEIKR, m. *nimbleness, agility*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *softly, tenderly*; (2) *nimbly*; (3) *gently, mildly* (tala -liga); -LIGR, a. *meek, soft*; -LYNDI, n. *meekness*; -LYNDR, a. *meek-tempered, gentle*; -LÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to humble* (-læta sik); -LÆTI, n. *meekness, gentleness*; -ORÐR, a. *smooth-spoken*.

MJÚKR, a. (1) *soft* to the touch, opp. to 'harðr' (mjúkt skinn); (2) *agile, supple* (m. ok vel glímufœrr); (3) *easy, comfortable* (þótti þeim þat mjúkara at taka, er laust flaut); (4) *meek, pliable, gentle* (þér munu menninir mjúkari en mér).

MJÚK-RÆSS, a. *running smoothly* (of a ship); -TŒKR, a. *touching gently*.

MJÖÐ-DREKKA, f. *mead-cask*; -DRUKKINN, pp. '*mead-drunk*'; -DRYKKJA, f. *mead-drinking*.

MJÖÐM (gen. MJAÐMAR, pl. MJAÐMIR), f. *hip*; bregða e-m á m., *to throw one's antagonist by a hip-trick* (mjaðmarbragð).

MJÖÐR (gen. MJAÐAR, dat. MIÐI), m. *mead*; blanda mjöð, *to blend mead*; grasaðr m., *spiced mead*.

MJÖÐ-RANN, n. *mead-hall*.

MJÖK, adv. (1) with verbs, *much, greatly* (hann skaut m. til ráða dóttur sinnar); (2) with adjs. and advs. *very* (harðlyndr m.); (3) *almost, very nearly* (hann var dauðr m. af kulda).

MJÖL (gen. MJÖLS, dat. MJÖLI, MJÖLVI), n. *meal, flour* (skip hlaðit af malti ok mjölvi); -BELGR, m. *meal-bag*; -KAUP, n. pl. *purchase of meal* (fara at mjölkaupum); -KÝLL, m. = -belgr.

MJÖLL (gen. MJALLAR), *fresh powdery snow* (sá snjór, er hvítastr er, ok í logni fellr, ok m. er kallaðr).

MJÖL-LEYFI, n. *licence to export meal*; -SÁLD, n. *a measure of meal*; -SKULD, f. *rent to be paid in meal*; -VÆTT, f. *a weight* (40 lbs.) *of meal*.

MJÖRKVA-FLAUG, f. *drifting fog*.

MJÖRKVI, m. *dense fog* = myrkvi.

MJÖT, n. pl., poet. *the right measure*.

MJÖTUÐR, m. (1) *dispenser of fate, ruler, judge*; (2) *bane, death* (sverð heitir manns m.); (3) = mjötviðr.

MJÖT-VIÐR, m. *the world-tree* (?).

MOÐ, n. *refuse of hay*.

MOKA (AÐ), v. (1) with dat. *to shovel* (m. ösku, snjó, myki); (2) with acc. *to cleanse by shovelling, to clear of dung*, etc. (m. flór, kvíar, fjós).

MOKSTR, m. *shovelling*.

MOLA (AÐ), v. *to crush, break into small pieces* (hauss hans molaðist).

MOLD (dat. MOLDU), f. (1) *mould, earth* (hlóðu síðan at grjóti ok jósu at moldu); (2) *earth, the ground*; fyrir m. ofan, *above earth, alive*; fyrir m. neðan, *beneath the earth, underground*; hníga til moldar, *to die*.

MOLDAR-AUKI, m. '*mould's eke*', *dust*;

verða at -auka, *to be turned into dust*; -BAKKI, m. *earth-bank*; -FLAGA, f. *'earth-flag', sod*.

MOLD-BAKKI, m. = moldarbakki; -BÚI, m. *mould-dweller, ghost*; -HRÚGA, f. *heap of earth*; -OXI, m. *'mould-grub'*, a nickname; -REYKR, m., -RYK, n. *cloud of dust*.

MOLDUGR, a. *covered with mould*.

MOLD-VEGR, m. *path of earth* (lét hón mar fara -veg sléttan); -ÞINURR, m. *'the earth-thong'* (the serpent 'Miðgarðsormr').

MOLI, m. *small piece, crumb*; also collect. *bits, fragments* (haussinn brotnaði í smán mola).

MOLNA (AÐ), v. *to crumble into dust*.

MORÐ, n. *murder* (kallið þér þat eigi m., at drepa menn um nætr?).

MORÐ-FÖR, f. *death (by murder)*; -GJARN, a. *murderous*.

MORÐINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *murderer*.

MORÐ-JÁRN, n. *murderous weapon*; -VARGR, m. *murderer*; -VERK, -VÍG, n. *murder* (náttvíg eru morðvíg).

MORGIN-DRYKKJA, f. *morning-drinking*; -DÖGG, f. *morning-dew*; -GJÖF, f. *bridal gift* (on the morning after the wedding); -LEIÐ, f. *a morning's walk*; -MÁL, n. *morning milking-time*.

MORGINN (-S, pl. MORNAR, MORGNAR), m. *morning*; á morgin, *to-morrow*; at morni, *next morning* (konungr dvaldist þar um nótt, en at morni bjó hann ferð sína); í morgin, *this (past) morning* (dauðan segir þú þann nú, er vér höfum hjalat við í morgin); *tomorrow* (í morgin, sem ljóst er, skulu vér rannsaka bœinn); um morgininn (eptir), *next morning*.

MORGIN-SKIN, n. *morning light*; -SÓL, f. *the rising sun*; -STJARNA, f. *the morning star*; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. *matins*; -VEIÐR, f. *morning catch*; -VERK, n. *morning work*.

MORGNA (AÐ), v. *to become morning, dawn* (þar til er morgnat var mjök).

MORGUNN, m. = morginn.

MORKNA (AÐ), v. *to become rotten*.

MORN, f. *pining away*.

MORNA (AÐ), v. = morgna.

MORNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to waste or pine away* (m. ok þorna); (2) *to cause to pine* (þik morn morni!).

MORNAN, f. *morning, dawn*.

MOSA-VAXINN, pp. *moss-grown*.

MOSI, m. (1) *moss*; (2) *moorland*.

MOSÓTTR, a. *mossy, moss-grown*.

MOTR (gen. -RS), m. *a lady's headgear* (m. snjóhvítr ok gullofinn).

MOTRA, f. *a woman wearing a* 'motr'.

MÓAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to be digested*.

MÓ-ÁLÓTTR, a. *with a dark streak along the back* (of a horse); -BRÚNN, a. *dark brown, dun*.

MÓÐA, f. *large river*.

MÓÐ-AKARN, n. *'mood-acorn', heart*.

MÓÐERNI, n. (1) *mother's side*, of lineage; at m., *on the mother's side*; (2) *maternal origin* (ei mun logit til móðernis þíns); (3) *motherhood*.

MÓÐIR (gen., dat. and acc. MÓÐUR or MŒÐR; pl. MŒÐR), f. *mother*.

MÓÐ-LIGR, a. *excited, vehement*.

MÓÐR, m. *excitement, wrath, passion* (þá gekk af honum móðrinn, ok sefaðist hann).

MÓÐR, a. *weary, exhausted, worn out* (hann var m. mjök af göngu).

MÓÐ-TREGI, m. *deep sorrow*.

MÓÐUGR (acc. MÓÐGAN), a. *moody, excited*; m. á munað, *bent on lust*.

MÓÐUR-ARFR, m. *maternal inheritance*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *uncle*; -FAÐIR, m. *grandfather*; -FRÆNDR, m. pl. *kinsmen on the*

mother's side; -KVIÐR, m. *mother's womb*; -KYN, n. *mother's kin*; -LAUSS, a. *motherless*; -LEGGR, m. *mother's side*; -LIGR, a. *motherly*; -SONR, m. *mother's son*; engi -son, *not a living soul*; -SYSTIR, f. *aunt*; -TUNGA, f. *one's mother-tongue*; -ÆTT, f. *kinsfolk on the mother's* side.

MÓ-HELLA, f. *(slab of) tufa*; -KOLLA, f. *a ewe with a dusky head*; -KOLLÓTTR, a. *with a dusky head* (of sheep).

MÓR (gen. MÓS, pl. MÓAR), m. *moor, heath, barren moorland*.

MÓ-RAUÐR, a. *yellowish brown*; -RENDR, a. *russet* (of wadmal); -SKJÓTTR, a. *dunpiebald*.

MÓT, n. (1) *meeting*; mæla m. með sér, *to fix a meeting*; (2) *town-meeting* (var blásit til móts í bœnum ok sagt, at konungr vildi tala við bœjarmenn); (3) *joint, juncture* (cf. 'liðamót'); (4) in prepositional and adverbial phrases; á mót, í mót e-m, *to meet a person* (ganga, ríða á *or* í mót e-m); *against* (mæla, standa á *or* í mót e-u); í mót, *in return, in exchange*; á móti, í móti, at móti (e-m) = í mót; snúa í móti e-m, *to turn against one*; rísa í móti e-u, *to rise against, withstand*; mikit er þat í móti erfðinni minni, *that is much when set against what I shall leave behind me*; til móts við e-n, *to meet one*; halda til móts við e-n, *to march against one*; vera til móts, *to be on the opposite side*; miklir kappar eru til móts, *there are great champions to contend with*; eiga e-t til móts við e-n, *to own a thing in common with another* (= til jafns við e-n); gøra e-t til móts við e-n, *to equal one in a thing* (engan vissa ek þann, er þat léki til móts við mik).

MÓT, prep. with dat. *to meet, towards*, etc. = í mót (see 'mót' 4).

MÓT, n. (1) *image, stamp* (m. á peningi); (2) *model* (skaltu smíða hús eptir því móti, sem ek mun sýna þér); (3) *mark, sign* (máttu sjá m. á, er hón hlær við hvert orð) cf. 'ambáttar-, manns-, ættar-, œsku-mót'; (4) *manner, way*; með kynligu (undarligu) móti, *in a strange manner*; mikill fjöldi dýra með öllu móti, *of every shape and manner*; með því móti, *in that way*; með því móti, at, *in such a way that*; með litlu (minna) móti, *in a small (less) degree*; með engu móti, *by no means*; frá móti, *abnormal*.

MÓTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to form, shape*; (2) *to stamp, coin* (mótaðr peningr).

MÓT-BÁRA, f. (1) *'counter-wave,' objection*; (2) *adversity*; -BÁRLIGR, a. *adverse*; -BLÁSTR, m. *opposition*; -BURÐR, m. *coincidence*; -DRÁTTR, -DRŒGI, n. *opposition, resistance*; -DRŒGR, a. *adverse, opposed*; -FERÐIR, f. pl. *opposition*; vera í -ferðum við e-n, *to resist, go against one*; -FERLI, n. *adversity*.

MÓT-FJALAR, -FJALIR, f. pl. *the platform on which meetings were held*.

MÓT-FÖR, f. *resistance, opposition* (vera í -för við e-n); -GANGA, f. = -för (veita e-m -göngu, vera í -göngu við e-n); -GANGR, m. = -ganga.

MÓTGANGS-MAÐR, m. *opponent, adversary* (heilagrar kristni -menn).

MÓT-GØRÐ, f. *offence, annoyance* (ef fóstra mínum væri eigi -gørð í).

MÓTGØRÐA-SAMR, a. *given to offend or annoy* (one).

MÓT-HORN, n. *'meeting-horn', trumpet* (rödd sem ógurligt -horn).

MÓT-HÖGG, n. *blow in front*, opp. to 'bakslag'.

MÓTI, prep. with dat. = í móti, (1) *against, contrary to* (þat var bæði m. guðs

lögum ok heilagrar kirkju); (2) *in the direction of, towards*, = í gegn (á þann bekk, er vissi m. solu); konungr leit m. honum, *the king looked towards him*; (3) *in return for* (gaf jarl konungi góð orð m. vináttu hans); (4) of time, *towards* (m. degi); m. vetri, *towards the setting in of the winter*.

MÓT-KAST, n. *objection, opposition*.

MÓT-LAUSS, a. *without a join* (of a ring); -LIKT, adv. *similarly, in a like manner* (-líkt ferr annan aptan); -MARK, n. *stamp*; -MÆLA (-TA, -TR), v. *to contradict*; -MÆLI, n. *contradiction*; -REIÐ, f. *encounter on horseback*; -REIST, f. *resistance*; -RIS, n. = -reist.

MÓTS, gen. from 'mót'; m. við e-n = til móts við, see 'mót' 4 (ek skal fara m. við þá).

MÓT-SETTR, pp. *adverse to* (e-m); -SNÚINN, pp. *adverse, opposed to* (e-m); -STAÐA, f. *resistance*; -STAÐLIGR, a. *opposing, hostile*.

MÓT-STEFNA, f. *a meeting previously fixed or arranged*.

MÓT-STŒÐLIGR, a. = -staðligr.

MÓTSTÖÐU-FLOKKR, m. *opposition party*; -MAÐR, m. *antagonist, adversary* (mótstöðumenn Gunnars).

MÓT-SVAR, n. *answer, reply*; -TAK, n. *resistance, defence*; -TAKA, f. = -tak; -VIÐRI, n. *contrary wind*.

MÓT-VÖLLR, m. *place of meeting*.

MÓT-ÞRÓI, m. *hostility*; -ÞYKKI, n. *dislike, displeasure*.

MUÐLA (AÐ), v. *to mumble*; m. fyrir muni sér, *to mutter to oneself*.

MUÐLAN, f. *mumbling*.

MUÐR (gen. MUNNS), m. = munnr.

MUGGA, f. *mugginess, drizzling mist*.

MUGGU-VEÐR, n. *muggy, misty weather* (snæskafa eða -veðr).

MUNA (MAN, MUNDA, MUNAÐR), v. *to remember* (mantu nökkut, hver orð ek hafða þar um? Þat man ek görla); m. langt fram, *to remember far back*; m. til e-s, *to have recollection of* (spyrr Sveinn konungr, hvárt þeir muni til heitstrengingar sinnar); m. e-m e-t, *to remember a thing against one* (skal ek nú, segir hón, muna þér kinn-hestinn).

MUNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to move, remove*, with dat.; m. út garði, *to shift the fence farther off, widen it*; mér er ór minni munat, *I have quite forgotten it*; intrans., m. fram, *to move forward, advance* (miðlum ekki spor vár, nema vér munim fram); (2) *to make a difference*, with dat. of the amount (svá at muni hálfri stiku í tíu stikum).

MUNA (AÐ), v. impers.; e-n munar, *one longs, desires* (rare).

MUNAÐAR-LIFNAÐR, m. *life of pleasure*; = munúð-lífi.

MUNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *voluptuous life*.

MUNA-FULLR, a. *delightful*.

MUNAR-HEIMR, m. *home of happiness*; -LAUSS, *joyless, unhappy*.

MUND, n. *time, high time* (er þú hefir gört þetta, þá mun þér m. ór hauginum á braut); (í) þat m., *at (by, about) that time*; with gen., í þat m. dags, *at that time of the day*; önnur misseri í þetta m., *this time next year*; í þau m., *in those days*; irregular pl. MUNDIR, f., hann bað menn sína bíða til annars dags í þær mundir, *wait till the same hour next day*.

MUND (dat. MUNDU), f. *hand*.

MUNDA (AÐ), v. *to aim, point*, with a weapon (Gunnarr mun eigi lengi m. atgeirinum, ef hann fœrir hann á lopt); recipr., mundast at *or* til, *to point at one another* (with weapons).

MUNDANG, n. *the tongue of the balance, the mean between two extremes, moderation*; hærra nafn en m. væri, *than was fit and proper*; gen. sing. 'mundangs', and gen. pl. 'mundanga' used as adv., *moderately, in a fair degree* (mundangs mikit, mundanga heitr).

MUNDANG-LEIKR, m. *moderation*; -LIGA, adv., *justly, duly*; -LIGR, a. *just, due, proper* (-ligt hóf).

MUNDANGS-HÓF, n. *the true middle, golden mean, due moderation*; með-hófi, *moderately, duly, fitly*; -MAÐR, m. *moderate man*.

MUNDAR-MÁL, n. *agreement about a woman's* 'mundr'.

MUNDIA-FJÖLL, n. pl. *the Alps*.

MUND-LAUG, f. *basin used in washing the hands* (hann tók mundlaugar þrjár fáðar með gulli).

MUND-MÁL, n. = mundarmál.

MUNDR (gen. -AR), m. *the sum which the bridegroom had to pay for his bride, and which after the wedding became her own property*.

MUND-RIÐI, m. *handle of a shield*.

MUN-GÁT, n. *ale, small beer*.

MUNGÁTS-GØRÐ, f. *brewing of* 'mungát'; -TUNNA, f. *ale-cask*.

MUNKA-BÚNAÐR, m. *monastic dress*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *monastic dress*; -KUFL, m. *monk's habit*; -LIFNAÐR, m. *monastic life*; -SIÐR, m. *conventual rule*.

MUNK-LIGR, a. *monkish, monastic*; -LÍF, -LÍFI, n. *monastery*.

MUNKR (-S, -AR), m. *monk, friar*.

MUN-LIGR, a. *desirable, advantageous*.

MUNN-EIÐR, m. *swearing* (as a practice); -FYLLR, f. *mouthful*.

MUNNI, m. *mouth, opening*.

MUNN-LÍTILL, a. *with a small mouth*; -LJÓTR, a. *with an ugly-shaped mouth*; -NÁM, n.; með orðum -náms, *with the words of his mouth*.

MUNNR (-S, -AR), old nom. MUÐR, m. (1) *mouth*; mæla fyrir munni sér, *to say in a low voice*; e-m verðr e-t á munni, *one happens to say* (þat varð henni á munni, er hón sá þetta: 'sjá ben markar spjóti spor'); mæla af munni fram, *to extemporize*; (2) *the steel edge of an axe or hammer*.

MUNN-RUGL, n. *twaddle*.

MUNNS-HÖFN, f. *language*; hafa góða -höfn, *to use good language*.

MUNN-SKÁLP, n. *idle talk*; -VANI, a. *mouthless*; -VÍÐR, a. *wide-mouthed*.

MUNR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *mind*; e-m leikr í mun, *one has a mind to, feels inclinded to* (= leikr e-m í skapi); munar stríð, *heart's grief*; (2) *mind, longing, delight*; at mínum munum, *to my mind*; gráta at mun, *to weep heartily*; at mannskis munum, *to please anybody*; leita e-m munar, *to comfort one*; (3) *love*; sá inn máttki m., *all-powerful love*; vættak míns munar, *I waited for my love*; komast á muni við e-n, *to insinuate oneself, become intimate, with one*.

MUNR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *difference* (hví gørir þú svá mikinn mun barnanna); er þess, mikill m., hvárt, *it makes a great difference, whether*; (2) *moment, importance*; e-m er m. undir e-u, *it is of importance to one* (at hann skyldi segja honum þá hluti, er honum væri m. undir at vita); e-m er m. at e-u, *it is of some moment* (ok mætti þér verða munr at, at þeir væri þér heldr sinnaðir en í móti); meta muninn, *to hesitate* (Hrólfr mat eigi munin eptir þeim at fara); Grímr gørði ok þann mun allan, er hann mátti, *G. strained every*

nerve; (3) the dat. 'muni' or 'mun' before a compar., *somewhat* (= nökkuru), *considerably, a good deal*; ljóstu mun kyrrara, *strike somewhat more gently*; með muni minna liði, *with consideralby less force*; adding a pronoun, þeim mun (before a compar.) = því; þeim mun betr, *so much the better*; engum mun = engu; engum mun verr, *no worse*; (4) *what is wanted, required*; er mikilla muna vant *or* á vant, *much is wanting* (þótti honum mikilla muna á vant, at vel væri); E. hafði eigi skaplyndi til at biðja konung hér neinna muna um, *E. was too proud to beg anything in this case*; (5) adverbial phrases, fyrir hvern mun, *by all means*; fyrir engan mun, *by no means*; (6) *means, things*; at eigi munið ér alla yðra muni til leggja, *that you will not contribute all your means, strain every nerve*; biskup las fyrst smám ok smám munina fyrir þeim, *expounded all the details for them*.

MUN-RÁÐ, n. *dearest wish* (hefk míns föður -ráð brotit).

MUNU (MAN or MUN, MUNDA; pret. infin. MUNDU), v. (1) as an auxiliary verb simply denoting futurity, *shall, will*; munu margir þess gjalda, *many will smart for it*; ok mun hann hér koma brátt, *and he will be here speedily*; (2) denoting what is probable or pretty certain, *is sure to, must*; þú munt vera feigr maðr, *thou are surely a death-doomed man*; nú mun faðir minn dauðr vera, *now my father must be dead*; (3) in past tenses, *would* (eigi mundak trúa); must, kvað hann þá nú mundu dauða, *he said that now they must be dead*.

MUN-ÚÐ (contr. from 'mun-ugð', 'mun-hugð'), f. *pleasure, lust, love*.

MUNÚÐ-LIGR, a. *sensual*; -LÍFI, n. *life of pleasure or lust*.

MURA, f. *silver-weed, goose grass*.

MURRA (AÐ), v. *to murmur*.

MUSTARI, MUSTERI, n. *temple*.

MÚGA-SLÁTTR, m. *mowing in swaths*.

MÚGI, m. (1) *swath*; (2) *crowd* (með múga hers); cf. 'almúgi'.

MÚGR, m. *crowd, common people* (allr m. Svía hljóp upp); heimskr m., *the foolish mob*.

MÚL-BINDA, v. *to muzzle* (Oddr múlbindr unga gammsins).

MÚLI, m. (1) *muzzle, snout*; (2) *projecting mountain, 'mull'*.

MÚLL (-S, -AR), m. *mule*.

MÚRR, m. *wall* (of brick or stone).

MÚS (pl. MÝSS), f. (1) *mouse* (svá hræddr sem m. í skreppu); (2) *the biceps muscle in the arm* (kom ein ör í handlegginn í músina).

MÚSA-GANGR, m. *inroad of mice*.

MÚSAR-BRAGÐ, n. *a trick in wrestling*.

MÚTA, f. (1) *fee, gratuity*; em ek eigi vanr at taka mútur á afli mínu, *to exhibit my strength for money*; (2) mæla e-t á mútur, *to make a secret of, speak with reserve* (ekki þarf þetta á mútur at mæla); (3) *bribe*.

MÚTAÐR, pp. *that has moulted or mewed* (gáshaukr fimm sinnum m.).

MÚTU-FÉ, n. *tribe*; -GIRNI, f. *corruption by bribery*; -GJARN, a. *open to bribery*; -GJÖF, f. *bribe-giving*; *something given as a bribe*.

MYGLA (AÐ), v. *to grow mouldy or musty* (þat brauð er nú myglat).

MYGLA, f. *mouldiness, mustiness*.

MYGLUGR, a. *musty* (myglugt brauð).

MYKI, f. *dung*; -REKA, f. *dung-shovel*; -SKÁN, f. *a cake of cow-dung*.

MYLJA (MYL, MULDA, MULDR), v. *to*

crush to pieces (allt mylr hann með sínum tönnum).

MYLKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to give suck*.

MYLNA, f. *mill*.

MYLNU-MAÐR, m. *miller*.

MYND (pl. -IR), f. (1) *shape, form* (hverja m. sem hann hefir tekit á sik); (2) *image, figure*; (3) *manner*; á þá m. sem, *in the same manner as*; at nökkurri m., *in some manner*.

MYNDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to shape, form*; m. e-t eptir e-u, *to shape after, imitate*; (2) *to aim, point* = munda; m. til e-s, *to hint at* (ekki þarf hér at m. til þess, er oss er í hug).

MYNNI, n. *mouth* (of a river, fjord).

MYRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. (1) *to murder* (móður tókt mína ok myrðir til hnossa); (2) *to conceal a murdered body* (hann drap hann sofanda ok myrði hann síðan); (3) *to conceal, suppress* (skal ek eigi m. þetta konungsbréf).

MYRGINN, m. *morning*, = morginn.

MYRK-BLÁR, a. *dark blue*; -BLAUÐR, a., -FÆLINN, a. *afraid in the dark*; -FÆLNI, f. *fear in the dark*; -HEIMR, m. *home of darkness*; -HRÆDDR, -HRÆÐINN, a. = -fælinn.

MYRKJA (-TI), v. *to grow dark* (tekr nú at m. af nótt).

MYRK-LEIKR, m. *darkness, obscurity*.

MYRKNA (AÐ), v. *to grow dark*.

MYRK-NÆTTI, n. *the darkest part of the night, dead of night* (þeir kómu þar um -nætti).

MYRKR (acc. MYRKAN, -VAN, -JAN), a. (1) *dark, murky* (um kveldit, er myrkt var); myrkt var af nótt, the night was dark; gørði-myrkt, it grew dark; (2) *dark, obscure in meaning, hard to understand* (myrkt þykki mér þat mælt at kalla skáldskap með þessum heitum).

MYRKR, n. *darkness* (m. var mikit).

MYRKRA-FULLR, a. *full of darkness*; -STAÐR, m. *place of darkness*.

MYRK-RIÐA, f. *'night-rider', hag, witch* (cf. 'kveldriða').

MYRKVA (-TI), v. *to grow dark*; impers., en er nótt (acc.) myrkti, *when the night grew dark*; en er m. tók, *when it began to grow dark*.

MYRKVA-STOFA, f. *dungeon*.

MYRKVI, m. (1) *darkness*; (2) *dense fog* (cf. 'mjörkvi').

MYRK-VIÐR, m. *dark wood, mirkwood*; also as a place-name.

MYSA, f. *whey*.

MÝ, n. *midge* (svá margir sem mý).

MÝ-BIT, n. *midge-bite*.

MÝGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to put down, oppress*, with dat.

MÝKJA, older form MÝKVA (-TA, -TR), v. *to smooth, soften*; m. sik, *to soften oneself*; refl., mýkjast, *to be softened*.

MÝKT, f. *softness, kindness*.

MÝLL (-S, -AR), m. *ball, stone*.

MÝRI-SNÍPA, f. *common snipe*.

MÝR-LENDI, n. *boggy ground*; -LENDR, a. *boggy*; -ÖTTR, a. = -lendr.

MÝRR (gen. MÝRAR, acc, and dat. MÝRI, pl. MÝRAR), f. *moor, bog, swamp*.

MÝSLA, f., MÝSLINGR, m. *little mouse*.

MÆ-FINGR, a. = mjófingraðr.

MÆGÐ, f. *affinity by marriage*.

MÆGI, n. = mægð.

MÆGJAST (Ð), v. refl. *to marry into a family* (m. við e-n).

MÆKIR, m. *a kind of sword*.

MÆLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to speak*, with acc. and absol. (Flosi mælti ekki orð á meðan); m. mörgum orðum, *to use many words*; m. e-n orðum, *to address one*; m. máli, *to speak a (foreign) language*; m.

æðru, *to express fear, despondency*; m. lög, *to speak law, have law on one's side in pleading*; m. málum, *to plead a cause*; m. mælt mál, *to speak what others say*; (2) *to stipulate, appoint, settle* (var svá mælt, at S. jarl skyldi koma til Dyflinnar); m. mót með sér, *to fix an interview*; m. sér e-t, *to claim for oneself* (ef þú vilt þér m. man); (3) with preps., m. aptr, *to retract* (one's words); m. á máli, *to speak a language* (m. á Írsku); m. eptir e-n, *to take up the prosecution* in the case of a slain man (þú átt eptir hraustan mann at m.); m. eptir e-m, *to take one's part*; m. fyrir, *to order, prescribe* (sagði Jófríðr honum, ar barnit er út borit, sem hann hafði fyrir mælt); m. fyrir e-u, *to claim*; allt þat silfr, er hann mælti fyrir, *which he had bargained for*; m. fyrir griðum, *to declare a truce* (by using the proper formula); m. vel fyrir e-m, *to express a wish for a person's good fortune* (G. gaf sveininum gullsylgju ok mælti vel fyrir honum); m. fyrir skipi, *to say the prayer when a ship puts to sea*; m. fyrir minni, *to propose a toast*; m. í móti e-u, *to gainsay, oppose, object to* (allir heiðnir menn mæltu í móti); m. til e-s, *to speak to one*; hón mælti til hans djarfliga, *she spoke up to him boldly*; *to speak of one* (Gunnar hafði aldri illa mælt til Njálssona); m. til e-s, *to express a wish for a thing* (þeir mæltu til vináttu með sér at skilnaði); m. til friðar, *to sue for peace*; m. e-t til e-s, *to claim, call for* as payment (þeir fóru lengi undan ok mæltu til fé mikit at lyktum); m. um e-t, *to say about a thing* (G. spurði, hvat hann mælti um hrossin); *to utter, say solemnly* (þat læt ek verða um mælt, at); m. e-n undan e-u, *to beg one off from* (m. e-n undan dauða); m. við e-n, *to speak to* (G. mælti við Ögmund: fylg þú þeim til húsa minna); m. við e-u, *to gainsay, refuse*; (4) refl., mælast fyrir, *to speak* (hví þú, Gangráðr, mælist af gólfi fyrir?); *to pray, say one's prayers* (leggst hann niðr ok mælist nú fyrir, sem honum þótti vænligast); mælist e-t vel (illa) fyrir, *it is well (ill) spoken of* (víg Gunnars spurðist ok mæltist illa fyrir um allar sveitir); m. um, *to speak of*; m. undan, *to excuse oneself, decline* (hann mæltist undan); m. við, *to speak to one another* (ekki mæltust þeir fleira þann dag við); m. einn (saman) við, *to talk to oneself*; *to have the word alone*; impers., e-m mælist vel, *one speaks well, makes a good speech* (sögðu menn, at honum mæltist vel); m. sér konu, *to court (woo) a lady* (ef þú vilt þér m. man).

MÆLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to measure*.

MÆLANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *pleader*.

MÆLGI, f. *prattle, much talking*.

MÆLI-HLASS, n. *measured cartload*; -KER, -KERALD, n. *vessel used as a measure*.

MÆLING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *measuring, measurement*; (2) *dimension*.

MÆLIR (gen. -IS, pl. -AR), m. *measure*.

MÆLSKA, f. (1) *eloquence*; (2) *idiom*.

MÆLSKU-MAÐR, m. *orator*.

MÆLTR, pp. *spoken*; esp. in compds., lág-, marg-, stutt-mæltr.

MÆR, a. = mjór (poet.).

MÆR (gen. MEYJAR, dat. MEY or MEYJU, acc. MEY, pl. MEYJAR), f. (1) *maid, girl, virgin* (úfröm sem ungar meyjar); (2) poet. *daughter*, answering to 'mögr' (þegi þú Frigg, þú ert Fjörgyns mær).

MÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to praise, laud*; m. e-n e-u, *to decorate with*.

MÆRINGR (-S, -AR), m. *a noble man*.

MÆRR, a. *famous, glorious, illustrious* (m. jöfurr; mærir tívar).

MÆTA-GRIPR, m. *costly thing*; -MAÐR, m. *worthy man*.

MÆTI, n. pl. (1) *good things* (mörg veit ek m. mér gengin frá); (2) hafa m. á e-u, *to have a fancy for, value highly* (lát oss sjá naut þau, er þú hefir svá mikil m. á); leggja m. á e-n, *to take a fancy for*.

MÆTI-LIGR, a. *costly, valuable*.

MÆTIS-MAÐR, m. = mætamaðr.

MÆTR, a. *costly, excellent, worthy*.

MÆTUR, f. pl., = mæti (2).

MŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to make weary* (móðr), *exhaust, plague*; refl., mœðast, *to become wearied or exhautsed* (mœddust þeir af kulda).

MŒÐA, f. *trouble, trial, distress*.

MŒÐGIN, n. pl. *mother and son(s)*.

MŒÐGUR, f. pl. *mother and daughter*.

MŒÐI, f. *weariness, exhaustion, shortness of breath*; -LIGA, adv. *wearily*; varp hann öndinni -liga, *he drew his breath painfully*; -LIGR, a. *troublesome, painful*.

MŒÐING, f. *trouble*, = mœða.

MŒÐI-SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *troublesome, exhausting*.

MŒNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to provide with a ridge*; (2) *to tower* (m. upp ór).

MŒNIR (gen. -IS), m. *ridge of a house* (hann hljóp upp á mœninn).

MŒRSKR, a. *belonging to the district of Mœri in Norway*.

MŒTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to meet* (þar mœtti hann Grími inum rauða); (2) *to meet with, suffer* (bóndi sá, er skaðanum mœtti); (3) refl. mœtast, *to meet one another* (þeir mœttust á förnum vegi); *to join, meet* (þar er mœtist Sogn ok Hörðaland).

MÖGL, n. *murmuring, grumbling*.

MÖGLA (AÐ), v. *to murmur, grumble*.

MÖGLAN, f. *murmuring*.

MÖGLANAR-SAMR, a. *given to grumbling* (þrællinn gørðist -samr).

MÖGR (gen. MAGAR, dat. MEGI; pl. MEGIR, acc. MÖGU), m. (1) *son* (mey frumunga fal hann megi Gjúka); (2) *boy, youth* (þeir létu mög ungan til moldar hníga).

MÖGU-LIGR, a. *possible* (sem fremst var honum -ligt).

MÖK, n. pl. *intercourse, dealings*.

MÖKKR (dat. MEKKI), m. *dense cloud*.

MÖL (gen. MALAR), f. *shingle, pebbles, gravel* (Flosi var uppi á mölinni).

MÖLR (gen. MALAR; pl. MELIR, acc. MÖLU), m. *moth*.

MØLVA (MØLDA), v. *to crush, pound*.

MÖN (gen. MANAR, pl. MANAR), f. *mane of a horse*; skera mön, *to cut the mane*; mörum sínum m. jafnaði, *he trimmed the manes of his horses*.

MÖNDULL (dat. MÖNDLI), m. *handle of a quern* (tökum á möndli skarpara).

MÖN-SKURÐR, m. *mane-cutting*.

MÖPURR, m. *maple-tree*.

MÖR-BJÚGA, n. *sausage of suet* (mörr) *and meat*; -FJÁNDI, m. *'suet-fiend'*, = mör-landi.

MÖRÐR (gen. MARÐAR, dat. MERÐI), m. *marten* (cf. 'marðskinn').

MÖRK (gen. MERKR, pl. MERKR), f. *mark*, by weight or value, = eight ounces (átta aurar).

MÖRK (gen. MARKAR and MERKR, pl. MARKIR and MERKR), f. *forest*.

MÖR-LANDI, m. *'suet-lander'*, a nickname given to the Icelanders by the Norwegians.

MÖRR (gen. MÖRS), m. *suet* (mörr eða feiti fórnar hverrar).

MÖRU-ELDR, m. *phosphorescence*.
MÖSKVI, m. *mesh* (ríða mökva).
MÖSMAR, m. pl. *treasures* (poet.).
MÖSURR, m. *maple*.
MÖSUR-BOLLI, m., -SKÁL, f. *mazer bowl or cup*; -TRÉ, n. *maple-tree*.
MÖTTUL-BAND, n. *mantle-tie*.
MÖTTULL (dat. MÖTTLI), m. *mantle*.
MÖTTUL-SKAUT, n. *mantle-skirt*.
MÖTU-NAUTR, m. *messmate*; -NEYTI, n. *messmateship*.

N

NADD-ÉL, n. *shower of arrows*; -GÖFUGR, a. *bright-studded* (?).

NADDR (-S, -AR), m. *stud, nail*.

NAÐR (gen. -RS), m., NAÐRA, f. *adder, snake* (naðra mikil ok illileg).

NAFARR (dat. NAFRI), m. *auger, gimlet*.

NAFARS-RAUF, f. *gimlet-hole*.

NAFLI, m. *navel*.

NAFN, n. (1) *name*; at nafni, *by name*; í nafni e-s, *in one's name*; (2) *name, title* (hersir at nafni).

NAFNA, f. *female namesake*.

NAFN-BÓT, f. *title, rank*; -FESTR, f. '*name-fastening*', a gift which it was usual to make when a new name was given to any one (hvat gefr þú mér at -festi?); -FRÆGR, a. *famous, renowned*; -GIPT, f. *bestowing of title and rank*; -GIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to name, call*.

NAFNI, m. *namesake* (finnast þeir nafnar jafnan).

NAFN-KENNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to name*; -KUNNIGR, a. *renowned*; -LIGR, a. *appropriate as a name*; -TOGA (AÐ), v. *to name, mention, speak of*.

NAFRA-SKJÓÐA, f. *gimlet-bag*.

NAGA (AÐ), v. = gnaga.

NAGGA (AÐ), v. = gnadda.

NAGL (gen. NAGLS, pl. NEGL), m. *nail*.

NAGLI, m. *nail, spike* (naglar í skipi).

NAGLS-RŒTR, f. pl. *root of the nail*.

NAKINN, a. *naked*, = nøkviðr.

NAKKVAR, adv. *somewhere*.

NAKKVARR, NAKKVERR, pron. *any*, = nekkverr, nökkurr).

NARA (pres. NARI), v. *to linger*.

NASA-, gen. pl. from 'nös'; -DREYRI, m. *bleeding at the nose*; -LÆTI, n. pl. *snuffling*; -VIT, n. *the sense of smell*.

NAS-BJÖRG, f. = nefbjörg; -BRÁÐR, a. *hot-headed*; -RAUFAR, f. pl. *nostrils*.

NAUÐ, f. (1) *need, distress*; í nauðum staddr, *in distress, distressed*; með nauðum, *with great difficulty*; (2) *bondage*, = ánauð (seldr í nauð); (3) pl. *shackles, fetters* (hann vissi sér á höndum höfgar nauðir).

NAUÐA (AÐ), v. *to rustle*, = gnauða.

NAUÐA-KOSTR, m. *dire choice*; -MIKILL, a. *very severe* (vetr -mikill).

NAUÐA-MAÐR, m. *bondsman*.

NAUÐA-SÆTT, f. *an enforced agreement* (taka -sætt af jarlinum).

NAUÐ-BEITA, f. *sailing close to the wind* (leggja í -beitu); -BEYGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to force, compel, subdue*; -FÖLR, a. *very pale*.

NAUÐGA (AÐ), v. *to compel, force*, with dat. (n. mönnum til blóta).

NAUÐ-GJALD, n. *forced payment*; -GÖNGULL, a. *helping (women) in need* (þær nornir, er nauðgönglar eru).

NAUÐIGR (acc. NAUÐGAN), a. *unwilling, reluctant* (Þyri fór mjök nauðig); taka konu nauðga, *to ravish*, mér er e-t nauðigt, *it is against any will, I do not like it*.

NAUÐ-KVÁN, f. *unwilling wife*.

NAUÐLEYTA-MAÐR, m. *near kinsman*.

NAUÐ-LEYTI, n. *close affinity, relationship* (vera í -leytum við e-n); -LIGA, adv. *painfully*; -LJÓTR, a. *hideous*; -MAÐR, m. *husband*; -MÁGR, m. *an enforced* 'mágr'; -OKA (AÐ), v. *to compel, force*; -PÍNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to force by torments*.

NAUÐR, f. *necessily, need*; ef mik n. um stendr, *if I am in need*.

NAUÐ-REKI, a. *drifted by a storm*; -SKILJA, a. indecl. *doomed to part*; -SKILNAÐR, m. *forced parting, forced divorce*; -STADDR, pp. *distressed*, = í nauðum staddr; -SYN (gen. -SYNJAR, pl. -SYNJAR), f. *need, necessity* (er -syn at drepa niðr illu orði); ganga -synja sinna = ganga eyrna (eyrenda) sinna; -SYNJA (AÐ), v. impers., e-n -synjar, *one stands in need of*.

NAUÐSYNJA-ERENDI, n. *pressing business*; -FÖR, f. *pressing journey*; -HLUTIR, m. pl. *necessaries*; -LAUSS, a. *unnecessary*; at -lausu, *without necessity* (Þ. hafði at -lausu gengit á vaild Hrafns); *without impediment, in case there be no lawful hindrance*; -SÝSLA, f. *pressing business*; -VERK, n. *needful work* (hér hefir þú mikit -verk unnit).

NAUÐSYN-LIGA, adv. *necessarily*; -LIGR, a. *necessary*.

NAUÐU-LIGA, adv. (1) *in need*; -liga kominn, staddr, *in straits*; (2) *with difficulty*; komast -liga undan, á brott, fá -liga forðat sér, *to have a narrow escape*; -LIGR, a. *hard, difficult*.

NAUÐUNG, f. *compulsion, constraint*.

NAUÐUNGAR-EIÐR, m. *an oath taken under compulsion*; -KOSTR, m. *compulsory terms*; -LAUST, adv. *without compulsion*; -MAÐR, m., vera -maðr e-s, *to be under another person's thumb*; -SÆTT, f. *compulsory agreement* (cf. 'nauðasætt').

NAUST, n. *boat-house, boat-shed*.

NAUT, n. *neat, cattle* (menn hafa þar mart nauta ok sauða).

NAUTA-BEIT, f. *pasture for cattle*; -BRUNNR, m. *well for watering cattle*; -FERILL, m. *cattle-track*; -FJÖLDI, m., -FLOKKR, m. *drove of cattle*; -GÆZLA, f. *the keeping of cattle*; -HELLIR, m. *a cave used as a stall*; -MAÐR, m. *neat-herd, herdsman*; -MARK, n. *cattle-mark*; -VARA, f. *cattle-hides*.

NAUT-FALL, n. = nauts-fall; -FÉ, n. *cattle*; -FELLIR, m. *loss (death) of cattle*; -HÖGG, n. *the blow which fells an ox* (nú vil ek eigi bíða -höggsins).

NAUTN, f. *use made of a thing* (ofmikil n. á skóginum), = neyzla.

NAUTR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *partaker* (with another person); (2) *donor, giver* (góðr þótti mér þá nautrinn, er Hákon jarl var); (3) *gift* (following the gen. of the person from whom it comes); sverðit konungsnautr, *the sword that was the king's gift*.

NAUT-REKI, m. *herdsman, drover*.

NAUTS-FALL, n. *a neat's carcase*; -FÓÐR, n. *a neat's fodder for the winter*; -HÚÐ, f. *ox- or cow-hide*; -RÓFA, f. *tail of a cow or ox*.

NÁ (NÁI, NÁÐA, NÁT), v. (1) *to get hold of, reach, overtake*, with dat. (Ingimundr hleypr nú í skóginn ok náðu þeir honum ekki); ná til e-s, *to reach one* (með sverðinu); (2) *to get, obtain* (er hann náði konungs fundi); vér höfum eigi nát lögum, *we have not had a lawful trial*; (3) with infin., *to be able, be allowed* (náði engi maðr at bera konungsnafn, nema hann einn); heilindi sitt ef maðr hafa náir, *if a man may enjoy his good health*; (4) impers., kennimenn þeir er á þvísa landi næði, *those clergymen who were to be got in this country*; (5) refl., nást, *to be caught*; ef þat náist eigi, *if that cannot be attained*; recipr., *to reach one another*; þar var mýrlent ok máttu þeir eigi nást til, *they could not come to close quarters*.

NÁ-, in compds. *nigh, near*.

NÁ-BJARGIR, f. pl. *the last service to the*

dead, closing the nostrils, eyes and mouth (veita e-m -bjargir).

NÁ-BORINN, pp. *near akin, closely related*; -BÚÐ, f. *dwelling near to, neighbourhood*; -BÚI, m. *neighbour*.

NÁ-BÖND, n. pl. *the bonds in which a corpse in wrapped*.

NÁÐ (-AR, -IR), f. (1) *grace, mercy*, = miskunn; tóku þér hann útlendan ok úkunnan á þínar náðir, *under thy protection*; (2) pl. *rest, peace, quietness*; í náðum, *in peace, quietness* (S. bað hann vera þar um nóttina í náðum); ganga til náða, taka á sik náðir, *to go to rest, compose oneself to rest*.

NÁÐA (AÐ), v. *to give rest and peace to, protect*; refl., náðast, *to get rest*.

NÁÐA-HÚS, n. (1) *house of rest, closet*; (2) *privy*, = náðhús.

NÁÐ-HÚS, n. *privy*.

NÁÐ-UGR, a. *merciful*.

NÁÐU-LIGA, adv. *privately, quietly*; -LIGR, a. *peaceful, quiet*.

NÁ-FRÆNDI, m. *near kinsman*; -FRÆNDKONA, f. *a near female relative*; -GRANNA, f. *female neighbour*; -GRANNI, m. *near neighbour*.

NÁ-GRÁÐUGR, a. *corpse-greedy*.

NÁ-GRENNI, n. *neighbourhood*; -GRENNIS, adv. *in the neighbourhood*.

NÁ-GRINDR, f. pl. *the gates of the dead*; -GRÍMA, f. *'dead man's mask', scalp*; -GÖLL, f. *death-cry*.

NÁ-HVALR, m. *narwhale*.

NÁINN (pl. NÁNIR), a. (1) *near*; náit er nef augum, *nose is near of kin to eyes*; (2) n. e-m, *closely related to, a near kinsman of* (þeir menn eru þér nánir at frændsemi).

NÁ-KOMINN, pp. *closely related, touching one nearly* (þetta mál er mér -komit); -KVÆMD, f. *coming near to, proximity*; -KVÆMI, f. *exactness*; -KVÆMR, a. (1) *near about one's person, near to one* (var Ólafr konungr honum svá -kvæmr, at); (2) *attentive, favourable* (hón er -kvæmust mönnum til áheita); (3) *minute, close* (-kvæmr í skriptum); (4) *exact, accurate* (bæði nákvæm svör ok haldkvæm).

NÁL (-AR, -AR), f. *needle*.

NÁLGAST (AÐ), v. refl. (1) *approach, come near to* (n. e-n, n. til e-s); (2) *to come by, get* (n. sitt góz).

NÁ-LIGA, adv. (1) *nigh, near at hand, near to*; (2) *almost, nearly* (hann varð ok náliga alls þess víss, er við bar); -LIGR, a. *near, close at hand*; -LÆGÐ, f. (1) *nearness, proximity*; (2) *presence*; -LÆGJAST (Ð), v. refl. *to approach*; -LÆGR, a. (1) *near at hand, close by* (-læg héruð); (2) *touching nearly*.

NÁM, n. (1) *seizure, occupation* (cf. 'landnám'); (2) *learning, study* (er hann var at námi).

NÁ-MÁGR, m. *a near relative by marriage* (þeir eru tveir námágar).

NÁM-DÚKR, m. a kind of *cloth*.

NÁM-GIRNI, f. *eagerness to learn*; -GJARN, a. *eager to learn*.

NÁM-KYRTILL, m. *a kirtle made of* námdúkr (kona í svörtum -kyrtli).

NÁ-MUNDA, prep. with dat. *near to* (vera, liggja, vita -munda e-u); vera í -munda, *to be close by*; -MÆGÐ, f. *near affinity*.

NÁND, f. *neighborhood, nearness, proximity*; koma í n. (*or* í nándir) e-u, *to come near to*.

NÁR (gen. NÁS, pl. NÁIR, acc. NÁI, dat. NÁM), m. *corpse, deat man*; fölr sem n., *pale as death*; nýtr manngi nás, *a corpse is good for nought*; bjarga nám, *to lend the last service to the dead*; verða at ná, verða

nár, *to become a corpse*.

NÁRI, m. *the groin*.

NÁ-SETA, f. *sitting near, proximity*; -SETTR, pp. *seated near*; -SKYLDR, a. *closely related*.

NÁ-STRÁ, n. pl. *'corpse-straw'*; liggja á nástrám, *to lie dead* (on straw); -STRÖND, f. *'corse-strand', abode of the dead*.

NÁ-STŒÐR, a. *nearly related*.

NÁTT (gen. -AR, NÆTR, pl. NÆTR), f. *night*, see 'nótt'.

NÁTTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pass the night*; (2) *to become night, grow dark* (tók þá at n.); (3) impers., náttar e-n, *one is benighted*.

NÁTTAR-TÍMI, m. *night-time*; -ÞEL, n. *the darkest part of the night*; á -þeli, *at the dead of night*.

NÁTT-BÓL, n. *night-quarters*; -DRYKKJA, f. *night-bout*; -FAR, n. *travelling by night*; fara dagfari ok -fari, *to travel day and night*; -FARAR, f. pl. *night-wanderings*; -FASTA, f. *night-fast*; -GISTING, f. *night-quarters*; -LANGT, adv. *for the night* (hvílast, sofa -langt); -LEIKR, m. *night-games*; -LENGIS, adv. = -langt; -LIGA, adv. *at night, in the night-time*; -LIGR, a. *nocturnal, nightly*; -MÁL, n. *'night-meal', about nine o'clock p. m.*

NÁTTMÁLA-SKEIÐ, n. *the time of 'náttmál'*; -VARÐA, f. *a pyramid (cairn) intended to show the time of* 'náttmál'.

NÁTT-MESSA, f. *night-mass*; -MYRKR, n. *darkness of night*; -SERKR, m. *night-shirt*; -SETA, f. *late hours*; -SETJA, v. *to place for the night before burial*; -SÓL, f. *nidnight sun*; -STAÐR, m. *night-quarters*; -STEFNA, f. *night-meeting*; -SÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. = -setja; -SÖNGR, m. *night-service in a church*.

NÁTTURÐR (gen. -AR), m. = náttverðr.

NÁTTÚRA, f. (1) *nature* (eptir boði náttúrunnar); (2) *(supernatural) virtue, power* (fylgði þessu n. mikil); (3) pl., *spirits, powers*.

NÁTTÚRAÐR, pp. *having a certain nature or virtue*.

NÁTTÚR-LIGA, adv. *according to nature, properly*; -LIGR, a. *proper, natural*.

NATTÚRU-BRAGÐ, n. *natural character*; -GJÖF, f. *natural gift*; -GRIPR, m. *an object possessed of some virtue*; -LÖG, n. pl. *law of nature*; -STEINN, m. *a stone possessing special virtues*.

NÁTT-VAKA, f. *sitting up at night, night-watch*.

NÁTTVERÐAR-DRYKKJA, f. *drinking after supper*; -DVÖL, f. *stay during supper*; -ELDI, n. *entertainment for supper*; -MÁL, n. *supper-time*.

NÁTTVERÐR, m. *supper* (fara til -verðar); -VÍG, n. *man-slaughter during the night*; -ÞING, n. *an assembly held by night*.

NÁUNGI, NÁUNGR, m. *neighbour*.

NÁ-VENZLAÐR, a. *closely related (by marriage)*; -VERA, f. *presence*; -VERANDI, pr. p. *present*; -VIST, -VISTA, f. = -vera.

NÁVISTAR- or NÁVISTU-MAÐR, m. *companion, associate* (tryggvir -menn).

NE, a negative particle (poet.) with a verb, (1) *not*; út þú ne kemr, *thou comest not out*; sól þat ne vissi, hvar hún sali átti, *the sun knew not*, etc; (2) ne einn, *not one*; lifa þeir ne einir þriggja tega manna, *not one of those thirty men is left*; ne einu sinni, *not once*; preceded by a negation, *any* = neinn (vórum vér ekki mjök við búnir ne einum úfriði).

NÉ, adv., preceded by a negation, *nor* (eigi mælta ek þetta fyrir þér né honum); hvárki … né, *neither … nor* (hefir hvárki heyrt til hans styn né hósta); hvárgi þeir-

ra, Önundar né Þorfinns, er jafnmenni föður míns, *neither of the two, O. or Th., is my father's equal*.

NEÐAN, adv. (1) *from below from beneath* (veittu þeir atróðr n. eptir ánni); (2) without motion, *beneath, underneath* (skipit var meitt n.); fyrir n. (with acc.), *below, beneath* (kemr lagit í fót fyrir n. kné).

NEÐAN-VERÐR, a. *lower, undermost*; kom annat lagit í bringuna, en annat í -verða brynjuna, *in the lower part of the coat of mail*.

NEÐAR-LA, -LIGA, adv. *low down, far below* (n. í jörðu).

NEÐARR, adv. compar. *lower, farther down* (nökkuru n.).

NEÐAST, adv. superl. *farthest down*.

NEÐRI, a. compar. *lower, nether* (á neðra stræti); it neðra, *underneath* (var ljóst it efra, en dimt it neðra).

NEF (gen. pl. NEFJA), n. (1) *the bone of the nose, nasal bone*, opp. to 'nasir' (hann rak hnefana á nasir mér ok braut í mér nefit); (2) *the nose* (náit er n. augum); (3) *beak, bill* (of a bird); (4) *head, person*; um alla Sváþjóð guldu menn Óðni skatt, penning fyrir n. hvert, *a penny per head*.

NEF-BJÖRG, f. *visor*; -DREYRI, m. *bleeding at the nose*; -FÖLR, a. *pale-nebbed*; -GILDI, n. (1) *'nose-tax', poll-tax* (payable to the king); (2) *a weregild*, payable to the cognates of a *person*, opp. to 'bauggildi'.

NEFGILDIS-MAÐR, m. *a cognate relative, recipient of* 'nefgildi'; -SKATTR, m. *poll-tax*.

NEF-GJÖLD, n. pl. *weregild*, = -gildi (2).

NEFL, m. *nephew*.

NEF-LANGR, a. *long-nosed*; -LAUSS, a. *noseless*; -LÍTILL, a. *small-nosed*; -LJÓTR, a. *with an ugly nose*; -MIKILL, a. *big-nosed*.

NEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to name* (nefndu þinn föðr); n. sik, *to name one's name*; n. e-n á nafn, *to name by name*; Oddr er maðr nefndr, *there is a man mentioned, of the name of Odd*; (2) *to mention by name, point out* (nefni ek til þess Björn ok Helga); (3) *to name, appoint, order* (nefndi konungr nökkura menn at ganga upp á eyna); (4) a law term, *to call* (n. menn í dóm); *to summon, cite* (allir aðrir, þeir sem þannig vóru nefndir); *to levy* (n. lið ór heruðum); (5) refl., nefnast, *to give one's name as, call oneself* (hann nefndist Hrappr).

NEFNA, f. *naming, nomination* (cf. 'dómnefna').

NEFND, f. (1) *a levy or contribution in men and ships* (hann vill n. hafa ór hverju fylki bæði at liði ok skipum); (2) *a body of daysmen or arbitrators*; (3) *name, designation* (rare).

NEFNDAR-DAGR, m. *fixed day* (= nefndr dagr); -LIÐ, n. *levied forces*; -MAÐR, m. *a man named for the levy* (-menn af Foldinni).

NEFNI-LIGA, adv. *by name, expressly*.

NEFNING (pl. -AR), f. *nomination, levy*.

NEF-SÍÐR, a. *long-nosed*; -SKORINN, pp. *with cut-off nose*; -STEÐI, m. *nebbed stithy, sharp-pointed anvil*.

NEGG, n. *heart* (hjarta heitir n.).

NEGLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to nail, fasten or stud with nails* (A. negldi saman útihurð sína); negldar brynjur, *studded mail-coats*.

NEI, adv. *no*; kveða n. við e-u, *to say no to*; setja þvert n. fyrir e-t, *to refuse flatly*.

NEI-KVÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to refuse* (to do a thing).

NEINN, pron. indef., = né einn; (1) *any*,

following after a negation (aldrei svá, at honum væri nein raun í); ekki er þetta furða nein, *it is no apparition*; ekki neins staðar, *not anywhere*; (2) as subst. *any one, anybody*; ekki neitt, *nothing*.

NEISA, f. *shame, disgrace*, = hneisa.

NEISA (-TA, -TR), v. *to put to shame* (svívirðiliga neistr), = hneisa.

NEISS, a. *ashamed, covered with shame* (n. er nøkviðr halr).

NEISULIGR, a. *shameful, insulting* (neisulig orð).

NEITA (AÐ, or -TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to deny, refuse*, absol. or with dat. (hefi ek þar góðum gripi neitt); (2) *to deny, forsake* (hann neitaði guðs nafni).

NEITAN, NEITING, f. *denying, denial*.

NEKKVERR, pron. *any* (í nekkhverjum hlut), = nakkvarr, nökkurr.

NEMA, conj. (1) *except, save, but*; þoriga ek segja nema þér einum, *I dare not tell any one save thee alone*; engi … nema, *no … but, no (not any) other than* (Grani vildi undir øngum manni ganga n. Sigurði); (2) with subj. *unless*; engir þóttu lögligir dómar dœmdir, nema hann væri við, *unless he had a hand in them*; (3) *save that*; n. ek hálsaða herjans stilli einu sinni, *save that I once fell on the king's neck*; (4) veit ek eigi n., hverr veit n., *I don't know, (who knows) but that*; *may be, perhaps* (hverr veit n. ek verða víða frægr um síðir); (5) því at eins, n., *only in the case, if*; ráðit þér því at eins á þá n. þér séð allir sem øruggastir, *do not attack them unless you are all most steadfast and dauntless*; (6) n. heldr, *but rather* (eigi má þat menn kalla, n. heldr hunda); (7) *nor*, = né, hvárki sverð n. øxi, *neither sword nor axe*.

NEMA (NEM; NAM, NÁMUM; NUMINN), v. (1) *to take, take in use, take possession of* (ef þú nemr þér jörð á Íslandi); n. land, *to take possession of land*, as a settler (hann nam Eyjafjörð allan); n. konu, *to carry off, abduct a woman*; n. stað *or* staðar, *stop, halt* (hér munum vér stað *or* staðar n.); n. yndi, *to find rest* in a place (hvárki nam hann yndi á Íslandi né í Noregi); (2) n. e-n e-u, *to bereave one of a thing* (n. e-n höfði, aldri, fjörvi); (3) *to reach, touch* (pilzit var svá sítt, at nam hæl); hvárt nam þik eða eigi, *did it touch thee or not?* þótt þik nótt um nemi, *though the night overtake thee*; (4) *to amount to, be equivalent to* (honum þótti landauðn n.); (5) as an auxiliary verb, with infin.; hann nam at vaxa ok vel dafna, *he grew apace and throve well*; inn nam at ganga, *he stepped in*; (6) *to percieve, catch, hear*, of sound; varð þá svá mikit úhljóð, at engi nam annars mál, *that no one could hear the other's voice*; eigi skulu vér þat mál svá n., *we shall not understand it so*; (7) *to learn* (n. lög, fjölkyngi); *to learn by heart* (vísur þessar námu margir); n. e-t at (*or* af) e-m, *to learn, get information, about a thing from one* (Glúmr hafði numit þenna atburð at þeim manni, er hét Arnór); (8) with preps. and advs.; n. e-t af, *to abolish* (var sú heiðni af numin sem önnur); n. brott konu, *to carry off a woman*; n. eptir e-u, *to imitate*; n. e-t frá, *to except* (nema konur eða þeir menn, er hann næmi frá); n. e-t upp, *to pick up* (nam ek upp rúnar); n. við, *to resist, make a stand* (hann vill enn við n., þótt liðsmunr væri mikill); *to stop, halt* (þar námu þeir Hrafn við í nesinu); n. við e-u, *to touch* (gaddhjaltit nam við borðinu); *to be a hindrance to* (ef þat nemr við förinni, at þú þykkist hafa fé of lítit); impers., nemr við e-u, *there*

is an obstacle, or stop (en er þeir kómu at kirkjudurum, þá nam þar við); (9) refl., nemast e-t, *to refuse, withhold from doing*; n. förina, *to refuse to go*; n. orðsendingar hans, *to disregard his messages*; also with infin. (hann bað hann eigi n. með öllu at gøra sem bœndr vildu).

NENNA (-TA, -T), v. *to be minded or inclined, be willing, feel disposed*, with dat. or infin. (hann nennti eigi starfi því ok áhyggju); mun ek eigi n. öðru en fara í móti þeim, *I can no longer forbear going against them*; Hrafn nennti eigi at starfa, *H. did not care to work, was lazy*; with subj., ek nenni eigi, at, *I cannot bear that* (nenni ek eigi, at þat sé mælt, at); n. e-m, *to attend on one, to grant one's love to one*.

NENNING, f. *activity, energy*.

NENNINGAR-LAUSS, a. *slothful, lazy*; -LEYSI, n. *slothfulness, inactivity*.

NEPPR, a. (1) *overcome, fainting*; (2) *deadly* (?).

NES (gen. pl. NESJA), n. *ness, headland* (n. mikit gekk í sæ út).

NES-HÖFÐI, m. *headland*; -KONUNGR, m. '*ness-king*', *petty king*; -NÁM, n., nema -nám, *to make a* '*ness-raid*'; -ODDI, m. *point of a ness*.

NEST, n. *travelling provisions*.

NES-TANGI, m. *the point of a ness*.

NEST-BAGGI, m. *provision-bag, wallet*; -LAUSS, a. *without provisions* (nest); -LOK, n. pl. '*the end of the provisions*', only in the phrase, at -lokum, *at last, finally*.

NET (gen. pl. netja), n. *net, fishing-net* (þeir fara til netja).

NETJA (AÐ), v. *to net, entangle*.

NETJA, f. *caul, omentum*.

NET-LÖG, n. pl. '*net-layings*', *a place where nets are spread*; -NÆMR, a. *that may be caught in a net*; -ÞINULL, m. *net-line, edge-rope of a net*.

NEYÐ, f. *distress*, = nauð.

NEYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to force, compel* (n. e-n til e-s).

NEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to use, make use of*, with gen. (koma num þar, at vér munum þess n.); (2) *to consume*; n. matar, *to eat*; (3) with acc.; margs kyns vápn, má þau vel n. á skipi, *they may well be used in ships*; (4) with preps., n. af e-u, *to eat of it* (n. af því opt); n. e-t upp, *to consume, waste* (þeir er alla peninga sína neyta upp í ofáti ok ofdrykkju).

NEYTI, n. *use, profit* = not (hafa bæði jarðkost fjallanna ok þó n. af sjónum).

NEYTI, n. *company* (n. hefir sá er nítján menn fylgja).

NEYTINGAR-VATN, n. *water for domestic use*.

NEYTR, a. *good, fit for use* (vápn þau, sem neyt eru); of persons, *good, useful* (Kolbeinn féll ok margir aðrir neytir menn).

NEYZLA, f. (1) *use*; (2) *nourishment*.

NEZLA, f. *button-loop*.

NEZTR, a. superl. *nethermost, lowest, undermost*; cf. 'neðri'.

NIÐ, n. pl. *the waning moon*; *the time before new moon*; Máni stýrir göngu tungls ok ræðr nýjum ok niðum, *and rules its waxing and waning*.

NIÐA-MYRKR, n. *pitch-darkness*; -myrkar var á, *it was pitch-dark*.

NIÐAR, f. pl. = nið.

NIÐ-GJÖLD, n. pl. *weregild*.

NIÐJAR, m. pl. *ancestors*.

NIÐJUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *descendant* (niðr ok n.); cf. 'áttniðjungr'.

NIÐMYRKR, n. = niðamyrkr.

NIÐR (-S, pl. NIÐJAR, acc. NIÐI, gen. NIÐJA), m. *son, kinsman, relative*.

NIÐR, adv. (1) *down* (hann féll dauðr n.); setjast n., *to sit down*; fœra n. korn, *to sow corn*; (2) of direction without motion, *down, downward* (n. ok norðr liggr helvegr).

NIÐRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to put down, lower* (n. e-m *or* e-u); (2) *to abase, humble*.

NIÐRAN, f. *degradation, shame*.

NIÐR-BJÚGR, a. *bent downward*; -BROT, n. *destruction*; -BROTARI, m. *destroyer*; -BROTNING, f. = -brot.

NIÐRBROTS-MAÐR, m. *destroyer*.

NIÐR-DRÁTTR, m. *dragging down*; -FALL, n. (1) *downfall*; (2) *dropping* of a case (handsala mér -fall at sökinni); (3) *loss* (hann virði sér þat mikit -fall vera, er þá var slíks manns við mist); (4) *decay, ruin*.

NIÐRFALLS-SÓTT, f. *epilepsy*.

NIÐR-GANGA, f., -GANGR, m. *descent*.

NIÐRI, adv. (1) *down, in a low position*; undir þiljum n., *down in the hull*; við sjó n., *down at the sea*; *down, under the surface of water* (konungr fœrði hann þegar í kaf ok hélt honum n. lengi); *below the horizon* (meðan lönd eru n.); þeir skoðuðu hann uppi ok n., *up and down, all over*; (2) undir n., *below, down* (undir n. í dalnum); *secretly* (hann elskaði aðra konu undir n.).

NIÐRI-VIST, f. *remaining under water*.

NIÐR-LAG, n. (1) *end, conclusion*; (2) *slaughtering* for household use (var þar betri einn sauðr til -lags en tveir annars staðar); -LEITR, a. *down-looking, downcast*; -LOK, n. pl. *end, conclusion*; -SETJA (see SETJA), v. *to put down, suppress*; -SETNING, f. *burial*; -STIGA, f., -STIGNING, f. *descent*.

NIÐRSTIGNINGAR-SAGA, f. *the story of the descent into hell*.

NIÐR-TAKA, f. *pulling down*; -VARP, n. *overthrow* (með órgurligu -varpi); -VÍÐR, a. *wide beneath*.

NIFL-, *mist, fog*, only in compds.; -FARINN, pp. *gone towards the dark, dead*; -HEIMR, m. *the dark home, the abode of the dead*; -HEL, f. *the lower hell*; -VEGR, m. *path of darkness*.

NIPT, f. *female relative, sister* (poet.).

NIST, n. *brooch, pin*.

NISTA (-STA, -STR), v. (1) *to pin, nail fast*, esp. *to pin* with a weapon (þá var hann skotinn gaflaki í óstinn ok nistr svá við garðinn); (2) *to pierce* (with a sword or spear).

NISTI, n. *brooch, pin*, = nist.

NISTING, f. *fastening*.

NÍ, adv. *no*, = nei (allir ní kváðu).

NÍÐ, n. (1) *contumely, derision* (segja e-m n.); (2) *libel* (yrkja, kveða n. um e-n); (3) *insult* by carving a person's likeness (tréníð) on an upraised post or pole (níðstöng).

NÍÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to libel, lampoon*; (2) refl., níðast á e-m, *to behave in a dastardly way to a person* (at Noregsmenn höfðu níðst á Ólafi konungi); n. á e-u, *to act basely in a thing* (hvárki skal ek á þessu n. ok á engu öðru því er mér er til trúat); n. á trú sinni, *to apostatize*.

NÍÐINGR (-S, -AR), m. *villain, scoundrel, vile wretch*; *apostate*.

NÍÐING-SKAPR, m. *villainy, baseness*.

NÍÐINGS-NAFN, n. *the name of a villain*; bera -nafn, *to be called a* 'níðingr'; -ORÐ, n. = -nafn; -RÁÐ, n. *a villainous plot*; -SÖK, f. *a charge of villainy*; -VERK, n. *dastard's work, villainy*; -VÍG, n. *foul murder*.

NÍÐ-REISING, f. *the raising of a pole as an insult*; -SAMLIGR, a. *mean, villainous*; -SKÁR, -SKÆLDINN, a. *libellous*, of a poet; -STÖNG, f. *pole of insult*; -VIRKI, n. *villainy*; -VÍSA, f. *lampoon, insulting verse*.

NÍ-KVÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to deny*.

NÍ-RŒÐR, a. (1) *measuring ninety* (fathoms, ells); (2) *ninety years old*.

NÍTA (AÐ, or -TTA, -TTR), v. *to deny, refuse*, with dat.

NÍTI-LIGR, a. *refusable, rejectable*.

NÍ-TJÁN, a. *nineteen*; -TJÁNDI, a. *nineteenth*; -TOGANDI, a. *ninetieth*.

NÍTTA (AÐ), v. = níta.

NÍ-TUGR, a. *ninety years old*.

NÍU, a. *nine* (níu eru himnar).

NÍUND, f. *body of nine*; þrennar níundir meyja, *three nines of maids*.

NÍUNDI, a. *ninth*.

NJARÐAR-VÖTTR, m. *sponge*.

NJARÐ-LÁSS, m. *a charmed lock*.

NJÓSN (pl. -IR), f. (1) *spying, scouting, looking out* (senda mann á n., hafa menn á njósnum); vera á n., *to be on the look-out*; (2) *news* (engi n. fór fyrir þeim); gøra e-m n., *to send one intelligence*.

NJÓSNA (AÐ), v. *to spy* (vil ek n., hvers ek verða víss); n. um e-t, *to spy after, seek to find out* (n. um athafnir e-s).

NJÓSNAR-BERG, n. *a look-out hill*; -MAÐR, m. *spy*; -SKIP, n., -SKÚTA, f. *spying-ship*.

NJÓSNAR-FÖR, f. *spying journey*.

NJÓTA (NÝT; NAUT, NUTUM; NOTIT), v. (1) *to have the use or benefit of, to enjoy* (þú skalt n. kvikfjár þíns ok verða í brottu frá Helgafelli); skal hann n. draums síns, *he shall have his dream out*; njót þú heill handa, *good luck go with your hands*; (2) *to derive benefit from, profit by*; Egils nauztu at því, föður þíns, *you had your father Egil to thank for that*; lítt lætr þú mik n. frændsemi frá þér, *you let me have little profit of kinship with you*; nauzt þú nú þess, at ek var eigi við búinn, *it was your good fortune that I was not ready for you*; n. e-s við, *to receive help at one's hands*; mun ek yðvar verða við at n., *I shall have need of your help*; n. af e-u, *to consume* (naut vóru œrin, nutum af stórum); (3) impers., ekki nýtr sólar, *there is no sun*; naut at því mest hans forellris, at, *it was chiefly due to his forefathers that*; þess naut mjök við í Þrándheimi (*it helped greatly*), at menn áttu þar mikil forn korn; (4) recipr., njótast, *to enjoy each other* (Þorveig seiddi til þess, at þau skyldi eigi n. mega).

NJÖRÐR (gen. NJARÐAR, dat. NIRÐI), m. *Njord*, one of the old Northern gods.

NJÖRVA-SUND, n. *the Strait of Gibraltar* (at Njörvasundum).

NORÐAN, adv. *from the north* (koma, fara, ríða, sigla n.); vindr var á n., *the wind blew from the north*; n. af Hálogalandi, *from H. in the north*; n. at, *on the north side of* (G. ok N. stóðu n. at dóminum); fyrir n. (with acc.), *north of* (fyrir n. heiðina); fyrir n. land, *in the north* (of Iceland).

NORÐAN-FJARÐAR, adv. *north of the firth*; -LANDS, adv. *in the north*; -MAÐR, m. *a man from the north*; -STORMR, m. *a storm from the north*; -VEÐR, n. *wind from the north* (þeir tóku -veðr svá hörð, at þá bar suðr í haf); -VERÐR, a. *northern* (á -verðum himins enda); -VINDR, m. *north wind*.

NORÐAR-LA, -LIGA, adv. *far to the north* (sú ey liggr -liga fyrir Noregi).

NORÐARR, adv. compar. *farther north* (aldri kom hann n. en í Eyjafjörð).

NORÐARRI, a. compar. *more northerly*.

NORÐASTR, a. superl. *most northerly*.

NORÐ-LENDINGAR, m. pl. *the men of the north quarter* (of Iceland); -LENZKR, a. *from the north* (of Iceland).

NORÐ-MAÐR, m. *Northman*; *Norwegian* (Danir ok Norðmenn).

NORÐR, n. *the north*; á n., í n., til norðrs, *northwards* (hélt R. konungr n. með landi); *in the north* (n. í Þrándheimi).

NORÐR-ÁTT, f. = -ætt; -DYRR, f. pl. *northern doors*; -FERÐ, f. *journey to the north*; -HALLT, adv. *in a northerly direction*; -HÁLFA, f. *the north region*, esp. *Europe*; -LAND, n. (1) *north-land*, esp. *the north quarter of Iceland*; (2) pl., -lönd, *the northern countries*, esp. *Scandinavia*; -LJÓS, n. pl. *northern lights*; -SJÓR, m. *the northern arm of the sea*; -STÚKA, f. *the north transept of a church*; -SVEITIR, f. pl. *the northern districts*; -VEGAR, m. pl. *northern region*; -ÆTT, f. *the north*.

NORÐ-RŒNN, a. *northerly, blowing from north* (þá var á -rœnt, *viz*. veðr).

NOREGR, m. *Norway*, = Norvegr.

NOREGS-KONUNGR, m. *king of Norway*; -MAÐR, m. *Norwegian*.

NORN (pl. -IR), f. (1) *one of (three) Fates* (Urðr, Verðandi, Skuld, who dwelt at the well 'Urðar-brunnr' and ruled the fate of the world); (2) *one of various female beings presiding over human fortunes*.

NORRŒNA, f. (1) *the Norse (Norwegian) tongue*; (2) *breeze from the north*.

NORRŒNA (AÐ), *to render into Norse*.

NORRŒNN, a. *Norse, Norwegian*.

NORRŒNNU-BÓK, f. *a book written in Norse*; -SKÁLDSKAPR, m. *Norse poetry*.

NORVEGR, m. *Norway*, = Noregr.

NÓG, Í NÓG, adv. *enough*.

NÓG-LIGR, a., NÓGR, a. *ample, abundant* = gnógligr, gnógr.

NÓN, n. the time about *three o'clock p. m.* (B. kvað þá vera nær nóni dags).

NÓNA, f. *nones, the office for the ninth hour* (gekk þá konungr til nónu).

NÓN-HEILAGR, a. *holy from* 'nón' *or three o'clock*; láta -heilagt, *to keep the day holy after three o'clock*; -HELGR, f. *noneholiness*; -HRINGING, f. *peal of bells at nones*; -KLOKKA, f. *nones-bell*; -SKEIÐ, n. *the hour of nones*; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. *the office at nones*.

NÓT (pl. NŒTR), f. pl. *large net*.

NÓTERA (AÐ), v. *to note, mark*.

NÓTI, m. (1) *mark, token*; (2) *note* (in music).

NÓTI, m. *match, equal*, = maki, líki.

NÓTT (gen. NÆTR, pl. NÆTR), f. *night*, = nátt; at miðri n., of miðja n., *about midnight*; um nóttina, *through the night, during the night*; um nóttina áðr, *the preceding night*; í n., *tonight* (eigi mun hann láta drepa Egil í n.); *the last night* (ek ók í n. eptir viði); nætr ok daga, *both by day and by night*; nóttin helga, *the holy night, Christmas night*.

NUMINN, pp. from 'nema', *seized, palsied* (allr numinn öðrum megin).

NUNNA, f. *nun*; NUNNU-KLAUSTR, n., -SETR, n. *nunnery*; -VÍGSLA, f.; taka -vígslu, *to take the veil*.

NÚ, adv. *now* (var-at þat nú né í gær); in a narrative, *now, next* (nú er þar til máls at taka).

NÚA (NÝ, NERA, NÚINN), v. = gnúa.

NÚ-LIGR, a. *present* (-ligir hlutir).

NÚNA, adv. *now, just now*.

NYKR (gen. -RS, pl. NYKRAR), m. (1) *a fabulous water-being* (mostly appearing in the shape of a grey horse); (2) *the hippopotamus*.

NYRÐRI, a. compar. *more northerly*.

NYRZTR, a. superl. *most northerly*.

NYT (pl. NYTJAR), f. (1) *milk* (of sheep and cows); (2) esp. pl., *use, advantage*; hón leyfði Vala bróður sínum nytjar í Brekkulandi, *use of the land*; hafa nytjar af e-u, h. nytjar e-s, *to derive benefit from* (engar nytjar munu menn hafa Hafliða); koma nytjum á e-t, *to bring into use, make profitable* (víkingar tóku fé þat allt, er þeir máttu nytjum á koma); fœra sér e-t í nyt, *to make use of, avail oneself of* (fœrir Sveinn konungr sér allt í n. þat, er til virðingar mátti verða); (3) pl. *pleasure, enjoyment* (Hrafn kvaðst engar nytjar hafa Helgu).

NYTJA (AÐ), *to milk* (n. ærnar); nytjast, *to yield milk* (fé nytjaðist illa).

NYTJA-FULLR, a. *full of profit, highly profitable*; -LAUSS, a. *useless*; -MAÐR, m. *a useful, worthy man*.

NYTJUNGR (-S, -AR), m. = nytjamaðr.

NYT-LAUSS, a. *useless*; -LÉTTR, a. *yielding little milk*; -SAMLIGR, a. *useful*; -SEMD, f. *use, usefulness*.

NYTSEMDAR-LAUSS, a. *useless*; -MAÐR, m. = nytjamaðr (slíkr -maðr sem Ólafr konungr); -VERK, n. *useful work*.

NYT-SEMI, f. *usefulness*, = nytsemd.

NÝ, n. *the new or waxing moon* (ný ok nið skópu nýt regin).

NÝ-, *newly, recently*, may be prefixed to almost every ppl.; -ALINN, -BORINN, *new-born*; -ANDAÐR, -DÁINN, *newly dead*; -FARINN, *having newly gone*; -FENGINN, *just recovered*; -KOMINN, *just come*; -ORÐINN, *having just happened*; hafði hann -skilist við Túnbergs menn, *he had newly parted from them*; -VAKNAÐR, *newly wakened*.

NÝ-BREYTILIGR, a. *unusual, strange*; -BREYTINN, a. *changeable*; -BREYTNI, f. *novelty, innovation*; -FENNI, n. *fresh fallen snow*; -GØRVING, f. *novelty, innovation*.

NÝJUNG, f. *innovation* (landsfólkit var gjarnt á alla n.).

NÝ-LIGA, adv. *newly, recently*; -LIGR, a. (1) *new, recent*; (2) *present*; -LUNDA, f. *novelty, a new, strange thing* (segja kunnu vér -lundu nökkura); -LÝSI, n. *light of the waxing moon* (sigla um nóttina við -lýsi); -MÆLI, n. (1) *news, novelty*; (2) *new law*; -NÆMI, n. *novelty*, = -lunda (þat varð til -næmis, at); -NÆMLIGR, a. *novel*.

NÝR (acc. NÝJAN), a. (1) *new* (n. átrúnaðr); af nýju, *anew, again*; næst nýss, *just recently* (þat vann næst nýss niðr Ylvinga); (2) *fresh* (nýtt kjöt, nýir fiskar).

NÝRA (pl. NÝRU), n. *kidney*.

NÝ-RÁÐLIGA, adv. *oddly, queerly*.

NÝSA (-TA, -T), v. *to pry, peer*; nýstak niðr, *I peered down*; svá nýsisk fróðra hverr fyrir, *thus every wise man looks about him* (= nýsir f. h. fyrir sik).

NÝ-SNÆVI, n. *fresh snow* (féll -snævi mikit, svá at úgörla sá veguna).

NÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to make use of*; ek ætla, at þú nýtir eigi boga minn, *thou canst not wield my bow*; absol., hann spurði síðan, hvárt þá mætti svá n., *if that would do (be valid)*; n. af e-u, *to derive benefit (pleasure) from* (sjá má, at ekki nýtir þú hér af); eigi munu þit lengr n. hvárt af öðru, *enjoy each other*; (2) *to eat, consume* (n. svín); (3) fig., *to bear, endure* (hvárgi þóttist n. mega, at þeir væri eigi á samt); (4) refl., nýtast, *to be of use, avail*; þetta verk má eigi n., *it will not succeed, it is in vain*.

NÝTANDI, pr. p. *fit to be used*; n. menn = nýtir menn.

NÝT-MENNI, n. = nytjamaðr.

NÝTR, a. *fit, usable, useful* (n. til verks); engu (til einskis) n., *good for nothing*; at engu nýtu, *to no use*; of persons, *able* (enn nýtasti fardrengr).

NÝ-TUNGL, n. *new moon*; -VIRKI, n. *marks of new work, of human hands*.

NÆFR (pl. -RAR), f. *bark of the birch*.

NÆFRA-BAGGI, m. *pack, bundle of birch bark*; -MAÐR, m. *a person clad in birch-bark*; -STÚKA, f. *sleeve of birch-bark*.

NÆMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to bereave, deprive of* (n. e-n e-u, lífi, fjörvi).

NÆMI, n. *study, learning*.

NÆM-LEIKR, m. *quickness to learn*.

NÆMR, a. (1) *quick at learning*; (2) *deprived of* (= næmdr e-u).

NÆR, adv. and prep. with dat. (1) *near, in the vicinity (of)*; n. eða fjarri, *near or far*; n. staddr, *present*; brautu n., *near the road*; n. því sem, *neara the place where* (þar í nesinu, n. því sem þingit hafði verit); þar n., *in the vicinity* (sveinarnir hlaupa til skógar, er þar var n.); (2) *towards*, of time (n. aptni, morni); (3) *nearly*; n. átta tigir manna *or* n. átta tigum manna, *nearly eighty men*; þar kómu menn af n. öllum löndum, *almost from all countries*; n. viku munu við dveljast, *we shall stay nearly a week*; (4) *in accordance with, in conformity to* (n. ætla ek þat lögum Íra); (5) *near the truth* (máttu nú n. gæta, hvar beina okkarra er at leita); (6) compar., *nearer* = nærr (ver eigi n. honum en mál nemi); *fitter* (væri n. miklu, at); (7) adv., *when*, = hve n. (n. skal mér þat ömbuna? sagði B.); B. spurði, n. þeir mundu aptr koma, *when they would be coming back*.

NÆRGI, adv., n. er, n. sem, *whensoever* (n. er launat verðr).

NÆR-GÆTR, a. *guessing near the truth*; -GÖNGULL, a. (1) vera -göngull e-m, *to be near about one's person*; (2) *troublesome, importunate*; -HENDIS, adv. *near at hand*.

NÆRI, adv. *near*, = nærri.

NÆRI-KOMINN, pp. *entitled to*; -KONA, f. *mid-wife*; -KVÁMA, f. *coming near*; -KVÆMR, a. (1) *coming near to, close*; (2) *that concerns a person* (þetta mál er mér miklu nauðsynligra ok -kvæmara); -KŒMR, a. *accurate*.

NÆRR, adv. compar. *nearer*, answering to 'nær', *near*.

NÆRRI, adv. *near, nearer*, = nær.

NÆRRI, a. compar. (answering to superl. 'næstr'), *nearer*; *more entitled to* (þótt þær sé n. arfi).

NÆR-SPÁR, a. *prophesying true*; -SÝNN, a. *short-sighted*; -VERA, f. *presence*; -VERANDI, pr. p. *present*.

NÆST, adv. superl. (1) *nearest, next*; n. Skotlandi, *nearest to Scotland*; því n., þessu n., þar n., *next to that, thereafter, thereupon*; (2) *last* (er nú úhœgra en n. þá er ek beidda); (3) *nearest the truth* (vil ek, at þér reynit, hverir munu n. sét hafa).

NÆSTA, adv. (1) *nearly, almost* (urðu göngumenn n. at gjalti); (2) *rather, very* (n. gamall, glaðr).

NÆSTA, f. *the last time*, only in dat. with the art., næstunni.

NÆSTA-BRŒÐRA, f. *a female second cousin*; -BRŒÐRI, -BRŒÐRUNGR, m. *a male second cousin*.

NÆSTR, a. superl. (1) *next*; Hrútr sat hit næsta honum, *sat next him*; tók Hrafn lögsögu n. Úlfljóti, *next after U.*; hinn næsta vetr, *the next winter*; (2) *next preceding* (hann hafði sekr orðit it næsta sumar); næsta sinni, *the last time*; (3) *nearest in point of right or title, best entitled to* (vér erum næstir sigrinum).

NÆSTUM, adv. *next before, the last time*

(svá skildum vér n.).

NÆTR-, gen. from 'nátt', 'nótt'; -BÓL, n. = náttból; -ELDING, f. *dawn*; -FERÐIR, f. pl. *night wanderings*; -FRIÐR, m. *peace, truce during the night*; -GESTR, m. *night-guest*; -GISTING, f. *night-lodging*; -GREIÐING, f. = -greiði; -LANGT, adv. *during one night*; -LIGR, a. *nocturnal*; -SKEMTAN, f. *night-enjoyment*; -VIST, f. *night-quarters* (þau báðu sér þar -vistar).

-NÆTTR, a., in compds., as 'einnætr'.

NŒFR, a. *clever, skilled*.

NŒGÐ, f. *plenty, abundance*.

NŒGJA (-ÐI, -T), v. *to be enough, suffice*; impers., e-m nœgir, *it is sufficient for one*; refl., nœgjast, *to suffice* (nœgðist honum eigi allr heimr).

NŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to nourish, refresh*; refl., nœrast, *to assume fresh vigour, recover, rally* (nœrðist hón svá sem frá leið).

NŒRING, f. *nourishment, food, sustenance* (líkams nœring).

NÖF (gen. NAFAR, pl. NAFAR and NAFIR), f. (1) *nave of a wheel*; (2) *the pole* of the world; (3) esp. pl. *clasps, rings* (by which the projecting ends of beams at the corneres of walls were held together).

NÖKKUR, adv. *somewhere, anywhere*.

NÖKKURNIG (= nökkurn veginn), adv. *in some way*.

NÖKKURR, indef. pron. (1) *any, anybody* (fyrst vill hann spyrja, ef n. er fróðr maðr inni); after a negative (á øngum bœ fannst n. maðr); (2) opp. to 'engi', *some* (þeir fengu nökkura njósn af ferð Ástríðar); neut., nökkut, *something, somewhat, anything* (ef þér þykkir n. veitt í lífgjöf þinni); hann spurði, ef þar væri n. manna, *he asked if there were any men there*; nökkurs til þungr, *somewhat (rather) too heavy*; svá nökkuru (nökkvi) *about*; svá nökkuru mun yðvar leita farit lengi, *about so long will they seek you*; nökkuru fyrir dag, *a while before daylight*; (3) *some, a certain*; maðr n., *a certain man*; um dag nökkurn, *a certain day*; nökkura hríð, nökkurt (nakkvart) skeið, *for some time*; (4) the plur. added to a numeral, *about, some* (nökkur sex skip eða sjau; nökkurum tveim sinnum eða þrim).

NÖKKUT, adv. (1) *somewhat, in some degree, rather* (þó at hann þœtti n. blandinn); henni var skapþungt n. (nakkvat), *she was rather depressed in spirit*; nú hefi ek n. hugsat málit, *now I have thought over the matter somewhat*; (2) *at all, to any extent* (vill þú n. sonu þína við láta vera?).

NÖKKVA-MAÐR, m. *a man who rows a* 'nökkvi'.

NÖKKVERR, pron. = nökkurr.

NÖKKVI, m. *boat, skip* (hafð þá Hymir út skotit nökkvanum).

NÖKKVI, *some*, old neut. dat. from 'nökkurr' = nökkuru; esp. *somewhat* (n. lengra, n. síðarr).

NØKTR, NØKVIÐR (acc. NØKTAN, NØKÞAN), a. *naked*.

NÖS (gen. NASAR, pl. NASAR and NASIR), f. *nostril*, esp. pl. *nostrils, nose*; bregða e-u fyrir nasar e-m, *to put it before one's nose*; draga nasir at e-u, *to snuff, smell at a thing*; stinga nösum niðr, *to fall upon one's face, bite the dust*; lúka nösum, *to shut the nostrils, die*.

O

OBLÁTA, f. *sacramental wafer*.

ODDA-MAÐR, m. *overman* (who gives the casting vote); *umpire*.

ODD-HAGR, a. *skilled in wood-carving*; -HENDING, f. *the first rhyming syllable, when at the beginning of a line*; -HVASS, a. *sharp-pointed*.

ODDI, m. (1) *triangle, point of land*; (2) *odd number*; fig., standast (skerast) í odda, *to be at odds, at variance*.

ODDR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *point of a weapon*; með oddi ok eggju, *with point and edge, at the sword's point, by force* (heimta, eyða e-t með oddi ok eggju); brjóta odd af oflæti sínu, *to break the point of one's pride, to humble oneself*; (2) *spear* (fölvir oddar); (3) *spur* (þótt vér jói óra oddum keyrum); (4) *leader* (hann var o. ok œsir fyrir þessum úráðum); (5) *the front* (hann hafði yxnum skipat í odd á liði sínu).

ODD-VITI, m. *leader, chief* (-viti liðs-ins, fyrir liðinu).

OF, prep. (1) with dat. and acc., *over* = yfir (fara of fjöll; sitja of borði); of time, = um; of haust *or* of haustum, *in the autumn*; of aptaninn, *in the evening*; of hríð, *for a while*; of allt, *always*; (2) with acc. *of, about* (bera vitni of e-t); (3) in a casual sense, poet.; of sanna sök, *for a just cause, justly*.

OF, an enclitic particle, chiefly placed before verbs; ek drykk of gat ens dýra mjaðar, *I got a draught of the precious mead*.

OF, n. (1) *great quantity, number*; of fjár, *immensity of wealth*; of liðs, *a vast host of men*; (2) *excess*; við of, *to excess*; þótti hirðmönnum hans við of, *they thought it was beyond measure*; (3) *pride, conceit* (kirkjan verðr eigi svá mikil, at þar muni of þitt allt í liggja).

OF, adv. (1) with adjectives and adverbs; *too*; of gamall, ungr, langr, stuttr, *too old, young, long, short*; of mjök, *too much*; of lengi, *too long*; (2) with the neuter of a past part. *over-much, too much*; hafa of drukkit, *to have drunk too much*; hafa of gört, *to have transgressed*; hafa of mælt, *to have said too much*; hafa of tekið við e-n, *to have gone too far*.

OFAN, adv. (1) *from above, down, downwards*; falla o., *to fall down*; taka o. húsin, *to pull down the house*; (2) *on the uppermost part, at the top* (klettrinn var víðr o.); (3) *above the surface of*, with gen. (o. jarðar); (4) with preps., o. af, *down from* (o. af landi); o. á *or* o., *down upon* (leggr Refr á hann o. aptr klæðin, ok þar leggst Álfdís o. á klæðin); *besides* (á þetta o. allt gerði hann suðr at oss þrettán skútur); þola hverja skömm á aðra o., *to bear one disgrace after another*; o. á *or* á o., *to boot, into the bargain*, = þar á o.; o. eptir, *down along* (reið hann þá o. eptir dal); o. frá, *below* (var verkr í enni hœgri kinn o. frá auganu); o. fyrir, *down over* (hann féll dauðr o. fyrir klettinn); fyrir ofan, *above* (arfasáta, er hér stendr fyrir o. húsin); steinveggr var fyrir o., *above, higher up*.

OFAN-FALL, n. (1) *downfall*; (2) *downpour of rain* (var veðrátta ill ok -föll); -FÖR, -GANGA, f. *descending, descent*; -HÖGG, n. *cutting down*; -REIÐ, f. *riding downwards*.

OFAN-VERÐR, a. (1) *the upper, uppermost*, opp. to 'neðanverðr'; hann hjó í -verðan skjöldinn, *in the uppermost part of the shield*; á -verðu fjallinu, *on the top of the mountain*; breiðr at -verðu, *broad at the top*; (2) of time, *in the later part of a period*, opp. to 'öndverðr'; -verða nótt, *towards the end of the night, late in the night*; á -verðum dögum Haralds, *in the later part of the reign of King Harold*.

OFAR-LA, -LIGA, adv. (1) *high up, in the upper part* (-liga í dalnum); þeim mun í brún bregða ok -liga klæja, *they will make a wry face and their pates will tingle*; fig., bíta e-m -la, *to bite one sharply*; (2) of time, *towards the end of a certain period*; -liga á dögum Ólafs konungs, *in the later part of the reign of King Olaf* (= á ofanverðum dögum).

OFARR, adv. compar. (1) *higher up* (annat augat mun o. en annat); fig., lát eigi o. koma þessa fólsku, *let not this nonsense go farther*; (2) *later, move advanced in time*; (3) o. meirr = ofarr; OFARST, adv. superl. *highest, uppermost*.

OF-ÁT, n. *over-eating, gluttony*; -BELDI, n. *violence, overbearing*; -BRÆÐI, f. *passion, rashness*; -DIRFÐ, f. *foolhardiness, impudence*.

OFDIRFÐAR-FULLR, -SAMR, a. *foolhardy, impudent*.

OF-DRAMB, n. *arrogance, conceit*.

OFDRAMBS-FULLR, a. *arrogant*.

OF-DRYKKJA, f. *indulgence in drink*.

OFDRYKKJU-MAÐR, m. *drunkard*.

OF-DUL, f. *too great conceit*; -DULINN, a. *self-conceited*; -DYRI, n. *'over-door', lintel*; -FARI, a. *having gone too far*; verða offari við e-n, *to transgress against one*; -FORS, n. *presumption*.

OFFR, n. *offering* (fórnir eða offr; offr hins heilaga Ólafs).

OFFRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to make an offering, sacrifice* (o. e-m e-t); (2) *to make a gift, to present*; o. e-m e-u (hann offraði miklu fé til grafar drottins).

OF-FRAMSŒKNI, f. *over-temptation*; -FYLLI, f. *surfeit, gluttony*; -GANGR, m. *excess*; ganga ofgangi (-göngum) yfir e-n, *to tyrannize*; -GANGSI, a. *over-prevailing*; -GŒÐAKOSTR, m. *great advantage*; -HARMR, m. *excessive grief*; -HITI, m. *excessive heat*; -HLÁTR, m. *immoderate laughter*; -JARL, m. *'over-earl', over-match* (verða mér sumir ofjarlar hér í heraðinu); -KAPP, n. *stubbornness*; -KÁTR, a. *overbearing, wanton*; -KERSKI, f. *excessive petulance*; -KVÆNI, n. *domineering of a wife*; -KÆTI, f. *wantonness*; -LÁTI, m. *a vain, showy person*; -LÁTLIGR, a. *showy*; -LÉTTLIGA, adv. *promptly*; -LÉTTR, a. *prompt, easy, ready*; -LEYFINGI, m. *a person made too much of*; -LIÐ, n. = ofrlið; -LJÓTR, a. *hideous*; -LÆTI, n. *arrogance*; -MAÐR, m. *over-match*; vera e-m ofmaðr, *to be more than a match for*; -MAGN, n. = oflið; bera e-n ofmagni, *to overpower*.

OFMETNAÐAR-FULLR, a. *full of pride*; -MAÐR, m. *overproud man*; -SAMLIGR, a. *arrogant* (-samlig orð).

OF-METNAÐR, m. *pride, arrogance*; -METNAST (AÐ), v. *to pride oneself*; -MUNÚÐ, f. *sensuality*; -MÆLGI, f. *excessive loquacity*; -MÆLI, n. *exaggeration* (er þat ok ekki ofmæli, at).

OFN (-S, -AR), m. *oven, furnace*.

OF-NEYZLA, f. *intemperance*.

OFN-GRJÓT, n. *oven-stones*; -REYKR, m. *smoke from an oven*.

OFRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to brandish, wave in the air*, with dat. (o. vápnum sínum); (2) *to raise, lift* (o. líkam hins helga Ólafs); þe-

gar er sólu var ofrat, *as soon as the sun had risen*; o. sér, *to raise the head, appear* (líðr þá eigi langt áðr gömul úhlýðni ofrar sér); (3) refl., ofrast, *to become known* (Guðmundr vildi eigi þat o. láta); *to pride oneself* (af e-u).

OFRAÐAR-MAÐR, m. *a notable man*; -RANGR, a. *exceedingly perverse*; -SYND, f. *pride, presumption*; -VEL, *exceedingly well*; -ÞREKMAÐR, m. *an exceeding strong (courageous) man*.

OFRAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *notification, disclosure*; bera e-t á ofrað, *to make known, divulge*.

OFR-AFL, n. = ofrefli, ofríki.

OFRAN, f. *pride, self-assumption*.

OFR-ÁST, f. *passionate love*.

OF-RAUN, f. *too great a trial, too severe a test*; -RAUSN, f. *presumption*; -RÁÐ, n. (1) *too great a task* (þótti honum þetta ofráð vera); (2) *too high a match* (Þorsteinn kvað sér þat ofráð).

OFR-DÝRR, a. *over-dear*; -EFLI, n. (1) *overwhelming force* (þessi maðr brýzt í móti miklu ofrefli); (2) Oddr kvað sér þat eigi ofrefli, *O. said it was not beyond his strength*; (3) *excess, immensity* (ofrefli frosts ok kulda).

OFREFLIS-MAÐR, m. *powerful man*.

OF-REFSAN, f. *too great severity in punishing*; -REMBINGR, m. *arrogant person*; -REYNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to put to too severe a test*; ofreyna sik, *to overstrain oneself*.

OFR-FÉ, n. *immensity of goods*; -FJÖLDI, m. *immense host*; -GANGR, m. = ofgangr; -GARPR, m. *overdaring man*; -GJOLD, n. pl. *dire retribution*; -HARMR, m. *overwhelming sorrow*; -HEFND, f. *fearful vengeance*; -HITI, m. *excessive heat*; -HUGI, m. (1) *a fearless, daring man*; (2) = -hugr; -HUGR, m. *dauntless courage*.

OF-RÍKI, n. *overbearing, tyranny*.

OFRÍKIS-MAÐR, m. *overbearing man*.

OFR-KAPP, n. *excessive zeal, stubbornness* (verja mál með -kappi).

OFRKAPPS-FULLR, a. *overbearing*; -MAÐR, m. *overbearing man*.

OFR-KULDI, m. *excessive cold*; -LENGI, adv. *very long*; -LIÐ, n. *overwhelming force*; bera e-n ofrliði, *to overpower*; -LIGA, adv. *exceedingly* (ofrliga fagr); -LIGR, a. *excessive*; -MENNI, n. *mighty champion*; -MIKILL, a. *very great*; -MÆLGI, f. *great babbling or vaunting*; -MÆLI, n. = yrði; -SKJÓTT, adv. *very soon*; -VERKR, m. *violent ache or pain*; -YRÐA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to address in big words*; -YRÐI, n. *high words*; -ÞRAUT, f. *hard trial*; -ÞUNGI, m. *crushing weight*; -ÖLVI, a. *having over-drunk, the worse for drink*.

OFSA (AÐ), v. *to puff oneself up, be arrogant* (o. sér til vansa); refl., ofsast, *to grow unruly* (Jupiter þótti fólkit ofsast).

OFSA-HARÐR, a. *extremely hard, severe* (-hörð veðr); -MAÐR, m. *overbearing man*; -MIKILL, a. *excessively great*.

OFSI, m. *overbearing, tyranny*.

OF-SJÓNIR, f. pl., sjá ofsjónum yfir e-u, *to look down upon, despise* (sér þú nú ofsjónum yfir flestum bústöðum).

OFSKAPS-MAÐR, m. *proud man*.

OF-SKEMTAN, f. *excessive pleasure*; -SKVALDR, n. *excess of talking*; -SKYNJA, a. indecl. *looking down upon* (vera e-m ofskynja); -SÓKN, f. *persecution*.

OFSTOPA-MAÐR, m. *overbearing man*.

OF-STOPI, m. *overbearing arrogance*; -STÝRI, n. *unmanageable thing*; -STŒKI, n. *ferocity, vehemence*; -STŒRI, n. *haughtiness, pride*; -SŒKJA (see sœkja), v. *to persecute*; -SŒKJANDI, m. *persecutor*; -SÖGN, f. *exaggeration*; -SÖGUR, f. pl. *ex-*

aggeration; eigi má ofsögum segja frá vitsmunum þínum, *your intelligence cannot be too highly praised*; -TEKJA, f. *taking too much to oneself*; -TIGN, f. *too great honour*; -VALD, n. = -ríki; -VEÐR, n. = -viðri; -VERKR, m. *excessive pain*; -VIÐRI, n. *violent gale*; -VILNAN, f. *conceit, presumption*; -VIRÐING, f. *too great honour*; -VÆGILIGR, -VÆGR, a. *immense, overwhelming*; -VÆNI, n. *anxious expectation*; -ÞRÁ, f. *immoderate lust*; -ÞÖGLI, f. *stubborn silence*.

OK, conj. (1) *and*; bæði … ok, *both … and* (b. er hann vitr ok framgjarn); (2) in comparison, *as, and*; sami maðr ok áðr, *the same man as before*; nú fór Svíum allt á eina leið ok Dönum, *it went with the Swedes in the same way as with the Danes*; þat er mjök sundrleitt (úlíkt) ok kristnir menn gøra, *it differs much from what Christians do*; (3) of an adversative character, *and yet, but* (hann var særðr mörgum sárum ok engum stórum); (4) introducing the apodosis, *then* = þá; esp. in the old laws; ef sá maðr (etc.) …, ok verðr hann útlagr, *then he shall pay*; (5) used for the relative particle 'er'; at höllu hann kom ok átti Íms faðir, *which belonged to Im's father*; Geirröðr konungr átti þá son, ok hét Agnarr, *who was called A.*; (6) *also* (hann heyrir ok þat, er gras vex á jörðu).

OK, n. *yoke*; *domination*.

OKA (AÐ), v. *to bring under the yoke, to subjugate*.

OKAÐR, pp. *joined by a cross-piece*.

OKI, m. *cross-piece* (cf. 'hurðar-oki').

OKKARR, poss. pron. *our*, in dual; hvárgi o., *neither of us two*.

OKR, n. *usury*; -KARL, m. *usurer*.

OLEA (AÐ), v. *to anoint, administer extreme unction to*.

OLEAN, f. *extreme unction*.

OLIFA, f., OLIFU-TRÉ, n. *olive-tree*.

OMAN, n. *boss on a sword*.

OPA (AÐ), v. *to retreat, go back* (also, opa undan, á hæl). Cf. 'hopa'.

OPIN-BERA (AÐ), v. *to manifest, reveal*; -BERLIGA, adv. *openly, in public*; -BERLIGR, -BERR, a. *manifest, public*; -EYGÐR, -EYGR, a. *open-eyed*; -MYNNTR, a. *open-mouthed*.

OPINN, a. (1) *open* (o. nummr, opin hurð, opit lopt); koma e-m í opna skjöldu, *to take one in the rear*; (2) *resupine, on the back*, opp. to 'á grúfu' (hann lét binda hann o. á slá eina); (3) *open, undecided* (E. segir eigi sið, at mál stœði opin).

OPIN-SPJALLR, a. *outspoken, free-spoken* (var S. óðlátr ok -spjallr).

OPNA (AÐ), v. *to open* (hann lét o. hauginn); refl., opnast, *to be opened*.

OPNA, f. *opening, crater*.

OPT, adv. *often, frequently*; compar., optarr, *oftener*; superl., optast, *oftenest, most frequently*.

OPT-LEIKI, m. *frequency*; -LIGA, adv. *often, frequently*; -LIGR, a. *frequent*; -SAMLIGR, a. *frequent*; -SINNIS, adv. *many times*; -SINNIS, -SINNUM, adv. *oftentimes*.

ORÐ, n. (1) *word*; ef maðr mælir nökkuru orði í mót, *if a man speaks a word against it*; segja í sínu orði hvárt, *to say one thing in one breath and another in the next*; taka til orða, *to begin to speak*; kveða at orði, *to say, utter*; hafa við o., *to hint at*; vel orði farinn, *well-spoken, eloquent*; fornkveðit o., *an old saw*; (2) *word, repute, report* (gott, illt o.); fyrir orðs sakir, *because of what people might say*; leggja e-t til orðs, *to talk about*; þótt okkr sé þat til orðs lagit, *although we are*

blamed for it; (3) *message* (senda, gøra e-m o.).

ORÐA (AÐ), v. *to talk of* (var þetta brátt orðat, at O. fífldi Sigrídi).

ORÐA-ÁKAST, n. *altercation*; -DRÁTTR, m. (1) *talk* (illr -dráttr); (2) *drawling*; -FRAMBURÐR, m. *utterance*; -FRAMKAST, n. *chance proposal*; -FULLTING, n. *speaking well for one*; -GLŒSUR, f. pl. *showy words*; -GREIN, f. *phrase*; -HAGR, a. *skilled, expert in words*; -HALD, n. *keeping one's word*; -HEIMTINGAR, -HENDINGAR, f. pl. *bandying words*; -HJALDR, m. *verbiage*; -HNIPPINGAR, f. pl. *altercations*; -LAG, n. *manner of speaking, expression*; -LAUSS, a. *wordless*; láta -laust, *to be silent*; -LEIÐING, f. *pronunciation*; -LENGD, f. *length of a verse*; -MAÐR, m. *eloquent man*; -SAMR, a. *wordy, long-winded*; -SEMI, f. *verbiage, loquacity*; -SKAK, n. *scolding*; -SKIL, n. pl. *distinction of words* (ekki nam -skil); -SKIPAN, f. *the order of words*; -SKIPTI, n. pl. *exchange of words* (eiga -skipti við e-n); -SKRAP, -SKRUM, n. *bragging*; -SNILD, f. *eloquence*; -STAÐR, m., gørðu Svíar þá kurr mikinn ok mælti hverr í -stað annars, *all spoke at once (or in one way?)*; -SVEIMR, m. *rumour*; -TILTEKJA, f. *utterance, language*; -TŒKI, n., -TŒKJA, f., -TÖK, n. pl. *mode of expression*.

ORÐ-BÆGINN, a. *taunting*; -DJARFR, a. *outspoken*; -FALL, n., e-m verðr -fall, *one is struck dumb*; -FARINN, a., vel-farinn, *eloquent*; -FÁR, a. *using few words*; -FERLI, n. *expression, utterance*; -FIMI, f. *skill in words*; -FIMR, a. *of easy, flowing speech*; -FJÖLDI, m. *supply of words* (heyja sér -fjölda); -FLAUG, f. *floating rumour*; -FLEYTING, f. *rumour*; -FLEYTTR, pp. *rumoured*; -FŒRI, n. or f. (1) *style* (of a composition); (2) *flow of words, eloquence*; -FŒRLIGA, adv. *glibly*; -FŒRR, a. *well-spoken, eloquent*; -GÍFR, n. *termagant*; -GNÓTT, f. *flow of words*; -GÓÐR, a. *speaking well of everybody*; -GÆTINN, a. *wary in one's words, reserved*; -HAGR, a. *skilled in the use of words*; -HÁKR, m. *abusive person*; -HEGI, f. *skill in words*; -HEILL, f. (1) *good omen*; (2) *report* (eigi hafa þau góða -heill); -HITTINN, a. *facetious*; -HVASS, a. *sharp-tongued*; -IGR, a. *wordy, copious*; -ILLR, a. *speaking evil of others*; -KRINGI, f. *glibness of tongue*; -KRÓKAR, m. pl. *sophistry*; -LAG, n. (1) *way of speaking, talk, language*; (2) *report* (afla sér góðs -lags); -LAUSS, a. *wordless*; láta -laust, *to be silent about*; -LOF, n. *praise* (vinsæld ok -lof); -MARGR, a. *long-winded*; -NŒFR, a. *witty*; -RAMMR, a. *powerful in words*; -RÓMR, m. *report, public opinion* (sá -rómr lagðist á); -RŒÐA, f. *talk, discussion*; bar saman -rœðu þeirra jarls ok Finnboga, *the earl and F. had an interview*; -RŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to talk of*; -SENDING, f. *message*; -SJÚKR, a. *'word-sick', touchy*; -SKÁR, a. = -havss; -SKRÍPI, SKRÆPI, -SKRÖK, n. *objectionable language*.

ORÐS-KVIÐR, m. (1) *proverb, saw*; (2) *report* (huggast við góðan -kvið).

ORÐ-SLUNGINN, -SLŒGR, a. *cunning in words*; -SNILD, -SNILLI, f. *eloquence*; -SNJALLR, a. *eloquent*; -SPAKR, a. *wise-spoken*; -SPEKI, f. *wisdom in words*; -STEF, n. *notice, mention*; hafa e-n í -stefi, *to speak of one*; -STILTR, a. *moderate in one's words*.

ORÐS-TÍRR, m. *fame, renown, good report* (falla við góðan orðstír).

ORÐ-STÓRR, a. *using big words*; -SVIF, n. *rumour*; -SVINNR, a. = -spakr; -SÆLL,

a. *enjoying a good reputation*; -TAK, n. (1) *phrase, expression* (þat er -tak, at sá er týhraustr); (2) *watchword* (þá skulu vér hafa allir eitt -tak: fram, fram Kristmenn); (3) *speech, words, way of speaking*; þá fellust öllum Ásum -tök, *words failed them, they were struck dumb*; þat var eitt -tak allra, *all said the same*; Gunnarr heyrði öll -tökin, G. *heard every word they said*; hafa -tak við e-n, *to have a talk with one*; -TŒKI, n. = -tak; -VANDR, a. *sensitive (particular) as to other's words* (þarft þú eigi svá -vönd at vera).

ORÐVARPS-MAÐR, m. *spokesman*.

ORÐ-VARR, a. *watchful of one's tongue, discreet*; -VÍSS, a. *witty, clever*.

ORF, n. *scythe-handle, snath*.

ORGAN, n. *organ*.

ORGANS-LIST, f. *art of organ-playing*; -MEISTARI, m. *organist*; *organ-builder*.

ORKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to be able to do*; önnur vann allt þat, er hón orkaði, *the other worked all that she could*; with da., þó hyggst hann einn munu öllu o., *yet he thinks he can do everything himself*; allt þat lið, er vápnum mátti o., *all those who could wield weapons*; (2) with gen. of the thing, o. e-m e-s, *to cause, effect*; mér orkar þat margra vandræða, *it causes me much trouble*; þetta mun o. tíðenda, *this will give something to speak about*; allt orkar tvímælis þá er gört er, *there are two sides to everything that is done*; impers., jafnan orkar tvímælis, þó at hefnt sé; (3) with preps., o. at e-u, *to act, proceed with, do*; þeir rœða nú um með sér, hversu at skal o., *what is to be done*; o. á e-t, *to work on, have effect on* (var þat þó lengi, at eigi orkaði eldr á Þórólf); hann mátti engu á o., *he could do nothing*; o. orða á e-n, *to make one speak*; o. til e-s, *to prepare* (o. til veizlu); o. á, *to begin*; orkum ekki á fyrri, *let us not be the first to attack*; (4) refl., orkast at e-u, *to exert oneself in a thing*; *to set about doing something* (hversu hann skyldi at o. at segja föður sínum þessi tíðendi); o. hugar á at gøra e-t, *to make up one's mind to do a thing*; honum þótti seint á o., *he thougth it went slowly*.

ORKA, f. (1) *strength, power for work* (orkan þvarr, því at ellin sótti á hendr honum); (2) *work*.

ORKN, n. a kind of *seal*; cf. 'örkn'.

ORKN-EYJAR, f. pl., *the Orkneys*.

ORKU-FÁTT, a. n. *failing in strength* (honum varð orkufátt); -MAÐR, m. *labourer*; -VANA, a. indecl. *bereft or destitute of strength*.

OR-LOF, n. *permission, leave* (ek vil beiðast, herra! at þér gefir mér orlof at fara til Íslands); orlof til brottferðar, *leave to depart*.

ORLOFA (AÐ), v. *to allow*.

ORLOFS-BRÉF, n. *writ of permission*; -LAUST, a. n. *without leave*.

ORMA-BŒLI, n. *abode of snakes*; -GARÐR, m. *snake-pen*; -LÁTR, n. = ormabæli.

ORM-BEÐR, m. poet. *snake's lair*; -BEÐSELDR, *gold*; -GARÐR, m. = ormagarðr (G. lét hann kasta í ormgarð); -LIGR, a. fig. *sly, cunning*.

ORMR (-S, -AR), m. *snake, serpent*.

ORMS-BIT, n. *snake-bite*; -TUNGA, f. *snake's tongue*, a nickname.

ORNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to warm*; o. sér, *to warm oneself* (lát hann o. sér ok fari síðan til sels); impers., ornar e-m, *one gets warm*; (2) *to get warm* (svá tekr brunnrinn at o.).

ORRI, m. *heathcock*.

ORROSTA, f. *battle*.

ORROSTU-LAUST, adv. *without battle*; -LOK, n. pl. *issue, end of a battle*; -MAÐR, m. *warrior*; -SLÖG, n. pl. *battles*; -STAÐR, m. *battle-place*.

OSS-, poss. pron. *our*, = várr (at vilja ossum, í hendr ossar, etc.).

OST-HLEIFR, m. *a cheese*; -HLUTR, m. *slice of cheese*; -KISTA, f. *cheese-press*.

OSTR (-S, -AR), m. *cheese*.

OSTRA, f. *oyster*.

OTA (AÐ), v. *to push*, with dat.; o. sér fram, *to thrust oneself forward* (Þórir otar sér fram milli manna).

OTR (gen. OTRS, pl. OTRAR), m. *otter*.

OTR-BELGR, m. *otter-skin*; -GJÖLD, n. pl., poet. *gold*; -HUNDR, m. *otter-hound*.

OXA-HÖFUÐ, n. *head of an ox*.

OXI (pl. ØXN), m. *ox* = uxi.

Ó

ó-, the negative prefix *un-*. See 'ú-'.

ó, interj. *oh!* (ó! góðir menn!)

óast (að), v. refl. *to dread, fear, be afraid* (óumk ek aldrigi).

óða-far, n. *hurry* (í -fari).

óðal (pl. óðul), n. *ancestral property, patrimony, inheritance* (in land); *family homestead*; *native place*; flýja óðul sín, *to abandon one's home, go into exile*.

óðal-borinn, pp. (1) *born possessor of an* 'óðal'; (2) *entitled to* (til e-s) *by birth*; -jörð, f. *native country*.

óðals-borinn, pp. = óðalborinn; -jörð, f. = óðaljörð; -maðr, m. *allodial owner*; sannr -maðr til Noregs, *rightful heir of Norway*.

óðal-torfa, f. *patrimony, heritage*.

óða-stormr, m. *violent gale*; -straumr, m. *violent current*; -veðr, n. = -stormr; -verkr, m. *violent pain*.

óð-fluga, a. indecl. *with violent speed*; -fúsi, -fúss, a. *madly eager*.

óð-indæla, f. *embarrassment, trouble*; -indæll, a. *unmanageable, difficult to deal with*.

óðinn (dat. óðni), m. *Odin*.

óðins-dagr, m. *Wednesday*.

óðlast (að), v. refl. *to get possession of*, see 'öðlast'.

óð-látr, a. *headstrong, impatient*; -liga, a. *vehemently, impatiently*; -lundaðr, a. *rash, headstrong*; -málugr, a. *speaking violently, excited*.

óðr (óð, ótt), a. (1) *mad, frantic*; ó. maðr, *madman*; (2) *furious, vehement, eager* (váru þeir synir Ósvífrs óðastir á þetta mál); e-m er ótt, *one is eager, impatient* (hann kallaði sér þó ótt um ferðina); ótt, as adv. *vehemently* (þeir reiddu ótt sverðin ok hjuggu títt); Flosi fór at engu óðara en hann væri heima, *Flosi behaved as calmly as if he were at home*.

óðr, m. (1) *mind, feeling*; (2) *song, poetry*; óðar smiðr, *poet*.

óðum, adv. *rapidly*, = ótt; see the adj. 'óðr'.

óð-viðri, n. *violent gale*, = ofviðri; -virki, a. *frantic with pain* (-virki af beinverkjum).

ó-freski, f. *second sight*.

ó-freskr, a. *endowed with second sight, able to see supernatural beings*.

ófrýn-liga, adv., -ligr, a., see 'úfrýnliga, úfrýn-ligr'.

ógn, f. (1) *dread, terror*; stendr ó. af e-m, *one inspires terror* (þótti honum lítil ó. af þeim standa); (2) esp. pl. 'ógnir', *threats, menaces* (með bliðmælum ok ógnum); (3) gen. ógnar-, prefixed as adv. *awfully* (ógnar-breiðr, -digr, -mikill).

ógn, f. poet. *river*; ógnar ljómi, *gold*.

ógna (að), v. (1) *to threaten*, with dat. (þér hafit öðrum ógnat); with double dat., ó. e-m e-u, *to threaten one with a thing* (eldrinn ógnaði bráðum bruna allri hans eign); (2) refl., ógnast e-t, *to fear, stand aghast at a thing*.

ógnan, f. *threatening, menaces*.

ógnar-boð, n. *dreadful message*; -erendt, n. = -boð; -geisli, m. *dreadful ray*; -hlutir, m. *formidable thing*; -laust, adv. *without terror*; -ligr, a. *awful, terrible*; -mál, n. pl. *menacing words*; -orð, n. pl. *menacing words*; -raust, f.

dreadful voice.

ÓGN-HVATR, a. *brave in danger*.

ÓGUR-LEIKR, m. *awfulness*; -LIGA, adv. *awfully*; -LIGR, a. *awful, terrible*.

ÓL (pl. -AR), *strap*, = ál.

ÓLAFS-MESSA, -VAKA, f. *St. Olaf's day* (July 29 or Aug. 3).

ÓLGA, f. *swell, swelling* (sævar ó.).

ÓLM-LIGA, adv. *furiously, savagely*; -LIGR, a. = ólmr.

ÓLMR, a. *savage, furious* (ó. hundr).

ÓLPA, f. a kind of *outer cloak*.

ÓLPU-MAÐR, m. *a cloaked man*.

ÓMUN, f. *sound, voice* (heitir ok rödd ó.); ó. þverr, *my voice fails me*.

ÓN, f. = ván (ón es þess engi).

ÓP, n. (1) *shout, shouting, crying* (þá varð óp mikit at lögbergi ok úhljóð); (2) *weeping, crying* (sló síðan ópi á barnit).

ÓR, prep. with dat. (1) *out of, from*; tekinn ór jörðu, *taken out of the earth*; vakna ór svefni, *to wake out of sleep*; Ísland bygðist ór Noregi, *from Norway*; ór Mön, *from the Isle of Man*; er þá bar ór hafi, *from the* sea; spyrja ór kaupstefnu, *to ask news from the market*; hús ór húsi, *from house to house*; ráðast ór hernaði, *to leave off freebooting*; (2) denoting the substance of which a thing is made, of, out of; ór Ymis holdi var jörð um sköpuð, *out of Y.'s flesh the earth was made*, hjölt ór gulli, *a golden hilt*; (3) *out of, from among* (þessir féllu ór liði Haralds); (4) denoting cause; deyja ór sárum, sótt, *to die of wounds, sickness*; (5) *beyond*; svá mikill snjór, at þat var ór dœnum, *beyond exaniple, unexampled*; ór hófi, *beyond measure*; þurru mjök vinsældir hans ór því sem vóru, *his popularily dwindled from what it had been*; (6) ór því, *after* (nú skal segja, hvat gørðist ór því F. var í burtu farinn); (7) absol., hann skar ór spjótit, *he cut the spear clean through*.

ÓRA (-ÐA), v. *to rave, wrangle* (órir gestr við gest).

ÓRA-FERÐ, f. *mad undertaking*; -MAÐR, m. *madman*; -MÁL, n. *mad talk*.

ÓRAR, f. *or* m. pl. (1) *fits of madness, craziness* (hón bar eigi óra í augum); hann gørði sér órar, *he feigned insanity*; (2) *wild fancies* (órar þær, er sjá maðr ferr með).

ÓR-BJARGA, a. indecl. *helpess*, = ørbjarga; -DAUÐR, a. *extinct, quite dead*; -FŒRI, n. *expedient, choice* (hann sá ekki -fœri sitt annat); -HÓF, n. = -óf; -KOLA, a. indecl. = ørkola; -KOSTA, f. *means, supplies* (deyja frá allri-kostu); -KOSTR, m. *means, resources*; -LAUSN, f. (1) *answer, reply, solution* (engi spyrr þeirra hluta, er eigi kann hann -lausn); -lausn allra spurninga, *solution of all questions*; (2) *release from a difficulty, help*; -LAUSS, a. *free, disengaged*; -LOF, n., see 'orlof'; -ÓF, n. = -hóf, *immense quantity, countless number* (-óf lausafjár); -ófi vetra áðr væri jörð sköpuð, *numberless winters ere the earth was fashioned*; -RÁÐ, -RÆÐI, n. *expedient, help* (hvert -ræði viltu veita mér?).

ÓRSKURÐAR-MAÐR, m. *umpire, arbitrator* (þeir tóku G. til -manns).

ÓR-SKURÐR, m. (1) *decision*; veita -skurð um e-t, *to decide a question*; (2) *opinion* (vil ek heyra fleiri manna -skurð um þetta mál); -SLIT, n. pl. *final decision* (hann veitti engi -slit); -VÖL, n. pl. *refuse, what is left over*.

ÓSK, f. *wish*; yðr gengr allt at óskum, *everything succeeds to your wishes*.

ÓSKA-BYRR, m. *a fair wind to* one's *heart's content*; -SONR, m. *adopted son*; -VEL, adv. *just as one wishes, exceedingly*

well.

ÓSK-BARN, -BERNI, n. *adopted child*; -MÆR, f. *chosen maid*; -MÖGR, m. = óskasonr, *beloved son*.

ÓS-MYNNI, n. *mouth of an estuary*.

ÓSS (gen. ÓSS, pl. ÓSAR), m. (1) *mouth or outlet of a river or lake* (Danubius fellr með sjau ósum til sjófar); (2) *fountain-head* (at ósi skal á stemma).

ÓST, f., ÓSTR, m. *throat*, = hóstr (hann var lostinn öru í óstinn).

ÓSVIFT, a. n., see 'úsvift'.

ÓTTA, f. *the last part of the night*.

ÓTTA-BOLÐ, n. *feelng, afraid, fear, anxiety*; -BRAGÐ, n. *an air of being afraid*; -FENGINN, -FULLR, a. *terrified*; -LAUSS, a. *fearless* (verit øruggir ok -lausir); -LAUST, *not to be feared, without danger* (var þar þá allt -laust); -LIGR, a. *fearful, terrible*; -MIKILL, a. *full of fear*; þá gørðist -mikit með Böglum, *the B. were much afraid*; -SAMLIGR, a. = -ligr; -SLEGINN, pp. *terror-stricken*.

ÓTTAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to fear* (ó. e-n); ó. at sér, um sik, *to be anxious (concerned) about oneself*.

ÓTTI, m. (1) *fear, dread*; svá var þeim öllum mikill ó. at honum, *they were all so much afraid of him*; (2) *a cause of fear, dreadful thing* (ó. var at sjá í augu honum, ef hann var reiðr).

ÓTTU-SÖNGR, m. *matins*.

ÓTTUSÖNGS-MÁL, n. *the time of matins*; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. *prayers at matins*.

P

PADDA, f. *toad* (froskar ok pöddur).

PAÐREIMR, m. *the hippodrome in Constantinople*.

PAKKI, m. *pack, bundle*.

PAKTA-ÖLD, f. *the cycle of* epacts.

PALATA, f. = polota.

PALLA-LOFSÖNGR, -SÁLMI, m. '*psalm of degrees*'; -SÖNGR, m. *gradual*.

PALLR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *step*, = gráda; (2) *the raised-floor along the sides of the hall*, = 'lang-pallar'; (3) *a cross dais at the upper end of the hall*, 'þverpallr, hápallr'.

PALLS-HORN, n. *the corner of the raised floor*.

PALL-STOKKR, m. *beam at the edge of the* 'pallr'; -STRÁ, n. pl. *straw spread on the* 'pallr'.

PANTR (-S, -AR), m. *pledge, pawn*.

PANZARI, m. *coat of mail*.

PAPI, m. (1) *Irish or Culdee monk or hermit*; (2) *pope*.

PAR, n. (1) *pair*; tvenn pör skœða, *two pair of shoes*; (2) *paring, scrap*.

PARADÍS, f. *paradise*.

PARTA (AÐ), v. *to part, divide*.

PARTERA (AÐ), v. (1) = parta; (2) *to give a part of* (p. e-m e-t).

PARTERAN, f. *division*.

PARTR (-S, -AR), m. *part, share*.

PAST, n. *food*, = áta; in the phrase, liggja á pasti, *to be sucking the blood out of the prey*.

PATI, m. *rumour*, = kvittr.

PAUSA (AÐ), v. *to marry*, = púsa.

PÁ or PÁI, m. *peacock*, a nickname.

PÁFA-BANN, n. *papal ban*; -DÓMR, m. *papacy, papal see*; -DŒMI, n. *papacy, papal see*; -GARÐR, m. *the papal residence*; -LIGR, a. *popish, papal*; -STÓLL, m. the papal chair; -SÆTI, n. = -dómr.

PÁFI, m. *pope*.

PÁ-FUGL, m. *peacock*.

PÁLL (-S, -AR), m. a kind of *hoe or spade* (páll ok reka).

PÁLMA-DAGR, m. *Palm Sunday*.

PÁLMARI, m. *palmer, pilgrim*.

PÁLMI, PÁLMR, m. *palm-tree*.

PÁLM-SUNNA, f., -SUNNUDAGR, m. *Palm Sunday*; -VIÐR, m. *palm-wood, palm-tree*.

PÁL-STAFR, m. a kind of *heavy missile*.

PÁSKA-APTANN, m. *Easter-eve*; -DAGR, m. *Easter-day*; -FRIÐR, m. *Easter-peace*; -HALD, n. the keeping of Easter; -HELGI, f. *Easter-tide*.

PÁSKAR, m. pl. *Easter*.

PÁSKIR, f. pl. *Easter*.

PÁSKA-VIKA, f. *Easter-week*; -VIST, f. *stay during Easter*; -ÖLD, f. *the Paschal Cycle*.

PEÐ-MÁT, n. *checkmate with* a pawn.

PELL, n. a kind of *costly stuff*.

PELLS-KLÆÐI, n. *garment, clothes of* 'pell'; -SKIKKJA, f. *cloak of* 'pell'.

PENINGR, PENNINGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *a piece of property, article* (hann skipar upp gózit, var þar hverr p. valinn í); (2) *coin, money* (enskir penningar); (3) *penny* = 1/10 of an 'eyrir'.

PENTA (AÐ), v. *to paint*.

PENTARI, m. *painter*.

PERSÓNA, f. (1) *person*; (2) *parson*.

PIKKA (AÐ), v. *to pick, prick, stab* (pikkaði sínu sverði á siðunni).

PIKKIS-DAGAR, m. pl. *Whitsuntide*.

PIKTURR, m. *painter*.

PILTR, PILTUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *boy, lad*.

PILZ, n. *fur coat*.

PILZUNGR, m. *short fur coat*.

PIPARR, m. *pepper*.

PIPRA (AÐ), v. *to pepper*.

PISTILL (dat. PISTLI), m. *epistle*.

PÍK, f. *piked staff*, = broddstafr.

PÍKA, f. *girl, lass*.

PÍLA, f. *arrow*, = ör.

PÍLA-GRIMR (-S, -AR), m. *pilgrim*.

PÍLÁRR (-S, -AR), m. *pillar*.

PÍMENT, n. a kind of *spiced wine*.

PÍNA, f. (1) *fine* (undir pínu tólf aura gjalds); (2) *torment, torture*.

PÍNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to punish*; (2) *to torment, torture* (á krossi píndr).

PÍNING, f. (1) *torture*; (2) *passion*.

PÍNINGAR-SAGA, f. *history of one's martyrdom*; -STAÐR, m. = píslarstaðr; -VÁTTR, m. *a martyr*; -VÆTTI, n. *martyrdom*.

PÍNSL, f. *torture, passion*, = písl.

PÍPA, f. (1) *pipe, tube*; drekka af pípu, *to drink through a quill*; (2) *pipe*, as a musical instrument (þar vóru bumbur barðar ok pípur blásnar).

PÍPARI, m. *piper*.

PÍPNA-HLJÓMR, m. *the sound of pipes*.

PÍSL, f. = pínsl, píning.

PÍSLAR-DAGR, m. *passion-day*; -FŒRI, n. *instrument of torture*; -MARK, n. *the sign or symbol of the cross*; -SAGA, f. = píningarsaga; -STAÐR, m. *place of torment*; -TÍÐ, f. *time of passion*; -TRÉ, n. '*passion-tree*', *the cross*; -VÁTTR, m. *martyr*; -VÆTTI, n. *martyrdom*.

PJAKKA (AÐ), v. *to pick, prick* (ef þú pjakkar broddinum á hallinn).

PLAGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to cultivate*; (2) *to treat, entertain* (vel plagaðir í mat ok drykk); (3) *to be used, wont*.

PLAGG, n. *luggage* (hann bar vápn þeirra okönnur piögg).

PLAGGA-MARGR, a. *having much luggage* (ekki er ek -margr).

PLANTA (AÐ), v. *to plant*.

PLATA, f. *plate, plate armour*.

PLÁGA, f. *severe chastisement*.

PLÁNA (AÐ), v. *to efface, blot out*.

PLÁSTR, m. *plaster*.

PLÁZ, n. *place, spot*.

PLOKKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pluck* (tók Randvér hauk sinn ok plokkaði af fjaðrarnar); fig., p. e-t af e-m, *to pluck it out of one*; (2) *to plunder*.

PLÓG-JÁRN, n. *plough-iron, ploughshare*; -KARL, m. *ploughman*.

PLÓGR (-S, -AR), m. *plough*.

PLÓGS-LAND, n. *plough-land*.

PLÓMA, f. *plum*.

PLŒGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to plough*.

POKI, m. *poke, bag, sack*.

POLLR (-S, -AR), m. *pool, pond*.

POLOTA, f. *the emperor's palace* in Constantinople.

POLOTU-SVARF, n. '*palace-scouring*' (in order to pick up valuables).

PORT, n. *gate*; -HÚS, n. *brothel*; -KONA, f. harlot; -LÍFÍ, n. prostitution.

POSI, m. *little bag* = poki.

POSTOLA-DÓMR, m. *apostleship*; -KIRKJA, f. *an apostle's church*; -MESSA, f. *mass of an apostle*.

POSTOLI, m. *apostle*.

POSTOLIGR, a. *apostolic*.

POTTR (-S, -AR), m. *pot*.

PRÁMR, m. *a flat-bottomed boat*.

PRÉDIKA (AÐ), v. *to preach*.

PRÉDIKAN, f. *preaching*.

PRÉDIKARA-BRÓÐIR, m. *Dominican friar*; -KLAUSTR, n., -LIFNAÐR, m. *Domini-*

can convent, order.

PRÉDIKARI, m. (1) *preacher*; (2) *Dominican friar*.

PRESENTA (AÐ), v. *to present* (gersimar at presenta kominginum).

PRESENTA, f. *present*.

PRESTA-DÓMR, m. *ecclesiastical court*; -FÁTT, n. *scarcity of priests*; -SPÍTAL, n., -SPÍTALI, m. *infirmary for priests*; -STEFNA, f. *conference of priests*.

PREST-BORÐ, n. *a priest's board or maintenance*; -KAUP, n. *a priest's salary*; -KONA, f. *a priest's wife*; -LINGR, m. *theological student preparing for orders*; -MAÐR, m. *clergyman, priest*.

PRESTR (-S, -AR), m. *priest*.

PREST-SETR, n. *priest's residence*; -SKAPR, m. *priesthood*.

PRESTS-STÉTT, f. *the priestly order, priesthood*; -TÍUND, f. *priest's tithe*; -VÍGSLA, f. *ordination of a priest*.

PREST-VIST, f. *maintenance of a priest* (ek lagða fé til -vistar).

PRETTA (AÐ), v. *to cheat, deceive* (ekki skal ek p. yðr í þessu kaupi).

PRETTA-FULIR, a. *deceitful, tricky*; -LAUSS, a. *guileless, without deceit*.

PRETTÓTTR, a. = prettafullr.

PRETTR (-S, -AR), m. *trick, deceit, fraud* (með flærð ok prettum).

PRETT-VÍSI, f. *deceitfulness, craftiness*; -VÍSLIGA, adv. *deceitfully*; -VÍSLIGR, a., -VÍSS, a. *deceitful, crafty, wily* (ágjarn ok -víss).

PRIM-SIGNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to 'primesign'* (a religious act, preliminary to christening); -SIGNAN, -SIGNING, f. *'prima signatio', marking with the sign of the cross*.

PRÍM, n. (1) *new moon*; (2) = prími.

PRÍMA-MÁL, n. *the time of prime*.

PRÍMI, m. *prime, six o'clock a. m.*

PRÍSA (AÐ), v. *to praise*.

PRÍSA (AÐ), v. *to press, torture*.

PRÍSS, m. *state, pomp* (þeir sigldu þá með prís miklum).

PRÍSUND, f. *prison* (setja í p.).

PRÓF, n. (1) *proof, evidence*; (2) *ordeal, trial* (of a fact).

PRÓFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to try* (p. má ek þetta); (2) *to examine* (p. sök, mil); (3) *to find out*; ef ek prófa þetta sannindi, *if find this to be true*; (4) *to prove (by evidence)*.

PRÓFAN, f. *trial, inquiry*.

PRÓFAST-DŒMI, n. *district of a prevost, provostship*.

PRÓFASTR (-S, -AR), m. *provost*.

PRÓVENDA, -VENTA, f. (1) *prebend* (for the maintenance of a church or charitable institution); (2) *surrender of real property for maintenance*.

PRÚÐ-LEIKR, m. *show, ornament*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *in a stately manner, magnificently*; (2) *manfully*; -LIGR, a. *magnificent* (-lig veizla).

PRÚÐR, a. *stately, magnificent, fine*.

PRÝÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to adorn, ornament, make beautiful*.

PRÝÐI, f. (1) *ornament, pomp*; (2) *gallantry, bravery* (falla með p. ok orðstir); -LIGA, adv. *finely, nobly, bravely* (Erlingr varðist -liga); -LIGR, a. *magnificent* (-lig veizla).

PUND, n. (1) *pound* (= 24 'marks' or 12 lbs.); (2) *pound = two 'marks'*.

PUNDARI, m. *steelyard*.

PUNGR, m. *small bag, pouch, purse*.

PUNKTA, PUNKTERA (AÐ), v. *to dot*.

PUNKTR, m. (1) *point*; (2) *nick of time* (í þann punkt); (3) *point, case*.

PURPURA-GULL, n. *red gold*; -LITR, m. *purple colour*; -PELL, n. *costly stuff*.

PURPURI, m. *purple*; also *costly stuff*

(purpura-hökull hvítr).

PURPUR-LIGR, a. *purple* (-ligr hringr).

PUTT, interj. *pish, pshaw*.

PÚKI, m. *devil, fiend*.

PÚSA (AÐ), v. (1) *to espouse, marry*; (2) *to give in marriage to* (p. e-a e-m).

PÚSS, m. *small bag*, = pungr.

PÚSTR (gen. -RS, pl. -RAR), m. *box on the ear* (konungr sló hana p.).

PÚTA, f. *harlot*, = portkona.

PÚTNA-HÚS, n. *brothel*.

PÚTU-BARN, n., -SONR, m. *whoreson*.

PYNDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to compel by brute force* (p. e-n til e-s).

PYNDING (pl. -AR), f. *extortion, tyranny* (pyndingar ok kúgan).

PYTTR, m. *pit, pool, cesspool*.

R

RABBA (AÐ), v. *to babble, prate*.

RADDAÐR, pp. *having a voice of a certain tone* (vel, illa r.).

RADDAR-GREIN, f. ARTICULATION; -STAFR, m. *vowel*; -TÓL, n. *organ of speech*.

RADD-LIT, n. *band of singers*; -MAÐR, m. *a man with (great) vocal powers*.

RAF, n. *amber*; -BAND, n. *necklace of amber beads*.

RAFR (pl. -IR), m. *the amber-like fat and fins of a halibut*.

RAGGATAR-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *shaggy clothes*. Cf. 'rögg'.

RAG-MENNSKA, f. *cowardice*; -MÆLI, n. *ignominious calumny, charging one with* ragmennska.

RAGNA (AÐ), v. *to imprecate, invoke upon one* (r. e-t at e-m).

RAGNA-, gen. from 'regin'; -RÖK, n. pl. *the doom or destruction of the gods*; *the last day, the end of the world*; -RØKKR, n. *the twilight of the gods, world's end*.

RAGR, a. (1) *craven, cowardly* (bið þú þá, ef þú ert eigi r.); (2) *emasculate, effeminate*; = argr (þegi þú, rög vættr).

RAG-SKAPR, m. (1) *dastardliness, cowardice*; (2) *vile effeminacy*.

RAK, n. *wick of a candle*.

RAK, n.; pl. RÖK, *rakings of hay*.

RAKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to sweep away* (G. rakaði mýinu brott með hendi sinni); (2) *to rake* (r. hey, ljá, töðu); r. upp hey, *to rake it up into cocks* (tók hón eigi at r. upp, þótt þat væri mælt); r. saman fé, *to rake money together*; (3) *to shave* (r. sik, r. skegg sitt).

RAK-HLAUP, n. *a straight run*.

RAKKA-HJÖRTR, m. poet. *'parrel-hart,' ship*; -VÍG, n. *dog fight*.

RAKKI, m. (1) *dog*; (2) naut., *parrel*.

RAKK-LÁTR, a. *bold, brave*; -LÆTI, n. *boldness, courage*.

RAKKR, a. *erect* (þú heldr nökkuru rakkara halanum en fyrir stundu).

RAK-LEIÐ, f. *a straight course* (fara -leið norðr til Björgynjar); -LEITT, a. n. *straight, direct* (þeir sigldu -leitt norðr til bœjarins).

RAKNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to be unwound, unwind itself* (þráðrinn raknaði af hörhnoða); láta r. hendr sínar af e-u, *to loosen one's grasp of*; (2) *to be paid back, restored, discharged* (enda verða at r. leigurnar allar fyrst); láta e-t r., *to give it up*; (3) r. við, *to recover one's senses, come to oneself* (þorsteinn raknaði skjótt við).

RAMM-AUKINN, pp. *very powerful* (as a wizard); -BYGÐR, pp. *strong-built*; -BYGGILIGA, adv. *strongly*; -GÖRR, a. *strong-built, very strong*; -HUGATR, a. *strong of mind*; -LIGA, adv. *strongly* (binda -liga); -LIGR, a. strong (-ligr skíðgarðr).

RAMMR, a. (1) *strong*, of bodily strength (r. at afli); við ramman er reip at draga, *it is pulling a rope against a strong man*; (2) *mighty, powerful* (rammar vættir); (3) *bitter, biting*, opp. to 'sœtr'.

RAMM-SKIÞAÐR, pp. *strongly manned*.

RANG-DŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to judge unjustly*; -DŒMI, n. *unjust sentence*; -EYGR, a. *squint-eyed*; -FENGINN, pp. *got by iniquity, wrongly got*.

RANGINDI, n. pl. *unfair dealings, injus-*

tice (gøra, þola, rangindi); með rangindum, *wrongfully*.

RANG-LÁTR, a. *unrighteous, unjust*; -LEIKR, m. = -læti; -LIGA, adv. *wrongly*; -LIGR, a. *wrong, unjust*; -LÆTI, n. *injustice, unrighteousness* (illgirni ok ranglæti).

RANGLÆTIS-MAÐR, m. *unrighteous man*; -VERK, n. *unjust deed*.

RANGR, a. (1) *wry, crooked*, opp. to rétr'; (2) *wrong* (telja þat rangt, er rétt et, en þat rétt er rangt er); neut. 'rangt', as adv. *wrongly, in a wrong way* (stefna rangt); at röngu, með röngu, *wrongfully*.

RANG-SÁTTR, a. *disagreeing, at variance*; -SEMI, f. *unrighteousness*; -SETTR, pp. *misplaced*; -SNÚA (see SNÚA), v. (1) *to distort, pervert*; (2) *to misrepresent*; -SÝNI, f. *wrong view*; -SÝNN, a. *erring in judgment*; -SŒLIS, adv. *against the sun*, = and-sœlis (nú gengr Þ. -sœlis um bœinn); -SŒRI, n. *false oath, perjury*; -TRÚAÐR, a. *heretic*; -TURNA (AÐ), v. = -snúa; -VIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to misjudge*; -VIRÐING, f. *wrong judgment*.

RANI, m. (1) *snout* (of a hog, snake); (2) *the point of a* 'svínfylking'.

RANN, n. *large house* (margt er þat í karls húsi, er eigi er í konungs ranni).

RANN-SAK, n. *ransacking*.

RANN-SAKA (AÐ), v. *to ransack, search* (-saka bœ, herbergi, hirzlur); -saka liðit, *to muster the troops*; -SAKAN, -SÓKN, f. *ransacking* (for stolen goods).

RAPTA-BULUNGR, m. *pile of rafters*.

RAPTR (-S, -AR), v. (1) *log* (Þórir þreif einn rapt ór eldinum); (2) esp. pl. *the rafters of a roof*.

RAS, n. *impetuosity, hurry* (þegar eigi er of mikit ras á þér).

RASA (AÐ), v. (1) *to rush on headlong* (sliks er mér ván, þú fórt rasandi mjök); r. fyrir ráð fram, *to blunder grievously*; (2) *to stumble* (hestr rasaði undir honum).

RASKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to disturb, disarrange* (þótti henni heldr raskat um hýbýli sín); (2) *to violate, encroach upon* (hann hegndi hart allt þat er guðs rétti var raskat).

RASKÓTTR, a. *rough* (of weather).

RASS, m. posteriors, = ars; -GÖRN, f. í the great gut; -RAGR, a. sodomitic.

RATA (AÐ), v. (1) *to travel, roam*; r. viða, *to travel far* (vits er þörf, þeim er víða ratar); fig., r. í e-t, *to fall into* (misfortune); ek hefi ratat í vandræði míkit, *I have fallen into a great strait*; (2) *to meet wilh find*, with acc. (laxa skulu vér veiða, ef vér rötum eigi sauðina); *to find the way* (ok ratar hann harðla stóra fjallvegu); (3) *to collapise, fall down* (grjótbjörg gnata, en gífr rata).

RATI, m. the name of Odin's *gimlet*.

RAUÐA, f. (1) *yolk of an egg*; (2) *red colour*; (3) *blood*.

RAUÐA-BLÁTSTR, m. *smelting of red iron ore* (raudi).

RAUÐA-GALINN, pp. *stark-mad*; -VÍKINGR, m. *great pirate*.

RAUÐ-ÁLFR, m. *red elf*; -BLEIKR, a. *reddish-yellow*; -BRÚNAÐR, pp., -BRÚNN, a. *reddish-brown*; -DROPÓTTR, a. *red-spotted, speckled with red*; -DÝRI, n. *red deer*; -EYGÐR, -EYGR, a. *red-eyed*; -FELDR, m. *red cloak*, a nickname; -FLEKKÓTTR, a. *flecked (spotted) with red*; -FREKNÓTTR, a. *red-freckled*; -GULR, a. *reddish-yellow*; -HÁRR, a., -HÆÐR, a. *red-haired*.

RAUÐI, m. *bog iron ore*; blása rauða, *to smelt iron ore*.

RAUÐKÁPU-MAÐR, m. *the man in the red cloak* (þeir heilsuðu -manni).

RAUÐ-KEMBINGR, m. *a fabulous whale*;

-KINNI, -KINNR, m. a kind of *bear*; -KLÆDDR, pp. *clad in red*; -LEITR, *ruddy* (of the face); -LITA (AÐ), v. *to dye red*; -LITR, a. *reddish*.

RAUÐR, a. *red*; jarl setti þá rauðan (= varð r.) sem blóð, *the earl turned red as blood*; snýta rauðu, *to bleed at the nose*; r. víkingr = rauðavíkingr.

RAUÐ-SKEGGJAÐR, a. *red-bearded*.

RAUF (pl. -AR), f. *hole, rent*; Flosi hugði at handklæðinu, ok var þat raufar einar, *it was all in rags*.

RAUFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to break up, open* (r. til bagga); r. seyði, *to break up the (cooking) fire*; r. brjóst e-m, *to cut the breast open*; (2) *to pierce, make holes in* (skeytum raufaðr).

RAUFA (AÐ), v. *to rob, plunder* (Vindr lögðust á valinn ok raufuðu).

RAUFARI, m. *robber*.

RAUFAR-STEINN, m. *a stone with a hole in it* (r. var bundinn við hálsinn).

RAUFÖTTR, a. *riddled with holes*.

RAUKN, n. pl. *beasts of burthen*; *steeds* (r. bitluð).

RAUMR, m. *big and ugly þerson*.

RAUMSKA (AÐ), v. *to begin to wake*.

RAUN, f. (1) *trial, test* (S. konungr sagði, at bann vildi at vísu, at málit fœri til raunar); (2) *trial, grief* (ef þú vissir, hve míkla r. ek hefi af þessu); (3) *trial of courage, strait, danger* (ef vér komum í nökkura r., sjáum þá, ef ek stend at baki öðrum); (4) *experience*; at minni r., *to my experience*; r. verðr á e-u, *it is proved by experience* (hann var binn mesti fullhugi, sem opt höfðu raunir á orðit); r. berr vitni, *it turns out, proves* (ei bar r. svá vitni, at hann hefði undan skotizt); berr r. á = r. berr vitni (sagði þeim svá hugr um, sem siðarr bar r. á); koma (komast) at raunum um, *to ascertain, make sure of, get to know* (nú em ek at raunum komin um þat, er mik hefir lengi grunat); (5) *proof* (þú mant sjálfr gefa þér r., hverr þú ert); (6) *reality*; gen. 'raunar' as adv. *really, indeed* (B. vildi gøra sætt við Knút konung, en þar bjuggu raunar svik undir).

RAUNAR-LAUST, adv. *without proof or trial*; -STEFNA, f. *a summons to try a point of law*; -STUND, f., -TÍMI, m. *time of trial*.

RAUN-DIGR, a. *very thick*; -DRJÚGR, a. *solid*; -ILLR, a. very *bad*; -LITT, adv. *very little indeed, very poorly*; -MJÖK, adv. *very much*; -TREGR, a. *very unwilling*; -VEL, adv. *very well indeed*; -ŒFR, a. *very vehement*; -ØRUGGR, a. *quite steadfast* or *reliable*.

RAUP, n. *boasting, vaunting*.

RAUS, n. *much talk, verbiage*.

RAUSA (AÐ), v. *to talk loud and fast*.

RAUSN, f. *magnificence, splendour, great state* (konungr hafði mikla r. um jólin).

RAUSN, f. *forecastle* (aptr frá stafninum á til austrrúms var kallat á r.).

RAUSNAR-BÚ, n. *great estate*; -KONA, f. *magnificent lady*; -LIGA, adv. *magnificently*; -MAÐR, m. *magnificent man*; -RÁÐ, n. *great means*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *grandly, magnificently*; -SAMLIGR, a. *grand, magnificent*; -VERK, n. *great deed*.

RAUSN-SAMR, a. *magnificent*.

RAUST (pl. -IR), f. *voice* (fagrar raustir syngjandi manna); kveða við r., *to recite or sing loudly*; renna raustum, *to sing*.

RAUTA (AÐ), v. *to roar*.

RÁ (gen. RÁR, pl. RÁR), f. *sail-yard*.

RÁ, f. *roe* (cf. 'rábukkr').

RÁ, f. (1) *corner, nook* (rá er hyrning húss); (2) *berth in a ship* (skammar 'ro skips rár).

RÁ-BUKKR, m. *roe-buck*.

RÁÐ, n. (1) *counsel, advice*; H. bað hann r. á leggja, *H. asked his advice*; leggja e-t til ráðs með e-m, *to advise one*; bera r. sín saman, *to consult together*; hafa r. e-s, *to follow one's advice* (þá væri hann vitr, ef hann hefði yður ráð); fara fram ráðum e-s, *to act upon one's advice* (skaltu mínum ráðum fram fara); eiga r. við e-n, *to take counsel with one* (átti jarl þá r. við menn sína); gøra r. fyrir e-u, *to expect, look out for a thing*; leita ráða við e-n, *to seek counsel from one* (leitar jarl ráða við lenda menn); gefa ráð til, *to give one a counsel* (hann gaf þatr ráð til, at); (2) *expedient, means* (hitta, kunna r. til e-s); sjá mun ek r. til þess, *I can see help for that*; (3) *resolved action, plan*; gøra r. sitt, *to form a plan*; gøra e-t at ráði, *to resolve* (var þetta at ráði gørt); taka til ráðs, til ráða, *to adopt a plan* (hvat skulu vit nú til ráða taka); (4) *wise counsel, what is advisable*; Illugi kvað þat ekki r., *I said it was not advisable*; vera til ráðs, til ráða, *to be advisable*; hvat er nú til ráða, *what is now to be done?* verða at ráði, *to succeed, to turn out well* (varð allt at ráði, þat er hann réð mönnum); (5) *consent, will, wish, agreement* (var sú gjöf gör með ráði konungs); at ráði frænda hernnar, *with the consent of her kinsmen*; (6) *authority, command* (vöru öll r. af honum tekin); bera e-n ráðum, *to overrule one*; koma ráði við e-n, *to be able to control* (ek kem trautt ráði við hann); (7) *state of life, condition, lot* (vilda ek bróðir, at þú bœttir r. þitt ok bœðir þér konu); heim skaltu fara ok una vel við r. þitt, *and be content with thy lot*; breyttu þau faðir hans ok móðir ráði sínu ok fóru útan, *they broke up their household and left Iceland*; (8) *marriage, match* (unn frænda þínum góðs ráðs); ek réð ráði hennar fyrri, *I chose a husband for her before*; (9) *councillor* (annat várt hit œzta ráð); (10) *council* (konungrinn ok hans ráð).

RÁÐA (RÆÐ; RÉÐ, RÉÐUM; RÁÐINN), v. (1) *to advise, counsel*, r. e-m e-t (réðu vinir hans honum þat, at hann berðist eigi við þik); r. e-m ráð, *to give one counsel*; (2) *to consult about, discuss*, with dat. (r. landráðum); r. ráðum sínum, *to hold a conference*; (3) *to devise, plan*; þeir ráða atför við Gunnar, *thev plan an onslaught on G.*; réð hón þeim bana, *she plotted that man's death*; (4) *to plot or cause one's death*, = r. e-m bana (þær atluðu, at konungr mundi hafa ráðit hann); Reginn mik réð, *R. betrayed me*; (5) *to agree on*; réðu þeir þat þá með sér, *they settled this among themselves*; (6) *to fix, decide, resolve*, with acc.; ek hefi áðr ráðit brúðlaup mitt, *I have fixed my wedding day*; réðu þeir þá þat at fara ofan til Rangár, *then they* resolved *to ride down to Rang river*; r. e-t til staðar, *to settle, fix definitively*, = staðráða e-t (vil ek finna konung áðr en ek ráða þetta til staðar); (7) *to hire, take into service* (r. skipverja, r. sér hjón); bóndi sagði húsfreyju, at hann hafði Hrapp ráðit með sér, *that he had taken H. into his company*; (8) *to rule, govern*, with dat. (r. landi, ríki; Einarr jarl ráð þá Orkneyjum); (9) *to rule, command, have one's way, prevail, decide, settle* (skal hón sjálf r. hvárt hón vill hann eða eigi); skal r. afl með þeim, *the majority shall decide*; Ólafr bað móður sína. eina r., *to settle the matter alone*; landfall ræðr fyrir sunnan, *makes the boundary towards the south*; with dat., hvárt ræðr þú því, er, *is it your doing that..?*; r. engu, *to have no authority, be of no avail* (orðheill þín skal engu r.); r. landamerkjum, *to*

make the boundary (Hafslœkr réð þar landamerkjum); r. búi sínu, *to conduct, manage one's estate*; hann réð sér sjálfr, *he was independent*; ertu nökkurs ráðandi hér, *have you any authority here?* (10) *to have, possess, be master of, enjoy*; r. fé ok fjörvi, *to enjoy wealth and life*; (11) *to explain, read*; r. gátu, *to read a riddle*; r. draum, *to interpret a dream*; r. e-t at líkindum, *to judge from probabilities* (engar munu fríðari en þínar dœtr, ef at líkindum skal r.); (12) *to read and understand* (r. rúnar, stafi, rit); réð ek þær rúnar, er reist þín systir, *I have read the runes thy sister engraved*; (13) *to punish, chastise*, with dat. (fóstri hans var harðr við hann ok réð honum mjök); (14) *to undertake*; ráða stórt, *to aim high, undertake great* things; (15) periphrastically with an infin., *to do*; ráðumk ganga, *we (I) do go*; hón réð vakna (= hón vaknaði), *she awoke*; þau lög, er hann réð upp at segja, *the laws which he pronounced*; (16) with preps., r. e-t af, *to resolve, make up one's mind* (réð hann þat af at sigla súðr til Danmerkr); *to discontinue, put a stop to* (ek hygg, at Þóroddr ætli nú at af r. hingatkvámur þínar); *to do away with* (þú verðr nú þetta vandræði af at r.); r. e-n af e-u, *to make one leave off* (af hefir þú mik ráðit brekvísi við þik); r. e-u af (e-u), *to get off*; Þ. bað menn taka forka ok r. af skipinu, *to get the ship off, set her afloat*; r. e-n af = r. e-n af lífi, af dögum, *to put out of the way, put to death* (hann kvazt mundu af r. illmenni þessi); r. at e-m, *to attack* (njósnarmenn hlupu upp ok réðu at þeim); r. á e-t, *to set about a thing* (þeir réðu á íshöggit); r. á e-n, *to attack one* (þorðu aldri úvinir hans á hann at r.); r. bót (bœtr) á e-u, *to remedy, make good* (þóttust menn eigi kunna bœtr á þessu r.); r. eptir e-m, *to pursue one*; r. e-n frá e-u, *to deprive one of, exclude one from* (r. e-n frá landi, ríki); r. fyrir e-u, *to command, have authority over, be master of* (r. fyrir skipi, hofi, fé, eldi); r. í e-t, *to guess at, find out* (Gormr konungr réð ekki í þetta); r. móti, í móti e-m, *to attack one* (í móti Kára réð Mörðr); r. e-n ofan, *to overthrow*; r. ór e-u, *to find an expedient, solve a difficulty* (er nú vant ór at r.); r. til e-s, *to rush in upon, attack* (hann reiddi upp øxina ok réð til Þórvarðs); *to take to (set about) a thing, try, make an attempt*; S. kom fótum undir sik, ok réð til í annat sinn, *and tried again the second time*; ok er nú til at r., ef þér vilit, *now is the time for action, if you are willing*; skal r. til árinnar eða eigi, *shall we try to pass the river or not?*; r. til orrostu, *to go to battle*; r. til uppgöngu, *to make an ascent*; r. til ferðar, *to start on a journey*; r. skipi til hlunns, *to draw a ship on to land*; r. um e-t, *to dispose of* (megum vér eigi r. um hennar gjaforð); *to deliberate on* (konungr gaf jarli orlof at r. um þetta við menn sina); r. um at gøra e-t, *to be about to do a thing* (hann tók um strenginn ok réð um at fara upp í skipit); r. um við e-n, *to put an end to, finish off* (var Alfr þá kominn ok ætlaði skjótt um at r. við Finnboga); r. e-t *or* e-u undan *e-m, to deprive one of* (hón vildi eigi giptast, því at hón vildi eigi r. fé undan dóttur sinni); r. e-t undir e-n, *to put in the charge of* (þá réðu þeir goðorð sitt undir Rafn); r. e-t upp, *to read up* (þessi sömu bréf lét erkibiskup upp r. í Danmörku); r. við e-n, *to be able to master one* (muntu nú einn við mik r.); r. e-t við sik, *to make up one's mind*; r. yfir e-u, *to rule, govern*; (17) refl., ráðast, *to be resolved,*

settled (eigi mun þetta r. þessu sinni); *to turn out*; réðst mikit mann-fall, *there was a great slaughter*; r. at hjóni, *to hire oneself out, enter service* (réðst hann þá þar at hjóni); r. á, *to come to blows* (svá kom, at þeir ráðast á); r. frá, *to leave*; r. í e-t, *to enter, undertake*; r. í hernað, *to go on warfare*; hann réðst í flokk með þeim, *he joined him self to their company*; r. í braut, *to go away*; r. ór hernaði, *give up, leave off freebooting*; r. til e-s, *to remove to one* (bið Una selja jörð sína ok r. hingat til mín); r. til ferðar með e-m, *to undertake a journey with one*; r. til skips með e-m, *to sail with one*; réðst til allgiptusamliga, *it turned out very happily*; r. um við e-n, *to consult with one* (Pálnatóki réðst um við félaga sína); vel hefir ór ráðizt, *things have turned out well*.

RÁÐA-BIÐ, n. *short stay* (Asa tók við Þórði á -bið); -BÓT, n. *bettering of one's condition*; -BREYTNI, f. *change in one's life or condition*; -BROT, n. pl. *plans*; -FÁTT, a. n. *lacking counsel, at one's wit's ends* (þeim varð ekki -fátt); -GØRÐ, f. *plan, design* (töluðu þeir leyniliga -gørð sína); hafa áhyggjur ok -gørðir, *to make plans*.

RÁÐAGØRÐA-MAÐR, m. *a man of many devices* (mikill, lít ill, -maðr).

RÁÐA-HAGR, m. (1) *state of life, condition* (eyðist fé fyrir þeim, ok gørist -hagrinn úhœgr); *way of life* (nú vil ek breyta ráðahag okkrum); (2) *marriage* (þér mun kostr -hags við Sigríði systur mína); -KONA, f. *housekeeper*; -KOSTR, m. = -hagr; -LAUSS, a. *shiftless, helpless*; -LEITAN, f. *asking in marriage*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *influential man* (Birgir var hinn þriði mestr -maðr ílandinu); (2) *manager, steward (hann* var húskarl Þóris ok ráðamaðr fyrir búi hans).

RÁÐA-RÚM, n. = ráðrúm; -SKORTR, m. *lack of shifts or expedients*; -SKOT, n. *resources*; -STOÐ, f. *help with counsels*; -STOFNAN, -ÆTLAN, f. *plan, project, design*.

RÁÐBANNA-MAÐR, m. = ráðbani.

RÁÐ-BANI, m. *contriver of a person's death*; -DRJÚGR, a. *full of devices*; -FÁR, a. *shiftless, helpless*; -FRÉTTAST, v. refl. *to consult* (af e-m, við e-n); -FÝSI, f. *instigation, exhortation*.

RÁÐGAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to take counsel*.

RÁÐ-GIRNI, f. *ambition*; -GJAFI, m. *counsellor*; -GJARN, a. *ambitious, imperious*; -HAGR, m. = ráðahagr; -HOLLR, a. *giving faithful (good) advice*.

RÁÐIGR, a. = ráðugr.

RÁÐINN, pp. (1) *resolved, determined* (r. til e-s, í e-u); (2) *certain* (þat hygg ek at r. sé úfriðrinn); (3) *clever* (vitr maðr ok r.).

RÁÐ-KRÓKR, m. *shift, contrivance*; -KŒNN, a. *shrewd, shifty*; -LAUSLIGA, adv. *foolishly*; -LAUSS, a. *shiftless, having lost one's head*; -LEGGJA (see LEGGJA), v. *to give advice, advise* (e-m e-t); -LEITINN, a. *shifty, shrewd*; -LEITNI, f. *sagacity*; -LEYSI, n. *shiftlessness, confusion, foolishness*; -LIGA, adv. *cleverly*; -LIGR, a. *advisable*; -MAÐR, m. *counsellor*.

RÁÐNING, f. (1) *interpretation*; (2) *chastisement, rebuke*.

RÁÐ-RÍKR, a. *imperious*; -RÚM, n. *respite for taking counsel*; -SAMR, a. = -ríkr; -SEMI, f. *sagacity*.

RÁÐS-KONA, f. *housekeeper*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *manager of an estate, steward*; (2) *influential man, leader*.

RÁÐ-SNILD, f. *sagacity*; -SNJALLR, a. *wise in counsel, sagacious*; -SNOTR, -SPAKR, a. = -snjallr; -SPEKI, f. *wisdom*; -SPELLA (AÐ), v. *to violate*.

RÁÐSTAFA-LAUSS, a. *unprovided for, homeless*.

RÁÐ-STAFI, m. *home, shelter*; hann kvaðst sét hafa -stafa fyrir honum, *he had provided for him*; -SVINNR, a. = -snjallr.

RÁÐUGR, a. *sagacious, shrewd*.

RÁÐU-LIGR, a. = ráðligr; -NAUTR, m. *counsellor*; -NEYTI, n. *body of cousellors*; *council*.

RÁÐ-VALDR, m. *ruler*; -VANDR, a. *honest, upright*; -VENDI, f. *probity, honesty*; -ÞÆGR, a. *open to advice, pliable* (ráðþægir sínum ráðgjöfum).

RÁF, RÁFR, n. *roof*, = rjáfr, ræfr.

RÁMR, a. *hoarse* (háss ok r.).

RÁN, n. (1) *any unlawful seizure or holding of property*; (2) *robbery, plundering*; (3) *plunder, booty*.

RÁN, f. *goddess of the sea* (R. er nefnd kona Ægis); Ránar dœtr, *the sea-nymphs*; *the waves of the sea*.

RÁN-FENGI, n., -FENGR, m. *booty, plunder* (-fengr Þjaza jötuns).

RÁNS-FÉ, n. *proceeds of plunder*; -FENGR, m. = ránfengr; -FLOKKR, m. *band of highwaymen*; -HÖND, f. *robbing hand* (stela með ránshendi).

RÁN-SKAPR, m. *rapine*.

RÁNS-MAÐR, m. *robber*.

RÁS, f. (1) *race, running* (ek setta hestinn á r.); taka (hafa, hefja) á r., *to take to one's heels, run off* (tók Egill þegar á rás frá bœnum); (2) *course, channel* (um leyniligar jarðarinnar rásir); (3) *company, host* (allar rásir heilagra manna).

RÁS-FIMR, a. *fleet* (of a horse); -HALLR, a. *steeply sloping*.

REFÐI, n. *staff, cudgel*.

REFILL (dat. REFLI, pl. REFLAR), m. *tapestry, hangings*.

REFIL-STIGR, m. *mysterious path*.

REFJUR, f. pl. *cheats, tricks*.

REFJU-SAMR, a. *tricky* (hann var refjusamr í fjárreiðum).

REF-KEILA, f. *she-fox, vixen*.

REFLA (AÐ), v. *to make enquiry*.

REFORMA-SÓTT, f. *ringworm disease*.

REF-ORMR, m. *ringworm*.

REFR (-S, -AR), m. *fox*.

REFSA (AÐ, or -TA, -TR), v. *to punish*, with dat. of the person (r. e-m); with acc. of the thing (r. níðingsverk).

REFSAN, f., REFSING, f. *punishment*.

REFSINGAR-DÓMR, m. *sentence of punishment*; -LAUST, adv. *without punishment, unpunished*; -LEYSI, n. *remissness in punishing*; -MAÐR, m. *punisher*; -SVERÐ, n., -VÖNDR, m. *sword, wand of punishment*.

REFSINGA-SAMR, a. *given to punishing* (mönnum þótti hann harðr ok r.).

REFSI-ÞING, n. a kind of *criminal court* (in old Sweden).

REGI, f. *cowardice*; -LIGR, a. *obscene* (-lig kvæði); -MAÐR, m. *coward*.

REGIN (gen. RAGNA), n. pl. *the ruling powers, the gods*, = rögn.

REGIN-DÓMR, m. *the mighty doom, the last judgement*; -GRJÓT, n. *the holy stones, altars*; -KUNNIGR, -KUNNR, a. *sprung from the gods*; -NAGL, m. *sacred nail* (in a temple-pillar).

REGLA, f. (1) *rule*; (2) *rule of a religious order*; (3) *bar* (of gold).

REGLU-BRÓÐIR, m. *friar, brother (of a religious order)*; -HALD, n. *convent life, discipline*; ganga undir -hald, *to enter an order*; -LIGR, a. *belonging to convent life*; -STAÐR, m. *monastery*.

REGN, n. *rain* (r. hafði verit mikit).

REGNA (-DI, -T), v. *to rain*, = rigna.

REGN-BOGI, m. *rainbow*; -ÉL, n. *rain-*

shower; -LIGR, a. *rainy, likely to rain*; -SAMR, a. *rainy*; -SKÚR, f. *shower of rain*; -VATN, n. *rain-water*.

REIÐ (pl. -AR), f. (1) *ride, riding* (var honum þá fenginn hestr til reiðar); vera einn í r., *to ride alone*; þeir vóru beztir hestar at r., *they were the best of riding-horses*; var þá ok sén r. þeirra, *they were seen riding*; (2) *vehicle, carriage, chariot* (Þórr á r. þá, er hann ekr, en hafrarnir draga reiðna); (3) *clap of thunder* (því næst flugu eldingar ok reiðar).

REIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to cary on horseback*; hverr reiddi yðr yfir Markarfljót, *who put you across M.?*; (2) r. e-t um (of) öxl, *to carry a thing (poised) on one's shoulder* (heinn hafði hann fyrir vápn ok reiddi of öxl); (3) *to make one rock, shake, push* (reiðit hana af baki, svá at hún falli í lœkinn ofan); (4) *to toss*, of wind and waves (bátinn undir honum reiddi vindr ok straumr norðr með landi); impers. *to be tossed about* (reiddi þá ymsa vega); tók þá at r. saman skipin, *the ships began to drive against one another*; e-u reiðir e-n veg af, *it ends (turns out) in a certain way* (vóru þá margir hræddir um, hversu af mundi r.); (5) *to carry about, spread abroad* (kann vera, at þeir menn reiði orð mín úvitrlig fyrir alþýðu); (6) *to brandish, swing, raise in the air* (hann greip øxina ok reiddi upp); (7) *to weigh in a balance* (r. silfr, fé); (8) *to pay* (r. fé af hendi, r. verð fyrir e-t).

REIÐA, f. (1) *attendance, service* (vist ok öll r.); vinna e-m reiðu, *to serve, attend*; (2) *accomodation* (á þeim skógi var svá hörð reiðan þeirra, at ekki var at eta, nema börk af viði); (3) vera til reiðu, *to be ready at hand* (til reiðu er yðr hér vetrvist); konungr lét þat þegar til reiðu, *the king granted that at once*; (4) henda reiður á e-u, *to notice, heed* (jarl spurði, hvert hann fœri þaðan; þeir kváðust eigi reiður hafa á hent).

REIÐA-LAUSS, a. *without rigging*.

REIÐAR-DUNA, -ÞRUMA, f. *clap of thunder* (eldingar ok -þrumur).

REIÐAST (DD), v. refl. *to become wroth, get angry*, e-u, *at a thing* (konungr reiddist Þórr jötninum).

REIÐ-FARA, -FARI, a., verða vel -fara, *to have a good voyage* (urðu þeir vel -fara ok tóku Þrándheim); -GATA, f. *riding-way, bridle-path*; -GÓÐR, a. *good for riding* (of a horse); -HESTR, m. *riding-horse*.

REIÐI, m. (1) *tackle, rigging* (allr var r. vandaðr mjök með skipunu); (2) *harness of a horse, riding-gear*.

REIÐI, n. = reiði, m. (knörr með rá ok reiði; hestr með öllu reiði).

REIÐI, f. *wrath, anger*; r. hleypr (rennr) á e-n, *one gets angry*; r. rennr e-m *or* af e-m, *one's anger passes off*; biðja af sér r. e-s, *to ask one's pardon*.

REIÐI-BOLA, f. *fit of anger*.

REIÐI-DUNA, f. *thunder*, = reiðarduna.

REIÐI-HUGR, m. *wrath, anger*; -LIGA, adv. *angrily, frowningly*; -LIGR, a. *angry-looking, frowning*; -MÁL, n. *angry language* (var þat meirr -mál en sannyrði); -MÆLI, n. = -mál.

REIÐING, f. (1) *uproar, wild confusion*; (2) *spreading* (of a report).

REIÐINGR, m. *harness, riding-gear*.

REIÐINN, a. *prone to anger, hot-tempered* (kappsamr mjök ok r.).

REIÐI-RAUST, f. *angry voice*; -SPROTI, m. *rod of anger*; -SVIPR, m. *angry look, frown*; -VERK, n. *a deed done in anger*; -ÞOKKI, m. = -svipr.

REIÐI-ÞRUMA, f. *clap of thunder*.

REIÐ-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *riding-clothes*.

REIÐ-LYNDI, n. *irascibility*; -LYNDR, a. *prone to anger, hot-tempered*.

REIÐR, a. *passable on horseback, ridable* (var þar reitt at fjörum).

REIÐSKJÓTA-MAÐR, m. *groom*.

REIÐ-SKJÓTI, -SKJÓTR, m. *riding-horse*.

REIÐSLA, f. = reizla.

REIÐU-BÚINN, pp. *ready, prepared*; -LIGA, adv. *readily, promptly*.

REIÐU-LIGA, adv. *angrily, with an angry frown*; -LIGR, a. *angry-looking, frowning, scowling*.

REIÐU-PENINGR, m. *ready, money*; -STÓLL, m. *easy chair* (?).

REIFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to enrich, present with* (hringum rauðum reifði hón húskarla); (2) *to mention, disclose* (r. engan hlut eðr kvittu í konungshöll); (3) r. mál, *to sum up a case*; (4) *to end or result in* (r. illu); þat mun eigi góðu r., *that will bear no good*.

REIFA-BARN, n. *an infant in swaddling bands*; -LINDI, m. *swaddling belt or girdle*.

REIFAR, f. pl. *swaddling bands*.

REIFING, f. *summing-up of a case*.

REIFR, a. *glad, cheerful* (r. við e-n).

REIGJAST (Ð), v. refl. *to bridle up, to show stiffness or displeasure* (hón reiðist við honum).

REIK, f. *the parting of the hair*.

REIK, n. (1) *strolling, wandering*; *wavering* (þar var helzt r. á ráðinu, hvárt ek munda af ráða); (2) *condition*; vera vel (illa) til reika, *to be in a good (bad) condition*; fagrliga klæddr ok vel til reika, *finely clad and in good trim*.

REIKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to stroll, walk* (Þrándr reikaði eptir fjörunni); (2) r. á fótum, á fótunum, *to totter on one's legs*; (3) *to waver* (ok reikaði hans hugr mjök).

REIKAN, f. *strolling about, wandering*.

REIKANAR-MAÐR, m. *landlouper*; -SAMR, a. *wavering* (e-m er -samt).

REIKANA (AÐ), v. *to reckon, count, calculate*; refl., reiknast, *to be reckoned* (Þorlákr reiknast milli þeirra biskupa, er); *to hold mutual reckoning*; reiknuðust þeir þá við um frændsemi, *they reckoned up their relationship*.

REIKNINGR, m. *reckoning, account*.

REIKUÐR, m. only in phr. fœra e-n í reikuð, *to handle roughly*.

REIM (pl. -AR), f. *lash, thong*.

REIMA (AÐ), v., r. af, *to make the haunting leave off* (mun af reimast meirr en eina nótt).

REIM-LEIKR, m. *hauntings* (brátt eptir þetta gerðust -leikar miklir).

REIMT, a. n. *haunted*; þar er r., *the place is haunted by ghosts*.

REIN, f. *strip of land* (cf. 'akr-rein').

REINI, m. *stone horse, stallion*.

REIP, n. *rope* (hann sleit í sundr reipin); reipa reiði, *rigging, tackling*. (See also 'rammr'.)

REIPA (AÐ), v. *to fasten with a rope*; var reipat tréit á skipinu, *the mast was rigged*; refl., reipast við e-t, *to undertake* (ef þú r. við at fara).

REISA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to raise* (lét hann r. viðuna ok draga seglit); r. e-n upp, *to raise up*; r. e-n upp af dauða, *to raise up from the dead*; r. upp lög, *to restore the laws*; (2) *to raise, erect, build*, of ships and houses (r. bœ, kirkju, hof, skip); r. upp hús, *to restore of rebuild houses*; (3) *to raise, start, begin*; r. úfrið, *to make a rising*; r. ferð, *to start on a journey*; r. bú *or* búnað, *to set up house*.

REISTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to bend* (rare).

REISTING, f. *bending, twisting*.

REISULIGR, a. *stately, imposing* (Þ. gørir þar reisuligan bœ).

REITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to excite, irritate* (r. e-n); (2) refl., reitist á e-t *or* á um e-t, *it comes to a thing*; mun á bardaga r., *there will be a fight*; reitist af um e-t, *it falls off, drops* (þá reitist ekki af um talit við hann).

REITING, f. *irritation, offence*.

REITR (pl. -AR and -IR), m. (1) *a space marked out* (þrír reitar fets breiðir); (2) *square* on a chessboard (reitir á taflborði).

REIZLA, f. (1) *weighing*; (2) *means of weighing, steel-yard*.

REK, n. pl. *prosecution* (kváðust ætla, at hér mundu mikil r. at gör).

REKA (REK; RAK, RÁKUM; REKINN), v. (1) *to drive* (r. hesta, fé, svín, naut); r. aptr, *to drive back*; r. aptr kaup sín, *to recall, cry off from one's bargains*; r. af (ór) landi, *to drive out of the land, drive into exile*; r. af höndum, r. burt, *to drive away*; r. flótta, *to pursue a flying host*; (2) *to compel* (segir, hver nauðsyn hann rekr til); þér vegit víg þau, er yðr rekr lítit til, *ye slay men for small cause*; (3) *to perform, do*; r. hernað, *to wage war*; r. erendi, *to do an errand*; (4) *to thrust, push violently* (hann rak hann niðr mikit fall); r. aptr hurð, *to fling the door to*; r. hendr e-s á bak aptr, *to tie one's hands behind the back*; (5) various phrases, r. augu skygnur á e-t, *to cast one's eyes upon, see by chance*; svá langt, at hann mátti hvergi auga yfir r., *so far that he could not reach it with his eyes*; r. minni til e-s, *to recollect*; r. upp hljóð, *to set up a cry, utter a scream*; (6) r. nagla, hæl, *to drive a nail, peg*; (7) impers., *to be drifted, tossed* (skipit rak inn á sundit); e-n rekr undan, *one escapes* (bað þá eigi láta Gretti undan r.); of a tempest, þá rak á fyrir þeim hríð, *a storm rose upon them*; (8) with gen., *to pursue, take vengeance for* (ef þér rekit eigi þessa réttar, þá munu þér engra skamma r.); (9) refl., rekast, *to be tossed, wander* (ek hefi rekizt úti á skógum í allan vetr); r. landa á milli, *to go from one country to another*; r. á e-m, *to intrude oneself upon*; r. eptir e-m, *to accommodate oneself to a person*; r. undan, *to escape* (ef Kjartan skal nú undan r.); rekast (vrekast) at virði, *to quarrel over a meal*.

REKA, f. *shovel, spade*.

REKALD, n. *a thing drifted ashore*.

REKA-MAÐR, m. *owner of shore-drift*; -STRÖND, f. *'drift-strand'*, where whales or trees are driven ashore; -TRÉ, n. *drift-tree*; -VIÐR, m. *drift-timber*.

REKENDI, n. pl., REKENDR, f. pl. *chain*.

REK-HVALR, m. *a whale drifted ashore*.

REKI, m. (1) *a thing drifted ashore* (hverr maðr á reka fyrir landi sínu); (2) *prosecution* (of a suit for manslaughter, etc.); gøra mikinn reka at e-u, *to follow up, prosecute with energy*.

REKINGR, m. *outcast, wretch*.

REKINN, pp. *mounted, inlaid* (Snorri gaf Auðgisli øxi rekna).

REKJA (REK, RAKTA, RAKIÐR or RAKTR), v. (1) *to spread out, unwind, unfold*, = r. í sundr (hón rakti motrinn ok leit á um hríð); refl., rekjast, *to unwind itself* (en þráðrinn raktist af tvinnahnoðanu); lát hendr þínar rekjast niðr fyrir þik, *let they arms hang straight down*; rekjast ór svefni, *to start from sleep*; (2) *to track, trace* (þeir rekja spor sem hundar); r. kyn, ættir, *to trace a pedigree*; r. fram, *to expound* (það hann fram r. guðs lög); r. minni til, *to remember*.

REKKJA (gen. pl. REKKNA), f. *bed*; fara í rekkju, *to go to bed*; leggjast í rekkju, *to take to one's bed*; rísa ór rekkju, *to arise, get up*.

REKKJA (-TA, -T), v. (1) *to sleep in a bed*; r. hjá e-m, *to sleep with another*; (2) *to make a a bed* (r. undir sér).

REKKJU-BÚNAÐR, m. *bed-furniture*; -FÉLAGI, m. *bed-fellow*; -GÓLF, n. *bed-closet*; -ILLR, a. *unruly in bed*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *bed-clothes*; -KONA, f. *chamber-maid*; -MAÐR, m. *a person in bed*; -REFILL, m. *bed-curtain*; -SKRAUT, n. *bed-ornaments*; -STOKKR, m. *edge of a bed*; -SVEINN, m. *chamber-boy*; -TJALD, n. *bed-curtain*; -VAÐMÁL, n. *woollen bed-cover*.

REKKR (-S, -AR), m. *man, warrior*.

REKNINGR, m. (1) *outcast*; (2) *vagrancy* (bera meyna á rekning).

REK-SAUMR, m. *'driving-nails'*, opp. to 'hnoðsaumr'.

REKSTR (gen. -RAR), m. *driving, chasing*; *trouble, annoyance*.

REK-TRÉ, n. *drift-tree, drift-timber*.

REMBAST (D), v. refl. *to puff oneself up, behave proudly*.

REMBI-LIGA, adv. *haughtily, in a proud or conceited manner*.

REMBU-MAÐR, m. *puffed-up fellow*.

REMJA (AÐ), v. *to roar* (of a lion).

REMMA, f. *bitterness, acridity*.

REMMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to strengthen*.

RÉN, n. = rénan (var þá nökkut r. á hans sótt); RÉNA (AÐ), v. *to dwindle, decrease, subside* (orrostan rénaði).

RÉNAN, f. *decrease, diminution*.

RENDR, a. *edged* (skjöldr járni rendr).

RENDR, a. *brimmed* (skjöldr járni r.).

RENGI, n. *the eatable fibrous substance* from the plaited undersurface of the rorqual.

RENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to distort*; (2) *to reject, set aside*.

RENNA (RENN; RANN, RUNNUM; RUNNINN), v. (1) *to run* (rakkar þar renna); r. í köpp við e-n, *to run a race with*; hón á þann hest, er rennr lopt ok lög, *that runs through the air and over the sea*; r. e-m hvarf, *to run out of one's sight*; (2) *to run away, flee* (rennr þú nú Úlfr hinn ragi); r. undan e-m, *to run away from one* (ek get þess, at þú vilir eigi r. undan þeim); (3) *to run, flow* (rennr þaðan lítill lœkr); (4) *to melt, dissolve* (ok hafði runnit málmrinn í eldsganginum); reiði rennr e-m, *anger leaves one*; (5) *to arise* (= r. upp); sól rennr, *the sun rises*; dagr rennr, *it dawns*; (6) with preps., r. af e-m, *to leave one, pass away from one* (reiði rann af honum); r. á e-n, *to come over one*; svefn, svefnhöfgi rennr á e-n, *one falls asleep*; reiði rennr á e-n, *one gets angry*; þá rann á byrr, *then a fair wind arose*; r. eptir e-m, *to run after one* (þá var runnit eptir þeim, er flóttann ráku); r. frá e-m, *to run away from, leave one*; r. í e-t, *to run into*; e-m rennr í skap, *one is much (deeply) affected* (er eigi trútt, at mér hafi eigi í skap runnit sonardauðinn); r. saman, *to heal up* (þá var saman runninn leggrinn); r. undir, *to assist, give support* (margar stoðir runnu undir, bæði frændr ok vinir); r. upp, *to originate* (var þess ván, at illr ávöxtr mundi upp r. af illri rót); of the sun or daylight, *to rise*; sól (dagr) rennr upp (cf. 5); (7) recipr., rennast at (á), *to attack one another, begin a fight*.

RENNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to make (let) run*, with dat. (keyrði hann hestinn sporum ok renndi honum at); (2) *to put to flight* (þeir renndu þeim tíu, er undan kómust); (3) *to prevent, thwart* (eigi má

sköpunum r.); er rennt þeim ráðahag, *that match is thwarted*; (4) *to slip, let loose*; r. veiðarfœri, *to let the fishing-line run out*; Tjörvi renndi fyrir hann törgu, *T. flung a target in his way*; impers., atgeirinum renndi gegnum skjöldinn, *the halberd was run through the shield*; r. e-u niðr, *to swallow*; r. grunum á e-t, *to suspect*; (5) r. augum, *to direct the eyes, to look* (r. ástaraugum til e-s); (6) *to pour* (var gulli rennt í skurðina); (7) with acc., r. mjólk, *to run millk*, by pouring out the thin milk; r. ór tunnu, *to let the liquid out from a cask*; (8) with acc. *to turn* (r. tré, spánu); (9) absol. *to move quickly, slide, glide* (konungsskipin renndu at þeim); þá renndi hringrinn af hendi mér, *the ring slipped off my hand*; (10) refl., rennast augum til, *to look to one another*; þá renndust skipin hjá, *the ships passed by one another*.

RENNA, f. *run, course*; ok nú er skírðr allr Danaherr í þessi rennu, *in one run, at one sweep*.

RENNI-DRIF, n. *snow raised by the wind, drifting snow*; -KVÍ, f. *fold into which sheep are driven, trap*.

RENNSL, n. or f., í einu rennsli, í einni rennsl, *in one run, at one time*.

RENNSLA, f. *course, water-course*.

REPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to roof*.

REPTA (-PTA, -PT), v. *to bring up wind, to belch*; r. aptr, = dríta.

RÉTT, f. (1) *public fold* (þat var um haustit, er sauðir vóru í r. reknir); (2) esp. pl. *the general sheep-gathering in autumn* (þann dag skulu vera réttir í Þórarinsdal).

RÉTT, adv. (1) *just, exactly, precisely*; (2) *straight* (þeir stefndu r. á þá); (3) *rightly, correctly* (lýsa e-u r.).

RÉTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to make straight, straighten*, opp. to 'beygja, kreppa' (r. krók, r. á sér fingrna); (2) *to stretch out, stretch* (r. *or* r. fram höndina); r. e-t e-m, *to reach, hand over, a thing to one* (hann rétti sjóðinn at Sigmundi); (3) *to raise, right* a capsized boat (hvelfdi skipinu, en dvergarnir réttu skip sitt); (4) *to rise* (hann rétti ekki ór rekkju); (5) *to put right, adjust*; r. hluta e-s, *to redress*; knoungr vildi eigi r. þetta mál, *the king refused justice*; (6) *to let the ship drift*, = leggja í rétt (varð þá at hlaða seglum ok r.); (7) with preps., r. fram, *to stretch out*; r. e-t upp, *to raise* (Þórr rétti upp höndina); r. við, *to come to oneself, recover* (Narfi réttir við ór rotinu); (8) refl., réttast, *to be put straight*; réttust fingrnir, *the fingers became straight*; *to stretch oneself* (r. gørði raumrinn stirðr); r. upp, *to rise* (Hákon jarl réttist upp).

RETTA-MENN, m. pl. *the men assembled at a* 'rétt'.

RETTAR-BÓT, f. (1) *bettering of one's condition* (yðr var heitit friði ok -bót, en nú hafið þér ánauð ok þrælkun); (2) *amendment of the law*.

RÉTTARI, m. *justiciary, justice*.

RÉTTAR-MAÐR, m. = réttari.

RÉTT-BORINN, pp. *legitimate*; -borinn til ríkis, *a lawful heir to the throne*; -DŒMI, n. *justice in judgement*; -DŒMR, a. *just in judgement*; -FUNDINN, pp. *duly found*; -HAFI, a. *in lawful possession of* (at e-u); -HÁRR, -HÆRÐR, a. *straight-haired*, opp. to 'hrokkin-hárr'.

RÉTTI, n. *stretching*; rifja r., *rib-stretching*.

RÉTTI-LIGA, adv. = réttliga; -LIGR, a. *just, right* (mélefni rettiligri).

RÉTTINDI, n. pl. *right, justice*.

RÉTTING, f. (1) *setting right, amendment*; vil ek eiga r. allra orða minna, *I claim the right to amend all my words*; (2) *redress* (varð þessa engi r. af Önundi).

RÉTT-KOMINN, pp. *having proper right* (-kominn til ríkis); -KOSINN, pp. *duly chosen*; -KRISTINN, a. *truly christian, orthodox*; -LAUSS, a. *void of right*; -LÁTR, a. *righteous, just*; -LEIÐIS, adv. (1) *straight forward* (fara -leiðis); (2) *on the right path* (snúa sér -leiðis ok trúa á sannan guð); -LEIKI, m. *straightness*; -LEITR, a. *having regular features*; -LIGA, adv. *justly, duly*; -LIGR, a. *just, due, proper*; -LÆTI, n. *righteousness, justice*; -MÆLI, n. *right, justice*; -NEFJAÐR, a. *straight-nosed*; -ORÐLIGA, adv. *truthfully*; -ORÐR, a. *truthful*.

RÉTTR, a. (1) *straight* (r. sem laukr); (2) *erect, upright* (Óttar stóð r. ok brá sér ekki við); (3) *right, just* (telja þat rangt, er rétt er); hafa rétt at mæla, *to be right, in the right*; at réttu, með réttu, *rightly*.

RÉTTR (-AR, -IR), m. (1) *right, law*; lands r., *the law of the land*; kristinn r., guðs r., *ecclesiastical law*; (2) *right, due, claim*; konungs r., *the king's due* (at konungr minnki nökkut af sínum rétti); (3) *condition*; hann gørði harðan rétt landsmanna, *he tyrannized over them*; (4) *dish* (hinn fyrsta rétt báru inn þessir lendir menn); (5) *drifting before the wind*; liggja í rétt, *to lie drifting*; leggja í rétt, *to set a ship's course for drifting*; (6) *storm, heavy sea* (fengu þeir rétt mikinn; skipit var lekt ok þoldi illa réttinn).

RÉTT-SNÚNING, f. *conversion (to Christianity)*; -STREYMR, a. *'right-streamed'*; hafa vel-streymt, *to have the current fully with one*; -SÝNI, n. (1) *straight direction*; (2) *seeing right, insight*; -SÝNIS, adv. *in a straight direction*; -SÝNN, a. *fair, just* (góðir menn ok -sýnir); -SŒLIS, adv. *with the sun*, opp. to 'rangsœlis'; -TEKINN, pp. *duly accepted*; -TRÚAÐR, a. *orthodox*; -VAXINN, pp. *upright of growth*; -VÍSI, f. *righteousness, justice*; -VÍSLIGA, adv. *justly*; -VÍSS, a. *righteous, just*; -YRÐI, f. *truthfulness*.

REYÐAR-HVALR, m. *rorqual*.

REYÐR (gen. -AR, dat. and acc. -I, pl. -AR), f. *rorqual, finner-whale*.

REYFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to rob*.

REYFARI, m. *pirate, robber*.

REYFL, n. *sheep's fleece*.

REYGJAST (Ð), v. refl. = reigjast.

REYK-BERI, m. *chimney*; -BLINDR, a. *blind from smoke*.

REKELSI, n. *incense*.

REYK-FASTR, a. *full of smoke*; -HÁFR, m. *chimney-pot*.

REYKJA (-TA, -TR), *to smoke, emit smoke*; *to suffocate with smoke*.

REYKJAR-DAUNN, -ÞEFR, m. *smell of smoke* (um síðir kenna þeir -þef).

REYK-LAUSS, a. *smokeless*.

REYKR (-JAR, -IR), m. *smoke, steam*.

REYNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to try, prove* (lengi skal manninn r.); hann lét Gunnar r. ymsar íþróttir við menn sína, *he let G. essay divers feats against his men*; ef við Þorsteinn skulum r. með okkr, *if Thorstein and I shall make trial of each other*; r. eptir e-u, *to search, pry, inquire into* (hann reyndi eptir mörgum hlutum); r. til, *to make trial* (Bróðir reyndi til með forneskju, hversu ganga mundi orrostan); (2) *to experience* (reynt hefi ek brattara); hefi ek þik reynt at góðum drengi, *I have proved (found) thee to be a good fellow*; r. e-t af e-m, *to meet with* (hann hafði reynt af Böðvari vináttu mikla); (3) refl., reynast, *to turn out, prove to*

be (reyndist Gunnlaugr hinn hraustasti); þat mun þó síðar r., *but this will be put to the proof by and by*; also with dat., ef mér reynist Þórólfr jamnvel mannaðr, *if I find Thorolf as well accomplished*.

REYND, f. *experience*; eru þeir úlíkir þeim sýnum, en miklu úlíkari reyndum, *they are unlike them in appearance, but much more so in reality*; gen. reyndar, as adv. *indeed, in fact, really*.

REYNI-LUNDR, m. *rowan-grove*.

REYNIR (gen. -IS), m. *rowan-tree*.

REYNI-RUNNR, m. *rowan-tree*; -VIÐR, m. *rowan-wood*; -VÖNDR, m. *wand from a rowan-tree*.

REYRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to wind round* (örin var reyrð gulli); (2) *to tie, fasten* (hann var bundinn at höndum ok fótum ok reyrðr sterkliga við einn ás).

REYRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to bury in a cairn* (reyrr).

REYR-BÖND, n. pl. *the wire* by which the arrow-head was bound to the shaft (skot stóðu uppi á -böndum).

REYRR (-AR, dat. -I) m. *reed*.

REYRR, m. *heap of stones, cairn*.

REYR-SKÓGR, m. *reed-bed*; -SPROTI, -TEINN, m. *'reed-wand', cane*; -VAXINN, pp. *grown with reed*; -VÖNDR, m. = -sproti; -ÞAKINN, pp. *thatched with reed*.

REYSTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to lift up the voice*; *to resound*; *to sing* (r. kvæði).

REYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to pluck, pick* (S. hleypr á hús upp ok reytir gras); r. sik, *to tear one's hair*.

RIBBALDA-SKAPR, m. *ribaldry*.

RIBBALDI, m. *ribald, savage*.

RIBBUNGR (-S, -AR), m. = ribbaldi.

RIÐ, n. (1) *a winding staircase, steps*; (2) *sway, swing*; ok verðr svá mikit r. at, *and it comes to such a pitch, that*; (3) *weight, importance, moment* (munu þar stœrri r. í vera).

RIÐA (AÐ), v. *to tremble, move unsteadily* (riðuðu augu).

RIÐA, f. *shivering fever, ague*.

RIDDARA-BÚNAÐR, m. *a horseman's outfit or attire*; -DÓMR, m. *knighthood*; -HERR, m. *cavalry*; -ÍÞRÓTT, f. *chivalry*; -LIÐ, n. = -herr; -LIGR, a. *chivalrous*; -SKAPR, m. *knighthood, chivalry*; -SVEINN, m. *an knight's page*.

RIDDARI, m. (1) *rider, horseman*; (2) *knight*; also in chess.

RIÐLAST (AÐ), v. refl. (1) *to break rank, fall into disorder* (riðlaðist fylkingin ok losnaði öll); riðluðust þá förunautar hans frá honum, *his followers slunk away*; (2) *to cluster*; með riðluðum vínviðum af vínberjum ok allskyns aldini, *vines clustered with grapes and all kinds of fruit*.

RIÐR, m. *shock, shaking*.

RIÐULL (dat. RIÐLI, pl. RIÐLAR), m. (1) *a small detachment of men* (konungr hafði riðul einn manna hjá þeirra her); (2) *cluster* (of flowers or fruit).

RIÐU-SJÚKR, a. *sick of ague*; -SÓTT, f. *shivering fever, ague*.

RIÐ-VAXINN, pp. *square-built* (lágr á vöxt ok mjök -vaxinn).

RIÐ-VÖLR, m. *a short round stick, meshpin*.

RIF (gen. pl. RIFJA), n. (1) *rib* (hljóp þá sverðið á síðuna ok í milli rifjanna); (2) fig. *cause, reason* (þá skildi hann af hverjum rifjum vera myndi).

RIF, n. *reef* in the sea (út í hólmann lá eitt rif mjótt ok langt).

RIF, n. *reef* in a sail (sigla við eitt r.).

RIF, n. (1) *tearing asunder*; (2) *plundering* (með ráni ok rifi).

RIFA, f. *rent, rift, chink, fissure*.

RIFA (AÐ), v. *to sew up loosely* (Styrr var rifaðr í hóð).

RIF-BLAUTR, a. *lean-ribbed* (of a horse); -HRÍS, n. *brush-wood, faggots*.

RIFJA (AÐ), v. (1) *to turn over* (r. hey); (2) *to expound, explain, go into* (mikil skynsemi er at r. vandliga þat).

RIFNA (AÐ), v. *to be rent, to split* (seglin rifnuðu); r. aptr *or* upp, *to open up again* (of wounds).

RIFR (gen. RIFJAR), m. *warp-beam*.

RIFS, n. *plunder* (fara með rán ok r.).

RIFSA (AÐ), v. *to plunder*.

RIGA (AÐ), v. *to lift heavily or with difficulty*, with dat. (fengu þeir hvergi rigat honum).

RIGNA (-DI, -DR), v. *to rain upon, wet with rain* (var hann með engu móti rigndr eða vátr); impers., rignir, *it rains*; with dat., þar með rigndi á þá blóði vellanda, *it also rained boiling blood on them*.

RIKLINGR, m. *dried strips of halibut*.

RIM (pl. -AR), f. *rail* (in a paling).

RIMA-NAUST, n. *a boat-shed made of rails* (-naust, er ferja var í).

RIMI, m. *elevated strip of land*.

RIMMA, f. *tumult, fray*.

RINDILL (dat. RINDLI, pl. RINDLAR), m. *wren* (as a nickname).

RINNA, v. = renna (rann).

RIPPA (AÐ), v., r. e-t upp, *to rip up, go into, a matter*.

RIPT, f. *linen, linen clothes*.

RIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. (1) *to make void, invalidate* (r. kaup); (2) *to regain, recover*, an estate (Kolskeggr ætlar mál fram at hafa ok r. fjórðung í Móeiðar-hváli).

RIPTI, n. *linen* = ript (hana Sigurðr sveipr í ripti).

RIPTING, f. *withdrawal, making void* (of a bargain).

RISA-BARN, n. *giant-child*; -FÓLK, n. *giant-folk*; -KYN, n. *gian-kind*; -LIGR, a. *gigantic, giant-like* (-ligt hjarta); -VÖXTR, *giant's size*.

RISI, m. *giant* (risar ok troll).

RIS-MÁL, n. pl. *the hour for rising*, about 6 o'clock a. m.; milli rismála ok dagmála, *about 7.30 a. m.*

RISNA, f. *hospitality, munificence*.

RISNU-MAÐR, n. *hospitable man*.

RISPA (AÐ), v. *to scratch*.

RISPA, f. *a slight scratch*.

RIST (pl. RISTR), f. *the instep of the foot* (fœtrnir ok ristrnar).

RISTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to cut*, = rísta.

RISTA, f. *scratch, slash*.

RISTAR-BEIN, n. *instep-bone*; -LIÐR, m. *ankle-joint*.

RISTILL, m. (1) *ploughshare*; (2) poet. *gentlewoman* (r. er sú kona, er sköruglynd er).

RISTU-BRAGÐ, n. *a runic character*.

RISU-LIGR, a. *lofty, stately* (-ligr bœr); -ligr vexti, *of imposing stature*.

RIT, n. (1) *writing*; einn dag er hann sat at riti, *when he sat writing*; (2) *writ, writing, letter* (gøra r.).

RITA (AÐ), v. *to write*, = ríta.

RITA-GØRÐ, f. *letter-writing, correspondence*. Cf. 'bréfa-gørð'.

RITAN-LIGR, a. *that can be written*.

RITARI, m. *writer, transcriber, secretary* (prestr er var ritari hans).

RIT-FŒRI, n. pl. *writing-materials*; -KLEFI, m. *writing-closet*.

RITNING (pl. -AR), f. *writing, writ*.

RIT-SENDING, f. *letter-sending*; -STOFA, f. *writing-room, study*.

RÍÐA (RÍÐ; REIÐ, RIÐUM; RIÐINN), v. (1) *to ride, go on horseback* (þeir brœðr riðu til alþingis); with dat. of the animal

(r. hesti, vargi); of ghosts, r. húsum, skála, *to 'ride' on the ridge of a house*; with acc. of the road or the place; r. leið sína, veg sinn, *to ride through brush and forest*; r. eyrendi, *to ride on an errand*; (2) *to break in, train* (þat var siðvenja þeirra at r. hesta, temja bæði við gang ok við hlaup); (3) *to move through the air*; øxin reið at honum, *the axe cam at him*; reið at honum brúnássinn, *down on him came the wall-plate*; er upp reið gálga-tréit, *when the gallows-tree was raised*; (4) *to reel, stagger* (hann reið á ymsar hliðar); (5) r. upp, *to rise* (þeir fengu tekit hann við klif, er upp ríðr ór fjörunni); (6) miklu (litlu) ríðr um e-t, *it is of great (small) importance*; eigi þarf nú meira við, at fullu num þetta r., *this will be quite enough*.

RÍÐA (RÍÐ; REIÐ, RIÐUM; RIÐINN), v. (1) *to twist, knit, wind*; r. knút, *to knit a knot*; r. net, *to work a net*; r. knapp á e-t, *to finish, wind a thing up*; vera við e-t riðinn, *to be concerned in, have to do with* (verðr hann lítt við söguna riðinn); (2) *to rub, smear* (r. blóði á e-n *or* e-n blóði); ríða í, *to rub into* (r. kolum ok leiri í andlit sér); (3) fig., with dat., *to thrash, flog*; r. e-m um kinn, *to buffet one*; (4) *to wring, press* (mjólk sú, er riðin er ór seljubörk).

RÍÐARI, m. = riddari.

RÍFA (RÍF; REIF, RIFUM; RIFINN), v. (1) *to rive, tear* (þeir létu dýr ok hrafna r. hræin); r. klæði af sér, *to tear off one's clothes*; r. aptr, *to rip up* (Þ. vildi at aptr væri rifit sárit); r. ofan, r. niðr, *to pull down*; r. í sundr, *to tear asunder*; (2) impers. *to be rent, give way* (reif seglit).

RÍFKA (AÐ), v. *to mend, improve*; er nauðsyn at r. ráð fyrir dóttur þinni, *to mend her state*.

RÍF-LIGR, a. *good, fine, desirable*.

RÍFR, a. *good, acceptable* (í gulli ok silfri eðr í rífum aurum).

RÍK-BORINN, pp. *high-born*; -DÓMLIGA, adv. *magnificently*; -DÓMR, m. (1) *power, might, magnificence*; (2) *wealth, riches*; -DŒMI, n. = -dómr.

RÍKI, n. (1) *power, might* (ek hefi hafit þik til ríkis af litlum manni); veita e-m r., *to grant one power*; (2) *rule, dominion* (lagðist land allt undir r. Haralds konungs); (3) *kingdom* (fór konungr heim í r. sitt).

RÍKI-LÁTR, a. *imperious, lordly*.

RÍKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to reign* (hann ríkti fjögur ár ok tuttugu).

RÍK-LÁTR, a. *proud*; -LEIKR, m. *power, authority*; -LUNDAÐR, a. *imperious, severe*; -LYNDI, n. *imperiousness, severity*; -LYNDR, a. = -lundaðr; -MANNLIGA, adv. *magnificently*; -MANNLIGR, a. *magnificent, stately*; -MENNI, n. *the mighty, the nobility*.

RÍKR, a. (1) *mighty, powerful* (r. höfðingi); r. ok auðigr, *powerful and wealthy*; ríkri (= ríkari) ráð sagði, *the stronger had his way*; (2) of things, *strong* (var þar ríkt varðhald); ganga ríkt, *to prevail* (lát þú eigi þá fæð svá ríkt ganga, at); leggja ríkt við, *to lay a heavy penalty on*; (3) *magnificent* (konungr gørði mannboð ríkt); (4) *rich, wealthy* (r. at fé).

RÍKU-LIGA, adv. (1) *magnificently*, = ríkmannliga; (2) *strictly* (hann hélt -liga guðs lög); -LIGR, a. *magnificent* (-lig veizla); -ligr maðr, *a fine man*.

RÍM, n. *computation*, esp. *calendar*.

RÍM, n. *rhyme, rhymed song*.

RÍMA, f. *rhyming lay, ballad*.

RÍM-KŒNN, a. *skilled in calendar computation*; -TAL, n. *calendar*.

RÍSA (RÍS; REIS, RISUM; RISINN), v. (1)

to rise, get up (ár skal r. sá er annars vill fé eða fjör hafa); r. ór rekkju, frá borði, *to rise from the dead*; (2) *to come into existence, arise* (vita þóttist hann, af hverjum rótum þetta hafði risit); (3) with preps. and advs., mikit orð ríss á e-u, *it is much spoken of*; r. í móti e-u, *to rise against*; r. upp, *to rise, get up* (hón reis ekki upp fyrir miðjan dag); *to rise from the dead* (dauðir rísa upp); r. upp fyrir e-m, *to yield, give up, one's place to another*; r. við e-m, *to rise against, withstand*.

RÍSTA (RÍST; REIST, RISTUM; RISTINN), v. (1) *to cut, slash* (Otkell rekr sporann við eyra Gunnari ok rístr mikla ristu); r. e-t í sundr, *to cut int two* (Þ. reist í sundr línbrók sína); (2) *to cut open* (hón reist á mér kviðinn); (3) *to cut, carve, grave* on something (r. rúnar á kefli, horni); (4) *to carve, form by carving* (Hrafn lá í bekk ok reist spán, því at hann var hagr).

RÍTA (RÍT; REIT, RITUM; RITINN), v. (1) *to scratch, cut*; (2) *to write* (bókin var öll ritin gullstöfum).

RJÁ (RJÁÐA, RJÁÐR), v. *to vex, worry*, = hrjá (erum vér reknir ok rjáðir).

RJÁ, f. *harassing, worrying*.

RJÁFR, n. *roof*, = ráf, ráfr, ræfr.

RJÓÐA (RÝÐ; RAUÐ, RUÐUM; ROÐINN), v. *to redden* (r. egg, sverð, vápn); r. í blóði, *to smear with blood*; of the sun (um morgunin, sem sól rýðr fjöll).

RJÓÐR, a. *red, ruddy* (r. í andliti).

RJÓÐR, n. *open space in a forest, clearing* (skógr rjóðrum höggvinn).

RJÚFA (RÝF; RAUF, RUFUM; ROFINN), v. (1) *to break a hole in, break* (hljópu þeir þá upp á húsin ok tóku at r.); r. undir, *to make wounds*; r. samnaðinn, *to break up the gathering*; (2) fig. *to break, violate* (r. sáttmál, sætt, eiða, trygðir); (3) impers., rýfr þokuna, *the fog clears away*; rýfr (*or* rýfr í) veðrit, rýfr upp veðr, *the weather clears, it clears up*.

RJÚKA (RÝK; RAUK, RUKUM; ROKINN), v. (1) *to reek, emit smoke or steam* (hvat rýkr á diskinum fyrir þér?); impers., rýkr af e-m, *reek rises from one* (ambáttin reri í burt alsveitt af mœði, ok rauk af henni); (2) *to be driven, drifted* like smoke (mjöll, sjór rýkr); (3) fig. *to fly, go flying*; sverðið rauk ór hendi honum, *the sword flew out of his hand*.

RJÚPA (gen. pl. RJÚPNA), f. *ptarmigan* (sem valr flygi eptir rjúpu).

RJÚP-KERI, m. *cock-ptarmigan*.

ROÐ, n. *fish skin* (rífa fisk ór roði).

ROÐ, n. *reddening, making or becoming red* (cf. hlunn-, sólar-roð).

ROÐA (AÐ), v. impers. *to emit a red gleam* (þá er roðaði af skjöldunum); roðar fyrir upprennandi sólu, *the sky is reddened by the rising sun*.

ROÐA (AÐ), v. *to huddle together*.

ROÐI, m. *redness, ruddiness* (r. í kinnum, í andliti); laust roða á himininn, *the sky reddened*.

ROÐINN, pp. from 'rjóða', *reddened, smeared with blood, bleeding*.

ROÐNA (AÐ), v. *to redden, become red*.

ROF, n. (1) *breach, opening* (var þar mikit r. í fylkingunni); (2) a law term, *retractation, reversal* (of judgement).

ROFNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to break up, give way* (þá er r. tók fylkingin); (2) *to fall through, become invalid* (of a bargain, judgement, fine).

ROFTORFS-VEGGR, m. *a wall of sods*.

ROKINN, pp. (of 'rjúka'), *cooled off* (var lítt rokin stofan).

ROKKR (-S, -AR), m. *distaff* (sat þar

kona, sveigði rokk).

ROLLA, f. *roll, scroll*.

ROPI, m. *belch, eructation*.

ROSI, m. *rain and storm*.

ROSKIN-LEIKR, m. *ripeness, perfection*; -MANNLIGR, a. *looking like a grown-up man* (mikill maðr ok -mannligr).

ROSKINN, a. *ripe, mature, full-grown* (var hón svá mikil sem maðr r.).

ROSKNAÐR, pp. *grown-up, adult*.

ROSKNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become* 'roskinn', *grow up to manhood* (en er Þ. jarl rosknaðist).

ROSM-HVALR, m. *walrus*.

ROSTUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *walrus*.

ROT, n. *insensibility* (from a blow); slá e-n í r., *to stun, render senseless by a blow*; liggja í roti, *to lie stunned*.

ROTA, f. *heavy rain* (þann dag var á r. mikil; bæði hregg ok r.).

ROTINN, a. *rotten* (var þá líkaminn r.).

ROTNA (AÐ), v. *to rot*; of hair, *to fall off* (var af rotnað hár ok skegg).

RÓ, f. *rest, calm, tranquility*; gefa ró reiði, *to give rest to one's wrath*; í ró, *at rest, in peace*; mega sér hvergi ró eiga í landi, *to feel restless, feel no rest anywhere*; bíða ró, *to be easy, at rest* (Gunnhildr lét þat seiða, at Egill skyldi aldri ró bíða á Íslandi).

RÓ (pl. RŒR), f. *small clinch-plate, burr* (on which a nail is clinched).

RÓA (RŒ; RERI, REYRI, RØRI; RÓINN), v. (1) *to row, pull*; hann rœr út í Bjarneyjar, *he rows out to the Bearisles*; with the boat in dat. (reru þeir skipinu upp í ána); (2) *to row out to sea, go fishing*, = r. út (þenna morgin bjóst Þ. á sjó at r.); er hann kom þar, vóru allir menn rónir nema Þ., *all the men had rowed out fishing except Th.*; (3) *to rock oneself backwards and forwards*; (4) recipr., róast at, *to pull so as to encounter one another*, of two ships in battle.

RÓÐA, f. *rood, crucifix*.

RÓÐI, m. poet. *wind, tempest*; láta (leggja) e-n fyrir róða, *to cast to the winds, forsake one*.

RÓÐR (gen. RÓÐRAR), m. *rowing, pulling* (hafa búnar árar til róðrar).

RÓÐRA, f. *blood*, esp. *of sacrifice*.

RÓÐRAR-, gen. from 'róðr'; -FERJA, f. *row-boat*; -HANZKI, m. *rowing-glove*; -LEIÐI, n. *rowing-wind*; taka -leiði, *to take to rowing*; -SKIP, n., -SKÚTA, f. *ship with oars*.

RÓÐR-GÖLTR, m. a kind of *war-ram*.

RÓÐU-KROSS, m. *crucifix*.

RÓFA, f. *the vertebral part of a tail*.

RÓG, n. (1) *slander, calumny* (sögðu þat mundu vera r. illra manna); bera e-n í r. við e-n, *to slander (calumniate) one to a person* (sá maðr var borinn í r. við Magnús konung); (2) *strife, quarrel*; verða e-m at rógi, *to be the cause of discord*; leiða e-n nær rógi, *to lead into feud*.

RÓG-APALDR, m. *warrior* (poet.); -BERARI, -BERI, m. *slanderer, back-biter*; -GIRNI, f. *disposition to slander*; -MÁLMR, m. *gold* (poet.); -MÆLI, n. *calumny, slander*; -SAMR, a. *slanderous*; -SEMI, f. = -girni.

RÓGS-MAÐR, m. *slanderer*.

RÓG-ÞORN, n. *sword* (poet.).

RÓI, m. *rest, repose, pause*.

RÓ-LAUSS, a. *restless* (-laust erfiði); -LIGR, a. *calm, quiet*; -LÍFI, n. *life of ease*; -LYNDR, a. *calm of mind*.

RÓM, n. RÓMA, f. *Rome*.

RÓMA, f. poet. *battle*.

RÓMA (AÐ), v. *to give assent to by shouting, approve of* (þetta ráð var af öllum vel

rómat).

RÓMA-BORG, f. *the city of Rome*; -RÍKI, n. *the Roman empire*; -VEGR, m. *the road leading to Rome*.

RÓM-FERÐ, f. *journey (pilgrimage) to Rome* (hann bjóst til Rómferðar); -FERILL, m. *a pilgrimage to Rome*.

RÓMR, m. (1) *voice* (Gizurr var blíðmæltr ok mikill rómrinn); tala með litlum rómi, *to speak in a low voice*; (2) *applause*; gøra góðan (mikinn) róm at e-u, *to applaud*.

RÓM-VERJAR, m. pl. *the Romans*.

RÓM-VERSKR, a. *Roman*.

RÓR (RÓ, RÓTT), a. *calm, composed*.

RÓS (pl. -IR), f. *rose*.

RÓSTA, f. *brawl, riot, tumult*.

RÓSTU-MAÐR, m. *rioter*; -MIKILL, a. *riotous, unruly*; -SAMLIGR, a. *unruly*.

RÓT (pl. RŒTR), f. (1) *root* (var þess ván, at illr ávöxtr mundi koma af illri r.); (2) fig. *cause, origin* (vera e-s r. *or* r. undir e-u).

RÓT, f. *the inner part of the roof of a house*, where stores are hung up.

RÓT, n. *commotion, stir*.

RÓTA (AÐ), v. *to stir, throw into disorder*, with dat.; þeir rótuðu um koll taflinu, *they upset the chessboard*; þá rótar karl saman fénu, *he sweeps the money into one heap*.

RÓTA-KLUMBA, -KYLFA, f. *club*.

RÓTAR-TRÉ, n. *a tree with the root*.

RÓT-FASTR, a. *rooted, fixed*; -FESTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to root*; refl., -festast, *to take root*; -LAUSS, *rootless, without roots*; -MIKILL, a. *having a large root*; -SETJA, v. *to root, plant*.

RUÐ, n. *a clearing in a wood*.

RUDDA, f. *a coarse kind of club*.

RUDDU-VETR, m. *a severe winter*.

RUÐNING, f. *challenging* (of neighbours or judges).

RUÐNINGAR-MÁL, n. pl. *the formula of a challenge*.

RUÐU-LÍTILL, a. eigi -lítill, *making no small clearance* (in battle).

RUGGA (AÐ), v. *to rock* (r. barni).

RUGL, f. *confusion, disturbance*.

RUGLA (AÐ), v. *to confound*, with dat.

RUGLAN, f. *confusion, disturbance*.

RUN-HENDA, -HENDING, f. *a metre with end-rhymes*; -HENDR, a. *composed in the metre* 'run-henda'.

RUNI, m. *a wild boar*.

RUNNR (-S, -AR), m. *bush, shrub*.

RUNSA (AÐ), v. *to plunder, ransack*.

RUPL, n. *plunder, booty*.

RUPLA (AÐ), v. (1) *to plunder* (a person, etc.); (2) *to take* (a thing) *by force*.

RÚFINN, a. *rough, uncombed*.

RÚG-AKR, m. *rye-field*; -BRAUÐ, n. *rye-bread*; -HLEIFR, m. *rye-loaf*.

RÚGR (gen. -AR), m. *rye*.

RÚM, n. (1) *room, space* (hvergi nær hafði þar r. lið þeirra); fá rúms, *to get space*; e-m liggr e-t í miklu rúmi, *it is of great concern, importance to one*; (2) *place, seat* (Egill gekk til rúms þess, er dóttir jarlsins hafði setit um daginn); (3) *bed*, = rekkja (síðan rannsakaði hann rúmit, er hón hafði hvílt í); (4) *'room'* in a ship, one for each pair of rowers (mikit skip, þar vóru sex rúm ok tuttugu); (5) *space of time*; þriggja daga r., *a space of three days*.

RÚM, n. *Rome*, = Róm.

RÚMA-TAL, n. *number of 'rooms'* in a ship (skip þrítugt at -tali).

RÚMA-VEGR, m. *way to Rome* (konungr var á -vegi), = Rómavegr.

RÚM-BORAÐR, pp. *'wide-holed', coarse* (of a sieve); -BRUGÐINN, pp. *very large*

(-brugðinn hverr); -FÁTT, a. n. *lack of room*; -HEILAGR, a. *'not holy'*; -heilagr dagr, *weekday*; -LENDI, n. *open land*; -LENDR, a. *roomy, open, extensive*; -LIGA, adv. *roomily* (í þeirri höll máttu -liga sitja fjögur hundruð manna); -LIGR, a. *spacious, roomy*.

RÚMR (RÝMRI, RÝMSTR), a. (1) *roomy, ample, spacious, broad* (gatan var eigi rýmri en einn maðr mátti ríða senn); (2) *roomy, loose* (fjöturrinn var r.); neut., rúmt, *roomily* (skipin lágu rúmt í höfninni).

RÚM-SNARA, f. *slip-knot*; -STAFR, m. *bed-post*, a nickname; -STOKKR, m. *bedside*; -SÆVI, n. *open sea*.

RÚM-VERJAR, m. pl. *the Romans*, = Rómverjar.

RÚNA, f. *intimate (female) friend*.

RÚNA-KEFLI, n. *runic stick*; -MÁL, n. *the runic alphabet*; -MEISTARI, m. *an expert in runes*.

RÚNAR, f. pl. (1) *secret, hidden lore, wisdom*; of r. heyrða ek dœma, *I heard them talk of mysteries*; jötna r., *the mysteries of the giants*; (2) *written characters, runes*; rísta r., *to engrave runes* (réð ek þær r., er reist þín systir); rísta r. á kefli, *to cut runes on a stick*; (3) *magical characters or signs* (hann tók við horninu ok reist á r. ok reið á blóðinu).

RÚNA-STAFR, m. *runic character*.

RÚNI, m. *intimate friend*.

RYÐ, n. *rust*; -FRAKKA, f., -FRAKKI, m. *rusty weapon*; -FULLR, a. *rusty*.

RYÐGA (AÐ), v. *to become rusty*.

RYÐJA (RYÐ, RUDDA, RUDDR), v. (1) *to clear, free (land) from trees* (r. markir; hann ruddi lönd í Haukadal); r. götu gegnum skóg, *to clear, open a road through a forest*; (2) *to clear, empty*; r. búrit, *to empty the pantry*; r. skip, *to unload a ship*; r. höfn, *to clear the harbour, leave the haven*; impers., hvernig skjótt ruddi samnaðinn, *how the flock dispersed*; (3) as a law term, *to challenge*; r. kvið, dóm, *to challenge neighbours, jurors, out of the* kviðr, dómr; (4) with preps., r. e-u á e-t, *to throw, toss upon* (þeir ruddu viðinum á hurðina); r. e-m í brott, *to drive away, sweep off*; r. sér til ríkis, *to clear the way to a kingdom, obtain it by conquest*; r. til e-s, *to clear the way for a thing, prepare for* (ok ruddu þeir til likgraptarins); r. e-u upp, *to tear up* (þeir ruddu upp jörðu ok grjóti); (5) refl., ryðjast um, *to clear one's way, make great havoc*.

RYÐJANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *challenger*.

RYÐR, m. *rust*, = ryð.

RYÐUGR, a. *rusty*, = ryðgaðr.

RYGR (gen. RYGJAR, dat. and acc. RYGI; pl. RYGJAR), f. *lady, housewife* (rygr heitir sú kona, er ríkust er).

RYK, n. *dust*.

RYKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to pull, jerk* (hann ætlar at r. honum fram á stokkinn); (2) *to run* (en er hón sér þat, rykkir hón fast undan).

RYKKR, m. *pull, tug, wrench, jerk*.

RYMJA (RYM, RUMDA, RUMIT), v. *to roar, scream* (rymjandi rödd).

RYMR, m. *roaring, noise*; randa r., *clatter of shields*.

RYSKING, f. *a rough shaking*.

RYSKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to shake roughly*; refl., ryskjast við e-n, *to scuffle with one* (þar myndi ekki þykkja við kollóttan at r.).

RYTJA, f. *a vile, shabby thing*.

RYTNINGR, m. = rýtingr.

RÝJA (RÝ, RÚÐA, RÚINN), v. *to pluck the wool off* sheep (r. gemlinga).

RÝMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to make more roomy* (r. garð sinn); r. varðhaldit, *to make the confinement less severe*; r. fyri (viz. öllu fólki) veginn, *to clear the way*; with dat., r. á honum fjötrinum, *to loosen his fetter*; (2) r. e-u brott, *to drive away, sweep off* = ryðja e-u brott (rýmit brott þongum harmi af yðru brjósti); r. til e-s, *to clear, prepare the way for* = ryðja til e-s; (3) *to clear away, break up* (þú skalt r. fjalir ór gólfinu); (4) *to quit, leave*; r. land, *to leave the country, go into exile*; r. e-t fyrir e-m, *to leave (a place, seat) that it may be occupied by another* (kallar Skapti, at Þ. skyldi r. höfnina fyrir honum ok leggja ór læginu); (5) *to withdraw, absent oneself* (skulu þér allir eta hér inni, en ek mun r.); r. fyrir e-m, *to cede, give up one's place to one* (hann rýmdi fyrir herra Ásgrími); r. brott, *to go away*; (6) refl., rýmast, *to become roomy, widen*; r. tekr dalrinn, *the dale widens*; impers., rýmist, *there is more room* (ef rýmdist í kirkjunni); rýmdi Grettir þá fram á gólfit, *then G. stepped forth on the floor*.

RÝNA (-DA, -T), v. (1) *to talk, converse* (þau rœddu ok rýndu); (2) r. eptir e-u, *to pry into*.

RÝNENDR, m. pl. *friends, counsellors*.

RÝRR, a. *poor, weak, insignificant*.

RÝTA (-TTI, -TT), v. *to grunt, squeal*, of swine (rýtandi ok emjandi).

RÝTINGR (-S, -AR), m. *dirk, dagger*.

RÆÐI, n. *rule, management*.

RÆÐIS-MAÐR, m. *steward, manager*.

RÆFR, n. *roof*, = rjáfr, ráfr, ráf.

RÆINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *a good-for-nothing fellow*.

RÆKI-LIGR, a. *to be rejected*.

RÆKINDI, n. pl. *refuse, unclean matter* (hann kvazt aldri etit hafa r.).

RÆKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to refuse, reject*.

RÆKR, a. *rejected, abhorred, abominable* (r. ok rekinn frá guði).

RÆNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to rob, plunder, to deprive* (one) *of* (a thing).

RÆNINGI (pl. -JAR), m. (1) *robber*; (2) vera r. e-s, *to be robbed or plundered by one* (þú munt vilja vera r. Ljóts sem margir aðrir).

RÆSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) r. e-t á hendr e-m, *to bring a charge against one* (eigi var mér þess ván, at þú mundir þetta r. á hendr mér); (2) impers., ræsir draum, *a dream proves true, comes to pass*.

RÆSIR, m. *chief, king* (poet.).

RÆSTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to clean, sweep* (konur skulu r. húsin ok tjalda); r. (stífldan) lœk, *to clear out a (dammed-up) brook*.

RÆXN, m. *knot* (tók hann língarn ok reið á ræxna, sem net er síðan).

RŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to speak*; r. um e-t, *to speak about* (konungr rœddi fátt um þessi tíðendi fyrir mönnum); r. við e-n, *to speak, talk with one* (þá rœddi Höskuldr við Hrút); r. e-t, *talk about, discuss* (ef þú rœðir þetta mál fyrir konungi); (2) refl., rœðast við, *to converse about* (hann sagði henni allt þat, er þeir höfðu við rœðst).

RŒÐA, f. *speech, talk* (konungr reiddist mjök við rœður þessar).

RŒÐI, n. *oar, rudder*.

RŒÐIR (gen. -IS), m. *rower*.

RŒGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to slander, defame*; r. menn saman, *to set them by the ears by slander*.

RŒGSLA, f. *slander, calumny*.

RŒKI-LIGA, adv. *earnestly, carefully*; biðjast fyrir -liga, *to pray fervently*; halda -liga, *to observe strictly*; -LIGR, a. *true,*

sincere (-lig iðran).

RŒKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to reck, heed, take care of*; skulu vér r. húðföt vár, *let us keep to our hammocks*.

RŒKT, f. *love, affection*.

RŒKTA (AÐ), v. *to take care of, regard, keep* (r. vel trú sína).

RŒKTAR-LEYSI, n. *negligence*.

RŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to approve of*, = róma (allir rœmdu vel mál konungs); r. e-t lítt, *to take it coldly* (konungr spyrr, ef þeir vildi skírn taka; þeir rœma þat lítt).

RŒTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) r. e-t upp, *to root up* (r. upp illgresi ór guðs akri); (2) refl., rœtast, *to take root, strike root*, = rótfestast.

RÖÐ (gen. RAÐAR, pl. RAÐAR, RAÐIR), f. *row, series*.

RÖDD (gen. RADDAR, pl. RADDIR), f. *voice*; með skjálfandi röddu, *with a trembling (faltering) voice*.

RÖÐULL (-S, dat. RÖÐLI), m. (1) *glory, halo*; (2) *sun* (poet.).

RÖGG (gen. RÖGGVAR, pl. RÖGGVAR), f. *tuft, shagginess* (of the fur of a cloak).

RÖGN, n. pl. *the gods*, = regin.

RÖK, n. pl. (1) *reason, ground, origin* (nú skal segja, af hverjum rökum heiðnir menn héldu jól); (2) *wonder, marvel*; forn r., *great things of yore*; firrist (imperat.) æ forn r. firar, *let bygones be bygones*; stór r., *mighty things, great marvels*; tíva r., *the life and doings of the gods*; þjóða r., *origin, creation of mankind*; í aldar r., *at the end of the world*; ragna r., see 'ragnarök'.

RØKKVA (RØKKR, -, RØKKVIT), v. *to grow dark* (hann þorði hvergi at fara, þegar er r. tók); er røkkvit var, *after nightfall*.

RÖKN, n. pl. = raukn.

RØKR, RØKKR, n. *twilight*; ragna r., *the twilight of the gods, the end of the world* = ragna rök.

RØK-SAMLIGA, adv. *on good authority*; -SAMLIGR, a. *reasonable, just, true*; -SEMD, f. *reason, authority*; -STÓLAR, m. pl. *judgement-seats*.

RÖND (pl. RANDIR, RENDR), f. (1) *rim, border* (rönd var ór gulli); (2) poet. *shield*; leggja randir saman, *to lay shield against shield*; reisa r. við e-m, *to raise the shield against one, resist, withstand*; (3) *stripe* (dúkr með gulligum röndum).

RÖNDÓTTR, a. *striped, streaked*.

RÖNG (gen. RANGAR, pl. RENGR), f. *rib in a ship*.

RÖSK-LEIKR, m. *briskness, boldness*; -LIGA, adv. *gallantly, bravely*; -LIGR, a. *doughty* (var hann allra manna -ligastr); -MANNLIGA, adv. *bravely*.

RÖSKÓTTR, a. = raskóttr (rare).

RÖSKR (acc. RÖSKVAN), a. *vigorous, doughty, brave* (r. maðr).

RÖSKVAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to ripen*, of fruit; *to grow up*, of man (ok er hann röskvaðist, fekk konungr honum skip).

RÖSKVI, f. = röskleikr.

RÖST (gen. RASTAR, pl. RASTIR), f. *a strong current in the sea, race*.

RÖST (gen. RASTAR, pl. RASTIR), f. *a distance of four or five miles*.

S

SADDR, pp. from ‘seðja’, = saðr; vera s. á e-u, *to have got enough of*.

SAÐNING, f. *satiety, fill*.

SAÐR, a. *sated, having got one’s fill* (s. em ek enn þess).

SAÐR, a. *true*, = sannr.

SAFALI, m. *sable-fur*, = safalaskinn.

SAFI, m. *sap of trees* (börkr af viði ok safi; ber ok safi).

SAFNA, SAFNAÐR, *see* samna, samnaðr.

SAGA (AÐ), v. *to saw, cut with a saw* (krossinn var sagaðr í sundr).

SAGA (gen. SÖGU, pl. SÖGUR), f. (1) *what is said, statement* (má vera, at sönn sé s. þín); (2) *tale, story, history*; segja, ríta sögu, *to tell, write a story*; hann kemr eigi við þessa sögu, *he is not connected with this* ‘saga’; vera ór sögunni, *to be out of the story*; vera í sögu, *to be mentioned in a story*; svá sem sögu, *to be mentioned in a story*; svá sem sögur eru til, *as the story goes*; (3) *the events which gave rise to the story*; hann var þá mjök hniginn á efra aldr, er sjá saga gørðist, *when this came to pass*; (4) *tale, report* (eigi veit ek um sögur slíkar, hvárt satt er).

SAGA-TENN, f. pl. *saw-teeth*.

SAGNA-MAÐR, -MEISTARI, m. *historian*; -SKEMTAN, f. *story-telling* (at public meetings, feasts, &c.).

SAKA (AÐ), v. *to do harm, scathe* (jarl kvað þat ekki s. mundu); impers., hvat sem at var gört, sakaði hann (acc.) ekki, *no matter what they did, no harm came to him*; recipr., at vér skylim sjálfir um sakast, *that we should injure one another*.

SAKA (AÐ), v. *to blame, find fault with*; s. sik um e-t, *to blame oneself for* (ekki mun tjá at s. sik um orðinn hlut); recipr., sakast um e-t, *to blame one another for a thing*; s. sáryrðum, *to bandy cutting words*.

SAKA-BŒTR, f. pl. = sak-bœtr; -DÓLGR, m. = sökudólgr.

SAKAÐR, pp. (1) *scathed, damaged* (var eitt borð sakat í skipi þeirra); (2) *guilty* (hann er því meirr s. en aðrir menn, at hann vann á jarli dauðum).

SAKA-FULLR, a. *guilty*; -LAUSS, a. = sak-lauss; -LAUST, adv. *without prosecution, dropping the prosecution*; -MAÐR, m. *a man disposed to litigate*; -maðr mikill, *a great ligitant*.

SAKAR, prep. with gen. = sakir.

SAKAR-AÐILI, m. *the chief party in a case*; -ÁBERI, m. *plaintiff, accuser*; -EYRIR, m. = sakeyrir; -GIPT, f. *‘charge-giving’, charge*; -SPELL, n. *mispleading, by which a suit may be lost*; -STAÐR, m. *ground which one has for suing another*; *offence* (gefa upp -staðinn); -SŒKJANDI, m. *prosecutor*.

SAKARTÖKU-VÁTTR, m. *a witness to the handing over of a suit*; -VÆTTI, n. *witness of the handing over of a suit*.

SAKAR-VANDRÆÐI, n. pl. *dispute*.

SAK-BITINN, pp. *guilty*; -BŒTR, f. pl. *damages, fine* (to be paid to the kinsmen of the slain); -EYRIR, m. *fine, penalty* esp. *a fine due to the king*; -FERLI, n. *lawsuit, action*; -GÆFINN, -GÆFR, a. *quarrelsome, contentious*.

SAKIR, prep. with gen. *on account of, for the sake of*, = fyrir sakir e-s (s. orða ko-

nungs).

SAK-LAUSS, a. *not guilty, innocent*; -LEYSI, n. (1) um (*or* fyrir) -leysi, *without due ground, without cause* (þat munu margir mæla, at eigi hafi um -leysi verit); (2) *innocence*; -MAÐR, m. = illvirki; -METINN, pp. *current*, as a legal tender for 'sakeyrir'.

SAKNA (AÐ), v. *to miss, feel the loss of* (þá saknar hann hringsins).

SAKNAÐR (SÖKNUÐR), m. *sorrow for a lost thing, feeling of loss*.

SAKNI, m. *loss*.

SAK-NÆMR, a. *liable to a charge, blamable*; eiga nökkut -næmt við e-n, *to have a quarrel with one*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. *runes of strife*; -SÓKN, f. *action, lawsuit*; -SÆLL, a. *lucky in lawsuits*; -TAKA (see TAKA), v. *to convict*, = sekja; -TAL, n. *the law as to the penalties* (sakeyrir) *due to the king*.

SAL, n. *payment, instalment*.

SALA, f. *sale*; hafa (eiga) e-t til sölu, *to have on sale, for sale*.

SALA-KYNNI, n. pl. *homestead, home*.

SAL-DRÓTT, f. *household-folk, inmates*.

SALERNI, n. *privy*, = garðhús, háðhús.

SAL-GARÐR, m. *wall*; -GAUKR, m., -GOFNIR, m. poet. *the cock*; -HÚS, n. *closet, room*; -KONA, f. *housemaid*; -KYNNI, n. pl. = salakynni.

SALR (gen. SALAR, pl. SALIR, acc. SALI), m. *room, hall* (skjöldum er s. þakiðr).

SALT, n. *salt*; leggja sök í s., *to shelve a case*. Cf. 'Eystra-salt'.

SALTA (AÐ), v. *to salt, pickle* (þeir söltuðu fótinn í hvíta salti).

SALTARI, m. *psalter, psalm-book*.

SALT-BRENNA, f. *salt-burning*; -GØRÐ, f. *salt-making*; -HOLA, f. *salt-pit*; -KARL, m. *salt-burner*; -KORN, n. *grain of salt*; -MAÐR, m. = -karl.

SALTR (SÖLT, SALT), a. *salt*.

SALT-STEINN, m. *salt-stone, pillar of salt*; -SVIÐA, f. = -brenna.

SAL-ÞJÓÐ, f. *domestics*, = drótt.

SAMA (SAMDI, SAMAT), v. *to beseem, befit, become*; e-t samir vel, illa, *it befits well, ill* (mart ferr nú annan veg en bezt mundi s.); e-m samir e-t vel, illa, *it becomes one well, ill* (illa samir þér at berjast í móti mér); vil ek sjá, hvernig þér sami skyrtan, *how it fits thee*; s. sér vel, *to look well* (Hallgerðr sat á palli ok samdi sér vel).

SAMA-GÓÐR, a. *fitting, suitable*.

SAMAN, adv. *together, in common* (Engey skulum við eiga báðir s.); allr s., *whole, entire* (bœndr urðu hræddir við þenna atburð allan s.); allir s., *all together*; þrír, fjórir s., *three, four together*; einn s., *one alone*; smám s., *by degrees*; köflum s., *piecemeal*; mörgum mönnum s., *in groups*; with a gen. form, til samans = saman.

SAMAN-DRÁTTR, m. *gathering*; -EIGN, f. *conflict*; -LESTR, m. *collection*; -LÍMING, f. *conglutination*; -LOSTNING, f. *collision*; -SAMNAÐR, m. *gathering*; -SETNING, f. *composition*; -SKRIFA (AÐ), v. *to compose, write*.

SAM-BAND, n. *connexion, league*; -BEIT, f. *joint pasture*; -BJÓÐA (see BJÓÐA), v. *to equal, be equal to*; -BLAND, n. *mixing together, sexual intercourse*; -BLANDA (AÐ), v. *to blend together, mingle*; -BLANDINN, pp. *blended, mixed*; -BLÁSA (see BLÁSA), v. *to conspire*; -BLÁSTR, m. *conspiracy*.

SAM-BORGARI, m. *fellow-citizen*.

SAMBORGAR-MAÐR, m. = samborgari.

SAM-BORINN, pp. *born of the same parents*; -BRÓÐIR, m. *brother, fellow-member of a society*, esp. of *friars*.

SAMBURÐAR-ÖL, n. *a joint drinking*.

SAM-BÚÐ, f. *dewlling together, cohabitation*; -BYGÐ, f. = -búð; -BÆRILIGR, a. *comparable*; -DAUÐI, m. *death at the same time* (man ykkar -dauði verða); -DÓMA, a. indecl. *of one mind*; vera -dóma, *to agree*; -DRÁTTR, m. *gathering*; -DREGINN, pp. *lined all over*; -DRYKKJA, f. *symposium, drinking-party*; -DŒGRIS, adv. *within the same day*; -EIGINLIGA, adv. *in common*; -EIGINLIGR, -EIGINN, a. *common*; -EIGN, f. *dealings, conflict, fight*; -ELDI, n. *living together*; -ERFINGI, m. *co-heir*; -FAGNA (AÐ), v. *to rejoice with another*; -FAGNAÐR, m. *rejoicing*; -FALLINN, pp. *fitted, meet*; -FARA, a. indecl. *travelling together*; -FAST, adv. *continuously* (róum síðan-fast); -FASTR, a. *fast together, joined, connected*; -FEÐRI, a. *having the same father* (hón var -feðra við Flosa); -FÉLAG, n. *fellowship, company*; -FÉLAGI, m. *co-partner*; -FELLDR, pp. (1) *joined together, composed*; (2) *continuous*; -FENGINN, pp. *whole, entire*; -FESTILIGA, adv. *jointly*; -FESTING, f. *fastening together*; -FJÓRÐUNGS, adv. (1) *insuccession, one after another* (sjau daga -fleytt); (2) *in company*; fara -fleytt, *to travel together*; -FLOT, n. (1) *sailing together* (halda -flot við e-n); (2) *a fleet sailing together*; -FLOTI, m. = -flot; -FUNDR, m. *meeting, interview*; -FYLLILLIGR, a. *complete*; -FŒRR, a. (1) *running along with* (skip -fœrt í róðri); (2) *agreeing*; -FÖR, f. esp. in pl., -farar, (1) *travelling together*; (2) *marriage*; mæla til -fara við konu *to court a woman*; *wedded life* (vóru, gerðust -farar þeir góðar); (3) *intercourse* (vinveittar -farar); -GANGR, m. (1) *going together, intercourse*; (2) *conflict, fight* (verðr harðr -gangr áðr Freyr fellr); (3) *marriage*; gøra -gang sinn, *to marry*; -GENGT, a. n., eiga -gengt, *to have a common pasture*; -GJARNA, adv. *equally willingly*; -GLEÐJAST, v. refl. = -fagna; -GRÓA (see GRÓA), v. *to grow fast to*; -HALD, n. *holding together, unity*; -HALDINN, pp. *continuous*; -HARMA (AÐ), v. *to have compassion on*; -HARMAN, f. *compassion*; -HEITI, n. *common name*; -HELDI, n. *league, alliance*; -HENDA, -HENDING, f. *a metre in which the rhyming syllables are identical in form* (as '*virð*andi gefr *virð*um'); -HÉRAÐS, adv. *within the same district*; -HLAUPA, a. *leaping together*; -HLAUPAST (see hlaupa), v. refl. *to join in a riot*; -HLJÓÐAN, f. *consonance, harmony*; -HLJÓÐANDI, m. *consonant*; -HRINGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to peal with two or more bells*; -HUGI, m. *concord, agreement*; -HUGI, a. *of one mind, agreeing*; -HVÍLA, f. *common bed*; -HYGGJA (see hyggja), v., -hyggja e-m, *to be of one mind with, agree with*.

SAMI, m. (1) *reconciliation*, = *sætt*; *koma sama á með þeim, to reconcile them*; (2) *honour* (tapa sama sínum); (3) *a due* (fá sinn sama); þat er ekki s., at, '*tis not beseeming that*.

SAM-JAFN, a. *equal to*; -JAFNA (AÐ), v. *to compare*; refl., -jafnast e-m, *to emulate one*; -JAFNAN, f. *comparison* (koma í samjafnan við e-n).

SAMKA (AÐ), v. *to collect, gather*, with dat. or acc., = samna.

SAM-KEYPI, n. *bargain*; -KOMA, f. = -kváma; -KRISTINN, a. *a fellow Christian*; -KRŒKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to hook together*; fig. *to enter into a quarrel*; -KUNDA, f. *feast, banquet*.

SAMKUNDU-HÚS, n. *banquet-hall*.

SAM-KVÁMA, f. (1) *meeting, assembly*; (2) *collision, encounter*.

SAMKVÁMU-MÁL, n. (1) *discussion, debate*; (2) *stipulation*.

SAM-KVÆÐI, n. *consent*, esp. gjalda -kvæði við e-u, *to give one's consent, to agree* (báðir guldu -kvæði, at M. nefndi sér Þ. í vætti); -KVÆÐR, a. *concordant* (við e-t); -KVÆMD, f. *coincidence, congruity*; -KVÆMILIGR, a. *congruous*; -KYNJA, a. indecl. *of the same kind*; -KYNNIS, adv. *at the same house* (-kynnis við e-n); -LAG, n. (1) *fellowship, partnership* (binda, gøra sitt -lag); (2) *community, communion* (í -lagi kristinna manna); (3) *sexual intercourse, cohabitation* (eiga -lag við konu); -LAGA (AÐ), v. *to join, unite*; refl., -lagast e-m, *to join oneself to*; *to cohabitate with*; -LAGA, f. *laying of ships together*, for battle (blása skipum til -lögu); -LANDI, m. *fellow-countryman*; -LEIÐ, f. *the same way*; eiga -leið við e-n, *to have the same way to go*; -LENDR, a. *living in the same country* (-lendr e-m, við e-n); ef þeir væri -lendir, *if they happened to live in the same country*; -LENGD, f. = jafnlengd; -LITR, a. *of the same colour* (við e-t); -LÍKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to compare*; -LÍKR, a. *like, resembling one another*; -LYNDI, f. *concord*; -LYNDR, a. *of one mind*; -MÁLA, a. indecl. *agreeing* (vera sáttir ok sam-mála); -MÁTTUGR, -MÁTTULIGR, a. *sharing in the power*; -MÆLAST (see MÆLA), v. refl. *to fix an interview*; -mælast á e-t, *to be of one mind in a matter, to agree in a thing*; -MÆLI, n. *agreement*; -MŒDDR, a. *of the same mother*; -MŒÐRI, a. = -mœddr.

SAMNA (AÐ), v. *to gather, collect*, with dat. or acc. (s. mönnum, liði; s. saman mikinn her); refl., samnast, *or* s. saman, *to gather together, increase*.

SAMNAÐAR-HERR, m. *a gathered host*; -MAÐR, m. *a man of an assembly*; -ÖL, n. = samburðar-öl.

SAMNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *gathering, host*; gøra samnað, *to gather men*; (2) *congregation*.

SAM-NAFNI, m. *namesake*; -NEFNDR, pp. *of the same name* (e-m); -NEYTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to have intercourse with* (-neyta e-m); -NEYTI, n. *communion, intercourse* (kristiligt -neyti); -NEYTING, f. *holding intercourse with*.

SAMNING, f. *agreement, treaty*.

SAMNINGAR-MAÐR, m. *peaceable man*.

SAMNINGR, m. *reconciliation, agreement* (var upp lesinn sá s.).

SAM-PÍNAST (D), v. refl. *to have compassion upon* (e-m); -PÍNING, f. *compassion*.

SAMR (SÖM, SAMT), a. (1) *the same*; the def. form is used both with and without the preceding art. (inn, in, it); í sama húsi, *in the same house*; hann var s. í boðum sinum, *the same, unaltered*; svá fór sem samt sé, *it turned out the same way*; komast í samt lag, *to get into the same condition as before*; with dat., *the same as*; kom Guðrún eigi síðan í sömu rekkju Ólafi, *into the same bed as Olaf*; it sama, *the same, likewise*; (2) *agreeing, of one mind* (hann var s. um yðra ferð); (3) í samt, *continuously*, = samfast (þrjár nætr í samt).

SAM-RÁÐA, a. indecl. *of one counsel, united*; -RÁÐIT, pp. n., hafa e-t -ráðit, *to be agreed on*; -REIÐ, f. *riding together*; -REKI, m. *common shore-drift*; -REKKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to share a bed with* (e-m *or* hjá e-m); -RIDDARI, m. *fellow knight*; -RIKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to rule in common with* (e-m); -RÆÐI, n. (1) *concord, confidence*; (2) *carnal intercourse* (-ræði við konu); -RŒÐUR, f. pl. *conversation*; -SAGA, a. indecl. *agreeing*; -SÁTTR, a. *concordant*; -SETJA

(see SETJA), v. (1) *to connect, join*; (2) *to compose*, of writing; -SETNING, f. *composition*; -SINNI, n. (1) *company, fellowship*; (2) *consent* (veita e-m -sinni); -SÍÐIS, adv. *besides, at one's side* (e-m); -SKAPA, a. indecl. *of one mind*; -SKARA (AÐ), v. *to join boards, overlap*; -SKIPA, a. indecl. *sailing in the same ship*; -SKIPTI, n. pl. *intercourse*, = viðskipti; -SKÓLA, a. indecl. *attending the same school*; -SKULDA, a. indecl. *balancing*; þat er -skulda, *it is an even balance*.

SAMS-MAÐR, m. = samningarmaðr.

SAM-STAFA, f. *syllable*; -STAFAN, f. = -stafa; -STAFLIGR, a. *belonging to a syllable*; -STAFT, a. n. *all of one burden*; -STUNDIS, adv. *at the same moment*; -SUMARS, adv. *in the same summer*; -SVARNING, f. *conspiracy*; -SÆTI, n. (1) *sitting down together*; taka -sæti, *to sit down at a feast*; (2) *assembly, entertainment*; í svá góðu -sæti, *in such good company*.

SAMSÆTIS-DRYKKJA, f. *banquet*; -MENN, m. pl. *bench-fellows*.

SAMT, adv. *together*, = saman; allir s., *all together*; einn s., *alone*; í s., *continuously, uninterruptedly* (cf. 'samr'); kemr þat á samt með þeim, at, *they come to an agreement that*.

SAM-TAK, n. *united effort* (hafa -tak at e-u); -TAL, n. *colloquy, interview*; -TEMPRA (AÐ), v. *to moderate*; -TENGING, f. *connexion*; -TENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to unite, join*; -TÍÐA, a. indecl. *contemporary* (-tíða e-m); -TÍÐIS, adv. *at the same time*; -TÍMIS, adv. = -tíðis; -TÝNIS, adv. *adjoining, in the neighbourhood of* (sitja -týnis við e-n); -VELDI, n. *joint authority, rule*; -VERA, f. *living together*; -VINNA (see VINNA), v. *to co-operate with one* (e-m); -VIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to estimate equal in worth*; -VIST, f. (1) *living together* (stundlig -vist); (2) of wedded life, *conjugal intercourse* (nýtti Hrafn lítit af -vistum við hana); -VISTA, f. = -vist; -VISTA, a. indecl., vera -vista við e-n, *to live with one*; -VISTILIGR, a. *attached*; -VIT, n. (1) *conscience*; (2) *consciousness*; -VITAND, f. *cognizance*; -VITANDI, pr. p. *cognizant of, privy to*; -VIZKA, f. (1) *conscience*; (2) *mind, intellect* (heill at -vizku, krankr í líkama); -VÆGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to be of equal weight, match* (e-m); (2) *to yield mutually*; -VÆRR, a. *living in peace together*; -ÞINGI, a. *from the same jurisdiction or district*.

SAMÞINGIS-GOÐAR, m. pl. *the priests* (goðar) *of the same district*.

SAM-ÞRÆLL, m. *fellow-slave*; -ÞYKKI, n. *concord, consent, assent*; -ÞYKKILIGR, a. *consenting*; -ÞYKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to consent to*, with acc. or dat.; -þykkja með e-m, *to agree with*; (2) *to reconcile* (-þykkja e-t við e-t); (3) refl., -þykkjast e-t, *to consent to*; -ÞYKKR, a. *agreeing, at peace with one* (-þykkr e-m *or* við e-n); -ÞYKT, f. *agreement, consent*; -ÞÝÐAST (see ÞÝÐA), v. refl. *to associate, agree*.

SAND-BAKKI, m. *sand-bank*; -BÁRA, f. *sand-wave*; -BREKKA, f. *sandy slope, sand-ridge*; -FJÚK, -FOK, n. *sand-drift, drifting sand*; -HAF, n. *sand-ocean, desert*; -HÓLL, m. *sand-hill*; -HVERFA, f. a kind of *flat-fish*; -KOMA, f. *fall of (volcanic) sand*; -KORN, n. *grain of sand*; -LEIÐ, f. *a way leading over a stretch of sand*; -LÆGJA, f. a kind of *whale*; -MELR, m. *sand-bank*; -MÖL, f. *gravel*.

SANDR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *sand* (Auðr var grafin í sand, þar sem flœðr gekk yfir); kasta sandi í augu e-m, *to throw dust in*

one's eyes; (2) *the sea-shore* (skip kom at sandi); (3) in pl. *sandy ground, sand-banks, sands*.

SAND-SUMAR, a. *sand-summer* (from volcanic eruptions); -TORFA, f. *sandy sod*; -ÞÚFA, f. *sand-knoll*.

SANNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to assert, affirm* (sannaði annarr, en annarr synjaði); (2) *to make good, prove* (s. e-t með eiði, með jarteinum); s. e-t á e-n, á bendr e-m, *to prove a charge against one* (aldri var þat á mik sannat, at ek væri falsari); s. e-n at e-u, *to prove one guilty, convict one, of something*; (3) refl., sannast, *to prove true, hold good, turn out* (nú mun þat s., er sagða ek þér); láta e-t á s., *to let it be proved on oneself, to confess* (lét hann á s., at hann myndi eigi sjálfr svá miklu orkat hafa).

SANNA, f. *proof*; only in pl. 'sönnur' (fá, finna sönnur á sínu máli).

SANNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. = sannanar-maðr (hann skal hafa -menn tvá).

SANNAN, f. (1) *assertion, confirmation*; (2) *proof* (til sannanar síns máls).

SANNANAR-MAÐR, m. *one who vouches for another's word or oath*; -MARK, n. *evidence*; -ORÐ, n. epithet.

SANN-FREGIT, -FRÉTT, pp. n., hafa -frétt, *to have true intelligence of*; -FRÓÐR, a. *truly informed, well informed* (-fróðr um e-t, at e-u); -FRŒÐAST (DD), v. refl. *to be truly informed*; -FRŒÐI, f. *true information*; -GJARN, a. *fair, equitable*; -GÖFUGR, a. *truly noble*; -HEILAGR, a. *truly saintly, undoubtedly a saint*.

SANNINDA-MAÐR, m. *a truthful man*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *truthfully*; -SÖGN, f. *true intelligence*.

SANNINDI, n. pl. (1) *truth, verity* (ef hann vill heldr trúa lygi en sannindum); e-t er með sannindum, *it is true* (biskup trúði, at þat mundi með sannindum, er sagt var frá); fara með sannindum, *to tell the truth*; reynast með sannindum, *to prove true*; með sannindum at segja, *to tell the truth*; unna e-m sanninda um e-t, *to give one his due*; (2) *evidence, proof* (engi önnur s. hafa menn till þess, nema þau); til sanninda e-s, um e-t, *as a proof of*.

SANN-KALLAÐR, pp. *truly called*; -KENNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to call a thing by its right name*; (2) -kenna e-n at e-u, *to charge one rightly with, convict one of*; -KENNING, f. *a kind of epithet*; -KRISTINN, a. *a true Christian*; -LEIKR, m. *truth, verity*; -LIGA, adv. *verily, truly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *likely to be true, probable*; (2) *just, fair, fit, proper*; -MÁLL, -MILUGR, a. *truthful, veracious*; -MÆLI, n. *a true speech, truth*; unna e-m -mælis, *to give one a fair report*; -MÆLTR, pp. *speaking the truth*; -NEFNI, n. *appropriate name*; -ORÐR, a. *truthful, veracious*; -PRÓFA (AÐ), v. *to ascertain*.

SANNR (SÓNN, SATT), a. (1) *true* (sónn saga); hón sagði þór satt frá Geirróði, she *told Thor the truth about G.*; nú skal ek segja þér it sanna, *now I will tell thee the truth*; hafa e-t fyrir satt, *to be sure (convinced) of*; hafa sannara, *to be in the right* (skal konungr um segja, hvárir sannara hafi); gøra e-t satt, *to make good, prove* (hvern veg gørir þú þat satt); s. sem dagr, *true as day, clear as noonday* (= dagsannr); sönnu sagðr, *justly charged*; með sönnu, at sönnu, *in truth, truly*; til sanns, certainly, *for certain* (vita e-t til sanns); (2) *meet, proper* (væri þat sannara, at þú værir drepinn); (3) s. at e-u, *convicted of, (proved) guilty of* (s. at sökinni).

SANNR, m. (1) *truth* (vita sann á e-u); færa e-m heim sanninn, *to tell one the bitter truth*; (2) *fairness*; e-t er nær sanni, *is fair or reasonable*; ástir þeirra vóru at góðum sanni, *they loved each other fittingly*; (3) *estimation*; bœtta e-t við góðra manna sann, *according to the estimate of good men*.

SANN-RÁÐINN, pp. *verily betrayed*.

SANN-REYNDR, pp. (1) *duly proved*; (2) -reyndr at e-u, *convicted of*; -SAGA, f. *true tale, truth*; -SAGÐR, pp. *truly said*; -SAKAÐR, pp. *convicted, guilty*; -SPÁR, a. *prophesying true*; -SPURT, pp. n. = -fregit; -SÝNI, f. *equity, fairness*; -SÝNN, a. *just, impartial*; -SÆI, f. = -sýni; -SÆR, a. = -sýnn; -SÖGLI, f. *truthfulness, veracity*; -SÖGULL, a. *truthful, veracious*; -TALAT, pp. n. *truly said*; -VINR, m. *true friend*; -VITAÐR, pp. *known for certain*; -VITR, a. *truly wise*; -VÆNN, a. *near the truth, fair*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *true words*.

SAUÐA-DUNR, m. *flock of sheep* (sem vargr í -dun); -FERÐ, f. *searching for sheep*; -FLOKKR, m. = -dunr; -HIRÐIR, m. *shepherd*; -HÚS, n. *sheep-pen, sheep-fold*; -HVARF, n. *disappearance of sheep*; -JARMR, m. *bleating of sheep*; -KLIPPARI, m. *sheep-shearer*; -KVÍ, f. *sheep-fold*; -KVÖÐ, f. *tax paid in sheep*; -LEIT, f. *searching for sheep*; -MAÐR, m. *shepherd*; -RÉTT, f. *sheep-fold*; -SKJÓL, n. *shelter for sheep*; -SLITR, n. *shreds of sheep torn by a beast of prey*; -TAKA, f. *sheep-stealing*; -TOLLR, m. *tax paid in sheep*; -ÞJÓFR, m. *sheep-stealer*.

SAUÐ-FÉ, n. *sheep*; -FELLIR, m. *death of sheep* (from cold); -FÉNAÐR, m. = -fé; -GRÖS, n. pl. *crop for sheep*; -HÚS, n. *sheep-pen*; -LAUSS, a. *sheepless*.

SAUÐR (-AR, -IR), m. *sheep*.

SAUÐ-REKI, m. *sheep-driver*; -VANT, a. n., verðr -vant, *a sheep is missing*.

SAUMA (AÐ), v. *to sew* (sátu þær þar ok saumuðu); *to make by sewing* (s. e-m klæði); s. e-t at e-u, *to sew tight round*; kyrtill svá þröngr, sem saumaðr væri at honum, *a tunic as tight as though it were sewn on him*.

SAUM-FÖR, f. *a row of nails in a ship's planking*; -LAUSS, a. *without nails* (aurskúar saumlausir).

SAUMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *nails, esp. of a ship*; (2) plur., saumar, *needle-work, sewing* (sitja at saumum).

SAUM-SKÆRI, n. pl. *shears, scissors*; -STOFA, f. *sewing-room*.

SAUP, n. *butter-milk*.

SAUR-FULLR, a. *filthy, dirty*.

SAURGA (AÐ), v. *to dirty, defile, pollute* (s. völlinn í blóði).

SAURGAN, f. *pollution, defilement*.

SAURIGR (acc. SAURGAN), a. *filthy, dirty* (hafa hendr mjök saurgar).

SAUR-KVÍSL, f. *dung-fork*, = -mykikvisl; -LIFNAÐR, m. = -lífi; -LIGR, a. *filthy, unclean*; -LÍFI, n. *lewdness, fornication, lechery*, opp. to 'hreinlífi'.

SAURLÍFIS-KONA, f. *harlot*; -MAÐR, m. *unchaste person, fornicator*; -SYND, f. *the sin offornication*.

SAUR-LIFR, a. *lewd, lecherous*; -MÆLI, n. filthy, *foul language*; -PYTTR, m. *cesspool*.

SAURR, m. (1) *mud* (at engi s. støkkvi af hestum yðrum ok á konunginn); (2) *dirt, excrements*; ausast sauri á, *to throw dirt at one another*.

SAURUG-LIGA, adv. *in a foul manner*; -LIGR, a. *foul, unchaste*.

SAURUGR, a. = saurigr.

SAUR-YRÐI, n. pl. *foul words, filthy language*; cf. 'saurmæli'.

SAUTRA (AÐ), v. *to suck through the teeth* (s. vatn ór lófum).

SAX, n. (1) *a short, one-edged sword*; (2) plur. söx, *shears* = skæri; (3) *the gunwale near the prow* (Gunnarr hleypr þegar á saxit á skip Vandils); esp. in plur., söx, *the forepart of a ship* (sær féll inn um söxin).

SAXA (AÐ), v. *to cut with a* 'sax', *to chop, hack* (s. e-t í sundr).

SAXAR, m. pl. *Saxons, Germans*.

SAX-ELFR, f. *the river Elbe*; -LAND, n. *Germany*.

SAX-KNIFR, m. *dagger, dirk*.

SAX-LENZKR, a., -NESKR, a. *Saxon, German* (saxneskr hertogi).

SAX-ODDR, m. *the point of a* 'sax'.

SÁ (SÚ, ÞAT), dem. pron. (1) with a subst. *that* (sá maðr, sú kona); sá maðr, er Sóti heitir, *that (or the) man who is named S.*; with the suff. art.; sú ein er sagan eptir, er ek þori eigi þér at segja, *that story alone is left which I dare not tell thee*; (2) *such* (varð sá fundr þeirra, at Egill felldi tvá menn); vil ek ok þat vita, hvárt nökkurr er sá hér, at, *whether there be any (such) man here, who*; (3) preceding the art. with an adj.; sá inn ungi maðr, *that young man*; hyrnan sú in fremri, *the upper horn of the axe*; sometimes leaving out the art. (sá ungi maðr; á því sama þingi); (4) without subst., almost as a pers. pron.; maðr la skamt frá honum, ok var sá eigi lítill, *and he was no small man*; þar ríðr maðr, sá hefir skjöld mikinn, *he has a large shield*; with the relative part.; sá er sæll, er *he is lucky, that*.

SÁ (SÆ or SÁI, SERA or SØRA, later SAÐA; SÁINN, later SÁÐR), v. (1) *to sow*, with dat. (sá korni); (2) *to sow, stock with seed*, with acc. (flestir bœndr seru jarðir sínar); (3) fig. *to throw broadcast, scatter*, with dat. (sá gulli, silfri).

SÁÐ, n. *seed, corn, crop*.

SÁÐA-HLEIFR, m. *bran loaf*.

SÁÐIR, f. pl. *bran*; hleifr þrunginn sáðum, *a loaf mixed with bran*.

SÁÐ-JÖRÐ, f. *sown land*; -KORN, n. *seed-corn*; -LAND, n. *sown land*; -PLÓGR, m. *ploughing for seed*; -TÍÐ, f. *sowing season*.

SÁÐUGR, a. *full of bran*.

SÁL (pl. -IR), f., SÁLA, f. *soul*.

SÁLAÐR, pp. *departed, dead*.

SÁLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to depart, die*.

SÁLD, n. (1) *sieve, riddle* (rúmborat s.); (2) *a measure* (þriggja sálda öl).

SÁLMA-SKÁLD, n. *psalmist, hymn-writer*; -SÖNGR, m. *hymn-singing*.

SÁLMR (-S, -AR), m. *psalm, hymn*.

SÁLU-BANN, n. *perdition of the soul*; -BATI, m., -BÓT, f. (1) *the soul's health*; (2) *prosperity, welfare*; -BÚÐ, f. = -hús; -ELDAR, m. pl. *funeral fires*; -FÉLAG, n. *spiritual communion*.

SÁLUGR, a. *wretched, poor*.

SÁLU-HÁSKI, m. *soul's danger, perdition*; -HJÁLP, f. *salvation*; -HÚS, n. *hospital*; -MESSA, f. *mass for the dead, requiem*; -SKAÐI, m. *scathe to one's soul, perdition*; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. = -messa; -TJÓN, n. = -skaði; -ÞARFLIGR, a. *useful for the soul*; -ÞURFT, -ÞÖRF, f. *the soul's need*.

SÁM-LEITR, SÁMR, a. *swarthy, blackish*.

SÁR (SÁS, SÁIR), m. *large cask*.

SÁR, n. *wound* (liggja í sárum).

SÁRA-FAR, n. *state or nature of wounds*; -FULLR, a. *full of sores*; -LÖGR, m. *blood*; -MENN, m. pl. = sárir menn.

SÁRAN, adv. *sorely, bitterly* (gráta s.).

SÁR-BEITTR, a. *very keen*; -DROPI, m. poet. *blood*; -EGGJAÐR, a. = -beittr; -HEITR, a. *very hot*.

SÁRINDI, n. pl. *soreness, pain*.

SÁR-KEYPTR, pp. *dear-bought*; mun yðr verða -keypt við hann at eiga, *ye will find it a dear bargain to deal with him*; -LEIKR, m. *soreness, pain*; -LIGA, adv. *sorely, painfully*; leika sárliga, *to handle roughly*; -LIGR, a. *painful*.

SÁRNA (AÐ), v. *to become painful*.

SÁR-ORÐR, a. *using cutting words*.

SÁRR, a. (1) *wounded* (lítt s., mjök s., s. til úlífis); (2) *sore, painful* (sárar píslir); sárt, as adv. *sorely, painfully* (sárt bítr soltin lús); sárt ertu leikinn, *thou hast been sorely treated*; menn höfðu sárt (= illa) haldit frændum sínum, *they had sore losses among their kinsmen*; honum er s. matr, *it pains him to part with the meat*.

SÁRS-AUKI, m. *smart, pain* (kenna -auka); -BRÚN, f. *edge of a wound*.

SÁR-VÍTR (pl. -VÍTR), f. poet. *valkyrie*.

SÁR-YRÐI, n. pl. *cutting words*.

SÁT, f. *ambush*, = fyrirsát.

SÁTA, f. *hay-cock, truss of hay*.

SÁTT, f. *settlement, covenant, agreement*, = sætt (eigi munu þeir rjúfa þá s., er ek gøri).

SÁTTA-LEYFI, -LOF, n. *a licence to make an agreement*.

SÁTTAN, f. *agreement*, = sátt.

SÁTTAR-BOÐ, n. *an offer of terms*; -DÓMR, m. *court of arbitration*; -EIÐR, m. *an oath taken at a* 'sátt'; -FUNDR, m. *peace-meeting*; -GRIÐ, n. pl. *truce*; -GØRÐ, f. *agreement, peace-transactions*; -HALD, n. *the keeping of an agreement*; -MAÐR, m. *peace-maker, umpire*; -MARK, -MERKI, n. *token of peace*; -STEFNA, f. = -fundr.

SÁTTA-UMLEITAN, f. *endeavours to bring about peace, mediation*; -VANDR, a. *particular as to terms*.

SÁTT-BAND, n. *treaty, covenant*; -FÚSS, -GJARN, a. *willing to come to terms, conciliatory*; -GJARNLIGA, adv. *in a conciliatory way*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *conciliatory, placable*; -MÁL, n. (1) *words of reconciliation* (bera -mál milli manna); (2) *agreement, covenant*; -MÁLI, m. *covenant*.

SÁTTMÁLS-BÚÐ, f. *the covenant-booth, Tabernacle*; -LÖG, n. pl. *the prescriptions of the covenant*; -MARK, n. = sáttarmark; -ÖRK, f. *the ark of the covenant*.

SÁTTR, a. *reconciled, at peace*; verða s. á (*or* um) e-t, at e-u, *to agree on*; urðu allir á þat sáttir, at engi væri hans jafningi, *all were agreed that no man was his match*.

SÁTT-ROF, n. *breach of an agreement*; -VANDR, a. = sáttavandr; -VARR, a. *careful as to the keeping of an agreement*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *promising in respect of an agreement*.

SÉ (imperat. from 'sjá'), interj. *see! look!* (sé nú, seggir).

SEÐJA (SEÐ, SADDA, SADDR), v. *to satiate, satisfy* (s. e-n á e-u, af e-u); refl., seðjast á e-u, af e-u, *to eat one's fill of a thing*. Cf. 'saddr'.

SEF, n. *sedge, rush*.

SEFA (AÐ), v. *to soothe, appease, calm* (ef hann fær eigi sefat hana); refl., sefast, *to be soothed, appeased*, of anger (gekk af honum móðrinn ok sefaðist hann).

SEFAÐR, pp. *propitious* (dróttinn sé honum jafnan s.).

SEFI, m. poet. (1) *mind, affection* (sorgmóðr s.); (2) *kinsman*.

SEF-TJÖRN, f. *sedge-tarn*; -VISK, n. *sedge-wisp*.

SEGGR (pl. -IR, gen. -JA), m. poet. *man*.

SEGI or SIGI, m. *slice, strip, shred* (skera e-t í sega).

SEGJA (SEGI, SAGÐA, SAGÐR), v. (1) *to*

say, tell (seg þú mér þat, er ek spyr þik); þeir sögðu, at þeir skyldu aldri upp gefast, *they said they would never yield*; s. e-m leið, *to tell the way*, esp. on the sea, *to pilot*; s. tíðendi, *to tell news*; impers. *it is told* (hér segir frá Birni bunu); sem áðr sagði, *as was told before*; segjanda er allt vin sínum, *all can be told to a friend*; (2) *to say, declare*, in an oath; ek segi þat guði (Æsi), *I declare to God (to the* 'Áss'); (3) law phrases; s. sik í þing, lög, *to declare oneself member of a community*; s. sik ór þingi, lögum, *to declare oneself out of, withdraw from, a community*; s. skilit við konu, *to declare oneself separated from, divorce, one's wife*; s. fram sök, *to declare one's case*; s. lög, *to recite the law*, of the 'lögsögumaðr'; (4) *to signify, mean* (þetta segir svá); (5) with preps., s. e-n af e-u, *to declare one off a thing, take it from him*; s. e-t á e-n, *to impose on* (bœta at þeim hluta, sem lög segði á hann); *to announce* (s. á reiði, úsátt sína); s. eptir e-m, *to tell tales of one*; s. frá e-u, *to tell, relate*; Unnr, er ek sagða þér frá, *U. of whom I told thee*; s. fyrir e-u, *to prescribe* (svá var með öllu farit, sem hann hafði fyrir sagt); s. fyrir skipi, *to bid God-speed to a ship*; s. e-t fyrir, *to predict, foretell* (s. fyrir úorðna hluti); s. e-u sundr, í sundr, *to break up, dissolve* (s. sundr friði, frændsemi, hjúskap); s. til e-s, *to tell, inform of* (segit honum ekki til, hvat þér hafit gört við hrossit); s. til nafns síns, s. til sín, *to tell (give) one's name*; s. upp e-t, *to pronounce* (s. upp dóm, gørð); s. upp lög, *to proclaim the law* (from the lawhill); s. e-n upp, *to give one up*; s. upp e-u, *to declare at an end* (s. upp friði, griðum); s. upp þjónustu við e-n, *to leave one's service*; (6) refl., segjast, *to declare of oneself*; hann sagðist þá vaka, *he said that he was awake*; kristnir menn ok heiðnir sögðust hvárir ór lögum annarra, *they declared themselves each out of the other's laws*; láta (sér) segjast, *to let oneself be spoken to, listen to reason*; impers., e-m segist svá, *one's tale runs so*.

SEGJANDS-SAGA, f. *a hearsay tale*.

SEGL, a. *sail*; draga, vinda (upp) s., *to hoist sail*; leggja (ofan) s., *to take in sail*; hlaða seglum, *to furl the sails*.

SEGL-BÓT, f. *sail-mending*; -BÚINN, pp. *'sail-boun', ready to sail*; -LAUN, n. pl. *return (payment) for a sail*; -MARR, m. poet. *'sail-steed', ship*; -RÁ, f. *sail-yard*; -REIÐI, m. *sail-rigging*; -TŒKR, a. *fit for sailing* (-tœkt veðr); -VIÐR, m. *'sail-tree', spar, yard*; -VIGG, n. poet. = -marr.

SEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to enchant by a spell*; s. seið, *to work a spell*.

SEIÐ-BERENDR, m. pl. *sorcerers*; -GALDR, m. *enchantment by spells*; -HJALLR, m. *incantation-scaffold*; -KONA, f. *sorceress, witch*; -LÆTI, n. pl. *the sounds heard during the incantation*; -MAÐR, m. *enchanter, wizard*; -MAGNAN, f. *the working of a spell*.

SEIÐR (gen. SEIÐS or SEIÐAR), m. *spell, charm, enchantment, incantation*; seiða (efla, magna) seið, *to work a spell, practise sorcery*.

SEIÐ-SKRATTI, m. *wizard*.

SEIÐSLA, f. = seiðmagnan.

SEIÐ-STAÐR, m. *the place where a spell is worked*; -STAFR, m. *enchanter's wand*; -VILLA, f. *spells to counteract witchcraft* (rísta -villur).

SEIG-LIGA, adv. *slowly*.

SEIGR, a. (1) *tough, viscid* (seigt lím); (2) *stubborn* (s. á sitt mál); (3) *difficult* (seigt mun veita at kristna Ísland).

SEIL, f. *string, line*; koma á s. e-m, *to be carried along by one*.

SEILA-MÖTTULL, m. = tugla-möttull.

SEILAST (D), v. refl. *to stretch out one's hand* (Þórr seildist svá langt upp, sem hann mátti lengst); s. eptir e-u, til e-s, *to try to get hold of a thing*; fig. *to seek far for a thing* (s. tíl sœmdar í hendr e-m); s. á e-t, *to encroach on* (s. á guðs, krúnunnar, rétt).

SEILING, f. *seeking for a thing*.

SEIMR, m. (1) *honey-comb*; (2) poet. *gold, riches* (rautt gull er s.).

SEIN, n.?, *delay*; láta eigi s. at sér, *to make haste*.

SEINA (AÐ), v. *to delay*; þá mun of seinat, *then it will be to late*.

SEIN-BÚINN, pp. '*late-boun', slow in getting ready*, = síðbúinn; -FŒRR, a. *slow, tardy, slow at work*; *difficult to pass* (brú var á Álptá, ok var -fœrt yfir); -GÖRR, a. *slow-growing* (-görr í uppvexti); -HEPPILIGR, a. *slow to advance oneself, slow-growing*.

SEINKA (AÐ), v. *to delay*, with acc. or dat. (s. gönguna, s. förinni), or inf. (s. at fylgja e-m); refl., seinkast, *to be delayed* (mjök þótti s. atlagan).

SEINKAN, f. *hindrance, delay*.

SEIN-LÁTR, a. *slow, tardy, dilatory*; -LIGA, adv. *slowly, indifferently, reluctantly* (taka e-u -liga, taka -liga undir e-t); -LIGR, a. *slow, dull, reluctant*; -LÆTI, n. *slowness, dullness*.

SEINN (compar. SEINNI, superl. SEINSTR, later SEINASTR), a. (1) *slow*, opp. to 'skjótr' (s. á fœti); seinir til at muna orð sín, *slow to remember (fulfil) their words (promise)*; neut., seint, as adv. *slowly*; fara s., *to go at a slow pace*; taka e-u s., *to take it slowly, coldly* (= taka e-u seinliga); (2) *late* (förum til skipa ok verðum eigi of seinir); Sveinn var seinst búinn, *S. was the last to get ready*.

SEIN-TALAÐR, pp. *slow of speech*; -ÞREYTTR, pp. *slow to be moved*; -þreyttr til vandræða, *slow to be drawn into quarrels*.

SEIZLA, f. = seiðsla, seiðmagnan.

SEKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to sentence to a fine*, = gøra e-n sekjan; esp. *to sentence one to outlawry*; (2) refl., sekjast, *to be liable to a penalty*.

SEKKA (AÐ), v. *to pack up* (s. vöru).

SEKKR (gen. -JAR, pl. -AR or -IR), m. (1) *sack, bag*; (2) *package, truss*, in a merchant ship.

SEKR (acc. SEKAN or SEKJAN), a. (1) *guilty*; láta þann undan setja, er s. er, *to let him escape who is guilty*; s. e-s *or* um e-t, *guilty of*; (2) *convicted, outlawed, condemned to outlawry* (gøra e-n sekjan, verða s. um e-t); s. skógarmaðr, fjörbaugsmaðr, *convicted outlaw*; (3) *sentenced to pay, mulcted in* (verðr hann s. um þat þrem mörkum); (4) *forfeited*; tel ek sekt fé hans allt, *I say that all his goods are forfeited*.

SEKT, f. (1) *guilt* (lifandi guð fyrirláti mér mína s.); (2) *penalty*; full s., *the highest penalty of the law, forfeiture of goods and outlawry* (lýsa til sektar fullrar á hönd e-m); (3) *fine, mulct* (þriggja marka s.).

SEKTAR-DÓMR, m. *conviction, sentence of outlawry*; -FÉ, n. *goods, property of an outlaw* (skógarmaðr, fjörbaugsmaðr), which was confiscated, one half to the community (fjórðungsmenn), the other half to the prosecutor; -LAUSS, a. *free, unconvicted*; -LAUST, adv. *with impunity*; -MARK, n. (1) *brand or mark of guilt*; (2) pl. *the marks by which to know the person*

of an outlaw; -úmagi, m. *the destitute dependant of an outlaw*.

sel (gen. pl. selja), n. *shed on a mountain pasture* (where the milk-cows are kept in the summer months).

sela-bátr, m. *a boat for seal-catching, seal-boat*; -húðir, f. pl. *seal-skins*; -nót, f. *seal-net*; -kyn, n. *species of seal*; -skinn, n. pl. = -húðir.

sel-belgr, m. *seal-skin* (not cut up).

sel-dyrr, f. pl. *door of a* 'sel'.

sel-feitr, a. *fat as a seal* (stóðhestr -feitr); -fita, f. *seal's fat*.

sel-för, f. *the keeping of cattle at a* 'sel'; -gørð, f. *erection of a* 'sel'.

sel-hárr, a. *covered with seal's hair*.

seli (and sili), m. *harness*.

selja (sel, selda, seldr), v. (1) *to hand over, deliver*; s. e-m e-t (Ásta selr honum sverðit); s. e-t í hendr e-m, *to make over to one* (hann seldi búit í hendr Þorsteini); s. vápn ór hendi sér, *to give up (deliver) one's weapons*; s. e-t fram, *to deliver up*; s. e-m e-t til varðveizlu, *to commit to another's keeping* (þér skulut nú selja mér til varðveizlu vápn yður); hann kvazt hvárki vildu s. grið né taka, *he said that he would neither give nor receive pardon*; s. e-m laun, *to give reward, pay*; s. fé at láni, *to lend money*; s. á leigu, *to put out at interest*; s. á frest, *to give on credit*; (2) *to sell, part with* (hann seldi land sitt); s. e-t við litlu (miklu) verði, *to sell for a small (great) sum*; s. mansali, *to sell into bondage*; þótti þeim konungr út seldr, *a done man* (= fram seldr); (3) refl., seljast, *to give oneself up* (s. arfsali); s. út, *to turn out*; aldri mun þat vel út s., *it will never go well*.

selja, f. *sallow, willow*.

seljandi (pl. -endr), m. *one who hands over*; *seller, vendor*.

seljari, m. *seller*.

sel-mánaðr, m. *the month in which milk cattle are removed to the* 'sel'.

sel-net, n. *seal-net*; -nœtr, f. pl. *see* sela-nót.

selr (-s, -ar), m. *seal* (syndr sem s.).

sels-dyrr, f. pl. *door of a* 'sel'.

sels-eista, f. *a seal's testicle*.

sel-skinn, n. *seal's skin*.

selskinns-brœkr, f. pl., -stakkr, m. *sealskin breeched, cloak*.

sel-skutill, m. *seal-harpoon*; -tjara, f. *tar from seal-fat*; -veiðr, f. *seal-catching*; -ver, n. *a place where seals are caught*.

sem, as a conj. (1) *as* (rauðr s. blóð, fölr s. gras); svá s., *so as* (svá s. fyrr vat ritit); slíkr s., *such as* (slíkr maðr s. Ljótr er); (2) ellipt. = svá s. (svæla e-n inni s. melrakka greni); hann kom, s. hann hafði heitit, *as he had promised*; dugði hverr, s. mátti, *every did as he could, did his best*; (3) with superl., s. skjótast, s. fyrst, *as soon as possible*; þeir hleyptu út á Skaptá s. mest máttu þeir, *as fast as they could*; (4) with subj., *as if* (þeir vóru allir með vápnum sem til bardaga væri búnir); (5) temp. *as, when* (sem hringdi til aptansöngs, vildi konungr ganga); (6) as a relat. part., *who, which, that*, = er, es (eptir þetta, sem nú var getit); (7) after adverbs, þar s., *where*; þangat s., *whither*; þaðan s., *whence* (muntu þar þykkja sómamaðr sem þú kemr); hvar s. hann kom, *wheresoever he came*; (8) þar s., *whereas* (þú gørir þik góðan þar sem þú bæði verit þjófr ok ræningi).

semja (sem, samda, samiðr and samdr), v. (1) *to shape, compose, arrange*; *to bring or put into, order*; s. hljóðfœri, *to*

tune instruments; s. sætt, *to make peace* (fyrr en sættin væri samið); (2) *to agree on, settle* (engir hlutir skyldi þeir til verða, at eigi þeir sjálfir); s. við e-n, *to treat with one* (Hrútr kvazt at vísu vilja s. við Höskuld); (3) impers., e-m semr e-t, *one agrees to a thing*; hvárt sem þeim semdi eða *whether they came to terms or not*; (4) *to reform, mend, put right*; konungr bœtti þeirra ok samdi siðu, *the king mended, reformed their faith and manners*; hefir þú heldr samit þik ór því sem var, *thou hast rather improved thyself*; setja ok s. dramb *to compose and set down one's pride*; s. sik eptir e-u, *to adapt oneself to, conform oneself to* (hefir þú samit þik mjök eptir siðvenju útlendra manna); at þeir semdi sína frændsemi eptir því sem vera ætti, *that they should restore their relationship to a proper footing*; (5) reflex., semjast, *to be settled, agreed on* (þat mál samdist á þá leið, at); e-t semst með e-m, *it is agreed on between them* (samdist þetta með þeim); impers. (selja man ek yngra sveininn, sem okkr semst); s. e-u, *to take to* (samdist hón skildi ok sverði en við sauma ok borða).

SEM-SVEINAR, m. pl. *'Finnish' messengers* (so called by themselves).

SEN, n. *sentence* (langt s., myrkt s.).

SENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. (1) *to send, dispatch* (ek vil s. þik til Víkrinnar); maðr var sendr Gizuri hvíta, *a man was sent to G. the white*; s. eptir e-m, *to send for*; (2) *to send, throw, cast* (s. spjót, s. skeytin aptr); (3) recipr., sendast e-t á, s. e-t í milli, *to interchange, send to one another* (áðr höfðu þeir senzt orð í milli).

SENDI-BOÐ, n. *message*; -BOÐI, m. *messenger*; -FÉ, n. *presents sent*; -FERÐ, -FÖR, m. *mission, message, errand* (fara -för); -LIGR, a. *fit to be sent*; -MAÐR, m. *messenger*.

SENDING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *message*, = orðsending; (2) *gift, present sent*; senda konungi vingjafar, hauka, hesta, tjöld, segl, eða aðra þá hluti, er sendingar eru, *which are fit for presents*; (3) *dish, course* (eptir þat bjuggust menn til borða; því næst kómu inn sendingar, í fyrstu heitt kjöt).

SENDINN, a. *sandy* (from 'sandr').

SENDI-PISTILL, m. *epistle, letter*; -SKIP, n. *dispatch-boat*.

SENDLINGR, m. *purple sandpiper*.

SENN, adv. *at the same time, at a time* (létu þeir einn jarl s. vera í landinu); allir s., *all at once*; also, í s. (einn, margir, allir í s.).

SENNA (-TA, -T), v. (1) *to chatter, talk*; (2) *to bandy words* (s. við e-n).

SENNA, f. *gibing, bickering*.

SENNI-LIGA, adv. *verily*, = sannliga.

SÉR, refl. pron. dat. (1) *for oneself, separately, singly* (fór Eyjólfr einn s.); eitt er þat s., *that is a thing by itself*; (2) in a distributive sense, s. hverr, s. hvárr, *each by himself, each separately*; ef s. ferr hverr várr, *if each of us goes by himself*; stundum báðir samt, stundum s. hvárr þeirra, *sometimes each of them singly*; þat lið, er honum fylgði, flýr s. hvat, *in all directions*.

SERÐA (SERÐ, SARÐ, SORÐINN), v. *to have intercourse with* (esp. a male).

SÉR-DEILIS, adv. *particularly, especially*; -HVÁRR, -HVERR, a., *see* 'sér' (2).

SERKIR (gen. SERKJA), m. pl. *the Saracens*; *Assyrians, Persians*, etc.

SERK-LAND, n. *the land of the Saracens*, esp. used of northern Africa.

SERKR (pl. -IR), m. (1) *sark, shirt* (þú

skalt fara í serk minn); hafa dreng í serk, *to have a man inside one's shirt, to be bold and courageous*; hamarrinn var svá lítill, at hafa mátti í serk sér, *that one could conceal it in one's bosom*; (2) *a certain number of skins*.

SÉR-LIGA, adv. (1) *apart* (hafði hón sérliga herbergi innan-borgar); (2) *exactly* (Einarr kvað Þorstein eigi dauðan hafa verit sérliga); -LIGR, a. *particular, special*.

SESS (pl. -AR), m. *seat*; hann var hár í sessi, *he was tall when seated*; vera kominn í vandan s., *to be in a difficult situation*.

SESSI, m. *bench-mate*.

SESS-MEGIR, m. pl. (poet.) *bench-mates*; -MEIÐR, m. *seat-beam*.

SESSU-NAUTR (-S, -AR), m. = sessi.

SET, n. *a raised deal-floor or platform* along the side-walls of an ancient hall (eldaskáli), used as a sitting- and sleeping-place by the household.

SETA, f. (1) *sitting* (nú varð setan löng); hvat merkir s. sjá, *what means this sitting still?*; (2) *seat* = sess (hann var hár í setunni); bjóða búum í setu, *to call on the neighbours to take their seats*; (3) *body of men* (assembled for defence); eptir þat höfðu hvárirtveggja setu, *after that both kept men assembled*.

SETA-SKÁLI, m. *sitting-room*.

SET-BERG, n. *a seat-formed rock*.

SETGEIRA-BRŒKR, f. pl. *breeches with gores in the seat*.

SET-GEIRI, m. *seat-gore* (in a pair of man's breeches).

SETJA (SET, SETTA, SETTR), v. (1) *to seat, set, place, put* (hann setti sveininn í kné konungi; hón var í haug sett); s. e-n inn, *to put in prison*; s. inn fénað, svín, hross, *to pen up, take in*; s. dóm, *to set a court*; s. tjöld, herbúðir, *to set up tents*; s. grundvöll til kirkju, *to lay the foundation of*; s. borð, *to set up tables*; s. e-m gisla, *to give one hostages*; (2) *to drive* (hann setti øxina í höfuð honum); (3) *to make, establish* (s. lög, frið, grið); s. ráð, ráðagørð, *to set on foot (contrive) a plan, plot* (báðu þeir hann s. aðra ráðagørð); s. e-m torg, markað, *to set up a market*; (4) *to order, prescribe* (s. e-m skript); s. e-m dag, stefnu, *to fix a day for one to appear*; (5) with dat., s. e-u, *to settle* (s. máli); (6) *to appoint* (hann setti Guthorm son sinn til landvarnar); (7) *to allay* (sá dauði mun s. mína sút); (8) s. e-t e-u *or* með e-u, *to set, inlay* (hann lét gøra gullkaleik ok s. gimsteinum); *to embroider* (seglit var sett með fögrum skriptum); (9) intrans., *to set off* (hann lagði halann á bak sér ok setti í burtu); s. undan, *to escape*; (10) impers. *it settles*; þegar er niðt setti moldrykit (acc.), *when the dust settled*; jarl (acc.) setti svá rauðan sem blóð (dreyrrauðan), *the earl turned red as blood*; þá setti at honum hósta, *a fit of coughing seized him*; þá setr at henni grát mikinn, *she bursts into tears*; (11) with preps. and advs.; s. e-n af kirkju, *to put out of the church, excommunicate*; s. e-n af ríki, *to depose one*; s. e-n af lífi, af sinni eign, *to deprive one of life, of one's property*; s. e-n aptr, *hold one back, check* (hann setti þá harðliga aptr, er á Þráin leituðu); s. at e-m, *to attack*; s. e-t á skrá, *to enter, set in a scroll*; s. á sik hjálm, *to put on a helmet*; s. á, *to push* (H. bað Ketil ganga fyrir skut ok s. á); s. e-n eptir, *to leave one behind*; s. fram skip, *to launch a ship*; s. e-t fyrir, *to prescribe* (eptir fyrir-settri skipan); s. þvert nei fyrir, *to deny flatly* (Þyri setti þvert nei fyrir, at hón myn-

di giptast gömlum konungi); s. e-n í fjötur, böND, *to put in fetters*; hann hafði sett spjót í völlinn hjá sér, *he had stuck his spear in the ground beside him*; s. e-n niðr, *to make one sit down, put one down* (H. þreif til hans ok setti hann niðr hjá sér); s. niðr lík, *to lay a corpse in earth, bury it*; s. niðr mál, deilu, vandræði, *to settle it*; s. e-t saman, *to put together, set up* (s. bú saman); *to compose, write* (eptir bókum þeim, er Snorri setti saman); s. e-n til bókar, *to set one to learn*; s. e-n til ríkis, *to put one on the throne*; s. upp, *to raise, erect, put up* (s. upp skurðgoð); s. upp segl, *to hoist sail*; s. upp boga, *to bend a bow*; s. skip upp, *to draw a ship up, ashore*; s. skip út, *to launch*, = s. skip fram; s. e-t við e-u, *to set against* (þat þótti höfðingjum ofrausn ok settu mjök hug sinn við); *to bet* (ek set við hundrað marka silfrs, at hann ríðr mik eigi af baki); s. e-n yfir e-t, *to put one over, at the head of* (H. konungr setti Eystein jarl yfir Vestfold); (12) refl., setjast, *to seat oneself, take a seat*; s. niðr, *to sit down* (þeir settust niðr á völlinn); s. á tal við e-n, *to sit down to talk with a person*; *to take up one's abode* (fór hann í Odda ok settist þar); s. um kyrrt, *to settle oneself to rest*; s. at í ríki sínu, *to settle in one's kingdom*; s. aptr af brottferðinni, *to desist from the journey*; s. eptir, *to remain behind*; ek hefi hér upp sezt at þér, *I have taken up my abode with thee*; s. fyrir, *to withstand, oppose*; s. fyrir e-t, *to put oneself at the head of, take in one's hand* (síðan settist Sturla fyrir mál þeirra); s. hjá e-u, *not to meddle with, take no part in* (settist Sturla hjá öllum vandræðum, er þar af gerðust); s. um borg, *to lay siege to a town*; s. upp, *to raise oneself to a sitting posture*; s. yfir e-t, *to seize upon* (nú setjast þeir yfir staðinn ok alla staðarins eign); of the sun, setjast, *to set, go down* (þat er víða á því landi, at sól sezt eigi um nætr); dagr sezt, *the day ends*; sólu (degi) er sett, *the sun (day) has set*.

SET-LIGR, a. *due, fit, proper*.

SETNA (AÐ), v. *to settle, subside*.

SETNING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *position, site*; s. hússins, *the plan of the house*; (2) *order, arrangement*; hver er s. háttanna, *what is the composition of the metres*; (3) *order, rule, rite* (bera járn eptir réttri setningu); manna s., *human rule*; at setningu, *according ot a plan*.

SETNINGR, m. *set purpose, design*.

SETR, n. (1) *seat, residence* (auðigra manna s.); (2) *setting*, of the sun (sól at setri komin); (3) = sætr, *mountain pastures, dairy lands* (in Norway).

SET-STOKKR, m. *planking-beam* (between the 'set' and the unfloored center of the hall).

SÉTTI, ord. numb. *the sixth*.

SETTR, pp. from 'setja', (1) *placed, situated* (hón skal hér svá vel sett sem hón væri mín dóttir); (2) of a ship, *deep in the water, heavy* (skip konungs vóru sett mjök); (3) lítt s. at klæðum, *poorly furnished with clothes*; s. með e-u, *studded with*.

SÉTTUNGR, m. *a sixth part*.

SEX, card. num. *six*; -FALDR, a. *sixfold*; -FŒTTR, a. *six-footed*; -HOIÐAÐR, a. *six-headed*; -STEFJA, f. *a poem with six* 'stef' *(burdens)*.

SEXTÁN, card. numb. *sixteen*; -MÆLTR, pp., of a stanza, *of sixteen sentences*, two to each line; -SESSA, f. *a ship with sixteen seats*.

SEX-TUGANDI, ord. numb. *sixtieth*; -TU-

GR, a. *sixty years old*; of measure, sextugr at lengd, *sixty fathoms (ells) long*; of a ship, sextugr at rúmatali, *with sixty oar-rooms*.

SEX-ÆRÐR, a. *six-oared*; -ÆRINGR, m. *six-oared boat*; -ÆRR, a. = -ærðr.

SEYÐIR, m. *cooking-fire* (tóku eld ok gerðu seyði); búa til seyðis, *to make ready for cooking*.

SEYMI, n. *string for sewing* (of sinews of whales or cattle).

SEYRA, f. *starvation, famine* (sultr mikill ok seyra).

SEYTJÁN, card. numb. *seventeen*.

SIÐA (AÐ), v. *to improve*, esp. *to reform the faith* (s. land, fólk); refl., siðast, *to be improved, civilized* (þar eptir siðaðist landit).

SIÐA-BÓT, f. = siðbót.

SIÐAÐR, pp. *mannered* (vel s.).

SIÐA-MAÐR, m. *a well-bred man*; -SAMR, a. = siðsamr; -SKIPTI, n. pl. *change of faith*.

SIÐ-BLANDINN, a. *sociable*; vera siðblandinn við menn, *to mix with other people*; -BÓT, f. *reformation of life or religion*; -FERÐI, n. *conduct of life, morality* (gott siðferði); -FERÐUGR, a. *of good morals*; -FORN, a. *old-fashioned in manners*; -GÓÐR, a. *of good morals, well-mannered*; -GÆTNI, f. *observance of good manners*; -LAUSS, a. *unmannerly, ill-bred*; -LÁTLIGA, adv. *morally*; lifa -látliga, *to live a pure life*; -LÁTR, a. *well-mannered, of pure life*; -LEYSA, f. *want of manners, immorality, lawlessness*; -LIGA, adv. *morally, cleanly* (lifa -liga); -LIGR, a. *well-bred, moral*; -LÆTI, n. *good manners, bood behaviour*; -MANNLIGR, a. *well-mannered*; -NÆMR, a. *quick to acquire good manners*; -PRÚÐR, a. *well-mannered, gentle*.

SIÐR (-AR, -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *custom, habit* (þat mun hér vera s., at menn ganga vápnlausir fyrir konung); (2) *conduct, moral life* (spilla ill mál góðum siðum); (3) *religion, faith*; inn forni s., *the ancient (heathen) faith*; inn nýi s., *the new (Christian) faith*; kristinn s., *the Christian religion*; heiðinn s., *heathenism*; í fornum sið, *in the olden, or heathen, times*.

SIÐ-SAMLIGR, a. *well-bred*; -SAMR, a. *well-conducted*; -SEMD, f. (1) *habits*; (2) *moral conduct*; (3) *good manners, courtesy*; -SEMI, f. = -semd.

SIÐUGR, a. *well-bred, well-conducted*.

SIÐ-VANDI, m. *custom, habit, practice*; -VANDR, a. *strict as to one's conduct*; -VARR, a. *conscientious in one's life*; -VENDI, f. *austerity*; -VENJA, f. *custom, practice*.

SIF (gen. SIFJAR), f. *the wife of Thor*.

SIFJAÐR, pp. *related by affinity*.

SIFJAR, f. pl. *affinity. connexion by marriage* (s. eða frændsemi); spilla sifjum, *to commit adultery*.

SIFJA-SLIT, -SPELL, n. *adultery*.

SIFJUNGR, m. *a relative by affinity*.

SIF-KONA, f. *a woman related by affinity* (frændkonur ok sifkonur).

SIG, n. *a rope which is let down*.

SIGA (AÐ), v. *to sink* = síga; sigaði svá at honum af öllu saman, at, *he was so overwhelmed that*.

SIGA (AÐ), v. *to excite dogs* by shouting *rrr!*; s. hundum á e-n, *to set dogs at or on one*.

SIGÐ, f., SIGÐR, m. *sickle*.

SIGG, n. *callosity, hard skin*.

SIGLA (-DA, -T), v. (1) *to sail*; s. af landi, *to stand off the land*; s. at landi, *to stand in to land*; s. í haf, á haf, til hafs, *to stand out to sea*; s. á skip, *to run into a ship*; s.

meira, *to set more sails*; s. um e-n, *to sail by one*; s. um Eyrarsund, *to sail through the Sound*; s. um, *to get under weigh, set sail* (þegar er þeir höfðu um siglt, þá gaf þeim byr); with the course in acc., þat er sögn manna, at Skopti hafi fyrstr Norðmanna siglt Njörvasund, *was the first Northman to sail through N.*; with the weather in acc. (þeir sigla norðr um Sognsæ byr góðan ok bjart veðr); veðr siglanda, *weather fit for sailing*; (2) fig., s. á veðr e-m, *to get to windward of one, take the wind out of his sails* (engi maðr mun hafa siglt á veðr jafnmörgum höfðingjum); s. milli skers ok báru, *to sail between Scylla and Charybdis*; (3) *to go as with sails* (sigldi íkorninn í milli limanna á öðru tré).

SIGLA, f. *mast* (fyrir framan siglu).

SIGLI, n. *ornament, necklace*.

SIGLING (pl. -AR), f. (1) *sailing* (þá sá menn konungs siglingina); sjau daga s., *seven days' sail*; (2) *voyage* (tókst þeim siglingin ógreitt).

SIGLINGA-MAÐR, m. *seafaring man, seaman* (slíkr -maðr sem þú ert).

SIGLU-BITI, m. *the step of the mast*; -RÁ, f. *sail-yard*; -SKEIÐ, n. *the part of a ship near the mast*; -TOPPR, m. *mast-head*; -TRÉ, n. *mast-tree*.

SIGNA (AÐ), v. *to sink or slide down* (honum þótti byrðrin þung signaði hón niðr á bakit).

SIGNA (AÐ, or -DA, -DR), v. (1) in a heathen sense, *to mark with the sign of Thor's hammer, to dedicate*, to a god (s. full Óðni, Þór); (2) *to sign with the cross, make the sign of the cross over* (gengu þeir undir borð ok signdu mat sinn); s. sik, *to cross oneself* (on the forehead and breast); (3) *to bless*; signaðr Ólafr, *the blessed O.*

SIGNAN, f. *blessing*.

SIGR (gen. SIGRS), m. *victory*; hafa, fá, vinna s., *to gain a victory*; bera s. af e-m, vega (vinna, fá) s. á e-m, *to defeat one*; auðna mun ráða sigri, *fortune will decide the victory*; Magnús konungr réð þá sigri miklum, *then king M. gained a great victory*.

SIGRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to vanquish, overcome* (höfðu þeir brœðr sigrat björninn); (2) *to surpass* (einn lokkr sigraði alla); (3) refl., sigrast, *to gain a victory* (Einar lagði þegar til orrostu ok sigraðist); s. á e-m, *to gain a victory over one* (hann bar opt hamingju til at s. á sínum óvinum).

SIGRARI, m. *victor*.

SIGR-AUÐIGR, a. *victorious*; -BÁKN, n. *tokening of victory*; -BLÁSTR, m. *trumpeting of victory*; -BLÓMI, m. *beam of victory, halo*; -BLÓT, n. *sacrifice for victory*; -BYRR, m. *fair wind boding victory*; -FÓRN, f. *offering for victory*; -FÖR, f. *victorious journey* (fara -för); -GJALD, n. *war contribution*; -GJÖF, f. (1) *the granting of victory*; (2) *offering up for victory*; -GOÐ, n. *god of victory*; -LAUSS, a. *deserted by victory*; -LEYSI, n. *lack of victory*; -LÚÐR, m. *trumpet of victory*; -MARK, n. *token of victory*; -MÁL, n. *prize of victory*; -MERKI, n. = -mark; -MINNING, f. *commemoration of a victory*; -ÓP, n. *shouting of victory*; -SAMLIGR, a. *victorious*; -STRANGLIGR, a. *bidding fair for victory*; -SÆLA, -SÆLD, -SÆLI, f. *victoriousness*; -SÆLL, a. *blessed by victory, victorious*.

SIG-RÚNAR, f. pl. *runes of victory*.

SIGR-VEGARI, m. *conqueror*; -VEGNING, f. *victory*; -VERK, n. *victory*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *promising victory*; -ÞJÓÐ, f. *the victorious host*; -ÖR, f. *shaft of victory*.

SIG-TÍVAR, m. pl. *gods of victory*; -TOPTIR, f. pl. *homes of victory*.

SIK, acc. of the refl. pron. (gen. SÍN, dat. SÉR), *himself, herself, themselves* (þeir verja sik þar).

SIKLINGR (-S, -AR), m. poet., *king*.

SILD (pl. SILDR), f. *herring*.

SILDA-FERJA, f. *herring-boat*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of herring*.

SILD-FISKI, f. *herring-fishery*; fara í -fiski, *to go out catching herring*; -VER, n. *a place for herring-fishing*.

SILFR, n. *silver*; -BAUGR, m. *silver ring*; -BEIZL, n. *silver bit*; -BÚINN, pp. *silver-mounted*; -DRJÚGR, a. *well-stocked with silver (money)*; -FÁTT, a. n. *lacking silver* (e-m verðr -fátt); -FESTR, f. *silver chain*; -HADDA, f. *silver handle*; -HORN, n. *drinking-horn of silver*; -HRINGR, m. = -baugr; -HVÍTR, a. *silver-white*; -KALKR, m. *silver chalice*; -KER, n. *silver vessel*; -LAGÐR, pp. *inlaid with silver*; -LIGR, a. *silvery*; -MEN, n. *necklace of silver*; -MERKTR, -METINN, pp. *valued in silver*; -OFINN, pp. *woven with silver*; -PENINGR, m. *silver coin*; -REKINN, pp. = -búinn; -SMELTR, pp. *enamelled with silver*; -SMIÐR, m. *silversmith*; -SYLGJA, f. *brooch of silver*; -VÁPN, n. *silver weapon*.

SILKI, n. *silk*; in compds. *silken, silk*; -BAND, n. *silk ribbon*; -BLAKA, f. *silken veil*; -BLEIKR, a. *yellow as silk*; -DÚKR, m. *silken napkin*; -HJÚPR, m. *silken jacket*; -HLAÐ, n. *silk ribbon worn round the head*; -KULT, n. *silken quilt*; -SAUMAÐR, pp. *embroidered with silk*; -SLŒÐR, f. pl. *silken gown*; -TREYJA, f. *silken jacket*; -ÞRÁÐR, m. *silken thread*.

SILUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *trout*.

SIMILI, n. *fine flour for bread*.

SIMUL, f. *hag, witch* (poet.).

SIN, n. *bladder sedge* (skútur tvær sini bundnar, ok engi saumr í).

SIN (pl. SINAR), f. *sinew, tendon*.

SINA, f. (1) = sin; (2) *withered grass which has stood during winter*.

SINA-SÁRR, a. *sore in the sinews*.

SIN-BUNDINN, pp. *bound with bladder sedge* (sinbundit skip).

SINDR, n. *slag or dross, iron-scales*.

SINDRA (AÐ), v. *to send out sparks, sparkle* (sindraði af svá sem ór afli).

SINN (SÍN, SITT), possess. pron. *his, her, its, their*; (1) referring to the subj. in a sentence, Hallgerðr fastnaði dóttur sína, *H. betrothed her daughter*; Hrútr var harðráðr við úvini sína, *H. was stern towards his foes*; (2) referring to the object; hvat vill Haraldr bjóða Nóregs konungi fyrir sitt starf, *what will H. offer to the king of Norway for his* (viz. *the latter's*) *trouble?* Sigurðr jarl gaf upp Orkneyingum óðul sín, *their odals*; hann þakkar honum sitt sinni, *he thanks him for his help*; (3) neut. as subst.; kostaði hann einn allt fyrir, en bœndr ekki af sínu, *nothing of their own*; allt mun þat sínu fran fara um aldr manna, *it will all go its own course to a man's life*; (4) with 'sjálfr' both words are declined; þeir báðu hana taka sjálfrar sinnar ráð, *they bade her take her own counsel*; (5) with 'hvárr' and 'hverr' in a distributive sense; tók sitt langskip hvárr þeira, *each of the two took a long ship*; sinn vetr þá hvárr heimboð at öðrum, *they visited each other, winter about*; sínu sinni at hvárs búum, *alternately on each other's estates*; sinn veg hvárr, *one each way*; þykkir nökkut sinn veg hváru, *each took his own view of the matter*; ferr sinn veg hverr um skóginn, *they (all) went each his own way in the*

wood; skulu vaka sinn þriðjung nætr hverir tveir, *two and two in turn*.

SINN, n. *time*; eitt s., einu sinni, *one time, once* (þat var eitt s., at Egill gekk til elda at verma sik); eitthvert s., einhverju sinni = eitt s., einu sinni; einhverju sinni bar svá til, at, *one time it happened that*; ekki s., engu sinni, *never*; aldri s., *never more* (aldri skaltu koma í mína rekkju s. síðan); þat s., *that time*; þessu sinni, *this time*; (í) annat s., öðru sinni, *a second time, again*; hit fyrra sinn, *the first time*; hit þriðja s., *for the third time*; at sinni, *for the present* (þeir skilja tal sitt at sinni); um s., *once* (veg þú aldri meirr í inn sama knérunn en um s.); *for this one time* (ek mun leysa þik ór vandræði þessu um s.); um sinns sakir, *for this once* (eigi vil ek synja þér um sinns sakir þessa); dat. pl., sjau sinnum, *seven times*; endr ok sinnum, *now and then, from time to time*; nökkurum sinnum, *several times*.

SINNA (AÐ, or -TA, -T), v. (1) poet. *to journey, travel*; (2) *to go with, side with one* (vilda ek, at þú sinnaðir frændum mínum); (3) *to plead, support* (þeir hétu þá at s. hans máli); (4) *to mind, care for, heed*; ekki sinni ek hégóma þínum, *I heed not thy idle talk*; ekki sinni ek fé (ef nökkurr vill ganga í málit), *I do not mind the money*; hón sinnaði um engan hlut, *she cared about nothing*; vera e-m sinnandi, *to be attentive to one, take care of*.

SINNAÐR, a. *siding with one, favourably disposed towards one*.

SINNI, m. poet. *follower, companion*.

SINNI, n (1) *journey, walk*; vera á sinnum, *to be on the way*; heill þú á sinnum sér, *be happy on thy way*; dagr var á sinnum, *the day was passing by*; (2) *fellowship, company*; ríða í s. e-m, *to ride in one's company*; (3) *help, support* (V. þakkar honum sitt s.); vera e-m í s., *to side with one, help one* (þú vildir, at allir væri þér í s.); (4) *time*, = sinn; annat s., *a second time*, = annat sinn; þat s., *that time*.

SINNIG, SINNSIG (for sinn veg, síns veg), adv. *one each way*; s. hvárr (hverr), *each his own way, differently*.

SINNI-LIGR, a. *companion-like*.

SINU-ELDR, m. *fire in withered grass*.

SITJA (SIT; SAT, SÁTUM; SETINN), v. (1) *to sit, be seated*; hann sat it næsta honum, *he sat next him*; s. upp, *to sit erect* (þeir létu hann s. upp í hauginum); *to sit at table*; (2) *to stay, sojourn*; s. heima, *to stay at home* (sitr Gunnarr nú heima nökkura hríð); s. kyrr, *to remain quiet, stay at home*; s. í festum, *to sit as one's betrothed* (of the bride between the betrothal and wedding); *to reside* (Haraldr konungr sat optast á Rogalandi); *to sit fishing* (þeir vóru komnir á þær vastir, er hann var vanr at s.); (3) *to tarry* (gørði liðinu leitt at s.); s. veðrfastr, *to lie weather-bound*; (4) with acc., s. e-t ór hendi sér, *to let it slip through idleness*; s. byr ór hendi sér, *to miss a fair wind*; (5) s. vel (illa) jörð, *to keep one's estate in good (bad) order*; s. launþing, *to hold a secret meeting*; (6) s. e-t, *to put up with, endure* (eigi mundu þeir þvílíka skömm eða hneisu setið hafa); s. e-m e-t, *to submit to, put up with at one's hand* (s. mönnum skammir ok skapraunir); er slíkt engum manni sitjanda, *it is not to be endured from any man*; (7) s. e-m e-t, *to cut one off from* (hugðust þeir Sveinn at s. honum vatn); (8) with preps., s. at e-u, *to sit busy with a thing*; s. at sumbli, *to sit at a banquet*; s. at tafli, *to sit at chess*; s. at fé, nautum, *to tend*

sheep, cattle; s. at málum, *to sit over a case, debate it*; s. á stefnu, *to be in the chair at a meeting*; s. á sannindum, *to withhold (conceal) the truth*; s. á sér, *to control oneself, keep down one's temper* (Hallgerðr sat mjök á sér um vetrinn); s. á svikrædum, svikum við e-n, *to plot against one*; s. fyrir, *to be on the spot* (úvíst er at vita, hvar úvinir sitja á fleti fyrir); s. fyrir e-u, *to be a hindrance to* (s. fyrir sœmd e-s); *to be exposed to, have to bear* (s. fyrir hvers manns ámæli); s. fyrir ádrykkju e-s, *to be one's drinking-mate*; s. fyrir svörum, *to stand questions, be the spokesman*; s. fyrir málum, *to lead the discussion*; s. fyrir e-m, *to lie in ambush (in wait) for*; s. hjá e-u, *to be present at* (s. hjá ráðagerðum e-s); *to sit idly by* (þú munt þó drepa vilja bróður minn, ok er þat skömm, ef ek sit hjá); s. inni, *to sit in prison*; s. til e-s, *to wait*; er þar til at s., *we may wait till then*; s. um e-t, *to watch for an opportunity*; þeir sátu um at rengja, *they watched to find a flaw in the proceedings*; *to plot against* (hann sitr um ríki hans); s. um líf e-s, *to seek one's life*; s. um e-n, *to lie in wait for, waylay*; s. um e-u, *to be busy with* (s. um nauðsynjamálum); s. um borðum, *to sit at table*; s. undir e-u, *to be subject to*; s. yfir e-u, *to sit over a thing, be busy with* (ekki mun ek lengr yfir þessu s.); s. yfir drykkju, borðum, *to sit drinking, at table*; *to attend to* (s. yfir málum manna); s. yfir kvæðum, *to listen to songs*; s. yfir e-u, *to take possession of*; láta slíka s. yfir váru, *to let such persons withhold our property from us*; *to bear down* (hann sat yfir virðland); s. yfir skörðum hlut, *to suffer a loss of right*; s. yfir sjúkum manni, *to sit up with (nurse) a sick person*, esp. a woman in labour; (9) recipr., sitjast nær, *to sit near one another*.

SÍA (AÐ), v. *to filter, strain*; láta grön s., *to sip through the beard*.

SÍA, f. *sieve or strainer*, for liquids.

SÍA, f. *glowing spark*, esp. from metal (síur flugu ór afli).

SÍ-BYRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to lay (a ship) alongside*, in a sea-fight; with dat. (jarl síbyrði Barðanum enn við Orminn); without the dat. (síbyrði hann þar við Járnbarðann); -BYRÐIS, -BYRT, adv. *broadside to broadside* (leggja, liggja síbyrðis, síbyrt).

SÍÐ, adv. (1) *late* (var heldr s. gengit til hámessu); with gen., s. aptans, sumars, vetrar, *late in the evening, summer, winter*; s. um haustit, kveldit, *late in the autumn, evening*; (2) compar., SÍÐARR, *later* (þau svik, er s. komu fram); fám vetrum s., *a few years later*; (3) superl. SÍÐARST or SÍÐAST, *last*; orð þau er hann mælti s., *his last words*; sá er s. gengr inn, *he who enters last*.

SÍÐ, f., only in the phrase, um s., *at last* (þó varð hann um s. ofrliði borinn); more commonly in pl., um (of) síðir (þó vaknaði hann um síðir).

SÍÐA, f. (1) *side* (hljóp sverðit á síðuna); (2) *flank, side of meat* (síður af nauti allfeitar); (3) *coast* (hann braut skip sitt við Jótlands síðu).

SÍÐA (SÍÐ; SEIÐ, SIÐUM; SIÐINN), v. *to work charms through* 'seiðr' (þat er vá lítil, at vér síðim).

SÍÐAN, adv. (1) *since, after that* (s. gekk hón í brott); hefir sú kapella þar staðit s., *ever since*; hvárki áðr né s., *neither before nor since*; (2) *afterwards, later on* (koma þeir allir við þessa sögu s.); (3) as prep. with acc., þeir höfðu ekki etið

s. laugardaginn, *since Saturday*; (4) with the relat. part., at, er, as conj., *from the time when, since* (s. er tengdir várar tókust); (5) *since* = s. er (E. hafði verit með Ólafi konungi s. Sveinn jarl andaðist); *seeing that, in as much as* (viltu, at ek gæta vitans, s. ek geri ekki annat).

SÍÐANS (= síðan es), conj. *since*.

SÍÐAR-LA, -LIGA, adv. *late* (eitt kveld síðarla gengu til gestir nökkurir).

SÍÐARR, adv. compar., see 'síð'.

SÍÐARRI, a. compar. *later, latter*, opp. to 'fyrri' (it síðarra sumar).

SÍÐARST or SÍÐAST, adv. superl. *last*, see 'síð' adv.

SÍÐARSTA or SÍÐASTA, f.; at síðustu, at síðastunni, *at last*.

SÍÐARSTR or SÍÐASTR, a. *latest, last* (sá skal fyrstr út ganga er s. gengr inn); it síðarsta, *at the latest* (þá skal stefnt it síðarsta viku fyrir þing).

SÍÐ-BRÝNDR, a. *having long eyebrows*; -BÚINN, pp. *'late-boun' for sailing*; -BÆRR, a. *calving late*; -FALDINN, pp. *wearing a hood low over the face* (fyrsta aptan hafa brúðirnar -faldit); -FARIT, pp. n., varð honum -farit, *he walked slowly*; -FÖRULL, a. *late abroad, out late in the evening*; -KLÆDDR, pp. *wearing long clothes*; -KVELD, n., um *or* á -kveldum, *late in the evening*.

SÍÐLA, adv. *late*; s. kvelds, s. of aptaninn, *late in the evening*.

SÍÐR (SÍÐ, SÍTT), a. *long, hanging down* (sítt hár, skegg; síð klæði; síðar brynjur); hann hafði síðan hatt yfir hjálmi, *a hood coming far down over the face*; falda sítt, *to wear a hood coming low over the face* (brúðirnar falda sítt, svá at úgörla má sjá þeira yfirlit).

SÍÐR, adv. compar. (1) *less* (þat er mér enn s. hent); miklu s., *much less*; engu s., *no less*; eigi s., *not less, as much* (hann var kærr konungi, ok eigi s. dróttningu); eigi s. en, *no less than, as well as* (átti hann eigi síðr England en Danmörk); at s. vóru menn sjálfráðir fyrir konungi, at engi réð, á hvern guð trúa skyldi, *so far were they from being independent, that*, etc.; (2) as conj., *lest*, s. oss Loki kveði lastastöfum, *that L. may not abuse us*.

SÍÐ-SKEGGJAÐR, a. *long-bearded*.

SÍÐU-SÁR, n. *a wound in the side*.

SÍ-DŒGRIS, adv. *every day, day by day*; -FELDR, a. *continuous, incessant*; -FELLA, f. *continuity*; í sífellu, *continuously*; -FLEYTTR, a. = -feldr.

SÍGA (SÍG; SEIG or SÉ, SIGUM; SIGINN), v. (1) *to sink gently down*; seig á hann svefn, *sleep came over him*; sé sorti mikill fyrir augu þeim, *a great darkness fell over their eyes*; láta s., *to let sink* (Þórr lét s. brýnnar ofan fyrir augun); létu þeir s. festi ofan í gröfina, *they lowered a rope down into the pit*; fig., get ek, at héðan af fari þeim heldr síganda, *I imagine it will go downwards with them henceforth*; (2) *to glide, move slowly* (er þat mitt ráð at láta s. út skipin frá bryggjum); láta undan s., *to retreat* (Danir létu þá enn undan s.); láta s. aptr til sömu hafnar, *to retreat to the same port*; augun síga saman, *the eyes close* (in death); láta s. saman til samþykkis, *to let things draw towards an agreement*; létum s. sáttmál okkur, *we came to terms*; (3) refl., láta sígast, *to let oneself sink*; lætr hann s. ór trénu, *he lets himself drop from the tree*; hann lét s. fast á stólinn, *he pressed himself down against the seat*; nökkurir menn létu s. sárir, *dropped down wounded*; láta undan s., *to retreat* (jarl sótti hart fram þar til, er

Álfgeirr lét undan s.).

SÍ-GRŒNN, a. *evergreen*; -HVERFULL, a. *round* (herbergi nær síhverfult).

SÍK, SÍKI, n. *ditch, trench*.

SÍLD (pl. SÍLDR), f., see 'sild'.

SÍLD-FISKI, f., -VER, n., *see* 'sild-fiski', 'sild-ver'.

SÍMA (pl. SÍMU), n. *cord, string*.

SÍ-MÁLUGR, a. *always talking, long-winded* (símálugr í þinni rœðu).

SÍMI, m. *cord, rope* (þær ór sandi síma undu).

SÍ-MÆLGI, f. *talkativeness, loquacity*.

SÍN, gen. from the refl. pron., hefna s., *to revenge oneself*.

SÍN-GIRND, -GIRNI, f. *covetousness, avarice*; -GJARN, a. *covetous, avaricious* (auðigr maðr ok síngjarn).

SÍNKA, f. = síngirni.

SÍNKR, a. = síngjarn (s. ok fégjarn).

SÍRA, m. indecl. *sir, master* (esp. used of priests, sometimes of knights).

SÍ-REIÐR, a. *always angry*; -VAF, n. *winding round*; vefja e-u sívafi, *to wind it round and round*; -VALR, a. *round, cylindrical*.

SÍVAL-VAXINN, pp. *round of growth*.

SÍZT, adv. superl. *least*, opp. to 'helzt'; þér vilda ek s. illt gera, *thee least of all would I harm*.

SÍZT or SÍZ, conj. (1) *since*, = síðan er; engi er eira maki, s. Gunnarr lézt, *since Gunnar died*; (2) as prep. with acc. *since, after*; sofna ek minst s. mína sonu dauða, *since the death of my sons*.

SJALDAN (SJALDNAR, SJALDNAST), adv. *seldom* (s. hefi ek aðra haft at skildi fyrir mér).

SJALD-FENGINN, pp. *seldom got, scarce* (vatn er þar -fengit); -GÆTR, a. *seldom to be got, rare* (-gætr ávöxtr); -HEYRÐR, pp. *seldom heard about*; -KVÆMR, a. *coming seldom* (ek em -kvæm til kirkju); -SÉNN, pp. *seldom seen* (-sénir eru oss þvílíkir menn); -STUNDUM, adv. *seldom*.

SJATNA (AÐ,) v. (1) *to sink, dwindle, subside*, = setna; esp. of food, *to be digested*; honum sjatnaði eigi fœða, *he could not digest his food*; (2) fig. *to subside, abate* (þinn ofsi mun illa s.).

SJAU, card. numb. *seven*; -FALDLIGR, -FALDR, a. *sevenfold*.

SJAUND, f. *a period of seven days*, spec. *the seventh day after one's death*.

SJAUNDI, ord. numb. *the seventh*.

SJAU-RŒÐR, a. = -tugr; -TJÁN, card. numb. *seventeen*; -TUGR, a. *seventy years old*; -TUGTI, ord. numb. *the seventieth* (á sjautugta ári).

SJÁ, pron. dem. m. and f. *this, that* (s. maðr hafði spjót í hendi).

SJÁ (SÉ; SÁ, SÁM; SÉNN), v. (1) *to see*; hann kvezt s. mann rída, *he said that he saw a man riding*; var þá sén reið þeira, *their riding was seen, they were seen riding*; (2) *to look* (konungr sá til hans ok mælti); Gunnarr sá í mót tungli, G. *looked at the moon*; s. út, *to look out of the house* (Hrútr bað engan mann út s. á þeiri nótt); (3) *to examine, see (look) after* (hann reið ofan í Eyjar at s. verk húskarla sinna); (4) *to see, understand* (aldri varð þat enn, at ek sá eigi gátur þær, er fyrir mik váru upp bornar); (5) impers., þá (acc.) mátti eigi s., *they could not be seen*; sér þá hauga enn, *those mounds can be seen yet*; má þat ok s., at nær standa vinir Gunnars, *it may be seen, too, that Gunnar's friends stand near him*; (6) with preps., s. af e-m, *to look away from, be (do) without* (ek þóttumst ekki mega af þér s. sakir ástríkis); s. á e-t, *to look on*

(nú em ek í höll kominn á þik sjálfan at s.); *to take in hand, take care of* (Þorgils kvað sér eigi skylt at s. á þat mál); s. á með e-m, *to take care of* (þess vil ek biðja, at þér sjáit á með Högna syni mínum); impers., sér á, *it can be seen* (lítt sér þat þá á, at þú hafir fundit Svein konung); s. eptir e-u, s. eptir um e-t, *to look after* (var lítt sét eptir um skattlöndin þau, er fjarri lágu); eiga eptir e-u at s., *to have to look after a thing* (hann mun þar eptir hefndum eiga at s.); s. fram, *to see into the future* (fram sé ek lengra); s. e-t fyrir, *to foresee* (hann þóttist s. fyrir, at hann mundi fella fénað sinn); s. fyrir e-u, *to take care of, provide for* (verðr hverr fyrir sér at s.); man ek þá s. fyrir málinu, *then I will look after the matter*; s. fyrir e-m, *to put one out of the way*; s. í e-t, *to see into, see through* (sér hann ekki í þetta); *to take into consideration* (Hrafnkell sá eigi mjök í kostnað); s. til e-s, *to become aware of* (ef þér sjáit þá ekki til minna ferða, þá fari þér heim); *to look for, expect* (s. til trausts, launa, fulltings); *to look after, see to, take care of* (guð sér til kristni sinnar); s. til með e-m, *to take care of, see to one*; s. um e-t, *to see after. take care of* (s. um bú, fémál e-s); s. um með e-m = s. til með e-m (Höskuldr sá um með honum); s. um fyrir e-u, *to look after, see to* (eigi mun nú fyrir öllu verða um sét); s. við e-m, *to look at one* (konungr sá við honum ok mælti); *to beware of, guard oneself against* (mun oss vandgætt til við honum at s.); sé nú við, *beware!*; s. við um e-t, *to guard oneself, be cautious as to* (hafa þessir menn meirr sét við um kaupin en ek hugða); s. yfir e-t, *to look over, survey, look after* (s. yfir akra sína); *to see a way to* (hann sá eigi yfir, at þeir kœmist til bœja); eigi mátti yfir s., hvern veg hníga mundi orrostan, *one could not see how the fight would end*; (7) refl., sjást, *to fear* (fátt hygg ek yðr s.); láta á s., *to let it appear, show signs of* (þeir þögðu yfir ok létu ekki á s.); s. fyrir, *to look before one, be cautious* (hitt mundi mitt ráð at hrapa ekki ferðinni, sjást heldr fyrir); s. lítt fyrir, *to be impetuous, rash* (er Agli of mjök ættgengt at s. lítt fyrir); s. um, *to look about* (þá litu allir út nema konungr, hann stóð ok sást eigi um); impers., at þeim hefði kynliga um sézt, *that they had made a strange oversight in this*; e-m sést yfir, *one makes a mistake, overlooks a thing*; þeim mun hafa yfir sézt, *they must have made a mistake*; recipr., sjást, *to see one another*; vit munum aldri s. síðan, *we shall never see one another more*; ef þit sjáist tveir á, *if ye fight it out among yourselves*; s. til, *to look to one another* (sást til síðan, áðr í sundr hyrfi); pass., þeir sást aldri síðan, *they were never seen afterwards*.

SJÁ-BYGGVAR, m. pl. = sæ-byggvar; -DREGINN, pp. *caught out of the sea* (-dreginn fiskr); -DRIF, n. *sea-spray*; -DRIFINN, pp. *sea-splashed*; -KYRR, a. *calm* (vindlaust ok sjákyrt).

SJÁLDR, n. *pupil of the eye* (svá var sem ormr lægi um sjáldrit).

SJÁLF-ALA, a. indecl. *'self-feeding'* (fé gekk þar öllum vetrum -ala í skógum); -BIRGR, a., -BJARGI, a. *self-supported, self-helpful*; -DAUÐR, a. *having died a natural death*; -DŒMI, n. *right to judge in one's own case* (selja e-m -dœmi); -GÖRR, a. *self-made, easy*; -HÓL, n. *self-praise*; -HŒLINN, a. *self-praising, vaunting*; -HŒLNI, f. *self-glorification, self-praise*; -KRAF, n. *free-will* (kjósa e-t af -krafi); -KRAFI, a. *of one's own accord or free-will,*

voluntarily.

SJÁLFR, a. *self*; hann s., *he himself*; hón sjálf, *she herself*; at sínum sjálfs vilja, *at his own will* (cf. 'sinn'); er (liggr) við sjálft, at, *it is on the verge, within an ace, that* (var við sjálft, at þeir mundu berjast).

SJÁLF-RÁÐ, n. *independent judgement*; gøra e-t at -ráði, *of one's own accord*; -RÁÐI, a. (1) *of free-will* (hann hafnaði -ráði blótum); (2) *independent, free* (var fyrir honum engi maðr -ráði); -RÁÐR, a. (1) *voluntary, of free-will* (U. mundi eigi hafa skjöldinn látit -ráðr); (2) *independent, free* (vildu heldr útlenda konunga hafa yfir sér ok vera -ráðir); (3) neut., e-m er e-t -rátt, *it is within on'es power, easy for one* (er þér -rátt at leggja til ráð þau, er dugi); *one's own fault* (mér þykkir þér -rátt verit hafa, er bátrinn er brotinn); -RÆÐI, n. *independence, liberty* (-ræði ok hóglífi innan lands); gøra e-t at -ræði sínu, *of one's own free-will*; -SÁINN, pp. *self-sown* (-sánir akrar); -SKAPA, a. indecl.; sums ertu -skapa, *of some you are yourself the cause*; -SKIPAN, f. *spontaneous order*; -VILI, m. *free-will*; at -vilja, *of one's own free-will*; -VILJANDI, pr. p., -VILJUGR, a. *with one's own free-will*; -VIRÐING, f. *self-opinion, self-conceit*.

SJÁ-LIGR, a. *sightly, handsome*.

SJÁ-LÆGR, a. *lying on the sea*, of fog; -MAÐKR, m. *sea-worm*.

SJÁR, SJÓR or SÆR (gen. SJÁVAR, SJÓVAR, SÆVAR), m. *the sea* (varð sjárinn ókyrr mjök; róa út á sjá).

SJÁ-ROKA, f. *sea-spray*; -RÓÐR, m. *rowing out to sea* (-róðrarskip); -TÚN, n. *sea-side-town*.

SJÁVAR-AFLI, m. *sea-fishery, catch of fish*; -DJÚP, n. *deep of the sea*; -GATA, f. *way from or to the sea*; -HAMARR, m. *sea-crag*; -HÁSKI, m. *danger at sea*; -HÖLL, f. *a great hall at the sea-side*; -LOPT, n. *a house built over the sea*; -RÍKI, n. *kingdom of the sea*; -STJARNA, f. *the star of the sea* (the Virgin Mary); -STRÖND, f. *sea-shore*.

SJÁ-VEGR, m. = sjóvegr; -VERKR, m. *sea-sickness*.

SJÓ-BARINN, pp. *sea-beaten*; -BLÍÐA, f. *smooth sea*; -BORG, f. *sea-town*; -BRATTR, a. *steep towards the sea*; -BYGÐ, f. *sea-district*.

SJÓÐA (SÝÐ; SAUÐ, SUÐUM; SOÐINN), v. (1) *to boil, cook* (s. mat, slátr, egg); (2) *to forge* (iron); (3) fig. *to brood (tarry) over* (s. e-t fyrir sér).

SJÓ-DAUÐR, a. *drowned at sea*.

SJÓÐ-FELDR, a. *lucrative, profitable*.

SJÓÐR (gen. SJÓÐS), m. *money-bag, purse* (sjám, hvat vegi s. sá, er ek hefi hér); eiga einn sjóð, *to have a common purse* (þeir Úlfr áttu einn sjóð báðir); bera e-n í sjóð *or* sjóði, *to carry a person in one's purse, to take compensation instead of revenge* (Þorsteinn hvíti kvazt eigi vilja bera Þorgils son sinn í sjóði).

SJÓ-DRIF, n. *spoondrift*; -DÝR, n. *sea-animal*; -FANG, n. *catch of fish*.

SJÓFAR-, gen. from 'sjór', see 'sjóvar'.

SJÓ-FERÐ, f. *sea-voyage*; -FISKR, m. *sea-fish*; -FUGL, m. *sea-fowl*; -FŒRR, a. (1) *sea-worthy* (skip -fœrt); (2) er -fœrt, *one can be on the sea* (hann reri á sjó hvern dag, er -fœrt var); -GÝGR, f. *mermaid*; -ILLSKA, f. *rough sea*; -JÖKULL, m. *hummock of frozen sea-water*; -KONA, f. *mermaid*; -KVIKENDI, n. *sea animal*; -KYRR, a. *calm*; -MAÐR, m. *seaman, sailor*; -MÁL, n. *flood-mark, high-water-line*; -MYRKR, n. *darkness at sea*.

SJÓN, f. (1) *sight, eyesight* (heyrn ok s.);

s. er sögu ríkri, *sight goes before hearsay*; var þeim s. sögu ríkri um ferðir Knúts, *they had ocular proof of*; missa sjónar at auganu, *to lose the sight of the eye*; (2) *look*; sundr stökk súla fyrir s. jötuns, *the pillar flew asunder at the look of the giant*; (3) esp. in plur. *the eyes* (sá hón frán sjónir fylkis liðnar); svart er mér fyrir sjónum, *my eyes grow dim*; leiða e-n sjónum, *to fix one's eyes upon a person* (forn jötunn sjónum leiddi sinn andskota).

SJÓNAR-VÁTTR, m. *eye-witness*; -VITNI, -VÆTTI, n. *the testimony of an eye-witness*; -VÖRÐR, m. *look-out man*.

SJÓN-HAGR, -HANNR or -HANNARR, a. *having an expert, artistic eye*; -HENDING, f. *line of sight, straight line* (þeir námu -hending ór Múla í Ingjaldsgnúp); -HENNI, f. *sharpness of eyesight*; -HVERFILIGR, a. *eye-deceiving*; -HVERFING, f. *ocular delusion*, produced by spells (gøra -hverfingar í móti e-m; verða fyrir -hverfingum); -LAUSS, a. *blinf*; -LEYSI, n. *blindness*.

SJÓR (gen. SJÓVAR, SJÓFAR), m. *the sea*; vera á sjó, *to be out fishing*.

SJÓ-REITR, m. = mið; -ROKA, f. *spindrift, spoondrift*; -SKRIMSL, n. *sea-monster*; -SÓTT, f. *sea-sickness*; -TÚN, n. = sjátún; -VERKR, m. = sjáverkr.

SJÚGA, v., see 'súga'.

SJÚK-DÓMR, m., -LEIKI, -LEIKR, m. *sickness, illness*; -LIGR, a. *sickly*.

SJÚKNA (AÐ), v. *to become ill*.

SJÚKNAÐR, m. *illness, disease*.

SJÚKR, a. *sick, ill*; liggja s., *to lie sick*; (2) *anxious, distressed*.

SJÖT, n. pl. (1) *abode, home*; ragna s., *the seat of the gods, the heavens*; (2) *company, host*.

SJÖTLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to subside, settle* (er úfriðr tók at s.).

SJÖTULL, m. *settler*; dólgs s., *'strife-settler', Frodi's quern of peace*.

SKAÐA (AÐ), v. impers., e-n skaðar ekki, *it does one no harm or damage*.

SKAÐA-BŒTR, f. pl. *indemnity, compensation*; -FERÐ, f. *disastrous journey*; -LAUSS, a. *scatheless*; -LIGR, a. = skaðligr; -MAÐR, m. *killer, slayer* (verða -maðr e-s); -SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *injurious, hurtful*.

SKAÐI, m. (1) *scathe, harm, damage* (gøra e-m skaða); verða fyrir sköðum, *to suffer losses*; (2) *loss* in a person; þótti henni mikill s. eptir mann sinn, *she felt she had a great loss in her husband*; (3) *death*, = bani; veita e-m skaða, *to slay, kill*; verða e-m at skaða, *to be the death of one*.

SKAÐ-LAUSS, a. *unscathed*; -LAUST, adv. *without loss*; -SAMLIGR, a. *hurtful, noxious*; -SAMR, a. *doing harm, noxious*; -SEMD, f. *harm*; -VÆNLIGA, adv. *perniciously*; -VÆNLIGR, a. *pernicious*; -VÆNN, a. *destructive, baleful*.

SKAFA (SKEF; SKÓF, SKÓFUM; SKAFINN), v. (1) *to scrape* with a blunt instrument; s. e-t af, *to scrape off*; impers., þat hefir eik, er af annarri sjefr, *one tree takes what is scraped from another*; (2) *to shave so as to make smooth* (hann skefr spjót-skepti á hallargólfinu); (3) s. nagl sinn, *to pare one's nail*; fig., s. at fastliga, *to press hard*; (4) *to shave* (þeir höfðu látit s. krúnur).

SKAFA, f. *scraper* (cf. 'hornskafa').

SKAF-HEIÐ, f. *clear sky* (-heið var ok sólskin).

SKAFL, m. (1) *steep snow-drift*; (2) *toppling sea*; (3) beygja skaflinn, *to make a wry mouth*, of one crying.

SKAGA (-ÐA), v. *to jut out* (skögðu tvær tennr fram ór hausnum).

SKAGI, m. *low cape or ness*.

SKAK, n. *scolding* (gaf Sverrir þeim mikit s. fyrir).

SKAKA (SKEK; SKÓK, SKÓKUM; SKEKINN), v. *to shake* (björninn settist upp ok skók höfuðit); s. sverð, *to brandish a sword*.

SKAKKA (AÐ), v., s. með mönnum, *to aid one against the other* (Þorgeirr og Þorgils sóttust lengi, svá at engi skakkaði með þeim).

SKAKKI, m. *disproportion, disparity, odd amount* (þann skakka, er þar er á milli, man ek bœta).

SKAKKR, a. (1) *skew, wry*; (2) *unequal, unjust* (skökk gørð).

SKAKKR, m. *wry position*; skjóta augunum í skakk, *to look awry*.

SKALL, n. (1) *noise*; (2) pl. sköll, *mocking, derision* (gera sköll at e-m).

SKALLAT, n. *scarlet*; see 'skarlat'.

SKALLI, m. *a bald head* (settist mý margt á skalla honum).

SKAMMA (AÐ), v. (1) *to shame, disgrace* (þá menn, er vini vára hafa drepit ok skammat); (2) refl., skammast e-s, *to be ashamed of a thing* (skúa ok bróka skammisk engi maðr); s. sin, *to blush*; with infin., skammast at gera e-t, *to be ashamed to do a thing*.

SKAMMAR-ERENDI, n. *shameful errand*; -VÍG, n. *shameful manslaughter*, = níðingsvíg.

SKAMM-BRAGÐS, adv. *shortly, soon*; -DEGI, n. *the short winter-days*; -FÓTR, a. *short-footed*, a nickname.

SKAMM-FULLEIKR, m. = -fylli; -FULLIGR, a. *ashamed, bashful*; -FYLLAST (see FYLLA), v. refl. *to be ashamed*; -FYLLI, f. *shame, blushing*; -FYLLING, f. *bashfulness*; -FŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to spoil, injure*.

SKAMM-HÁLS, m. *short-neck*, a nickname; -HENDR, a. *short-handed*; -HYGGINN, a. = -sýnn; -HÖNDUNGR, m. *shorthand*, a nickname.

SKAMM-LAUSS, a. (1) *shameless, without shame*; ætla ek, at þú sér -lauss af þessu, *it is no shame to thee*; (2) neut., -laust, *not disgraceful* (honum var -laust at hlíta konungs dómi).

SKAMM-LEITR, a. *short-faced*; -LÍFI, n. *the fact of being short-lived*; -LÍFR, a. *short-lived*; -MINNIGR, a. *short of memory*; -MÆLI, n. *brevity (in expression)*.

SKAMM-NØKTR, a. *shamefully naked*.

SKAMMR, a. (1) *short* (var sú leiðin skemmri); láta e-n höfði skemmri, *to make one shorter by the head, to behead*; neut., skammt, *a short way, short distance* (hann bjó skammt frá Skallagrími); (2) of time, *short, brief*; skamma hríð, stund, *but a short while*; eiga skammt úlifat, *to have but a short time to live*; hann kvað skammt til þess, *he said it would be soon*; skammt frá þessu, *a short while after this*; (3) adverbially, skömmu, skemmstu, *lately, very lately, recently, very recently*, = fyrir skömmu, skemmstu; skömmum, *not long* (sat hann skömmum við drykk); skemmrum, *for a shorter time* (at landit mundi verða skemmrum biskupslaust, ef tveir væri biskuparnir); sem skemmst, *as short a while as possible*.

SKAMM-RIF, n. pl. *the short ribs*.

SKAMMRIFJA-MIKILL, a. *stout*.

SKAMMRIF-STYKKI, n. *a piece of meat from the short-ribs*.

SKAMM-RÆKR, a. *having a short memory for revenge*.

SKAMM-SAMLIGA, adv. *shamefully*;

-samligr, a. *shameful, disgraceful*.

skamm-skeptr, pp. *short-shafed*; -sýni, f. *short-sightedness*; -sýniligr, -sýnn, a. *short-sighted, foolish*; -sætr, a. *short of stay*; -talaðr, pp. *short-spoken*; -vaxinn, pp. *short of growth*; -víss, a. = -sýnn; -æð, f. *short duration*; -æligr, a. *short-lived, fleeting, brief* (-ælig gleði); -ær, a. *short-lived, of short duration*.

skamtaðar-erendi, n. = skapnaðar-erendi (at hann hefir -erindi).

skamtr, m. *share, portion*.

skap, n. (1) *state, condition*; at því skapi, *in the same proportion*; hélt þat vel skapi, meðan hón lifði, *it kept a good state whilst she lived*; (2) *condition of mind, temper, mood*; þat er ekki mitt s., *it is not my turn of mind*; vera (með) illu skapi, *to be in an angry mood*; bregða skapi við e-t, renna e-m í s., *to take to heart, be much affected by* (rann honum mjök í s. sá atburðr); koma skapi við e-n, *to agree with, het on with* (engi kann við mik skapi koma); koma skapi (eiga s.) saman, *to have minds alike* (þit eigit meirr s. saman); hafa ekki s. til e-s, *to have no mind to do a thing*; hógværr í skapi, *mild of temper*; lítill í skapi, *of small mind, faint-hearted*; gera sér e-t í s., *to take into one's head*; vera e-m (vel) at skapi, vera nær skapi e-s, *to be to one's mind*; e-t fellr e-m vel í s., *one likes, is pleased with*; gera e-t til skaps e-m, *to do a thing to please one*.

skapa (að; pret. also skóp), v. (1) *to shape, form, mould, make* (ór Ymis holdi var jörð sköpuð); *to create* (guð, er mik skóp); s. skegg, *to trim the beard*; s. skeið, *to take a run* (þetta dýr skapaði skeið at oss); s. ok skera e-t, *or* um e-t, *to decide, settle* (ek skal einn skera ok s. okkar á milli); (2) *to assign as one's fate or destiny* (ek skapa honum þat, at hann skal eigi lifa lengr en kerti þat brenner); s. e-m aldr, *to fashion one's future life*; syni þínum verðr-a sæla sköpuð, *bliss is not fated to thy son*; (3) *to fix, appoint* (haf þá eina fémuni, er ek skapa þér); s. e-m víti, *to impose a fine or penalty*; at sköpuðu, *in the order of nature, according to the course of nature* (væri þat at sköpuðu fyrir aldrs sakir, at þú lifðir lengr okkar); láta skeika at sköpuðu, *to let things go their own course (according to fate)*; láta skapat skera, *to let fate decide*; (4) refl., skapast, *to take shape*; freista, hvé þá skapist, *try how things will go then*; Ámundi kvað jarl úáhlýðinn ok mun lítt at s., *A. said the earl was self-willed, and little will come of it*.

skapa-dœgr, n. *one's fated day* (hón kvað engan komast yfir -dœgr sitt).

skapan, f. (1) *shape, form* (fríðr at allri s.); (2) *creation*.

skap-arfi, m. *a right or lawful heir*.

skapari, m. *the Maker, Creator*.

skap-bráðr, a. *hot-tempered*; e-m verðr -brátt, *one loses his temper*.

skap-bœtendr, m. pl. *persons legally bound to pay weregild*.

skap-bœtir, m. *improver of one's disposition* (þat var mælt, at hann væri engi -bœtir Hallgerði).

skap-dauði, a. *fit or proper to die* (hann er -dauði).

skap-deild, f. *good nature*.

skapdeildar-maðr, m. *master of one's temper* (hann var lítill -maðr).

skap-farinn, pp. *disposed, tempered* (= skapi farinn); -fátt, a. n., e-m verðr -fátt, *one loses his temper*; -feldr, a. *to one's mind, agreeable*; -felligr, a. = -feldr; -felligr í andliti, *well-shapen in face,*

agreeable; -ferð, f., -ferði, n., -ferli, n. *disposition of mind, temper, character*; -glíkr, a. *alike in character or temper*; -góðr, a. *good-natured, good-tempered*; e-m er -gott, *one is in good spirits*; -gœði, n. *good nature*; -gœfr, a. *gentle of mood*; -harðr, a. *harsh of mood, severe*; -heimskr, a. *foolish*; -hœgr, a. *meek, gentle*, = hœgr í skapi; -höfn, f., esp. in pl. *sentiments, disposition, temper*; -illr, a. *ill-tempered*; -illska, f. *evil-mindedness* (í reiðlyndi ok skapillsku).

skap-ker, n. *large vessel* (from which the cups were filled).

skap-léttr, a. *light-minded, cheerful*; konungi var -létt, *the king was in high spirits*.

skap-liga, adv. *duly, fitly*; -ligr, a. *due, fit, suitable* (H. kvaddi konung virðuliga, sem -ligt var).

skap-líkr, a. = -glíkr; -lundaðr, a. = -farinn (allra manna grimmastr ok verst -lundaðr); -lyndi, n. *mind, temper, disposition*; vera við -lyndi e-s, *to be to one's mind* (slíkt er ekki við -lyndi Þorsteins); -lýzka, f. = -lyndi; -löstr, m. *fault of character*; -mikill, a. *proud of mind*.

skapnaðar-erendi, n. *such result of an errand as one deserved to have*; -virðing, f. *due honour*.

skapnaðr, m. *what is due, propriety*.

skap-prúðr, a. *well-disposed, generous*; -raun, f. *trial of one's temper, vexation, annoyance*; ferr svá um mörg mál, þótt menn hafi skapraun af, *although they try men's tempers*; -rauna (að), v. *to annoy, provoke*, with dat. (er þér fremd engi at -rauna gömlum manni); impers., honum -raunaði mjök, *he was much vexed*.

skapraunar-laust, a. n. *without trying one's temper* (opt ríðr hann hér um garð, ok er mér eigi -laust); -minna, a. compar. *less offensive*; -orð, n. pl. *temper-trying words*; -samliga, adv. *in a provoking manner* (svara e-m -samliga).

skaps-andmarki, m. *fault of temper or mind*; -höfn, f. *mind, disposition, temper*, = skaphöfn.

skap-skipan, f. *change of mind* (taka -skipan); -skipti, n. = -skipan.

skaps-munir, m. pl. = skaplyndi.

skap-stirðr, a. *haughty*; -stórr, a. *proud-minded*, = -mikill; -styggr, a. *irritable, excited*.

skapt, n. (1) *shaft, missile*; skjóta skapti í móti e-m, *to shoot a shaft against, to withstand*; (2) *handle, haft*, of an axe, hammer; *shaft, pole* of a spear (cf. hamarskapt, øxarskapt, spjótskapt); (3) a shaft-shaped thing, e.g. *a comet's tail, the beam in a weaver's loom, a peak on a helmet*.

skapt-hár, a. *'shaft-high', above the horizon*, of the sun.

skap-tíðr, a. *to one's mind, agreeable* (láta sér e-t -títt).

skapt-ker, n. = skapker; -kringla, f. *whipping-top* (eptir þat snerist hann á hæli sem -kringla); -lauss, a. *without a shaft* (spjót -laust).

skap-tré or skapt-tré, n. (?).

skap-vandr, a. *difficult of temper*; -vani, a. *lacking in temper*; -varr, a. *wary of temper, discreet*.

skap-þiggjandi, m. *a lawful receiver of weregild*, opp. to 'skapbœtandi'; -þing, n. *ordinary assembly*.

skap-þungt, a. n. *depressed in spirit* (e-m er -þungt).

skara (að), v. (1) *to poke, rake*; s. eld, *to poke the fire*; with dat., þeiri ösku sköruðu þeir allri út, *they raked all the*

ashes out; hann skaraði til spjótskaptinu, *he poked with the spear-shaft*; (2) *to set or cover closely*; skip skarat skjöldum, *a ship set with shields from stem to stern*.

SKAR-BAND, n. *'head-ribbon', fillet*.

SKARÐ, n. (1) *notch, hack*, in the edge of a thing (skörð vóru fallin í sverðit); s. í vörr, *a hare-lip*; (2) *empty space, breach, gap* (höggva s. í ætt e-s); (3) *mountain pass*.

SKARÐR, a. *diminished, impaired*; inn skarði máni, *the waning moon*; hafa, bera skarðan hlut fyrir e-m, *to be worsted (wronged) by one*; sitja of (um, yfir) skörðum hlut fyrir e-m, *to suffer injury from one*.

SKARFR (-S, -AR), m. *cormorant*.

SKARI, m. *host, troop*.

SKARK, n., SKARKALI, m. *noise, tumult*.

SKARK-SAMLIGR, a. *tumultuous*.

SKARLAKS-KYRTILL, m. *scarlet kirtle*.

SKARLAT or SKALLART, n. *scarlet*.

SKARLATS-KLÆÐI, n. pl., -KYRTILL, m., -MÖTTULL, m., -SKIKKJA, f. *scarlet clothes, s. kirtle, s. mantle, s. cloak*.

SKARN, n. *dung* (aka skarni á hóla).

SKARP-EGGR, a. *keen-edged*; -LEITR, a. *sharp-featured*; -LIGA, adv. *sharply* (sœkja at -liga).

SKARPR, a. (1) *scorched, pinched* from dryness; með skörpum reipum, *with hard ropes*; s. belgr, *a shrivelled skin*; s. fiskr, *dried (hard) fish*; (2) *barren* (landit er skarpt ok lítit matland); (3) *sharp, vehement, bitter* (skörp deila); taka skarpara á, *to pull sharper*; (4) *tight, strong* (skarpar álar þóttu þér Skrýmis vera); (5) *keen, sharp*, of a weapon (skörp sverð).

SKARP-VARA, f. *dried fish*; -VAXINN, pp. *gaunt and bony*.

SKARR, n. *skirmish, tumult*.

SKARS or SKASS, n. *ogress, giantess*.

SKARSL, n. *the snuff of a candle*.

SKART, n. *show, finery* (búa sik í s.).

SKARTA (AÐ), v. *to make great show*.

SKARTARI, m. *a vain boaster*.

SKART-SAMLIGA, adv. *with great display* (búinn -samliga); -SAMLIGR, a. *showy*; -SAMR, a. *fond of show*.

SKARTS-KONA, f., -MAÐR, m. *woman or man given to vain display*.

SKATA, f. *skate* (fish).

SKATI (pl. SKATAR or SKATNAR, gen. SKATNA), m. *man* (poet.).

SKATTA (AÐ), v. *to make tributary, lay a tribute on* (konungr skattaði landit hit efra sem hit ýtra).

SKATTA-HEIMTA, f. *tax-gathering*.

SKATT-BÓNDI, m. *a franklin who has to pay tax*; -FÉ, n. *tribute money*; -GILDA (-LDA, -LDR), v. *to lay tribute on*, = skatta; -GILDI, n. *payment of tribute*; -GILDR, a. *tributary*; -GJALD, n. = -gildi; -GJÖF, f. *what is given as tribute*; -HEIMTA, f. *tax-gathering*.

SKATTHEIMTU-MAÐR, m. *tax-gatherer*.

SKATT-JARL, m. *'tributary earl', vassal*; -KONUNGR, *vassal king*; -LAND, n. *tributary land, dependency*; -PENINGR, m. *tribute money*.

SKATTR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *tribute, tax* (leggja skatt á land; greiða, gjalda, e-m skatt); (2) *treasure*.

SKATT-TAKA, f. = -heimta.

SKATT-YRÐAST, v. refl. *to bandy words* (við e-n); -YRÐI, n. pl. *foul language*.

SKAUÐ, f. (1) *poltroon* (þú ert s. at meiri); (2) pl. *a horse's sheath*.

SKAUÐ-MENNI, n. *poltroon*.

SKAUF, n. *a fox's brush*.

SKAUF-HALI, m. *Reynard the Fox*.

SKAUP, n. *mockery, ridicule*; hafa at

skaupi, *to mock, scoff at*.

SKAUT, n. (1) *corner* of a square cloth (hann var borinn í fjórum skautum til búðar); feldr fimm alna í s., *a cloak five ells square*; of the heaven (þeir gerðu þar af himin ok settu hann upp yfir jörðina með fjórum skautum); (2) *corner of a sail or sheet*; byrr beggja skauta, *a fair wind (right astern)*; fig., hann mun verða yðr þungr í skauti, *hard to deal with*; (3) *flap, skirt of a cloak* (hón hafði yfir sik skallats-skikkju hlaðbúna í s. niðr); (4) *lap* (sitja, liggja í skauti e-s); (5) *a square piece of cloth, kerchief* (menn báru þá hluti sína í s., ok tók jarlinn upp); (6) *a lady's hood*.

SKAUT-FELDR, m., -HEKLA, f. *a cloak, or frock, with skirts*.

SKAUTI, m. *kerchief*.

SKAUT-TOGA (AÐ), v. *to tug at the skirt of one's cloak, to handle roughly*.

SKÁÐR, pp. *oblique* (á skáðum veg).

SKÁI, m. *relief, improvement* (varð engi s. á hans meini).

SKÁK-MAÐR, m. (1) *chessman*; (2) *robber, highwayman*; -TAFL, n. *game of chess, chess-board*.

SKÁL (pl. -IR or -AR), f. (1) *bowl* (s. full mjaðar); (2) *scale*, esp. pl., *scales* (bað hann taka skálir ok vega gullit).

SKÁLA-BÚI, m. *dweller in a* 'skáli'; -BÚNAÐR, m. *hangings of a* 'skáli'; -DYRR, f. pl. *the doorway of a* 'skáli'; -ENDI, m. *end of a* 'skáli'; -GLUGGR, m. *window of a* 'skáli'; -GÓLF, n. *floor of a* 'skáli'; -HURÐ, f. *door of a* 'skáli'.

SKÁLA-MERKI, n. *the constellation Libra* (gengr sól fyr -merki).

SKÁLA-SMÍÐ, f. *the building a* 'skáli'; -TOPT, f. *the site of a (former)* 'skáli'; -VEGGR, m. *side-wall of a* 'skáli'; -VIÐR, m. *timber for a* 'skáli'.

SKÁLD, n. *scald, poet*; -FÍFL, n. *poetaster*; -KONA, f. *poetess*; -LIGR, a. *poetical*; -MAÐR, m. *poet*; -MÆR, f. *poetess*; -PÍPA, f. a kind of *flute*.

SKÁLDSKAPAR-HÁTTR, m. *poetical metre*; -MÁL, n. pl. *poetical diction*.

SKÁLD-SKAPR, m. (1) *'scaldship', poetry*; (2) *libel in verse*.

SKÁL-HÚS, n. *privy*.

SKÁLI, m. (1) *hut, shed* (put up for temporary use); (2) *hall, room* (cf. 'drykkju-, elda-, for-, kvenna-skáli'), esp. *sleeping-hall*.

SKÁLK-HEIÐR, m. *fraud, mockery*.

SKÁLKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *servant*; (2) *rogue* (ljúga sem skálkr).

SKÁLM (pl. -IR), f. (1) *prong* (tók hann birkirapt ok reiddi um öxl, svá at hann hélt um skálmirnar); (2) *beanpod* (bauna-skálmir); (3) *short sword*.

SKÁLMAR-ODDR, m. *point of a sword*.

SKÁLMAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to stride*.

SKÁLM-ÖLD, f. *age of swords*.

SKÁLPR (-S, -AR), m. *scabbard, sheath*.

SKÁN, f. a *thin membrane, film*.

SKÁRI, a. compar., SKÁSTR, superl., *better, best*; þat mun þér ráð skást, *it will be most advisable for thee*.

SKÁRI, m. *young sea-mew*.

SKEÐJA (SKEÐ, SKADDA, SKADDR), v. *to do scathe to, hurt, damage*, with dat. (s. lífi e-s); ek skadda klæðum hans, *I spoiled his clothes*; axi var skatt, *one ear of corn was damaged*; with acc., þær þora ekki mýss s., *they dare not do harm to mice*.

SKEFINN, a. *skilled in arms* (?).

SKEGG, n. *beard* (honum. óx eigi s.).

SKEGG-BARN, n. *bearded child* (a name given to a man by a giant); -BRODDAR, m. pl. *bristles of the beard*; -HVÍTR, a. *white-bearded*.

SKEGGI (pl. SKEGGJAR), m. *man*, in compds., eyjar-skeggjar, *islanders*.

SKEGGJA, f. a kind of *halberd (poet.)*.

SKEGGJAÐR, pp. *bearded*.

SKEGG-LAUSS, a. *beardless*; -MAÐR, m. *bearded man*; -SÍÐR, a. *long-bearded*; -STAÐR, m. *the bearded part of the face*; -ØX, f. = skeggja; -ÖLD, f. *age of axes* (skeggöld, skálmöld); cf. 'skeggja'.

SKEIÐ (pl. -IR), f. (1) *war-ship, galley* (snekkjur ok skeiðir); (2) *a weaver's reed, sley*; (3) pl. *sheath* (tók hann kníf sinn ór skeiðum).

SKEIÐ, n. (1) *race, run*; renna s. við e-n, *to run a race with one*; ríða á s., *to ride at full speed*; hlaupa á s., *to set off running* (hann kastar niðr verkfœrum ok hleypr á s. heim til bœjar); gera (*or* renna) s. at e-u, *to make a run at a thing*; skapa (*or* skopa) s., *to take a run*; taka e-t á skeiði, *to catch it on the move* (G. tók knöttinn á skeiði); (2) *race-course* (var þar gott s. at renna eptir sléttum velli); (3) *a piece of way*; skammt, langt s., *a short, long way*; (4) *space of time* (þat var eitt s., at); nökkut s., *for some time* (Njáll þagnaði nökkut s.); um s., *for a while*; annat s., *after a while, every now and then* (hann hafði niðri aðra höndina at jörðu ok bregðr henni annat s. at nösum); vera á œsku skeiði, á léttasta skeiði aldrs, *to be in the prime of life*; vera af œsku skeiði, *to be no longer a young man*.

SKEIÐA (AÐ), v. *to sheath* (s. sverð).

SKEIÐAR-KYLFA, f., -KYLFI, n. *some part of a war-galley* (skeið).

SKEIÐ-GATA, f. *good way* (to ride on); -REITT, a. n. *good course for riding* (höfðu þeir Kolbeinn skeiðreitt eptir stígnum).

SKEIÐS-ENDI, m. *end of a course, goal* (hann snýst aptr at -enda).

SKEIFA, f. *horseshoe*.

SKEIF-LIGA, adv. *awkwardly*.

SKEIFR, a. *oblique, awry*; koma skeift við, *to go crookedly*.

SKEIKA (AÐ), v. *to go askew, swerve, go wrong* (þar skeikaði mjök stjórnin); (láta) skeika at sköpuðu, *to (let things) go according to fate*.

SKEINA (-DA, -DR), v. *to scratch, wound slightly* (hefir þú skeint þik? hann svarar: ekki em ek skeindr); refl., skeinast, *to get a scratch, a slight wound*.

SKEINA, f. *scratch, slight wound* (kalla ek þetta skeinu ok ekki sár).

SKEINI-SAMT, a. n. *exposed to being wounded* (verðr honum þá -samt).

SKEINU-HÆTTR, -SAMR, a. *likely (apt) to wound* (sverðit verðr þeim -hætt).

SKEKILL (pl. SKEKLAR), m. *shank of a hide*; cf. 'eyjar-, land-skekill'.

SKEL (gen. -JAR, pl. -JAR), f. *shell*.

SKEL-EGGLIGA, adv. *briskly, vehemently*; -EGGR, a. *shell-edged, keen-edged*; fig. *brisk, vehement*.

SKELFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to make to shake, brandish* (s. sverð, lind, ask); (2) *to make to tremble with fear, frighten*; s. e-n af e-u, *to deter*; (3) refl., skelfast, *to fear* (s. e-t *or* við e-t).

SKELFIR, m. *shaker, frightener*.

SKEL-FISKR, m. *shell-fish*.

SKELFR, a. *trembling, shaky*.

SKELGJA (-ÐA), v. *to make squint*.

SKELKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to mock* (þeir skelktu at líkneskinu).

SKELKR, m. *fright, fear*; e-m, skýtr skelk í bringu, *one is seized with fear* (vænti ek, at yðr skjóti skelk í bringu).

SKELLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to make to slam, clash*, with dat.; s. aptr hurðu, *to slam the door*; s. lófum saman, *to clap the*

hands; s. hrömmum yfir, *to clutch*; s. e-u niðr, *to throw down with a clash*; (2) *to strike, smite*; þær skelldu skip mitt, *they shattered my ship*; s. af honum höndina, *to cut off his hand*; s. fót undan, *to smite off the foot*; (3) s. á e-n, *to scold one*; (4) s. upp ok hlæja, *to burst out laughing* (Grímr skelldi upp ok hló).

SKELLA, f. *rattle* (for scaring horses).

SKELLI-HLÁTR, m. *roaring laughter*; -HURÐ, f. *a certain door (that slams of itself) in a farm-house*.

SKELLR (pl. -IR), m. (1) *clash, splash*; (2) *slap, blow* (sá hlaut skellinn, er skyldi).

SKELMI-LIGR, a. *devilish*.

SKELMIR, m. *rogue, devil*.

SKELMIS-DREP, n. *plague, murrain*.

SKELMI-SKAPR, m. *devilry*.

SKELPA, f. *wry face* (gera skelpur).

SKE-MAÐR, m. = skímaðr.

SKEMD, f. (1) *injury* (þola skemdir af e-m); (2) *shame, disgrace*.

SKEMDAR-AUKI, m. *shame, disgrace*; -FULLR, a. *disgraceful*; -LAUSS, a. *without disgrace*; -MAÐR, m. *villain*; -ORÐ, n. *villainous word*; -VERK, n. *villainous deed*; -VÍG, n. *villainous slaughter*.

SKEMILL, m. *foot-stool*.

SKEMMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to put to shame*; (2) *to shorten, make shorter*; dagr, nótt skemmist, *the day, night shortens*; (3) *to damage, spoil* (s. vápn manna); vera skemmdr, *to be hurt*.

SKEMMA, f. *a small detached building, lady's bower*; *storehouse*.

SKEMMI-LIGA, adv. *shamefully*; -LIGR, a. *shameful*.

SKEMMR, adv. compar., SKEMST, superl. *shorter, shortest*; of time (hann lifði skemst þeirra brœðra); lengr eða skemmr, *for a longer or shorter time, for a long or short while* (hiríi ek aldri hvárt þú verr þik lengr eða skemmr); kvaðst þökk kunna, at hann væri þar lengr en skemmr, *the longer the better*.

SKEMMU-BÚR, n. *lady's bower*; -DYRR, f. pl. *doorway of a* 'skemma'; -GLUGGR, m. *window of a* 'skemma'; -HURÐ, f. *door of a* 'skemma'; -MÆR, f. *lady's maid*; -SETA, f. *sitting in a* 'skemma'; -VEGGR, m. *side-wall of a* 'skemma'; -VIST, f. *staying in a* 'skemma'.

SKEMTA (-TA, -T, rarely AÐ), v. *to amuse, entertain*, with dat.; s. sér, *to amuse oneself* (vér erum kátir ok skemtum oss); skemtu þeir honum frá ferðum sínum, *they entertained him by telling of their journeys*; esp. *to entertain at meetings or festivals* (with story-telling or songs); frá því er nökkut sagt, hverju skemt var, *what the entertainment was*; fekk þetta kvæði góðan róm, þótti ok vel skemt, *and it was thought to be a good entertainment*.

SKEMTAN, f. *entertainment, amusement, pastime* (hvat er s. einherjanna þá er þeir drekka eigi?); hafa s. af e-u, *to amuse oneself with a thing*.

SKEMTANAR-DAGR, m. *day of enjoyment*; -GANGA, f. *pleasure-walk, promenade*; -RŒÐA, f. *entertaining talk, chat*; -SAMLIGR, a. *amusing*.

SKEMTI-LIGA, adv. *amusingly, pleasantly* (hann segir vel frá ok -liga); -LIGR, a. *amusing, pleasant, interesting, entertaining* (þótti Kjartani -ligt at tala löngum við hana).

SKENKING (pl. -AR), f. *the serving of drink at table*.

SKENKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) with dat. *to serve with drink* (fjórir menn skenktu konum); (2) *to pour out, serve* (drink), *to*

one (s. e-m mjöð).

SKENKJARI, m. *cup-bearer*.

SKENKR, m. *a drink to be served at a meal* (kom skenkr í stofuna).

SKEPJA (SKAPTA, SKAPTR, neut. SKAPIT), v. = skapa; (1) *to shape, form, fashion, create* (sá maðr, er guð skapti fyrstan í heim þenna); (2) *to devise, procure* (konungr sagði, at Þ. hafði þar sjálfr sér laun fyrir skapit).

SKEPNA, f. (1) *shape, form* (var síðan hverr hennar limr liðr með réttri skepnu); (2) *a created thing, creature*.

SKEPNU-DAGR, m. *day of creation*.

SKEPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to furnish with a shaft, make a shaft to* (s. geira, spjót, örvar).

SKEPTI, n. (1) *shaft, handle* (var skeptit langt at spjótinu); (2) *javelin*, = skeptifletta.

SKEPTI-FLETTA, f. a kind *of javelin*; -AMIÐR, m. *shaft-maker*.

SKER (gen. pl. SKEZJA), n. *rock in the sea, skerry* (sigla milli skers ok báru).

SKERA (SKER; SKAR, SKÁRUM; SKORINN), v. (1) *to cut* (þeir skáru böndin); s. e-n á háls, *to cut one's throat* (Karkr þræll skar hann á háls); s. út ór, *to cut right through*; (2) *to slaughter* (s. sauði, kálf, kið, dilk, geldinga); (3) *to shape, cut* (hann skar hár hans ok negl); (4) *to cut, mow, reap* (s. akr); (5) *to carve, cut out* (á brúðum stólsins var skorinn Þórr, ok var þat líkneski mikit); (6) s. e-m höfuð, *to make faces at one*; skapa ok s., *to have all the say in a matter*; láta skapat s., *to let fate decide*; (7) with preps. and advs., s. e-t af, *to cut off*; s. af manni, *to be reserved or reticent*; skera lítt af manni, *to speak one's mind*; s. niðr kvikfé, *to slaughter the live stock* (for want of fodder); s. ór e-u, *to decide, settle* (s. ór vandamálum); nú er þat vili várr, at einn veg skeri ór, *that the case be settled*; s. upp herör, þingboð, *to dispatch a war-arrow, gathering-stick*; s. upp akr, *to reap a field*; (8) refl., skerast, *to stretch, branch*, of a fjord, valley; fjörðr skarst langt inn í landit, *stretched far into the land*; höfðarnir skárust á víxl, *the headlands stretched across, overlapped one another*; s. í setgeira-brœkr, *to put on a mzn's breeches*; ef nökkut skerst í, *if anything happens*; skarst allt í odda með þeim, þat sem við bar, *they fell at odds about everything that happened*; s. ór e-u máli, *to withdraw (shrink) from a cause* (gangi nú allir til mín ok sveri eiða, at engi skerist ór þessu máli); s. undan e-u, *to refuse, decline doing a thing* (mun lokit okkrum samförum, ef þú skerst undan förinni); s. undan, *to hang back* (Þeir fýstu hann at sættast, en hann skarst undan).

SKERÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to diminish*.

SKER-GARÐR, m. *a belt of rocks in the sea*; -GIPR, m. a kind of *bird*.

SKERJÓTTR, a. *full of skerries*.

SKERMSL, n. pl. *a stretch* of, *rugged barren ground*.

SKER-NÁR, m. *a person left to die on a skerry*.

SKERPA, f. *sharpness*; með fyrstu skerpu, *in the first access or onslaught*.

SKERPINGR, m. *sharp effort* (róa undan í skerpingi).

SKESSA, f. *giantess, witch*.

SKESSI-LIGR, a. *monstrous*.

SKEYPA (-TA, -T), *v. to mock* (menn skeypa at honum ok hæja).

SKEYPI-LIGA, adv. *mockingly*.

SKEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to transfer, convey a piece of land to another* (s. e-m

jörð, s. jarðir til kirkju); (2) vera undir e-n skyldr ok skeyttr, *to be bound, subject to one*; (3) s. e-m forvitni, *to satisfy one's curiosity*; (4) s. e-t saman, *to join together*; (5) s. um e-t, *to care for, trouble oneself about* (þeir skeyttu ekki um þá).

SKEYTI, n. *shaft, missile, arrow*.

SKIKKA (AÐ), v. *to order, set in order order, ordain* (rare).

SKIKKJA, f. *cloak, mantle*.

SKIKKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to put on a cloak*; s. sik, *to cloak oneself*.

SKIKKJU-BÖND, n. pl. *mantle-straps*; -LAUSS, a. *cloakless*; -RAKKI, m. *lapdog*; -SKAUT, n. *lap of a cloak*.

SKIL, n. pl. (1) *distinction*; heyra, nema orða s., *to be able to make out words*; menn sá varla handa (fingra) sinna s., *they could hardly see their own hands (fingers)*; (2) *discernment, knowledge*; kunna, vita góð s. á e-u, *to be well informed of, have good knowledge of*; kunna s. rúna, *to know how to read runes*; (3) *adjustment*; færa mál til skila, *to put a case right*; gera s. á e-u, *to perform, discharge* (mér þykkir úsýnt, hver s. ek geri á yðru erendi); verða at litlum skilum, *to be of little account, come to nought*; koma e-u til skila, *to put in order*; e-t kemr til skila, *is duly delivered, comes to hand* (hann sendi konunginum hest, ok kom sá vel til skila); svá at allír hefði góð s., *so that all should have their due*; hann hafði engan erfingja þann er s. væri at, *he had no trusty heir*; (4) *pleading* (öll jögmælt s.).

SKILA (AÐ), v. (1) *to expound, give reason for, explain* (vilda ek, at þú skilðir þessa rœðu); (2) *to decide*; þeir áttu eigi um at s. málit, *they had not to decide the suit*; (3) s. e-u aptr, *to return a thing, bring back* (hann skilaði aptr yxnunum).

SKILA-MAÐR, m. *trustworthy man*.

SKIL-BORINN, pp. *torn in wedlock*, = -getinn; -DAGI, m. *condition, stipulation, terms*; með þeim -daga, at, *on condition that*; -FENGINN, pp. *lawfully got*; -fengin kona, *a wedded wife*; -GETINN, pp. *lawfully begotten, born in wedlock*; -GÓÐR, a. *trustworthy, reliable, respectable* (-góðr bóndi); -GREIÐI, m. *promptness*.

SKILINN, a. (1) *clear, distinct* (skilin orð); (2) *intelligent* (s. til orða).

SKILJA (SKIL, SKILDA; SKILIÐR, later SKILDR, SKILINN), v. (1) *to part, divide, separate* (sú er nú kölluð Jökulsá ok skirl landsfjórðunga); skilr hann flokk sinn, *he divides his band*; (2) *to break off, break up* (þessi sótt mun s. samvistu okkra); síðan skildu þau talit, *they broke off their talk*; (3) *to part company, take leave* (skildu þeir með mikilli vináttu); (4) impers.; þar er leidir (acc.) skildi, þá skildi ok slóðina, *where the roads parted, there the tracks too parted*; mundi s. vegu þeirra, *their ways would diverge*; með þessu skilr skipti þeirra, *thus ended their dealings*; *it differs*, mikit (acc.) skilr hamingju okkra, *there is a wide difference between our fortunes*; þá skilr á um e-t, *they disagree about a thing*; ef skrár skilr á, *if the scrolls differ*; (5) *to distinluish, discern*, with the eyes (nú má ek þann eigi sjá eða biða mér fulltings, er ek má harm eigi s.); with the ears, *to hear* (eru þeir hér svá, at þeir megi s. mál mitt); (6) *to understand, find out* (þá þóttist Þórr s. hvat látum verity hafði of nóttina); (7) *to decide, settle* (skildi konungr erendi Sighvats svá, at honum líkaði vel); (8) *to set apart, reserve for one* (þó at konungr hafi mér skilit eignir minar eða landsvist í Orkneyjum); eiga e-t skilit, *to have reserved, stipulated* (þat átta ek skilit

við þik, at); s. sér e-t, *to reserve to oneself* (jarðir hafði hann hygt ok skilit sér allar landskyldir); s. e-t í sætt, *to lay down, stipulate, in an agreement* (þat var skilit í sæt- várri, at); (9) with preps., s. e-t á við e-n, *to stipulate* (þó vil ek s. á við þik einn hlut); s. e-t eptir, *to leave behind*; s. e-t frá e-u, *to separate from* (hann skildi sik sjálfr frá ríki ok fór í klaustr); *to exeinpt from* (hverr maðr skyldi gjalda konungi fimm aura, sá er eigi væri frá því skiliðr); s. fyrir e-u, *to formulate, dictate* (s. fyrir eiðstafinum); s. fyrir heiti, *to formulate, pronounce a vow*; s. með mönnum, *to part, separate* (nótt skildi þá með þeim); impers., skilr með þeim, *they part* (eptir þetta skildi með þeim); s. e-t í sundr, *to part asunder* (hinir skildu í sundr skipin ok gerðu hlið í millum skipanna); s. e-t til, *to stipulate* (vil ek ok til s., at); s. e-t undan, *to except, to make a reservation for* (at undan skildum, heraðssektum); s. e-t undan e-m, *to deprive one of*; s. e-t undir e-n, *to leave it to one* (Njáll kvaðst þat vilja s. undir Höskuld); s. e-n undir sætt, *to include one in an agreement* (hversu marga menn viltu s. undir sættir okkar); s. undir eið, *to make an oath with reservation*; s. við e-n, *to part with, put away*; s. við konu, bónda, *to divorce one's wife, one's husband*; segja skilit við konu, *to declare oneself separated from*; (10) refl., skiljast, *to separate, break up* (skildist þá ok riðlaðist fylkingin); s. við e-n, e-t, *to part from, forsake* (hann kveðst aldri við Kára skyldu s.); recipr. *to part company* (skildust þeir með blíðskap, feðgar); impers., e-m skilst e-t, *one perceives, understands* (nú skaltu vita, hvárt mér hafi skilizt); láta sér e-t s., *to let oneself be convinced of* (Björn lét sér þat eigi s.).

SKILJAN-LIGR, a. *intelligible, distinct*.

SKILLINGR (-s, -ar), m. (1) pl. *money* (hón skell um hlaut fyr skillinga); (2) *shilling*; *shekel*.

SKIL-LÍTILL, a. *not very trustworthy*; -MÁLI, m. *agreement, condition, stipulation* (með þeim. skilmála, at).

SKILNAÐR, m. *separation, parting, divorce*; at skilnaði, *at parting*.

SKILNING, f. (1) *separation*; (2) *discernment, understanding* (fá skjóta s. á e-u); (3) *sense, meaning* (s. orðanna); (4) *view, opinion*; vera má, at svá sé, en ek heti hina s., *but I am of the opposite opinion*.

SKILNINGAR-LAUSS, a. *senseless, without understanding*; -laus skepna, *a brute*; -MAÐR, m. *sensible nian*; -VIT, n. *sense, intellect*.

SKILNINGR, m. *sense, meaning, opinion*.

SKIL-ORÐ, n. *condition, stipulation, terms*; -REKKI, n. = -ríki; -REKKR, a. = -ríkr; -RÍKI, n. *proof, evidence* (sýna -ríki til e-s); -RÍKLIGA, adv. (1) *honestly*; (2) *clearly, conclusively*; -RÍKR, a. (1) *honest, upright*; (2) *trustworthy*; -SAMLIGR, a. *clear, evident*; -VÍSLIGR, a. *trustworthy*; -VÍSS, a. *trustworthy* (-víss maðr); -VÆNN, a. = skil-víss; -YRÐI, n. = -orð.

SKIMA (AÐ), v. *to look all around*.

SKIMI, m. *gleam of light*.

SKIN, n. *sheen, shining* (s. sólar).

SKINGR, n. a kind of *cloak*.

SKININN, pp. *bleached, withered* (s. hross-hauss).

SKINN, n. *skin, fur*.

SKINNARI, m. *skinner, tanner*.

SKINNA-VARA, f. *peltry, fur-ware*.

SKINN-BRŒKR, f. pl. *skin breeks*; -DREGINN, pp. *lined with skin*; -FELDR, m. *skin cloak*; -FÖT, n. pl., -HOSA, f., -HÚFA, f. *garments, hose, cap made of*

skin; -HVÍTR, a. *white-skinned*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. = -föt; -KYRTILL, m. *skin kirtle*; -LAUSS, a. *skinless, skinned*; -LEIKR, m. a kind of *game*; -ÓLPA, f., -ROKKR, m. *jacket, kirtle of skin*.

SKINNS-LITR, m. *colour of the skin, complexion* (døkkr, hvítr á -lit).

SKINN-STAKKR, m. *skin cloak*; -ÞAKTR, pp. *skin-thatched, skin-covered*.

SKIP, n. *ship* (of any kind).

SKIPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to arrange, place in order, draw up*, with dat. (Egill skipaði svá mönnum þeim, er merkit báru); s. e-m fyrir e-t *or* yfir e-t, *to put one in charge of*; s. e-m hjá e-m, *to assign a seat to one beside another* (jarlinn skipaði þeim hjá Gunnlaugi); fig. *to explain*; s. draumi, *to interpret a dream*; (2) with acc. *to take up, occupy*; skipuðu konur pall, *the women were seated on the* 'pallr'; hann skipaði öndvegi, *he had his place in the high-seat*; *to arrange, array*, s. fylking sína, *to draw up one's line of battle*; var skjöldum skipat allt húsit um veggina, *the walls were all hung with shields*; (3) s. e-m e-t, *to assign a thing to one* (skipaði hann nú allt land sínum sýslumönnum); also without dat. (Geirmundr skipar jarðir sínar á laun); (4) *to man* (skipuðu þeir skipin sem bezt); ek skal s. húskörlum mínum annat skipit, *I will man one of them with my house-carles*; (5) s. til e-s, *to arrange, make ready for* (s. til atlögu); s. til búa sinna, *to put one's household in order*; þó mun eigi of skipat til ánna, *there will not be too many rams for the ewes*; (6) *to change*; bið hann, at þit skipit máldaga, *ask him to change the bargain*; (7) reflex., skipast, *to draw up* (gengu þeir þá inn allir ok skipuðust í dyrrin); skipuðust menn þar í sæti, *the men took their seats*; *to undergo a change* (mart hefir skipazt í Haukadal, ok vertu varr um þik); s. á betri leið, *to change for the better*; s. við e-t, *to yield to, he moved by* (s. við orð, fortölur e-s); s. við orðsending e-s, *to answer to one's call*; þenna kost gerðum, vér Hákoni, skipaðist hann vel við, *he took it in good part*; impers., var heitit fyrir henni mörgu, ok skipaðist henni ekki viðr, *it had no effect*.

SKIPA (AÐ), v., s. e-t upp, *to unload* (þeir tóku land ok skipuðu þar upp).

SKIPA-AFLI, m. *navalforce*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *the fitting out of ships, making ready for sea*; -BÚNINGR, m. *the fitting out of ships, making ready for sea*; -FAR, n. *passage of vessels*; -FERÐ, f. (1) *sea-voyage*; (2) = -far; -FJÖLDI, m. *multitude of ships*; -FLOTI, m. *a fleet of ships*; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -GANGR, m. = -ferð (2); -GØRÐ, f. *ship-building*; -HERR, m. *naval force*; -KAUP, n. *trading with a ship in harbour*; -KOSTR, m. *naval force*; -LAUSS, a. *without ships*; -LEIÐ, f. *way by sea*; -LEIÐI, n. *way by sea*; -LEIGA, f. *hire of a ship*; -LIÐ, n. *naval force*; -LÝÐR, m. *shipmen, seamen*; -LÆGI, n. *berth*; -MAÐR, m. *seaman, sailor*.

SKIPAN, f. (1) *order, arrangement*; A. sagði, hver s. vera skyldi fyrir liði hans, *how his troops should be drawn up*; þessi var s. á göngu konungs til kirkju, *this was the order of the royal procession*; (2) *manning of a ship, crew*; sex skip skipuð fullri s., *fully manned:* (3) *place, berth*, as one of the crew (hann tók, sér s. með þeim manni, er Þórólfr hét); (4) *due order, due course, disposition, arrangement* (lét hann upp lesa bréf um s. ríkisins); (5) *orders* (þeir beiddust skipunar at konungi); (6) *change*; mun honum, þykkja góð a. á komin, *he will think that good change*

has taken place.

SKIPANAR-BRÉF, n. *writ*; -BRIGÐ, n. *trespass against an order*.

SKIPA-ORRUSTA, f. *sea-fight*; -REIÐI, m. *a ship's rigging*.

SKIPARI, m. *seaman sailor*.

SKIPA-SAUMR, m. *ship-nails*; -SMIÐR, m. *shipwright*; -SMÍÐ, f. *ship-building*; -STÓLL, m. *supply of ships, fleet*; -TOLLR, m. *ship-tax*.

SKIP-BÁTR, m. *a ship's boat*; -BORÐ, n. *a ship's board, gunwale*; -BROT, n. (1) *shipwreck*; vera í -broti, *to be shipwrecked*; (2) pl. *pieces of a wrecked ship* (ætluðu þeir at gera sér skip ór -brotunum).

SKIPBROTS-MAÐR, m. *a shipwrecked person* (sýna -manni, hvar höfn var).

SKIP-BÚINN, pp. *ready to sail*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *a ship's fittings*; -DRÁTTR, m. *ship-launching*; -FERÐ, f. *sea-voyage*; -FJÖL, f. *a ship's plank*; stíga á -fjöl, *to go on board*; -FLAK, n. *wreck*; -FŒRR, a. *navigable for a ship* (veðr hvasst ok eigi -fœrt); -FÖR, f. *sailing voyage* (vera í -förum); -GENGR, a. *navigable*; -GØRÐ, f. *ship-building*; -HERRA, m. *ship-master, captain*; -HLUTR, m. *the ship's share of a catch*; -HRÆ, n. *wreck of a ship*; -HRÆÐDR, a. *afraid of the sea*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of a ship*; -KOSTR, m. = skipa-kostr; -KVÁMA, f. *arrival of a ship*; -KÆNN, a. *skilled as a seaman*; -LAUSS, a. *shipless*; -LEGGJA, v. *to bury in a ship*; -LEIGA, f. *the hire of a ship*; -MAÐR, m. *sailor, ferryman*; -PRESTR, m. *a ship's chaplain*; -PUND, n. *ship-pound*; -RÁ, f. *sailyard*; -REIÐA, f. *'ship-levy'*; -REIÐI, m. *a ship's rigging*; -RÚM, n. *berth*, esp. of fishermen; -SALA, f. *a ship's sale*; -SAUMR, m. *ship-nails*.

SKIPS-BORÐ, n. *gunwale*; -BROT, n. = skipbrot; -DRÁTTR, m. = skipdráttr; -FLAK, n. = skipflak; -HÁSKI, m. *danger at sea*; -HÖFN, f. *crew*.

SKIP-SLEÐI, m. *ship-sledge*; -SMIÐR, m. = skipasmiðr; -SMÍÐ, f. *ship-building*; -SÓKN, f. = -sögn; -STAFN, m. *a ship's stem*; -STJÓRN, f. *command of a ship*; -SVEINN, m. = -maðr; -SÖGN, f. *crew*.

SKIPT, f. *the camp of the Varangians* at Constantinople.

SKIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. (1) *to divide*; s. e-u í tvá staði, *to divide into two parts*; s. e-u með sér, *to divide between themselves* (sumum mönnum skiptu þeir með sér til ánauðar); (2) *to share, deal out* (nornir skipta geysiújafnt); enda skipti guð með oss, *and so may God judge between us*; (3) *to shift, change* (s. litum, nafni, skapi); (4) þat skiptir engu (litlu, miklu), *it is of no (little, great) importance, it makes no (little, great) difference*; mik skiptir engu, *it is of no moment to me, does not concern me*; s. máli, *to be of importance* (þótti henni allmiklu máli s., at þér tœkist stórmannliga); eiga máli at s. um e-t, *to have a right to deal with, be concerned about, a thing*; þat mun tveimr s., *it will turn out in one of two ways*; sér Pálnatoki, at mun tveimr um s., *that it will turn out one way or the other*; þat skipti mörgum hundruðum, *it was a matter of (it amounted to) many hundreds*; sitr Ólafr nú at búi sínu, svá at vetrum skipti, *for several years*; (5) absol. *to come about, happen*; ef því er at s., *if it comes to that*; því er at s. þó, *it will however turn out so*; (6) with preps., s. sér af e-u, *to take part in, concern oneself with a thing* (Glúmr skipti sér ekki af um búsýslu); s. e-u fyrir e-t, *to exchange a thing for another*; undarliga skiptit ér til, *ye do strangely with things*; impers.,

skiptir e-n veg til, *it turns out, comes to pass* (þannig skipti til sem úlíkligra mundi þykkja); s. um e-u, *to change*; s. um trúnaði sínum, *to go over to the other side*; s. um e-t, *to change* (s. um bústað, lánardróttna, nafn); s. um, *to come to a crisis, turn one way or other* (skjótt mun um s.); s. e-u við e-n, *to exchange with one another* (s. höggum við e-n); s. orðum við e-n, *to bandy words with one*; s. ríki við e-n, *to share the kingdom with* (sá hann engan annan sinn kost en s. ríki við Harald); (7) refl., skiptast, *to divide themselves, disperse* (skiptust þeir, snøru sumir norðr); *to change* (þá skiptust tungur á Englandi, er Vilhjálmr bastarðr vann England); recipr., skiptast e-u við, *to make an exchange*; s. gjöfum (höggum) við, *to exchange presents (blows)*; s. við um róðr, *to row by turns*.

SKIP-TAKA, f. *the seizing of a ship*; -TAPI, m. *loss of a ship* (at sea).

SKIPTI, n. (1) *division, distribution sharing* (þér hafit land lítit, en erut margir til skiptis); (2) *change* (mörgum þótti þetta s. mjök í móti skapi); (3) *shift* (þat munu Danir kalla betra s. at drepa heldr víking norrœnan en bróðurson sinn danskan); (4) plur. *dealings, transactions, disputes, fights* (þau ein s. munu vit eiga, at þér mun eigi betr gegna).

SKIPTI-LIGR, a. (1) *changeable*; (2) *divisible*.

SKIPTING, f. (1) *division*; (2) *change*.

SKIPTINGR, m. (1) *changeling*; (2) *idiot* (inn mesti s. ok afglapi).

SKIPTI-TIUND, f. *tithe to be divided into four parts*.

SKIP-TJÓN, n. = -tapi; -TOLLR, m. *ship's toll*; -TÖTURR, m. *hulk*.

SKIPU-LIGA, adv., -LIGR, a. *orderly*.

SKIP-VERÐ, n. *ship's price*; -VERI, m. *one of the crew*; plur., -verjar, *the crew*; -VIÐR, m. *a ship's timbers*; -VIST, f. *the being one of the crew*.

SKIRPA (-PTA, -PT), v., see 'skyrpa'.

SKIRRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to frighten* (cf. 'skjarr'), with acc.; (2) *to prevent, avert*, with dat. (s. vandræðum); (3) refl., skirrast e-t, við e-t, *to shrink from, shun*.

SKITINN, pp. *dirty* (skitnir ok fúnir klæðaleppar).

SKÍ, n. *jugglery, legerdemain*.

SKÍÐ, n. (1) *billet of wood, firewood* (kljúfa s.); (2) esp. pl., *long snowshoes, 'ski'* (fara, renna, skriða, kunna á skíðum).

SKÍÐ, n. *lintel*; hurð vár á skíði, *the door was shut*.

SKÍÐA, f. *piece of split wood, billet, stick*, = skíð 1 (klauf hann þar Þór í skíður einar ok lagði síðan í eld).

SKÍÐA-FANG, n. *an armful of logs*; -FAR, n. *going or travelling on snow-shoes*; -FERÐ, f. *going or travelling on snow-shoes*; -GEISLI, m. *balancing staff used with 'ski'*; -HLAÐI, m. *pile of fire-wood*.

SKÍÐ-FŒRI, n. (1) *surface for snow-shoes* (gott -fœri); (2) *snow-shoe gear*; -FŒRR, a. *good at travelling on snow-shoes*; -GARÐR, m. *wooden palings, wooden fence* (Þ. hleypr yfir skíðgarð nökkurn).

SKÍÐI, n. *sheath*, = skeiðir, slíðrar.

SKÍÐI-JÁRN, n. *'sheath-iron', sword* (drógu þeir ór skíði skíðijárn).

SKÍÐ-KJÁLKI, -SLETI, m. snow-sledge *shaped like a snow-shoe*.

SKÍFA, f. slice (cf. 'brauð-skífa').

SKÍFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to slice, cut into slices* (mátti þar sjá hjálma skífða).

SKÍ-MAÐR, m. *pretender, hypocrite*.

SKÍNA (SKÍN; SKEIN, SKINUM; SKININN), v. *to shine* (veðr var fagrt,

skein sól í heiði); impers., mun s. af í dag, *it will clear up today*.

SKÍRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to cleanse, purify* (s. silfr); skira sik, to clear (pure) *oneself by an oath or ordeal*; (2) *to baptize, christen* (skírði prestr barnit); láta skírast, *to be baptized*.

SKÍRARI, m. *baptizer, baptist*.

SKÍR-BORINN, pp. *born in wedlock*.

SKÍR-DAGR, m. *Maundy-Thursday*.

SKÍR-DRÆPR, a. *dazzling*; -GETINN, pp. = -borinn.

SKÍRI-FAÐIR, m. *one's 'baptizing father'*; -ÞÓRSDAGR, m. = skírdagr.

SKÍR-LEIKI, m. *purity*; -LEIKR, m. *purity*; -LEITR, a. *bright-faced*; -LIGA, adv: *purely, chaslely*; -LIGR, a. *bright*; -ligr í yfirbragði, at yfirlitum, *bright of countenance*; -LÍFI, n. *chastity*; -LIFR, a. *pure-lived, chaste*.

SKÍRN, f. *baptism, christening*; halda barni undir s., *to stand godfather*; taka s., *to be baptized*.

SKÍRNA (AÐ), v. *to become clear*.

SKÍRNAR-BRUNNR, m. *baptismal font*; -DAGR, m. *baptismal day*; -EMBÆTTI, n. = -þjónusta; -FONTR, m. *baptismal font*; -HALD, n. *standing godfather*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *baptismal clothes*, = hvíta-váðir; -NAFN, n. *baptismal name*; -VATN, n. *baptismal watter*; -ÞJÓNUSTA, f. *baptism, christening*.

SKÍRR (SKÍRRI or SKÍRARI, SKÍRSTR), a. (1) *clear, bright, pure*, of glass, metal, water, sky, &c. (s. mjöðr, skírt vatn, s. málmr, skírt silfr); (2) *cleansed from guilt* (hón skal øruggliga bera mega þetta járn ok skír verða); (3) of the voice, *clear* (með skírri raustu).

SKÍR-SKOTA (AÐ), v. *to refer or submit to judgement* (E. -skotaði þessum órskurði undir þá menn alla, er við vóru), *or to testimony* (skírskota e-u undir e-n, e-u fyrir e-m, e-u við vitni e-s); -skota til e-s, *to appeal to*.

SKÍRSL, f. *purification, ordeal*.

SKÍRSLA, f., SKÍRSLI, n. = skírsl; fig. gera skírslu til e-s, *to put to the test*.

SKÍTA (SKÍT, SKEIT, SKITINN), v. = dríta; þeir fuglar, er í sitt hreiðr skíta, *that foul their own nest*.

SKÍT-KARL, m. *dirty fellow*.

SKJAÐAK, n. (1) a kind of *weed, darnel*; (2) *an ill-flavoured or poisonous element* (s. í mungáti).

SKJAL, n. *empty talk, gossip*.

SKJALA (AÐ), v. *to prate, swagger*.

SKJALDA (AÐ), v. *to cover (furnish) with a shield or shields*.

SKJALDAR-BUKL, n. *shield-boss*; -FETILL, m. *shield-strap*; -RÖND, f. *rim of a shield*; -SPORÐR, m. *the lower pointed end of a shield*.

SKJALDA-SKRIFLI, n. pl. *old worn-out shields* (-skrifli ok baugabrot).

SKJALD-BORG, f. *wall (rampart)* of *shields*, an old battle-array (skipa mönnum í -borg); -FIMR, a. *dexterous with one's shield*; -HVALR, m. *a kind of whale*; -JÖTUNN, m. *a kind of war-engine*; -MÆR, f. *amazon*; -RIM, f. *'shield-rim'* (on a ship); -SVEINN, m. *shield-bearer*; -þili, n. *wainscoting*.

SKJALIGR, a. *talkative*.

SKJALL, n. *the while membrane of an* egg (skjalli hvítara).

SKJALLA (SKELL; SKALL, SKULLUM; SKOLLINN), v. *to clash, clatter* (á hælum hringar skullu).

SKJALL-KŒNLIGA, adv. *in a swaggering manner*.

SKJALLR, a. (1) *loud, shrill* (s. brestr); (2)

hann kvað sér vera ekki einkar skjallt, *he said he did not feel well*.

SKJALL-RADDAÐR, a. *clear-voiced*.

SKJANNI, m. *the side of the head*.

SKJARR, a. *shy, timid* (s. sauðr); s. við e-t, *shy (afraid) of* (s. við skot).

SKJÁ, f. = skjár.

SKJÁLFA (SKELF; SKALF, SKULFUM; SKOLFIT), v. *to shiver, shake, quiver* (honum þótti s. bæði jörð ok himinn); þeygi henni hendr skulfu, *her hands* faltered not at all.

SKJÁLF-HENDR, a. *with trembling hand, tremulous*.

SKJÁLFRA (AÐ), v. *to shiver, shake*.

SKJÁLFTA-FULLR, a. *shivering*.

SKJÁLFTI, m. *shivering*.

SKJÁLGR, a. (1) *wry, oblique*; (2) *squinting*, as a nickname (Þórólfr s.).

SKJÁLGR, m., in the phrase, skjóta í skjálg augunum, *to look askance*.

SKJÁR (pl. SKJÁIR), m. *a window-frame* with a transparent membrane over it, fitting to the opening (ljóri) in the roof, or to the window in the sidewall (cf. 'hliðskiár').

SKJÁ-VINDAUGA, f. *membrane window*.

SKJÓTA, f. *a small skin-bag*.

SKJÓÐU-PUNGR, m. *skin-purse*.

SKJÓL, n. *shelter, cover*; skjóta skjóli yfir e-n, *to give shelter to*.

SKJÓLA, f. *pail, bucket*.

SKJÓTA (SKÝT; SKAUT, SKUTUM; SKOTINN), v. (1) *to shoot with a weapon*, with dat. (s. öru, spjóti, kólfi); vera skotinn spjóti í gegnum, *to be shot through with a spear*; s. af boga, *to shoot with a bow*; with the object shot at in acc. (s. dýr, mann, sel, fugl); s. at e-m, til e-s, *to shoot at one*; s. til hœfis, *to shoot at a mark*; (2) *to shoot push or shove quickly*; s. brú af, *to draw the bridge off or away*; s. skildi fyrir sik, *to put a shield before one*; s. loku fyrir, *to shoot the bolt, lock the door*; s. frá lokum, *to unlock*; s. e-u fyrir borð, *to 'shoot' overboard*; s. skipum á vatn, *to launch ships*; s. báti, *to launch a boat from the shore*; s. útan báti, *to shove out a boat*; s. hesti uridir e-n, *to put a horse under one, to mount him*; var mér hér skotit á land, *I was put ashore here*; s. e-u niðr, *to thrust it down* (hann skaut svá fast niðr skildinum, at); s. e-m brott *or* undan, *to let one escape*; s. undan peningum, *to abstract, embezzle money*; s. e-u í hug e-m *to suggest to one* (þá skaut guð því ráði í hug þeim); s. upp hvítum skildi, *to hoist a white shield*; s. upp vita, s. eldi í vita, *to light up a beacon*; s. landtjaldi, *to pitch a tent*; s. á fylking, *to draw up in battle array*; s. á husþingi, *to call a meeting together*; s. á eyrendi, *to make a speech*; s. fótum undir sik, *to take to one's heels, to run*; barnit skaut öndu upp, *the child began to breathe*; s. e-u of öxl, *to throw off one's shoulder*; (3) *to transfer a case to another*; vér tólf dómendr, er málum þessum er t il skotit, *to whom these suits are handed over*; skýt ek því til gúðs ok góðra manna, at, *I call God and all good men to witness, that*; (4) *to pay* (hann skaut einn fyrir sveitunga sína alla); (5) impers., e-u skýtr upp, *it shoots up, emerges, comes forth*; upp skýtr jörðunni þá ór sænum, *then the earth rises from the sea*; skaut upp jörðu dag frá degi, *the earth appeared day by day (as the snow melted)*; þó at þér skyti því í hug, *though it shot into thy mind, occurred to thee*; þeim skaut skelk í bringu, *they were panic-stricken*; sem kólfi skyti, *swift as a dart*; (6) refl., skjótast, *to shoot, start,*

move quickly; hann skauzt á fœtr, *he started to his feet*; Björn skauzt aptr at baki Kára, *B. sprang back again behind K.*; at menn hans skytist eigi frá honum, *lest his men should slip away, desert*; hann vildi ljósta Gretti, en hann skauzt undan, *he avoided the blow*; s. e-m, *to fail*; margir skutust honum, *many forsook him*; skutust þá margir við þórð í trúnaðinum, *many proved false to Thord*; hann var nökkut við aldr, ok skauzt 'a fótum, *and tottered on his legs*; e-m skýzt yfir um e-t, *one over-looks, fails to notice a thing* (þeim hafði yfir skotizt um þetta); recipr., skótast á, *to exchange shots*.

SKJÓT-FARA, a. indecl. *swift-going*; -FŒRI, n. *swiftness*; -FŒRR, a. *swift*; -GÖRR, a. *soon made*; -HENDR, a. *swift-handed*; -KEYPT, pp. n. *a hasty bargain*; -KØRINN, pp. *soon chosen*; -LÁTR, a. *quick, alert*; -LEIKINN, a. *nimble*; -LEIKR, m. *alertness*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *swiftly, quickly*; (2) *soon*; -LIGR, a. *quick, alert*; -LITIT, pp. n., gera -litit e-t mál, *to hurry, be rash in a thing*; -LYNDR, a. *impatient, rash*; -MÆLGI, f. *rash speech*; -ORÐLIGA, adv. *in a few words*; -ORÐR, a. *quick-spoken, ready of tongue*.

SKJÓTR, m. *vehicle, horse*.

SKJÓTR, a. *swift fleet* (s. hestr); *quick, short* (skjót svör); neut., skjótt, as adv. *speedily* (hón bjó sik skjótt).

SKJÓT-RÁÐIT, pp. n. *hastily decided*; -RÁÐR, a. *quick (rash) in resolving*; -RÆÐI, n. *rashness*; -SVARINN, pp. *rashly sworn*.

SKJÓTTR, a. *piebald (of a horse)*.

SKJÓT-YRÐI, n. pl. *hasty words*.

SKJÖLDR (gen. SKJALDAR, dat. SKILDI; pl. SKILDIR, acc. SKJÖLDU), m. *shield*; hafa e-n at skildi fyrir sér, *to have another as a shield before one*; bera efra (hærra) skjöld, *to have the best of it, to gain the day*; þjóna undir þann skjöld, *to serve under that standard*; leika tveim skjöldum, *to play a double game*; koma í opna skjöldu, *to attack in flank (from the left)*; skjóta skildi yfir e-n, *to protect one*.

SKJÖPLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to jail* (kvað Sigmundr harm skjöplazt hafa í ferðinni) *to give way*.

SKOÐA (AÐ), v. *to look after, view, review* (konungr halði skoðat lið sitt); refl., skoðast um, *to look about*.

SKOÐAN, f. *viewing, examination*.

SKOKKR (-S, -AR), m. *chest, trunk*.

SKOLA (AÐ), v. *to wash*; also impers. (skolaði til hafs öllu ór skipinu).

SKOL-BRÚNN, a. *swarthy, brown*.

SKOLLA (-DA, SKOLLAT), v. *to hang over, dangle*; *to skulk away, keep aloof*.

SKOLLI, m. *fox Reynard* (hann spurði, hvárt s. væri inni).

SKOLLR, m. *skulking, deceit* (nökkurr s. var í skapi búand-karla).

SKOLL-VÍSS, a. *'skilled in tricks', deceitful* (-vís kona).

SKOLPR (-S, -AR), m. a *turner's chisel*.

SKOLTR (-S, -AR), m. *jaw*.

SKONS, m. *sconce, lantern*.

SKOP, n. *mocking*, = skaup.

SKOPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to mock, scoff*, = skeypa; (2) *to take a run* (s. skeið).

SKOPT, n. *hair* (s. heitir hár).

SKOR (pl. -AR), f. (1) *score, notch, incision*; (2) *a rift in a rock or precipice* (hleypr hann ofan fyrir skorina).

SKORA (AÐ), v. (1) *to chafe, rub, gall* (jarnin skoruðu mjök at beini); (2) *to make a score or incision in* (sumir ganga at með boløxar ok skora fœti á filunum); s. e-t sundr, *to cut asunder*; (3) *to challenge*; s. e-m (or e-n) á hólm (til hólmgöngu, til

hólms, til einvígis), *to challenge to a duel*; (4) s. á e-n, *to call upon, request strongly* (þeir skoruðu á hann fast); s. á e-n til e-s, *to call upon one for a thing* (s. á. e-n til liðveizlu, fulltings); s. á e-n til hólmgöngu, *to challenge one to fight*; (5) *to urge insist upon* (fast skorar þú þat); s. e-t mál við e-n, *to broach a matter to one* (konungr skorar þá þetta mál við hana sjálfa); (6) s. e-t í, *to stipulate* (Þ. skoraði þat í, at); (7) *to score, count by tallies* (hann lét þá s. liðit).

SKOR-BILDR, m. *scoring-axe*.

SKORÐA, f. *stay, prop* (setja skorður undir skip); fig., reisa (setja) skorður við e-u, *to put a stop to, take precautions against*.

SKORÐA (AÐ), v. *to prop, support by shores* (þeir skorðuðu skipit).

SKORIN-ORÐR, a. *clear-spoken*.

SKORPINN, a. *shrivelled* (s. belgr: skorpit skinn).

SKORPNA (AÐ), v. *to shrivel up* (skorpnar skór at fœti mér); fig. skorpnar at, *it presses hard* (þér mun þykkja mjök at s.).

SKOR-STEINN, m. *chimney*.

SKORT, pp. n., used as adv., *short of*; var hann þar litit s. viku, *he was there little short of a week*.

SKORTA (-RTI, -RT), v. *to be lacking to one* (eigi mun þik karlmenska s.); mostly impers., e-n skortir e-t, *one is in want of, is short of*; ekki skortir ykkr áhuga, *ye do not lack heart*; e-n skortir við e-n, *to be one's inferior, fall short of one*; honum þótti sik s. við oss, *he thought he fell short of us*; skortir á e-t, *it is lacking*; þat er á skorti, *what was lacking*.

SKORTR, m. *want, lack, scarcity*.

SKOT, n. (1) *shooting, shot* (þóttist Þ. eigi hafa skotit betra s.); (2) *the thing shot missile*, = skeyti (ef fleiri s. eru í hvalnum); (3) *appeal*; er til hans miklu minna s. en margir láta yfir, *there is less appeal to (less worth in) him than folks say*; (4) *a narrow dark passage, running along the wall of the ancient hall* (gekk hann inn ok í s., er var um eldahúsit).

SKOTAR, m. pl. *the Scots* (Skota jarl).

SKOT-BAKKI, m. *'shooting-bank', butts* (fóru þeir í -bakka ok vöndust við skot); -ELDR, m. *Greek fire* (?); -EYGR, a. *restless of eye*; -FÉ, n. = -hlutr; -FIMI, f. *skill in archery*; -FŒRI, n. *shot-range*; koma í -fœri, *to come within shot*; liggja í -fœrum við, *to be within bow-shot*; -FŒRR, a. *skilful as an archer*; -HENDA, -HENDING, f. *half rhyme*; -HENDR, a. *composed in the metre* -henda; -HLUTR, m. *shooter's share*; -HRIÐ, f. *shower of missiles*; -HVALR, m. *a dead whale with a harpoon in it*; -MAÐR, m. *shooter, harpooner*; -MÁL, n. *range*; langt -mál, *a long range*; koma í -mál, *to come within range*; -PENINGR, m. *pocket-money, subsistence-money*.

SKOTRA (AÐ), v. *to shove, push*, with dat. (berserkirnir skotruðu Gretti).

SKOT-SILFR, n. = -peningr; -SPÁNN, m. *target*; hafa e-n at skotspæni, *to make a butt of one*.

SKOTTA (AÐ), v. *to move to and fro* (jarl lét s. við skip sín, ok lagði ekki at sinni til orrustu).

SKOT-TEINN, m. *a stick used as a mark*; -VAGN, m. *catapult*; -VÁPN, n. *missile*; -VÖNDR, m. *a wand to he shot*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *scoffs, taunts*.

SKOZKR, a. *Scottish, Scotch*.

SKÓ-BRODDR, m. *ice-spur* (vera á -broddum); -FÓT, n. pl. *shoes*.

SKÓGAR-BJÖRN, m. *wood-bear, common bear*; -BRAUT, f. *forest-path*; -BRENNA, f.

forest-fire; -búi, m. *a dweller near a wood*; -dýr, n. *wood deer*; -gata, f. *forest-path*; -geit, f. *wood-goat, wild goat*; -háls, m. *wooded neck or ridge*; -horn, n. = -nef; -hunang, n. *wild honey*; -högg, n. *tree-fellng*; -kjarr, n. *brush-wood*; -maðr, m. *outlaw*; -nef, n. *out-skirt of a wood*; -rjóðr, n. *clearing in a wood*; -runnr, m. *thicket*; -skipti, n. *division of a wood*; -spell, n. *damage done to a wood*; -súra, f. *wood-sorrel, cuckoo's meat*; -ull, f. *cotton*; -vöndr, m. *wand from the forest*; -øx, f. *wood-axe*.

skóg-barn, n. '*wood-bairn*'; -bjarn, m. *wood-bear*; -gangr, m. *outlawry*.

skóggangs-maðr, m. *outlaw*, = skógarmaðr; -stefna, f. *trial for outlawry*; -sök, f. *a case or suit involving outlawry*; -þýfi, n. *theft punishable with outlawry*.

skóg-land, n. *wood-land*; -lauss, a. *woodless*; -óttr, a. *wooded, woody*.

skógr (-ar, -ar), m. *wood, forest* (var þá s. milli fjalls ok fjöru); fara í skóg; *to go foresting*; stefna e-m til skógar, *to summon a person with intent to outlaw him*; leysa e-n ór skógi, *to free one from outlawry*.

skóg-vaxinn, pp. *overgrown with wood*; -vöndr, m. = skógar-vöndr.

skó-klæði, n. *shoes*, = -föt.

skóla-bróðir, m. *school-fellow*; -klerkr, m. *scholar*; -meistari, m. *school-master*; -nafn, n. *school nickname*; -sveinn, m. *schoolboy*.

skó-lauss, a. *shoeless, barefoot*.

skóli, m. *school* (þeir váru báðir saman í skóla).

skó-nál, n. *cobblers needle*.

skór (gen. skós, pl. skúar, later skór), m. (1) *shoe*; kippa skóm á fœtr sér, *to pull on one's shoes*; leysa skúa af e-m, *to untie a person's shoes*; (2) *horse-shoe* (þótt skúarnir hryti undan hestum þeira).

skó-smiðr, m. '*shoe-smith*', *shoemaker*; -sveinn, m. *waiting-man, servant*; -vátr, a. *wet on the shoes, wet-footed*; -þvengr, m. *shoe-string, latchet* (skúfaðir skóþvengir).

skraddari, m. *tailor*.

skraf, n. *chat, talk*.

skrafa (að), v. *to prate, chat*; recipr., skrafast við, *to talk together*.

skraf-finnr, -karl, m. *chatterbox*.

skrap, n. (1) *clattering*; (2) *chat, tittle-tattle:* (3) *lumber, trumpery*.

skrapa (að), v. (1) *to clatter*; (2) *to prate*; (3) *to scratch out*.

skrapla (að), v. *to grate, clatter*.

skratta-karl, m., skratti, m. *vile wizard*; *wicked sorcerer*.

skraut, n. *ornament, finery*.

skraut-búinn, pp. *richly dressed*; -girni, f. *showiness of dress*; -gjarn, a. *showy*; -leikr, m. *show, splendour*; -liga, adv. *richly* (-liga búinn); -ligr, a. *showy, splendid, magnificent*; -menni, n. *showy person*.

skrá (gen. skrár, pl. skrár), f. (1) *piece of dry skin or parchment*; (2) *a scroll for writing on, a written scroll*; setja á s., *to commit to writing*; í þessari s., *in this scroll*.

skrá (skráða, skráðr), v. (1) *to put on a scroll, enter* (at s. nöfn þeira allra); (2) *to enrol* (E. lét lesa upp, hverir skráðir váru á konungsskipit).

skráma (-di), v., see skræma.

skráma, f. *scar*.

skrám-leitr, a. *of dusky complexion*.

skrápr, m. *shark's skin*.

skrá-setja (see setja), v. *to put on a*

scroll, enter, enroll, = skrá.

SKREF, n. *pace* (í einu skrefi).

SKREFA (AÐ), v. *to stride, pace*.

SKREIÐ, f. (1) *shoal of fish*; s. varga, *a flock of wolves*; (2) *dried fish*, = skörp s. (skorti bæði mjöl ok s.).

SKREIÐAR-FARMR, m., -HLAÐI, m. *a cargo, pile of dried fish*.

SKREIÐAST (DD), v. *to creep, slink*; s. fyrir borð, *to crawl over the ship's side*; s. aptr af hestinum, *to slip down from the horse*.

SKREIÐ-FISKI, f. *cod-fishery*; -FŒRI, n. = skíðfœri.

SKREIÐINGR, m. *subterfuge*.

SKREPPA, f. *scrip, bag*.

SKREPPA (SKREPP; SKRAPP, SKRUPPUM; SKROPPINN), v. (1) *to slip*; skruppu honum fœtr, *his feet slipped*; (2) *to slip away, absent oneself*, margir bœjarmenn skruppu inn í garða sína, *skulked away into their homesteads*.

SKREPPU-SKRÚÐI, m. *the contents of a scrip* (skreppa ok allr -skrúði).

SKREYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to ornament, adorn, dress fine* (skreyttr inum beztum klæðum).

SKREYTING, f. *embellishment*.

SKRIÐA, f. *landslip, avalanche* (hljóp s. á bœinn).

SKRIÐ-DÝR, n., -KVIKENDI, n. *reptiles, worms*; -LIGR, a. *creeping*; -ligt kvikendi, reptile; -LJÓS, n. *lantern*.

SKRIÐNA (AÐ), v. *to slip, slide*; skriðnaði hann öðrum fœti, *he slipped with one foot*; skriðnuðu honum fœtr, *his feet slipped*; *s. or s.* í sundr, *to come to an end* (mest ván, at við þetta skriðni várt félag).

SKRIÐNAN, f. *slipping, stumbling*.

SKRIÐR (gen. -AR), m. *a creeping or gliding motion, of a reptile* (beina þeir sinn skrið); *of a ship, forward movement, course, speed*; tók skriðinn af skipinu, *the ship stopped*.

SKRIFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to draw, paint* (sögur þær, er skrifaðar váru á eldhúsinu); (2) *to write* (eptir því sem fróðir menn hafa skrifat).

SKRIFARI, m. (1) *painter*; (2) *writer, transcriber* (klerkr ok s.).

SKRIFLI, n. *fragment* (cf. 'skjaldaskrifli').

SKRIF-LIGR, a. *written*.

SKRIM, n. *faint light, gleam*.

SKRIMAL, n. *monster* (s. þau, er þar vafra í höfum umhverfis).

SKRIPT (pl. -IR), f. (1) *picture, drawing* (seglit var sett með fögrum skriptum); (2) *writing, writ*; (3) *confession (to a priest)*; veita e-m s., *to confess one*; ganga til skriptar, skripta, *to go to confession*; (4) *penance* (setja e-m s.); (5) *punishment* (tröll kváðu Kaldrana hata fengit makliga s. fyrir sinn tilverknað).

SKRIPTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to shrive, confess, hear the confession of*, with dat. (biskup fór at s. þeim); (2) *to enjoin penance* (s. e-m at vatnfasta); (3) *to punish* (váru sumir hálshöggnir, en sumum annan veg skriptat); (4) with acc. *to confess* (s. sinar syndir); (5) refl., skriptast við e-n, *to confess to* (skriptaðist S. við Þormóð prest); láta s., *to go to confession*.

SKRIPTAÐR, pp. *shriven*.

SKRIPTA-FAÐIR, m. *confessor*; -GANGA, f. *confession (to a priest)*; -GANGR, m. *confession (to a priest)*; -LAUSS, a. *unshriven*; -MAÐR, m. *a man under penance, penitent*; -MÁL, n. pl. *confession* (heyra skriptamálin); -PRESTR, m. *confessor*.

SKRIPT-ROF, n. *breach of a penance*.

SKRÍÐA (SKRÍÐ; SKREIÐ, SKRÍÐUM;

skriðinn), v. (1) *to creep, crawl*, of reptiles; hann brást í orms líki ok skreið í nafars-raufina, *he transformed himself to a serpent and crept into the auger-hole*; *of persons* (hann skreið upp í fjöruna); s. undir skegg e-m, *to creep under another's beard, to humble oneself*; saman níðingar skríða, *'birds of a feather flock together'*; (2) *of a ship, to glide, sail* (þú skynjar eigi, hvárt skipit skríðr undir þér eða eigi); (3) *to slide on snow-shoes* (skreið Arnljótr sem hann fœri lauss); (4) fig. s. til skarar (see 'skör' 1).

skrín, n. *shrine* (of a saint).

skrín-gørð, f. *shrine-making*; -lagning, f. *enshrinement*; -leggja, v. *to enshrine*; -smiðr, m. *Shrine-maker*.

skrípa-höfuð, n. *monster-head*.

skrípi, n. *grotesque monster, phantom*; -ligr, a. *monstrous*.

skrípindi, n. pl. = skrípi.

skrjá (skrjáða), v. *to sneak about* (Narfi skrjáði um it ytra).

skrjúpr, a. *weak, frail*.

skrokkr, m. *body, carcase*.

skrópa-maðr, m. *hypocrite*.

skrópar, m. pl. *sham, hypocrisy*.

skrópa-sótt, f. *feigned illness*.

skrum, n. *swaggering talk*.

skruma (að), v. *to swagger, chatter*.

skrumari, m. *swaggerer, braggart*.

skrúð, n. (1) *tackle, gear*; (2) *ornament, apparel* (skrýddr konungligu skrúði); (3) *furniture of a church*; (4) *costly stuff* (sem af skrúði einu væri gör seglin).

skrúð-hosa, f. *hose made of a costly stuff* (skrúð); -hús, n. *vestry*.

skrúði, m. (1) *ornaments, raiment, esp. church vestments* (vegligum skrúða skrýddr); (2) *gear, tackle*.

skrúð-klæði, n. pl. *fine clothes*; -kyrtill, m. *a kirtle of costly stuff*; -sokkr, m. = -hosa.

skrúf, n. *hay-cock, corn-rick*.

skrúf-hárr, a. *stiff-haired*.

skrýða (-dda, -ddr), v. *to adorn, embellish*; refl., skrýðast e-u, *to put on, dress in* (s. hárklæðum, sorgarbúnaði).

skrýfa (-ða), v. (1) *to stack* (s. korn); (2) with dat. *to make stiff and bristly* (hann skrýfði sem mest hárinu).

skræða, f. *old scroll, book*.

skræfa, f. *coward*, = mannskræfa.

skræfast (-ð), v. refl. *to act like a coward, be a poltroon*.

skrækja (-kta, -kt), v. *to screech, shriek* (hrafn skrækti hátt).

skrækr (pl. -ir), m. *shriek, scream*.

skrækta (-kta, -kt), v. = skrækja (kráka skræktir).

skræktan, f. *shrieking*.

skrælingjar, m.pl. the native inhabitants of *Vínland* in America.

skræma (-di), v. *to glare, shine*.

skræmast (d), v. refl. *to flee, take to flight* (s. undan e-m).

skræmi-hlaup, n. *sudden onset*.

skrœpa (-ta, -t), v. *to feign*.

skrök (dat. skrökvi), n. *false story, falsehood, invention* (hvárt þat væri s. eða sannindi).

skrök-lauss, a. *true* (þat er -laust at); -ligr, a. *false, fictitious*; -maðr, m. *fabler, liar*; -mál, n. *fictitious story, falsehood*.

skrökmála-samr, a. *mendacious*.

skrök-saga, f. *fictitious story, fable*; -samligr, a. *false, feigned*; -semd, f. *falsehood*.

skrökva (að), v. *to invent a story*.

skugga-lauss, a. *shadowless*; -ligr, a. *suspicious-looking*; -mikill, a. *shadowy,*

dark; -samligr, a. *shadowy, suspicious*.

skuggi, m. (1) *shadow*; berr skugga á e-t, *a shadow falls upon* (þar bar skuggann á sæinn af fjöllunum); bar hvergi skugga á, *there was no shadow anywhere*; (2) *shade of a hat* (undan skugga hattarins); (3) *shadow, spectre* (henni sýndist þa kirkjan full af hræði- ligum skuggum); (4) fig., ganga ór skugga um e-t, *to show one's mind as to a thing*; hann bað Halldór ganga ór skugga, hvárt, *he asked H. to say plainly, whether*; hann sagði sér vera mikinn skugga á, hvat Magnús mundi ætlast fyrir, *he said he felt much mis-giving as to what M. had in mind*.

skugg-sjá, -sjó, -sjón, f. *mirror*.

skukka, f. *wrinkle, fold*.

skukkóttr, a. *wrinkled* (of clothes).

skuld (pl. -ir), f. (1) *debt*; gjalda s., *to pay a debt*; kaupa í s., *to buy on trust*; ganga í s. fyrir e-n, *to be bail for another*; ganga í s. við e-n, *to become one's debtor*; (2) *tax, due* (ek vissi, at þer áttuð at réttu s. ok skatt af at taka).

skuld, f. = skyld; fyrir þann (= þá) s., at, *because that*.

skulda-bréf, n. *bond*; -dagar, m. pl. *pay-days, the term for paying a debt*; -far, n. *debts*; -heimta, f. *calling in debts*; -hjón, -hjún, n. pl. *household, family*; -lið, n. = -hjón; -mót, n. *meeting, for paying debts*; -staðr, m. *investment, deposit of money*; -þing, n. = -mót.

skuld-bundinn, pp. *duty-bound* (e-m, við e-n); -fastr, a. *seized for debt*; -lauss, a. (1) *unencumbered* (fé -laust); (2) *needless, uncalled-for* (er þer -laust at velja mér hæði-yrði saklausum manni); -leikr, m. *relationship*; -seigr, a. *reluctant to pay*; -skeyta (-tta, -ttr), v. *to transfer a debt to another*.

skuldu-nautr, m. (1) *debtor* (ef hann er úhættr -nautr); (2) *creditor*.

skulu (pres. skal, skulum; pret. skyldu; pret. infin. skyldu), v. *shall* (denoting fate, law, bidding, necessity, duty, obligation, purpose); þat skal Eyjólfr gøra, *E. shall do that*; hvat skal ek honum, *what shall I do with him?* vega skaltu hann, *thou shalt kill him*; hvat skal tjald þat, *what is that tent for?*; hón spurði, hvat þat skyldi, *she asked what was the meaning of that*.

skunda (að), v. (1) *to speed*, = skynda, with dat. (s. ferð sinni); s. fé saman, *to make a collection*; (2) *to hasten* (= s. sér).

skundi, m. *speed, haste* (með skunda, með miklum skunda).

skupla, f. *a woman's hood hiding the face*.

skupla (að), v. *to wear a* 'skupla'.

skurðar-maðr, m. *carver, flenser*; -skírn, f. *circumcision*.

skurð-goð, n. *graven image, idol* (heiðin -goð).

skurðgoða-villa, f. *idolatry*.

skurðr (-ar, -ir), m. (1) *cutting*; (2) *slaughtering* (sauðir ætlaðir til skurðar); (3) *flensing of a whale*; (4) *ditch, channel* (s. svá breiðr ok djúpr, at þar mátti vel skipum halda); grafa skurð, *to dig a ditch*; (5) *carving*, of art (silfri var rennt í skurðina).

skurfóttr, a. *covered with scurf, scurfy* (af skurfóttum manni).

skurka (að), v. to move roughly.

skurmsl, n. *egg-shell, nut-shell*.

skurn, f. and n. *egg-shell, nut-shell*.

skut-bryggja, f. *stern-gangway*; -byggjar, m. pl. *'stern-mates', the men stationed in the stern of a ship*; -festr, f. *cable from the stern, stern moorings*.

SKUTIL-DISKR, m. *plate, disk*.

SKUTILL (pl. SKUTLAR), m. (1) *missile*, esp. *harpoon* (cf. 'sel-skutill'); (2) *dish, trencher, small table* (hón gaf Sveini konungi ágætan skutil).

SKUTIL-SVEINN, m. *page, cup-bearer*.

SKUTLA (AÐ), v. *to squander*, with dat.; refl., skutlast, *to be scattered*.

SKUTLAN, f. *squandering*.

SKUTR (-AR, -IR), m. *the stern of* a *ship*; in plur. *stem and stern* (skip minna til skutanna en um mitt).

SKUT-STAFN, m. *the stern*, opp. to 'framstafn'.

SKÚA (AÐ), v. *to shoe*; s. hest sinn gullskóm, *to shoe his horse with golden shoes*; of persons (vel hosaðr ok skúaðr).

SKÚFA (AÐ), v. *to push aside*, = skýfa.

SKÚFAÐR, a. *tasselled* (s. skóþvengr).

SKÚFR, m. *tassel*.

SKÚMA-SKOT, n. (1) *dusk, twilight*; (2) *dark nook* (skríða í-skot).

SKÚR, f. (1) *shower* (blóði hafði rignt í skúrinni); (2) *shower of missiles*.

SKÚRA-VEÐR, n. *showery weather*.

SKÚR-FJÖL, f. *shed-deal*.

SKÚTA (gen. pl. SKÚATNA), f. *a small craft, skiff* (hrundu þeir fram skútu).

SKÚTA, f. *taunt*; drepa e-m skútu um e-t, *to taunt one with*.

SKÚTA (-TTI, -TT), v. *to jut out* (bjargit skútti yfir fram).

SKÚTI, m. (1) *a cave formed by jutting rocks*; (2) *taunt*; stinga e-m skúta, *to taunt one*.

SKÚTNA-HERR, m. *a fleet of* 'skútur' (manned); -LIÐ, n. *the crews on the* 'skútur'; -MENN, m. pl. = -lið.

SKVAKKA (AÐ), v. *to make a gurgling sound* (sökk øxin ok skvakkaði við).

SKVAL, n. *noisy talk*.

SKVALA (AÐ), v. *to shout, brawl*.

SKVALDR, n. *noisy talk, clamour*.

SKVALDRA (AÐ), v. *to talk noisily*.

SKYGGÐR, pp. *bright, polished* (hjálmr s. sem gler).

SKYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to overshadow*; (2) with dat., s. e-u við e-u, *to screen against* (s. e-u við sólu); (3) *to polish*, with acc. (s. sverð þau, er áðr eru forn).

SKYGN, a. (1) *seeing* (hann hafði fengit sýn sína ok var þá s. maðr); (2) *sharp-sighted* (E. var einsýnn ok þó manna skygnastr).

SKYGNA (-DA), v. *to pry, spy*; s. um e-t, at e-u, *to spy after, look for*; refl., skygnast um, *to look about* (skygndist hann nú um fast).

SKYGNI, n. *shed, cover*.

SKYGNING, f. *looking about*.

SKYGN-LEIKR, m. *eyesight, power of vision* (augun með björtum -leik).

SKYGNUR, f. pl. *wide open eyes* (H. rak þá s. á landit).

SKYKKJUM, dat. pl. as adv., ganga s., *to go rocking*; gekk jörðin undir þeim s., *the earth went rocking, under them*, of an earthquake.

SKYLD, f. (1) *tax, due* (heimta saman skyldir konungs); (2) *incumbrance* on an estate; (3) *reason, sake*; fyrir mína s., *for my sake*.

SKYLDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to bind in duty, oblige* (konungrum skyldaði þá til at flytja líkin til graptar); (2) s. til e-s, *to deserve, merit*.

SKYLDA, f. (1) *due, tax, tribute* (fekk hann þaðan engar skyldur né skatta); (2) *duty* (er þat yðvarr réttr ok s. at verja ríki várt); (3) *relationship* (eigi veit ek, at með okkr sé nein s.).

SKYLDAÐR, pp. *bound, obliged* (ek em s. til at reka konungs eyrendi).

SKYLDAR-EMBÆETTI, n. *obligatory service*; -ERENDI, n. *urgent business*.

SKYLD-BUNDINN, pp. *duty-bound*; -LEIKI, m. *relationship*; -LIGA, adv. *duly, dutifully*; þurfa -liga, *to stand in pressing need of*; -LIGR, a., e-m er e-t -ligtt, *it is one's duty*.

SKYLDR, a. (1) *bound, obliged* (ef þér veitit mér þat, þá verð ek s. til at gøra yðvarn vilja); (2) *due* (veita konungi skylda þjónustu); (3) *urgent, pressing* (skylt erendi); mér er skylt, *it's my bounden duty* (þat mun konungi skylt þykkja, at ek fara); (4) *related*; s. at frændsemi, *related by kinship*; mér er maðrinn s., *the man is near akin to me*; skyld frændsemi, *near kinship*.

SKYLDU-ERENDI, n. *urgent business*.

SKYLDUG-LEIKR, m. *relationship*.

SKYLDUGR, a. (1) *bound, obliged* (s. at gøra e-t); (2) *due* (skyldug hlýðni); (3) vera s. e-m, *to owe to one*.

SKYLDU-HLÝÐNI, f. *due obedience, homage*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *in duty, dutifully*; (2) *necessarily* (þurfa -liga); -LIGR, a. *obligatory*.

SKYLMAST (D), v. refl., *to fence* with a weapon (s. með skjöld ok sverð).

SKYLMING (pl. -AR), f. *fencing*.

SKYN (pl. -JAR), f. *sense, knowledge, understanding*; vita, kunna, hafa s. (*or* skynjar) á e-u, *to have knowledge of, understand* (Flosi kvazt eigi vita s. á, hverir lögmenn væri mestir); hann kunni allra s. í borginni, *he knew all the people in the town*; bera s. yfir e-t, *to have knowledge of a thing, understand it*; gjalda s. fyrir e-t, *to give account of, account for*; Loki sagði s. á öllum gripum, *explained all the objects*.

SKYN, n. = skyn, f. (kunna gott s.).

SKYNDA (-NDA), v. (1) *to hasten*, with dat. (s. ferð sinni); s. sér, *to hasten, make haste*; (2) *to hasten*, = s. sér (hann skyndi til skipa).

SKYNDI, f. *haste* (með mikilli s.).

SKYNDI-BRÚÐLAUP, n. *hasty marriage*; -KONA, f. *loose woman*; -LIGA, adv. *in haste, speedily*; -LIGR, a. *sudden* (-ligr dauði).

SKYNDING, f. *speed, haste*; af skyndingu, *in haste, speedily*.

SKYNDIR, m. *haste*; bera skyndi at um e-t, *to make haste with*.

SKYNDI-RÁÐ, -RÆÐI, n. *hasty plan or deed*.

SKYNJA (AÐ), v. (1) *to perceive, make out, understand* (þeir skynja skjótt, hverir höfðingjar vóru vinir Magnúss konungs); (2) *to search into, inquire* (Þ. það menn sína s., ef hann þyrfti liðs við); s. vörð *or* um vörð, *to inspect the guard*.

SKYN-LAUSS, a. *senseless*; -laus skepna, -laust kvikendi, *an irrational being, brute*; -LEYSI, n. *want of sense*; -LÍTILL, a. *small of intellect*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *sensibly, rationally*; -SAMLIGR, a., -SAMR, a. (1) *rational, reasonable*; (2) *wise, sagacious*.

SKYN-SEMD, f. *reason*; vera með fullri -semd, *to be in one's right senses* (þá er vér erum údrukknir ok með fullri -semd); kunna litla -semd, *to have little understanding* (kunnum vér litla -semd til at skipa svá stórum málum); hafa -semd af e-u, *to have knowledge of*; þá muntu synja þess með -semd, *then thou must deny it, giving reasons for it*; gjalda -semd e-s, af e-u, *to give account of*; krefja e-n -semdar fyrir e-t, af e-u, *to call one to account for a thing*.

SKYNSEMDAR-ATFERÐ, f. *rational proceeding*; -ÁLIT, n. *regard to reason*; -GEYMSLA, f. *use of reason*; -GJALD, n.

giving an account of; -GREIN, f. *discernment*; -MÁL, n. *arguments*; -SKIPAN, f. *rational order*; -SVAR, n. *satisfactory answer*; -VIT, n., vera með -viti, *to be in one's right senses*.

SKYN-SEMI, f. = -semd; mikil -semi er at rifja vandliga þat, *much knowledge is wanted to explain all that*.

SKYNUGR, a. *sagacious* (vitr ok s.).

SKYR, n. *a kind of curdled milk*.

SKYR-ASKR, m. *curd-bowl*.

SKYR-BJÚGR, m. *the scurvy*.

SKYR-BÚR, n. *dairy*; -KER, n. *curd vessel*; -KYLLIR, -KÝTIL, m. *'curd-bag'*.

SKYRPA (-TA, -T), v. *to spit* (s. við).

SKYRSI, n. *portent, phantasm*.

SKYRSI-LIGR, a. *monstrous, abnormal*.

SKYRTA, f. *shirt*, a kind of *kirtle*.

SKYRTU-BLAÐ, n. *shirt-lap*; -ERMR, f. *shirt-sleeve* (undir skyrtuermi hans); -GØRÐ, f. *the making of a shirt*.

SKYTI, m. *marksman, shooter, harpooner* (s. allra manna beztr).

SKYTNINGR, m. *inn or club*, where each guest paid or contributed his own scot (hann veitti allri hirð sinni mat ok mungát, svá at engi maðr þurfti í skytning at ganga).

SKYTNINGS-STOFA, f. *inn, tavern*.

SKÝ (gen. pl. SKÝJA), n. *cloud*; skýjum efri, *above the clouds*.

SKÝ-DRÚPNIR, m. poet. *the air*.

SKÝFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to shove, push*, with dat. (látit mik vera kyrra ok skýfit mér hvergi); with acc. (þeir skýfðu skurðgoðin af stöllum).

SKÝ-FJALL, n. *mountain of clouds*; -FLÓKI, m. *cloudlet*.

SKÝJA (AÐ), v. *to cloud, cover with clouds*; impers., en nú skýjar á heldr, *but now it clouds over*.

SKÝJAÐR, a. (1) *cloudy* (skýjat veðr); (2) *shaded* (s. hjálmr).

SKÝLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to screen, shelter, protect*, with dat. (hvalr skýldi skipinu við veðrinu).

SKÝ-LAUSS, a. *cloudless* (-laust veðr).

SKÝLI, n. *shelter, protection*.

SKÝLI-HÖGG, n. *damaging cut*, with an axe (þar lá tréstobbi mikill ok í -högg mikil).

SKÝLING, f. *screening, sheltering*.

SKÝRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to explain, expound, set forth, interpret* (kveðst s. mundu fyrir honum, ef hann vildi vita); s. spurdaga, *to solve or answer a question*.

SKÝRING, f. *explanation, elucidation*.

SKÝR-LIGR, a. *bright-looking, intelligent, clever*; -MÆLTR, a. *clear-voiced*.

SKÝRR, a. (1) *clear, evident, manifest* (með skýrum sannindum); neut., skýrt, as adv. *clearly, distinctly* (Arnórr kveðr skýrt á þetta); (2) *clever, intelligent* (s. maðr ok skáld gott).

SKÆKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to check*.

SKÆLDINN, a. *skilled or versed in poetry* (lítt em ek s.).

SKÆ-MAÐR, m. = skímaðr.

SKÆR, m. *horse*, poet. (s. skökuls).

SKÆRA or SKÖRA, f. *fray, quarrel*.

SKÆRA-HÚSI, m. *a case for holding a pair of shears*.

SKÆRI, n. pl. *a pair of shears*.

SKÆR-LEIKR, m. *brightness*; -LIGA, adv. *purely, clearly*.

SKÆRR, a. (1) *pure* (s. meydómr); (2) *clear, bright, serene* (s. himinn, skært veðr); (3) *transparent*; (4) *clear, distinct* (skær rödd).

SKÆVA (AÐ), v. to stride on (poet.).

SKŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v.; skœðir hann sik, *he puts on his shoes*.

SKŒÐI, n. pl. *a piece of skin cut square for making a pair of shoes* (var þá skorin yxnis-húðin til skœða).

SKŒÐ-LEIKR, m. *scathefulness*.

SKŒÐR, a. *scatheful, noxious* (skœðar tungur); skœðir vargar, *wild beasts*.

SKŒKJA, f. *harlot*, = púta.

SKŒKJU-SONR, m. *whore-son*.

SKŒRA, f., see 'skæra'.

SKŒTING, f. *scoff, taunt* (svara e-m skœtingu *or* af skœtingu).

SKÖFNUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *the shin, shin-bone* (skeinast á sköfnungunum).

SKÖFNUNGS-ØX, f. a kind of *axe*.

SKÖFU-LEIKR, m. a kind of *game*.

SKÖKULL (pl. SKÖKLAR), m. *car-pole*.

SKÖLL, f. *loud, scornful laughter, mockery* (gøra mikla s. at e-m).

SKÖLLÓTTR, a. *bald, bald-headed*.

SKÖMM (gen. SKAMMAR, pl. SKAMMIR), f. *shame*; lifa við s., *to live in shame*; er þat s. at sitja hjá, *it is a shame to sit idly by*; fœra s. at e-m, gøra e-m s., *to bring dishonour on one*; bíða skömm, *to suffer disgrace*; veiða at s., *to be put to shame*.

SKÖP, n. pl. (1) *what is fated, one's fate, doom* (eigi má við sköpunum sporna); ef at sköpum ferr, *if it goes according to the natural course of things*; (2) *curse* (þá er konunga-börn urðu fyrir stjúpmœðra sköpum); (3) with the article, sköpin, *the genitals*.

SKÖR (gen. SKARAR, pl. SKARAR), f. (1) *rim, edge*; allt út at skörinni, *to the rim of the ice*; fig., skríða til skarar, *to slide to the very edge, come to a crisis* (skal nú til skarar skríða með okkr Knúti bróður mínum); tjaldskör, *edge of a tent*; spretta skörum, *to lift the edges of the tent*; (2) *the joints* in a ship's planking (skipit hafði bilat at skörunum, þá er fram var sett); (3) *step* (þeir skyldu sitja í hásæti skör hærra en jarlar, en skör lægra en sjálfr hann); (4) *hair*; s. nam at dýja, *he tossed his locks*; s. var fyrir enni, *the hair was cut across the forehead*; rautt mun sjá í skörina, *there will be bloody locks*; (5) = skari (better 'skor').

SKÖRÐÓTTR, a. *notched, serrated*.

SKÖRUG-LYNDI, n. *noble character*; -LYNDR, a. *noble, frank-minded*; -SAMR, a. *stately* (-söm hýbýli).

SKÖRU-LEIKR, m. = skörungskapr; -LIGA, adv. *notably, bravely, manfully* (hefna e-s -liga); -LIGR, a. (1) *bold, manly, imposing in appearance* (manna -ligastr at sjá); (2) *magnificent, fine* (-lig veizla, rœða); með -ligum flutningi, *with manly pleading*.

SKÖRUNG-LYNDR, a. = sköruglyndr.

SKÖRUNGR, m. (1) *foreman, leader* (nema hann gerðist s. fyrir þessu máli); (2) *a prominent or outstanding person, a notable man or woman* (var Þorkell vitr maðr ok s. mikill).

SKÖRUNG-SKAPR, m. *nobleness, manliness* (með miklum ríkdóm ok -skap).

SLAFAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to slacken*.

SLAG, n. (1) *blow, stroke* (s. undir kinnnina); eigast slög við, *to come to blows*; (2) fig. *blow, defeat*; veita, gefa e-m s., *to defeat*; (3) *skirmish*, opp. to a pitched battle (jarl átti tvær fólk-orrustur, en mörg slög ok manndráp); (4) *nick of time* (í þessu slagi koma þeir af sér akkerinu).

SLAGA (AÐ), v. *to tack, cruise*.

SLAG-Á, f. *a ewe to be slaughtered*; -ÁLAR, f. pl. *saddle-straps*; -BRANDR, m. (1) *bolt, bar*; (2) *war-engine*.

SLAGNA (AÐ), v. *to flow over, be spilt* (féll ofan ketillinn ok slagnaði á sveininn ór

katlinum).

SLAG-NET, n. *a fowler's net*.

SLAGNINGR, m. a kind of *cloak*.

SLAGR (pl. -IR), m. (1) *blow, stroke*, = slag; (2) *tune, air*, played on a stringed instrument (konungr spurði, hvárt hann kynni eigi fleiri slagi).

SLAKNA (AÐ), v. *to slacken, get slack*.

SLANGI, m. *serpent*, = ormr.

SLAXA (AÐ), v. *to make a bubbling noise* (slaxaði í sárinu).

SLÁ (SLÆ; SLÓ, SLÓGUM; SLEGINN; pret. also SLERI), v. (1) *to smite, strike* (s. e-n högg, kinnhest); (2) s. hörpu, fiðlu, *to strike the harp, fiddle*; s. slag, *to strike up a tune*; s. leik, *to strike up, begin, a game*; s. vef, *to strike the web, to weave*; (3) *to hammer, forge* (s. gull, silfr, sverð); s. e-t e-u, *to mount with* (járnum sleginn); (4) *to cut grass, mow* (s. hey, töðu, tún, eng); (5) *to slay, kill* (síns bróður sló hann handbana); (6) fig., slá kaupi, *to strike a bargain*; s. máli í sátt, *to refer a matter to arbitration*; s. fylking, *to draw up a line of battle*; s. hring um, *to surround*; s. manngarð, mannhring, *to form a ring of men round*; s. eldi í e-t, *to set fire to*; s. landtjöldum, *to pitch a tent*, or also, *to strike a tent, take it down*; s. festum, *to unmoor a ship*; s. netjum, *to put out the nets*; s. hundum lausum, *to slip the hounds*; (7) with preps., s. e-t af, *to cut off*; s. e-n af, *to kill, slaughter*; s. á e-t, *to take to a thing*; s. á glens ok glúmur, *to take to play and sport*; s. á heit, *to take to making a vow*; s. e-u á sik, *to take upon one-self*; s. á sik sótt, *to feign illness*; s. á sik úlfúð, *to show anger or ill-will*; ekki skaltu slíku á þik s., *do not betake thyself to that*; impers., sló á hann hlátri, *he was taken with a fit of laughter*; sló ótta á marga, *many were seized with fear*; því slær á, at, *it so happens that*; ljóssi sleri (= sló) fyrir hann, *a light flashed upon him*; s. í deilu, *to begin quarrelling* (eitt kveld, er þeir drukku, slógu þeir í deilu mikla); impers., slær í e-t, *it arises*; slær þegar í bardaga, *it came to a fight*; s. niðr e-u, *to put an end to*; nú er niðr slegit allri vináttu, *now there is an end to all friendship*; s. sér niðr, *to lie down, take to one's bed*; s. e-n niðr, *to kill*; s. e-u saman, *to join* (þeir slá þá saman öllu liðinu í eina fylking); s. til e-s, *to aim a blow at one, strike at one*; s. undan höfuð-bendunum, *to slacken the stays*; s. e-u upp, *to spread a report*; s. upp herópi, *to raise the war-cry*; impers., loganum sló upp ór keröldunum, *the flame burst out of the vessels*; s. út e-u, *to pour out* (þá er full er mundlaugin, gengr hón ok slær út eitrinu); s. e-u við, *to take into use* (þá var slegit við öllum búnaði); s. við segli, *to spread the sail*; ek hefi þó náliga öllu við slegit, því er ek hefi í minni fest, *I have put forth almost all that I recollected*; s. beizli við hest, *to put a bridle on a horse*; e-u slær yfir, *it comes over, arises* (slær yfir þoku svá myrkri, at engi þeirra sá annan); (8) refl., slást aptr, *to draw back* (gæta þess, at eigi slœgist aptr liðit); s. á e-t, *to take to a thing* (s. á svikræði við e-n); s. á tal við e-n, *to enter into conversation with*; s. á bak e-m, *to go behind another*; s. fram, *to move (rush) forward*; slóst hón fram at eldinum, *she rushed to the fireside*; s. í för með e-m, *to join one in a journey*; s. í sveit með e-m, *to join one's party*; slógust í Suðreyjar víkingar, *vikings invaded the Hebrides*; s. til ferðar með e-m = s. í för með e-m.

SLÁ (SLÁÐA, SLÁÐR), v. *to bar* (hliðit var slát rammliga).

SLÁ (pl. SLÁR), f. *bar, bolt, cross-beam* (s. ein var um þvert skipit).

SLÁNI, m. *lanky fellow*.

SLÁPR, m. *a good-for-nothing*.

SLÁTR, n. *flesh-meat* (hafði þá Loki etit s. allt af beinum).

SLÁTRA (AÐ), v. *to slaughter*, with dat. (þar hafði slátrat verit uxa einum).

SLÁTRA-EFNI, n. *cattle (sheep) for slaughtering*; -STARF, n. *slaughtering*.

SLÁTR-DISKR, m. *a plate with meat*; -FÉ, n. *slaughter-cattle*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *provision (supply) of flesh-meat*; -GRIPR, m. *a head of cattle for slaughter*; -SAUÐR, m. *a sheep for slaughter*; -TROG, n. *a trough with meat*; -VIST, f. *flesh food*; -UXI, m. *slaughtered ox*.

SLÁTTA, f. (1) *mowing*; (2) *mowing season* (þat var um öndverðar sláttur); (3) *grass for mowing*; (4) *money stamped or struck, coin*; Haralds s., *the bad coin of King Harold*.

SLÁTTR (gen. -AR, dat. SLÆTTI), m. (1) *mowing*; (2) *playing* (a harp).

SLÁTTU-KAUP, n. *mower's wages*; -MAÐR, m. *mower*; -TÍMI, m. *mowing season* (um öndverðan -tíma).

SLEÐA-MAÐR, m. *sledge-traveller*.

SLEDDA, f. *large knife*.

SLEÐ-FŒRI, n. *sledging* (-fœri gott).

SLEÐI, m. *sledge*.

SLEÐ-MEIÐR, m. *sledge-runner*.

SLEFA, f. *slaver* (úlfrinn grenjar, ok s. renn ór munni hans).

SLEGGJA, f. *sledge-hammer*; verða milli steins ok sleggju, *to come between the hammer and the anvil*.

SLEGGJU-SKAPT, n. *handle of a sledge-hammer*.

SLEIKING, f. *licking* (hunda s.).

SLEIKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to lick* (kýrin gekk opt ofan í fjöruna ok sleikti steinana).

SLEIPR, a. *slippery* (þar var sleipt).

SLEITA, f. *shuffle, subterfuge*, esp. pl., drekka við sleitur, *to drink unfairly*.

SLEITI-LIGA, adv. *shuffingly*; *unfairly* (drekka -liga).

SLEITU-DÓMR, m. *sham-court*; -LAUST, adv., drekka -laust, *without heel-taps*; -LIGA, adv. = sleitiliga.

SLEKT, f. *kind, order* (riddara s.).

SLEN, n. *sloth, dullness*; -SAMR, a., -SKAPLIGR, a. *slothful, lazy*; -SKAPR, m. *slothfulness, laziness*.

SLENTR, n. *idle lounging*.

SLEPPA (SLEPP; SLAPP, SLUPPUM; SLOPPINN), v. (1) *to slip, glide* (sleggjan slapp ór hendi honum); sluppu honum fœtr, *his feet slipped*; (2) *to slip away, escape* (ef Þórólfr skal s.); (3) *to slip, fail*; ef yðr sleppr at festa hendr á Birni, *if you fail to get hold of Bjorn*.

SLEPPA (-TA, -T), v. *to make slip out of one's hands, let slip*; Þorgils hafði sleppt øxinni, *Th. had let go of the axe*.

SLEPPI-FENGR, a. *butter-fingered*.

SLEPPT, adv. *feebly*; með því at þeim hafði svá s. til tekizt, *as they had had such poor success*.

SLETTA (-tta, -tt), v. (1) *to slap*; hann sletti flötu sverðinu um herðar honum, *he slapped him with the flat of the sword*; (2) *to dash, splash* (A. þreif upp skyrkyllinn ok sletti framan í fang Grettis).

SLÉTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to make plain, level*; fig., s. yfir e-t, *to smooth over a thing, amend, remedy* (hafit ér vel yfir slétt vanhyggju mína).

SLÉTTA, f. *a plain, level field*.

SLÉTT-FJALLAÐR, a. *smooth-skinned*; -LENDI, n. *flat country*; -LENDR, a. *flat* of

land; -máll, a. *smooth-spoken*; -mælgi, f., -mæli, n. *smooth language*; -orðr, a. = -máll.

sléttr, a. *plain, flat, even, smooth*; s. völlr, *level field*; s. sjór, *smooth sea*; segja sínar farar eigi sléttar, *to tell of one's journey not having been smooth, to report a failure*; neut., slétt, as adv. *straight, quite* (gengu þeir slétt út af borðunum); *smoothly, well* (tala slétt); eigi mundi ferðin takast slétt, *the journey would not go smoothly*.

slétt-yrði, n. pl. = slétt-mæli.

slit, n. (1) *tearing* (rif ok s.); (2) *tear and wear*; kápa komin at sliti, *a worn-out cloak*; (3) *rupture, breach* (sifja-slit, friðslit).

slitna (að), v. (1) *to break, snap*, of a cord, rope, string (festr mun s.); (2) *to end, break up* (þú vilt, at okkarr kaupmáli slitni).

slitri, slitti, n. *rags, tatters*.

slíðr, a. *fierce, cruel, fearful* (hefndir slíðrar ok sárar).

slíðr, n. pl. = slíðrar.

slíðra (að), v. *to sheathe, put in the scabbard* (s. kníf, sverð).

slíðrar or slíðrir, f. pl. *sheath, scabbard* (stinga sverð í s.; draga, bregða sverði ór slíðrum).

slíðr-beitr, a. *sharp as a a razor*; -fengligr, a. *dire, fearful* (senna -lig).

slíkr, a. (1) *such*; s. maðr, *such a man*; s. sem (*or* er), *such as*; s. svá, *such like, similar* (slíkir svá menn); annarr s., *another of the same kind*; (2) *this, that* (þér skulut slíku ráða); (3) neut., slíkt, as adv. *in such wise*, so; slíkt er þér líkar, *as it pleases thee*; slíkan, *similarly, in a like manner* (hygg ek, at slíkan mun hafa farit um annat).

slím, n. *slime* (þegar eptir þat heit dró af slímit auganu).

slípari, m. *whetter, sharpener*.

slíta (slít; sleit, slitum; slitinn), v. (1) *to snap, break*, a string, cord, rope (Æsirnir sýndu honum silkibandit ok báðu hann s.); s. í sundr, *to break asunder* (s. í sundr svá mjótt band); (2) *to tear, pull*; Loki sleit upp mistiltein, *L. pulled up the mistletoe*; slíta ná, hræ, *to tear a corpse*; s. e-n af sér, *to throw one off* (S. vildi s. hann af sér); sleit hann undan veðr, *the gale drove him out of his course*; (3) fig. *to break, break off*, with acc.; s. þing, *to break off, dissolve a meeting*; with dat. (s. þingi, flokki, veizlunni); áðr þinginu sé slitit, *before the meeting be dissolved*; (4) *to rend, tear* (brynja hans var slitin til únýts); klæði sundr slitin, *torn asunder*; (5) *to wear-out*; hann mun eigi mörgum skyrtunum s., *he will not wear out many shirts, not live long*; slitnir skór, *worn-out shoes*; (6) s. ór e-u, *to decide, settle* (hann kvað lögmann ór þessu s. skyldu); (7) impers. *to be torn away* (sleit af honum mann á báti); with dat., slítr þar tali þeirra, *there the talk ended*; sleit Fróða frið fjánda á milli, *Frodi's peace was broken between the foes*; borgir ok kastalar ok þorp, svá at hvergi slítr, *in an unbroken line*; þar til er ór slítr með þeim, *till it comes to an end*; (8) refl., slítast, *to tear oneself loose* (s. ór höndum e-m).

sljófa (að), v. *to make blunt*; refl., sljófast, *to grow blunt or dull* (sýn, minni sljófast).

sljófgast (að), v. refl. = sljófast.

sljó-leikr, m. *dullness*; -liga, adv. *slowly, dully* (reiða sljóliga sverðin); -ligr, a. *slow, dull, feeble*.

sljór (sljó, sljótt), a. (1) *blunt* (sljó

sverð); (2) *faint-hearted*.

SLOÐRA (AÐ), v. *to drag or trail oneself along* (sloðruðu þeir þá vestr af heiðinni).

SLOKINN, a. *extinguished* (þegar at ljós váru slokin).

SLOKNA (AÐ), v. *to expire, go out* (eldr, ljós, log sloknar).

SLOKNAÐR, pp. *extinguished*, = slokinn (þá er s. var eldrinn).

SLOPPR (-S, -AR), m. *loose gown*; esp. of a priest's white gown (skrýddr sloppum ok kantarakápum).

SLOTA (AÐ), v. *to hang down* (lið hans lét s. hendr niðr með síðu ok höfðust ekki at); s. við, *to be idle, slink away*.

SLÓÐ, f. *track, trail* (sáu menn s. liggja frá skipunum, því at dögg hafði fallit); cf. 'döggslóð'.

SLÓÐA-HRÍS, n. *brushwood for* slóðar.

SLÓÐI, m. *a truss of branches trailed along*; draga slóða, *to drag a slot or trail*; fig., meira slóða mun draga, *it will be attended with more serious consequences*.

SLÓTTIGR, a. *sly, cunning, wily*.

SLUNGINN, pp., see 'slyngva'.

SLYÐRA, f. *fibre*.

SLYNGR, a. *dextrous, clever* (hann var s. við allar íþróttir).

SLYNGVA (SLYNG; SLÖNG, SLUNGUM; SLUNGINN), v. with dat. *to sling, throw, fling* (því næst slyngr Surtr eldi yfir jörðina); sungu ok slungu snúðga steini, *they sang and swung the swift millstone*; var þessu kaupi slungit, *this bargain was struck*; í vandkvæði er slungit, *we are in difficulties*; döggu slunginn, *bedewed*; slunginn vafrloga, *encircled by a flickering flame*; horna-tog ver slungit af silfri, *twisted of silver*.

SLYPPR, a. *unarmed, weaponless* (nú kalla ek, at Hrafn sé sigraðr, er hann er slyppr).

SLYS, n. (1) *mishap, mischance, accident* (s. mun þat þykkja, er hann hjó hönd af konu sinni); (2) *wrong-doing, mischief* (erfitt mun þér verða at bœta öll s. Hallgerðar).

SLYSA-LAUST, adv. *without mischance or accident*; -VÆNT, a. n. *unlucky* (e-m þykkir -vænt).

SLYS-FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *ill-fated journey* (fara -förum); -GJARNT, a. n. e-m verðr -gjarnt, *one has bad luck*.

SLYSINN, a. *mischievous*.

SLYS-LIGA, adv. *unfortunately*; vildi mér svá -liga til, at ek braut spjót mitt, *I had the ill-luck to break my spear*; takast s., *to come off badly*.

SLYTTINN, a. *flabby, sluggish, lazy*.

SLYTTU-MANNLIGA, adv. *sluggishly*.

SLÆFA (AÐ), v. = sljófa; refl., slæfaðist skap jarlsins, *his wrath abated*.

SLÆ-LIGA, adv. *without energy*, = sljóliga (róa, sœkja at -liga).

SLÆR (SLÆ, SLÆTT), a. = sljór.

SLŒÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to trail*; fax svá sítt, at slœddi jörð, *that it trailed on the ground*; (2) *to spread manure*, by means of 'slóða-hrís'.

SLŒÐUR, f. pl. *a gown that trails along the ground* (s. af silki, pelli).

SLŒGÐ, f. *slyness, cunning*.

SLŒGÐAR-BRAGÐ, n. *cunning trick*; -MAÐR, m. *sly fellow*.

SLŒGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to cheat, entice, ensnare* (s. hug e-s ok hjarta); (2) impers., e-n slœgir til e-s, *one has a mind to, desires*; eigi slœgir mik hér til langvista í Norvegi, *I am not tempted to linger here in Norway*; (3) refl., slœgjast til e-s, *to seek for a thing*, of gain; hér er til lítils at s., *but little profit to be had*; Þórðr unni hen-

ni lítit, hafði hann mjök slœgzt til fjár, *Th. loved her but little, and had married her for her money's sake*.

SLŒGJA, f. *gain*, = slœgr.

SLŒG-LEIKR, m. = slœgð; -LIGA, adv. *cunningly*; -LIGR, a. *sly, cunning* (slœgligt ráð); -PUNGR, m. *a purse to hold one's gain*.

SLŒGR, m. *gain, profit*; vil ek sjá hann ok virða fyrir mér, hverr s. mér þykkir í vera, *and consider what I think he is worth*; þykki mér þó meiri s. til hans, *I think there is more good in him*.

SLŒGR (acc. -JAN), a. *sly, cunning, crafty* (s. í skaplyndi).

SLŒG-VITR, a. *crafty*, = slœgr.

SLŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to make a side blow at one* (hann slœmir til hans øxinni); with acc., s. undan e-m fœtrna, *to cut off one's feet*.

SLŒMR, m. *the third and last division of a poem* (drápa).

SLØKKVA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to extinguish, put out* (heimamenn sløktu eldinn); (2) *to slake, quench* (s. hungr, þorsta).

SLØNGVA (-ÐA), v. *to throw with a sling, fling, hurl*; with dat. (sløngvir hann þá stokkinum út af þekjunni).

SLØNGVA, f. *sling* (tók D. sér sløngu í hönd); cf. 'val-sløngva'.

SMALA-FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *tending sheep* in the pastures; -GANGR, m. *sheep-walk*; -HESTR, m. *shepherd's horse*; -MAÐR, m. *shepherd*; -NYT, f. *sheep's milk*; -SVEINN, m. = -maðr; -ÞÚFA, f. *shepherd's mound*; sitja á smalaþúfu, *to tend sheep*.

SMALI, m. (1) *small cattle*, esp. *sheep*; (2) *cattle*.

SMARAGÐR, m. *emerald*.

SMÁ (SMÁÐA, SMÁÐR), v. *to scorn, slight, revile* (s. e-n í orðum).

SMÁ-BARN, n. *little child, baby*; -BÁTR, m. *little boat*; -BORINN, pp. *of low birth*; -BÓNDI, BÚANDI, m. *small farmer*; -DJÖFLAR, m. pl. *petty devils, imps*; -DÝR, n. pl., -DÝRI, n. *small animals*; -EY, f. *little island*; -FERJA, f. *small ferry*; -FISKI, f. *catching small fish* (róa at -fiski); -FISKAR, m. pl. *small fishes*; -FUGLAR, m. pl. *small birds*; -GEISLAR, m. pl. *faint beams*; -GREINIR, f. pl. *small matters*; -GRJÓT, n. *small stones, pebbles*; -HLUTIR, m. pl. *trifles*; -HRINGAR, m. pl. *small circles, rings*; -HUNDAR, m. pl. *small dogs, curs*; -HÚS, n. pl. *small houses*; -KJÖRR, n. pl. *scrub, brushwood*; -KONUNGAR, m. pl. *kinglets*; -KOPPAR, m. pl. *small cups, slight hollows*; -KORNÓTTR, a. *small-grained*; -KVISTIR, m. pl. *small twigs*; -KVÆMR, a. *narrow-minded*; -LÁTR, a. *content with little*; -LEIKR, m. *trifling game*; -LEITR, a. *small-featured*; -LIGR, a. *trifling*; -LÆRISVEINAR, m. pl. *little disciples*; -LÆTI, *stinginess*, opp. to 'stórlæti'; -LŒKIR, m. pl. *small brooks*; -LÖND, n. pl. *small lands, islands*; -MANNLIGR, a. *mannikin-like*; -MENN, m. pl. *insignificant persons*; -MENNI, n. *insignificant person*; -MUNIR, m. pl. *trifles*; -MÆLTR, pp. *lisping*.

SMÁN, f. *shame, disgrace* (þessi s. ok svívirðing, er þú gørir mér).

SMÁNAR-FERÐ, f. *disgraceful journey*; -LAUSS, a. *not disgraceful*.

SMÁ-NEYTI, n. *small cattle, calves*; -PILTR, m. *lad*.

SMÁR (SMÁ, SMÁTT), a. (1) *small, little* (mörg skip ok smá); (2) neut., hann seldi smátt varninginn, *he sold by retail*; höggva smátt, *to strike small blows*; hann kvaðst eigi mundu smátt á sjá, *he said he would deal liberally in the matter*; smátt ok

smátt, *bit by bit, by degrees*; (3) smám, *bit by bit, slowly* (fara smám).

SMÁ-RAKKI, m. *little dog*; -RÁÐR, a. *aiming at small things*; -REGN, n. *drizzle*; -RÍKI, n. *petty kingdom*; -RÓAR, m. pl. *small relief*; -SAKAR, f. pl. *petty suits*; -SANDAR, m. pl. *plains of fine sand*; -SKIP, n. *small ship*; -SKITLEGR, a. *insignificant* (lítill ok smá-skitlegr); -SKÓGAR, m. pl. *copsewood*; -SKÚTA, f. *small craft*; -SMUGALL, a. *creeping through the smallest hole*; fig. *minute, subtle*; -SMUGLIGA, adv. *minutely*; -SMUGLIGR, a. *minute*; -SMYGLI, f. *minuteness, subtlety*; -SPENGR, f. pl. *small spangles*; -STEINN, m. *pebble*; -SVEINAR, m. pl. *small boys*; -SVEINLIGR, a. *boyish*; -SVIK, n. pl. *petty tricks*; -SYNDIR, f. pl. *petty sins*.

SMÁTTA, f. *narrow lane*.

SMÁ-TÖNN, f. *small tooth*; -VARNINGR, m. *small wares*; -VÁFA, f. *tiny ghost*; -VIÐI, n. *shrubbery*; -VÆGR, a. *insignificant*; -ÞARMAR, m. pl. *small guts*; -ÞING, n. *small object*; -ÞÆGR, a. *content with little*.

SMEITTR, pp. *enamelled* (s. söðull).

SMELLR, m. *smacking sound, crack*.

SMELT, n. *enamelling*.

SMELTR, a. *enamelled* (s. skjöldr).

SMEYGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to slip*, with dat.; smeygði hann lykkjunni af hálsi sér, *he slipped the loop off is neck*; hann smeygði á sik brókunum, *he pulled the trousers on*; refl., smeygjast, *to free oneself* (smeygðist Egill af stafnum); s. undan af sannindunum, *to slip away from the truth*.

SMEYKLIGR, a. *insinuating, cringing*.

SMIÐ-BELGR, m. *smith's bellows*.

SMIÐJA, f. *smithy*.

SMIÐJU-BELGR, m. = smiðbelgr; -BÚÐ, f. *a booth used as a smity*; -DYRR, f. pl. *door of a smithy*; -HÚS, n. *smithy*; -SVEINN, m. *smithy boy*; -VERK, n. *smithy-work*.

SMIÐR (-S; pl. -AR and -IR), m. *smith, wright, worker in metal or wood*.

SMIÐ-REIM, f. *the rim running along the back of a scythe-blade* to give it strength (ljár máðr upp í smiðreim); -VÉLAR, f. pl. *smith's artifices*.

SMÍÐ (pl. -IR), f. (1) *making, building* (var þat hús allmjök vandat at allri s.); vera at smíð, *to be at the work* (H. var nú byrgðr í einu húsi, ok var hann þar at smíðinni); vera í s., *to be building* (hann sá mann uppi á kirkju þeiri, er í s. var); (2) *work of skill or art, structure* (Bifröst er gör með list ok kunnáttu meiri en aðrar smíðir).

SMÍÐA (AÐ), v. *to work in wood or metals, to make, build, erect* (s. skála, kirkju); refl., smíðast, *to proceed, take shape*, in a smith's hands (tók hann ok smíðaði, ok smíðaðist ekki sem hann vildi).

SMÍÐAR-EFNI, n. *materials for some work*; -KAUP, n. *wages for work*; -KOL, n. pl. *smith's coals*; -LÝTI, n. *flaw in the workmanship* (sjá -lýti á e-u); -TÓL, n. pl. *smith's tools*; -ØX, f. *carpenter's adze*.

SMÍÐI, n. = smíð (kirkja vönduð bæði at viðum ok s.; vandat s.).

SMÍÐIS-KAUP, n. = smíðarkaup.

SMJÚGA (SMÝG; SMAUG or SMÓ, SMUGUM; SMOGINN), v. (1) *to creep through an opening*; smugu þeir milli spalanna, *they crept between the bars*; smýgr hann þá niðr undir hjá henni, *he creeps under the bed-clothes*; *to put on a garment* with only a round hole to put the head through (gullbrynju smó); (2) *to pierce* (kom lásör í brúnina ok smó þegar í gegnum).

SMJÖR (dat. SMJÖRVI), n. *butter* (brauð ok s.).

SMJÖR-GŒÐI, n. *good produce of butter*; -GØRÐ, f. *butter-making*; -KAUP, n. *purchase of butter*; -LAUPR, m. *butter-chest*; -LAUSS, a. *short of butter*; -SPANN, n. *a measure of butter*; -TROG, n. *butter-trough*; -TUNNA, f. *butter-cask*.

SMJÖRUGR, a. *greasy*.

SMOKKR, m. *smock* (s. var á bringu).

SMUGA, f. *narrow cleft to creep through, small hole* (hvergi fannst s. á).

SMUGALL, a. *penetrating*.

SMURNING, f. *anointing*; hin síðasta s., *extreme unction*.

SMURNINGAR-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *the dress in which one receives extreme unction*.

SMYL, n. *the evil one*, = gröm (rare).

SMYRILL (pl. SMYRLAR), m. *merlin*.

SMYRJA (SMYR, SMURÐA, SMURÐR), v. *to anoint* (s. konung til veldis); *to rub with ointment* (hann smurði hörund hennar með góðum smyrslum).

SMYRSL, n. pl. *ointment, unguent*.

SMÆKKA (AÐ), v. = smætta.

SMÆLINGI (pl. -JAR), SMÆLINGR, m. *small man, poor man*.

SMÆTTA (AÐ) v. *to grow small*.

SNAG-HYRNDR, a. '*snag-cornered,*' *with sharp points* (-hyrnd øx).

SNAKA (AÐ), v. *to rummage, snuff about* (I. snakaði um hús hennar).

SNAPA (-TA), v. to sniff, *snuffle*.

SNAP-VISS, a. *snuffling, parasitical*.

SNARA (AÐ), v. (1) *to turn quickly, twist, wring*; K. snarar skjöldinn svá fast, at spjótit brotnaði, *K. twists the shield so smartly that the spear broke*; hann snarar af honum höfuðit, *he wrings off his head*; (2) *to translate* (s. bók upp í norrœnu); (3) s. atgönguna, *to push or press the attack*; (4) *to throw, fling*, with dat. (Þ. snaraði hallinum ok broddinum); (5) *to make a quick turn, step quickly* (hón snarar þegarinn hjá honum); (6) refl., snarast, *to turn oneself (pass) quickly* (hann snarast fram hjá þeim); S. snarast þá út ór stofunni, *then S. hastens out* of the *room*; s. við e-m, *to turn quickly towards one* (M. snaraðist við honum ok mælti); s. í karlföt, *to dress in man's clothes*.

SNARA, f. (1) *snare*; leggja snörur fyrir e-n, *to lay or spread snares for one*; (2) *halter* (gálginn var reistr ok snaran þar við fest).

SNAR-BRÝNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to whet keenly*; -EYGÐR, -EYGR, a. *keen-eyed*.

SNARFLA (AÐ), v. = snörgla.

SNAR-LEIKR, m. *quickness, smartness*; -LIGA, adv. *quickly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *keen, quick* (-lig augu); (2) *smart, sprightly* (lítill maðr ok -ligr); -LYNDR, a. *quick of mind* (brúðr, snarlynd).

SNARP-EGGIAÐR, -EGGR, a. *keen-edged*; -LEIKR, m. (1) *roughness*; -leikr næfra, *the roughness of the bark*; (2) *severity* (-leikr frosts); (3) *smartness, dash* (-leikr í orrostum); -LIGA, adv. *sharply, with a dash* (ganga fram vel ok -liga); -LIGR, a. *sharp, dashing* (með fylktu liði ok -ligu); -MANNLIGR, a. = -ligr.

SNARPR, a. (1) *rough to the touch* (snarpt hárklæði); (2) *keen, sharp, of a weapon* (snörp øx, snarpt sverð); (3) *vehement, hard* (snörp atganga, orrosta); inn snarpasti kuldi, *the bitterest cold*; (4) *smart, dashing, of persons* (manna snarpastr í orrostum); (5) *barren, rugged*, = skarpr (land illt ok snarpt).

SNARR, a. (1) *swift* (snarir vindar); (2) *gallant, bold, smart*; (3) *keen* (snör augu): (4) *sharp, penetrating* (s. til skynsemdar);

(5) neut., snart, as adv. *soon, quickly* (rann hann at sem snarast).

SNAR-RÁÐR, a. *quick and resolute*; -RÆÐI, n. *presence of mind, smart feat*; -SKYGN, -SÝNN, a. *keen-eyed*.

SNAR-SPJÓT, n. *javelin*, = snœrisspjót.

SNAR-VÖLR, m. a *stick by which a cord is tightened*.

SNAUÐLIGR, a. *bare, poor*.

SNAUÐR, a. *stripped, poor, bereft*; s. atfé, *penniless*; snauðarkonur, *beggar-women*; snauðir menn, poor *men, beggars*; snauð orð, *plain words*.

SNÁKR (-S, -AR), m. *snake* (poet.).

SNÁLDR, m. *snout* (of a serpent).

SNÁP-LIGA, adv. *clownishly, like a dolt*; -LIGR, a. *clownish, foolish*.

SNÁPR (-S, -AR), m. *dolt, fool* (þú mant virðr sem hinn heimskasti s.).

SNÁP-SKAPR, m. *folly*.

SNEFUGR, a. *fleet, swift* (snúask at sandi snefgir kjólar).

SNEIÐ (pl. -IR), f. (1) *slice* (sneiðir margar); (2) *taunt, slight*; hverr á þessa s., *who is meant by this slight?* stinga e-m s., *to cut with sarcasm*.

SNEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to cut into slices*, = sníða; (2) *to taunt, make game of*, with dat. (slíkt er illa mælt at s. honum afgömlum); (3) *to walk zigzag* (sá maðr, er bratta brekku sneiðir); (4) s. hjá e-u, *to pass by* (Katla mælti, at þormóðr skyldi þar ekki hjá garði s.); eigi man ek hjá þeim kosti s., *decline the offer*.

SNEIÐI-GATA, f. *zigzag path*.

SNEIS, f. *wooden pin*.

SNEISAR-HALD, n. *the part of a sausage in which the pin is stuck*.

SNEKKJA, f. a *swift-sailing ship* (A. átti langskip, þat var s. tvítugsessa).

SNELLAST (D), v. *to lift up one's voice* (á havern snelldist þú?).

SNELLT, adv. *hastily, harshly* (segja, svara s.).

SNEMMA, older form SNIMMA, adv. (1) *quickly, soon* (hann var s. mikill ok sterkr); (2) *early* (ganga s. at sofa); s. um morgininn, *early in the morning*; with gen., s. dags, morgins, *early in the day, morning*; s. orrostunnar, *in the beginning of the battle*.

SNEMM-BÚINN, pp. *early, ready*; -BÆRR, a. *early lambing or calving*; -ENDIS, adv. soon, early, = snemma; -GRŒR, a. *early growing*.

SNEMT, a. n. *early* (konungi þótti heldr s. at vekja herinn).

SNEPILL, m. *snip, flap*; eyra-snepill, *the lobe of the ear*.

SNERILIGR, a. = snarligr (s. karl).

SNERKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to contract, wrinkle* (s. kinnr).

SNERPA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) to whet (s. øxar sínar); (2) impers., en er s. tók leiðit, as the wind grew *brisker*; (3) refl., snerpast við, *to bestir oneself*.

SNERRA, f. *smart shock, onslaught*.

SNERTA (SNERT; SNART, SNURTUM; SNORTINN), v. (1) *to touch* (snart oddr sverðsins kvið Hrómundar); s. við e-t, *to touch* (s. við klæði e-s); (2) fig. *to touch, concern* (sókn ok vörn mála þeirra, er okkr snerta).

SNERTA (-RTA), v. *to quaff off quickly* (snerti Hrungnir ór hverri skál).

SNERTA, f. (1) *short distance* (B. var í skóginum ok snertu eina frá þeim); (2) = snerra.

SNERTI-BRÁÐR, a. *impatient*; -RÁÐR, m. *a smart, short pull*.

SNEYÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to bereave one of* (s. e-n e-u).

SNEYPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to disgrace, dishonour* (svívirðiliga sneypandi).

SNEYPA, f. *disgrace, ignominy*; fara sneypu, *to suffer ignominy*.

SNEYPI-LIGA, adv. *disgracefully, shamefully* (fara -liga fyrir e-m).

SNEYPU-FÖR, f. *disgraceful journey*.

SNIDDARI, m. *tailor*.

SNIÐ-GLÍMA, f. *a certain mode of wrestling*; -HVASS, a. *keen cutting*.

SNIÐILL, a. *pruning-knife*.

SNIFINN, pp. *snowed-on* (s. snjófi).

SNIGILL (pl. SNIGLAR), m. *snail*.

SNILD, f. *masterly skill*; *eloquence*.

SNILDAR-BRAGÐ, n. *prowess*; -MAÐR, m. *great orator*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *eloquent language*; -VERK, n. *great or heroic deed* (mörg ok ágæt -verk).

SNILLI, f. (1) = snild; (2) *prowess*.

SNILLI-BRAGÐ, n. = snildarbragð.

SNILLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *heroic man*.

SNÍÐA (SNIÐ; SNEIÐ, SNIÐUM; SNIÐINN), v. (1) *to cut*; s. e-t af e-u, *to cut off* (sneið þrælinn höfuðit af jarli); s. e-t í sundr, *to cut asunder*; s. til, *to make a cut, to set about a thing*; (2) *to cut cloth*, of *tailoring*.

SNÍKINN, a. *covetous*.

SNÍKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to hanker after* (s. til e-s, eptir e-u).

SNJALL-MÆLTR, a. *eloquent, finespoken* (-mæltr ok skjótrdðr).

SNJALLR, a. (1) *well-spoken, eloquent* (hverr var þessi inn snjalli maðr); S. talaði langt erendi ok snjalli, *S. made a long and eloquent speech*; (2) *good, excellent* (hit bezta ráð ok snjallasta); (3) *valiant, doughty* (s. ok vel hugaðr); s. ertu í sessi, *thou art bold enough in thy seat*.

SNJALL-RADDAÐR, a. *ready-tongued*; -RÁÐR, a. *wise in counsel*; -RÆÐI, n *wise counsel good plan*; -TALAÐR, a. = snjallmæltr.

SNJÁ-DRIF, -FOK, n. *snow-drift*.

SNJÁFA (AÐ), v. *to snow*, = snjófa.

SNJÁR (gen. SNJÁFAR or SNJÁVAR), m. *snow*, = snjór, snær.

SNJÓ-BYRGI, n. *snow-shed*; -DRIF, n. *snow-drift, snow raised by the wind*; -DRIFINN, pp. *drifted with snow*.

SNJÓFA (AÐ), v. *to snow* (snjófaði á fjöll).

SNJÓ-FALL, n. *fall of snow*; -FOK, n. = -drif; -FÖL, n. *thin cover of snow*; -FÖNN, f. *snow-wreath*; -HRIÐ, f. *snow storm*; -HVÍTR, a. *snow-white*; -LAUSS, a. *free from snow*; -LIGR, a. *snowy*; -MINNA, a. compar. *with less snow*; -NÁM, n. *melting of the snow, thaw*.

SNJÓR (gen. SNJÓFAR or SNJÓVAR), m. *snow*, = snjár, snær.

SNJÓ-SAMR, a. *snowy* (-samr vetr); -SKRIÐA, f. *snow-slip, avalanche*.

SNJÓUGR, a. *snowy* (var hann s. allr).

SNJÓ-VETR, m. *snowy winter* (-vetr inn mikli).

SNOÐINN, a. *bald* (E. gørðist enn s.).

SNOÐRA (AÐ), v. = snuðra.

SNOPPA, f. *snout, muzzle* (of a horse).

SNOTR (acc. SNOTRAN), a. *wise*.

SNOTRA (AÐ), v. *to make wise*.

SNOTR-LIGA, adv. *wisely* (mæla -liga).

SNÓPA (-TA), v. *to be idle, snuffle*.

SNÓT (pl. -IR), f. *gentlewoman*.

SNUBBA (AÐ), v. *to snub, chide*.

SNUBBA, SNUBBAN, f. *snub, chiding*.

SNUÐRA (AÐ), v. *to sniff, snuffle*.

SNUGGA (pres. SNUGGIR), v. ? *to look* (horfa ok s. heljar til); snæliga snuggir, kváðu Finnar, *it looks like snow, quoth the Finns*.

SNÚA (SNÝ; SNØRA or SNERA; SNÚINN), v. (1) *to turn*, with dat.; snýr jarl þangat

herinum, *the earl turns his host thither*; s. úfriði á hendr e-m, *to begin hostilities against one*; s. aptr ferð sinni, *to turn back*; (2) *to turn, go*; sneru þeir þá yfir ána, *then they went across the river*; þeir snerú í móti þeim ok börðust við þá, *they turned against them and fought with them*; s. aptr, *to turn back*; s. brott, *to go away* (maðrinn sneri þá brott); (3) *to change, alter* (hann sneri síðan nafni sínu); s. skapi sínu, *to change one's mind*; (4) *to turn, twist, twine* (snúa vönd í hárit); (5) *to translate* (snúa Látinu-bréfinu í norrœnu); (6) impers., snýr e-u, *it is turned* (snøri þá mannfalli í lið Kirjala); *it changes* (brátt sneri fjáærhaginum fyrir Teiti, er G. var í brottu); (7) with preps., s. at e-m, *to turn on one*; snúm vér nú at þeim, *let us turn upon them*; s. at brúðhlaupi, *to prepare for*; halt svá hendi yfir honum, at øngri hefnd sé til hans snúit, *protect him so that no vengeance may befall him*; s. e-u til leiðar, *to bring about*; skiptir mik miklu, hversu þú vilt til s., *what turn thou wilt take*; s. e-u um, *to turn upside down, upset* (um snýr þú öllum, sætunum); *to change completely* (hón kvaðst hafa ætlat at s. þar um lands-lagi öllu); s. undan, *draw back, retreat, flee* (en er Baglar sá þat, þá sneru þeir undan); (8) refl., snúast, *to turn oneself* (hafði Gunnarr snúizt í hauginum); s. at e-m, í móti e-m, við e-m, *to turn upon one, face about, to meet an attack*; svá snerist, at þeir kómust í engan lífs-háska, *it turned out so, that they got into no danger of life*; s. til leiðar, *to turn to the right way*; s. til e-s um e-t, *to turn to one for a thing* (er þat líkast, at hann snúist til várrar ættar um vinfengit); s. undan, *to draw back* (síðan vildi A. undan s.).

SNÚAN-LIGR, a. *that can be turned*.

SNÚÐGA (AÐ), v. *to win, gain*; refl., snúðgast, *to gain for oneself*.

SNÚÐIGR, a. *swift* (sungu ok slungu snúðga steini); neut., snúðigt, as adv. *swiftly*; fara, ganga snúðigt, *to march, walk at a swinging pace*.

SNÚÐ-LIGA, adv. *swiftly* = snúðigt.

SNÚÐR, m. (1) *twist, twirl* (þeir knýttu saman ok gørðu snúða á endunum); (2) *profit, gain* (hvern snúð sjá þeir sinn í því?).

SNÚÐÚ-LIGA, adv. = snúðliga, snúðigt.

SNÚNA (AÐ), v. *to turn out, come to, be*; hve mun Sigurði s. æfi, *how will life turn out for Sigurd?*

SNÚNING, f. (1) *conversion* (s. Páls postola); (2) *turning*.

SNYÐJA (SNYÐ, SNUDDA), v. *to rush* (hann fór snyðjandi at leita Þórólfs).

SNYKR, m. *stench, stink* (með fúlasta snyk; snykr ok úþefjan).

SNYRTI-LIGA, adv. *neatly, smartly* (búast -liga); -LIGR, a. *smart, elegant*; -MAÐR, m. *gentleman*.

SNÝTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to blow the nose* (s. sér); s. rauðu, *to get a bloody nose*; (2) fig. *to destroy*; snýtt hefir þú sifjungum, *thou hast destroyed thine own children*.

SNÝTA, f. *worthless fellow*.

SNÆ-BLANDINN, pp. *blended with snow* (rannsaka -blandna mold).

SNÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to eat, take a meal* (þeir snæddu ok drukku).

SNÆÐING, f. *meal, taking a meal* (taka s.); sitja í snæðingu, *to sit at a meal*; veita e-m s., *to give one a dinner*.

SNÆÐINGR, m. = snæðing (kalla e-n til snæðings).

SNÆ-FALL, n. *fall of snow*, = snjófall.

SNÆFR (acc. -RAN), a. (1) *tight, narrow*

(snæfrir kyrtlar); (2) *tough, vigorous* (snæfrir vinir).

SNÆ-FUGL, m. *snow-bunting*; -FÖLVA, f. = snjóföl; -HÚS, n. *snow-house*; -HVÍTR, a. *snow-white*; -KVÁMA, f. *fall of snow*; -KÖKKR, m. *snow-ball*; -LAUSS, a. = snjólauss.

SNÆFUGR, a. = snefugr.

SNÆLDA, f. *spindle*.

SNÆ-LIGA, adv. *snowily* (see 'snugga'); -LÍTILL, a. *with little snow* (lítill vetr); -MIKILL, a. *snowy* (-mikill vetr); var snæmikit, *there was much snow*; -NÁM, n. *thaw*.

SNÆR (gen. SNÆFAR or SNÆVAR), m. *snow*, = snjár, snjór.

SNÆ-SAMR, a. *snowy*; -SKAFA, f. *drifting snow*; -SKRIÐA, f. *snow-slip*.

SNÆUGR, a. *snowy, covered with snow*.

SNŒRI, n. *a twisted rope, cord, string, cable, fishing-line*; -LIGR, a. *brisk*.

SNŒRI(S)-SPJÓT, n. *javelin with a thong* (Skúta skaut -spjóti).

SNÖFUR-LEIKR, m. *alertness*; -LIGA, adv. *deftly*; -LIGR, a. *deft, alert, brisk* (hár á vöxt ok -ligr); -MANNLIGR, a. = -ligr (skjótligr ok -mannligr).

SNØGG-LIGA, adv. *suddenly*.

SNØGGR (acc. SNØGGVAN), a. (1) *short* (göra stutt skegg ok snøggvan kamp); þeir bitu allt gras at snøggu, *they bit it close*; (2) *short-haired*; (3) *sudden, brief* (orrosta hörð ok snøgg); neut., snøggt, as adv. *soon, quickly* (þá dró snøggt undan).

SNØKTA (-KTA, -KT), v. *to sob, whine*.

SNØKTAN, f. *sobbing*.

SNØKTR, m. *sobbing*.

SNØR, f. *daughter-in-law*.

SNÖRGL, n. *rattling in the throat*.

SNÖRGLA (AÐ), v. *to rattle in the throat* (hon lá ok snörglaði).

SNÖS (gen. SNASAR), f. *projecting rock*.

SNÖTTUNGR, m. *robber*.

SOÐ, n. *broth* (drekka soðit).

SOÐ-ÁLL, m. *flesh-hook*; -FANTR, m. *cook*; -FULLR, a. *full of broth* (soð); -GREIFI, m. *cook*; -HÚS, n. *kitchen*; -KETILL, m. *cooking-kettle*.

SOÐNA (AÐ), v. *to become boiled*.

SOÐNING, f. *boiling, cooking*.

SOÐ-REYKR, m. *steam from cooking*.

SOFA (SEF; SVAF, SVÁFUM; SÓLINN), v. *to sleep*; *s.* af um nóttina, *to sleep the night through*; s. fast, *to sleep hard, soundly*; s. lífi, *to sleep one's life away*; fig. *to be dormant*.

SOFARI, m. *sleeper* (sjau sofarar).

SOFINN, pp. *asleep* (drukku menn svá ákaft, at hverr lá s. í sínu rúmi).

SOFNA (AÐ), v. *to fall asleep*; s. fast, *to fall fast asleep* (hann sofnaði fast ok lét illa í svefni); vera sofnaðr, *to be asleep* (eptir um nóttina er menn vóru sofnaðir).

SO-GÖRR, -GORR, -GURR, a. *so done*; at -guru, *as things stand, as matters are*; á -gurt ofan, *to boot*.

SOKKA-BAND, n. *garter*.

SOKKR (-S, -AR), m. *stocking*.

SOLLR, m. *swill* (teygja tíkr at solli).

SOLTINN, pp. (1) *dead* (s. var S. sunnan Rínar); (2) *hungry, starving*.

SONAR-BANI, m. *slayer of one's son*; -BŒTR, f. pl., -GJÖLD, n. pl. *weregild for a son*; -KVÁN, f. *son's wife, daughter-in-law*; -SKAÐI, m. loss of *one's son*; -SONR, m. *son's son, grandson* (synir þeira ok sonarsynir).

SONAR-BLÓT, n., etc., see 'sónar-blót' (*sonar-* is probably the correct form = OE. *sunor*, herd of swine).

SON-LAUSS, a. *sonless*, = sonarlauss.

SONR (gen. SONAR, dat. SYNI and SØNI; pl. SYNIR, SØNIR; acc. SONU and SYNI), m. *son*.

SOPI, m. *small draught, mouthful* (B. lætr hann drekka tvá sopa stóra).

SOPP-LEIKR, m. *game at ball*.

SOPPR, m. *ball* (slá sopp).

SORG (pl. -IR), f. *sorrow* (s. etr hjarta); lægja sorgir, *to allay sorrows*.

SORGA-FULLR, a. *full of sorrow, sorrowful*; -LAUSS, a. *free from care*.

SORGAR-BÚNAÐR, m. *mourning dress*; -BÚNINGR, m. *mourning dress*; -HLJÓMR, m. *dismal sound*; -SAINLIGR, a. *sorrowful*.

SORG-FULLR, a. *sorrowful*; -LIGR, a. *sad, distressing*; -MÓÐR, a. *distressed, sad*; -MŒÐI, f. *distress*; -SAMLIGR, a., -SAMR, a. *sad, sorrowful*.

SORP, n. *sweepings* (bera sorp á eld).

SORP-HAUGR, m. *mound of sweepings*.

SORTA, f. *a black dye*.

SORTI, m. *black cloud*; sé s. mikill fyrir augu þeim, *a great darkness came before their eyes*.

SORTNA (AÐ), v. *to grow black* (sortnaði hon sem kol).

SÓA (AÐ, pp. also SÓINN), v. (1) *to destroy, sacriflce*, with dat.; (2) sóa út, *to squander*; sem fé þetta var út sóat, *when this money was spent*.

SÓKN (pl., -IR), f. (1) *attack, fight* (harðr í sóknum); (2) *prosecution*; urðu þá allir á þat sáttir, at þá væri framarr vörn en s., *that the defence was better than the prosecution*; sœkja með lands-laga sókn, *to raise a lawful action*; (3) *concourse, resort of people* (nú er s. mikil í Skálholt um allt Ísland.), *company*; (4) *parish*; (5) *drag, grapnel*.

SÓKNAR-AÐILI, m. *prosecutor*, opp. to 'varnaraðili'; -FÓLK, n. *parish-folk*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *the proofs for a prosecution*; -KIRKJA, f. *parish-church*; -KVIÐR, m. *verdict*; PRESTR, m. *parish-priest*; -ÞING, n. *a parliament with courts and pleading* (aðrir menn vóru at dómum, því at -þing var).

SÓKN-DJARFR, -HARÐR, a. *martial, valiant* (frœkn ok sóknharðr).

SÓL (gen. SÓLAR, dat. SÓL and SÓLU), f. (1) *sun* (hann fal sik á hendi þeim guði, er sólina hafði skapat); á morgin fyrir s., *before sunrise*; einn morgin við s., *about sunrise*; þá var dagr all-ljóss, ok s. farin, *the sun had risen*; sól var lítt farin, lítt á lopt komin, *not high above the horizon*; s. rennr upp, *the sun rises*; þegar er sólina LÆGÐI, *when the sun got low*; s. gengr í ægi, til viðar, undir, s. sezt, *the sun sets*; ganga at sólu, *to go prosperously, succeed to one's wishes* (honum gengu náliga allir hlutir at sólu); (2) *day*; fyrir ina þriðju s., *before the third sun, within three days*; áðr sjau sólir eru af himni, *before seven days have passed*.

SÓLAR-ÁR, n. *solar year*; -ÁSS, m. *the sun-god, Apollo*; -BRUNI, m. *the burning heat of the sun*; -FALL, n. *sunset*; -GANGR, m. the *sun's course*, between sunrise and sunset (en er váraði ok -gangr var sem mestr); -GEISLI, m. *sunbeam*; -GLAÐAN, f. *sunset*; -GOÐ, n. = -áss; -HELGR, f. *feast of the sun-god*; -HITI, m. *heat of the sun*; -HOF, n. *temple of the sun-god*; -HRINGR, m. *the orbit, ecliptic*; -LJÓS, n. *sun-light*; -ROÐ, n. *sun-reddening, sunrise*; um morgininn í -roð, *at peep of dawn*; -SETR, n. *sunset*; -SINNIS, adv. *sunwise, from east to west*; -STEINN, m. *sunstone, lodestone*; SUÐR, n. *the solar meridian*; -TÁR, n. *'sun's tear', amber*; -UPPRÁS, f. sunrise; -ÖLD, f. *solar cycle* (twenty-eight years).

SÓL-BJARTR, a. *sun-bright*; -BORÐ, n. = -byrði; -BRÁÐ, f. or n. *sun-thawing*; -BRUNNINN, pp. *sun-burnt*; -BYRÐI, n. *'sun-board', gunwale*.

SÓLGINN, pp. *voracious, hungry*.

SÓL-HEIÐR, a. *sun-bright, sun-lit*; -HVARF, n. *solstice* (nú líðr fram at -hvörfum); -HVÍTR, a. *sun-white*.

SÓLI, m. *sole* (of a shoe).

SÓL-LAUSS, a. *sunless*; -MARK, -MERKI, n. *zodiacal sign*; -SETR, n. pl. *sunrise and sunset*; með -setrum, milli -setra, *from sunrise till sunset*; -SKIN, n. *sunshine*; -STAÐA, f. *solstice*, usually in pl. (nú líðr fram at -stöðum).

SÓMA (-DA), v. *to beseem, become, befit* (sómir þér konungum at þjóna); at hón sœmdi þér, *that she were a fit match for thee*; láta sér e-t s., *to be pleased with*.

SÓMA-FÖR, f. *honourable journey*; -GÓÐR, a. *creditable*; -HLUTR, m. *honourable share*; -LAUSS, a. discreditable; -MAÐR, a. *honourable (worthy) man*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *beseemingly, befittingly*; -LIGR, a. *decent, proper, honourable*; -SEMD, f. *honour*; -SPELL, n. *lack of honour*.

SÓMI, m. *honour* (vil ek eigi drepa hendi við sóma minum).

SÓNAR-BLÓT, n. *a special sacrifice* (of a boar); -DREYRI, m. *sacrificial blood*; -GÖLTR, m. *sacrificial boar*.

SÓNN, m. *sound* (með sœtum són).

SÓPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to sweep*, with dat. (griðkonan sópar saman léreptunum); láta greipr s. um e-t, s. höndum um e-t, *to make a clean sweep, carry off all*; (2) *to sweep* a house, floor, with acc. (A. lét s. húsin ok tjalda); (3) refl., sópast e-u, s. at um e-t, s. um, *to scrape together, gather*, = sópa e-u at sér (s. mönnum, s. at um menn).

SÓT, n. *soot* (sóti svartari).

SÓTIGR, a. *sooty*; hann kom eigi undir sótkan rapt, *he never came under a sooty rafter*.

SÓT-RAUÐR, a. *'soot-red', dark-red*.

SÓTT (pl. -IR), f. *sickness, illness, disease*; taka (*or* fá) s., *to fall ill, be taken ill*; kasta á sik s., *to feign illness*; kenna (*or* k. sér) sóttar, *to feel the symptoms of illness*; pl. *pains of labour* (at sú mær hafði miklar sóttir).

SÓTTALL, a. *causing illness, contagious*.

SÓTTAR-FAR, -FERÐI, n. *condition of one's illness*; *sickness*; -SÖK, f. *cause of illness*.

SÓTT-BITINN, pp. *struck down by illness*; -DAUÐR, a. *having died from sickness* (hann lifði skemmst ok varð -dauðr); -HÆTTR, a. *exposed to sickness*; -LAUSS, a. *not ill, without fever*; -LIGR, a. *sickly*; -LÍTILL, a. *not very ill*; -NÆMR, a. *apt to be taken ill*; -TEKINN, pp. *taken ill*.

SPAÐ, n. *soup made from flesh or fish* (brytja hænginn til spaðs).

SPAÐI, m. *spade*, see 'járn-spaði'.

SPAK-LÁTR, a. *gentle, quiet*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *peacefully, quietly* (þeir fóru at öllu sem -ligast); (2) *wisely, like a wise man* (talast við -liga); -LIGR, a. *wise, sage*; -MÁLUGR, a. *wise in one's speech*; -MÆLI, n. *wise (prophetic) saying* (i skáldskap ok -mæli).

SPAKR, a. (1) *quiet, gentle* (s. ok siðugr); spök hross, *quiet horses* (not running astray); (2) *wise*, with the notion of prophetic vision (hann var s. at viti; spá er spaks geta).

SPAK-RÁÐUGR, a. *giving wise advice*; -RŒÐA, f. = spaklig rœða.

SPANGA-BRYNJA, f. *plate-mail*.

spann, n. (1) *pail*; (2) *a measure*, esp. of butter (s. smjörs).

spannar-breiðr, a. *span-broad*.

spara (-ða, -ðr, also -aða, -at), v. (1) *to spare* (hann sparir eigi peninga Þórólfs); s. e-m e-t, *to leave it to another* (spörum þetta verk öðrum); s. e-n til e-s, *to spare one from* (þeir spörðu hana eigi til erfiðis ok skaprauna); skal ek eigi mitt til s., *I, for my part, shall not be sparing in the matter*; s. e-t við e-n, *to withhold from one* (eigi spari ek mat við þik); s. e-t við sik, *to shrink from*; hverr sá er, at eigi sparir þat úhapp við sik, *who does not shrink from that crime*; (2) refl., sparast til e-s, *to shrink from, forbear* (hefi ek lengi til þessa sparazk); *to spare oneself, spare one's strength*; þat orð flyzt af, at þú sparist við, *that thou sparest thyself, dost not use all thy strength*.

sparða, f. *an Irish battle-axe*.

spark, n. *kicking, trampling*.

sparka (að), v. *to kick*; also fig. (at ölmusur sparki í andlit mér).

sparkr, a. *lively, brisk* (sparkar áttu vér konur).

sparlak, n. *curtain* (tvau sparlök).

spar-liga, adv. *sparingly*; -ligr, a. *sparing* (borð hélt hann sparligt); -mæli, n. *leniency*; reka -mæli við e-n, *to spare, deal leniently with*.

sparnaðar-maðr, m. *a person deserving to be spared* (Þ. kvað hann eigi -mann).

spar-neytinn, a. *sparing in the use of food, frugal*; -neytni, f. *frugality*.

sparr, a. *sparing*.

sparr, n. a kind of *spear*.

sparr-haukr, m. *sparrow-hawk*.

spá (spá, spát, spáð), v. *to prophesy, foretell* (s. em e-t *or* e-s).

spá (pl. spár), f. *prophecy* (sjaldan hafa spár mínar átt langan aldr).

spá-dís, f. *spae-sister, prophetess*; -dómliga, adv. *prophetically*; -dómligr, a. *prophetical*; -dómr, m. *prophecy*; -gandr, m. *divination-rod*; -kerling, -kona, f. *prophetess*; -leikr, m. *divination*.

spáleiks-andi, m. *prophetic spirit*.

spá-maðr, m. *soothsayer, prophet*; -mæli, n. *prophetic words, prophecy*.

spán-bakki, m. *butts* = skotbakki; -brjóta, v. *to break into splinters* (í Grindavík spánbraut buzuna).

spánn or spónn (gen. spánar, pl. spænir or spœnir, acc. spánu or spónu), m. (1) *chip, shaving* (alla spánu báru þeir at skálanum, slógu síðan eld í allt saman); brjóta skip í spán, *to have one's ship broken to pieces* (þeir brutu skipit í spán); brotna í spán, *to be dashed to pieces* (skipit brotnaði í spán); (2) *target* (setja spán í bakka); (3) *ornament on a warship* (only in pl.; cf. 'enni-spænir'); (4) *divining chip*, used at sacrifices (féll honum þá svá s. sem hann mundi eigi lengi lifa); (5) *table-spoon*.

spánn, m. *Spain*, = Spánland.

spán-nýr, a. *span-new, bran-new* (mér er þessi atburðr -nýr); *quite fresh, not exhausted* (látum nú sem vér sém -nýir); -ósa, a. indecl. *span-new* (skipin vóru -ósa ok nýbrædd).

spán-verjar, m. pl. *Spaniards*; -verskr, a. *Spanish*.

spán-þák, n. *shingle-roof*; -þáktr, pp. *shingle-thatched*.

spár, a. *prophetic* (í hjarta spás manns); cf. 'forspár', 'veðrspár'.

spá-saga, -sögn, f. *prophecy* (góðar þykkja mér -sögur þínar).

spázera (að), v. *to walk*.

SPEGILL, m. *mirror*, = skuggsjá.

SPEJA (AÐ), v. *to spy*, = njósna.

SPEJARI, m. *spy*, = njósnari.

SPEKI, f. *wisdom* (sú s., er hann sagði fyrir úorðna hluti); -ANDI, m. *spirit of wisdom*; -MAÐR, m. = spekingr; -MÁL, n. *words of wisdom*.

SPEKINGR (-S, -AR), m. *a wise man, sage* (hann var hinn mesti s. at viti); *counsellor* (nú ræðst Haraldr konungr um við spekinga sína).

SPEKI-RÁÐ, n. *a wise counsel*.

SPEKJA (SPAKTA, SPAKTR), v. *to calm, soothe* (s. menn sína); refl., spekjast, *to be calmed*.

SPEKJUR, f. pl. *talk, parley* (aðrar váru okkrar s.).

SPEKT, f. (1) *quietness, peace* (gæta e-s með s.); (2) *wisdom* (þeim var eigi gefin hin andliga spekin).

SPEKTAR-ANDI, m. *spirit of wisdom*; -BRUNNR, m. *source of wisdom*; -MAÐR, m. = spekingr; -MÁL, n. *wise words*; -MUNR, m. *superiority in wisdom*; komast á -mun við e-n, *to outwit one*.

SPELD, n. *a square tablet*.

SPELKJA (-TA), v. *to fix up with splints* (troða belginn ok s.).

SPELKUR, f. pl. *splints*.

SPELL, *n.flaw, damage*, = spjall.

SPELLA (AÐ), v. *to spoil, destroy*, = spilla (öll veröldin var spelluð).

SPELL-REIÐ, f. *overriding a horse*; -VIRKI, n. *mischief-working, damage*; -VIRKI (pl. -VIRKJAR), m. *mischief-worker, highwayman*.

SPELLVIRKJA-BŒLI, n. *robber's den*.

SPELL-VIRKNI, f. *doing damage*.

SPENA-BARN, n. *sucking child*.

SPEN-BÓLGA, f. *swelling of the teat*; -DREKKR, m. *sucking child*.

SPENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to spangle*.

SPENI, m. *teal, dug*, esp. of animals (kýr hefir fjóra fœtr ok fjóra spena).

SPENJA (SPANDA, SPANIÐR), v. *to allure, attract* (þeir spöndu lið undan konungi); hann spandi út hingat með sér Sæmund, *he persuaded S. to come out with him to Iceland*.

SPENNA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to span, clasp* (s. sverð báðum höndum); hon spennti hringinn á hönd honum, *she clasped the ring round his wrist*; s. e-u um sik, s. sik e-u, *to gird oneself with, buckle on* (hann spennti sik megingjörðum); s. af sér beltinu, *to unclasp the belt*; (2) *to clasp the hands round one's neck*, = s. höndum um háls e-m (þykki þér betra at s. karlsdóttur); (3) *to clasp, catch, capture* (prestr nökkurr gekk á land; Birkibeinar spenntu hann); harðliga spenntr, *in hard straits*; (4) *to spend* (eptir ár liðit skal ek segja þér, hvat þú spennir); (5) s. boga, *to draw a bow*.

SPENNA, f. *inconvenience*.

SPENNI-TÖNG, f. *pincers, forceps*.

SPERNA (-TA, -T; old pret. SPARN), v. *to spurn, kick with the feet* (hann spernir til risans með fœti).

SPERRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to stretch out* (s. frá sér fœtr); refl., sperrast við, *to struggle against* (gengu þeir á brott með hana, en hón sperrðist við).

SPERRI-LEGGR, m. *'spar-leg', shaft*.

SPIK, n. *blubber* (of seals and whales).

SPILLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to spoil, destroy*, with dat. (brutu niðr hof ok spilltu blótum); aldri skal hón s. okkru vinfengi, *never shall she spoil our friendship*; s. fyrir e-m, *to spoil one's condition, do one harm*, esp. by slander; (2) *to destroy, kill* (s. ætla ek báðum); (3) refl., spillast, *to be*

spoiled, damaged; s. við, *to grow worse*; mun mikit hafa um spillzt, *it must have got much worse*.

SPILLANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *spoiler* (spillendr um vináttu vára).

SPILLI-DÝR, n. *noxious animal*.

SPILLING, f. *corruption*.

SPILLIR, m. *spoiler*; s. bauga, *breaker of rings, liberal prince*.

SPINNA (SPINN; SPANN, SPUNNUM; SPUNNINN), v. *to spin* (Katla sat á palli ok spann garn).

SPÍK (pl. SPÍKR), f. *spill, splinter*.

SPÍRA, f. (1) *spar*; (2) *tube*.

SPÍTALI or SPÍTALL, m. (1) *hospice* (for travellers or pilgrims); (2) *hospital*.

SPJALD, n. *tablet, square*, = speld (lög rituð á spjald); hlaða spjöldum, *to weave chequered linen*.

SPJALL, n. *saying, tale*, esp. pl.; forn spjöll fira, *old tales of men*; úrughlýra jó frá ek spjalla, *with wet cheeks I asked the steed for news*; móðug spjöll, *lamentations*.

SPJALL, n. (1) *damage* (taka s. af e-u); (2) *flaw* (spjöll á máli).

SPJALLA (AÐ), *to spoil* (spjölluð mál).

SPJALLI, m. *friend* (Hrungnis s.).

SPJÓT, n. *spear, lance*, both for throwing and thrusting (skjóta, leggja spjóti).

SPJÓTAÐR, pp. *furnished with spears*.

SPJÓTA-LÖG, n. pl. *spear-thrusts*.

SPJÓT-KRÓKR, m. *a hook on a spear*; -LAG, n. *spear-thrust*; -LAUSS, a. *without a spear*; -LEGGR, m. *spear-shaft*.

SPJÓTS-BROT, n. *a broken spear*; -FALR, m. *the socket of a spear-head*; -HALI, m. *the end of a spear-shaft*.

SPJÓT-SKAPT, -SKEPTI, n. *shaft of a spear* (þriggja spjótskapta hár).

SPJÓTS-ODDR, m. *a spear's point or head* (stanga e-m -oddinum).

SPJÓT-SPRIKA, f. *spear-head* (?).

SPJÓTS-SKOT, n. *a shot made with a spear* (eigi tók konung -skotit).

SPJÖRR (pl. SPJARRAR), f. *swathing-band, leg-band*.

SPOR, n. *track, footprint* (þeir rekja s. sem hundar); ganga (stíga) í s. e-m, *to walk in one's footsteps, follow one's example* (víst hefir þú vel fram gengit, en þó hefir þú eigi gengit mér í s.); ekki spor, *not a step*.

SPORA (AÐ), *v. to tread on*.

SPORÐ-DREKI, m. *the Scorpion*.

SPORÐR (-S, -AR), m. *tail* of a fish, serpent, &c. (s. sem á fiski); standa e-m á sporði, *to be a match for, be one's superior* (vitr maðr ertu, Eyólfr, svá at fáir munu standa á sporði þér); s. skjaldar, *the lower pointed end of a shield* (þreif B. sporð skjaldarins hinni hendinni ok rak í höfuð Þórði).

SPOR-GANGA, f. *backing, assistance* (veita e-m fylgd ok -göngu).

SPORGÖNGU-MAÐR, m. *follower*.

SPOR-HUNDR, m. *slot-hound, blood-hound* (váru leystir -hundar).

SPORI, m. *spur*; keyra (ljósta, slá) hest sporum, *to put spurs to a horse*.

SPORNA (AÐ), v. *to spurn, tread on* (s. völl, moldveg); s. við e-u, *to withstand, resist* (eigi má við sköpunum s.); without the dat., hann vildi taka af mér hringinn, en ek spornaði við, *struggled against that*.

SPOR-RAKKI, m. = -hundr; -RÆKT, a. n., hafði fallit lítil snæfölva svá at -rækt var, *so that it was possible to trace the foot-prints*.

SPOTT, n. *mockery, scoff* (þú ferr með s. ok háð); gøra (draga) s. at e-u, hafa e-t at spotti, *to scoff at, turn into ridicule*.

SPOTTA (AÐ), v. *to mock, make sport of* (eigi þarf at s. þetta svá mjök); s. at e-u, *to jeer about a thing*; s. e-t af e-m, *to cheat one of a thing*.

SPOTTAN, f. *mocking, jeering*.

SPOTTI, m. *bit, small piece*.

SPOTTR, m. *mockery* = spott (verð úti ok drag øngan spott at oss). SPOTT-SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *mocking, given to jibes* (-samr ok údœll).

SPÓI, m. *curlew* (bird).

SPÓNN, m. = spánn.

SPRAÐK, n. *sprawling*.

SPRAÐKA (AÐ), *to sprawl*.

SPRAKA (AÐ), v. *to crackle*.

SPRAKI, m. *rumour, flying report*.

SPRAKKI, m. poet. *woman*.

SPRENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to make burst* (H. kvezt eigi mundu s. sik á grauti); s. hest, *to break the wind of a horse*.

SPRENGR, m. *bursting*; honum hélt við spreng, *he was near bursting from exhaustion*; vinna til sprengs, *to work oneself to death*.

SPRETTA (SPRETT; SPRATT, SPRUTTUM; SPROTTINN), v. (1) *to spring up, issue forth* (þar sprettr einn mikill brunnr); spratt honum sveiti í enni, *sweat burst out on his forehead*; also s. upp (spratt þar vatn upp); (2) *to start, spring*; s. af baki, *to spring off horseback*; s. á fœtr, s. upp, *to start to one's feet, jump up*; spratt upp lássinn, *up sprang the lock*; spratt henni fótr ok féll hón, *she slipped and fell*; spratt þat upp af heimamönnum, at, *it was rumoured that*; (3) *to sprout, grow*, of hair, grass, crops (piltar tveir léku á gólfi; þeim var sprottit hár ór kolli).

SPRETTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to make spring up, unfasten, loosen*; s. gjörðum, *to ungird*; s. frá loku, *to unlock*; (2) *to rip open or up* (s. saum); ek lét s. berkinum, *I had the bark peeled off*; Þjálfi spretti á knífi sinum, *Th. split the bone with his knife*.

SPRINGA (SPRING; SPRAKK, SPRUNGUM; SPRUNGINN), v. (1) *to spring, bound*; (2) *to spirt out, issue forth* (sprakk blóð bæði af nösum hennar ok munni); (3) *to burst, split, break* (hornit sprakk í sundr í miðju); sprotinn kom í andlitit ok sprakk fyrir, *the switch came on his face, and the skin was broken*; (4) *to die* from over-exertion, grief, &c.; s. af harmi, *to break one's heart*; ef þú hefðir eigi mat, nema á hræum spryngir, *if thou couldst get no food save by overgorging upon corpses*.

SPROTA-BARN, n. *a chastised child*.

SPROTI, m. (1) *sprout, rod, stick, switch*; (2) *the end-piece or clasp of a belt* (fetlar sprotum settir).

SPRUND, n. poet. *woman*.

SPRÆKR, a. *sprightly, lively, active* (sveinninn var s.).

SPRÆNA (-DA, -T), v. *to spirt out*.

SPRÖKLA (AÐ), v. *to sprawl, kick with the feet* (Skotar létu smábörn s. á spjótaoddum).

SPUNI, m. *spinning* (cf. 'gull-spuni').

SPURALL, a. *asking many questions, inquiring, inquisitive* (hverr er sá maðr, er svá er s.).

SPUR-DAGI, m. (1) *question, inquiry*; (2) *report, news* (þann einn spurdaga höfum vér til þín, at).

SPURN, f. (1) *question*; (2) *news, report, tidings* (mun þegar s. koma til Höskulds); hafa s. af e-u *or* til e-s, *to have news of*.

SPURNING (pl. -AR), f. *question*.

SPÚSA (AÐ), v. *to espouse, marry*.

SPÚSA, f. *spouse, wife*.

SPYRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to tie up (fish) by the tail*.

SPYRJA (SPYR, SPURÐA, SPURÐR), v. (1) *to track, trace steps or footprints* (hundar þeir, er vóru vanir at s. þá upp, er undan hljópust); (2) *to investigate, find out* (þeir fengu hann eigi upp spurðan); (3) *to ask*; G. spurði, hvat hann vildi þá láta at gera, *G. asked what he wished them to do*; with gen., s. e-n tíðenda, *to ask tidings of one*; s. e-n ráðs, *to ask advice of, consult one*; H. spurði margs ór brennunni, *H. asked much about the burning*; with preps., s. e-n af e-u, at e-u, at um e-t, um e-t, *to ask one about a thing*; s. at e-m, *to inquire after one*; s. e-n at nafni, *to ask one his name*; s. eptir, *to ask, inquire* (spurði hón eptir, hvat íslenzkra manna væri á skipi); spurði Höskuldr dóttur sína ekki eprit, *H. did not ask his daughter's consent*; (4) *to hear, be informed of* (s. sönn tíðendi); Snorri spyrr nú, hvar komit málunum, *now S. hears how the causes stood*; s. til e-s, *to get inelligence as to, hear of* (síðan hefi ek aldri til hans spurt); (5) refl., spyrjast, *to be heard of or reported, to get abroad*; til Þórveigar spurðist þat, at hon lá hætt, *it was told of Th. that she was very ill*; impers., mér spyrst á þann veg, *I am told*; hefir til þessa skips aldregi spurzt, *nothing has since been heard of this ship*; s. fyrir um e-t, *to inquire about* (þeir spurðust þá fyrir um ferðir Ólafs konungs); recipr. *to ask one another* (spyrjast tíðenda).

SPYRNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to spurn*; s. fœti á e-n *or* á e-m, s. fœti til e-s, *to push one with the foot, to kick* (Þórr spyrndi fœti sínum á hann); s. fœti (fótum) í e-t, *to put or press one's foot (feet) against*; s. við, *to struggle against with the feet* (it fyrsta sinn, er úlfrinn spyrndi við, brotnaði sá fjöturr); s. e-u af sér, *to kick off* (gat hann spyrnt af sér fjötrinum); frá spyrndr allri eign, *spurned from, bereft of*; recipr., spyrnast í iljar, *to touch one another with the soles* (of two stretched on their backs).

SPYTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to cheat* (e-n af e-u) one out of a thing.

SPÝJA (SPÝ, SPJÓ, SPÚINN), v. *to spew, vomit*, with dat. (hón spjó löngum blóði).

SPÝJA, f. *vomitiing, vomit* (gaus ór honum s. mikil).

SPÝTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to spit* (þrælar hans spýttu í andlit honum).

SPÆNSKR, a. *Spanish*.

SPÖLR (gen. SPALAR, pl. SPELIR, acc. SPÖLU), m. (1) *rail, bar*; smugu þeir milli spalanna, *they crept between the bars*; (2) *bit, short piece* (hefja upp sögu ok segja af spöl nökkurn).

SPÖNG (gen. SPANGAR, pl. SPENGR), f. *spangle* (varú lagðar yfir spengr af gulli); *floe, flake of ice* (Markarfljót féll í millum höfuðísa, ok váru spengr á hér ok hvar).

SPÖNN (gen. SPANNAR, pl. SPANNIR), f. *span* (spannar breiðr, langr); knífrinn var spannar fram frá hepti, *the knife was a span long from the haft*.

SPÖRR (gen. SPÖRS or SPARRAR), m. *sparrow* (s. flaug í akr karls).

STABBI, m. *block*, = stobbi, stubbi.

STAÐA, f. *standing* (leiddist bœndum staðan); *place, position*.

STAÐA-FÉ, n. *church-property*; -MÁL, n. *contest* (between the clergy and laity) *about church property*; -MENN, m. pl. *the lay proprietors of the church estates*.

STAÐAR-FÓLK, n. *townsfolk*; -FORRÁÐ, n. *administration of a church establishment*; -PRESTR, m. *parish-priest*; -SET-

NING, f. *establishment of a convent*.

STADDR, pp. from 'steðja'; (1) *placed, present*; ef hann var þar s., þar sem blót vóru, *if he happened to be present*; vera við (*or* hjá) s., *to be present*; vera úti s., *to be outside the house*; (2) *placed in a certain position, situated, circumstanced* (vel, illa s.); lítt s., *doing poorly*; hví er ykkr svá statt til Sigfússona, *why do ye talk thus of the sons of S*.

STAÐ-FASTLIGA, adv. *steadfastly*; -FASTLIGR, a. *steadfast, firm*; -FASTR, a. (1) *residing, abiding* (var hann -fastr á Haðalandi); (2) *steadfast* (þú ert -fastari en flestir menn aðrir); (3) *faithful, staunch* (-fastr vinum sínum); (4) *firm, settled* (-fastr dómr); -fast í skapi e-s, *fixed in one's mind*; -FESTA (see FESTA), v. (1) *to give a fixed abode*; -festa sik, *to take up one's abode*; (2) *to make firm, steadfast* (staðfestu þeir þetta mál með sér); -festa ráð sitt, *to establish oneself*; -festa at gera e-t, *to make up one's mind to do a thing*; (3) refl., -festast, *to take up one's abode, establish oneself* (þá er ek kem at öðru sinni, mun ek hér -festast); *to be determined* (-festist þessi ráðagerð); *to grow firm, strong* (sem ríki hans -festist meirr); -FESTA, f. (1) *fixed abode, residence* (hafa, taka -festu); (2) *steadfastness, stability, firmness*; (3) *confirmation*; -FESTI, f. *steadfastness, firmness*; -FESTING, f. *confirmation*; -FESTR, pp. *steadfast*.

STAÐFESTU-BRÉF, n. *deed of confirmation*; -LAUSS, a. *without a fixed abode or livelihood*.

STAÐ-GÓÐR, a. *well tempered* (-gott sverð); -HÖGG, n. *a good hit or blow* (koma -höggi á e-n).

STAÐINN, pp. from 'standa'; vita til staðins, *to know for certain*.

STAÐ-LAUSA, f. *absurdity, folly*; mæla -lausu stafi, *to talk much folly*; -LAUSS, a. *timid, unsteady*; -LEYSI, n. *restlessness of mind, unsteadiness*; -LIGR, a. (1) *local* (-lig nálægð); (2) *steadfast, firm*; -LYNDR, a. *stubborn*.

STAÐNA (AÐ), v. *to stop, pause, abate* (staðnaði þá kurr búandanna).\

STAÐ-NEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to determine* (-nefna um e-t).

STAÐR (-AR, IR), m. (1) *'stead', place, spot*; fimmtán í hvárum stað, *fifteen in each place*; í einum stað í Englandi, *somewhere in England*; skipta í tvá, fjóra staði, *to divide into two, four parts*; fara af stað, *to go away, leave*; hafa sik af stað, *to absent oneself*; bíða e-s ór stað, *to wait on the spot, wait till one is attacked* (Baglar biðu eigi högganna ór stað, ok flýðu þeir upp fyrir norðan bœinn); ráða e-u til staðar, *to settle*; gefa e-u stað, *to stop*; þeir gefa eigi stað ferðinni, *they stopped not on their journey*; gefa staðar, *to stop, halt*; þá er sá íss gaf staðar ok rann eigi, *when that ice stopped and flowed no more*; nema stað *or* staðar, *to stop* (hér munum vér stað nema); leita staðar, *to seek a place to ease oneself*; (2) adverbially, í stað, þegar í stað, *on the spot, at once*; rétt í stað, *just now*; í marga staði, *in many respects*; í alla staði, *in every respect*; í engan stað, *no-ways*; í annan stað, *on the other hand, secondly*; í staðinn, *instead*; alls staðar, *everywhere*; annars staðar, *elsewhere*; nökkurs staðar, *anywhere*; (3) *end, result*; vil ek vita, hvern stað eiga skal málit, *I wish to know how the matter is to stand*; koma í einn stað niðr, *to turn out the same way*; (4) *stop, pause, hesitation* (þeim varð s. á um andsvörin); (5) *springness, elas-*

ticity, of steel, &c.; ok dregr ór allan ataðinn ór boganum, *the bow lost all its spring*; (6) *strength of mind, courage*; mun hann ekki eiga stað við sjónum hans, *he will not be able to stand his looks*; gøra stað í hestinn, *to make the horse firm* (7) *mark, print, traces* (þeir sá þar engan stað þeira tíðinda, er þar höfðu orðit); (8) *church establishment, church, convent* (staðrinn í Skálaholti, á Hólum); (9) *town* (marga staði vann hann í þessu landi í vald Girkjakonungi).

STAÐR, a. *restive*, of a horse; verða s. at, *to stop, start*, from surprise.

STAÐ-RAMR, a. *steadfast*; -RÁÐA (see RÁÐA), v. *to determine, make up one's mind*; -REMI, f. *steadfastness*; -ÞROTINN, pp. *quite exhausted*.

STAFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to put letters together*; (2) *to assign, allot* (sýnist oss þessum manni harðr dauði stafaðr); s. e-m eið, *to dictate an oath to another*; s. fyrir e-m, *to ordain* (skyldu þeir s. fyrir þeim slíkt, er þeir vildi); s. fyrir fé sínu, *to dispose of one's goods*.

STAFAÐR, pp. *striped* (stafat segl).

STAFA-NÖFN, n. pl. *names of letters*; -SETNING, f. *arrangement of letters*; -SKIPTI, n. *transposition of letters*; -SNÚNING, f. *metathesis*.

STAF-KARL, m. *poor beggar*.

STAFKARLA-BÚNINGR, m. *beggardress*; -LETR, n. a kind of *runic letter*.

STAFKARLS-GERVI, n. *beggar's garb*; -STÍGR, m. *beggary, vagrancy*; troða -stíg, *to be reduced to beggary*; taka upp -stíg, *to take to begging*.

STAF-KERLING, f. *beggar-woman*; -KERTI, n. *taper, candle*; -LAUSS, a. *without a stick* (ganga -lauss *or* -laust); -LIGR, a. *pertaining to letters*; -LURKR, m. *cudgel*; -LÆGJA, f. *one of the long beams along the walls* joining the pillars (stafir).

STAFN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *the stem of a ship*, esp. *the prow*; stafna á meðal, með stöfnum, *from stem to stern*; hafa e-t fyrir stafni, *to be engaged in a work*; berjast um stafna, *to fight stem to stem*; deila um s. við e-n, *to have a hard struggle with one*; (2) *gable-end* (of a building).

STAFN-BÚI, m. *forecastle-man* (on a warship); -GLUGGR, m. *gable-window*; -HAF, -HALD, n. *standing, course* (on the sea); -HÁR, a. *stem-high*; -HVÍLA, f. *bed in the gable*; -KASTA (AÐ), v. impers., -kastaði skipinu, *the ship capsized*; -LÉ, -LJÁR, m. *grappling hook*; -LOK, n. *half-deck in the forecastle*; -REKKJA, f. = -hvíla; -SVEIT, f. *forecastle-men*, = stafnbúa sveit; -SÆNG, f. = -hvíla; -TJALD, n. *tent in the bow or stem*.

STAFR (-S, -IR), m. (1) *staff, post* in a building, = uppstöðutré; (2) *stave* of a cask; (3) *staff, stick* (ganga við staf); (4) *written letter, stave*; (5) pl. stafir, *lore, wisdom* (fornir stafir).

STAF-RÓR, n. *the alphabet*.

STAFS-HÖGG, n. *blow with a stick* (ljósta e-n -högg).

STAF-SLØNGVA, f. *a sling on a stick* (opp. to 'handsløngva'); -SPROTI, m. *stick* (tak -sprotann í hönd þér).

STAG, n. *stay*, esp. the rope from the mast to the stem (en er þeir drógu seglit, gekk í sundr stagit).

STAGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to bind, sew up*.

STAGL, n. *rack* (þenja *or* festa í stagli).

STAGSTJÓRN-MARR, m. poet. *ship*.

STAKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to push or shove* (þeir stökuðu Gretti); (2) *to stagger, stumble* (stakar hann at eldinum).

STAKA, f. *ditty, stanza*.

STAKA, f. *skin, hide*.

STAKA-STORMR, m. *strong gale*.

STAKK-GARÐR, m. *stack-yard* (for hay).

STAKKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *cape, short cloak* (hann var í blám stakki); (2) *stack of hay*; stakks völlr, *a field producing one stack*.

STAKRA (AÐ), v. = staka.

STALLA-HRINGR, m. *altar-ring*.

STALLARI, m. *a king's marshal*.

STALLBRŒÐRA-LAG, n. *fellowship*.

STALL-HEILAGR, a. *altar-holy* (menn blóta þær á -helgum stað).

STALLI, m. (*heathen*) *altar* (stóð þar s. á miðju gólfinu).

STALLR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *pedestal, support for an idol* (skurðgoð sett á stall); (2) *crib, manger* (hross stóð við stall ok át); (3) *the step of a mast* (íss var í stallinum); drepr stall ór hjarta e-s, drepr stall hjarta e-s, *one's heart fails him*.

STALLRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to stop a bit* (s. við); (2) *to falter* (stallrar hjarta e-s).

STAMA (AÐ), v. *to stammer, stutter*.

STAMP-AUSTR, m. *baling a ship with a tub*, = byttu-austr.

STAMPR, m. *a large tub*.

STAMR or STAMMR, a. *stammering*.

STANDA (STEND; STÓÐ, STÓÐUM; STAÐINN), v. (1) *to stand*, opp. to sitja or liggja (hann stóð við vegginn); koma standandi niðr, *to come down on one's feet*; skal mik niðr setja standanda, *in a standing position*; s. fast, *to stand fast*; s. höllum fœti, *to stand slanting*; (2) *to stand, stick* (G. skaut svá fast niðr skildinum, at hann stóð fastr í jörðunni); sveininum stóð fiskbein í hálsi, *the bone stuck in his throat*; (3) *to stand, remain*; borð stóðu, *stood, were not removed*; (4) *to stand, be situated* (bœr einn stóð skamt frá þeim); (5) *to stand still, rest, pause* (stóð þá kyrrt nökkura hríð); verðr hér fyrst at s. sagan, *the story must stop here for the present*; (6) *to last* (hafði lengi staðit bardaginn); (7) *to befit, become* (konungr kvað þat eigi s., at menn lægi svá); ekki stendr þér slíkt, *it does not befit thee*; (8) *to stand in a certain way, project, trend* (fjögur horn ok stóðu fagrt, hit þriðja stóð í lopt upp); stendr inn straumrinn, *the tide (current) stands in*; blóðbogi stóð ór hvárutveggja eyranu, *a stream of blood gushed out of both his ears*; kallar hann betr s. veðrit at fara landhallt, *that the wind stands better for making land*; stóð vindr af landi, *the wind blew from the land*; s. grunnt, *to be shallow* (vinátta okkur stendr grunnt); (9) *to touch*; s. grunn, *to stick on the ground* (örkin stóð grunn); (10) *to catch, overtake* (hann drap menn Eiríks konungs, hvar sem hann stóð þá); s. e-n at e-u, *to catch one doing a thing* (ef maðr verðr at því staðinn, at hann meiðir smala manna); (11) *to stand, endure, bear* (s. e-t *or* e-u); (12) *to press, urge, trouble* (elli stóð Hárek); hvat stendr þik, *what ails thee?* (13) *to weigh* so much (gullhringr, er stóð mörk); (14) *to stand by one, side with one*, with dat.; mikils er vert, hversu fast N. stendr þér um alla ráðagerð, *how close N. stands by thee in all counsel*; (15) with preps.; s. af e-u, *to proceed from, be caused by* (opt stendr illt af kvenna hjali); vil ok ek eigi, at af mér standi brigð okkarrar vináttu, *nor do I wish to be the cause of a breach in our friendship*; s. af e-u við e-n, *to give up, cede to one*; impers., segir hann honum, hvernig af stóð um ferð hans, *how the matter stood as to his journey*; s. at e-m, *to attack* (var við sjálft, at þeir mundu

s. at prestinum); *to stand by one, on one's side* (ek veit eigi víst, hvaðan G. inn ríki stendr at); s. á e-u, *to stand on, insist on* (statt ei á því, er þér er bannat); impers., stendr á illu einu með þeim, *they are on very bad terms*; s. á e-m, *to hang over one* (sú skóggangssök, er á þér stendr); *to refer to* (þat heilræði stóð upp á þenna sama sendiboða); s. eptir, *to remain, be left*; s. fyrir e-u, *to stand in the way of* (þeir kváðu geip hennar ekki skyldu s. fyrir þingreið þeira); s. e-m fyrir þrifum, *to stand in the way of one's thriving*; *to stand before one, protect one* (vér skulum Egil af lífi taka, en hlífa engum, er fyrir honum vill s.); s. hjá e-m, *to stand by one, assist one*; s. í e-u, *to be engaged in, busied with* (s. í bardögum, einvígum, málum, kvánbœnum); impers., stendr í deilu með þeim, *there is a quarrel between them*; s. með blóma, *to be in a flourishing condition*; s. móti (á móti, í móti) e-u, *to stand against*; s. saman, *to stand together, be gathered, amassed* (þar stóð auðr mikill saman); s. til e-s, *to tend towards*; s. til umbótar, *to stand for mending, need it*; sem bœn yður stendr til, *as your prayer tends to*; eptir þeim efnum, sem honum þœtti til s., *according to the merits of the case*; eptir því sem lög stóðu til, *as the law was* (taka þeir allir við bótum, sem lög stóðu til); impers., stendr til e-s, *it is to be expected, feared* (til langra meina mun s., ef); s. e-m til e-s, *to assist, help one* (B. segir, hversu Ó. hafði honum til staðit); s. undan, *to be lacking* (mikit stendr undan við hann í vinfenginu); s. vel undir e-t, *to support well, back it up well* (munu margir vel undir þat s.); s. undir e-m, *to be in one's possession, keeping* (féit stendr undir honum); s. upp, *to stand up* from a seat (þá stóð S. upp ok mælti hátt); *to rise from bed* (s. upp ok klæðast); *to be left standing* (fimm einir menn stóðu upp á skipinu); s. uppi, *to be left standing* (K. hinn auðgi flýði ok allt lið hans, þat er uppi stóð; hús þau, er uppi stóðu); *to be laid up ashore*, of a ship (stigu þeir á skip þat, er þar hafði uppi staðit um vetrinn); of a corpse, *to lie on the bier* (lík Kjartans stóð uppi í viku í Hjarðarholti); of a bow, *to be kept bent* (boginn má eigi einart uppi s.); s. við e-u, *to withstand* (víkingar svá harðfengir, at ekki stendr við); impers., stendr við e-t, *it is on the verge of* (þeir áttu svá harða leika, at við meiðingar stóð); s. yfir e-u, *to be present at* (heldr vildi hann þenna kjósa en s. yfir drápi Þorgils frænda síns); *to extend* (þar er þeira ríki stendr yfir); s. yfir, *to stand over, last* (hversu lengi skal fjárbón sjá yfir s.?); í þessum griðum ok svardögum, sem yfir standa, *which now stand, are in force*; (16) refl., standast, *to be able to stand, keep one's feet* (T. rendi fyrir hann törgu, ok steðjaði hann yfir upp, ok stóðst þó); *to be valid, hold good* (í öðru skulu þín ráð s., en eigi hér um); *to stand, bear, tolerate*; Kári stóðst þetta eigi, *K. could not stand this*; s. e-m, *to be equal to, be a match for* (Ö. var svá frœkinn maðr, at fáir stóðust honum); s. af e-m, *to proceed, arise from one*; af henni mun s. allt it illa, *from her will arise all kind of ill*; svá stenzt af um ferð mína, *the matter stands so as to my journey*; recipr., standast á, *to stand opposite one another* (bœr hans stóðst á ok konungs atsetr); *to correspond, answer to each other*, in regard to size, duration &c. (þat stóðst á nesit þvert ok fylking þeira); stóðst þat (allt féit) á endum ok þat, er G. átti at gjalda

fyrir sik, *it came just to what G. had to pay for himself*; stenzt helfr í móti með þeim hjónum, *they were rather at sixes and sevens, did not agree well*.

STAND-SÖÐULL, m. *high saddle*.

STANGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to stick, prick, goad*; s. ór tönnum sér, *to pick the teeth*; (2) *to butt, gore* (nautin stönguðu uxann til bana); (3) refl., stangast, *to butt one another*.

STANKA (AÐ), v., s. við, *to be reluctant*.

STAPI, m. *a steeple-formed single rock*.

STAPPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to stamp*; s. fótum, *to stamp with the feet*; s. snjóinn, *to stamp (beat) down the snow*; (2) *to bray*, in a mortar (s. lauk).

STARA (STARI, STARÐA, STARAT), v. *to stare, gaze* (s. á e-n).

STARF, n. *labour, work, toil, business*; hafði konungr mikit s. þann dag, *the king was very busy*; vera í starfi með e-m, *to be at work with one, assist one in his work*.

STARFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to work*; s. í e-u *or* at e-u, *to be busy about* (s. í þingdeildum, at matseld); s. á mönnum, *to trouble people*; (2) *to do, work at*.

STARFA-LÍTILL, a. *not troublesome*; sýnist mér þetta -minna, *less troublesome*; -MIKILL, a. *troublesome*.

STARFI, m. = starf; hafa starfa á mönnum, *to encumber people with toil*; leggja starfa á e-t, *to take pains about*.

STARF-LÍTILL, a. = starfalítill; -SAMR, a. *laborious, troublesome*; hafa (eiga) -samt, *to have much trouble*.

STARFS-ÍSMÓTT, f. *working dress*; -MAÐR, m. *worker, workman* (maðr ættsmár ok -maðr góðr).

STARF-SVEINN, m. *workman, assistant* (hverr þeira með -sveinum).

STARI or STARRI, m. *starling*.

STAR-SÝNN, a. *staring*; þráinn var sýnn á Þórgerði Glúmsdóttur, *kept staring at her*.

STAULI, m. *lad*, in 'sveinstauli'.

STAULPA, f. *lass*, in 'meystaulpa'.

STAUP, n. (1) *knobby lump* (s. mikit sem mannshöfuð); (2) *beaker, stoup*.

STAURA (AÐ), v. *to drive down a stake*; refl., staurast, *to be impaled*.

STAURA-GARÐR, m. *paling*.

STAURR (-S, -AR), m. *pale, stake* (váru settir stórir staurar yfir díkin).

STÁL, n. (1) *steel* (sverð, spjót ór stáli); sverfa til stáls, *to fight it out to the last* (hann kvað þá verða at sverfa til stáls með þeim); (2) *steeled weapon* (heyra mátti fjórar mílur er stálin mœttust); (3) *the beak* of a ship (þeir höfðu raskótt fyrir stálinu); (4) *the inside of a haystack* (hann tók laust hey ór stálinu); (5) *intercalary sentence* in a verse.

STÁL-BRODDR, -GADDR, m. *steel prod or spike*; -GORR, a. *made of steel*; -HARÐR, a. *hard as steel*; -HATTR, m. *steel hat*; -HJÁLMR, m. *steel helmet*; -HÚFA, f. *steel cap*.

STÁLPAÐR, pp. *grown up* (ungarnir vóru lítt stálpaðir).

STÁL-PÍK, f. = -gaddr; -SLÁ, f. *steel bar*; -SLEGINN, pp. *steel-mounted*; -SORFINN, pp. *filed to the steel*.

STEDDA, f. *mare* (skaldsveinn leiðandi eina steddu).

STEÐI (gen. STEÐJA), m. (1) *stithy, anvil* (S. hjó í steðjann ok klauf niðr í fótinn); (2) *the mint* (konungs s.).

STEÐJA (AÐ), v. *to bound, leap*.

STEÐJA (STEÐ, STADDA, STADDR), v. (1) *to stop* (nú staddi konungr lið sitt); (2) *to fix, settle* (hón hafði statt í hug sér at þjóna guði einum í hreinlífi); s. e-t fyrir

sér, *to determine, decide on* (þú munt hafa statt fyrir þér, hvar niðr skal koma); (3) *to make firm* (þá er hann hafði statt ok styrkt ríki sitt); (4) *to permit* (s. fyrirboðna hluti).

STEÐJA-NEF, n. *the thin end of an anvil*; -STEINN, m. *stone-base of an anvil*; -STOKKR, m. *anvil-block*.

STEF (gen. pl. STEFJA), n. (1) *term, time fixed*; viku s., *a week's notice*; (2) *refrain* (in the central portion of a 'drápa').

STEFJA (AÐ), v. (1) *to prevent* (s. mantjón); (2) s. á e-n, *to address one*.

STEFJA-BÁLKR, m., -MÁL or -MEL, n. *each of the sets of verses ending with the* stef *in a* drápa.

STEF-LAUSS, a. *without burden*, of a poem (drápa en steflausa).

STEFNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to go in a certain direction*, esp. of sailing (s. inn fjörðinn, út ór firðinum); þat (*viz.* dýrit) stefndi til Hrútsstaða, *it made for H.*; (2) *to aim at* (höggit stefndi á fótlegginn); e-m verðr nær stefnt, *one has a narrow escape*; betr fór en til var stefnt, *better than it was begun*, of luck better than foresight; with dat., s. sér til ørkumla, *to expose oneself to*; (3) *to give notice to one, summon one*; s. e-m um e-t, *to summon one for a thing*; ek skal þér Mörðr vera ok s. þér af konunni, *and summon thee to give up thy wife*; (4) *to cite*; s. sök, máli, *to bring a case (suit) into court*; (5) *to call, summon* (s. e-m til tals við sik, á sinn fund); s. at sér liði, *to summon troops*; s. e-m saman, *to call together* (s. saman öllum lýð); (6) with acc. *to call together, fix, appoint* (þeir stefndu þar þing, en bœndr vildu eigi til koma).

STEFNA, f. (1) *direction, course*; halttu fram stefnunni, *keep on in the same direction*; (2) *appointed meeting* (N. konungr kom fyrr miklu til stefnunnar ok beið þar lengi); (3) *the appointed time for meeting* (er s. sú var liðin, er á kveðin var, þá *etc.*); (4) *summons*; þriggja nátta s., *a summons with three days' notice*; Otkell lætr þegar dynja stefnuna, O. *immediately thundered out the summons*.

STEFNI, n. *prow, stem*, = stafn.

STEFNING, f. *summoning, citation*.

STEFNU-BOÐ, n. *a summoning to a meeting*; -DAGR, m. *day of summons* (leggja e-m -dag); plur., -dagar, *summoning-days* (when summoning could be lawfully done); -FÖR, f. *summoning-journey* (fara -för); -LAG, n. *appointment for a meeting*; -LEIÐANGR, m. *naval expedition to an appointed meeting*; -MYRGINN, m. *the morning of a citation-day*; -STAÐR, m. *meeting-place, appointment* (halda -stað); -STUND, f. *the time of an appointment*; -SÖK, f. *a case of citation*; -TAL, n. *discourse at a meeting*; -TÍMI, m. *meeting-time*; -VÁTTR, m. *a witness to a summons*; -VÆTTI, n. *evidence of a lawful summoning*.

STEGGI, m. *he-bird*, in 'andar-steggi'.

STEGLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to expose, set up* (a slain enemy's head).

STEIGUR-LIGA, adv. *proudly*.

STEIK (gen. -AR, pl. -AR), f. *steak*.

STEIKARA-HÚS, n. *kitchen*; -HÖFÐINGI, -MEISTARI, m. *head cook, master cook*.

STEIKARI, m. *roaster, cook*.

STEIKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to roast* (s. á teini); s. smæra en, *to have a smaller steak on the spit than*.

STEINA (-DA, -DR), v. *to stain, colour, paint* (skipit var allt steint fyrir ofan sjó); steind klæði, *coloured cloths*.

STEINA-BRÚ, f. *stone bridge, stone arch*; -SØRVI, n. *stone necklace*.

STEIN-BÍTR, m. *sea-wolf, wolf-fish*; -BLINDR, a. *stone-blind*; -BOGI, m. *stone arch*; -BORG, f. *stone castle*; -DELFR, m. *wheat-ear, fallow finch*; -DYRR, f. pl. *doorway of stone*; -GARÐR, m. *stone fence*; -GEIT, f. *ibex*.

STEINGEITAR-MERKI, n. *Capricorn*.

STEIN-GÓLF, n. *stone floor*; -HJARTA, n. *heart of stone*; -HÚS, n. *stone house*; -HÖLL, f. *stone hall*; -KAST, n. *throwing stones, a stone's throw*; -KETILL, m. *stone kettle*; -KIRKJA, f. *stone church*; -LIGR, a. *stony* (-ligt hjarta); -MEISTARI, m. *stone-mason*; -MUSTARI, n. = -kirkja; -MÚRR, m. *stone wall*.

STEINN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *stone, boulder, rock* (s. einn mikill); (2) *precious stone* (bitullinn var settr steinum); (3) *calculus or stone in the bladder*; (4) *paint* (skip teint bæði hvítum steini ok rauðum); (5) *stone building, cloister, cell*; setjast (*or* ganga) í stein, *to become a hermit*.

STEIN-NÖKKVI, m. *stone-boat*; -ÓÐR or -ÓÐI, a. *violent* (eptir þat kom á -óðr útnyrðingr); -PIKKA, f. *mason's pick*; -RÁFR, n. *stone roof*; -SETJA, v. *to set with stones*; -SMIÐR, m. *mason*; -SMÍÐ, f. *stone-masonry*; -SMÍÐI, n. (1) = -smíð; (2) *articles worked of stone, stone implements*; -SÓTT, f. *calculous disease, stone*; -SPJALD, n. *stone tablet*; -STÓLPI, m. *stone pillar*; -STRÆTI, n. *paved street*; -TÁLGA, f. *stone-carving*; -VEGGR, m. *stone wall*; -VIRKI, n. *fortification of stone*; -ÞILDR, pp. *panelled with stone*; -ÞRÓ, f. *stone coffin*; -ÖR, f. *stone arrow*.

STEKKR (-JAR or -S, -IR or -AR), m. *lamb's fold* (sem lamb ór stekk).

STEKK-TÍÐ, f. *the time when the lambs are kept in folds*.

STELA (STEL; STAL, STÁLUM; STOLINN), v. *to steal*, with dat.; s. e-u frá e-m, *to steal from one*; s. e-n e-u, *to rob one of* (s. e-n eign sinni); áss er stolinn hamri, *Thor is robbed of his hammer*; refl., stelast at e-m *or* á e-n, *to steal upon, attack one unawares*; s. frá e-m, *to steal away from*; recipr., stelast frá, *to steal from one another*.

STELARI, m. *stealer, thief*.

STELKR, m. *redshank* (a bird).

STELLING, f. *mast-step* (íss var í stellingunni); cf. 'stallr' 3.

STEMMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to stem, stop, dam up*, esp. a stream or fluid (þeir stemdu svá uppi vatnit); steinn sá, er stemdi þurftina, *stopped the urine*; impers., stóra lœki stemdi uppi, *were stemmed, obstructed*; refl., stemmast, *to be stayed, to abate* (kvað við þat opt stríð manna stemmast).

STENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to bar* (s. dyrr); s. úti, *to shut out* (þér vilið stengja úti páfann sjálfan).

STERK-LEIKR, m. *strength* (ágætr at -leik); -LIGR, a. *strong-looking*.

STERKR, a. (1) *strong, stark* (hann var mikill maðr ok s.); (2) *great* (sterk orrusta, sterk veizla).

STERK-VIÐRI, n. *a strong gale*.

STERTA (-RTA, -RTR), v. *to stiffen* (húskona sterti ermar).

STERTR, m. *short tail, dock*.

STÉTT (pl. -IR), f. (1) *pavement*; (2) *stepping-stones* (þeir fœrðu stéttir þær í ána, er aldri hefir ór rekit síðan); (3) *degree, rank* (hverrar stéttar ertu?); (4) *order, condition*; (5) *base of a vessel*.

STÉTTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to be the source of* (s. mikit illt); (2) *to aid, assist*, with dat. or acc.; (3) *to do good*.

STÉTTAR-KER, n. *a vessel with a base*.

STÉTTR, m. (1) *rank, position*; (2) *condition, state*.

STEYLDR, a. *crouching, bent*.

STEYPA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to throw (hurl) down* (hann steypir sér þá út af þekjunni); (2) *to overthrow* (þat mun guð vilja, at vér steypinn honum); (3) *to cast on* or *off* a garment (s. af sér brynjunni, s. á sik grári kápu); hann hafði loðkápu yzt ok steypt hettinum, *had let the hood sink over the face*; (4) *to pour out*, with dat. (s. soði á leiði hans); hann lát s. þar á gullinu, *he poured the gold out into it*; hann tók övarnar ok steypir þeim niðr fyrir sik, *and throws them down before him*; (5) *to cast, found*, with acc. (var taflit allt steypt af silfri); (6) refl., steypast, *to tumble down, fall stooping* (steyptist hann dauðr á gólfit); s. fyrir borð, *to plung overboard*; s. í kaf, *to plunge into water and dive*.

STEYPARI, m. *caster, founder*; cf. 'eirsteypari'.

STEYPING, f. *overthrow, degradation*.

STEYPTR, pp. *coming down over the face* (steyptir hjálmar).

STEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to throw, cast violently* (þeir steyta þeim út ór vagninum); (2) *to pound, bray*.

STEYTR, m. *shock* (of a wave).

STIG, n. (1) *step, pace*; (2) *step of a ladder*; (3) pl. *degree, rank*; af háfum (lágum, litlum) stigum, *of high (low) degree (birth)*.

STIGA-MAÐR, m. *highwayman*.

STIG-GATA, f. *footpath*; -HOSUR, f. pl. *riding-stockings*.

STIGI, m. *ladder* (hann þóttist sjá stiga frá himnum).

STIGR or STÍGR (-S, AR; pl. -AR, -IR, acc. -A, -U), m. *path*; ryðja stíginn, *to clear the way*; taka úkunna stíga, *to walk in unknown paths*; stemma stíga fyrir e-m, *to bar one's way, cut one off*; kanna úkunna stigu, *to visit unknown paths (foreign lands)*; af hverjum stig, *from everywhere*.

STIG-REIP, n. *'stepping-rope', stirrup*.

STIK, n. pl. *stakes, piles*, which in times of war were driven in the mouths of rivers (hann lét ok s. gøra í ána Tems með blý ok járni).

STIKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to drive piles into*; Ólafr konungr lét s. ána uppi, *he blocked the river by means of piles*; (2) *to measure with a yard-measure* (s. lérept vaðmál).

STIKA, f. (1) *stick*; (2) *candlestick* (= kertastika); (3) *yard, yard-measure*, equal to two Icelandic ells (menn skyldi hafa stikur, þær er væri tveggja alna at lengd).

STIKILL (pl. STIKLAR), m. *the pointed end of a horn* (stikillinn hornsins).

STIKINN, a. *disagreeable*.

STIKK-KNÍFR, m. *dagger, dirk*.

STIKLA (AÐ), v. *to be roasted*.

STILLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to still, soothe, calm* (Njörðr stillir sjá ok eld); s. sik, *to control oneself, keep control of one's temper*; s. sonu okkura, *to restrain our sons*; (2) *to moderate, temper*, with dat. (konungr var allreiðr ok stillti þó vel orðum sínum); (3) *to arrange, settle*; vel er þessu í hóf stillt, *this is very justly settled*; s. gørðinni, *to moderate, regulate the arbitration*; s. til um e-t, *to arrange* (hversu þeir skyldi til s. um ferðina); s. svá til, at, *to manage, that* (nú skulum vér s. svá til, at þeir nái eigi at renna); (4) *to tune* an instrument (s. hörpu, strengi); (5) *to walk with measure, noiseless steps* (hann stillti at rekkjunni hljóðliga); (6) *to entrap, outwit* (hann þykkist nú hafa stilltan

þik mjök í þessu).

STILLI, n. (1) *self-control, calmness* (með góðu s.); (2) *trap* (nú hefir refrinn í s. gengit).

STILLI-LIGA, adv. *composedly, calmly, with moderation* (mæla, fara -liga); -LIGR, a. *moderate, calm, composed*.

STILLING, f. (1) *management* (kunna góða s. á e-u); (2) *moderation, calmness, temperance* (hafa s. við).

STILLINGAR-MAÐR, m. *moderate man*.

STILLIR (gen. -IS), m. *moderator, king*.

STILLTR, a. *calm, moderate, composed*.

STINGA (STING; STAKK, STUNGUM; STUNGINN), v. (1) *to thrust, stick*, with dat. (hann stakk niðr merkinu í eldinn); s. niðr nösum, *to bite the dust*; s. við fótum, *to stop short*; (2) *to stab*, with acc.; s. augu ór höfði manns, s. út augu e-s, *to put out one's eyes*; impers., stingr mik í hjartat, *my heart aches*; s. e-n af, *to make away with one*; s. af stokki við e-n, *to push away, cut one short*; s. af um liðveizlu, *to refuse to grant help*; (3) refl., stingast til e-s, *to thrust oneself forward* (þú hefir mjök stungizt til þessa máls).

STINGI, m. *a stitch in the side* (kenna sér stinga undir síðunni).

STINNR, a. (1) *stiff, unbending, strong* (stinnt spjót); flúga stinnt, *to fly with great force*; (2) *stiff, great, heavy* (stinn manngjöld).

STIRA (-ÐA), v. *to stare*, = stara.

STIRÐ-FŒTTR, a. *stiff-footed, stiff-legged*; -KVEÐINN, pp. *stiff in composition*, of poetry; -LYNDR, a. *stubborn, obstinate*; -LÆTI, n. *frowardness, hard temper*.

STIRÐNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to become stiff, stiffen*; stirðanaðr af elli, *stiff with age*; (2) *to become severe* (veðr tók at s.); of the temper, *to become harsh* (þeir tóku mjök at s. við hann).

STIRÐ-ORÐR, a. *having difficulty of utterance* (fámæltr ok -orðr).

STIRÐR, a. (1) *stiff, rigid* (fótinn gørði stirðan sem tré); stirt kvæði, *a poem lacking in metrical fluency*; e-m er stirt um mál, *one talks with difficulty, has no fluent tongue*; (2) *harsh, severe* (s. dómr); (3) *stiff, unbending* (Helga gørðist stirð við Hrafn).

STIRFINN, a. *froward, peevish*.

STIRNDR, a. *starry* (s. himinn).

STIRTLA (AÐ), v. *to raise with difficulty*; karl getr stirtlat sér á fœtr, *managed to stagger to his feet*.

STÍA (AÐ), v. *to pen lambs*.

STÍFLA (AÐ), v. *to dam up* (s. lœk).

STÍFLA, f. *dam* (gøra stíflu í árósinum).

STÍGA (STIG; STEIG or STÉ, STIGUM; STIGINN), v. (1) *to step, tread* (hón mátti ekki s. á fótinn); s. fótum á land, *to set foot on land*; s. fram, *to step forward*; *to die*, = fara fram; s. undan borði, *to rise from table*; s. á hest, s. á bak, *to mount one's horse, get on horseback*; s. af hesti, af baki, *to alight*; s. á skip, *to go on board*; s. fyrir borð, *to leap overboard*; s. ofan, *to step down*; s. upp, *to ascend*; s. til ríkis, *to ascend the throne*; s. yfir e-t, *to overcome*; s. yfir höfuð e-m, *to get the better of one*; (2) *to step on, set foot on*, with acc.; hér sté hón land af legi, *she landed here from the sea*; O. steig í sundr orfit, O. *trod asunder the scythe-handle*.

STÍGR, m. *path*; see 'stigr'.

STÍLL, m. *style (of writing)*.

STÍMA (AÐ), v. *to have a tussle*.

STÍMAN, f. *hubbub, tumult*.

STÍVARÐR, f. *steward*.

STJAKA (AÐ), v. *to give a push to*, with

dat. (Fróði stjakaði honum).

STJARNA, f. *star*; spec. *polar star*.

STJÓRI, m. (1) *steerer, ruler* (gumna s.); (2) *stone anchor*.

STJÓRN, f. (1) *steering, steerage*; (2) *helm, rudder*; sitja við s., *to sit at the helm*; Ormrinn lét ekki at s., *did not obey the rudder*; á s., *on the starboard side* (lá landit á s.); á stjórn Hákoni jarli, *on the starboard side of Earl H.*; (3) *rule, government*; þat er meire s., at, *it is more fitting, that*.

STJÓRNA (AÐ), v. *to rule over, govern*, with dat.; (lifir hann of allar aldir ok stjórnar öllu ríki sínu).

STJÓRNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. *ruler*.

STJÓRNAN, f. *ruling*.

STJÓRNAR-BLAÐ, n. *the blade of a rudder* (á stafni ok á -blaði).

STJÓRNARI, m. (1) *steersman*; (2) *ruler, guider* (s. himintunglanna).

STJÓRNAR-LAUSS, a. *without rule* (-laust ríki); -MAÐR, m. (1) *steersman*; (2) *ruler* (-maðr yfir e-u); -VALD, -VELDI, n. *authority*; -VÖLR, m. *tiller*; cf. 'hjálmunvölr'.

STJÓRN-BITLAÐR, pp. *bitted, bridled*, of a horse (brá hón af stalli -bitluðum); -BORÐI, m. *starboard side*; -BYRÐINGR, m. *starboard man*; -FASTR, a. *provided with a rudder*; -LAUSS, a. *rudderless*; -LÁTR, a. = -samr; -LIGR, a. *orderly*; -MARR, m. poet. *'ruddersteed', ship*; -SAMR, a. *able as a ruler, fitted to rule*; -VIÐ (gen. -VIÐJAR), f. *band fastening the rudder to the ship*; -VÖLR, m. = stjórnarvölr.

STJÓP-BARN, n. *stepchild*; -DÓTTIR, f., -FAÐIR, m., -MÓÐIR, f. *step-daughter, -father, -mother*.

STJÚPR, m., *stepson*, = stjúpsonr.

STJÖLR (acc. pl. STJÖLU), m. *rump*.

STJÖRNU-BÓK, f. (*book of*) *astronomy or astrology*.

STJÖRNUBÓKAR-LIST, f. = stjörnubók; -MAÐR, m. *astronomer, astrologer*.

STJÖRNU-GANGR, m. *the course of the stars*; -ÍÞRÓTT, -LIST, f. *astronomy*; -LJÓS, n. *star-light*; -MARK, n. *constellation*; -MEISTARI, m. *astrologer*; -RÍM, n. *astrology*; -TAL, n. *number of stars*; -VEGR, m. *constellation*.

STOÐ (pl. STØÐR, STEÐR, later STOÐIR), f. (1) *pillar, post*; eru veggir hans ok steðr ok stólpar af rauðu gulli, *its walls and pillars and posts are of red gold*; (2) fig. *prop, support* (margar stoðir runnu undir hann, frændr, mágar ok vinir).

STOÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to stay, support, back* (s. mál e-s); s. til e-s, *to help, assist in a thing*; (2) *to avail, boot*, with dat.; ekki mun mér þat s., ef mér er dauði ætlaðr, *that with stand me in no stead, if death is doomed for me*; hvat stoðar þat, *what boots it?*

STOÐA-MAÐR, m. *supporter*.

STOFA, f. *sitting-room* (milli stofu ok eldhúss; frá eldaskála inn í stofu).

STOFN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *stump of a cut tree* (var þá eytt skógunum ok stóðu stofnarnir eptir); (2) *foundation*; standa á sterkum stofni, *to stand on a strong footing, stand firmly* (ríkit er ungt ok stendr eigi á svá sterkum stofni sem skyldi); setja vel (illa) á s. við e-n, *to treat one well (badly)*; hefjast tveim stofnum, *to look uncertain*, of a journey.

STOFNA (AÐ), v. *to establish, found* (s. mustari); s. heit, *to make a vow*; s. hestaping, *to arrange (get up) a public horse-fight*; s. ráð, ráðagerð, ætlan, *to form a plan*; s. kaup, kaupmála, *to strike a bargain*; S. kvað hann víst verr launa

vistina en stofnat var, *worse than was intended*.

STOFU-BÚNAÐR, m., -DYRR, f. pl., -GLUGGR, m., GÓLF, n., -HORN, n., -HURÐ, f., -PALLR, m., -REYKR, m., *the hangings, doorway, window, floor, corner, door, flooring, smoke of a sitting-room*.

STOKKA (AÐ), v. *to build, raise*; s. hátt, *to aim high*.

STOKKA-BELTI, n. *a belt composed of plates clasped together*; -BÚR, n. *a chamber built of stocks or logs* (as in Norway); -KER, n. *a cask placed on stocks* (sýruker eðr stokkaker).

STOKKINN, pp. from 'støkkva'; blóði s., *sprinkled with blood, blood-stained*; E. var þá á øfra aldri ok stokkit hár hans, *E. was up in years, and his hair was sprinkled with grey*.

STOKK-LAUSS, a. *without a stock*, of an anchor.

STOKKR (-S, -AR), (1) *stock, trunk, block, log of wood* (skutu þeir stokki í hryginn svá at í sundr tók); fœra fórnir stokkum eða steinum, *to offer to stocks or stones*; (2) *the wall of a log-house*; innan stokks, fyrir innan stokk, *inside the house, indoors* (Hrútr fekk henni öll ráð í hendr fyrir innan stokk); útan stokks, fyrir útan stokk, *outside the house, out-of-doors*; (3) = set-stokkr; drekka e-n af stokki, *to drink one under the table*; stíga á stokk ok strengja heit, *to place one's foot on the stock* (setstokkr) *and make avow*; (4) *board along the front of a* bed (Egill gekk til rekkjunnar Armóðs ok hnykkti honum á stokk fram); (5) *anchor-stock*, = akkeris-stokkr; (6) *stock of an* anvil (klauf Sigurðr steðja Regins ofan í stokkinn með sverðinu); (7) *gunwale of a ship*, = borðstokkr; (8) pl. *stocks on which ships are built*, = bakka-stokkar; skipit hljóp af stokkunum fram á ána, *the ship slid of the stocks into the river*; (9) *a pair of stocks* for culprits; setja e-n í stokk, *to set one in the stocks*; (10) *a piece of wood* put on the horns of cattle (var stokkrinn af hornum graðungsins); (11) *trunk, chest, case*.

STOLTR, STOLTS, a. *proud*.

STOLTZ-LIGA, adv. *proudly*.

STOPALL, a. *shaking, reeling, rocking*; fara, ganga stopalt, *to meet with a mischance*; stopalt munuð ganga, ef it stundið þangat, *it will be ill with you, if ye go thither*.

STOPPA (AÐ), v. *to stuff* (s. upp belg með mosa ok lyng).

STORÐ, f. *young wood* (falla sem s.).

STORKNA (AÐ), v. *to coagulate, congeal* (blóð hans var storknat).

STORKR (-S, -AR), m. *stork*.

STORMA-SAMR, a. *stormy*.

STORMR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *gale, storm* (stormar miklir); (2) *uproar, tumult, fury* (setið niðr henna storm, ok víkist til sætta við konung yðvarn).

STORM-SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *stormy*; -VIÐRI, n. *storm-weather, tempest*.

STÓÐ, n. *stud of horse(s) and mares* (hann gekk til stóðs síns).

STÓÐ-HESTR, m. *stallion*; -HROSS, n. *stud-horse or -mare*.

STÓLA, f. *stole*, worn by ecciesiastics.

STÓL-BRÚÐA, f., -BRÚÐR, f. *'chair-bride', chair-post* with a carved head; -KONUNGR, m. *the Greek emperor*.

STÓLL (-S, -AR), m. (1) *stool, chair* (setjast á stól); (2) *bishop's see or residence* (fór biskup heim til stóls síns); sitja at stóli, *to be bishop*; vera at stóli, *to reside* (skal annarr biskup vera at stóli í Skálaholti); (3) *a king's throne or residence* (S.

konungr setti stól sinn ok höfuðstað í Konungahellu); (4) pl. *a class of angels*.

STÓLL, m. a kind of *table* (hann tók borðbúnað af stólnum).

STÓLL, m. *stock* (cf. 'skipastóll').

STÓL-MAÐR, m. *chairman*.

STÓLPI, m. *post, pillar, column*.

STÓLS-BRÚÐR, f. = stólbrúðr.

STÓL-SETNING, f. *enthronement*; -SETTR, pp. *enthroned* (var ek -settr ok vígðr konungsvígslu).

STÓR-AUÐINGR, a. *very wealthy*; -ÁR, f. pl. *large waters*; -BEINÓTTR, a. *large-boned* (beinóttr í andliti); -BLÓT, n. pl. *great sacrifices*; -BOKKAR, m. pl. *mighty and overbearing men, lordly magnates*; -BORGIR, f. pl. *big towns*; -BORINN, pp., -BURÐUGR, a. *high-born*; -BRÖGÐÓTTR, a. *very sly*; -BÚ, n. pl. *great estates*; -BYGÐIR, f. pl. *large counties or settlemnents*; -BŒIR, m. pl. *great estates*; -BŒNDR, m. pl. *great freeholders*; -DEILDIR, f. pl. *great differences, quarrels*; -DRAUMAR, m. pl. *portentous dreams*; -EFLIS-MENN, m. pl. *mighty men*; -EIGNAÐR, a. *rich*.

STÓREIGNA-MAÐR, m. *great landowner* (-maðr ok harðlyndr).

STÓR-EIGNIR, f. pl. *great landed estates*; -ERFIÐI, n. *severe toil, hard work*; -EYJAR, f. pl. *great islands*; -FÉ, n. *great wealth*; -FEGINN, a. *very fain, very glad*; -FENGR, a. *grand, stately*; -feng kýr, *a good milch cow*; -FETAÐR, -FETR, a., *long-striding, taking great steps*; -FISKR, m. *big fish (whale)*; -FJAÐRAR, f. pl. *big feathers*; -FJÖLLÓTTR, a. *with great mountains*; -FLOKKAR, m. pl. *large detachments*; -FUNDIR, m. pl. *great meetings, great battles*; -FÖT, n. pl. *big clothes*; -GANGA, f. *much walking*; -GJAFAR, f. pl. *great, lordly gifts*; -GJÖFULL, a. *munificent*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. *heavy fines*; -GLŒPIR, m. pl. *great crimes*; -GNÍPUR, f. pl. *great peaks*; -GÓZ, n. *great property*; -GRJÓT, -GRÝTI, n. *big stones, rocks*; -GRÝTTR, a. *rocky, stony*; -GÆTINGR, -GŒÐINGR, m. *magnate*; -HAGR, a. *very skilled, handy*; -HEIMAKLIGR, a. *grossly foolish*; -HEIT, n. pl. *great vows*; -HERUÐ, n. pl. *great districts*; -HLUTIR, m. pl. *great things*; -HRÆDDR, a. *much afraid*; -HUGAÐR, a. *high-minded, proud*; -HVELI, n. *big whale*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *great magnate*; -HÖGGR, a. *dealing heavy blows*; -ILLA, adv. *very badly*; -ILLR, a. *very bad*; -JARTEGNIR, f. pl. *great wonders, miracles*; -KAPPAR, *great champions*; -KATLAR, m. pl. *big kettles*; -KAUPMAÐR, m. *wholesale dealer*; -KLŒKI, n. pl. *great wickedness*; -KOSTLIGA, adv. *in grand style*; -KOSTLIGR, a. *grand*; -KVIKENDI, n. pl. *great beasts*; -KVÆÐI, n. pl. *great poems*; -LANGR, a. *very long*; -LÁTR, a. (1) *proud, haughty*; (2) *munificent*; (3) *not content with little*; -LEIÐI, n. *long way*; -LEIKR, m. (1) *greatness, size*; (2) *presumption, pride*; -LEITR, a. *big-faced*; -LENDUR, f. pl. *great lands*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *greatly, very*; (2) *proudly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *great* (-lig gæfa); (2) *proud, big* (-lig orð); -LÍTT, adv. *very little*; -LJÓTR, a. *very ugly*; -LOKKAR, m. pl. *long locks*; -LYNDI, n. *magnanimity, generosity*; -LYNDR, a. *magnanimous, high-minded*; -LÆTI, n. (1) *pride, overbearing*; (2) *liberality, munificence*; -LÖND, n. pl. *great lands*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *like a grand man, munificently*; -MANNLIGR, a. *magnificent, grand*; -MARGR, a. *very many*; -MÁL, n. pl. *great suits* (standa í -málum); -MEIN, n. pl. *great evils*; -MEIZL, n. pl. *great injuries*; -MENNI, n. (1) *bigmen* (Þórr er lágr ok lítill hjá -menni því, sem hér er með

oss); (2) *great man*, man of rank; (3) *liberal man*; -MENSKA, f. *greatness, munificence*; -MERKI, n. pl. *wonderful things, great wonders*; -MERKILIGA, adv. wonderfully; -MERKILIGR, a. *wonderful*; -MIKILL, a. *huge, immense*; -MJÖK, adv. *very much, immensely*; -MÆLI, n. pl. (1) *great affairs* (standa í -mælum); (2) *the greater excommunication*; vera í -mælum, *to be excommunicated*; -NÆR, adv. *very nearly*; -ORÐR, a. *using big words*; *big-worded, high-sounding* (-ort kvæði).

STÓRR (STŒRI or STŒRRI, STŒRSTR), a. (1) *big, great*, of size (s. fiskr, stórt dýr); stór veðr, *rough weather, great gales*; stór sær, *high sea*; gørði þá stórt á firðinum, *the sea rose high*; (2) *great, potent* (at hann skyldi varast at gøra Ólaf eigi of stóran); (3) *great, important* (tillagagóðr hinna stœrri mála); (4) *proud* (fann hann þat brátt á Sigríði, at hón var heldr stór).

STÓR-RÁÐR, a. *ambitious, daring* (þú ert bæði vitr ok -ráðr); -REFSINGAR, f. pl. *severe punishments*; -REGN, n. pl. *heavy rains*; -RÍKI, n. pl. *great empires*; -RÍKR, a. *very powerful*.

STÓRRÆÐA-MAÐR, m. *a man of great aims* (hinn mesti -maðr).

STÓR-RÆÐI, n. (1) *ambition*; (2) *dangerous, great undertaking*; -RÖK, n. pl. *great events*; -SAKAR, f. pl. *great offences*; -SÁR, n. pl. *grievous wounds*; -SKAÐAR, m. pl. *great damages*; -SKIP, n. pl. *great ships*; -SKORINN, pp. *huge, large-boned*; -SKORINN í andliti, *big-faced*; -SKRIPTIR, f. pl. *heavy penances*; -SKULDIR, f. pl. *great debts*; -SLÖG, n. pl. *great visitations, plagues*; -SMIÐI, n. *great, strong work*; -STAÐIR, m. pl. *great towns, great church-establishments*; -SVEITIR, f. pl. *large detachments*; -SÆTI, n. *large hayrick*; -SŒMDIR, f. pl. *great honours*; -TÁKN, n. pl. *great wonders*; -TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *great tidings, great events*; -TRÉ, n. pl. *huge beams*.

STÓRU (neut. dat. from 'stórr'), adv. = stórum; -GI, adv. *greatly, much* (eigi -gi meiri).

STÓRUM (plur. dat. from 'stórr'), adv. *very, greatly, much*; faðir hennar ok móðir urðu s. fegin, *were very glad*; stíga *s.*, to take long steps; þat berr s., *it amounts to much*; compar., stœrrum, *more, in a greater degree*; eigi stœrrum né smærrum, *neither more nor less*.

STÓR-ÚÐIGR, a. *stout-hearted, proud*; -ÚFARAR, f. pl. *great evils*; -VANDI, m., -vandræði, n. pl. *great difficulties*; -VEGIR, m. pl. *broad roads, highways*; -VEGLIGR, a. *very honourable*; -VEIZLUR, f. pl. *great banquets*; -VEL, adv. *right well*; -VERK, n. pl. *great deeds*; -VIÐAÐR, a. *large-timbered* (var skipit borðmikit ok -viðat); -VIÐIR, m. pl. *great timbers, big beams*; -VIÐRI, n. *great storm*; -VIRKI, n. pl. *great achievements, feats*; -VIRKR, a. *doing much work* (bæði sterkr ok -virkr); -VITR, a. *very wise*; -VÍÐA, adv. *very widely*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *big words*; -ÞING, n. *great* (œcumenical) council; -ÞORP, n. pl. *great villages*; -ÞUNGR, a. *very heavy*; -ÞURFT, I. *great need*; -ÆTT, *f. great family, noble extraction*; -ÆTTAÐR, a. *high-born*.

STRANDAR-, gen. from 'strönd'; -GLÓPR, m. '*strand-fool*', of one arriving after the ship has sailed; -HÖGG, n. = strandhögg.

STRAND-HÖGG, n. '*strand-raid*', *depredation committed on the coast* (víkingar höfðu haft mikit herfang ofan ok -högg); -MAÐR, m. *one who lives on the coast*;

-setr, n. *being left behind on the strand* (sitja -setri eptir); -varpa, f. *a net to be laid along the coast*; -vegr, m. *road to the coast*.

strang-leikr, m. *strength, violence*; -liga, adv. *strongly, severely*.

strangr, a. (1) *strong*; ströng á, *a rapid river*; ströng orrosta, *a hot fight*; (2) *rigorous, severe, hard* (strangr ok stríðr dómr).

strauma-skipti, n. pl. *change tides* (-skipti ok mál at sigla).

straum-brot, n. *breaking the stream*; -fall, n. (1) *flow, current*; (2) *the falling of the tide* (þeir köstuðu akkerum ok biðu -falls).

straumr (-s, -ar), m. *stream, current* (veðr var hvast ok straumar miklir); við strauminum, *against the current* (reið J. við strauminum, en B. forstreymis); reka fyrir strauminum, *to drift with the tide*; brjóta straum fyrir e-u, *to break the stream for a thing, bear the brunt, prepare the way*.

straum-vatn, n. *running water*.

strá (dat. pl. strám), n. *straw* (smjör drýpr af hverju strái); liggja stirðr á strám, *to lie stiff on straw*, of a corpse (cf. 'nástrá').

strá (strá, stráða, stráðr), v. *to strew, cover with straw (s.* golf, bekki, herbergi).

strákr (-s, -ar), m. *landlouper, vagabond* (átti hón börn með strákum).

strá-lauss, a. *'strawless'*, of a floor; -viði, n. *brushwood*, = hráviði.

streitast (tt), v. refl. *to struggle hard*.

strandir, m. pl. *people from places in Iceland called* Strönd.

streng-flaug, f. *the notch for the bowstring in an arrow*; -fœri, n. *stringed instruments*; -hljóð, n. pl. *music* from stringed instruments.

strenging, f. *binding fast* (heit-s.).

strengja (-da, -dr), v. *to fasten with a string, bind tight* (hosan strengd at beini); hann strengdi alt í milli skipanna ok bryggnanna, *he stretched cables between the ships and the bridges*; s. *or* s. aptr dyrr, *to fasten the door*; s. e-n inni *or* úti, *to shut one in or out*; s. heit *or* s. e-s heit, *to make a solemn vow*.

streng-lag, n. = -flaug; -leikr, m. (1) esp. pl. -leikar, *stringed instrument* (leika -leik); (2) *lay, song*.

strengr (-jar or -s; pl. -ir, gen. -ja), m. (1) *string, cord, rope* (strengir til at festa með hús); þeir ristu í strengi feldi sína, *they cut their cloaks into strips*; (2) *anchor-cable*; drekinn flaut um strengi, *rode at anchor*; liggja um strengi, *to lie at anchor*; (3) *bow-string*, = bogastrengr; (4) *string of* an instrument (glumðu strengir); (5) *narrow channel of water, swift current* (slyðrur nökkurar rak ofan eptir strengnum).

streng-vörðr, m. *a watch kept at the anchor-cable* (halda -vörð).

streyma (-di, -t), v. *to stream*.

streymr, a. *running*; streymt sund, *a strait (sound) with a current*.

striga-dúkr, m. *sack-cloth*; -slitri, -slitti, n. *rag of sack-cloth*.

strigi, m. *sack-cloth, coarse cloth*.

strita (að), v. (1) *to drag with difficulty*; (2) refl., stritast, *to strive hard* (stritaðist hann við at sitja).

stríð, n. (1) *distress, grief, affliction* (sótti bæði at henni s. ok elli); hann bar þat með allmiklu stríði, *he was very much afflicted by it*; springa af stríði, *to burst with grief*; (2) *strife, war* (þá varð s. mikit á Englandi).

stríða, f. (1) *adversity*; (2) *hardness,*

austerity, severity, opp. to 'blíða' (hvárt sem hann mætti blíðu eða stríðu); (3) *strife*.

STRÍÐA (-DDA, -TT), v. (1) *to harm*, with dat. (stríddi hón ætt Buðla); (2) *to fight* (s. við e-n, í móti e-m); s. á e-n, *to fight against, attack*.

STRÍÐ-LEIKR, m. (1) *vehemence*, of a stream; (2) *severity, rigour*; (3) *obstinacy*; -LIGA, adv. *with severity*; -LIGR, a. *severe, hard*; -LUNDAÐR, -LYNDR, a. *obstinate, sullen*; -LÆTI, n. *backwardness, obstinacy*; -MÆLI, n. pl. *strong language*; -MELTR, pp. *using hard language*.

STRÍÐR, a. (1) *strong, rapid* (s. straumr); (2) *hard, stubborn* (þeir munu þér vera menn stríðastir); (3) *severe* (s. dómr); *unpleasant*; hvárt sem þat er blítt eðr strítt, *whether one likes it or not*; tala strítt, *to speak severely or harshly*.

STRÍÐS-KOSTR, m. *means of fighting*; -MAÐR, m. *fighter, warrior*.

STRÍÐ-VIÐRI, n. *contrary wind*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *severe language*.

STRIP-RENDR, a. *striped, with stripes*.

STRJÚKA (STRÝK; STRAUK, STRUKUM; STROKINN), v. (1) *to stroke, rut, wipe*; s. hendinni um ennit, s. um ennit, *to stroke one's forehead*; *s.* aldri frjálst höfuð, *never to be a free man*; (2) *to stroke gently* (gekk hann jafnan ok strauk hrossunum); (3) *to smooth, brush* (en húskona strauk of ripti); (4) *to flog* (s. e-n til blóðs); (5) *to dash off, run away* (hann strýkr út jafnskjótt ok braut í skóg þegar); þau eru öll strokin, *they are all gone*.

STRJÚPI or STRÚPI, m. *the bleeding trunk or neck, when* the head is cut off

STRÚGR, m. *bile, spleen*.

STRÚTR, m. *pointed hood*.

STRYK, n. *stroke* (merkja ena löngu stafi með stryki).

STRYKR, m. *gust of wind*.

STRÝ, n. *hards, hurds*.

STRÝ-HÆRÐR, a. *tow-haired*.

STRÝKJA (-TA, -TR), v. = strjúka.

STRÆLTR, a. *scattered, dispersed*.

STRÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to take by surprise* (hann vill s. þá árdegis).

STRÆTI, n. *street* (ganga úti um s.).

STRÖND (gen. STRANDAR, pl. STRENDR and STRANDIR), f. (1) *border, edge*; (2) *strand, coast, shore* (lið konungs stendr nú eptir á ströndinni).

STUBBI, STUBBR, m. *stub, stump*.

STUÐILL (pl. STUÐLAR), m. (1) *stud, prop, stay*; (2) *an upright on board ship*; (3) *either of the two alliterative letters* in the odd lines of a verse.

STUÐNING, f. *support*.

STUÐNINGAR-LAUST, adv. *without support* (ganga -laust).

STUÐNINGR, m. = stuðning.

STUFA, f. = stofa.

STULDA-MAÐR, m. *stealer, thief*.

STULDR (-AR, -IR), m. *stealing, theft*.

STUMRA (AÐ), v. *to walk unsteadily*.

STUND (pl. -IR), f. (1) *a certain length of time, a while*; var s. til dags, *it was a while before daybreak*; er á leið stundina, *in the course of time, after a while*; þat var s. ein, *it was but a short time*; er stundir líða (fram), *as time goes on*; dvelja af stundir, *to kill the time*; lítil er líðandi stund, *brief is the fleeting hour*; (2) adverbial phrases; af stundu, *ere long, soon*; af annarri stundu, *'the next while', ere long*; á lítilli stundu, *in a little while*; fyrir stundu, *a while ago*; langri stundu fyrr, *a long while before*; um s., *for a while*; litla (skamma) s., *for* a short while; allar stundir, *always*; alla s., *all the time*; s. af s., s. frá s., *little*

by little, by degrees; stundum (dat.), *at times, sometimes* (3) *little distance, a little way, a bit* (hann stóð s. frá dyrunum); (4) *hour*; tvær stundir dags, *two hours*; (5) *pains, exertion*; leggja s. á e-t, *to take pains about a thing*.

STUND, n. *dust* (gneri hann of andlit honum moldar stundinu).

STUNDA (AÐ), v. *to have one's mind bent upon, be intent upon, care for* (þótti Eiríkr konungr enga þá hluti s. vilja, er landsmönnum væri til nytsemdar); also with preps., s. á e-t, *to strive after* (þessir s. fast á at ræna okkr); s. til e-s, *to strive towards, aim at* (stunduðu báðir til þess, at H. konungr skyldi gefa þeim konungs nafn); ef þit stundið þangat, *if ye proceed thither*; *to seek or cultivate one's friendship* (ef hann vildi s. til Knúts konungs).

STUNDAN, f. (1) *taking interest in*; margir menn er hann áðr hefir haft s. af, *who formerly have cultivated his friendship*; (2) *painstaking* (þú hefir ekki haft fyrir þína s.); (3) *pursuit, industry* (af lífi þínu ok s. munu mikil stór-tíðindi hljótast).

STUNDAR, gen. from 'stund'; with an adj. or adv., *very, quite* (s. heilráðr; mæla s. hátt; kippa s. hart); -BIÐ, f. *brief delay*; -ÉL, n. *brief storm*; -HRIÐ, f. *small interval*; -VEGR, m. *short way, small distance*; -ÞÖGN, f. *brief silence*.

STUNDA-TAPAN, f. *loss of time*.

STUND-LIGA, adv. *with zeal, eagerly*; -LIGR, a. *temporal, worldly*.

STUNDUM, adv. *sometimes, now and then* (see 'stund').

STUNGA, f. *stab* (from a weapon).

STURLA (AÐ), v. *to derange, disturb* (hví sturlar þú hjarta sjálfs þíns?).

STURLAN, f. *(mental) derangement or trouble* (hugar s.).

STUTT-BRŒKR, f. pl. *short trousers or drawers*; -BÚINN, -KLÆDDR, pp. *clad in short clothes* (hann var -klæddr); -LEIKAR, m. pl. *abruptness*; skilja í -leikum, *to part abruptly*; -LEITR, a. *short-faced*; -LIGA, adv. *shortly, abruptly* (mæla -liga til e-s); -LIGR, a. *brief, abrupt*; -MÆLTR, pp. (1) *short-spoken* (-mælir ok fátalaðr); (2) *harsh* (hón var -mælt við sveininn); -ORÐR, a. *short-worded*.

STUTTR, a. (1) *short* (stutt skyrta, s. kyrtill); (2) *scant* (stutt hjálp); (3) *short-spoken, snappish* (konungr svarar stutt ok styggt).

STÚDERA (AÐ), v. *to study*.

STÚFR (-S, -AR), m. *stump*.

STÚKA, f. (1) *sleeve* (cf. 'bryn-, næfrastúka'); (2) *wing* of a building.

STÚLKA, f. *girl, lass* (ung s.).

STÚPA, v. *to stick up* (rare).

STÚRA, f. *gloom, sadness*.

STÚRU-MAÐR, m. *a care-worn man*.

STÚTR, m. *a stumpy thing* (cf.' drykkjarstútr'); *a stump, end*.

STYÐJA (STYÐ, STUDDA, STUDDR), v. (1) *to rest* (one thing on another), esp. so as to support oneself thereby; s. hendi, fœti, *to rest one's hand or foot* on something (annarri hendi styðr hann á herðar Jökli); (2) *to stick, pierce* (þeir Gullveig geirum studdu); (3) s. e-n, *to hold one up, support one*; skriðnaði hann öðrum fæti ok studdi sik með hendinni, *he supported himself with his hand*; (4) fig. *to support, aid* (hann studdi ráðvanda menn í heilræðum); (5) refl, styðjast, *to lean upon* (Á. studdist á øxi sína); s. við konungs borð, *to lean the hands upon the king's table*.

STYGÐ, f. *dislike, aversion*; hafa s. við e-n, *to show dislike to*; mæla af s., *to speak*

disagreeably.

STYGGJA or STYGGYA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to offend* (ek vil þik eigi s.); refl., styggjast e-t, *to shun, abhor* (s. manndráp); s. við e-t, *to be offended with* (það hann eigi s. við þetta); s. við e-u, *to get angry at*.

STYGG-LEIKR, m. *aversion*; -LIGA, adv. *harshly, angrily* (svara, mæla -liga); -LYNDR, a. *hasty-tempered, peevish*.

STYGGR, a. (1) *shy* (s. sauðr, hestr); (2) *showing anger or displeasure* (Þórðr var þá inn styggasti við biskup); mæla styggt, = m. styggliga.

STYKKI, n. *piece, chop* (brytja í s.).

STYN-FULLR, a. *sighing, groaning*.

STYNJA (STYN, STUNDA, STUNIT), v. *to sigh, groan* (s. með sáru brjósti).

STYNR (-S, -IR), m. *moaning, groaning* (sjúkra manna s.).

STYRJA, f. *sturgeon* (fish).

STYRJALDAR-MAÐR, m. *warlike man*.

STYRJ-ÖLD (gen. -ALDAR), f. *fray, tumult, war*; hefir þú þat skap, er engi -öld fylgir, *thou art no man of war*.

STYRKING, f. *strengthening, support* (hann var s. veikra).

STYRKJA (-TÁ, -TR), v. (1) *to make strong*; (2) *to assist* (ek ætla at s. Gunnar at nokkurn); (3) refl., styrkjast, *to be strengthened, get strength*.

STYRKJANDI, STYRKJARI, m. *strengthener*; *supporter*.

STYRK-LEIKR, m. *strength*; -LIGR, a. *strong-looking*, = sterkligr.

STYRKNA (AÐ), v. *to grow strong*.

STYRKR, m. (1) *strength, bodily strength* (hann drakk eigi meira en hann mátti halda styrk sínum); (2) *force*, of war (þóttist Í. konungr øngan styrk til hafa at berjast við Ívar); (3) *strength, resources* (konungr sat löngum í Þrándheimi, þar var mestr s. landsins); (4) *help, assistance* (man hann fá nokkurn styrk til ferðarinnar).

STYRKR (acc. -AN and -JAN), a. *strong* = sterkr (hann hafði styrkja treyju).

STYRKT, f. (1) *strength*; (2) *help, assistance* (til styrktar ok fylgðar).

STYRKTAR-MAÐR, m. *helper*.

STYRMA (-DI, -T), v. (1) *to blow hard, to blow a gale* (gekk um veðrit ok styrmdi at þeim); (2) s. yfir e-m, *to crowd, throng about a person slain or wounded* (styrmdu heimamenn yfir honum).

STYRR (gen. STYRJAR), m. *stir, tumult, brawl* (s. varð í ranni).

STYTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to make short, shorten*; (2) *to gird up a frock* (hann stytti upp um sik kuflinn); s. sik upp, *to tuck up one's clothes*; (3) refl., styttast, *to get angry* (þá tók Helgi at s. ok mælti).

STYTTINGR, m. *unfriendliness*; skilja með styttingi, *to part coldly*.

STÝFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to cut off, chop off* (s. höfuð af e-m).

STÝRA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to steer*, with dat. (s. skipi); s. til váða, *to steer into straits*; s. undan, *to escape*; e-m verðr nær stýrt, *one has a narrow escape*; (2) *to govern, manage* (ríki, lögum); þat mun þó mestu um s., hversu Þórdísi er um gefit, *it will all depend on how Th. likes it*; (3) *to rule, possess* (þó at vér stýrim peningum); þat mun mestri giptu s., *it must bring the best luck*.

STÝRANDI, m. *guider, ruler* (s. himins ok jarðar).

STÝRI, n. *helm, rudder* (sitja við s.); láta vel (illa) at s., *to answer well (ill) to the rudder*.

STÝRI-HAMLA, f. *the loop by which the tiller is worked* (sitja við -hömlu); -LÁTR,

a. *manageable*; -maðr, m. *'steersman', skipper, captain*.

stýrimanna-stefna, f. a meeting of all the skippers of a fleet.

stýrir, m. *captain*, = stýrimaðr.

stýris-hnakki, m. *the back of the* -knappr; -knappr, m. *the top-piece of a rudder*; -stöng, f. *rudder-post*.

stæla (-ta, -tr), v. (1) *to steel, put steel into*; sverð stælt af eitri, *a sword tempered with poison*; (2) *to intercalate* (a poem) *with parenthetic sentences* (stál).

stœkka (að), v. (1) *to make bigger* = stœra 1; (2) refl., stœkkast, *to become larger or bigger*.

stœra (-ði, -t), v. (1) impers., of the wind or sea, *it swells, waxes rough* (stærði veðrin; sjó tók at s.); (2) refl., stœrast, *to pride oneself, boast*.

stœrð, f. *pride*; taka s., *to become proud*. Cf. 'stórleikr' (2).

stöð (gen. stöðvar, pl. stöðvar), f. (1) *landing-place, berth, harbour*; (2) *place, position, context*, = staða; *dwelling-place, abode*; þú latt und stöðum hreina, *thou didst lie in the reindeers' lairs*.

støðr, f. pl. = steðr; see 'stoð'.

stöðu-, gen. from 'staða'; -brunnr, m. *a well of still water*.

stöðug-leikr, m. *steadfastness, firmness*; -ligr, a. *steadfast, firm*.

stöðugr, a. *steady, stable* (varð honum eigi stöðugt hjartat, þá er Þórr kom); gøra e-t stöðugt, *to resolve*.

stöðul-gerði, n. *a fence around a* 'stöðull'.

stöðull (dat. stöðli), m. *milking-pen* for cows (konur vóru á stöðli).

stöðuls-hlið, n. *an* opening in the stöðul-gerði.

stöðu-merki, n. *standard*; -vatn, n. *pond, lake*.

stöðva (að), v. (1) *to stop* (hann stöðvaði her sinn); s. sik, *to halt*; hann stöðvar sik ekki, *he does not check his course*; s. blóð, *to stop bleeding*; (2) *to soothe, calm down*; s. sik, *to contain oneself* (Grettir gat þá eigi stöðvat sik); (3) refl., stöðvast, *to stop oneself, calm down* (stöðvaðist Dana-herr); *to be fixed* (stöðvast þá sú ráðagerð).

stökkr, m. *stir, disturbance*; koma stökk í lið þeirra, *to put them to flight*; í stökki, *suddenly*.

stökkr, a. (1) *brittle* (koparr harðr ok s.); (2) *slippery* (sólinn var s.).

stökkull, m. *sprinkler* (dreifa blóði með stökkli).

støkkva (støkk; stökk, stukkum; stokkinn), v. (1) *to leap, spring*; *s. hátt, to make a high leap*; þeir stukku upp, *they sprang to their feet*; s. af baki, *to leap off the horse*; (2) of things, *to spring*; fótrinn stökk ór liði, *the foot sprang out of joint*; hringrinn stökk í tvá hluti, *sprang in two*; sundr stökk súla, *the pillar flew asunder*; (3) *to take to flight, flee away* (s. á flótta, ór landi, undan); (4) impers., Flosa stukku aldri hermdar-yrði, *angry -words never escaped from Flosi's mouth*.

støkkva (-ta, -t), v. (1) *to cause to spring, make to start, drive away* (s. úaldar-flokki þessum); s. e-m ór landi, *to drive one out of the land*; (2) *to sprinkle* (støkti hann vígðu vatni um allt skipit); (3) *to besprinkle* (hann støkkvir blóði himin ok jörð).

støkkvi-víg, n. pl. *isolated cases of manslaughter*.

stöng (gen. stangar; pl. stangir and stengr), f. (1) *staff, pole* (taka mikla s. ok binda við hvíta blæju); (2) *a standard-*

pole, = merkis-stöng (jarl tók merkit af stönginni); láta menn ganga undir s., *to make them go under the staff* (in order to be counted); bera fé til stangar or stanga, *to carry the goods to the banner* (in order to be rightfully distributed).

STÖPLA (AÐ), v. impers., stórum stöplar nú yfir, *the sea dashes over the boat*; refl., stöplast, *to be spilt* (stöp-luðust yfir kerit nökkurir dropar); stöplaðist út af kerinu, *a little was spilt out of the beaker*.

STÖPULL (dat. STÖPLI), m. (1) *steeple, tower* (hljópu þeir upp í stöpulinn); (2) *pillar*, = stólpi (s. fór fyrir þeim).

STÖPUL-SMÍÐ, f. *building a tower*.

SUÐR, n. *the south* (veðr var á suðri); frá suðri, *from* the south.

SUÐR, adv. (1) *south, southwards*; ríða s., *to ride south*; s. horfðu dyrr, *the doors faced the south*; ganga (fara) s., *to go south on a pilgrimage* (to Rome or Palestine); s. af kirkju, *to the south of the church*; hjá haugi Gunnars s. frá, *by Gunnar's grave-mound, on the south side of it*; (2) *in the south* (hann dvaldist s. í landi).

SUÐR-BÚR, n. *south bower, south room*; -DYRR, f. pl. *south doors*.

SUÐR-EYJAR, f. pl. *the Hebrides*.

SUÐR-EYSKR, a. *from the Hebrides*; -FERÐ, -FÖR, f. (1) *a journey to the south*; (2) *pilgrimage* (to Rome); -GANGA, f. = -för; -HAF, n. *the South-sea*; -HALLR, a. *inclining to the south* (sverja eiða at sól inni -höllu); -HÁLFA, f. *the southern region*; -LAND, n. (1) *the south shore of a fjord*; (2) pl., -LÖND, *the southlands, Saxony, Germany*; -MAÐR, m. *southerner*, esp. *a Saxon, German*; -REIÐ, f. *a journey to the south*; -RÍKI, n. *the southern empire*, esp. Central and Southern Europe; -STRÖND, f. *the south shore*; -STÚKA, f. *the south wing* of a building; -VEGAR, m. pl. *the southern lands*; vera á -vegum, *on a pilgrimage*; -VEGGR, m. *the southern wall*; -ÞJÓÐ, f. *southern people*; -ÆTT, f. *the south*.

SUÐ-RŒNN, a. *southern* (drósir -rœnar dýrt lín spunnu); var á -rænt, *a south wind was blowing*.

SUFL, n. *whatever is eaten with bread*; '*kitchen*'.

SUKK, n. (1) *noise, disturbance, tumult* (kenslupiltar gerðu s. í kirkjunni); (2) *reckless living*; hafa allt í sukki, *to be extravagant or wasteful*.

SUKKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to make a disturbance*; (2) *to squander, waste*, with dat. (hann hafði sukkat gózi hins heilaga Ólafs).

SULLR (pl. -IR), m. *boil* (s. á fæti).

SULTAR-KVÍ, f. '*famine-fold*'.

SULTR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *hunger* (deyja af sulti); (2) *famine* (þá var s. mikill í Noregi).

SUMAR (dat. SUMRI, pl. SUMUR), n. *summer*; um sumarit, *in the course of the summer, during the summer*; at sumri, *next summer*; mitt *s.*, *midsummer*; í s., *this summer*.

SUMAR-AUKI, m. '*summer-eke*', *an intercalary week*, inserted every seventh year at the end of summer; -ÁVÖXTR, m. *the summer produce*; -BJÖRG, f. *summer work* (for one's support during the winter); -BÚ, n. *summer-stock*; -DAGR, m. *summer's day*; -dagrinn fyrsti, *the first day of summer*; -FANG, n. *summer produce, summer catch*; -FULLR, a. *full as in summer* (fara -fullum dagleiðum); -GAMALL, a. a *summer old*; -HAGI, m. *summer pasture*; -HITI, m. *summer heat*; -HOLD, n. pl. *summer flesh on cattle*; -HÖLL, f. *summer palace*; -KAUP, n. *summer wages*; -LANGT,

adv. *during the summer*; -LIGR, a. *summer-like*; -MAGN, n. *midsummer-tide*; at -magni, *in the height of summer*; -MÁL, n. pl. *the first days of summer* (um várit at -málum).

SUMARMÁLA-DAGR, m., -dagr hinn fyrsti, *the first day of summer*; -HELGR, f. *the Sunday that falls in the beginning of the summer*.

SUMAR-NÁTT, f. *summer night*.

SUMARR, m. = sumar.

SUMAR-SKEIÐ, n. *summer-season*; -TÍÐ, f., -TÍMI, m. *summer-time*; -VERK, n. *summer work*; -VIÐR, m. *wood for use in summer*.

SUMBL, n. *banquet*; gøra s., *to make a feast*; -SAMR, a. *given to, desirous of, banqueting*.

SUMR, a. *some*; þá féll áin sum í landsuðr, *a branch of the stream ran away to the south-east*; á sumu landinu, *in some part of the land*; þó gekk sumt eptir, *still some things came to pass*; *sums kostar, partly*; sums staðar, *in some places*; SUMIR, *some people*; sumir … sumir, sumir … aðrir, *some … others*.

SUMRA (AÐ), v. *to become summer*.

SUMRUNGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *an animal a summer old*; (2) *summer -workman*.

SUNAR-, = sonar-, genitive sing. of 'sonr'; -LIGR, a. *filial*.

SUND, n. *swimming* (kasta sér á s.); á sundi, *swimming*; með sundi, *by means of swimming* (hann komst með sundi til lands).

SUND, n. (1) *sound, strait, channel* (var þar s. í milli eyjanna); (2) *a narrow passage between houses, lane* (þar vóru fimm menn í sundinu); (3) *a small space, interval* (fór G. aldri harðara eptir en s. var í milli þeira).

SUNDA-LEIÐ, f. *a course leading through straits*.

SUND-FARAR, f. pl., -FERÐ, f. *swimming*; -FIMI, f. *adroitness in swimming*; -FJÖÐR, f. *fin*; -FŒRR, a. *able to swim* (þú ert vel -færr, Íslendingr); -FÖT, n. pl. *swimming clothes* (vera í -fötum); -HREIFI, m. *swimming-paw, flipper* (of a seal); -ÍÞRÓTT, f. *the art of swimming*; -KLÁÐI, n. pl. = -föt.

SUNDLA (AÐ), v. impers., mik sundlar, *I am giddy, my head turns*.

SUND-LAUG, f. *swimming-bath*; -LEIKAR, m. pl. *swimming sports*; -LÆTI, n. pl. *swimming movements*; -MÓÐR, a. *tired with swimming*.

SUNDR, adv. *asunder*, = í s. (skipta, deila, hluta s.); segja e-u s., *to declare at an end* (segja friði í s.).

SUNDRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to cut in pieces, cut up*, a killed beast (s. hjörtinn); (2) *to break up* (mun hón gefa til nökkut ráð at sundra ást þeira).

SUNDR-BORINN, pp. *of different origin*; -BROTNA (AÐ), v. *to break asunder*; -DREIFA (-ða, -ðr), v. *to scatter, disperse*; -GREIN, f. (1) *distinction*; (2) *discord*; -GREINILIGR, a. *different, various*.

SUNDRGØRÐA-MAÐR, m. *one who distinguishes himself from others*, esp. *in dress* (skartsamr ok -maðr mikill).

SUNDR-GØRÐIR, f. pl. *new or striking fashions in dress*.

SUNDRINGUM, adv. *scatteredly*.

SUNDR-LAUSS, a. (1) *not continuous, scattered* (lítil bygð ok -laus); fara -laust, *to go in loose order*; (2) *not bound together*, opp. to 'samfastr'; -laus orð, *prose*; -LEITR, a. *heterogeneous, at variance* (eru mjök -leitir siðir varir); -LIGR, -LÍKR, a. *different*; -LITR, a. = -leitr; -LYNDI, n. *dis-*

cord; -lyndr, a. *disagreeing*; -mœðr, a. *born of* a different mother; -orða, a. indecl., verða -orða, *to come to words*; -skila, -skilja, a. indecl., verða -skila, skilja, *to be separated*; -skipti, n. *sundering*, separation; -skiptiligr, a. *divisible*; -skipting, f. = -skipti; -skorning, f. *a cutting asunder*; -slita, a. indecl. *scattered, torn asunder* (fara -slita).

sundrung, f. *sundering, scattering*.

sundr-þykki, n., -þykkja, f. *discord*; -þykkjast, v. refl. *to fall out, quarrel*; -þykkr, a. *disagreeing, dissenting*; -þykt, f. *discord*.

sund-vörðr, m. *'sound-warder'*.

sunna, f. *sun*, = sól.

sunnan, adv. (1) *from the south* (koma, fara, ríða s.); (2) *on the south side*, = at s. (þá sást mannareið upp með Hvítá at s.); fyrir s. land, *in the south of the land*; *fyrir s. nesit, south of the ness*; with gen., s. Rínar, *south of the Rhine*.

sunnan-ferð, f. *journey from the south*; -herr, m. *southern army*; -lands, adv. *in the south part of the country*; -maðr, m. *southerner*; -veðr, *southerly wind*; -verðr, a. *southern* (á -verðum himins enda er sá salr); -vert England, *the southern part of E.*; -vindr, m. = -veðr.

sunnar, adv. compar. *more to the south*; -la, -liga, adv. *towards the south* (þeir tóku Nóreg -liga).

sunnarst, adv. *most to the south*.

sunn-lendingr, m. *a man from the south of Iceland*.

sunn-lenzkr, a. *southern, from the south*; -maðr, m. *Southerner, German* (-manna gramr).

sunnu-dagr, m. *Sunday*.

sunr, m. *son*, = sonr.

súð, f. *overlapping edge of a board* (in clinker-built boats or ships).

súð-þaktr, pp. *covered with over-lapping boards*, of a house.

súga (sýg; saug or só, sugum; soginn), v. *to suck* (sveinninn saug hana dauða).

súl, f. *pillar, column*.

súla, f. (1) = súl (sú höll stendr á súlum); (2) *gannet, solan-goose*.

súpa (sýp; saup, supum; sopinn), v. *to sip, drink* (s. skyr); s. á, *to take a sip*; *to sip* (hann saup á þrjá sopa).

sura, f. *sorrel*.

súr-eygr, a. *blear-eyed* (úskygn ok -eygr); -leikr, m. *sourness*.

súrna (að), v. *to become sour*; súrnar í augum, *the eyes smart* (from smoke).

súrr, a. (1) *sour* (súrt vín); (2) *bitter, unpleasant* (s. ertu dauði).

súr-skapr, m. *unfriendliness*.

sús-breki, m. *grief, affliction* (poet.).

sút (pl. -ir), f. (1) *sickness* (eptir þat fær hann s. mikla ok liggr í rekkju um hríð); (2) *grief, sorrow, affliction* (snýst þessi hátíð í s. ok grát); ala s., *to pine, feel care*.

sútari, m. *tanner*.

sút-fenginn, a. *mournful, sorrowful*; -fullr, a. = -fenginn (-fult hjarta); -ligr, a. *painful*.

svað, n., svaði, m. *slippery place, slipperiness* (s. var á vellinum); fig., var við svað um at mart manna mundi drukkna, *it was imminent that many people would be drowned*.

svaðil-ferð, -för, f. *unlucky journey, disaster* (fara -ferð fyrir e-m; veita e-m -farar).

svaðill, m. = svaðil-ferð (fara svaðil fyrir e-m).

svaðils-ferð, f. = svaðilferð.

svagla (að), v. *to gurgle*.

svala, f. *swallow*.

svala (að), v. *to chill, cool*; svalar e-m, *one becomes cool*.

svalar, f. pl., a kind of *balcony* along a wall (ganga út í s.).

sval-brjóstaðr, a. *cold-hearted*.

svali, m. *coolness, coldness*.

sval-kaldr, a. *cool, chilly*.

svalr, a. *cool, fresh* (vindr gerðist á mikill ok s.).

svan-brúðr, f. *female swan*; -fjöðr, f. *a swan's feather*.

svangi, m. *the groins*.

svangr, a. (1) *slim, slender, thin* (svipta söðli af svöngum jó); (2) *hungry* (lézt hann vera s. ok þyrstr).

svang-rifja, a. indecl. *bare-ribbed*.

svan-hvítr, a. *white as a swan*.

svanni, m. poet. *lady*.

svanr (pl. -ir), m. *swan*.

svar, n. *reply, answer*, only in pl., svör; sitja fyrir svörum, halda upp svörum, *to be answerable, take the responsibility*; veita svör fyrir e-n, *to defend one, stand up for one*.

svara (að), v. (1) *to reply, answer*, absol. or with double dat., s. e-m e-u (því mun ek s. þér um þetta, er satt er); (2) *to answer (in a suit)*; *s.* máli fyrir e-n, *to answer for one in a suit*; (3) s. fyrir e-n *or* e-t, *to answer (be answerable, responsible) for* (ek skal þar fyrir s.); s. skilum fyrir, *to render account for*.

svara-bróðir, m. = svaribróðir.

svar-dagi, m. *oath, promise upon oath* (binda e-t -dögum).

svarð-fastr, a. *covered with sward* (-fast land); -lauss, a. *without greensward*; -lykkja, f. *a loop of walrus-rope*; -reiði, m. *tackle of walrus-hides*; -reip, n. *a rope of walrus-hide* (reip þau er svarðreip heita); -svipa, f. *a whip of walrus-hide*.

svarf, n. (1) *file-dust*; (2) *a hard fray, broil, tumult* (hann ríðr at í þessu svarfi); (3) *robbery, extortion* (með ránum ok svörfum).

svarfa (að), v. *to upset* (Þorgils svarfaði taflinu); refl., svarfast, *to be turned upside down* (taflit svarfaðist); s. um, *to cause a great tumult, make havoc* (H. svarfaðist þar um).

svarfan, f. *a wild fray, uproar*.

svarf-samr, a. *turbulent*.

svari-bróðir, m. *a sworn brother, confederate*; cf. 'svarabróðir'.

svarka (að), v. see 'svárka'.

svarkr, m. *a haughty woman*.

svarning, f. *conspiracy*.

svarri, m. *a haughty woman*.

svar-stuttr, a. *giving short replies*.

svartaðr, pp. *dyed black*.

svarta-svipr, m. *deep gloom, grief*.

svart-álfar, m. pl. *black elves*; -bakr, m. *black-backed gull*; -blesóttr, a. *black-headed with a white stripe*, of a horse; -brúnn, a. *dark-brown*; -eygðr, -eygt, a. *black-eyed*; -flekkóttr, a. *black-flecked*; -fygli, n. *black-gulls*; -jarpr, a. *dark-brown*; -klæddr, pp. *clad in black*; -kollr, m. *black-pate*, a nickname; -leggja, f. *an axe with a black handle*; -leitr, a. *swarthy*.

svartmunka-klaustr, n., -lifnaðr, m., -lífi, n. *Dominican convent*.

svart-munkr, m. *black friar, Dominican*.

svartr, a. (1) *black* (s. sem hrafn; s. hestr); (2) fig. *baneful, disastrous* (þat svarta hallærit mun koma).

svart-skeggjaðr, a. *black-bearded*.

svá, adv. (1) *so, thus*; ertu Íslenzkr

maðr? — hann sagði, at s. var, *he said it was so*; svá er sagt, at, *it is told that*; (2) joined with another particle, svá … ok, *both … and*; s. starf ok torveldi, *both toil and trouble*; s. ráns-maðrinn ok okrkarlinn, *the robber as well as the usurer*; ok svá, *and also, as also*; sumarit ok s. um vetrinn, *the summer, as also the winter*; fögr augu ok s. snarlig, *fair eyes and also sharp*; (3) *so*, denoting degree (œrit mun hann stórvirkr, en eigi veit ek, hvárt hann er s. góðvirkr); Gunnarr spyrr, hví Njáli þœtti þetta s. úráðligt, *why he thought this so unwise*; ekki meirr en s., *not more than so, so and no more*; (4) followed by an adjective and 'at', s. ríkr, góðr, mikill, margir, fáir … at, *so mighty, good, great, many, few … that*; s. at, *so that*; kaldr (sjúkr) svá, at, *so cold (sick) that*; contracted 'svát', svát ek muna, *that (so far as) I remember*; with a gen., Hallfreðr er svá manna, at ek skil sízt, *H. is such a man as I never can make out*; hón er s. kvenna (= hón er s. af konum), at mér er mest um at eiga, *she is just such a woman as I most want*; (5) svá … sem, *as … as*; hárit var s. fagrt sem silki, *as fair (soft) as silk*; s. vel sem þér ferr, *well as thou behavest*; (6) *so, then* (gengu þeir norðr yfir hálsinn ok s. fram á Rastarkálf); (7) joined to an adj. or adv., *about, pretty much*; slíkar s. fortölur, *somewhat such persuasion*; þat mun þó s. nær fara, *yet it will be just on the verge of that*; nakkvat s., *somewhat so*; fegnir nakkvat (nökkut) s., *rather glad*; mjök s., *almost, very nearly, all but* (mjök s. kominn at bana).

SVÁ-GI, adv. *not so, nor yet* (vildi eigi, at þeir léti eignir sínar, svági konur eða börn); -gort, -gurt, see 'sogörr'; svana, adv. *thus*.

SVÁRKA (AÐ), v. *to speak heavily*; *to complain, grumble*.

SVÁRR, a. *heavy, grave* (poet.).

SVÁS-LIGR, a. *lovely, delightful* (þat er kallat -ligt, er blítt er).

SVÁSS, a. *sweet, dear, beloved* (poet.); cf. 'úsvass' (used in prose).

SVÁT, contracted for 'svá at'.

SVEÐJA (SVEÐR, SVADDI, —), v. *to slide, glance off*, of a sword (sverðit sveðr af stálhörðum hjálmi).

SVEFJA (SVEF, SVAFÐA, SVAFÐR), v. *to lull to sleep, assuage, soothe* (s. e-n, s. reiði e-s); döglingr bað þik, at þú sárdropa s. skyldir, *to stay the bleeding wounds*; refl., svefjast, *to be appeased or soothed*.

SVEFN, m. (1) *sleep* (ganga til svefns); s. rennr (sígr) á e-n, *one dozes off, falls asleep*; vera í sveini, við s., *to be asleep*; (2) *dream* (illt er s. slíkan at segja nauðmanni); þér er svefns, *thou dreamest*.

SVEFNA-SÝNIR, f. pl. *dream-visions*.

SVEFN-BÚR, n. *sleeping-bower, bedroom*; -FARIR, f. pl. *dreams*; -GAMAN, n. '*dream-joy*', poet. *the night*; -HERBERGI, -HÚS, n. *sleeping-room*; -HVÍLD, f. *rest to sleep*; -HÖFGI, m. *heaviness from sleep, drowsiness*; -HÖFUGR, a. *heavy with sleep, drowsy*; e-m er (gerir) -höfugt, *one is (gets) drowsy*; -HÖLL, f. *sleeping-hall*.

SVEFNI, n. (1) *sleepiness*; (2) *cohabitation* (brjóta konu til svefnis).

SVEFN-INNI, n. *sleeping-room*; -KLEFI, m. = -inni; -LAUSS, a. *sleepless*; -LEYSI, n. *sleeplessness*; -LOPT, n. *sleeping-loft*; -MÁL, n. *sleeping-time*; -ÓRAR, m. pl. *dream-phantasms*; -SAMT, a. n., e-m verðr ekki -samt, *one is sleepless*; -SEL, n. *sleeping-shed* (on a mountain pasture);

-skáli, m. *sleeping-hall*; -skemma, -stofa, f. = -búr; -stund, f. *sleeping-hour*; -styggr, a. *sleeping lightly*; -tíð, f. = -stund; -tími, m. = -mál.

svefnugr (f. pl. svefngar), a. *sleepy* (hann var s. ok fastaði lítit).

svefn-vana, a. indecl. *wanting sleep*; -þorn, m. *'sleep-thorn'*; stinga e-n -þorni *or* e-m -þorn, *to stick one with the sleep-thorn* (of a charmed sleep); -þungi, m. *drowsiness*, = -höfgi; -œrr, a. *confused with sleep*.

svei, interj. *fie!* s. þér, *fíe upon thee!*

sveif (pl. -ar), f. *tiller*.

sveifla (að), v. *to swing, sweep* (s. sverði, exi til e-s).

sveifla, f. *swing, swinging*.

sveigingar-orð, n. pl. *reprimand*.

sveigja (-ða, -ðr), v. (1) *to bow, bend*; s. boga, *to bend (draw) the bow*; s. hörpu, *to strike the harp*; muntu s. (opp. to 'bretta') þinn hala, *thou shall let thy tail droop*; ætla ek, at lögin muni sveigð hafa verit, *that the law was wrested*; s. til við e-n, til samþykkis við e-n, *to give way, yield somewhat*; (2) refl., sveigjast, *to be swayed, sway* (þá tók at s. hugr jarls); láta s. eptir e-s vilja, *to accommodate oneself to another's wishes*.

sveigr (gen. -ar), m. a kind of *head-dress, snood (s.* var á höfði).

sveim, n. *bustle, tumult*, = sveimr (í eyjunum var sveim mikil).

sveima (að), v. *to wander about, roam* (þeir sveimuðu um bœinn ok drápu mart af Birkibeinum).

sveimr, m. *tumult, stir*, = sveim.

sveina-, gen. pl. from 'sveinn'; -drep, n. *the massacre of the innocents*; -leikr, m. *game of boys*.

svein-barn, n. *male child*; -dómr, m. boyhood, youth.

sveinn (-s, -ar), m. (1) *boy* (sveinar tveir léku á gólfinu); (2) in addressing grown-up men, *boys, lads* (hart ríði þér, sveinar!); (3) *servant, attendant* (þeir vissu, at hann var s. Gunnhildar); *squire, page*.

svein-piltr, -stauli, m. *boy, youth*.

sveipa (að), v. (1) *to sweep, stroke* (hann sveipaði hárinu fram yfir höfuð sér); Þ. sveipar öxinni til hans, *Th.* sweeps at him with the axe; hann sveipaði til sverðinu, *he swept round him with the sword*; (2) *to swathe, wrap* (lét hann s. skipit allt fyrir ofan sjá með grám tjöldum); líkit var sveipat líndúkum, *the corpse was wrapped in linen*; hann sveipar sik í skikkju sinni, *he wrapped himself in his mantle*.

sveipa (-tá, -tr), v. (1) *to sweep*; hann sveipti af sér flugunni, *he swept (drove) the fly away*; hárit er sveipt í enninu, *his hair curls on the forehead*; (2) *to swaddle, wrap*, = sveipa (að), (fœddi hón barn ok var þat sveipt klæðum).

sveipa (sveipr, sveip, sveipinn), v. (1) *to cast*; sveip sínum hug, *he turned his mind*; (2) *to wrap, swaddle*; kona sveip karl ripti, *she swaddled him in linen*; eldi sveipinn, *encircled by fire*; cf. sveipa (að).

sveipa, f. *kerchief, hood*.

sveipan, f. *a wild fray, tumult*.

sveipr, m. (1) *fold, folding*; s. í hári, *a curl in the hair, curly hair*; (2) a kind of *head-dress*, = sveigr; (3) *a sudden stir, disturbance* (opt verðr s. í svefni).

sveip-vísi, f. *treachery* (sýn var -vísi); -víss, a. *treacherous, false*.

sveit (pl. -ir), v. (1) *body of men, small detachment* (liði var skipt í sveitir, tólf mönnum saman); (2) *company, train* (ek

var með hánum ok í hans s.); þeir héldu s. um jólin, *they held revels at Yule*; (3) *community, district, county* (*gekk* pat hallæri um allar sveitir).

SVEITA-, gen. fróm 'sveiti'; -BORA, f. *sweat-pore*; -DÚKR, m. *'sweat-cloth', napkin*.

SVEITAR-BÓT, f. *an* acquisition to a party (þykkir oss -bót at bróður þínum); -DRÁTTR, m. *faction*; -DRYKKJA, f. *drinking party* (drekka -drykkju); -GENGI, n. *help from a party*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *a captain of a* sveit (1); -MAÐR, m. *a man of a party or of a community*; -RÆKR, a. *expelled from a district* (gera e-n -rækan); -SKIPAN, f. *administration of a district*; -VIST, f. *abode in a district*.

SVEITAST (TT), v. refl. *to sweat* (s. blóði, viðsmjörvi).

SVEIT-BÚI, m. *a man of the same district, comrade*.

SVEITI, m. (1) *sweat*; spratt honum s. í enni, *the sweat burst out upon his brow*; fá sveita, *to get into a perspiration*; (2) *blood*; þar sitr Sigurðr sveita stokkinn, *stained with blood*.

SVEITIR, SVEITUGR, a. *in a perspiration* (Þ. var þá sveitir mjök).

SVEITUNGAR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *a man of the same company, comrade* (vil ek fylgja sveitungum mínum); (2) *follower*; Magnús ok hans sveitungar, *M.* and his men; (3) *one belonging to the same district* (at þú komir mér í sætt við sveitunga mína).

SVELGA (SVELG; SVALG, SULGUM; SÓLGINN), v. (1) *to swallow* (mun hón sólgit hafa yrmling nökkurn); jörðin svalg hestinn með öllum reiðingi, *the earth swallowed up the horse and all his harness*; (2) absol. *to take a deep draught* (hann lekr al drekka ok sveigr allstórum).

SVELGJA (only in infin. and pres. SVELGIR), v. = svelga.

SVELGR, m. (1) *swirl, whirlpool* (var þar eptir s. í hafinu); (2) *swallower, spendthrift*.

SVELL, n. *sheet of ice*.

SVELLA (SVELL; SVALL, STILLUM; SOLLINN), v. *to swell* (sár pat tók at s. ok þrútna); of wrath, anger (nú svall Sturlungum mjök móðr).

SVELLÓTTR, a. *covered with sheets of ice* (nú er snjálaust ok svellótt).

SVELTA (SVELT; SVALT, SULTUM; SOLTINN), v. (1) *to die* (nema þú Sigurð s. látir); (2) *to starve, suffer hunger*; *s.* í hel (til heljar, til bana), *to die of starvation*.

SVELTA (-LTA, -LTR), v. (1) *to put to death* (svinna systrungu sveltir þú í helli); (2) *to starve*; s. e-n í hel, *to* starve one to death; s. sik til fjár, *to get money by starving oneself*.

SVELTI-KVÍ, f. *a pen in which sheep are put to starve*.

SVENGD, f. *hunger* (s. ok þorsti).

SVENGJAST, v. refl. *to grow thin in the belly or waist*.

SVENSKR, a. *Swedish*, = sœnskr.

SVERÐ, n. *sword*; taka við sverði konungs, *to lay one's hand on the hilt of the sword in the king's hand* (in token of homage), *to enter his service* (nú skaltu vera þegn hans, er þú tókt við sverði hans).

SVERÐ-BERARI, m. *sword-bearer*; -FETILL, m. *sword-strap*; -FISKR, m. *sword-fish*.

SVERÐS-BROT, n. pl. *fragments of a broken sword*; -EGG, f. *sword's edge*; -FETILL, m. = sverðfetill; -HJÖLT, n. pl. *sword-hilt*; -HÖGG, n. *sword-stroke*.

SVERÐ-SKÁLPR, m. *scabbard*; -SKÓR, m.

the chape of a scabbard; -skreið, f. *sword-cutlery*; -skriði, m. *sword-cutler* (sverðskriða búðir).

sverðs-oddr, m. *point of a sword*.

sverð-taka, f. *'sword-taking'*, as a token of homage, cf. 'sverð'; -takari, m. *'sword-taker', a king's man*.

sverfa (sverf; svarf, surfum; sorfinn), v. *to file* (svarf hann með snarpri þél); láta s. til stáls, see 'stál'; sverfr at, *it presses hard*.

sverja (sver; sór, svór or svarða; svarinn), v. (1) *to swear*; s. við guðin, við höfuð sitt, *to swear by the gods, by one's head*; s. e-m trúnaðareiða, *to take the oaths of allegiance to one*; s. e-m e-t, *to swear a thing to one, promise upon oath* (þeir svörðu Sveini land ok þegna); s. þess at, s. um, at, *to swear that* (viltu s. mér þess, at þú vildir eigi at mér fara? konungr sór um, at þat skyldi hann vel efna); (2) recipr., sverjast í fóstbrœðralag, *to swear brotherhood by mutual oath*.

sve-víss, *a.*, *false*, = sveipvíss.

svið, n. pl. *singed sheep's heads*.

sviða, f. (1) *turning*, in 'saltsviða'; (2) *singed thing*, in 'höfuðsviða'.

sviða, f. *a kind of weapon, cutlass*.

sviða-, gen. from 'sviði'; -lauss, a. *free from burning pain*.

svið-eldr, m. = sviðu-eldr.

sviði, m. *the smart from burning* (hann kennir sár ok sviða).

sviðna (að), v. *to be singed* (þar á Herkju hendr sviðnuðu).

sviðningr, m. *burnt woodland*.

sviðu-eldr, m. *fire for singeing sheep's heads*; -fölski, m. *ashes*.

sviðu-skapt, n. *handle of a* sviða.

svif, n. (1) *swinging round, veering*, of a ship; (2) in pl. *nick of time*; í þeim svifum, *at* that moment.

svig, n. *bend, curve*; fara (ganga) í s. við e-n, *to pass (go) in a circuit so as to meet one* (þeir fóru svá í s. við konung, at þeir hittu hann at öðru hverju); vinna (fá) s. á e-m, *to make one give way, get the better of, overcome*.

svigi, m. *switch* (hann tók einn sviga ok ætlar at berja piltinn með).

svigna (að), v. *to bend, give way* (gerðu Gotar atgöngu svá harða, at fylking Húna svignaði fyrir).

svik, n. pl. (1) *fraud, treason*; ráða s. við e-n, sitja á svikum við e-n, *to plot against one*; (2) *poison*; gefa; -m s., *to poison one*.

svika-drykkr, m. *poisoned drink*; -fullr, a. *treacherous*; -lauss, a. *guileless, free from treason*.

svikall, a. *treacherous* (jarl var útrúr ok s. við vini ok úvini).

svika-maðr, svikari, m. *traitor*.

svik-dómr, m. *treason*; -fullr, a. *treacherous*; -liga, adv. *treacherously*; -ligr, a. *treacherous*; -lyndr, a. *false-minded*; -mall, a. *false-spoken*; -ráð, n. pl. *treachery*; sitja á -ráðum við e-n, *to plot against one*; -ræði, n. = -ráð; -samliga, adv. *treacherously*; -samligr, a. *treacherous*; -samr, a. *false*; -semd, f. *treachery*.

svilar, m. pl. *husbands of two sisters*.

svima (að), v. *to swim* (hann svimaði yfir ána); cf. next.

svima or svimma (svim or svimm; svam, svamm, svámum, summum; svimit, summit), v. *to swim* (svámu sumir yfir ána); fig., s. í fullsælu, *to swim in abundance*.

svimi, m. *swimming in the head, giddiness* (slá, ljósta e-n í svima).

svimma, v., see 'svima'.

SVIMRA (AÐ), v. impers., e-n svimrar, *one gets giddy, is stunned by a blow* (Rögnvald svimraði við, því at höggit var mikit).

SVÍNA (AÐ), v. *to subside, go down*, of something swollen.

SVINNA, f. *sagacity, good sense*.

SVINN-HUGAÐR, a. *wise*; -LIGR, a. *sensible* (þat er svinnligra en, *etc.*).

SVINNR, a. (1) *swift*; only in, svinn Rín, *the rapid Rhine*; (2) *wise, judicious*; sá er s., er sik kann, *he is wise who knows how to moderate himself*.

SVINNR, m. *good sense, reason*; snúa á svinn sínu ráði, *to turn to reason, mend one's ways*.

SVIPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to move swiftly*, of a sudden but noiseless motion (fugl einn fló inn um glugginn ok svipaði um húsit); (2) refl., svipast at e-u *or* eptir e-u, *to* look after (s. at hrossum); s. um, *to look around (svipuðust menn um ok fannst hann eigi í liðinu)*.

SVIPA (AÐ), v. *to whip, horsewhip*.

SVIPA, f. *whip* (hann hafði svipu í hendi ok keyrði hana).

SVIPAÐR, pp. *looking so and so*; s. illa = svipillr.

SVIPAN, f. (1) *swinging, sweeping*; at sverða s., *while the swords are sweeping*; með svá harðri s., *so quickly*; (2) *fight* (varð þar hörð s.); (3) *the nick of time, moment* (í þeiri s. féll Þorgils).

SVIP-ILLR, a. *ill-looking*; -LIGA, adv. *smartly* (förum vér nú helzti -liga); -LIGR, a. (1) *unstable, transient* (-lig sæla); (2) *having a displeased air* (ekki sýndist henni konan sviplig); -LYNDR, a. *fickle-minded*; -MIKILL, a. *imposing* (-mikill drengr).

SVIPR, m. (1) *a sweeping movement*; (2) *sudden loss* (frændum Hrafns þótti mikill s., er hann fór í brott); (3) *a brief glimpse of a person*; *a fleeting, evanescent appearance* (Olafr vaknaði ok þóttist sjá svip konunnar); (4) *look, countenance* (þik hefi ek sét honum líkastan at svip).

SVIP-STUND, f. *moment, twinkling of an eye* (þat var -stund ein áðr stofan brann svá at hon fell ofan).

SVIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. (1) *to throw, fling* (hón svipti honum á herðar sér); s. borðum, *to remove the tables*; *s.* e-u ofan, *to sweep off, knock down* (þeir sviptu ofan öllum goðunum af stöllunum); bjarndýrit svipti honum undir sik, *the bear got him under*; (2) *to reef* (veðr óx í hönd ok bað Bjarni þá s.); s. seglunum, *to reef the sails*; s. til eins rifs, *to take in all reefs but one*; (3) *to strip, deprive*, s. e-n e-u (hann sviptir hana faldinum); also, s. e-n af e-u (s. e-n af sínum hlut); (4) refl., sviptast, *to tug, wrestle* (tókust þeir konungr í hendr ok sviptust fast).

SVIPTA, f. *loss* (hann kvað sér sviptu at þeira skilnaði).

SVIPTI-KISTA, f. *a movable chest*.

SVIPTINGAR, f. pl. *tugging-wrestling, tussle* (váru þær s. all-harðar).

SVIPTIR, m. *loss* (e-m þykkir s. í e-u).

SVIPU-HÖGG, n. *a lash with a whip*; -LEIKR, m. a kind of *game*.

SVIPULL, a. *unstable, transient*.

SVIP-VINDR, a. *fickle*, = -lyndr; -VÍSI, f. = sveipvísi; -VÍSS, a. = sveipvíss.

SVÍAR, m. pl. *the Swedes*.

SVÍA-RÍKI, -VELDI, n. *the Swedish kingdom or empire*.

SVÍÐA (SVIÐ; SVEIÐ, SVIÐUM; SVIÐINN), v. (1) *to singe, burn, roast* (s. dilka-höfuð); (2) *to smart*, of a wound, burn, etc. (svíða sœtar ástir).

SVÍFA (SVÍF; SVEIF, SVIFUM; SVIFINN),

v. (1) *to rove, ramble*; sumir svifu at nautum, *some went roving after cattle*; sveinn sýsliga sveif til skógar, *the lad turned briskly to the wood*; s. upp á grunn, *to run ashore*, of a ship; lata samþykki sitt s. til e-s, *to sway one's consent towards, to agree to*; (2) impers. with dat. *to swerve, drift* (sveif skipinu frá landi); svífr skipinu fyrir straumi ok veðri, *the ship drifts before wind and stream*; hann hélt svá, at hvergi sveif, *so that the boat swerved not*; e-u svífr e-m í hug, í skap, *it occurs to one's mind* (Gestr svarar: þessu sveif mér í skap); segir Þórðr, at svífi yfir hann, *that he was taken suddenly ill*; (3) refl., svífast um, *to bustle about, be active*; s. e-s, *to shrink from*; s. einskis, *to shrink from nothing*; þeir munu einskis (engis) ills s., *they will stick at no ill*.

SVÍKJA (SVÍK; SVEIK, SVIKUM; SVIKINN), v. *to betray, deceive, cheat* (vil ek þik í engu s.); s. e-n e-u, *to defraud one of (fé)* opt svikinn).

SVÍN, n. *swine, pig*; hafa svíns minni, *to have a short memory*.

SVÍNA-BÓL, -BŒLI, n. *pig-sty*; -GÆZLA, f. *swine-herding*; -HIRÐIR, m. *swineherd*; -HÚS, n. *swine-house, pig-sty*.

SVÍN-BEYGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make one stoop like a pig*; -DRUKKINN, pp. *drunk as a swine*; -FYLKING, f. *a wedge-shaped phalanx*; -FYLKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to draw up in a wedge-shaded phalanx*; -FŒTR, m. pl., a term of abuse, *paltry persons*; -GALINN, pp. *mad (drunk) like a swine*; -SKINN, n. *pig-skin*; -STÍ, f. *pig-sty*.

SVÍRI, m. (1) *neck*, esp. of an ox; (2) *part of a war-ship*.

SVÍ-VIRÐ, f. = -virða; -VIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to dishonour, disgrace, put to shame*; -VIRÐA, f. *disgrace*; -VIRÐING, f. = -virða.

SVÍVIRÐINGAR-LAUST, adv. *without shame*; -MAÐR, m. *mean fellow*; -NAFN, n. *disgraceful name*.

SVÍVIRÐ-LIGA, adv. *disgracefully*; -LIGR, a. *disgraceful* (ferð en -ligsta).

SVÍÞJÓÐ, f. *Sweden proper*.

SVÆÐI, n. *an open, exposed space*.

SVÆFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to lull to sleep* (hón söng svá fagrt, at hón svæfði skipshafnir); (2) *to calm down, still, lull* (s. sæ, reiði).

SVÆFILL, m. *head-pillow*.

SVÆLA, f. (1) *thick, choking smoke*; (2) *cheating* (flærð eðr svæla).

SVÆLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to suffocate (stifle) with smoke* (s. e-n inni sem melrakka í greni).

SVÆNSKR, a. = sœnskr.

SVÆRA, f. *mother-in-law*.

SVÖÐU-SÁR, n. *a wound from a weapon glancing off a bone* (verðr pat -sár ok eigi beinhögg).

SVÖPPR (gen. SVAPPAR; pl. SVEPPIR, acc. SVÖPPU), m. (1) *sponge*; (2) *ball* (s. at leika með) = soppr.

SVÖRÐR (gen. SVARÐAR, dat. SVERÐI), m. (1) *the skin of the head (with the hair on)*; (2) = svarð-reip.

SYÐRI, a. compar. *more southern* (í Reykjadal inum syðra); it syðra, *by the south road*.

SYFJA (AÐ), v. impers., e-n syfjar, *one gets sleepy*; syfjaðr, *sleepy*.

SYGNIR, m. pl. *the men from* Sogn (in western Norway).

SYKN, a. (1) *free from guilt, innocent* (s. af manndrápi); (2) *declared innocent, acquitted*; gera e-n syknan, *to acquit one*.

SYKN, f., SYKNA, f. *the state of being* sykn; fœra (bera) fram syknu *e-s, to de-*

clare one's innocence, = gera e-n syknan.

SYKNU-LEYFI, -LOF, n. *a licence of the* 'alþing' *to grant* 'sykna'.

SYLGJA, f. *brooch, buckle*.

SYLGR (gen. -JAR and -S), m. *a drink of something, a draught*.

SYLL (pl. SYLLR), f. *sill*.

SYN (pl. -JAR), f. *denial, protest*; setja s. fyrir, *to deny, repel a charge* (hann setti þar s. fyrir, ok bauð skírslur).

SYND (pl. -IR), f. *sin*.

SYNDA (-NDA or -NTA, -NT), v. *to swim*.

SYNDA-, gen. pl. fróm 'synd'; -BÖND, n. pl. *bonds of sin*; -FAR, n. *sins*; -FULLR, a. *sinful*; -LAUSN, f. *forgiveness (remission) of sins*; -LAUSS, a. *sinless*; -LIFNAÐR, m. *sinful life*; -LIGA, adv. *sinfully*; -LIGR, a. *sinful*; -MAÐR, m. *sinner*.

SYND-AUÐIGR, -FULLR, a. *sinful*.

SYNDGAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to sin*.

SYND-GETINN, pp. *sin-begotten*; -LIGR, a. *sinful* (-ligt verk).

SYNDR, a. *able to swim*; s. vel, *a good swimmer*; hann var s. sem selr, *he could swim like a seal*.

SYND-SAMLIGR, a. *sinful*, of a deed.

SYNDUGR (acc. SYNDGAN), a. *sinful*.

SYNDVAR-LIGA, adv. *with careful avoidance of sin*.

SYND-VARR, a. *wary against sin*.

SYNGJA (SYNG; SÖNG, SUNGUM; SUNGINN), v. (1) *to ring, clash, whistle*, of metals, weapons (sverðit syngr; syngr í atgeirinum); (2) *to sing*; s. messu, *to sing mass*; absol. *to officiate* in a mass (þar söng prestr sá, er Þrándr hét).

SYNJA (AÐ), v. (1) *to deny* (sannaði annarr, en annarr synjaði); (2) with gen., *to deny a charge* (vil ek þessa verks s. fyrir mik ok fyrir alla oss skipverja); (3) s. e-m e-s, *to refuse, deny* (hann vill s. mér ríkis); (4) refl., synjast, *to refuse an offer*, of a lady.

SYNJAN, f. *denial, refusal*.

SYNNSTR, a. superl. *southernmost*.

SYN-SEMI, f. *disobligingness*.

SYRGI-LIGA, adv. *sadly*; -LIGR, a. *sad*.

SYRGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to sorrow, mourn* (hann bað menn eigi s.); (2) *to bewail* (syrgði hann hana dauða); s. sik, *to bewail oneself*.

SYRPUÞINGS-LÖG, n. pl. *a kind of entertainment*.

SYSTIR (gen., acc., dat. SYSTUR, pl. SYSTR), f. (1) *sister*; (2) *sister of charity, nun*.

SYSTKIN, n. pl. *brother(s) and sister(s)*.

SYSTKINA-SYNIR, m. pl. *the sons of* systkin, *first* male cousins.

SYSTRA-SYNIR, m. pl. *sisters' sons*.

SYSTRUNGA, f. *one's mother's sister's daughter, female cousin*.

SYSTRUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *one's mother's sister's son, male cousin*.

SYSTUR-BARN, n. *sister's child, nephew, niece*; -DÓTTIR, f. *sister's daughter*; -SONR, m. *sister's son*.

SÝJA, f. *line of hoards* in a ship (komnar voru níu sýjur á hvárt borð).

SÝJA (only pret. pl. SÉÐU, pp. SÉÐR, SŒÐR), v. *to fasten together* (the outer planking in a ship or boat).

SÝKJAST (T), v. refl. *to grow ill*.

SÝKN, a., s. dagr, *a day on -which lawsuits and actions are permitted*.

SÝLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to make stiff with ice* (kuflinn var sýldr allr); impers., *to turn into ice* (sýldi hvern dropa, er inn kom); benjarnar sýldi, *the wounds became stiff with cold*.

SÝN (pl. -IR), f. (1) *the faculty of vision, sight* (þau hafa ekki mál, enga s. né heyrn); þá er Hákon konungr kom í s. við

bœinn, *when king H. came within sight of the farm*; hverfa at s., *to be lost to sight, disappear* (sól hvarf at s. ok gerði myrkt); er mér þat at s. orðit, er ek hefi opt heyrt frá sagt, *I have seen with my eyes what I have often heard of*; (2) *vision* (bar fyrir hann í svefni mikla s. ok merkiliga); (3) *appearance, look* (líkari eru þeir þursum at vexti ok at s. en menskum mönnum); fríðr sýnum, *fair of* face; at s., *apparently* (var þeim þar vel fagnat at s.).

SÝNA (-DÁ, -DR), v. (1) *to show* (hón bað hann s. sér sverðit); þú skalt enga fáleika á þér s., *thou* must show no signs of coldness; (2) refl., sýnast, *to appear, seem* (sýndist vitrum mönnum hann afbragð); s. e-m, *to appear to one in a dream* (honum sýndist þá hinn helgi Ólafr konungr); e-m sýnist e-t, *one thinks fit*; veitið mér gröpt slíkan sem yðr sýnist, *give me such burial as you please*.

SÝNDR, pp. (1) *having eyesight, able to see* (gamall ok s. lítt); (2) of weather, *clear* (í björtu veðri ok vel sýndu).

SÝNI, n. *sight*; til sýnis, for the sight's sake; var hann sendr konungi til sýnis, *as a curiosity*; til sýnis e-s *or* um e-t, *in proof of, as a sample of* (til sýnis um mikilleika hestsins).

SÝNI-LIGA, adv. *visibly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *visible*; (2) *sightly* (Þ. var mikill maðr ok sterkr ok hinn -ligsti); (3) *advisable* (nú þykki mér þat -ligast at fara aptr í ríki mitt).

SÝNING, f. *showing, exhibition*.

SÝNN, a. (1) *clear, evident, certain* (þér skal sýn búhlífð í því vera); þótti öllum at sýnu ganga, at, *all thought that it was clear, beyond doubt, that*; dat. sing. 'sýnu' with a compar. *a great deal, much* (sýnu meiri, minni, betri, verri); with a superl., E. gekk upp sýnu fyrstr, *far* ahead; neut. 'synt' as adv. *evidently, clearly* (þik skortir sýnt við hann); (2) *fit, likely*; ef yðr þykkir eigi annat sýnna fyrir liggja en vera hér, *if you have nothing better to do*.

SÝR (gen. SÝR, acc. and dat. SÚ, pl. SÝR), f. *sow*; also as a nickname.

SÝRA, f. *sour whey*.

SÝR-LAND, n. *Syria*; -LENDINGR, m. *Syrian*; -LENZKA, f. *the Syrian tongue*; -LENZKR, a. *Syrian, Syriac*.

SÝRU-KER, n. *a tub with sour whey*.

SÝSLA (AÐ; older SÝSTA, SÝSTR), v. (1) *to do, effect* (E. konungr hafði mart sýst í landinu, þat er nytsemd var í); with dat., þá er hann hefir sýst eyrendum sínum, *when he had done his errand*; s. e-t at, *to effect* (þeir sýstu þat eitt at, at þeir sættust á víg Snorra); var svá til sýst, at, *it was so arranged that*; *s.* um e-t, *to busy oneself with* (hón sýsti um þörf gesta); (2) *to procure, get* (voru honum skjótt sýslaðir hestar).

SÝSLA, f. (1) *business, work*; hjón sátu þar, héldu á sýslu, *busy at their work*; ganga um sýslur manna, *to go* about as an overseer; (2) *stewardship* (hafa sýslu á Hálogalandi); (3) *district, prefecture*; also *a diocese*.

SÝS-LIGA, adv. (1) *briskly, speedily, quickly* (fara, ríða -liga); (2) *soon*.

SÝSLU-FŒRR, a. *fit for work* (vel -fœrr at flestu verki); -LAUSS, a. *unemployed, idle*; -LEYSI, n. *idleness*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *worker* (-maðr mikill ok starfsmaðr góðr); (2) *bailiff, the king's steward* (at the same time justice and tax-gatherer).

SÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to lament or mourn for one* (þeir sýttu hann sem dauðan); s. við e-u, *to grumble at, grudge* (sýtir æ gløggr við gjöfum).

SÝTI-LIGR, a. *sad* (-ligr harmr).

SÝTING, f. *wailing, mourning*.

SÆ-BORG, f. *sea-side town*; -BRATTR, a. *steep towards the sea*; -BYGÐ, f. *coast-district*; -BYGGJAR, m. pl. *coast-dwellers*; -DAUÐR, a. *dead at sea, drowned*; cf. 'sjódauðr'.

SÆÐI, n. (1) *seed* (fœra niðr s.); (2) in pl., *crops* on the field.

SÆ-FARAR, f. pl. *sea-faring, voyages*; -FŒRR, a. (1) *sea-worthy* (skip -fœrt); (2) *fit for sea-faring* (veðr hvast ok eigi -fœrt); -FÖNG, n. pl. *stores from the sea*; -GARPR, m. *sea-champion* (var hann ok inn mesti sægarpr sjálfr); -HAFA, a. indecl. *driven out of one's course* (verða -hafa).

SÆING, f. *bed*, = sæng.

SÆING, f. *sacrifice, sacrificial beast*.

SÆ-KARL, m. *sea-carl, raftsman*; -KONA, f. *mermaid*; -KONUNGR, m. *sea-king* (vóru margir -konungar, þeir er réðu liði miklu ok áttu engi lönd); -KVIKENDI, n. *sea-beast*; -KYRRA, f. *sea-calm, smooth sea* (þeir reru í logni ok sækyrru).

SÆLA, f. *bliss, happiness* (eilíf s.).

SÆLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to bless*.

SÆL-BORINN, pp. *high-born*.

SÆLDA, v. *to bolt, sift* (s. mjöl).

SÆLDAR-LÍF, n. *happy life*; -STAÐR, m. *happy place*.

SÆ-LIÐ, n. *help at sea* (rendered to a ship in distress).

SÆLIGR, a. = sælligr (sæligt setr).

SÆLINGR (-S, -AR), m. *wealthy man*.

SÆLL, a. (1) *in good circumstances, well-off, well to do*; sælir ok fátœkir, *wealthy and poor*; (2) *happy, fortunate* (þrællinn mælti þat jafnan, at hann þættist s., ef Otkell ætti hann); in greeting, kom heill ok s., frændi!; (3) *poor* (ek hefi eigi kýst kerlinguna sælu inni); (4) of a saint, *blessed* (hinn sæli Magnús jarl).

SÆL-LIGA, adv. *blissfully*; -LIGR, a. *happy, blissful*; -LÍFI, n. *life of enjoyment, luxury*; -LÍFR, a. *living a life of enjoyment, voluptuous*.

SÆLU-DAGAR, m. pl. *'days of bliss', the Ember days*; -HÚS, n. *hospice* (in deserts and mountains to receive travellers); -SETR, n. = -hús; -SKIP, n. *ferry-boat*; -SONGR, m. *a mass for one's soul*; -VIKA, f. *Ember week* (= sæludaga-vika).

SÆ-LÆGJA, f. *mist on the sea* (logn mikil, þokur, ok sælægjur); -LÆGR, a. *lying on the sea* (myrkvi -lægr).

SÆNG, older form SÆING (gen. SÆNGR or SÆNGAR; pl. SÆNGR), f. (1) *bed* (kona liggr í sænginni); byggja eina s., *to sleep in the same bed*; (2) *childbed* (andast á s.).

SÆNGAR-FÖR, -KONA, etc., = sængr-.

SÆNGR-FÖR, f. *child-bed* (kona hans var þá önduð af -för); -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *bed-clothes*; -KONA, f. *woman in childbed*; -STOKKR, m. *bed-side*.

SÆR (gen. SÆVAR), m. *sea* (øxn gengu upp ór sænum), = sjár, sjór.

SÆR (-SÆ, -SÆTT), a. *seen* (auð-sær, ein-sætt).

SÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to wound*; s. e-n sári, *to inflict a wound upon*; recipr. særast, *to wound one another*.

SÆRING, f. *wounding*.

SÆ-SJÚKR, a. *sea-sick*; -SKIP, n. *sea-ship*; -SKRÍMSL, n. *sea-monster*.

SÆTA (-TTA, -TT), v. (1) *to sit in ambush for, waylay*, with dat. (hann ætlar at s. yðr, þá er þér farið sunnan); *to watch for an opportunity* (þessu sætir Sturlaugr ok høggr); (2) *to undergo, expose oneself to, suffer* (vildu þeir heldr rýma land en eptir sitja ok s. afarkostum af konungi); (3) *to bring about, cause*, with dat.; s. áhlaupum

við e-n, *to attack one*; s. vélræðum við e-n, *to scheme against one*; (4) *to amount to, be equivalent to* (E. var þar at búi sínu, svá at þat sætti vetrum eigi allfám); s. tíðindum, *to be important news, be of importance* (er þat komit til eyrna mér, er mér þykkir stórtíðindum s.); s. ráði, *to be advisable* (litlu ráði þykkir mér s. ferð þessi); s. sannindum ok réttindum, *to regard truth and right*; hann spurði, hví (= hverju) þat sætti, *he asked how it came about, what was the reason*.

SÆTA, f. *a woman whose husband has gone out of the country*.

SÆTI, n. (1) *seat*; vísa e-m til sætis, *to assign a seat to one*; (2) *hay-rick* (brjóta ofan s.).

SÆTIS-STÓLL, m. *a chair of state*.

SÆTR, n. pl. *mountain pastures* (til sætra ok í bygðinni), = setr.

SÆ-TRÉ, n. pl., poet. *'sea-trees', ships*.

SÆTT, a. n. *so that one can sit*; setit er nú meðan s. er, *we have sat as long as we could*.

SÆTT (pl. -IR), f. *reconciliation, agreement* (s. þeira konungs ok Erlings), = sátt.

SÆTTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to reconcile* (s. e-n við e-n); refl., sættast, *to come to terms*; *s.* á málit, *to come to an agreement in the matter*.

SÆTTA-BRIGÐI, n. *breach* of an agreement; -LAUST, a. n. *without truce*.

SÆTTAR-BOÐ, n. = sáttarboð; -BRÉF, n. *written evidence of agreement*; -EFNI, n. *basis of an agreement*; -FUNDR, *peace-meeting*; -GØRÐ, f. = sáttargørð; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of peace, mediation*; -ROF, n. *breach of an agreement*; -STEFNA, f. = -fundr.

SÆTTA-UMLEITAN, f. = sáttarumleitan.

SÆTT-FÚSS, a. *willing to come to terms or make peace*.

SÆTTIR, m. *peace-maker, reconciler*.

SÆVAR-, gen. from 'sær'; -BAKKI, m. *sea-beach*; -BORG, f. *a castle on the sea*; -DJÚP, n. *the deep sea*; -GANGR, m. *the swell of the sea, the sea running high*; -HAMRAR, m. pl. *sea-crags*.

SŒFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to put to death, kill*, esp. a sacrificial beast (sœfð vóru þau kvikendi, er goðunum var fórnat); (2) refl., sœfast, *to be killed*; s. á sverðinu, spjótinu, *to be killed by a sword or spear thrust through the body* (sœfist hón á sverðinu ok deyr).

SŒFARI, m. *sacrificing priest*.

SŒFING, f. *sacrifice* (s. guðs lambs).

SŒGR (pl. -IR), m. (1) *wet weather, rain*; (2) *tumult, uproar* (s. mikill er í bœnum ok lið allt ölótt); (3) *shred* [rífa líkanna í sœgi sundr].

SŒKJA (SŒKI, SÓTTA, SÓTTR), v. (1) *to seek* (hann ætlar at s. sér kirkjuvið ok siglir þegar á haf); þangat sœkir þik engi, *no one will seek thee thither*; s. heilræði ok traust at e-m, *to seek good counsel and help from one*; s. um liðveizlu við e-n, *to call on one for support*; (2) *to go to fetch* (B. átti erendi yfir fjörð at s. skjöldu sína ok vápn); s. e-t í e-n stað *or* til e-s staðar, *to go to a place to fetch a thing* (s. grös upp í hlíð, vatn til lœkjar); (3) *to visit, come to* (enn aldna jötun ek sótta); s. e-n heim, *to come to see one, visit one in his home*; s. þing, *to attend or frequent á þing*; s. e-n at liðveizlu, um liðveizlu, *to call on one for support*; (4) *to attack, assail* (s. e-n með vápnum; þessir munu s. oss með eldi); s. e-n heim, *to fall upon one in his house* (Gunnar sóttu heim þeir höfðingjar, er …); (5) *to catch, overtake* (nú fiðr

hann geldingaflokk ok fær eigi sótt); (6) *to overcome, master* (munu þeir mik aldri fá sótt, meðan ek kem boganum við); *to carry, take* (eigi mun eyin sótt verða); (7) *to pursue*; þeir sækja ferðina knáliga, *they push on doughtily*; s. fast róðrinn (sundit), *to pull (swim) hard*; (8) *to prosecute*, in a lawsuit (s. e-n sökum, s. e-n til fullra laga); sótti K. til lands at Móeiðarhváli, *K. laid claim to the land at M.*; s. sök, mál, *to carry on a suit*; skalt þú s. þær sakir báðar, *both these suits thou shall take up*; s. mál til laga, *to follow up a suit at law*; (9) *to pass over* (býðr þeim at s. fjallit norðr í bygð); var áin all-ill at s., *the river was very bad to cross*; (10) absol. *to proceed, go, advance* (þeir stíga af hestunum ok sœkja upp á hólinn); er hann sótti langt austr, *when he had advanced far eastward*; s. á fund e-s, *to go to see one*; s. at, s. á, *to attack* (s. á borg); *to urge the matter, insist* (Þ. sótti á því meirr, en G. fór undan); s. eptir e-m, *to pursue* (Egill sótti þá eptir þeim); s. fram, *to advance, go forward*, in battle (E. sótti þá fram ok hjó til beggja handa); s. til e-s staðar, *to frequent a place* (til Túnsbergs sóttu mjök kaupmenn); (11) refl., sœkjast, *to advance*, of a work in hand (en er á leið vetrinn, sóttist mjök borgargørðin); *to be passed*, of a road or distance; nú er meir en hálf-sótt, *more than half-way*; sóttist þeim seint skip þeira Hrúts, *they were slow in boarding Hrut's ship*; þeir ætla, at þeim muni illa s. at vinna oss, *they think it will be a hard struggle to master us*; recipr., *to seek one another* sœkjast sér um líkir, *birds of a feather flock together*; *to attack one another, fight* (þeir nafnar sóttust lengi).

SŒKJANDI, m. *prosecutor*.

SŒLA (-DA), v. *to slake* (s. þorsta).

SŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to honour*; ef hann vildi s. hann í nökkuru léni, *if he would honour him with (the grant of) a fief*; (2) s. við e-t, *to put up with, bear with* (hann þóttist eigi mega s. við skap hennar); s. við heiminn, *to conform to the world*; s. við e-n, *to attend, wait on* (þú, kerling, skalt s. við gestinn).

SŒMD, f. (1) *honour*; fá, hafa s. af *e-u, to get*, have honour from a matter; gera, veita e-m s., *to do, show honour to one*; (2) *redress for loss or injury* (þóttist Þórarinn enga s. hafa fyrir víg Þorvalds bróður síns).

SŒMDAR-ATKVÆÐI, n. *honourable mention*; -AUKI, m. *increase of honour*; -BOÐ, n. *honourable offer*; -FERÐ, f. *honourable journey* (fara -ferð); -FÝST, f. *ambition*; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -HLUTR, m. *(share of) honour* (hafa -hlut af e-u); -KLÆÐI, n. *robe of honour*; -LAUSS, a. *honourless*; -MAÐR, m. *honourable man, man of distinction* (munt þú þar þykkja -maðr, sem þú ert); verða e-m at -manni, *to do honour to one*; -MÁL, n. *honourable* mention; -NAFN, n. *title of distinction*; -RÁÐ, n. *honourable match*; -SKAÐI, m., -spell, n. *dishonour*; -SETI, n. *seat of honour*; -TÁKN, n. *mark of honour*; -VALD, n. *privileged power*; -VŒNLIGR, *a., promising honour*.

SŒMI-LEIKR, m. *becomingness, propriety*; -LIGA, adv. *honourably, becomingly*; -LIGR, a. *honourable, becoming*; -ligr kaleikr, *a costly chalice*.

SŒM-LEITR, a. *fine to look at*.

SŒMR, a. *becoming, befitting* (þér er sœmra sverð at rjóða).

SŒNSKR, a. *Swedish*, = svenskr.

SŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to conjure, adjure* (ek særi þik við alla krapta Krists); (2) *to*

exorcize (s. djöfla frá óðum mönnum).

SŒRI, n. pl. *oaths, swearing* (rjúfa s.).

SŒRING (pl. -AR), f. *exorcism*.

SŒRINGA-MAÐR, m. *exorcist*.

SŒRR, a. *to be sworn*, of an oath (hann sór þeim eiðinn ok sagði þó, at eigi mundi vel s. vera).

SŒTA, f., SŒTI, n. *sweetness*.

SŒT-LEIKR, m. *sweetness*; -LIGA, adv. *sweetly*; -LIGR, a. *sweet* (-lig rödd).

SŒTR, a. *sweet* (s. ilmr); þótti mér sløkkt it sœtasta ljós augna minna, *the sweetest light of my eyes*.

SÖÐLA (AÐ), v. *to saddle* (ok bað hann s. hesta þeira); fig., s. e-u á e-t *or* á ofan, *to add one (affront) to another* (Björn söðlar því á ofan, at hann kvað vísu þessa).

SÖÐLA-BÚR, n. *saddle-room*.

SÖÐUL-BOGI, m. *saddle-bow*; -FJÖL, f. *saddle-board, saddle-tree*; -GJÖRÐ, f. *saddle-girth*; -HRINGJA, f. *saddle-buckle*; -KLÆÐI, n. *saddle-cloth*.

SÖÐULL (pl. SÖÐLAR), m. *saddle*; leggja söðul á hest, *to saddle a horse*.

SÖÐUL-REIÐI, n. *saddle-harness*; -REIM, f. *saddle-strap*; -TREYJA, f. *saddle-cloth* (?).

SÖG (gen. SAGAR, pl. SAGAR), f. *saw*.

SÖGN (gen. SAGNAR, pl. SAGNIR), f. (1) *speech*, opp. to 'þögn' (s. eða þögn haf þér sjálfr í hug); (2) *tale, report, news* (konungr varð allreiðr, þá er hann heyrði þessa s.); þat er s. manna, at, *people say, the story goes, that*; nauðga e-m, pína e-n, til sagna, *to force one to confess*, by torture; (3) *host of men* (cf. 'skipssögn').

SÖGU-, gen. from 'saga'; -BÓK, f. *saga-book, volume of sagas*; -EFNI, n. *materials for a saga*; -LIGR, a. *worth telling, important*; -LJÓÐ, n. pl. *historical poems*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *informant, authority*; (2) *the hero of a tale*; -SÖGN, f. *tradition*.

SÖG-VÍSI, f. *tattling propensity*.

SÖK (gen. SAKAR, pl. SAKAR *or* SAKIR), f. (1) *charge, the offence charged*; sönn s., *a true charge*; gera sakar á hendr sér, *to incur charges*; gera sakir við e-n, *to do offence or harm to one*; sannr at s., *proved (found) guilty*; gefa e-m (upp) sakir, *to remit a charge*; gefa e-m s. (sakar) á e-u, gefa e-m e-t at s., *to make a charge against one*; fœrast undan sökum, *to plead not guilty*; vera (bundinn) í sökum við e-n, *to have done offence to one* (konungr tók stór gjöld af bóndum þeim, er honum þóttu í sökum við sik); (2) *suit, action*, in court; eiga s. á e-u, *to have a ground for complaint*; ek á sjálfr s. á því, *that is my own affair*; sækja e-n sökum, *to prosecute one*; svæfa allar sakar, *to settle all causes*; fara með sökina, *to conduct the suit*; segja fram sök sína, *to declare ones suit*; (3) *effect*; hafa ekki at s., *to effect nothing*; tók Þóroddr þá at vanda um kvámur hans, ok hafði ekki at s., *but to no effect*; (4) *cause, reason* (þótti konungi sakir til, þótt hann hefði eigi komit); fyrir hverja s., *for the sake of what, why?* fyrir þá (þessa) s., *for that reason, therefore*; af þeim sökum, *from that cause* (svá lauk þessu, at húsfreyja lézt af þeim sökum); fyrir e-s sakir *or* sökum, *for the sake of, because of*; fyrir ástar sakir, *for love's sake*; *with respect to* (skyldi boðit verða sem vegligast, bæði fyrir tilfanga sakir ok fjölmennis); fyrir mínum sökum, *for my sake, for my part*; um sakar þínar, *for thy sake*; of time, um nokkurra nátta sakir, *for a few nights*; of (um) stundar sakir, *for a while*; um sinns sakir, *for this once*; um nætr sakir, *for one night*; sakir e-s, sökum e-s = fyrir sakir e-s, fyrir sökum e-s.

SØKKVA (SØKK; SÖKK, SUKKUM; SOKKINN), v. *to sink* (skútan sökk niðr með öllum farminum).

SØKKVA (-TA, -T), v. *to sink, make to sink*, with dat. (reru þeir menn út á fjörð ok søktu þar niðr kistunni); refl., søkkvast, *to sink down* (ormrinn søktist í sæinn).

SÖKÓTT, a. n., in the phrase, eiga s. við e-n, *to have many quarrels with* (á ek s. við fólkit).

SÖKNUÐR, m. = saknaðr.

SÖK-TAL, n. = saktal.

SÖKU-DÓLGR, -NAUTR, m. *a person with whom one is at variance, enemy, adversary*.

SÖK-VÖRN, f. *defence in a suit*.

SÖL (gen. SÖLVA), n. pl. *an edible seaweed, dulse*.

SÖLU-, gen. from 'sala'; -VÁÐ, f. *a piece of common stuff, wadmal*.

SÖLUVÁÐAR-BRŒKR, f. pl., -KUFL, m., -KYRTILL, m. *breeks, cowl, kirtle made of ordinary stuff* (söluváð).

SÖLVA-FJARA, f. *beach where dulse is gathered, dulse-gathering* (vera í -fjöru); -KAUP, n. *purchase of dulse*.

SÖNDUGR, a. *sandy*, = sendinn.

SÖNG-BÓK, f. *song-book, chant-book*; -FŒRI, n. *musical instrument*; -HLJÓÐ, n. pl. *singing, music*; -HLJÓMI, m. *sound of music*; -HÚS, n. *choir*; -ÍÞRÓTT, f. = -list.

SÖNGLA (AÐ), v. *to make a jingling or ringing sound* (spratt járnit á gólfit, svá at sönglaði við).

SÖNG-LIST, f. *art of music*; -MAÐR, m. *singer*; -MÆR, f. (1) *singing maid*; (2) a kind of *bell*; -NÁM, n. *instruction in music*.

SÖNGR (-S, -VAR), m. (1) *singing, music* (heyra fagran söng); (2) *song, lay* (upphaf sönganna).

SÖNG-RAUST, -RÖDD, f. *singing-voice*; -TÓL, n. pl. = -fœri.

SÖNGVINN, a. *given to singing*.

SØRVI, n. *necklace* (steina-sørvi).

T

TABARÐR, m. *tabard, cloak*.

TABOLA, f. *tablet, altar-piece*.

TABÚR, n. *labour, tambourine*.

TAÐ, n. *manure, dung*; reiða t. á akrland, *to manure a field*.

TAÐA (gen. pl. TAÐNA), f. (1) *the manured field, home-field* (skulu þeir slá í töðu í dag); (2) *the hay from the manured field* (raka töðu sína alla saman í stórsæti).

TAÐ-SKEGGLINGAR, m. pl. *dung-beardlings* (a contemptuous name).

TAFL, n. (1) *a board-game, 'tables', chess, draughts*; sitja at tafli, leika t., at tafli, *to play at chess*; nú eru brögð í tafli, *there is a trick in the game, there is foul play*; (2) *the board with the pieces* (taflit svarfaðist); (3) *piece in the game*, = tafla.

TAFLA, f. *piece in a game of tables*.

TAFL-BORÐ, n. *draught-board, chess-board*; -BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *tricks of playing*; -FÉ, n. *the money played for, the stakes*; -MAÐR, m. *player at chess*; -PUNGR, m. *a bag for the pieces*; -SPEKI, f. *skill in playing*.

TAFN, n. (1) *sacrifice* (hann hét miklu tafni); (2) *bloody prey* (poet.).

TAGL, n. *horse's tail* (skera t. ór hrossum); rarely, *cow's tail*.

TAK, n. *hold, grasp*.

TAKA (TEK; TÓK, TÓKUM; TEKINN), v. (1) *to take, catch, seize* (tóku þeir laxinn ok otrinn ok báru með sér); G. tók inni vinstri hendi spjótit á lopti, G. *caught the spear with his left hand*; man hón t. fé okkart allt með ráni, *she will take all our goods by force*; t. e-n höndum, *to seize one, take captive*; tökum vápn vár, *let us take to our weapons*; (2) fig., t. trú, *to take the faith, become a Christian*; t. skírn, *to be baptized*; t. hvíld, *to take a rest*; t. flótta, *to take to flight*; t. rœðu, umrœðu, *to begin a parley*; t. ráð, *to take a counsel* (= t. til ráðs); t. e-n orðum, *to address one*; t. sættir *or* sættum, *to accept terms*; t. þenna kost, *to take this choice*; t. stefnu, *to fix a meeting*; t. boði, *to accept an offer*; t. sótt, *to be taken ill*; t. úgleði, *to get out of spirits*; t. andviðri, *to meet with contrary winds*; t. konung, *to take, elect a king*; t. konu, *to take a wife*; t. úkunna stigu, *to take to unknown ways*; t. e-n *or* e-m vel, *to receive one well*; t. e-t þvert, *to take a thing crossly, deny flatly*; t. upp höndum, *to raise the hands*; (3) *to reach, stretch forth, touch*; fremri hyrnan tók viðbeinit, *the upper horn caught the collar bone*; því at ek tek eigi heim í kveld, *for I shall not reach home to-night*; hárit tók ofan á belti, *the hair came down to her waist*; (4) *to reach and take harbour* (þeir tóku land á Melrakka-sléttu); (5) *to take, hold*, of a vessel (ketill, er tók tvær tunnur); (6) *to be equivalent to, be worth* (hringrinn tók tólf hundruð mórend); (7) with infin., *to begin* (hann tók at yrkja, þegar er hann var ungr); nú taka öll húsin at lóga, *now the whole house began to blaze*; impers., þá tók at lægja veðrit, *then the wind began to fall*; (8) *to touch, regard, concern* (þat allt, sem leikmenn tekr); (9) *to catch (up), come up with* (hann var allra manna fóthvatastr, svá at engi hestr tók hann á rás); (10) *to start,*

rush (Eirikr tók út or stofunni, en konungr bað menn hlaupa eptir honum); t. á rás, t. frá, *to take to running, run away* (svá illt sem nú er frá at t., þá mun þó síðarr verra); (11) impers. *it is taken*; þá tók af veðrit (acc.) *then the storm abated*; kom á fótinn, svá at af tók, *the stroke came on his leg, so that it was cut off*; sýnina tekr frá e-m, *one becomes blind*; tók út skip Þangbrands, *Th.'s ship drifted out*; um várit er sumarhita tók, *when the summer heat set in*; (12) with preps, and advs., t. e-n af lífi, lífdögum, t. e-n af, *to take one's life, put to death*; t. e-n af nafni ok veldi, *to deprive one of his title and power*; t. af hesti, *to take (the saddle) off a horse*; t. e-t af e-m, *to take a thing from one, deprive one of* (er vér tókum seglit af honum, þá grét hann); t. af sér ópit, *to cease weeping*; t. e-t af e-m, *to get frotn one* (tekr hann af öllu fólki mikil lof); t. mikinn (mikil), lítinn (lítil) af e-u, *to make (say) much, little of*; hón tók lítil af öllu, *she said little about it, took it coldly*; øngan tek ek af um liðveizlu við þik, *I will not pledge myself as to helping thee*; t. e-t af, *to choose, take*; G. bauð þér góð boð, en þú vildir engi af t., *G. made thee good offers, but thou wouldst take none of them*; fara sem fœtr mega af t., *at the top of one's speed*; hann sigldi suðr sem af tók, *as fast as possible*; *to abolish, do away with* (lagði á þat allan hug al t. af heiðni ok fornar venjur); t. e-t aptr, *to take back, render void* (t. aptr þat, er ek gef); *to recall* (t. aptr orð, heil sín); t. á e-u, *to touch* (hón tók á augum hans); t. vel, auðvelliga, lítt, illa á e-u, *to take (a thing) well, in good part, ill, in ill part* (fluttu þeir þetta fyrir jarli, en hann tók vel á); t. e-t á sik, *to take upon oneself* (kvaðst heldr vilja t. þat á sik at gefa honum annát augat); tóku þeir á sik svefn mikinn, *they fell fast asleep*; t. arf eptir e-n, *to inherit one*; t. e-t eptir, *to get in return*; með því at þú gerir svá, sem ek býð þér, skaltu nökkut eptir t., *thou shalt have some reward*; t. e-t frá e-m, *to take a thing away from one* (þeir tóku spjótin frá þeim ok báru út á ána); t. e-n frá e-u, *to deprive one of (t. e-n frá landi, ríki)*; t. e-t fyrir e-t, *to take in return for* (hann keypti sveinana ok tók fyrir þá vesl gott ok slagning); *to take for, look upon as* (lökum vér þat allt fyrir satt; því tek ek þat fyrir gaman); t. fyrir e-t, *to refuse* (tók E. eigi fyrir útanferð at sumri); t. hendi í e-t, *to thrust one's hand into*; t. í hönd e-m, *to shake hands with one*; t. í móti, *to offer resistance* (þeir brendu víða bygðina, en bœndr tóku ekki í móti); t. niðr, *to pull down, demolish* (t. niðr til grundvallar allt þat verk); *to graze a little*, = t. til jarðar (þeir láta nú taka niðr hesta sína); t. niðri, *to touch (feel) the bottom*; t. ofan, *to take down* (Högni tekr ofan atgeirinn); *to pull down* (hann hafði látil t. ofan skála sinn); t. í sundr, *to cut asunder*; impers., slœmdi sverðinu til hans, svá at í sundr tók manninn, *so that the man was cleft asunder*; t. til e-s, *to take to* (tóku þá margir til at níða hann); t. til máls (orðs, orða), *to begin to speak*; nú er þar til máls at t., at, *now we must take up the story at this point, that*; t. til varnar, *to begin the defence*; t. til e-s, *to have recourse to, resort to* (t. e-t til ráðs, bragðs); *to concern* (þetta mál, er til konungs tók); láta e-t til sín t., *to let it concern oneself, meddle with* (Gísli lét fátt til sín t.); t. e-n til e-s, *to choose, elect* (Ólafr var til konungs tekinn um allt land); absol., t. til, *to begin* (hann hélt allt austr um Svína-

sund, þá tók til vald Svíakonungs); t. e-t til, *to take to, do*; ef hann tekr nökkut illt til, *if he takes to any ill*; t. um e-t, *to take hold of, grasp* (nú skaltu t. um fót honum); t. e-t undan, *to take away*; impers., undan kúnni tók nyt alla, *the cow ceased to give milk*; t. undan, *to run away, escape* (B. tók undan með rás); t. undir e-t, *to take hold under a thing*; hann tók undir kverkina ok kyssti hana, *he took her by the chin and kissed her*; *to undertake, take upon oneself*; H. kvaðst ekki t. mundu undir vandræði þeira, *H.* said he would have nothing to do with their troubles; t. undir e-t með e-m, *to back, help one in a thing* (vil ek, at þér takit undir þetta mál með mér); þau tóku undir þetta léttiliga, *they seconded it readily*; hann tók seinliga undir, *he was slow to answer*; t. undir, *to echo, resound* (fjöllin tóku undir); t. e-t undir sik, *to take on hand* (Gizurr tók undir sik málit); *to lay hold of* (hann tekr undir sik eignir þær, er K. átti í Noregi); t. e-t upp, *to pick up* (S. tók upp hanzka sinn); t. upp fé fyrir e-m, *to seize on, confiscate*; t. upp borð, *to set up the tables* before a meal, but also *to remove them* after a meal; t. upp bygð sína, *to remove one's abode*; hón tekr mart þat upp, er fjarri er mínum vilja, *she takes much in hand that is far from my will*; drykk ok vistir, svá sem skipit tók upp, *as the ship could take*; t. upp ný goðorð, *to establish new priesthoods*; t. upp verknað, *to take up work*; t. upp stœrð, *to take to pride*; t. upp sök, *to take up a case*; t. upp draum, *to interpret a dream*; t. e-t upp, *to choose* (seg nú skjótt, hvern kost þú vill upp t.); absol., t. upp, *to extend, rise* (rekkjustokkr tekr upp á millum rúma okkarra); t. út, *to run out* (E. tók út ór stofunni); t. við e-u, *to receive* (A. hafði tekit við föðurarf sínum); t. vel við e-m, *to receive one well, give one a hearty welcome*; t. við trú, *to take the faith*; þeir tóku vel við, *they made a bold resistance*; tók við hvárr af öðrum, *one took up where the other left off*; t. yfir e-t, *to extend over* (hann skal eignast af Englandi þat, sem uxahúð tekr yfir); impers. *to come to an end, succeed* (kveðst nú vænta, at nú mundi yfir t.); þeir munu allt til vinna at yfir taki við oss, *to get the better of us*; (13) refl., takast, *to take place, begin* (tókst orrusta); ráð þau skyldu t. at öðru sumri, *the wedding should take place next summer*; takast með þeim góðar ástir, *they came to love one another much*; *to be brought about, take effect, succeed*; þat tókst honum, *he succeeded*; t. til, *to happen* (ef svá vill til t.); t. e-t á hendr, *to take on one's hands* (mun ek þat á hendr t. at fylkja þar fyrir liði mínu); láta af t., *to let oneself be deprived of*; recipr., takast (at) orðum, *to speak to one another*; t. á, t. fangbrögðum, *to wrestle*; t. í hendr, *to shake hands*.

TAKA, f. (1) *taking, capture*, of a fortress, prisoner; (2) *taking, seizing*, of property; (3) *revenue*, = tekja (með öllum tökum ok skyldum).

TAK-FÆÐ, f. *destitution, poverty*; -MARK, n. *line of demarcation, boundary*; -MIKILL, a. *able to take good hold, strong*.

TAL, n. (1) *talk, parley, conversation*; vera (sitja) á tali við e-n, *to be (sit) talking with* (ek hefi verit á tali við Hrafn ok Sturlu); eiga t. við e-n, *to have a talk with*; taka t. sitt, taka t. með sér, *to begin to talk together*; skilja talit, *to cease talking*; hélt biskup mikit t. af honum, *held much talk with him*; taka annat t., *to change the conversation to another subject*; (2) *speech,*

language (þú munt vera útlendr, því at t. þitt ok yfirbragð er ekki líkt hérlenzku fólki); (3) *tale, number*; tólf einir talsins, *only twelve in number*; vera í bónda tali, *to be reckoned among peasants*; (4) *tale, list, series* (konunga-tal, skalda-tal).

TALA, f. (1) *speech, discourse* (þá hóf hann tölu sína upp ok sagði); láta ganga töluna, *to go on with one's tale* (Þórir þagði, meðan Grettir lét ganga töluna); (2) *tale, number*; hann hafði tölu á þessum mönnum, *he took tale of, counted them*; hafa e-n í þræla tölu, *to reckon one among thralls, treat one as a thrall*; (3) *number*, in grammar; (4) *bead* (glertala).

TALA (AÐ), v. (1) *to talk, speak* (t. hátt ok hvellt); with acc., síðan töluðu þeir leyniliga ráðagørð sína, *after that they talked over their plans by themselves*; (2) *to speak, make a speech* (talaði konungr fyrir liðinu ok mælti svá); (3) *to record, tell*; ok er ekki um hans ferðir at t. fyrr en hann kemr heim, *there is nothing to tell about his journey till he comes home*; (4) with preps., t. til e-s, *to talk (speak) to one* (Rútr talaði þá til Marðar); *to talk about*, = t. um e-t; t. við e-n, *to speak to one* (nú talar Flosi við menn sína); recipr., þeir töluðust mart við, *they talked about many things*.

TALAÐR, pp. *spoken, speaking*; t. vel, *a good speaker* (snjallr í máli ok t. vel á þingum).

TAL-HLÝÐINN, a. *listening to talk, credulous* (konungr var -hlýðinn ok eigi djúpsær).

TAMNING, f. *taming, breaking in*.

TAMR, a. (1) *tame*, = tamiðr, of a colt; (2) *familiar, ready* (þat varð tamast, sem í œskunni hafði numit).

TAMS-VÖNDR, m. *taming (magic) wand*.

TAND-RAUÐR, a. *'fire-red'*, of gold.

TANDRI, m. *fire* (poet.).

TANGI, m. (1) *a point projecting into the sea*; (2) *the pointed end by which the blade is driven into the handle* (sverðit brast í tanganum).

TANNA-, gen. pl. from 'tönn'; -GANGR, m. *chewing, tearing with the teeth*; -GNASTRAN, f., -GNISTR, m. *gnashing of teeth*; -HOLD, n. *the gums*.

TANNARI, m. *tusk-chisel*.

TANNA-SKJÁLFTI, m. *chattering of the teeth*; -VERKR, m. *tooth-ache*.

TANN-BELTI, n. *a belt of walrus-tusk*; -BERR, a. *with prominent teeth*; -FÉ, n. *tooth-fee* (a gift to an infant when it cuts its first tooth); -GARÐR, m. *'tooth-wall', the row of teeth*; -HJALTAÐR, pp. *tusk-hilted*; -HJÖLT, n. pl. *a hilt of walrus-tusk*; -LAUSA, a. *toothless*; -REFILL, m. *tusk-chisel*; -SÁRR, a. *tooth-sore, ill-treated*; -SKEPTR, pp. *with handle of walrus-tusk*; -SPJALD, n. *a plate (tablet) of walrus-tusk*; -TAFL, n. *pieces (chessmen) of walrus-tusk*; -VARA, f. *walrus-tusks*.

TAPA (AÐ), v. (1) *to lose*, with dat. (þar tapaði hón kambi sínum); (2) *to kill, put to death* (t. e-m, lífi e-s); (3) refl., tapast, *to be lost, come to nought*.

TAPAN, f. (1) *loss*; (2) *perdition*.

TAPAR-ØX, f. *a kind of small axe*.

TAPPA (AÐ), v. *to tap, draw*, from a cask (t. vín, mungát).

TARFR, m. *bull*.

TARGA, f. *target, small round shield*.

TARRA (AÐ), v. *to lay forth, spread out* (t. gulli ok gersimum).

TASKA, f. *bag, sack* (töskur tvær fullar með gull ok silfr).

TAS-VÍGR, a. *very busy* (at e-u).

TAUFR, n. pl. *sorcery, charms*.

TAUFRA (AÐ), v. *to enchant*.

TAUFRA-MAÐR, m. *sorcerer, enchanter*.

TAUFRAR, m. pl. = taufr.

TAUG (pl. -AR), f. *string, rope*; -REPTR, pp. ? *having ropes in place of rafters*, of a poor cottage.

TAUMA-LAG, n. *holding the reins*.

TAUMR (-S, -AR), m. *rein, bridle* (Á. tók í taumana); háfa hest í taumi, *to have a led horse with one*; bera taum á ísinn, *to measure the ice with a cord*; ganga, akast í tauma, *to fail, not to be fulfilled*.

TAUTA (AÐ), v. *to mutter, murmur*.

TÁ (gen. TÁR, pl. TÆR), f. *toe*; táin in mesta, *the big toe*.

TÁ, n. *path, walk* (poet.).

TÁG (pl. -AR), f. *stringy root, fibre*.

TÁ-JÁRN, n. '*toe-iron*', *fetter*.

TÁKN, n. (1) *token, mark* (krossar ok öll heilög tákn); (2) *token, wonder, miracle* (nú var þat í annat sinn, at Ólafr konungr gerði fagrt t.).

TÁKNA (AÐ), v. *to betoken, signify*; t. fyrir, *to forebode*.

TÁKN-SAMLIGR, a. (1) *symbolical*; (2) *miraculous* (-samlig lækning).

TÁL (pl. -AR), f. *deceit, allurement*; pl. *devices*; draga e-n á tálar, *to draw into a trap, betray*.

TÁLAR-DÍSIR, f. pl. *guileful (female) spirits*; -SNARA, f. *treacherous snare or noose*, = tálsnara.

TÁLGA (AÐ), v. *to carve*, = telgja.

TÁLGA, f. *cutting, carving*.

TÁL-GRÖF, f. *pitfall*.

TÁLGU-GRJÓT, n. *free-stone*; -KNÍFR, m. *carving-knife, whittle*; -TÓL, n. *carving-tool*; -ØX, f. *adze*.

TÁLKN, n. *gills of fish*; *whale-bone*.

TÁLKN-FANIR, f. pl. *strips of whalebone*; -AKIÐ, n. *a thick piece of whalebone* (berja með -skíði); -SPROTI, m. *wand of whalebone*.

TÁL-LAUSS, a. *guileless*; -LAUSLIGA, adv. *guilelessly, sincerely*.

TÁLMA (AÐ), v. *to hinder* (E. konungr tálmaði ekki ferð hans).

TÁLMAN, f. *hindering, obstruction*.

TÁL-SAMLIGR, a. *treacherous*; -SIGI, m. *bait, allurement*; -SNARA, f. *a deceitful snare*.

TÁR, n. *tear* (hrundu tárin á kinnr honum); fella tár, *to shed tears*.

TÁRA-BRUNNR, m. *flood of tears*; -FALL, n. *weeping*; -FULLR, a. *tearful*; -REGN, n. = -brunnr.

TÁRAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to shed tears, weep* (hann táraðist mjök).

TÁR-BLANDINN, pp. *blent with tears*; -FELDR, a. *weeping, tearful*; -FELLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to shed tears*; -FELLING, f. *shedding of tears*; -MILDR, a. *profuse of tears, apt to weep* (-mild augu); -STOKKINN, pp. *tear-besprinkled* (með társtokknum augum).

TÁRUG-HLÝRA, a. *with tearful cheeks*.

TÉ, n., in the phrase, þat er yðr jafnan í té, *it is always free to you*.

TEÐJA (TEÐ, TADDA, TADDR), v. *to dung, manure* (t. vel garða).

TEFJA (TEF, TAFÐA, TAFINN), v. *to hinder, delay* (t. e-n, t. fyrir e-m).

TEFLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to play at tables, chess, draughts*, etc. (sumir tefldu skáktafl eða hneftafl eða kvátru); (2) t. í uppnám, *to expose the pieces*, so that they can be taken (vildi S. bera aptr riddara, er hann hafði teflt í uppnám); (3) t. e-n upp, *to beat one in a game of draughts*, fig. *to deprive one of what one has*; (4) *to weave checks*.

TEFLINGR, m. *checkered cloth*.

TEGUND, f., see 'tigund'.

TEIGR (-S, -AR), m. *strip of field or meadow-land* (at slá teig þann, er heitir Gullteigr).

TEIG-YRKI (pl. -YRKJAR), m. *field-labourer* (-yrkjar ok verkamenn).

TEIKN, n. *token*, = tákn.

TEIKNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to denote, signify* (hvat mun þetta hafa at t.?); (2) *to make a sign, indicate by a sign*, = benda (konungr teiknaði mér, at ek skylda byrla honum).

TEIKNAN, f. *beckoning*, = bending.

TEINA, f. *basket made of twigs*.

TEINDR, pp. *beaten into rods or bars*.

TEINN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *twig*; *sprout*, = teinungr; (2) *spit* (tók ek þeira hjörtu ok á teini steiktak); (3) *a stake* to hang things on; (4) = hlautteinn (þeir hristu teina).

TEINUNGR, m. *sprout, twig*.

TEIN-VÖNDR, m. *wand, rod*.

TEIN-ÆRINGR, m. *ten-oared boat*; -ÆRR, a. *ten-oared* (skip -ært).

TEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to gladden, cheer, make cheerful*.

TEITI, f. *gladsomeness, cheerfulness*.

TEITR, a. *glad, cheerful, merry*.

TEKINN, pp. from 'taka', *(taken) ill* (lá hann ok var mjök t.).

TEKJA, (1) take, taking; (2) *seizure, booty*; (3) *income, revenue* (konungr gaf þeim hálfar tekjur við sik).

TELGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to shape, hew, carve, cut* wood or stone with adze or knife; síðan telgði hann af rúnarnar, *he cut off the runes*.

TELJA (TEL; TALDA; TALIÐR, TALDR, TALINN), v. (1) *to count, number* (G. biskup hafði t. látit bœndr á Íslandi); t. kyn sitt til e-s, eiga til e-s at t., *to trace one's descent from*; þótt þú eigir frændsemi at t. við mik, *though thou* canst reckon thyself my kith and kin; (2) *to tell, say, set forth*; hann taldi litla sína fýsi at róa lengra, *he said that he had little mind for rowing farther*; t. tölu, *to make a speech, preach a sermon*; (3) *to reckon, consider* (H. telr sik nú hraustari mann en áðr var hann); t. sér e-t, *to claim for oneself, reckon as one's property* (Þ. krókr taldi sér dalinn, ok kallaði hann þat sitt landnám); (4) t. fyrir vindi, *to go well before the wind*, of a ship (skipin voru örskreið ok töldu vel fyrir vindinum); (5) with preps., t. e-t af, *to dissuade*; t. e-t af fyrir e-m, *to dissuade one from*; t. at e-u, *to blame, find fault with, object to* (man ek ekki at t., þó at þú trúir á þat goð, er þér líkar); t. á e-n, *to rebuke, blame*; t. e-t eptir e-m, *to grudge one a thing* (ekki tel ek mat eptir ykkr); t. fyrir e-m, *to try to persuade one* (S. boðaði Þangbrandi heiðni ok taldi lengi fyrir honum); t. trú fyrir e-m, *to preach the gospel to one*; t. e-t ofan, *to dissuade from*; t. til e-s, *to claim* (taldi hann til ríkis); t. e-t upp, *to enumerate, reckon up* (þá taldi Þ. upp konur þær, sem vóru í Borgarfirði úgiptar); (6) refl., teljast undan e-u, *to decline, refuse* (telst hann undan förinni).

TEMJA (TEM; TAMDA; TAMIÐR, TAMDR, TAMINN), v. (1) *to tame, break in*; øxn nam at t., *he took to breaking in oxen*; (2) *to train, exercise* (t. sik við íþróttir *or* t. sér íþróttir); hann átti hrafna tvá, er hann hafði tamit við mál, *he had two ravens which he had trained to talk*.

TEMPRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to temper*; *moderate* (t. skaplyndi sitt); (2) *to temper, blend, mix* (temprandi sín tár með hans tárum).

TEMPRAN, f. *tempering*.

TEMPRANAR-FULLR, a. *temperate*; -LAUST, adv. *intemperately*.

TENDRA (AÐ), v. (1), *to make a fire, light* (t. eld, ljós, kerti); (2) *to kindle, excite* (t. hug sinn).

TENGDA-LIÐ, n., -MENN, m. pl. *relations by affinity*.

TENGDIR, f. pl. *affinity*.

TENGDR, pp. *related by affinity*.

TENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to fasten, tie together* (hann lét t. skip sín hvert fram af stafni annars); t. saman skipin, *to tie the ships together*.

TENGSL, n. pl. (1) *the ropes or fastenings* by which ships were bound together during battle (höggva tengslin á skipum sínum); (2) *ties of affinity*.

TENGSLA (AÐ), v. *to tie together* (t. saman skip).

TENINGA-KAST, n. *throw of dice*.

TENINGR (-S, -AR), m. *die*; kasta teningum, *to throw dice*.

TENNTR, pp. *toothed* (t. sem villigöltr).

TEPPA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to confine, enclose, shut in* (t. e-n inni); (2) *to close, stop, bar* (t. e-m stig).

TESTAMENT, n. *bequest, will*.

TEXTI, m. (1) *text*; (2) *gospels*.

TEYGI-AGN, n. *bait*; -LIGR, a. *tempting, enticing*.

TEYGING, f. *enticement, temptation*.

TEYGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to stretch out, draw* (t. hálsinn); (2) *to spread out dough into a flat cake* (t. brauð); (3) *to allure, entice* (teygir hann rakkann á brott með sér).

TEYMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to lead by the rein* (hann teymdu tveir saman).

TIGI, n. *charge*; only in the phrase, engi maðr er í t. til, nema …, *none can be blamed but, there is no question of any one but*.

TIGIN-BORINN, pp. *of noble birth*; -LEIKR, m. *noble birth*; -MANNLIGR, a. *noble-looking*.

TIGINN, a. *high-born, of high estate, noble*, of a king or an earl (þú kannt vel at vera með tignum mönnum).

TIGL, n. *tile, brick*; -GRJÓT, n. *bricks*; -GØRÐ, f. *brick-making*; -OFN, m. *brick kiln*; -VEGGR, m. *brick wall*.

TIGLA (AÐ), v. *to reimburse, refund*, of small sums.

TIGN, f. *state, highness, honour*.

TIGNA (AÐ), v. *to honour, worship* (t. goð); tigna sik konungs-nafni, *to assume a king's name*; refl., tignast, *to be exalted, glorified*.

TIGNAR-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *robes of state*; -KÓRÓNA, f. *royal crown*; -LAUSS, a. = útiginn; -MAÐR, m. *a man of rank*; -MARK, n. *mark of high rank*; -NAFN, n. *high title*; -SESS, m. *seat of honour*; -SKRÚÐ, n. = -klæði; -STÓLL, m. *chair of state, throne*; -SVIPR, m. *air of digniiy, royal look*; -SÆTI, n. = -sess; -VALD, n. *supremacy*.

TIGR (gen. -AR; pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. *a ten, decade*, = tegr, tøgr, togr, tugr; tíu tigir manna, *one hundred men*; hálfan fjórða tøg skipa, *thirty-five ships*; sex ins fimta tigar, *forty-six*; vetri fátt í fjóra tigu, *thirty-nine years*.

TIGU-LIGA, or tigur-liga, adv. *nobly, grandly*; -LIGR, a. *lordly, princely* (inn -ligi maðr).

TIGUND, f. *kind, sort, species* (þeir fjórir hlutir, er ágætastir eru hér í landi, hverr í sinni t.).

TIL, prep. with gen. (1) *to* (ríða til skips, koma t. Noregs); leiða, stefna t. e-s, *to lead, tend towards*; (2) *of*; tala vel, illa t e-s, *to speak well, ill of one*; vita t. e-s, *to know of, be conscious of*; *spyrja t. e-s, to*

hear tidings of; *segja t. e-s, to tell of*; ljúga t. e-s, *to tell a falsehood about*; (3) *on*; t. annarrar handar, *on the other hand or side*; t. vinstri, hœgri handar, *on the left, right hand*; (4) denoting reason, purpose, respect (svelta sik t. fjár; berjast t. ríkis; blóta t. árs; sverð ørugt t. vápns); liggja t. byrjar, *to wait for a favourable wind*; hross t. reiðar, *a horse for riding*; (5) e-m verðr gott, illt t. e-s, *one is well or ill off for a thing, has much or little of it*; þeim varð gott t. manna, *they got together many men*; land illt t. hafna, *a land ill off for havens*; henni féll þungt t. fjár, *she was pressed for money*; (6) with verbs, gera e-t t. skaps e-m, *to do a thing to please one*; jafna e-u t. e-s, *to compare it with*; gera vel, illa t. e-s, *to treat one well, badly*; (7) of time; t. elli, *to old age*; t. dauðadags, *till one's death day*; liðr á sumarit t. átta vikna, *the summer passed till eight weeks were left*; t. þess er, þar t. er, *until*; allt t., *all* the time till; (8) ellipt. and adverbial usages; vera t., *to exist*; fala hey ok mat, ef t. væri, *if there were any left*; hvárttveggja er t., *there is a stock of both*; eiga t., hafa t., *to possess*; þat áð, sem helzt var t., *ready to hand*; vera t. neyddr, *to be forced*; skilja t., *to reserve*; verða fyrstr t., *to be the first to do a thing*; (9) *too* (t. ungr, t. gamall, eigi t. víðlendr); eigi t. mikit, *not too much, not very much*; æva t. snotr, *not too wise*; helzt t. (helzti), mikils t. (mikilsti), *by far too much*.

TIL-AFLAN, f. *providing of supplies*.

TILANNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. *furtherer*.

TIL-BEINI, m. *furtherance, help*; -BIÐJA, v. *to worship*; -BOÐ, n. *offer*; -BRAGI, n. *contrivance, behaviour*; -BRIGÐI, n. pl. (1) *change*; (2) *nature, natural or hereditary disposition* (þykkir Egill vera merkiligr maðr, sem líkligt er fyrir -brigða sökum); -BÚNAÐR, m. *arrangement, preparation*; -DRÁTTR, m. (1) *attraction*; (2) *occasion*; -EFNI, n. *business, affairs, deserts*; hann vissi -efni sín, *he understood his own affairs*; -FELLDR, pp. *fit, convenient*; -FELLI, n. *occurrence, circumstance, accident, case*; -FELLILIGR, a. *suitable*; -FERÐ, f. *admittance*; -FLUTNING, f. *supply*; -FYNDILIGR, a. *suitable*; -FYNDINN, a. *fault-finding*; -FÝSI, f. *desire, longing*; -FÝSILIGR, a. *desirable*; -FÝST, f. = -fýsi; -FŒRR, a. *able* (= fœrr til); -FÖNG, n. pl. *means, supplies*; -FÖR, f. *attack*, = atför; -GANGR, m. (1) *circumstances, grounds*; (2) *recourse*; -GENGILIGR, a. *accessible*; -GJÖF, *f. dower, bridal gift*; -GØRÐ, f. *desert, merit*; eptir -gørðum, *according to one's deserts*; fyrir enga -gørð, utan várrar i-gørðar, *without provocation*; -GØRNING, f. = -gørð; -HALLR, a. *favourable (to)*; -HEYRILIGA, adv. *duly, properly*; -HEYRILIGR, a. *due, proper*; -HLÝÐILIGR, a. *due, becoming*; -HNEIGING, f. *bent, inclination*; -HÆTTNI, f. *venture, risk*; -KALL, n. *claim* (eiga -kall til e-s); -KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. *coming, arrival*; -KOMANDI, a. *coming, arriving*; m. *new-comer*.

TILKOMU-LAUSS, a. *of no consequence*; -MAÐR, m. *new-comer*.

TIL-KVÁMA, f. = -koma; -KVÆÐI, n. *addressing one in verse*; -KVÆMD, f. *consequence, importance*.

TILKVÆMDAR-MAÐR, m. *a person of consequence or importance*.

TIL-LAG, n. (1) *help, contribution*; (2) *counsel, advice*; -LAGA, f. = -lag.

TILLAGA-FÁR, a. *reserved in counsel*; -GÓÐR, a. *well-disposed*; -góðr inna stœrri mála, *a good counsellor in important matters*; -ILLR, a. *evil-disposed, interfer-*

ing in a hostile way.

TIL-LÁT, n. *compliance*; -LÁTSAMR, a. *yielding*; -LÁTSEMI, f. *compliance*; -LEIÐING, f. *inducement*; -LEITINN, a. = áleitinn; -LEITNI, f. *attempt*; -LIT, n. (1) *glance, look*; illt -lit, *a dismal look*; (2) *opinion*; -LOKKAN, f. *allurement*; -LOTNING, f. *reverence*; -LYSTILIGR, a. *desirable*; -LÆTI, n. *deference*; hafa -læti við e-n, gera e-m -læti, *to show deference to*; -MÆLI, n. (1) *claim* (eiga rétt -mæli til Noregs); (2) *request*; -RAUN, f. *trial, experiment* (gera -raun); -RÁÐ, n. *onset*; veita e-m -ráð, *to assault one*; -RUÐNING, f. *clearing the way for a thing*; af -ruðning e-s, *by ones efforts*; -RÆÐI, n. (1) *assault*; veita e-m -ræði, *to assault*; (2) *boldness, daring* (mun oss sigrs verða auðit, ef oss skortir eigi þrá ok -ræði).

TILRÆÐIS-MAÐR, m. *a daring man*.

TIL-RŒÐA, f. *discussion, consultation* (áðr var mjök löng -rœða um þat mál); -SETNING, f. *arrangement*; -SIGLING, f. *shipping to a place*; -SJÁ, -SJÓ, f. *attention, care, supervision*; -SKIP-AÐR, pp. *fixed, appointed*; -SKIPAN, f. *arrangement, disposition*; -SKYLDAN, f. (1) *one's deserts, due*; (2) *compulsion*; -SLŒGJA, f., -SLŒGR, m. *profit*, = slœgr; -SÓKN, f. (1) *crowding*; (2) *attack*; -SPURN, -SPURNING, f. *hearing, intelligence*; -STAÐA, f. *condition, state, circumstances*; -STILLI, n., -STILLING, f. *management, agency*; af þínu -stilli, *by thy guidance*; allgott -stilli um málaferli, *successful conducting of suits*.

TILSTILLINGAR-MAÐR, m. *abettor, inciter* (úvinrinn ok hennar -maðr).

TIL-STOÐ, *f. assistance, help*; -STEFNAN, f. *causing* (varð þetta mjök af -stofnan Hallmundar); -STUNDAN, f. *inducement, exertion*; -STÝRING, f. = -stilli; -SÝNDUM, adv. *in appearance, to look on* (fagr -sýndum); -SÝNI, n. *look-out, view*; -SÝNIS, adv., -SÝNUM, adv. = -sýndum; -SÝSLA, f. *management*; -SÖGN, f. *information, guidance*; -TAK, n. *a laying hold of*; góðr -taks, *good to resort to*; -TAKA, f. = -tekja.

TILT, a. n. *peaceful*; bera t. með tveim, *to set goodwill between two*.

TILTAKA-GÓÐR, a. *good to aid*, = góðr tiltaks; -SAMR, a. *busy, active*.

TIL-TALA, f. (1) *proportion*; eptir réttri -tölu, *in due proportion*; (2) *claim*, = -mæli, -KALL (eiga -tölu til ríkis); -TEKJA, -TEKT, f. *(one's) doings or procedure* (þá grunaði mjök um -tekjur jarls); -TEYGING, f. *inducement*; -TÆKI, n. = -tekja; -TŒKILIGR, a. *expedient* (konungr spurði hann at, hvat -tœkiligast væri); -TŒKR, a. (1) *liable to be seized* (dræpr ok -tœkr, hvar sem hann verðr staðinn); (2) *ready* at hand, ready for use (svá at þegar væri sverðit -tœkt, er hann vildi); -VERKI, m. (1) *desert, merit*; (2) *action, deed*; -VERKNAÐR, m. = -verki; -VÍK, n. *circumstance*; -VÍSAN, f. *guidance, direction, instruction*; -VÍSNING, f. = -vísan; -ÆTLAN, f. *intention, purpose*; -ŒSKING, f. *adoption*.

TILŒSKINGAR-SONR, m. *adopted son*.

TIMBR, n. (1) *timber* (hann hafði látit höggva í skógi t.); (2) *a set of forty skins*.

TIMBRA (AÐ), v. *to build* (t. hús).

TIMBR-HÖGG, n. *felling of timber*; -STOFA, *f. hall of timber*; -STOKKR, m. *timber-stock, beam*; -VEGGR, m. *wooden wall*.

TIN, n. *tin*; -DISKR, m. *tin* plate.

TINDÓTTR, a. *toothed, spiked*.

TINDR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *spike, tooth* of a comb; (2) *mountain-peak* (fjalli tindr).

TINGL, n. *ornamental headpiece* (on a-ship); róa tinglit, ? *to wag the head*.

TIN-KNAPPR, m. *tin-knob*.

TINNA, f. *flint* (taka eld með tinnu).

TIN-SMIÐR, m. *tinsmith*.

TITLINGR, m. *sparrow*.

TITRA (AÐ), v. *to twinkle, wink* (hann titrar augunum).

TITULL, m. (1) *dot, abbreviation*; (2) *inscription*; (3) *event, incident*.

TÍÐ (pl. -IR), f. (1) *time*; langa (skamma) t., *for a long (short) while*; also as masc. in phr., í þann (*or* þenna) tíð; (2) *hour* (á níundu t. dags); (3), plur. *divine service, prayers* (syngja tíðir); fylgja tíðum, fara (sœkja) til tíða, *to attend divine service*.

TÍÐA (-DDI, -TT), v. impers., e-n tíðir, *to long for, wish*; mik fara tíðir, *I long to go*; refl., tíðast, *to be in use*.

TÍÐA-BÓK, f. *breviary*; -FŒRR, a. *able to sing prayers*; -FÖR, f. *church-going*; -GØRÐ, f. *divine service*; -HALD, n. *performance of* tíðir; -HEYRN, f. *the hearing of divine service*; -KAUP, n. *a priest's salary*; -LAUSS, a. *without* tíðir; -MAÐR, m. *worshipper*; -OFFR, n. = -kaup; -SKIPAN, f. *arrangement of divine service*; -SÓKN, f. = -för; -VEIZLA, f. = -gørð.

TÍÐ-HJALAT, pp. n. *much spoken of* (-hjalat um e-t); gera sér -hjalat við e-n, *to converse often with one*.

TÍÐINDA-LAUSS, a. *void of news, without incident* (eptir um sumarit varkyrt ok -laust); -PATI, m. *loose rumour*; -SAGA, f. *a report of tidings*; -SPURN, f. *hearing of news*; -SÖGN, f. *report*; -VÆNLIGR, a., -VÆNN, a. *fraught with great tidings*.

TÍÐINDI, n. pl. *tidings, news, events*; þú skalt eigi kunna frá tíðindum at segja, *thou shall not be left alive to tell the tale*; gerast (verða) til tíðinda, *to happen, occur* (verðr ekki til tíðinda); mun þetta vita tíðinda, *this forebodes great tidings*; er þetta var tíðinda, *when this happened*.

TÍÐIS, adv., in the phrase, vita, hvat t. var, *to know what was the news*.

TÍÐKA (AÐ), v. *to be wont* (hefi ek eigi tíðkat at taka við þess háttar mönnum); refl., tíðkast, *to be in use, be in vogue* (sem nú tekr mjök at tíðkast); t. e-m, *to become dear to*; hann tíðkaðist Maríu, *he courted M*.

TÍÐKAN, f. *eagerness*; e-m er t. á e-u, *one is eager for*.

TÍÐ-LÁTR, a. *eager*; -LEIKR, m. (1) *popularity* (fá -leik ok metnað af verkum sínum); (2) pl. *friendly intercourse*; vera í -leikum við konu, *to go a courting*; -LIGA, adv. *eagerly, greedily*; -LIGR, a. *temporal*, = stundligr.

TÍÐR (TÍÐ, TÍTT), a. (1) *frequent, usual, customary* (knattleikar voru þá tíðir); (2) *often spoken of, noted, famous* (a þeim tíðum var Á. biskup mjök t. ok ágætr); t. alþýðu, *popular*; (3) *dear, beloved*; í Gymisgörðum ek sá ganga mér tíða mey, *a maid I love*; þá sá Ölvir Solveigu ok gerði sér um títt, *and courted her*; Þ. gerði sér títt við Björn, *Th. courted B's friendship*; (4) *eager* (þeim var títt heim at fara); nú er honum títt til síns matar, *he is eager to get his food*; hann kvað sér títt um ferðina, *he said he was eager to go*; (5) neut, sá þá, hvat títt var, *what* had happened; (6) títt, as adv. *frequently, quickly* (konungr hjó títt ok hart); sem tíðast, *at once, with all speed* (þeir reru í brott sem tíðast); aldri tíðara, *never more* (geng ek aldri tíðara þess erendis).

TÍÐ-RŒKINN, a. *often attending service*.

TÍÐ-RŒTT, pp. n., = -hjalat; þeim var -rœtt, *they talked often together*.

TÍÐSKA, f. *custom, fashion* (þat er t. at binda mönnum helskó).

TÍÐU-LIGA, adv. *frequently*, = tíðum.

TÍÐUM (dat. pl. from 'tíðr'), adv. *frequently, often* (þeir leggja spjótum bæði hart ok t.); = títt.

TÍÐUNGR, m. *a full-grown bull*.

TÍÐ-VIRKR, a. *eager for work, industrious*.

TÍ-FALDR, a. *tenfold* (-föld tala).

TÍMA (-DA, -T), v. (1) only with a negative, t. eigi, *to be reluctant, grudge* (hann tímdi eigi at gefa mönnum sínum mat); (2) e-n tímir e-t, *it befalls one*; (3) refl., tímast, *to happen to one, befall one*.

TÍMA-DAGR, m. *day of bliss*; -HALD, n. *chronology*; -LAND, n. *land of good luck*; -LAUSS, a. *luckless*; -LEYSI, n. *lucklessness*; -LIGA, adv. *timely, early*; -LIGR, a. *temporal*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *successfully*.

TÍMI, m. (1) *time*; eptir tíma liðinn, *after a little time*; í þann tíma, *at that time*; fyrstan tíma, er ek var hér, *the first time that I was here*; (2) *time, fit time* (þeim þótti t. til at ganga á fund konungs); á hœfiligum tíma, *in due time*; í tíma, *betimes*; (3) *good luck, prosperity* (gangi þér allt til tírs ok tíma).

TÍNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to pick* (hann tíndi upp gullit); (2) *to cleanse* (t. korn); (3) fig. *to recount, narrate* (engi tunga má t., hversu mikit gott konungrinn veitti sínum mönnum); (4) refl., tínast, *to go one by one* (bað jarl sína menn t. undan).

TÍRAR-FÖR, f. *glorious journey*; -HÖND, f., in the phrase, taka -hendi á e-m, *to treat one with distinction*.

TÍRR (gen. TÍRS and TÍRAR), m. *glory, renown* (góðs höfum tírar fengit).

TÍ-RŒÐR, a. (1) *decimal*, opp. to 'tólfrœðr'; tvau hundruð -rœð, = 200; (2) *a hundred years old* (honum ólst sonr, þá er hann var -rœðr); (3) *measuring a hundred fathoms* (eldhúsit var -rœtt at lengd).

TÍTT, adv., see 'tíðr'.

TÍU, card. numb. *ten*; tíu tigir, *a hundred*.

TÍUND, f. (1) *the tenth part*; (2) *tithe*.

TÍUNDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pay tithes*; (2) *to give a tithe of* (t. fé sitt); (3) *to levy a tithe on*.

TÍUNDA-MÁL, n. *a suit referring to tithes*.

TÍUNDAR-FÉ, n. *tithe-money*; -GJALD, n. *payment of a tithe*; -GØRÐ, f. *tithe-fixing, setting the tithe*; -HALD, n. *holding back the tithe*; -HEIMTA, f. *claiming the tithe*; -MÁL, n. = tíunda-mál; -VARA, f. *tithe goods*.

TÍUNDI, ord. numb. *the tenth*.

TÍVAR, m. pl. *gods*.

TIVORR, m. *god* (poet.).

TIZKA, f. *custom*, = tíðska.

TJALD, n. (1) *tent*, on land or on ships, esp. when in harbour; bregða tjöldum, *to take down (strike) the tents*; (2) *hangings, tapestry*.

TJALDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pitch a tent* (þat var annarr siðr þeira at t. aldri á skipum); (2) *to hang with cloth or tapestry* (lét Þyri t. höllina grám vaðmálum).

TJALD-ÁSS, m. *tent-pole*; -BÚÐ, f. *tent-booth, the Tabernacle*; -DYRR, f. pl. *tent-doors*; -KÚLA, f. *tent-knob*; -LAUSS, a. *tentless, in open air*.

TJALDR, m. *oyster-catcher* (bird).

TJALD-SKÖR, f. *the edge of a tent*.

TJALDS-NAGLI, m. (1) *tent-peg*; (2) *peg to which hangings are fastened*.

TJALD-STAÐR, m. *place for pitching a tent*; -STEINN, m. *a rock looking like a tent*; -STOKKR, m. *tent-block*; -STUÐILL, m., -STÖNG, f. *tent-pole*.

TJALDS-TRÖNUR, f. pl. *tent-frame*.

TJALD-VIÐIR, m. pl. *wooden frame of a*

tent or tabernacle.

TJARA, f. *tar* (svartr sem t.).

TJARGA (AÐ), v. *to tar*.

TJASNA, f., a kind of *peg*.

TJÁ (TÉ, TÉÐA, TÉÐR; later TJÁI, TJÁÐA, TJÁÐR), v. (1) *to show, exhibit*; er honum er téð sverð, *when the sword is shown him*; t. e-t fyrir e-m, *to show it to one*; (2) *to tell, report, relate* (þá hluti, er þar gørðust, téða ek þér í fyrra bréfi); Gunnarr tjáði, hversu vel þeim hafði farit, *G. told how well they had behaved*; also, t. e-t fyrir e-m (hann tjáði fyrir konu sinni, at Hrafn væri úskapgæfr); (3) *to show, grant*; t. e-m góðvilja, *to show one a kindness*; (4) with gen., t. eigi tanna, *'not to show the teeth', to take no food* (við þessi tíðindi úgladdist mjök G. konungr, svá at hann tjáði eigi tanna); (5) *to be of use, boot, avail*, = tjóa, týja, tœja (Þórir sá, at þá mundi ekki t. at leyna); (6) as an auxil. verb; sól tér sortna, *the sun grows dark*.

TJÓA (AÐ), v. *to avail*, = tjá 5.

TJÓÐR, n. *tether* (hestr í tjóðri).

TJÓÐRA (AÐ), v. *to tether*.

TJÓN, n. and f. *damage, loss* (gera e-m t.).

TJÓNAÐR, m. *help, assistance* (með tjónaði liðsmanna hans).

TJÓN-SAMR, a. *losing heavily*.

TJÚGA, f. *pitch-fork*.

TJÚGARI, m. poet. *destroyer* (tungls t.).

TJÚGU-SKEGG, n. *fork-beard*, a nickname (of King Sveinn of Denmark).

TJÖRGAÐR, pp. *tarred*.

TJÖRN (gen. TJARNAR, pl. TJARNIR), f. (1) *tarn, small lake*; (2) *pool* (hann kenndi, at t. var á gólfinu).

TJÖRU-PINNR, m. *tar-pin*.

TODDI, m. *bit, piece, slice*.

TOG, n. *rope, line, cord*; hafa (leiða) hest í togi, *to have a led-horse*.

TOGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to draw, pull, stretch* (síðan togar hann á honum tunguna); t. af e-m, *to draw the shoes and stockings off a person*; fara sem fœtr toga, *to run as hard as one can go*; (2) refl., togast ór höndum e-m, *to be drawn out of one's hands*; t. við fast, *to pull hard*; t við aldr, *to pull against old age, grow old* (ekki muntu við aldr togast).

TOGAN, f. *drawing, pulling*.

TOG-DRAPA, f. *a* drápa *composed in a special metre called*' toglag'.

TOGINN, pp. *drawn* (enn logni hjörr).

TOG-LÖÐ, f. *a body of twelve*.

TOGNA (AÐ), v. *to be stretched*; dagr tekr at t., *the day begins to lengthen*.

TOLLA, v. *to cleave to, hang fast*.

TOLLA (AÐ), v. *to toll, take toll*.

TOLLR (-S, -AR), m. *toll, duty, tax* (Íslendingar skulu engi toll gjalda í Noregi nema landaura).

TOPPR, (1) *tuft, lock of hair, forelock*; (2) *top*; t siglu, *mast-top, mast-head*.

TOPT or TUPT, f. (1) *'toft', homestead*; Skaði byggvir fornar toptir föður, *S. dwells in her father's old home*; (2) *a place marked out for a house or building* (skyldi þar vera kaupstaðr; hann gaf mönnum toptir til at gera sér þar hús); (3) *the mere walls or foundations of a (former) building* (út með firðinum eru víða toptir).

TOR-, an inseparable adverbial prefix in compels., opp. to 'auð-'; -BREYTILIGR, a. *very difficult*; -BREYTTR, a. = -breytiligr (-breytir vegr); -BŒNN, a. *hard to move by prayer*; -BŒTTR, pp. *hard to make good again*.

TORD-ÝFILL, m. *dung-beetle*.

TORF, n. (1) *turf, sod* (höfðu Danir gert borgarvegg af grjóti, torfi ok viðum); (2)

turf for fuel, peat; grafa t., *to dig peat*.

TORFA, f. *turf, slice of sod*.

TORF-BÁSS, m. *a shed to keep peat*; -BINGR, m. *a pile of turfs or peat*.

TOR-FENGINN, -FENGR, a. *hard to get*; -FLUTTR, pp. *difficult to carry*.

TORF-FŒRI, n. pl. *tools for cutting sods and peat*; -GRÖF, f. *peat-hole*; -HRAUKR, m. *peat-stack*; -HRIP, n. *turf-pannier, peat-basket*; -KAST, n. *pelting with sods*; -KRÓKR, m. a kind of *box to carry peat and sods*; -LEIKR, m. *'turf-game', pelting with sods*; -MÓR, m. *turf-moor*; -NAUST, n. *a ship-shed built of turf*; -SKERI, m. *an implement for cutting sods or peats*; -SKURÐR, m. *cutting turf or peat*; -STAKKR, m. *peat-stack*.

TORF-VIÐR, m. = tyrvi, tyr-viðr.

TOR-FYNDR, a. *difficult to find*; -FŒRA, f., -FŒRI, n. *a difficult, dangerous passage*; -FŒRILIGR, -FŒRR, a. *hard to pass*.

TORF-ØX, f. *axe for cutting turf*.

TORG, n. *market, mart, market-place* (hann var úti staddr á torgi).

TOR-GÆTR, a. *hard to get, rare*; -KENNA (-DA, -DR), v. *to disguise*; -KENNDR, pp. *hard to recognize*; -KENNING, f. *disguise*; -LEIÐI, n. = -fœra; -MERKI, n. *difficulties*; telja -merki á e-u, *to raise difficulties about*; -MŒÐI, f. *rancour*; -NÆMR, a. *hard to learn*.

TORREK, n. *(severe) loss*.

TOR-REYFILIGR, a. *difficult*; -RÆKI, n. *misfortune*; -SÓTTLIGR, a., -SÓTTR, pp. *hard to overcome, or to come at*; of things, *hard to perform*; -SVEIGÐR, pp., -SVEIGR, a. *hard to sway or bend*; -SÝNN, a. *hard to see*; -SŒKILIGR, a. = -sóttligr; -SÆR, a. = -sýnn; -TALINN, pp. *hard to count*; -TÍMA (-DA, -T), v. *to destroy, kill* (honum mátti hvorki -líma gálgi né virgill); -TRYGÐ, f. *doubt, suspicion, incredulity*; hafa -trygð á e-m, *to suspect*; -TRYGGINGA, adv. *suspiciously*; -TRYGGILIGR, a. *doubtful, suspicious*; -TRYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to mistrust, suspect*; -TRYGGLEIKR, m. *distrust*; -TRYGGLIGR, a. = -tryggiligr; -TRYGGR, a. *doubtful, incredulous* (hann er svá -tryggr, at hann trúir engum manni).

TORU-GÆTR, a., older form = torgætr.

TOR-UNNINN, pp. *hard to overcome*; -VELDA (-LDA, -LDR), v. *to make difficult* (-vekla e-t fyrir sér).

TORVELDA-LAUST, adv. *without difficulties* (komast -laust yfir ána).

TOR-VELDI, n. and f. *difficulty*; -VELDLIGR, -VELDR, a. *hard, difficult* (þótti honum -velt at rétta þeira hlut); -VIRÐR, a. *difficult to estimate*; -ÞEYSTR, pp. *hard to stir*; -ÞREYTILIGR, a. *difficult to perform*; -ÆRI, n. *bad season, famine*, = hallæri.

TOSKR, m. *tusk*, in 'Rata-toskr'.

TÓ, f. *grassy spot among cliffs* (gammrinn settist í tó eina, er var í björgunum).

TÓ, n. *wool*; vinna tó, *to card or dress wool* (konur unnu tó á daginn).

TÓL, n. pl. *tools* (gerðu þeir hamar ok töng ok steðja ok þaðan af öll tól önnur).

TÓLA-KISTA, f. *tool-chest*.

TÓLF, card. numb. *twelve*.

TÓLF-EYRINGR, m. *a twelve-ounce ring*; -FEÐMINGR, m. *a space twelve-fathom square*; -GREINDR, pp. *divided into twelve*; -MENNINGR, m. *a company of twelve*, at a banquet; -RŒÐR, a. *consisting of twelve tens*; -rœtt hundrað, *a duodecimal hundred*, 120.

TOLFTAR-KVIÐR, m. = tylftar-kviðr.

TÓLFTI, ord. numb. *the twelfth*.

TÓLFTUNGR, m. *the twelfth part*.

TÓLF-VETR, a. *twelve years old*; -ÆRINGR, m. *a twelve-oared boat*; -ÆRR,

a. *twelve-oared*.

TÓM, n. *leisure*; Aron kvað nú eigi t. at því, *A. said there was no time (leisure) for that*; í tómi, *at leisure*; leika í tómi við, *to allow oneself time, take one's time* (hann sá hvert ráð, er bezt gegndi, ef hann lék í tómi við); í góðu, œrnu tómi, *at good, ample leisure*; af tómi, *by and by*.

TÓM-LATR, a. *slow, leisurely* (eigi voru þér nú -látir, Íslendingar); -LIGA, adv. *slowly, leisurely*; -LÆTI, n. *slowness, leisureliness (þeir sögðu Þorleif mjök íslenzkan fyrir -læti sitt)*.

TÓMR, a. (1) *empty*; með tvær hendr tómar, *empty-handed*; (2) *vain, mere, idle* (vera kann at þetta sé eigi tóm orð, er þú talar nú).

TÓM-STUND, f. *leisure-hour, leisure* (gefið mér -stund til ráða-gerðar); ljá e-m -stundar, *to give one time*.

TÓNA (AÐ), v. *to set in tunes*.

TÓNI, TÓNN, m. *musical sound, tone*.

TÓRA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to vegetate, have a mere existence* (látið þá t. at eins).

TRAÐAR-VEGGR, m. *wall of* á tröð.

TRAÐK, n., TRAÐKR, m. *a trodden spot*.

TRAF, n., only in pl. 'tröf', *fringe*; hón hafði knýtt um sik blæju ok vóru í mörk blá ok tröf fyrir enda, *a kerchief with blue marks or stripes and fringes at the ends*.

TRAFIÐR, pp. *tattered, ragged*.

TRAKTERA (AÐ), v. (1) *to treat*; (2) *to entertain* (t. e-n vel ok herliga).

TRAMAR, m. pl. *fiends, demons*.

TRANA, f., TRANI, m. *crane* (bird).

TRAPIZA, f. *table* (t. stóð á gólfi).

TRAUÐ, f., in the phrase, við t. ok nauð, *with great difficulty*.

TRAUÐA (AÐ), v. *to fail, be wanting*.

TRAUÐ-LA, -LIGA, adv. *scarcely, hardly*; -MAL, n. *hard-words*.

TRAUÐR, a. *unwilling, loath, reluctant* (t. mun ek af hendi at láta sveit þessa); neut., trautt, *scarcely*, = trauðla (til þess munu menn trautt vita dœmi).

TRAUST, n. (1) *help, protection, support* (hingat em ek kominn at sœkja heilræði at þér ok t.); ek hefi lítil t. undir mér, *small power, authority*; (2) *firmness, confidence* (vér megum með minna trausti um tala); hafa (bera) t. til e-s, *to dare, venture* (veit ek eigi ván þeira manna, er t. muni hafa at brjóta orð konungs).

TRAUST-LAUSS, a. *without protection*; *helpless*; -LEIKI, m. *strength, firmness*; -LIGA, adv. *firmly, confidently*; -LIGR, a. *safe, to be relied on*.

TRAUSTR, a. (1) *trusty, firm, strong* (Æsirnir kvoðu 'silkibandit' vera nökkuru traustara en líkindi þœtti á); (2) fig., eigi var traust, at eigi fyki steinar á skipin, *it was not free from it*; (3) *confident*.

TRÉ (pl. TRÉ, gen. TRJÁ, dat. TRJÁM), n. (1) *tree* (höggva t. í skógi); eigi felir t. við it fyrsta högg, *the tree falls not at the first stroke*; (2) *the mast of a ship*, = siglutré (á skipi Munans brotnaði tréit); (3) *tree, rafter, beam*, cf. 'þver-tré'; (4) *the seat of a privy*.

TRÉ-BORG, f. *wooden fort*; -BRÚ, f. *wooden bridge*.

TREÐJA (TREÐ, TRADDA, TRADDR), v. *to tread down, trample*.

TRE-DRUMBR, m. *log (of wood)*.

TREFILL, m. *tatter, rag*.

TREFLUGR, a. *tattered, ragged*.

TRÉ-FÓTR, m. *wooden leg* (ganga við -fót); also as a nickname.

TREFR, f. pl. *fringes*, = tröf.

TREGA (pres. TREGR, pret. TREGÐI), irreg. v. *to grieve*; fjöld er þat, er fira tregr,

many are the woes of man; hví tregr-at ykkr teiti at mæla, *how can ye bear to speak words of cheer?*

TREGA (AÐ), v. *to grieve* (marga menn tregaði mjök andlát porláks biskups); *to bring grief upon* (munaðar-ríki hefir margan tregat).

TREGA-FULLR, -SAMLIGR, a. *mournful*.

TREGÐA, f. *reluctance, unwillingness*; hafa tregður í at gera e-t, *to be unwilling to do a thing*.

TREGÐU-LAUST, adv. *without cavil, willingly*.

TREGI, m. (1) *difficulty, reluctance*; hafa enga trega í málum þessum, *to raise no difficulties in these suits*; (2) *grief, woe* (með tárum ok trega); svá fellr mér þetta nær um trega, at, *this grieves me so much that*.

TREG-LIGA, adv. (1) *with difficulty*; (2) *reluctantly, unwillingly* (Brúsi gekk -liga at öllu sáttmáli); (3) *moodily* (gekk hón -liga á tái sitja); -LIGR, a. *slow, reluctant* (Þ. var heldr -ligr í fyrstu); it -ligasta, *with the greatest difficulty*.

TREGR, a. *unwilling, reluctant* (Hrafn var inn tregasti at bregða flokkinum); *tardy, slow* (t. til sætta); neut., tregt = tregliga; mun honum þat tregt veita, *it will go hard with him*.

TREG-RÓF, n. *tale of woe*.

TRÉ-GUÐ, n. *wooden idol*; -HAFR, m. *wood-buck*; -HÚS, n. *wooden house*; -HVÁLF, n. *wooden vault*; -HÖLL, f. *wooden hall*; -KASTALI, m. = -borg; -KEFLI, n. *wooden stick*; -KER, n. *wooden vessel*; -KIRKJA, f. *wooden church*; -KUMBR, m. *log*; -KYLFA, f. *wooden club*; -KÖTTR, m. *mouse-trap*; -LAUSS, a. *treeless*; -LIGR, a. *wooden, of wood*; -LURKR, m. *wooden cudgel*; -MAÐR, m. *wooden man*.

TRÉNA (AÐ), v. *to become hard and woody*, of a tree or plant-stem.

TRÉ-NÍÐ, n. *the carving on a post of a person's likeness* in an obscene posture; -REIÐI, m. *wooden equipments* (masts, oars, etc.); -RÆFR, n. *wooden roof or shed*; -SAUMR, m. *wooden nails* (skip seymt -saumi).

TRESK, n. *hair, tresses* (poet.).

TRÉ-SKRÍN, n. *wooden shrine*; -SMIÐR, m. *craftsman in wood, carpenter*; -SMÍÐI, n. *wood-work, carpentry*; -SPÁNN, m. *chip*; -STABBI, -STOBBI, m. *log of wood, tree-stump*; -STOKKR, m. *block of wood*; -STÓLPI, m. *wooden pillar*; -STUBBI, = -stobbi; -TOPPR, m. *top of a tree*; -VIRKI, n. *woodwork* (brann allt -virkit).

TREYJA, f. (1) *jerkin* (fara í treyju); (2) *war-jacket* (hann hafði góða brynju ok styrkja treyju).

TREYJU-BLAÐ, n. *flap of a jacket*.

TREYSTA (-STA, -STR), v. (1) *to make trusty, make strong and safe* (Höskuldr treysti mundriða í skildi); (2) *to make firm* (t. vináttu e-s); t. herinn ok eggja, *encourage and exhort the troops*; (3) *to try the strength of a thing with the hand* (hann treysti 'silkibandit' með handa-afli ok slitnaði eigi); (4) *to trust to, rely on* (t. e-m *or* t. á e-n); (5) *to dare, venture* (nú er sú öld í Noregi, at ek treysti eigi at halda ykkr hér heima með mér); (6) refl., treystast = treysta 4 (treystust Numidiumenn betr fótum en vápnum); = treysta 5 (hann mun eigi t. öðru en gøra sem ek vil).

TRÉ-ÞAK, n. *timber roof*; -ÖR, f. *wooden arrow*.

TRIPLA (AÐ), v. *to chant in three voices* (hvárki t. eða tvísyngja).

TRIPPI, n. *a young colt* (ótamit t.).

TRJÓNA, f. (1) *snout*; (2) *pole*.

TROÐA (TREÐ; TRAÐ, TRÁÐUM; TROÐINN), v. (1) *to tread*; t. skó, *to wear out shoes*; t. e-n undir fótum, *to tread one under foot*; t. stafkarlsstíg, *to wander as a beggar*; (2) *to cram, pack, stuff* (into a receptacle), with dat. (þér var í hanzka troðit); (3) *to slop, cram with*, t. e-t e-u (hann treðr belginn lyngvi ok mosa); (4) refl., troðast, *to throng, crowd upon each other* (troðist eigi svá ákaft).

TROG, n. *trough* (t. fyllt af slátri).

TROG-SÖÐULL, m. *trough-shaped saddle* (hann hafði fornan -söðul).

TROLL, n. (1) *a monstrous, evil-disposed being, not belonging to the human race* (hann var mikill sem t.); t. hafi þik, *or* þína vini, *the trolls take thee, or thy friends*; (2) *a human being having the nature of a troll*.

TROLLA-GANGR, m. *troll-hauntings*; -ÞÁTTR, m. *a tale of trolls*; -ÞING, n. *meeting of trolls*.

TROLL-AUKINN, pp. *'troll-eked', possessed by a troll*; -DOMLIGR, a. *belonging to witchcraft*; -DÓMR, m. *witchcraft*; -KARL, m. *male troll*; -KERLING, -KONA, f. *female troll*; -MENNI, n. *a giant-like man*; -RIÐA, a. indecl. *ridden by a troll, witch-ridden*; -SKAPR, m. *nature of a troll, witchcraft* (tálma heiðingjans -skap).

TROLLS-LIGA, adv. *fiendishly*; -LIGR, a. *troll-like, huge*; -LÆTI, n. pl. *fiendish howlings* (þetta eru -læti).

TROS, n. *leaves and small twigs*.

TRÓÐ, n., TRÓÐA, f. *faggot-wood*.

TRÓÐ-VIÐR, m. = tróð (eldrinn las skjótt -viðinn).

TRÓJU-LAND, n. *the land of Troy*.

TRÓ-VERSKR, a. *Trojan*.

TRUMBA, f. (1) *pipe*; hvann-njóla t., *the stalk of the angelica*; (2) *trumpet* (þeyta trumbu).

TRUMBA (AÐ), v. *to trumpet*.

TRUMBARI, m. *trumpeter*.

TRUMBU-HLJÓÐ, n., -ÞYTR, m. *sound (flourish) of trumpets*.

TRUNSA (AÐ), v. *to turn up one's nose* at (t. víð e-u).

TRUTTA (AÐ), v. *to shout* trutt, trutt! *or trrrh, as horse-drivers do*.

TRÚ (gen. TRÚAR), f. (1) *faith, word of honour* (segir Ólafr þat upp á t. sína, at hann skal þessa menn út leysa); (2) *religious faith, belief* (Helgi var blandinn mjök í t.); taka við t., *to receive the Christian faith*.

TRÚA (gen. TRÚ), f. = trú; svá njóta ek trú minnar, þat veit trúa mín, *in good sooth, upon my word*.

TRÚA (TRÚI, TRÚÐA, TRÚAT), v. (1) *to believe*, with dat. (mundir þú t. fyrirburð þessum, ef Njáll segði þér?); (2) in a religious sense, *to believe*; t. á e-n, *to believe in* (t. á einn guð); (3) *to believe in, trust* (meyjar orðum skýli manngi t.).

TRÚAÐR, pp. *believing*; rétt t., *orthodox*; trúaðir menn, *believers*.

TRÚAN-LIGA, adv. *credibly*; -LIGR, a. *credible* (þótti mönnum sú sögn -lig).

TRÚARI, m. *believer*.

TRÚ-BOÐ, n. *preaching the gospel*; -BÓT, f. *reformation in faith*; -BRÖGÐ, n. pl. *religion*.

TRÚÐR (pl. -AR), m. *juggler*.

TRÚ-FASTLIGA, adv. *faithfully*; -FASTR, a. (1) *trusty*; (2) *firm in the Christian faith*; -FESTI, f. *faithfulness, firmness in faith*; -FYLGJA, f., -HALD, n. *observance of the faith*; -KONA, f. *a religious, devoted woman*; -LAUSS, a. (1) *without religious faith*; (2) *infidel*; -LEIKR, m. *faithfulness,*

fidelity; -LEYSI, n. *infidelity*; -LIGA, adv. *faithfully*; -LIGLEIKR, m. = -leikr; -LIGR, a. (1) *faithful* (-lig geymsla); (2) *safe, to be relied on*; veðr er -ligt, *the -weather bids fair*; (3) *credible*; -LÍTILL, a. *weak in faith*; -LOFA (AÐ), v. (1) *to pledge one's faith*; (2) *to betroth* (-lofa sér konu); -LOFAN, f. (1) *pledging one's faith*; (2) *betrothment*, of lovers; -LYNDI, n. *faithfulness*; -LYNDR, a. *faithful, true, trusty*; -MAÐR, m. *a true believer, good Christian*; -MIKILL, a. *strong in faith, believing*.

TRÚNAÐAR-EIÐR, m. *oath of allegiance*; -FÚLIR, a. *faithful, trusty*; -HYLLI, f. *allegiance*; -KONA, f. *confidante*; -MAÐR, m. *confidant*; -MÁL, n. *confidence*; -RŒÐUR, f. pl. *confidential talk*; -TÓMR, a. *void of faith*; -TRAUST, n. *protection, security*; -VIN, m. *confidential friend*.

TRÚNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *trust, good faith* (var þetta sáttmái bundit með fullum trúnaði); ganga í trúnað fyrir e-n, *to become bound for another, go security for one*; (2) *faithfulness* (halda man ek við þik fullum trúnaði); (3) *trust, confidence*; festa, leggja trúnað á e-t, *to give credence to*; eiga trúnað undir e-m, *to have confidence (faith) in one*; hafa trúnað á e-m, *to place confidence in one*; (4) *confidence, secret*; til hvers reiðt þú til þings, ef þú vill eigi segja mér trúnað þinn, *if thou wilt not tell me thy secret*; segja e-m e-t af trúnaði, *in confidence, secretly*; mæla trúnað fyrir e-m, *to speak in confidence to one*.

TRÚR (TRÚ, TRÚTT), a. (1) *true, faithful* (t. skal ek þér í ráðum); (2) *safe*; er eigi trútt, at, *it is not quite safe that, quite free from it* (er eigi trútt, at mér hafi eigi í skap runnit sonar-dauð-inn); (3) *believing* (t. á guð).

TRÚ-ROF, n. *breach of faith*; -ROFI, m. *breaker of one's faith*; -RŒKINN, a. *religious*; -SKAPR, m. *faithfulness*; -SKJÖLDR, m. *shield of faith*; -SVIKARI, m. *traitor*.

TRYGÐA-EIÐR, m. *oath of fidelity*; -MÁL, n. pl. *formula for making a truce*; -ROF, n. *breach of truce*.

TRYGÐAROFS-MAÐR, m. *truce-breaker*.

TRYGÐIR, f. pl. *plighted faith, sworn truce* (svíkja e-n í trygðum).

TRYGGI-LIGR, a. *safe, to be relied on*.

TRYGGING, f. *security, assurance*.

TRYGGJA or TRYGGVA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make firm and trusty* (trygðu þeir Þórir þá sættir með sér).

TRYGG-LEIKR, m. = trúleikr; -LIGA, adv. *safe*; -LIGR, a. = tryggiligr.

TRYGGR (acc. -VAN and -AN), a. (1) *trusty, faithful, true* (t. í trúnaði); (2) *without apprehension, safe* (jötnum þótti eigi tryggt at vera með Ásum griðalaust).

TRYGILL, m. *a little trough*.

TRYLLA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to turn into troll, enchant* (þeir trylldu hann svá at hann var engum mennskum manni líkr); (2) *to call one a troll*; (3) refl., tryllast, *to be turned into a troll, to be enchanted*.

TRÝNI, n. *snout* (of a dog or bear).

TRÝTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to trot about*.

TRÖÐ (gen. TRAÐAR, pl. TRAÐIR), f. (1) *cattle fold, pen*; (2) *a lane between fences*, leading up to a homestead.

TRÖF, n. pl. *fringes*, see 'traf'.

TUGLA-, gen. pl. from 'tygill'; -MÖTTULL, -AKINNFELDR, m. *a cloak filled with straps*.

TUGR, m. = tigr; hafði hann þrjá vetr hins fjórða tugar, *he was thirty-three years old*.

TUG-TUGTI, ord. numb. *twentieth*, = tuttugti (við tugtugta mann).

TUMBA (AÐ), v. *to tumble*.

TUNDR, n. *tinder* (þurrt t.).

TUNDRA (AÐ), v. *to catch fire* (eldrinn tundraði skjótt).

TUNDR-ÖR, f. *tinder-arrow*.

TUNGA (gen. pl. TUNGNA), f. (1) *tongue*; skœðar tungur, *evil tongues*; hafa tungu fyrir e-m, *to have a tongue for a person, be the spokesman*; gæti hann, að honum vefist eigi tungan um höfuð, *let him take heed that his tongue do not twist a noose for his own neck*; (2) *tongue, language* (þá skiptust tungur í Englandi, er Vilhjálmr bastarðr vann England); dönsk t., *the Danish (Norse) tongue*; (3) *tongue of land* (Ö. nam tungu alla milli Hvítar ok Reykjadalsár).

TUNGL, n. *the moon* (t. óð í skýjum).

TUNGL-ÁR, n. *lunar year*; -FYLLING, -FYLLR, f. *lunation*; -KOMA, f. *new moon*; -SKIN, n. *moonshine*.

TUNGLS-LJÓS, n. *moonlight*.

TUNGL-TAL, n. *lunar computation*; -ŒRR, a. *lunatic*; -ÖLD, f. *lunar cycle*.

TUNGNA-SKIPTI, n. *the confusion of tongues* (at Babel).

TUNGU-BRAGÐ, n. *(motion of the) tongue, language* (mjúkt -bragð); -FIMI, f. *fluency of tongue*; -FIMR, a. *glib, voluble*; -HVASS, a. *keen-tongued*; -LAUSS, a. *tongueless*; -MJÚKR, a. *smooth-tongued*; -RŒTR, f. pl. *the roots* of the tongue; -SKORINN, pp. *tongue-cut*; -SKŒÐI, n. *evil use of the tongue*; -SKŒÐR, a. *evil-tongued*; -SNJALLR, a. *eloquent*; -VARP, n. *motion of the tongue*.

TUNNA, f. *tun, barrel*.

TURN (pl. -AR), m. *tower*.

TURNA (AÐ), v. *to turn*; t. e-u um, *to turn upside down*.

TURNERA (AÐ), v. *to ride a tourney*.

TURNIMENT, n. *tilt, tournament*.

TURN-REIÐ, f. = turniment.

TURTURI, m. *turtle-dove*.

TUSKAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to scuffle, tussle*.

TUTLA (AÐ), v. *to push, shove*.

TUTTR, m. *tom-thumb*.

TUTTUGASTI, TUTTUGTI, ord. numb. *the twentieth* (á tuttugta ári).

TUTTUGU, card. numb. *twenty*.

TÚLKA (AÐ), v. *to interpret*; t. mál e-s, *to plead one's case, be the spokesman*; t. fyrir e-m, *to be one's interpreter* (mun ek fylgja þér til staðarins ok t. fyrir þér); t. illa fyrir e-m, *to give one a bad report, bear one bad witness*.

TÚLKAN, f. *pleading*.

TÚLKARI, m. *interpreter*.

TÚLKR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *interpreter* (t. konungs); (2) *spokesman*.

TÚN, n. (1) *a hedged plot, enclosure, court-yard, homestead*; gullu gæss í túni, *the geese screamed in the yard*; (2) *home field, home meadow* (bleikir akrar, en slegin tún); (3) *town*.

TÚN-ANNIR, f. pl. *haymaking in the home meadow*; -BREKKA, f. *the brink or edge of a home meadow*; -GARÐR, m. (1) *fence of a* tún 2; (2) = tún 1; -GÖLTR, m. *home-field boar*; -HLIÐ, n. *court-gate*; -RIÐA, f. *witch, ghost*; -SVÍN, n. = -göltr; -VÖLLR, m. *home field* (Björn var úti á -velli).

TVE-FALDA, -FALDR, see 'tví-falda, -faldr'.

TVEIR (TVÆR, TVAU), card. numb. *two*; höggva tveim höndum, *with both hands*; höggva í tvau, *in two, asunder*; tveimr er tveggja hugr, *two men two minds*; tveim megin Slésvíkr, *on both sides of Slesvik*.

TVENNING, f. *duality*; í tvenningu, *in two parts* (fór flokkrinn optliga í tvenningu).

TVENNR, a. *consisting of two different things or kinds, twofold* (tvenn frásögn); í tvennu lagi, *in two parts*; tvennir, *two* (á skóginum voru tvennar leiðir); nú ferr tvennum sögunum fram, *two tales now run parallel*; tvennir skór, *two pair of shoes*; neut. tvennt, *two things (sides, parts)*; hefir mér tvennt um sýnzt, *there has seemed to be two sides to the matter*.

TVE-VETR, a. *two years old*.

TVINNA (AÐ), v. *to double*.

TVINNA-HNOÐA, n. *a ball of twisted thread*; -ÞRÁÐR, m. *twisted thread*.

TVINNR, a. = tvennr.

TVISTR, a. *hushed, silent* (var þar allt tvist ok daprt).

TVISTRA or TVÍSTRA (AÐ), v. *to scatter*.

TVISVAR or TYSVAR, adv. *twice*.

TVÍ, interj. to express loathing, *fie!*

TVÍ-, *twice, double*, in many compds.; -ANGAÐR, a. *double-forked*; -AUKINN, pp. *twofold*; -BREIÐR, a. *of double breadth*, of cloth; -BURAR, m. pl. *twins*; -BURUR, f. pl. *twin-sisters*; -BÝLI, n. *two households on one farm, a farm with two households*; -DRŒGR, a. *ambiguous*; -DYRÐR, -DYRR, a. *double-doored*; -EGGJAÐR, a. *two-edged*; -ELLEFTR, a. *twice eleven*, in the phrase, vera -elleftr, *to be twenty-two years old*; -ELN, a. *two ells broad*; -EYRINGR, m. *a thing worth or weighing two ounces*; -FALDA (AÐ), v. *to double*; -FALDLEIKR, m. *twofoldness*; -FALDR, a. *twofold, double*; -FÓÐRAÐR, pp. *double-lined*; -FŒTTR, a. *two-footed*; -GJALD, n. *double payment*; -GÖRR, a. *double*; -HENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to hurl or wield* (a weapon) *with both hands* (hljóp Sóti enn upp ok -hendi øxina); -HLJÓÐR, m. *diphthong*; -HÓLKAÐR, pp. *mounted with a double ring*; -HÚSAÐR, pp. *double-housed*; -HÆTTA, *f. dilemma*; leggja á -hættu, *to run a risk*; -HÖFÐAÐR, pp. *two-headed*; -KENDR, pp. *of double meaning*; -KLIFA (AÐ), v. *to repeat twice*; -KOSTR, m. *choice between two, alternative*; -KVÁNGAÐR, pp. *twice married*; -KVEÐA (see KVEÐA), v. *to repeat*; -KVENNI, n. = -kvæni; -KVÍSLAÐR, pp. *two-pronged*; -KVÆNI, n. *bigamy*; -KVÆNTR, pp. *having two wives at once, bigamous*; -LEMDR, pp. *with two lambs*; -LITAÐR, pp. *parti-coloured*; -LOÐINN, a. *double-hairy, hairy on both sides*; -MÁNAÐR, m. *'double-month'*, the fifth month of the summer; -MENNA (-TA, -T), v. *to ride two on one horse* (síðarr var hestinum -mennt); -MENNING, f. *riding two on one horse*; -MENNINGR, m. *drinking together in pairs, two and two* (drekka -menning á e-n, við e-n); -MERKINGR, m. *a ring of the value or weight of two marks*; -MÆLI, n. *doubt, discordant report*; -MÆLINGR, m. *two meals a day*.

TVÍMÆLIS-LAUSS, a. *undisputed*.

TVÍ-MÆLT, adv. *two meals a day* (eta -mælt); -ODDAÐR, pp. *two-pointed*; -RÆÐI, n. *ambiguity*.

TVÍRÆÐIS-ORÐ, n. *ambiguous word*.

TVÍ-RÆÐR, a. *ambiguous, doubtful*; -SETTR, pp. *double*; -SKÁLMÓTTR, a. *two-pronged*; -SKIPAÐR, pp. *double-seated, in two ranks*; -SKIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to divide into two parts*; refl., -skiptast, *to waver*; -SKIPTI, n. *division into two parts*; -SKIPTINGR, m. *changeling, idiot*; -SKIPTR, pp. (1) *divided into two parts*; (2) *uncertain*; (3) *of two colours*; (4) *double* (-skipt brynja); -SLŒGR, a. *ambiguous* (-slœgr draumr); -SYNGJA (see SYNGJA), v. *to chant double*, of two-voiced music; -SÝNI, n. *uncertainty, doubt*; -SÝNN, a.

doubtful, uncertain; -TAKA (see TAKA), v. *to repeat*; -TALA, f. (1) *the dual number*; (2) *the double number*; -TJÁN, card. numb. *twenty*; -TJÁNDI, ord. numb. *the twentieth*; -TUGR, a. (1) *aged twenty*; (2) *measuring twenty* (fathoms, ells).

TVÍTUGS-ALDR, m. *the age of twenty*.

TVÍTUG-SESSA, f. *twenty-oared ship*.

TVÍ-TUGTI, ord. numb. *the twentieth*; -TYNGDR, pp. *double-tongued*; -VEGIS, adv. *to and fro* (fara -vegis).

TVÆ-VETR, a. *two winters old*.

TYGGJA (TYGG; TÖGG, TUGGUM; TUGGINN), v. *to chew* (tyggr þú nökkut? ek tygg söl).

TYGI, n. *gear, harness*.

TYGIL-KNÍFR, m. *a knife worn hanging on a strap*.

TYGILL (gen. pl. TUGLA), m. *strap, band* (á tuglunum taflpungsins).

TYGJA (AÐ), v. *to harness*.

TYKTA (AÐ), v. *to chastise*.

TYKTAN, f. *chastisement*.

TYLFT (pl. -IR), f. *a body (number) of twelve, dozen*.

TYLFTAR-EIÐR, m. *an oath of twelve*; -KVIÐR, m. *a verdict of twelve neighbours*; -KVÖÐ, f. *summoning of twelve neighbours*.

TYLLAST (T), v. *to go with light step*.

TYLLI-SÆTT, f. *a loose, unreal agreement*; -SÖK, f. *a light, futile charge*.

TYPPA (-TA, -TR), v. *to tip, top*; hagliga um höfuð typpum, *let us wind the hood neatly about his head*.

TYPTA (AÐ), v. = tykta.

TYPTU-MEISTARI, m. *chastener, tutor*.

TYRFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to cover with turf*.

TYRI, n. *resinous fir-tree*.

TYRKIR (gen. TYRKJA), m. pl. (1) *the Turks*; (2) *the Trojans*.

TYRK-LAND, n. *the land of the Turks*.

TYRKNESKR, a. *Turkish*.

TYRVI, n., TYR-VIÐR, m., TYRVI-TRÉ, n. = tyri (lokarspænir af -tré).

TYSVAR, adv. *twice*, = tvisvar.

TÝJA, f. poet. *doubt*.

TÝJA (TÝR, TÝÐI, TÝT), v. *to avail*, = tœja (hvat man mér týja, *etc.*?); þat týði ekki, *it was of no avail*.

TÝNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to lose*, with dat. (þeir týndu hestunum); t. lífi sínu, *to lose one's life*; (2) *to destroy, put to death* (t. sveininum); t. sjálfum sér, *to destroy oneself*; (3) refl., týnast, *to perish* (Hákon jarl týndist í hafi).

TÝNING, f. *destruction*.

TÝNI-SAMLIGR, a. *destructive*.

TÝR (gen. TÝS), m. *the god Týr*.

TÝS-DAGR, m. *Tuesday*.

TÆLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to entice, entrap*.

TÆLI-GRÖF, f. *pitfall*, = tálgröf.

TÆPI-DJARFR, a. *timid*; -LIGA, adv. *sparingly, scantily* (launa e-t -liga); -LIGR, a. *scant, scarce*.

TÆPT, a. neut. *scantly, barely*; spjótin tóku tæpt til hans, *the spears scarcely reached him*; Kálfr gekk þá heldr tæpara, *stepped more cautiously*.

TÆRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to consume, spend* (t. penninga); (2) *to entertain*, with dat. (konungr tærði honum vel ok sœmiliga).

TŒJA (TŒ, TŒÐA, TŒÐR), v. (1) *to grant, bestow* (t. e-m e-t); (2) *to help, assist* (t. e-m); (3) *to avail*, = týja (hvárki tœði bœn manna né féboð).

TŒKI, n. pl. *implements, outfit*.

TŒKI-LIGR, a. *due, proper* (á -ligum tíma, á -ligri tíð).

TŒKR, a. *fair, acceptable* (tæk vitni).

TŒLA (-DÁ, -T), v.; t. um e-n, *to keep a person under control*.

TŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to empty*; (2) t. sik til e-s, *to give one's leisure* (tóm) *to, attend to* (t. sik til at heyra guðs orð); (3) refl., e-m tœmist arfr, *an inheritance falls vacant to one* (honum tœmdist arfr í Vatnsdal).

TŒNAÐAR-MAÐR, m. *helper*.

TŒNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *help, assistance* (biðja e-n tœnaðar).

TÖÐU-, gen. from 'taða'; -ALINN, pp. *fed on infield hay*, of a horse; -ANNIR, f. pl. *the season for mowingthe infield (manured field)*; -GARÐR, m. *stackyard of infield hay*; -GÖLTR, m. *homeboar*, = túngöltr; -VERK, n. *the making of hay in the infield*; -VÖLLR, m. *a manured infield*.

TÖFL, f. *piece in a game*.

TÖGLA (AÐ), v. *to champ, gnaw*.

TØGR, m. *ten*, = tigr.

TÖK-VÍSI, f. *rapacity*; -VÍSS, a. *rapacious* (-vísar hendr).

TÖLUGR, a. *well-spoken*.

TÖLU-, gen. from 'tala'; -LIST, f. *arithmetic*; -PALLR, m. *speaker's stand, platform*; -SNJALLR, a. *eloquent*; -STAÐR, -STÓLL, m. = -pallr; -VERÐR, a. *worth counting, considerable*.

TÖL-VÍSI, f. *skill in numbers, arithmetic*; -VÍSS, a. *skilled in arithmetic*.

TÖNG (gen. TANGAR, pl. TANGIR and TENGR), f. *smith's tongs* (taka e-t, ná e-u, með töng).

TÖNN (gen. TANNAR, pl. TONN, TENNR, TEÐR), f. (1) *tooth*; glotta um t., *ör* við t., *to grin scornfully*; rjóða t. á e-m, *to redden one's teeth on a person, to do one harm*; (2) *walrus-tusk*; grafa t., *to carve a tusk*.

TÖPUN, f. *perdition*, = tapan.

TÖRGU-, gen. from 'targa'; -BUKLARI, SKJÖLDR, m. *target-shield*.

TÖTRA-BAGGI, m. *rag-bag*; -BASSI, m. *ragamuffin*.

TÖTRUGR, a. *tattered, torn*.

TÖTURR (pl. TÖTRAR), m. *tatters, rags*; *tattered garment*.

U

UGGA (-ÐA, -AT), v. (1) *to fear, suspect* (eigi uggi ek brœðr þína); eigi uggi (imperat.) þú Ísungsbana, *fear thou not the slayer of Í.*; u. ekki (lítt, fátt) at sér, *to apprehend no danger, be off one's guard*; er þat ugganda, at, *it is to be feared that*; (2) impers., mik uggir, at, *I fear that*.

UGG-LAUSS, a. *fearless, unconcerned*; -LAUST, adv. *no doubt, undoubtedly*; -LIGR, a. (1) *to be feared* (e-t þykkir -ligt); (2) *doutbtful, questionable* (er þat -ligt, hvárt þú ferr í lofi mínu).

UGGR, m. *fear, apprehension*; u. er mér á, at = mik uggir, at.

UGG-SAMLIGR, a. *to be feared*; -VISS, a. *doubtful*, = uggligr (2).

UGLA, f. *owl* (uglur gular al klóm ok nefi, en svartar at lit).

ULL (dat. ullu), f. *wool*.

ULLAR-LAGÐR, m. *tuft of wool*; -reyfi, n. *fleece* (snjór sem -reyfi væri).

ULL-BAND, n. *woollen yarn*; -HVÍTR, a. *white as wool* (-hvítr á hár); -KAMBR, m. *wool-comb*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *clothes of wool*; -LAUPR, m. *wool-basket*.

UM, older UMB, prep. with acc. and dat.; I. with acc. (1) *around* (slá hring um e-n); (2) *about, all over* (hárit féll um hana alla); um allar sveitir, *all over the country*; mikill um herðar, *large about the shoulders, broad-shouldered*; liggja um akkeri, *to ride at anchor*; (3) of proportion; margir voru um einn, *many against one*; um einn hest voru tveir menn, *two men to each horse*; (4) *round, past, beyond*, with verbs denoting motion (sigla vestr um Bretland); leggja um skut þessu skipi, *to pass by this ship*; ríða um tún, *to pass by a place*; (5) *over, across, along* (flytja e-n um haf); kominn um langan veg, *come from a long way off*; ganga um gólf, *to cross the floor* (but also *to walk up and down the floor)*; slá, er lá um þvert skipit, *a beam that lay athwart the ship*; um kné sér, *across the knee*; e-t er hœgt um hönd, *gives little trouble, is ready to hand*; (6) of time, *during, in the course of* (um messuna, um þingit, um sumarit); þat var um nótt, *by night*; um nætr sem um daga, *by night as well as day*; lengra en fara megi um dag, *in the course of one day*; (7) *at* a point of time (hann kom at höllinni um drykkju); um þat, *at* that time, then; um þat er, *when* (um þat, er vér erum allir at velli lagðir); (8) *of, about, in regard to a thing*; bera um e-t, dœma um e-t, *to bear witness, judge about*; tala um e-t, *to speak of*; annast um e-t, *to attend to*; sviðr um sik, *wise of oneself*; hvárr um sik, *each for himself*; var mart vel um hann, *he had many good qualities*; (9) e-m er ekki um e-t, *one does not like* (var honum ekki um Norðmenn); with infin., honum er ekki um at berjast í dag, *he has no liking to fight to-day*; er þér nökkut um, at vér rannsökum þik ok hús þín, *have you any objection that we …?*; e-m er mikit (lítil) um e-t, *one likes it much, little* (Guðrúnu var lítil um þat); sá, er mönnum væri meira um, *whom people liked better*; e-m finnst mikit um e-t, *one is much pleased -with, has a high opinion of* (konungi fannst mikit um list þá ok kurteisi þá, er þar var á öllu); (10) *because*

of, for; öfunda e-n um e-t, *to envy one for a thing*; verða útlagt um e-t, *to be fined for a transgression*; um sakleysi, *without cause*; (11) *beyond, above*; margir fengu eigi hlaupit um röst, *more than one mile*; hafa vetr um þrítugt, *to be thirty-one*; e-m um afl, um megn, *beyond one's strength, more than one can do* (þetta mál er nökkut þér um megn); kasta steini um megn sér, *to overstrain oneself*; um of, *too much, excessive* (þótti mörgum þetta um of); um alla menn fram *or* um fram alla menn, *above all men* (hón unni honum um alla menn fram); e-m er e-t um hug, *one has no mind for, dislikes* (ef þér er nökkut um hug á kaupum við oss); (12) *over, across*; detta, falla um e-t, *to stumble over* (féll bóandinn um hann); (13) *by*; draugrinn hafði þokat at Þorsteini um þrjár setur, *by three seats*; (14) *about*; þeir sögðu honum, hvat um var at vera, *what it was about, how matters stood*; hvat sem um þat er, *however that may be*; eiga e-t um at vera, *to be troubled about a thing* (lætr sem hann eigi um ekki at vera); var fátt um með þeim, *they were not on good terms*; (15) ellipt., ef satt skal um tala, *if the truth must be told*; þannig sem atburðr hefir orðit um, *as things have turned out*; (16) as adv., gekk um veðrit, *veered round, changed*; ríða (sigla) um, *to ride (sail) by*; langt um, *far beyond, quite*; fljótit var langt um úfœrt (úreitt), *quite impassable*; um liðinn, *passed by*, of time; á þeirri viku, er um var liðin, *in the past -week*; II. with dat. (1) *over*, esp. poet.; sitja um borðum = sitja yfir borðum; sá es um verði glissir, *he that gabbles over a meal*; (2) of time, *by*; um dögum, um nóttum, *by day, by night*; um sumrum, haustum, vetrum, várum, *in the summer*, etc.; um vetrum ok sumrum, *both winter and summer*.

UMA-LAUSS, a. *without (disadvantageous) report* (cf. 'umi').

UM-ANNAN, f. *care about a thing* (umannan ok forráð staðarins).

UMB, prep., see 'um'.

UM-BAND, n. *bandage* (-band um sár); -BERA, v. *to bear with* (má vera at þeir -beri betr við þik); -BERGIS, prep. and adv. = -hverfis; -BOÐ, n. *charge, commission* (fá e-m -boð sitt).

UMBOÐS-MAÐR, m. *commissary, steward* (-maðr biskups, klaustrs).

UM-BÓT, f. (1) *mending, bettering*; (2) esp. plur. *repairs* (þurfa -bóta).

UMBÓTA-MAÐR, m. *one who mends matters* (vér þurfum -menn).

UM-BREYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to change, alter* (aldri -breytti hann sínum orðum); -BREYTING, f. *change*; -BROT, n. pl. *violent struggle, convulsion*; -BÚÐ, f. (1) *apparatus, equipment*; (2) *arrangement, preparation* (þeir tóku strengina ok veittu þessa -búð alla); -BÚNAÐR, m. (1) = -búð; (2) *burial* (gröftr eða -búnaðr); (3) *bed*; var honum veitir hœgligr -búnaðr, *a soft bed*; -BÚNINGR, m. = -búnaðr; *outfit* (var henni veitir -búningr, sem hón þurfti at hafa); -DÝRI, n. *lintel*; -DŒMI, n. *adjustment*; -DÖGG, f. poet., -dögg arins, *'hearth's dew', soot*; -FANG, n. *struggle, bustle*.

UMFANGS-MIKILL, a. *making a great stir, boisterously active*.

UM-FERÐ, f. *circuit, round journey*.

UMFERÐAR-PILTR, m. *itinerant lad*.

UM-FRAM, prep. with acc. (1) *above, beyond* (-fram aðra menn); (2) as adv. *besides* (tólf menn ok lögsögumaðr -fram); ríða -fram, *to ride by*; at hvárigir gangi

þar -fram, *trespass beyond that*; (3) -fram um *or* of, *beyond*; vera -fram of aðra menn, *to excel others*.

UM-GANGR, m. (1) *a passage round a building*; (2) *management, care*.

UMGANGS-MAÐR, m., mikill -maðr, *a great husbandman, good manager*.

UM-GENGI, n. *management, care*; -GERÐ, f. (1) *sheath, scabbard*; (2) *mounting, frame*; -GJÖRÐ, f. = -gerð; -GRÖPTR, m. *'digging round', searching*; -GYRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to encircle, surround*; -HORF, n. *a looking round*; hversu þar var -horfs, *how it looked there*; -HUGSAN, f. *reflection*; -HVERFIS, prep. and adv. (1) with acc. *round, all around* (settu þeir lið sitt -hverfis borgina); (2) as adv., þar -hverfis, allt -hverfis, *there about, all around*; -HVERFUM, prep. and adv. = -hverfis; -HYGGJA, f. *care* (þeir vilja svipta þik várri -hyggju ok forsjá).

UMHYGGJU-LAUSS, a. *neglected*; -laust, adv. *carelessly*.

UMI, m. *unfavourable rumour*.

UM-KAST, n. *sudden change, convulsion*; -KAUP, -KEYPI, n. *exchange, barter*; -KRINGIS, prep. with acc. = -hverfis; -KRINGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to surround*; -KVÆÐI, n. *term, expression, wording*.

UMLA (AÐ), v. *to mutter, mumble* (hann umlaði við).

UM-LEITAN, f. *a seeking for, negotiation* (sætta -leitan); -LES, n. = -lestr.

UMLES-MAÐR, m. *slanderer*; -LESTR, m. *slander*.

UM-LIÐINN, pp. *past*, of time; -LIÐNING, f. *course of time*; -MÁL, n. (1) *circumference*; (2) *what is said or uttered*, = -mæli; -MERKI, n. (1) *a marking out* (setja stengr til -merkja); (2) *boundary*; -MERKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to bound, form the boundary of*.

UM-MÆLI, n. pl. *utterances, words said* (þér skuluð ráða yðrum -mælum); -MÆLING, f. *circumference*; -MÖRK, n. pl. = -mæli; -RÁÐ, n. (1) *consideration*; (2) *guidance, management* (með, eptir -ráði e-s); (3) pl. *deliberation, consultation*; þykkir mér at þér mikit traust til -ráða, *for consultation*; -RÁS, f. *course* (-rás sólar); -RENNENDR, m. pl. *marauders*; -RENNINGR, m. *vagrant, marauder*; -RÆÐI, n. = -ráð; -RŒÐA, f. *discourse, talk*; -RŒÐILIGR, a. *worth mentioning*; -SAMNING, f. *agreement, reconciliation*; -SAT, f. (1) *siege*; (2) *ambush, waylaying* (veita e-m -sat).

UMSÁTAR-MAÐR, m. *waylayer*.

UM-SETA, f., -SETR, n. *siege* (-seta Jórsalaborgar); -SITJENDR, m. pl. *neighbours*; -SJÁ, f. *oversight, care, supervision* (veita e-m -sjá).

UMSJÁ-LAUSS, a. *unprovided for*.

UM-SJÁR, m. *the surrounding sea, the ocean*; -SJÓ, -SJÓN, f. = -sjá; -SJÓR, m. = -sjár; -SKIPTI, n. *change, turn* (-skipti hafa nú orðit); -SKIPTILIGR, a. *shifty, changeful*; -SKIPTING, f. *change*; -SKORNING, f., -SKURÐR, m., -SKURN, f. *circumcision*; -SKYGGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to overshadow*; -SKYGNARI, m. *outlooker, scout*; -SNIÐNING, f. *circumcision*; -SNÚA, v. *to overthrow*; -SPILLENDR, m. pl. *slanderers, disparagers*; -STILLI, n. *guidance, management*; -SVIF, n. *activity*.

UMSVIFS-MAÐR, m. an active man (hann var -maör mikill um bú sitt).

UM-SÝSLA, f. *occupation, assistance, aid* (hét hann sinni -sýslu við föður sinn).

UMSÝSLU-MAÐR, m. (1) *man of business, active man* (-maðr mikill); (2) *steward, manager* (hann var þá -maðr í Reykja-

holti); -MIKILL, a. *active, busy* (væn kona ok -mikil).

UM-TAL, n. *talk, conversation* (er hann heyrði -tal manna).

UMTALS-MÁL, n. *matter of discussion*.

UM-TURNA (AÐ), v. *to turn upside down, upset*; -TURNAN, *f. upsetting*; -VANDAN, f. *reprimand, admonition*; -VENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. *to turn about, change*; -VENDING, f. *conversion*; -VERGIS, prep. and adv. = -bergis.

UNA (UNI, UNDA, UNAT), v. (1) *to be content* in a place (Tumi undi eigi í Flateyju); (2) *to dwell, abide*, in a biblical sense (u. í helgum friði); (3) *to enjoy, be happy in, content with a thing*; þeir undu illa sínum hlut, *they were much dissatisfied with their lot*; u. lífi, *to enjoy life*; u. vel við ráð sitt, *to be content with one's lot*; uni (imperat.) þú vel við, *be content!* u. sér, u. við sik, *to be happy, feel at ease*; u. lítt eptir e-n, *to feel deeply the loss (death) of a person*.

UNAÐ, n. *delight, happiness* (þetta er sællífi ok unað heilagra).

UNAÐ-LIGR, -SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *delightful*; -samar vistir, *a happy home*.

UNAÐS-BÓT, f. *delight* (skömm -bót).

UNAÐ-SEMD, f. *charm, delight*.

UNAÐS-ILMR, m. *sweet smell*; -SÝN, f. *happy sight*; -VIST, f. *happy home*.

UND (pl. -IR), f. *wound* (undir dreyrgar); cf. 'holund', 'mergund'.

UND, prep. *under*; see 'undir'.

UNDAÐR, pp. *wounded* (geiri, sverði u.); cf. 'hjörundaðr'.

UNDAN, prep. with dat. and adv. (1) *from under, from beneath*; hann hjó u. honum fótinn, *he cut his leg off*; hann spratt upp u. borðinu, *he sprang up from (sitting at) the table*; hann spratt upp u. garðinum, *from under the fence*; halda skipum u. landi, *to stand aivayfrom the shore*; (2) without motion; skerit var út u. firðinum, *the skerry was just off the mouth of the fjord*; G. prestr u. Felli, *from Fell*; (3) *from, away*; snúa u. e-m, *to turn away from*; heimta fé mitt u. Hrúti, *to claim my property out of Hrut's hands*; (4) *ahead of, before* (ganga, fara u. e-m); (5) as adv. (hann lætr fara u. sauðfé þat, er skjarrast var); komast u., *to escape*.

UNDAN-BOÐ, n., -boð fjár, *taking invested money out of a person's keeping*; -BRAGÐ, n. *device, subterfuge*; -DRÁTTR, m. *evasion, shirking*; -FERÐ, f. *means of escape*; -FERLI, n. *evasion*; -FŒRI, n. = -ferð; -FŒRSLA, f. *evasion, pleading one's innocence*; -HALD, n. *flight*; -HERKJAN, f. *shirk, subterfuge*; -KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. *escape*; -LAUSN, f. *releasing, redemption*; -MÆLI, n. *excuse*; -RÁS, f. *running away*; -RÓÐR, m. *rowing away*.

UNDAR-LIGA, adv. *wonderfully, extraordinarily*; -LIGR, a. *wonderful, extraordinary, marvellous*.

UNDIR, prep. with dat. and acc.; I. with dat. (1) *under*; þá brast í sundr jörð u. hesti hans, *the earth burst asunder under his horse*; þungr u. árum, *heavy to row*; þeir leita þeirra ok finna þá u. eyju einni, *they seek for them and find them under an island*; u. þeim hesti var alinn Eiðfaxi, *that horse was the sire of E.*; (2) fig. (undir þeim biskupi eru ellifu hundruð kirkna); eiga u. sér, *to have under one, in one's power*; eiga fé undir e-m, *to have money in his hands, deposited with him*; (3) *under, depending on*; orlög vár eru eigi u. orðum þínum, *our fate does not depend on thy words*; hann á vin u. hverjum manni, *he has a friend in every man*; (4) ellipt. or adverbial usages; vóru þau (Njáll ok

Bergþóra) úbrunnin u., *they were unburned underneath*; meðan töður manna eru u., *whilst the hay is lying* (mown, but not got in); ef þér þœtti nökkut u. um mik, *if thou hast cared at all for me*; sól (dagr) er u., *the sun (day) is down, under the horizon*; væri oss mikit u., at vér fengim liðsinni hans, *it were worth much to us to get his help*; II. with acc. (1) *under, underneath*, denoting motion (var settr u. hann stóll); (2) of time; hrökk u. miðdegi, *it drew close to midday*; (3) fig. leggja u. sik, *to lay under oneself, to subjugate*; þjóna u. e-n, *to serve under one*; þessa laxveiði gaf hann u. kirkjuna, *he made it over to the church*; bera fé u. e-n, *to bribe one*; leggja virðing konungs u. vápn mín, *to let it depend on my weapons*; ef u. oss skal koma kjörit, *if the choice is to be left with us*; Hjört þótti mér þeir hafa undir, *H. me thought they* got *under*; ef kona tekr mann u. bónda sinn, *if she be untrue to her husband*; bjóða fé í leigu u. sik, *to offer to pay money for one's passage*.

UNDIR-BISKUP, m. *suffragan bishop*; -BORG, f. *suburb*; -BROT, n. *subjugation, subjection*; -BÚI, m. *underdweller*; -BYRLI, m. *under-cupbearer*; -DJÚP, n. *gulf, abyss*; -DRÁTTR, m. *unfair gain*; -DRÁTTULL, a. *covetous, making unfair gain*; -ELDI, n. *offspring, breed, of animals*; -FÓLK, n. *subjects*; -FÖRULL, a. *dealing underhand, false*; -GEFINN, pp. *subject*; -GJÓF, f. *subjection*; -GREFILL, m. *underminer*; -GRÖPTR, m. undermining; -GØRÐ, f. *cushion under a saddle*; -HEIMAR, m. pl. *the nether world, lower regions*; -HLUTR, m. *the lowest part (of a ship)*; -HÚS, n. *the nether part of a house*; -HYGGJA, f. *craft, cunning, deceitfulness*.

UNDIRHYGGJU-FULLR, a. *guileful, false*; -LAUSS, a. *guileless*; -LEYSI, n. *guilelessness*; -MAÐR, m. *guileful man*; -SAMR, a. *guileful*.

UNDIR-KLÆÐI, n. *under-garment*; -KONUNGR, m. *tributary king*; -KURR, m. *secret artifice*; -KYRTILL, m. *under kirtle*; -LAND, n. *province*; -MAÐR, m. *subordinate, subject*; -MÁL, m. pl. *underhand dealings, secret stipulation*; -OKA (AÐ), v. *to subject*; -ORPINN, pp. *subjected*; -PRESTR, m. *subordinate priest*; -RÓT, f. *origin prime cause of a thing*; -SETA, f. *pressure, influence*; -SKÁLI, m. *under-hall*; -SKEMMA, f. *under-room*; -STAÐA, f. (1) *stand*, = stétt (kross með -stóðum); (2) *groundwork, base*; (3) *the true sense or meaning*; -STANDA, v. *to understand, perceive*; -STOKKR, m. *under-post* in a building; -STÓLPI, m. *pillar*; -TEKT, f. *answer* (vitrligar -tektir konungs).

UNDORN, m. (1) *mid-forenoon, 9 a. m.* (um morgininn at ~i); (2) *midafternoon, 3 p. m.*

UNDR, n. (1) *wonder* (brestr svá mikill, at öllum þótti u. at); (2) with the notion of *shame, scandal* (þat var u. mikit, at hann skyldi liggja fyrir fótum þeim); gøra sik (gørast, verða) at undri, *to make a spectacle of oneself, be made a spectacle of*.

UNDRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to wonder at*, with acc. (allir undra þessa manns afl); (2) impers., mik undrar, *it astonishes me*; (3) refl., undrast e-t, *to wonder at* (fóru menn út ór hverri búð at u. þá); u. um e-t, *to be astonished at*.

UNDRA-MAÐR, m. *wonderful man*.

UNDRAN, f. *wonder, astonishment*.

UNDRANAR-VERÐR, a. *wonderful*.

UNDR-LÁTR, a. *given to wondering, eager for* strange news; -LIGR, a. *wonderful, strange*; -SAMLIGR, a. *wondrous*; -SJÓN,

f. *a wonder to see, spectacle*; verða at -sjónum = verða at undri; -SKAPAÐR, pp. *of portentous or wonderful shape*.

UNGA-ALDR, m., á -aldri, *in his youth*.

UNG-BARN, n. *infant*; -FÉ, n. *young cattle, young stock*; -HERRA, m. = jungherra; -HRYSSI, n. *young colt*.

UNGI, m. *the young of a bird*.

UNG-LAMB, n. *young lamb*; -LEIKI, m. *youth*; -LIGR, a. *youthful*; -ligr í ásjónu, *boyish-looking*; -MENNI, n. *young man, youth*.

UNGR (YNGRI, YNGSTR), a. *young*.

UNG-SVEINN, m. *young lad*; -VIÐI, n. *young trees*.

UNNA (ANN, UNNA, UNNAT and UNNT), v. (1) *not to grudge*; *to grant, allow, bestow*; u. e-m e-s (Hreiðmarr unni þeim einskis pennings af gullinu); u. e-m laga, *to give one the benefit of the law, give one a fair trial*; ek ann þér eigi faðmlagsins Helgu ennar fögru, *I grudee thee the embrace of H. the Fair*; with infinitive, hann unni øngum at njóta fjárins nema. sér, *he could not bear that any one should enjoy the money but himself*; (2) *to love*, with dat. (eigi leyna augu, ef ann kona manni); u. e-m hugdstum, *to love one dearly*; þeim var ek verst, er ek unna mest, *I was worst to him whom I loved the most*; (3) recipr., unnast, *to love one another* (þau unnust mikit systkin).

UNNANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *lover*.

UNNASTA, f. (1) *sweetheart*; (2) *mistress* (ein af unnustum jarls).

UNNASTI, m. *lover*, = unnandi.

UNNR (gen. -AR, pl. -IR), f. *wave*.

UNN-VÖRP, n. pl. *dashing of waves*; falla (fella) -vörpum, *to fall* (kill) *in large numbers*.

UNUNAR-SAMR, a. *delightful* (var þar harðla -samt inni).

UNZ (for 'und es'), conj. *till, until* (glaðr skyli gumna hverr, u. sinn bíðr bana); til þess unz, *until*.

UPP, adv. (1) *up*; u. ok niðr, u. ok ofan, *up and down*; íkorni renn u. ok niðr eptir askinum, *a squirrel springs up and down the tree*; grípa u., *to pick up*; u. með, *up along*; líta u., *to look up*; búa (gera) u. hvílu, *to make up a bed*; drepa u. eld, *to strike fire*; (2) with the notion of consuming; drekka (eta) u., *to drink (eat) up*; ausa u., *to bale out*; skipta u., *to share it all out*; (3) with the notion of discovery; spyrja, frétta u., *to find out*; (4) *quite*; fullr u. flærðar, *brimful of falsehood*; (5) of time; u. frá því, *ever since*; u. heðan, *henceforth*; (6) upp á, *upon, on*; u. á trú þina, *upon thy faith*; u. á Ebresku, *in Hebrew*; sjá, horfa u. á, *to look upon*; hugsa u. á, *to yearn for, to be bent on*.

UPPAUSTRAR-MAÐR, m. *babbler*.

UPPBURÐAR-LÍTILL, a. *shy, timid*.

UPP-DALR, m. *up-dale, inland valley*; -DYRI, n. = ofdyri; -FESTA (-STA, -STR), v. *to suspend*; -FESTING, f. *suspension*; -FÓSTR, n. *rearing, fostering*; -FRŒÐING, f. *instruction*; -FŒÐI, n., -FŒZLA, f. *breeding, fostering*; -GANGA, f. (1) *going up, ascent* (-ganga í borgina); -ganga sólar, *sunrise*; (2) *going up on land, going ashore* (hann eggjar menn sína til -göngu); (3) *boarding a ship* (fengu þeir -göngu; á skipit); (4) *landing-place, pass*; -GANGR, m. (1) = uppganga 4; (2) *good luck, success, fame* (var þá -gangr hans sem mestr); -GEFNING, f., -GJÖF, f. *remission* (-gjöf um sakir); -GREIZLA, f. *payment, discharge*; -HAF, n. (1) *beginning* (þat er -haf á. sögu þessi); frá -hafi, *from the beginning*; (2) *advancement, honour*

(þótti þeim mikit -haf í, ef þau væri lík guði); -HAFARI, m. *founder*; -HAFLIGR, a. *original*; -HAFNING, f. *elevation, pride*.

UPPHAFS-MAÐR, m. *author, originator* (-maðr at e-u, til e-s); -STAFR, m. *initial letter*.

UPP-HALD, n. (1) *holding up, lifting*; (2) *keeping up, preservation* (veita -hald musterinu).

UPPHALDS-KERTI, n. *a taper to be held up or carried in procession*; -MAÐR, m. *upholder, maintainer*.

UPP-HÁR, a. *coming high upon the leg* (-hár skór); -HEIMR, m. *the heaven*; -HELDI, n. *upholding, maintenance*; -HLAUP, n. *riot, tumult*.

UPPHLAUPS-MAÐR, m. *rioter*.

UPP-HLUTR, m. *the upper part of a kirtle*; -HÆÐ, f. *elevation*.

UPPI, adv. (1) *up*; sitja u., *to sit up*; hafa u. øxina, *to lift the axe*; standa u., *to be left standing* (þeir, er þá stóðu u.); *to lie ashore*, of a ship; var u. röst mikil á firðinum, *the current rose high*; eiga vef u., *to have a loom up, to be at work weaving*; vera snemma u., *to be up early*; láta e-t u., *to come forth with*; (2) vera u., *to live* (í þeira manna minnum, er þá vóru u.); *to be at an end, gone* (var u. hverr peningr); nú munu u. sögur þínar, *now you must be quite at the end of your stories*.

UPPIVÖZLU-MAÐR, m. *a turbulent, overbearing man*; -MIKILL, a. *turbulent, overbearing*.

UPP-KAST, n. *stretching, drawing*; -KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. *coming-up, outbreak* (-koma elds); -KVEIKING, f. *kindling*; -LENDINGAR, m. pl. *the men from the Upplönd*; -LENZKR, a. *belonging to the Upplönd*; -LÉTTI, n. *ceasing, of rain*; -LITNING, f. *looking up, contemplation*; -LÍTILL, a. *small at the upper end, tapering*; -LOK, n. *unlocking opening*; -LOKNING, f. (1) = -lok; (2) *delivery*; -LOST, n., -LOSTNING, f. *false rumour*; -LÆGR, a. *elevated, lying high*.

UPP-LÖND, n. pl. *the Uplands, inland counties*, in the east of Norway.

UPP-NÁM, n., tefla í -nám, *to expose a piece so that it can be taken*; -NUMNING, f. *being taken up into heaven, assumption*.

UPPNUMNINGAR-DAGR, m. *Assumption-day* (-dagr Maríu).

UPP-NÆMR, a. (1) *confiscable, forfeitable* (fé -næmt konungi); (2) vera -næmr fyrir e-m, *to be helpless, at one's mercy*; -ORPINN, pp. = -næmr 2; -RÁS, f. (1) *rise*; -rás elds, *eruption*; sólar -rás, *sunrise*; (2) *raid, descent, from ships* (veita, gera -rás); (3) *origin* (-rás ok æfi þeira merkismanna); (4) *cause* (-rás alls úfriðar); -REGIN, n. pl. *the high gods*; -REISING, f. *a raising up, reparation*; -REISN, f. = -reist 2; -REIST, f. (1) *uprising, rebellion* (gera -reist í móti konungi); (2) *raising up, reparation* (hljóta skaða, en enga -reist); fá -reist, *to rise again*.

UPPREISTAR-DRÁPA, f. *a poem on the creation*; -SAGA, f. *the story of creation, the book of Genesis*.

UPP-RENNANDI, pr. p. *rising* (at -rennandi sólu); -RÉTTR, a. *upright, erect* (sitja -réttr); -RISA, f. *resurrection* (eptir -risu Jesu).

UPPRISU-DAGR, m. *Resurrection-day*.

UPP-RUNI, m. (1) *rise* (-runi sólar); (2) *growth*; (3) *origin*; (4) *the growing age, youth*; -RŒTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to root up*; -SAGA, f. *pronouncing* (-saga dóms); -SÁT, f. and n. *a place where ships are drawn ashore*; -SKÁR (-SKÁ, -SKÁTT), a. *communicative* (gerast -skár um e-t); -SKELLDR,

pp. *mounted* (-skellt skaptit með silfri); -SKOT, n. *delay*; -SLÁTTA, f. = upplost, *false rumour*; -SMIÐI, n. *building, raising a house*; -SPRETTA, f. (1) *spring fountain-head* (-spretta árinnar); (2) *source* (-spretta úfriðar í landinu); -STAÐA, f. (1) *a standing upright*; (2) *a standing up, rising*; -STERTR, a. *strutting*; ganga -sterti, *to walk haughtily*; -STIGNING, f. (1) *rising, ascent, advance*; (2) *the Ascension*.

UPPSTIGNINGAR-DAGR, m. *Ascension-day*.

UPPSTIGU-DAGR, m. *Ascension-day*.

UPPSTÖÐU-TRÉ, n. *post*.

UPP-SÖGN, f. = -saga; -TAK, n. *income, resource*; -TAKA, f. (1) *taking up*; (2) *seizure, confiscation* (-taka búanna); (3) *the translation of a saint*; -TEKJA, f. (1) *a taking to a thing*; (2) *beginnixg*; (3) *reception* (cf. taka e-t vel, illa upp); -TEKNING, f. *the translation of a saint*; -TEKT, f. (1) *seizure* (fjár -tekt); (2) *income, revenue*; (3) *beginning of a discourse* (hann hafði þá -tekt, at); -TENDRAN, f. *kindling*; -TŒKR, a. (1) *confiscable, forfeitable*; (2) *helpless, at one's mercy*, = -næmr; -VARP, n. (1) *throwing up* (of a volcano); (2) *source, cause* (-varp alls úfriðar); -VÍSS, a. *found out, known* (varð aldri -víst, hverr þetta víg hafði vegit); láta e-t -víst, *to make known*; -VÖXTR, m. (1) *growth*; seinligr í -vexti, slow *in growing up*; (2) *stature, height* (lítill var -vöxtr hans).

UPPVÖZLU-MIKILL, a. *boisterous* = uppivözlu-mikill.

UPP-ÞUNNR, a. *thin upwards*.

UPS, f. *eaves* (Egill skaut endanum, er logaði, upp undir upsina).

UPSI, m. *coal-fish*, a nickname.

URÐ (pl. -IR), f. *heap* of *stones fallen from a hill* (grjót ok urðir).

URÐA (AÐ), v. *to cover with stones*.

URÐAR-MAÐR, m. *outlaw* (gera e-n at -manni); cf. 'skógarmaðr'.

URÐAR-MÁNI, m. *a 'weird moon', boding evil*; -ORÐ, n. *decree of fate*.

URÐ-GRŒFR, a. *that ought to be buried under piles of stones*.

URÐR (gen. -AR), f. *weird, fate*.

URÐR, m. *bane, curse* (u. öðlinga).

URGA (AÐ), v. *to gnash* (u. tönnum).

URGA, f. *strap, rofie's end* (rare).

URL, n. *a kind of hood* (for. word).

URT (pl. -IR), *herb*, = jurt.

USLI, m. *burning embers, fire* (eldr OK usli); *devastation by fire*.

USLI, m. *damage*, = auvisli.

UTAN, adv.; *see* 'útan'.

UXA-BÁSS, m. *ox-stall*; -HNÚTA, f. *joint-bone of an ox*; -HÚÐ, f. *oxhide*; -HÖFUÐ, n. *head of an ox*; -KJÓT, n. *ox-beef*; -MERKI, n. *Taurus, in the Zodiac*.

UXI (pl. UXAR, older forms YXN, EYXN, ØXN), m. *ox*; yxninir, *the oxen*; eyxn margir, *many oxen*; neut. plur., þrjú yxn, *three oxen*.

Ú

ú or ó, a negative prefix before nouns, adjs., advs., and verbs, *in-*, *un-*, *dis-*.

ÚA (only pret. ÚÐI), v. *to swarm, teem with* (hvert vatn úði af fiskum).

Ú-AFLÁTLIGA, adv. *incessantly*; ÚAFLÁTSAMR, a. *unintermittent*; ÚAFSKIPTSAMR, ÚAFSKIPTINN, a. *not meddlesome*; ÚALANDI, pr. p. *who must not be fed*, of an outlaw.

ÚALDAR-, gen. from 'úöld'; -FLOKKR, m. *band of rovers*; -MAÐR, m. *rover, villain*; -VETR, m. *famine-winter*.

Ú-ALINN, pp. *unborn*; ÚARFGENGR, a. *not entitled to inherit*; ÚARGR, a. *wild, savage*; hit úarga dýr, *the fierce animal, the lion*; ÚARMVITUGR, a. *uncharitable, hard-hearted*; ÚATHUGA-SAMR, a. *inattentive*; ÚATHYGLI, f. *inattention*; ÚAUÐIGR, a. *unwealthy, destitute*; ÚAUÐLIGR, a. *not likely to be destroyed*; ÚAUÐNA, f. *ill-luck, misfortune*; ÚAUÐRÁÐINN, pp. *not easily managed*; ÚÁFENGINN, a. *not intoxicating*; ÚÁGANGASAMR, a. *not encroaching upon others, peaceful*; ÚÁGENGILIGR, a. *not aggressive*; ÚÁGJARN, a. *not covetous*; ÚÁHLÝÐINN, a. *self-willed*; ÚÁKAFLIGA, adv. *listlessly*; ÚÁKAFR, a. *not eager, slovenly*; engu úákafari, *no less eager*; ÚÁLEITINN, a. *unencroaching*; ÚÁR, n. *bad season, dearth*; ÚÁRAN, n. *bad season, dearth*; ÚÁRENNILIGR, a. *not easy to attack*; ÚÁRLIGR, a. *unthriving*; ÚÁRVÆNN, a. *not promising a good crop or season*; ÚÁRÆÐILIGR, a. *unlikely*; ÚÁSTFÓLGINN, pp. *unbeloved*; ÚÁSTÚÐUGR, a. *loveless*; ÚÁSTÚÐLIGR, a. *unamiable*; ÚÁTAN, f. *a thing not to be eaten*; ÚÁVAXTASAMR, a. *unproductive*; ÚBARÐR, pp. *unbeaten*; ÚBEÐINN, pp. *unbidden*; ÚBEIÐULL, a. *not requesting*; ÚBEINN, a. *not straight*; *awry*; ÚBERNSKLIGA, adv. *unchildishly, like a grown-up man*; ÚBERR, a. *not naked, hidden*; ÚBEYGILIGR, a. *unbending, unyielding*; ÚBILGJARN, a. *unyielding, wrong-headed*; ÚBILT, a. n. *not frightened*; bróðurnum var úbilt, *the brother was not afraid*; láta sér verða ú., *to take fright*; ÚBIRGR, a. *unprovided*; ÚBIRKTR, pp. *unbarked*; ÚBIRTA, f. *darkness*; ÚBJARTR, a. *not bright, dark*; ÚBLAUÐR, a. *dauntless*; ÚBLIÐA, f. *disfavour*; ÚBLIÐR, a. *unkind, frowning*; ÚBLÓÐIGR, a. *unbloody*; ÚBOÐINN, pp. *unbidden*; ÚBORINN, pp. *unborn*; ÚBÓKFRÓÐR, a. *unlettered*.

ÚBÓTA-, gen. pl. from 'úbœtr'; -MAÐR, m. *criminal*; -MÁL, n. *a case which cannot be atoned for with money*; -SÖK, f. *crime, felony*.

ÚBRAGÐLIGR, a. *dull-looking*; ÚBRÁÐGÖRR, a. *slow of growth*; ÚBRÁÐR, a. *slow*; ÚBRÁTT, slowly; ÚBRÁÐREIÐR, a. *dispassionate*; ÚBREIDDR, pp. *unspread*; ÚBREYTÍLIGA, adv. *in a common manner*; ÚBREYTILIGR, a. *unchangeable*; ÚBREYTTR, pp. *unaltered*; u. maðr, *a common, plain, everyday man*; ÚBRIGÐANLIGR, a. *unchangeable*; ÚBRIGÐR, pp. *unchanged*; *steadfast* (ú. vinr); ÚBROTGJARN, a. *not brittle*; ÚBROTINN, pp. *unbroken*; ÚBRYDDR, pp. *unshod*; ÚBÚINN, pp. *unprepared*; *unready, unwilling*; ÚBYGÐ, f. *unpeopled tract, wilderness*; ÚBYGÐR, pp. *unpeopled*; ÚBYGGILIGR, a. *uninhabitable*; ÚBYRJA, a. *barren, sterile*, of a woman; ÚBÆRILIGR,

a. *unbearable*; ÚBŒNIR, f. pl. *curses, imprecations*; ÚBŒTILIGR, a. *irreparable*; ÚBŒTR, f. pl. *an act that cannot be atoned for by money*; ÚBŒTTR, pp. *unatoned, not atoned for*; ÚDAUÐAHRÆDDR, a. *not afraid for one's life*; ÚDAUÐLEIKR, m. *immortality*; ÚDAUÐLIGR, a. *undying, immortal*; ÚDAUÐR, a., ú. at eins (at einu), *all but dead*; ÚDAUFLIGR, a. *not dull*; ÚDAUNAN, f., ÚDAUNN, m. *bad smell*.

ÚDÁÐA-MAÐR, m. *malefactor*; -VERK, n. *crime*.

ÚDÁÐIR, f. pl. *misdeeds, outrage*.

ÚDEIGLIGA, adv. *harshly*; ÚDEILDR, pp. *undivided, whole*; ÚDIRFÐ, f. *lack of courage*; ÚDJARFR, a. *timid*; ÚDRÁPGIARN, a. *hot bloodthirsty*; ÚDRENLIGA, adv. *unmanfully, meanly*; ÚDRENGILIGR, a. *unworthy of a man*; ÚDRENGR, m. *bad fellow*; ÚDRENGSKAPR, m. *meanness*; ÚDRJÚGR, a. *falling short*; ÚDRUKKINN, pp. *sober*; ÚDYGÐ, f. *faithlessness, bad faith*; *dishonesty*; ÚDYGGLEIKR, m. *dishonesty*; ÚDYGGR, a. *dishonest, wicked*; ÚDÝRR, a. *not dear, cheap*.

ÚDÆLDAR-MAÐR, m. *overbearing man*.

Ú-DÆLL, a. (1) *difficult, hard*; (2) *over bearing, quarrelsome*; ÚDÆLLEIKR, m. *overbearing temper*.

ÚDŒMA-MIKILL, a. *portentous*; -VERK, n. *monstrous deed, enormity*.

ÚDŒMI, n. pl. *enormity, monstrous thing*; vera með údœmum, *to be unexampled*; ÚDŒMILIGR, a. *unexampled, enormous*; ÚEFNI, n. *perplexed, precarious state of affairs*; ÚEINARÐR, a. *insincere*; ÚEIRARFULLR, a. *unruly*; ÚEIRÐ, f. *disquietude, tumult* (kapp fullr ok úeirðar); ÚEIRINN, a. *unruly unforbearing*; ÚENDANLIGR, a. *endless, interminable*; ÚFAGNA (AÐ), v. *condole with*; ÚFAGNAÐR, m. (1) *row*; (2) *wickedness*; (3) *plague*; ÚFAGR, a. *ugly*; ÚFAGRLIGR, a. *unhandsome*; ÚFALL, n. *mishap*; ÚFALLINN, a. *unfitted, unbecoming*; ÚFALR, a. *not for sale*; ÚFALSAÐR, pp. *unfalsified*; ÚFARINN, pp. *not gone*; ÚFARNAÐR, m. *misfortune*; ÚFÁGULIGR, a. *unpolished*; ÚFEGINN, a. *not glad, sorry*; ÚFEGRAÐR, a. *unadorned*; ÚFEIGR, a. *not fey*; ÚFELDR, a. = úfallinn; ÚFENGILIGR, a. *of little value, unimportant*; ÚFENGINN, pp. *not got*; ÚFERJANDI, pr. p. *not to be ferried*, of an outlaw; ÚFÉSAMR, a. *yielding little profit, unprofitable*; ÚFIMLEIKR, m. *unhandiness*; ÚFIMLIGA, adv. *awkwardly*; ÚFIMR, a. *awkward*; ÚFJÖLLÓTTR, a. *without mountains*; ÚFJÓT, n. pl. *broils, blunders*; ÚFLATTR, pp. *uncut up*, of fish; ÚFLEYGR, a. *unfledged, not able to fly*; ÚFLJÓTR, a. *slow*; ÚFLOKKR, m. *rabble*; ÚFLUGUMANNLIGR, a. *not like a flugumaðr*; ÚFLÝJANDI, a., ú. herr, *an overwhelming host*; ÚFORSJÁLIGR, a. *imprudent*; ÚFORVITINN, a. *not curious*; ÚFÓLGINN, pp. *unhidden*; ÚFÓTHVATR, a. *unswift of foot*; ekki ú., *not slow of foot*; ÚFÓTLINR, a. *not soft for the foot* (stigr ú.).

ÚFR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *roughness, rough edge, splinter*; (2) *hostility* (risu úlar á vinfengi þeira); (3) *the uvula* (fekk hann til lækni at skera sér úf); (4) *the horned owl*.

ÚFR, a. *hostile* (úfar 'ro disir).

Ú-FRAMARR, adv. *less forward*; ÚFRAMGJARN, a. *shy*; ÚFRAMLIGA, adv. *not forwardly, shyly*; ÚFRAMR, a. *unforward, shy*; ÚFRAMSÝNI, f. *improvidence*; ÚFRÁLEIKR, m. *slowness*; ÚFRÁR, a. *faint, weakly*; ÚFREGIT, pp. n. *unasked*; ÚFREKLIGA, adv. *not forwardly*; ÚFREKR, a. *not forward*; ÚFRELSA (AÐ), v. *to make cap-*

tive, deprive of freedom; ÚFRELSI, n. *tyranny*; ÚFREMD, f. *shyness*; ÚFRESKI, ÚFRESKR, see 'ófreski, ófreskr'; ÚFRIÐAST (AÐ), v., úfriðast með þeim, *they become enemies*.

ÚFRIÐAR-FLOKKR, m. *hostile band*; -FYLGJUR, f. pl. *'fetches' of hostility*; -KVITTR, m. *rumour of war*; -LAUST, adv. *peacefully*; -MAÐR, m. enemy; -VÆNN, a. *boding hostilities*.

Ú-FRIÐLIGA, adv. *in an unpeaceful manner* (láta ú.); ÚFRIÐLIGR, a. *unpeaceful, unruly*; ÚFRIÐR, m. *war, hostilities*; er þeir urðu varir við úfrið, *when they found that the enemy was near*; ÚFRIÐSAMLIGR, a. *unpeaceful, warlike, disturbed*; ÚFRIÐSAMR, a. unruly; ÚFRIÐVÆNN, a. *unpromising for peace*; ÚFRITT, a. n. *unpeaceful*; e-m er ú., *one's life is without rest*; ÚFRÍÐLEIKR, m. *ugliness*; ÚFRÍÐR, a. ugly; ÚFRJÁLS, a. *unfree*; ÚFRJÓR, a. *barren*; ÚFRJÓSAMR, a. *unfertile, unproductive*; ÚFRÓÐLEIKR, m. *want of knowledge*; ÚFRÓÐLIGA, adv. *foolishly* (spyrja ú.); ÚFRÓÐLIGR, a. *foolish* (úfróðlig spurning); ÚFRÓÐR, a. *ignorant*; ÚFRÝNLIGA, adv. *frowningly*; ÚFRÝNLIGR, a. *frowning*; ÚFRÝNN, a. *frowning*; ÚFRÆGÐ, a. *discredit*; ÚFRÆGJA (AÐ), v. *to defame*; ÚFRÆGR, a. *inglorious*; eigi úfrægari, *not less famous*; ÚFRÆNDSAMLIGA, adv. *unkinsmanlike*; ÚFRÆR, a. = úfrjór; ÚFRŒÐI, f. *ignorance, lack of information*; ÚFRŒKN, a. *unwarlike, timid*; ÚFFÚINN, a. *unrotten*; ÚFÚSS, a. *unwilling* (ú. e-s); ÚFYLGINN, a. *not following* (ú. e-m); ÚFYRIRIATSAMR, a. *intractable, headstrong*; ÚFYRIRLEITINN, a. *reckless*; ÚFYRIRLEITNI, f. *recklessness*; ÚFYRIRSYNJA, f. *want of foresight* (þat má þykkja mikil ú.); úfyrirsynju, *accidentally*; ÚFÆLILIGA, adv. *undauntedly*; ÚFÆLINN, a. *dauntless*; ÚFŒRA, f. (1) *impassable place*; er ú. at komast þar yfir, *it is impossible to cross it*; (2) *critical state* (vera í úfœru); hlaða skip til úfœru, *to overload a ship*; (3) *dangerous task* (ek kalla þat vera úfœru at berjast við þá at svá búnu); ÚFŒRÐIR, f. pl. *impassableness*, esp. from snow (lagði á snjáva ok úfœrðir); ÚFŒRI, n. *dangerous situation*; meiða til úfœris, *to disable*; ÚFŒRILIGR, a. (1) *impracticable, not to be done*; (2) *impassable*; ÚFŒRR, a. (1) *impassable* (ú. vegr, úfœrt vatn); (2) *disabled* (G. var þá ú. fyrir fótarins sakir); (3) *impossible* (at honum mundi ekki úfœrt).

ÚFŒRU-VEGR, m. *an impassable road*.

Ú-FÖLR, a. *not pale*; ÚFÖR, f. *disastrous journey, disaster*; esp. in pl. *disaster, defeat, ill-luck* (gleðjast af úförum e-s); fara úförum fyrir e-m, *to be worsted by one*; ÚGAGN, n. *hurt, harm, loss*; ÚGAGNVÆNLIGR, a. *unprofitable*; ÚGAMAN, n. *no pleasure*; ÚGAUMGÆFI, f. *inattention*; ÚGAUMGÆFR, a. *heedless*; ÚGÁ, f. (1) *inattention*; (2) *careless life* (liggja í úgá ok í drykkju); ÚGEÐLIGR, a. *disagreeable*; ÚGEFINN, pp. (1) *not given away*; (2) *vacant* (úgefnar kirkjur); ÚGEGN, a. *unreasonable, self-willed*; ÚGEGNLIGA, adv. *improperly*; ÚGEIGVÆNLIGR, a. *not dangerous*; ÚGENGR, (1) *unfit to walk on* (íss ú.); (2) *unable to walk* (var sveinninn ú.); ÚGETINN, pp. (1) *not begotten*; (2) láta sér úgetit at e-u, *to be displeased at*; ÚGEYMINN, a. *heedless*; ÚGILDR, a. *unatoned, for whom no weregild has to be paid*; falla ú., *to be slain wilh inpunity, without liability to wergild*; ÚGIPTA, f. *ill-luck*; ÚGIPTR, pp. *not given away, unmarried*, of a woman.

ÚGIPTU-ÁR, n. *hapless year*; -BRAGÐ, n. *ill-boding countenance*; -FULLR, a. *hapless, unlucky*; -LIGA, adv. *haplessly*; -LIGR, a. *of luckless appearance*; -MAÐR, m. *unlucky man*; -SAMLIGA, adv. = úgiptu-liga; -SAMLIGR, a. *hapless looking, evil-boding*; -VERK, n. = úhappaverk.

Ú-GIRNILIGR, a. *undesirable*; ÚGLAÐR, a. *cheerless, gloomy*; ÚGLEÐI, f. *sadness, melancholy*; taka ú., *to grow melancholy*; ÚGLEÐJA (-GLADDA), v. *to make sad* (þarf þik þetta eigi at ú.); impers., úgleðr e-n, *one turns sad*; refl. úgleðjast, *to turn sad* (Ó. úgladdist, er leið á vetrinn); Ú-GLÍKR, a. see 'úlíkr'; ÚGLÍMINN, a. *not good at wrestling*; ÚGLØGGT, adv. *not clearly* (sjá, vita ú.); ÚGNÓGLIGR, a. *insufficient*; ÚGNÓGR, a. *insufficient, not enough*; ÚGOLDINN, pp. *unpaid*; ÚGÓÐGJARN, a. *evil-minded*; ÚGÓÐGJARNLIGR, a. *spiteful*; ÚGÓÐR, a. *bad, wicked*; gera sér úgott at e-u, *to be displeased with*; ÚGRANDVARLIGA, adv. *dishonestly, immorally*; ÚGRANDVERI, f. *dishonesty*; ÚGREIÐA (-GREIDDA), v. *to put in disorder* (ú. e-t fyrir e-m); ÚGREIÐFŒRR, a. *difficult to pass over*; ÚGREIÐI, m. *impediment* (þetta var mér ú.); ÚGREIÐR, a. *unexpeditious*; ÚGRIMMIR, a. *not cruel, humane*; ÚGRYNNI, n. *boundlessness, immense quantity of* (ú. fjár, ú. liðs); ÚGRŒÐILIGR, a. *irremediable*; ÚGYLLDR, pp. *ungilt*; ÚGÆFA, f. = úgipta; ÚGÆFR, a. (1) *luckless*; (2) *unruly*.

ÚGÆFU-FULLR, a. *unlucky*; -MAÐR, m. *luckless fellow*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *lucklessly*; -SAMLIGR, a. *luckless-looking*.

ÚGÆTILIGA, adv. *heedlessly, incautiously* (mæla u.); ÚGÆTINN, a. *heedless*; ÚGÖFUGR, a. *not of noble extraction*; ÚGÖRANDI, pr. p. *that cannot he done* (nú er þat úgøranda); ÚGÖRLA, adv. *not exactly* (vita, sjá ú.); ÚGÖRR, pp. *undone, unaccomplished*; ÚGØRR, adv. compar. *less clearly* (vita ú.); ÚHAGFELDR, a. *inconvenient*; ÚHAGLIGA, adv. *inconveniently*; ÚHAGLIGR, a. *inconvenient*; ÚHAGNAÐR, m. *inconvenience*; ÚHAGR, a. *unhandy, unskilled*; ÚHAGSTŒÐR, a. *unfavourable* (ú. vindr); ÚHAGVIRKR, a. *unskilled as a worker*; ÚHALDKVÆMR, a. *disadvantageous*; ÚHALLR, a. *not slanting*; ÚHALTR, a. *not lame*; ÚHAMINGJA, f. *bad luck, disaster*.

ÚHAMINGJU-SAMLIGR, a. *evil-looking*.

Ú-HANDLATR, a. *not slow of hand*; ÚHAPP, n. *mishap, ill-luck, misfortune* (korna þér óll úhöpp senn).

ÚHAPPA-DVERGR, m. *wicked dwarf*; -FULLR, a. *unlucky*; -LAUST, adv. *without a mishap occuring*; -MAÐR, m. *unlucky man*; -VERK, n. *unfortunate deed* (vinna hit mesta -verk).

Ú-HARÐFŒRLIGA, adv. *not harshly, gently* (tala ú. til e-s); ÚHARÐMANNLIGR, a. *not hardy*; ÚHARÐNATR, pp. *unhardened*; ÚHARÐSKEYTR, a. *weak as an archer*; ÚHÁSKASAMR, a. *not dangerous*; ÚHÁTTR, m. *bad habit*; ÚHEFNDR, pp. *unavenged*; ÚHEGNDR, pp. *unpunished*; ÚHEILAGR, a. *unholy*; *outlawed*; ÚHEILL, a. *insincere*; ÚHEILL, f. *mishap, ill-luck*.

ÚHEILLA-TRÉ, n. *unlucky tree*.

Ú-HEILSAMR, a. *unwholesome*; ÚHEIMILA (AÐ), v. *to deprive one of title to* (ú. e-m e-t); ÚHEIMILL, a. *unlawful*; ÚTHEIMSKR, a. *not foolish, intelligent*; ÚHELGA (AÐ), v. *to proclaim a person to be* úheilagr; ÚHELGI, f. *the state of being* úheilagr; ÚHEPPILIGA, adv. *unluckily*; ÚHERMANNLIGR, a. *unmartial, unworthy of a warrior*; ÚHERSKÁR, a. (1) *unmartial*; (2)

not harried by war, of a country (fyrir þá sók var úherskátt í Svíþjóð); ÚHEYRILIGA, adv. *in an unheard-of way, wickedly*; ÚHEYRLIGR, a. *unheard-of, wicked*; ÚHLÍFINN, a. *not sparing oneself*; ÚHLJÓÐ, n. *shoutings*; ÚHLUTDEILINN, a. *unmeddlesome*; ÚHLUTSAMR, a. *unmeddlesome*; ÚHLUTVANDR, a. *dishonest*; ÚHLÝÐINN, a. *disobedient*; ÚHLÝNAST (AÐ), v. *to disobey* (ú. e-m); ÚHLÝÐNI, f. *disobedience*; ÚHNEISTR, pp. *undisgraced*, = úneistr; ÚHNEPPILIGA, adv. *not scantily, fully* (ú. at þriðjungi); ÚHNØGGR, a. *liberal*; ÚHÓF, n. (1) *excess*; (2) *immensity* (ú. kvikfjár).

ÚHÓF-SAMLIGA, adv. *immoderately*; -SAMLIGR, a. *immoderate*; -SAMR, a. *intemperate*; -SEMD, f. *excess*.

Ú-HÓGLIGR, a. *inconvenient, uneasy*; ÚHRAKLIGR, a. *not shabby*; ÚHRAPALLIGA, adv. *unhurriedly, leisurely*; ÚHRAUSTR, a. *weak*; úhraust kona, *a woman with child*; ÚHREININDI, n. pl. *uncleanliness*; ÚHREINLIGA, adv. *uncleanly*; ÚHREINLÍFI, n. = saurlífi; ÚHREINN, a. (1) *unclean* (í þeim stað má ekki vera úhreint); (2) *foul, dangerous*, of passage (úhreint ok skerjótt); þeir sögðu, at úhreint var í ósinum, *that it was infested by a monster*; ÚHREINSA, f. *uncleanliness*; ÚHREYTILIGR, a. *unmanly, not valiant*; ÚHROÐINN, pp. *uncleared*, of ships in a battle; ÚHRÓÐIGR, a. *inglorious*; ÚHRYGGR, a. *unconcerned*; ÚHRÆDDLIGA, adv. *without fear*; ÚHRÆDDR, a. *fearless, unfearing*; ÚHRÆÐILIGA, adv. *fearlessly*; ÚHRÆÐINN, a. *dauntless*; ÚHRŒRILIGR, a. *immovable*; ÚHRŒSSI, n. *a filthy thing, mean fellow*; ÚHRØRLIGR, a. *not ruinous*; ÚHRØRNAÐR, pp. *unwithered, undecayed*; ÚHUGNAÐR, m. *discomfort*; ÚHUGR, m. *gloom, despair* (sló á þær úhug miklum ok gráti); ÚHVATR, a. *unvaliant*; ÚHVERFRAÐLIGA, adv. *unwaveringly*; ÚHYGGINN, a. *imprudent*; ÚHYRLIGA, adv. *with an unfriendly look, frowningly*; ÚHÝRLIGR, a. *frowning*; ÚHÝRR, a. *unfriendly-looking, frowning*; ÚHÆTT, a. n. *without danger, safe* (þegar skipum var ú. at halda á milli landa); láta ú. við e-n, *not to plot against one*; as adv., eigi ú., *not without some danger*; ÚHÆTTLIGR, a. *not dangerous*; ÚHŒFA, f. *enormity, wickedness* (væri þat þó en mesta ú. at verða mér ekki at riði); ÚHŒFÐ, f., = úhœfa; ÚHŒFI, n. = úhœfa; ÚHŒFILIGA, adv. *wickedly*; ÚHŒFR, a. *unfitting*; ÚHŒGÐ, f. *uneasiness, inconvenience*; ÚHŒGILIGA, adv. *uncomfortably*; ÚHŒGINDI, n. pl. (1) *uneasiness, difficulty*; (2) *pain, ill-health*; ÚHŒGJA (-ÐA), v. *to make uneasy or uncomfortable* (ú. e-m, or fyrir e-m); refl., úhœgjast, *to become uneasy or painful* (tók at ú. sótt hans); ÚHŒGLIGR, a. *painful*; ÚHŒGR, a. (1) *difficult, hard* (var úhœgt at koma orðum við hann); (2) *painful* (sótt ströng ok úhœg); honum var svá úhœgt, *he felt so uneasy*; (3) *unruly*; ÚHŒVERSKA, f. *discourtesy*; ÚHŒVERSKR, a. *unmannerly*; ÚHÖFÐINGLIGR, a. *unworthy of a great man, undignified*; ÚÍTARLIGR, a. *humble*; ÚJAFN, a. (1) *uneven, unequal* (tveir kostir ujafnir); újafnt, *unequally, unfairly* (skipta újafnt); (2) *of numbers, odd*.

ÚJAFNAÐAR-FULLR, a. *full of injustice*; -MAÐR, m. *an overbearing-man*.

Ú-JAFNAÐR, m. (1) *inequality*; (2) *injustice, unfairness, tyranny* (hvart man Gunnari hefnast þessi ú.).

ÚJAFN-GIRNI, f. *unfairness*; -GJARN, a. *unfair*; -LIGA, adv. *unequally*; -LIGR, a. *unequal, uneven* (-lig orrusta); -SKIPAÐR,

pp. *unevenly manned*.

ú-karlmannligr, a. *unmanly*; úkátr, a. *gloomy, dismal*; úkembdr, pp. *unkempt*; úkenndr, pp. (1) *not expressed by a 'kenning'* (úkennd heiti); (2) *not intoxicated*; úkenniligr, a. *unrecognizable*; úkerskr, a. *weak*; úkeypis, adv. *gratuitously*; úkjörligr, a. *wretched* (ú. kostr); þótti honum sá hlutr úkjörligastr, *the worst choice*; úklaksárr, a. *not sensitive, thick-skinned*; úklúsaðr, pp. *unhampered*; úklæddr, pp. *unclad*; úkløkkvandi, pr. p. *unmoved*; sá einn hlutr var svá, at hann mátti aldri ú. um tala, *that he could never speak of it without being moved to tears*; úknáleikr, m. *lack of strength*; úknáligr, a. *pithless, infirm*; úknár, a. *weak, infirm*; úknyttir, m. pl. *bad tricks*; úkominn, pp. (1) *not come*; (2) *future*; úkonungligr, a. *unkingly*; úkostigr, a. *wretched*; úkostr, m. (1) *bad choice*; (2) *fault*; úkrismaðr, pp. *unanointed*; úkristiligr, a. *unchristianlike*; úkristinn, a. *unchristian*; úkræsiligr, a. *undainty, filthy*; úkröptugr, a. *lacking strength, weakly*; úkröptuligr, *weak, feable*; úkulsamr, a. *insensitive to cold*; úkulvíss, a. *insensitive to cold*; úkunnandi, f. *ignorance*; úkunnigr, a. (1) *unknown*; (2) *unacquainted with*; H. brást ú. við þetta, *H. made as if he knew nothing about this*; úkunniliga, adv. *like a stranger* (ekki riða þeir ú.); úkunnr, a. *unknown, strange* (ú. e-m); úkurteisi, f. *discourtesy*; úkurtefeliga, adv. *uncourteously*; úkurteiss, a. *uncourteous*; úkvángaðr, pp. *unmarried*, of a man; úkveðinn, pp. *unrecited*, of a poem; úkvenska, f. *unchastity*; úkviðinn, a. *unconcerned*; úkvæða, úkvæði, a. *speechless from wonder* (verða ú. við e-t).

úkvæðis-mál, n. *offensive speech*; -orð, n. *abusive word*.

ú-kvæntr, pp. = úkvángaðr; úkynjan, n. *a noisome thing, monster*; úkynligr, a. *not strange*; úkynni, n. (1) *uncouthness, bad manners, ill-breeding*; (2) *wonders* (valda slíkum úkynnum); úkyrr, a. *unquiet*; varrar jarls vóru úkyrrar, *quivered*; úkyrra (-ða, -ðr), v. *to stir*; refl., úkyrrast, *to be stirred, excited*; úkyrrleikr, m. *commotion, disturbance*; úkyrrligr, a. *unquiet, tumultuous*; úkyssiligr, a. *unkissable*; úkæti, n. *joylessness*; úkœnn, a. *unwise*; úkœnska, f. *ignorance*; úlag, n. *disorder*; í úlagi, *out of order*; úlagaðr, pp. *unbrewed*; úlamilðr, pp. *unthrashed*; úlatliga, adv. *quickly*; úlatr, a. *not lazy, eager*; úlaunkárr, a. *indiscreet, unreserved* (var hón jafnan -kár af tíðendum); úlátr, a. *disorderly, unmannered*.

úldna (að), v. *to decay, rot*.

ú-leiðingasamr, a. *not easily led, headstrong*; úleiðr, a. *not loath, agreeable*; úleigis, adv. *without rent*; úlendr, a. *outlandish*; úléttr, a. *heavy child* (úlétt kona); úleyfðr, pp. *unallowed, forbidden*; úleyfi, n., in the phrase, at ú. e-s, *without one's leave*; úleyflliga, adv. *without leave*; úleyfiligr, a. = úleyfðr; úleyndr, pp. *unhidden*; úleysiligr, a. *indissoluble*; úleystr, pp. *unreleased, unabsolved*.

úlfalda-hár, n. *camel's hair*.

úlfaldi, m. *camel*.

úlfa-þytr, m. *howling of wolves*.

úlf-grár, a. *wolf-grey*; -hamr, m. *wolf's skin*, a nickname; -hanzki, m. *a glove of wolfskin, used by a sorceress*; -heðinn, m. *wolf's skin, a berserk wear-*

ing a wolf skin; -HÍÐI (-ÍÐI), n. *wolf's lair, wood*; -HUGAÐR, a. *evil-minded, savage*; -HUGR, m. *a wolf's mind, savageness*, = úlfúð; -HVELPR, m. *wolf's cub*; -IÐÍ, n., see úlf-hiði; -LIÐR, m. *wolf's joint, the wrist* (á hönd fyrir ofan úlflíð).

ÚLFR (-S, -AR), m. *wolf*; ala e-m úlfa, *to breed wolves for one, plan mischief* (spyr ek þat frá, at Danir muni enn ala oss úlfa); fig. *enemy*.

ÚLFS-HUGR, m. = úlfhugr; -KJÖPTR, m. *wolfs jaws*; -MUNNR, m. *wolf's mouth*; -RÖDD, f. *wolf's voice*.

ÚLF-ÚÐ, f. = -hugr (fullr upp -úðar); slá á sik -úð, *to get angry*.

Ú-LÍÐ, n. *harm, mischief* (veita e-m ú.); ÚLIÐLIGA, adv. *unhandily, awkwardly*; ÚLIÐLIGR, a. *clumsy*; ÚLIÐMANNLIGA, adv. *awkwardly*; ÚLIFAT, pp. n., in the phrase, eiga skamt úlifat, *to have a short time left to live, be near one's end*; ÚLIFÐR, pp. *dead, deceased*; ÚLIPR, a. *not adroit, clumsy*; ÚLÍFHRÆDDR, a. *not afraid for one's life*; ÚLÍFI, m. = dauði; særa e-n til úlífis, *to wound one to the death*; sárr til úlífis, *wounded to death*.

ÚLÍFIS-MAÐR, m. *a person deserving of death*; -SÖK, f., -VERK, n. *a case or deed worthy of death*.

Ú-LÍFLIGR, a. *not likely to live*; ÚLÍKAMLIGR, a. *not bodily*; ÚLÍKAN, n. *proud flesh*; ÚLÍKINDI, n. pl. (1) *improbability*; (2) *sham, dissimulation* (gera e-t til úlíkinda); ÚLÍKLIGA, adv. *improbably*; hann tók á engu ú., *he did not call it unlikely*; ÚLÍKLIGR, a. *improbable, unlikely* (þótti Þ. ú. til lygi); ÚLÍKR, a. *unlike, different*; ÚLÍTILL, a. *not small, great*; þetta er ú. herr, *no small host*; ÚLJÓSS, a. *dark*; ÚLJÚFR, a. *'unlief', disagreeable*; ÚLJÚGFRÓÐR, a. *well-informed and truthful*; ÚLJÚGHEITR, a. *making no empty threats*; ÚLOF, n. = úleyfi; at úlofi e-s, *without one's leave*; ÚLOFAÐR, a. *unallowed*; ÚLOFAT, a. *without leave*; ÚLOGINN, pp. *true*; ÚLOKINN, pp. (1) *unshut*; (2) *unpaid* (úloknar skuldir); ÚLUND, f. *ill temper, spleen*.

ÚLUNDAR-MAÐR, m. *ill-tempered man*.

Ú-LYFJAN, n. *poison*; ÚLYGINN, a. *unlying, truthful*; ÚLYNDI, n. = úlund

ÚLYSTILIGR, a. *disagreeable, unpleasant*; ÚLÆRÐR, pp. *unlearned*; *lay*; ÚLÆTI, n. pl. *ill-manners, disorder, riot*; ÚLÖG, n. pl. *injustice, lawlessness*; at úlögum, *in a lawless manner*; ÚLÖGLIGA, adv. *illegally*.

ÚMAGA-ALDR, m. *minority, nonage, childhood* (vera á -aldri); -EYRIR, m. *the money or property of a minor*; -FRAMFŒRSLA, f. *maintenance of paupers*, &c.; -LAUSS, a. *having no* 'úmagi' *to sustain*; -MAÐR, m. *a person who has many* 'úmagar' *to sustain*.

Ú-MAGI, m. *a helpless one, one incapable of self-maintenance* (including children, aged people, men disabled by sickness, paupers, etc.).

Ú-MAK, n., ÚMAKI, m., ÚMAKINDI, n. pl. *trouble*; ÚMAKLIGR, a. *unworthy, undeserving*; ÚMANNAN, n. *a person fit for nothing*; ÚMANNLIGR, a. *unmanly, inhuman*; ÚMÁLI, a. *speechless, dumb*; ÚMÁLUGR, a. *silent, taciturn*; ÚMÁTTIS, adv. *exceedingly*; ÚMITTR, m. *faintness, swoon*; ÚMÁTTUGR, a. *without strength, weak, infirm*; ÚMÁTTULIGA, adv. *slightly, faintly* (koma ú. við hurðina); ÚMÁTTULIGR, a. (1) *faint, weak*; (2) *impossible*; ÚMÁTULIGA, adv. *immensely*; ÚMEGÐ, f. (1) *the state of being* úmagi; meðan erfingjar vóru í ú., *whilst the heirs were in infancy*; (2) *a person in* úmegð; sitja fyrir

úmegðum, *to have* 'úmagar' *to sustain*; ÚMEGIN, n. *swoon*; ÚMEGINN, a. *faint impotent*; ÚMEGN, n. = úmegin; ÚMEGNA, v. impers., e-n úmegnir, *one faints away*; ÚMEINN, a. *harmless*; ÚMEINSAMR, a. *harmless*; ÚMENNSKA, f. (1) *unmanliness*; (2) *inhumanity*; ÚMERKILIGA, adv. *insignificantly, foolishly*; ÚMERKILIGR, a. (1) *insignificant, unworthy of notice* (er draumr þessi ú. ok mun vera fyrir veðrum); (2) *foolish, silly*; ÚMERKR, a. (1) *insignificant, silly*; (2) *not to be relied on*; ÚMERKTR, pp. *unmarked, of the ears of sheep*; ÚMESKINN, a. ? *indifferent*.

ÚTMETNAÐAR-SAMLIGA, adv. *unpretentiously*.

Ú-METTR, pp. *unsatiated*; ÚMILDI, f. *uncharitableness*; ÚMILDLEIKR, m. *inclemency, severity*; úmildr, a. (1) *uncharitable*; (2) *unrighteous*; ÚMINNAST (T), v. *to be unmindful of* (ú. e-s); ÚMINNI, n. *forgetfulness, oblivion*; ÚMINNIGR, a. *unmindful, forgetful*.

ÚMINNIS-HÖFGI, m. *lethargic sleep*; -VEIG, f. *draught of oblivion*.

Ú-MISKUNNSAMR, a. *unmerciful*; ÚMISLYNDR, a. *even-tempered*; ÚMJÚKLIGA, a. *unsoftly*; ÚMJÚKLIGR, a. *inflexible, stiff*; ÚMJÚKR, a. '*unsoft', harsh* (ú. í orðum); ÚMÓÐR, a. *not weary, fresh*; ÚMUNDANGLIGR, a. *excessive*; ÚMYLDR, pp. *uncovered with earth, unburied*; ÚMYNDILIGR, a. *shapeless, monstrous*; ÚMÆLDR, pp. *unmeasured*; ÚMÆLILIGR, a. *unbounded, immense*; ÚMÆTR, a. *void, worthless*; ÚMÆTTA, v. impers., e-n úmættir, *one loses strength, faints away*; ÚMŒÐILIGA, adv. *without tiring*; ÚMÖGULIGR, a. *impossible*; ÚNAFNLIGR, a. *ill-sounding, of a name*; ÚNAUÐIGR, a. *uncompelled, not compulsory*; eigi únauðgari, *not less unwilling*; ÚNÁÐA (AÐ), v. *to trouble, disturb*; ÚNÁÐIR, f. pl. *troubles, disturbance* (gera e-m ú.); ÚNÁÐULIGR, a. *troublesome, vexatious*; ÚNÁTTÚRLIGR, a. *unnatural*; ÚNEISS, a. *'unshamed', honourable, renowned*; ÚNEYTR, a. = únýtr; ÚNOTINN, pp. *unused*; ÚNÓGR, a. = úgnógr; ÚNUMINN, pp. *not taken*, of land; ÚNYTJA, f. *waste*; fara at únytju, *to be wasted*; ÚNYTJUNGR, m. *a good for-nothing fellow*; ÚNYTSAMLIGR, a. *useless*; ÚNYTSAMR, a. *useless*; ÚNÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to make useless, spoil, destroy*; impers., únýtti höndina, *the hand became unfit for use*; (2) *to quash, make void* (ú. lögruðning); (3) refl., únýtast, *to come to naught, be made void, of a suit*; ÚNÝTR, a. (1) *useless, unfit for use, spoiled* (var honum höndin únýt um daginn); (2) *worthless* (ill ok únýt er yður æfi); málum várum er komit í únýtt efni, *our matters are come to a dead-lock*; ÚNŒFR, a. *unskilled*; ÚORÐ, n. *bad language*; ÚORÐASAMR, a. *chary of words, reserved*; ÚORÐINN, pp. *future*; ÚORÐSÆLL, a. *in bad repute*; ÚPINILIGR, a. *free from pain*; ÚPRÓFAÐR, pp. *unproven*; ÚPRÚÐLIGA, adv. *ungallantly*; ÚPRÚÐR, a. *inelegant*; ÚPRÝÐI, f. (1) *inelegancy*; (2) = ofprýði, *excess of pride*.

ÚR, n. *drizzling rain*.

ÚR, prep., see 'ór'.

Ú-RAGR, a. *not cowardly*.

Ú-RAMMLIGR, a. *not strong*.

ÚRAR-HORN, n. *ur-ox horn*.

Ú-RASKAÐR, pp. *undisturbed*.

Ú-RÁÐ, n. (1) *bad counsel, ill-advised step*; (2) *evil design*.

ÚRÁÐA-MANNLIGA, adv. *improperly*.

Ú-RÁÐAN, f. = úráð; ÚRÁÐANDI, pr. p. *not to he counselled in any strait*;

ÚRÁÐHOLLR, a. *self-willed* (heimskr maðr ertu ok ú.); ÚRÁÐINN, pp. (1) *unsettled, wavering*; (2) *not haviq, made up one's mind* (E. kvaðst ú. til at bœta fé).

ÚRÁÐ-LEITINN, a. *seeking no expedients*; -LIGA, adv. *unadvisedly*; -LIGR, a. *unadvisable, inexpedient*; -VANDR, a. *dishonest*; -VENDI, f. *dishonesty, wickedness*; -ÞÆGR, a. *taking no advice, self-willed*.

Ú-REFJUSAMR, a. *untrickish*; ÚREFSINGASAMR, a. *remiss in punishing*; ÚREIÐR, a. *impassable on horseback*; ÚREIÐR, a. *not wroth, calm*.

ÚREIÐU-MAÐR, m. *unruly man*.

Ú-RENGÐR, ÚRENDR, pp. *undressed* (?), of flax and linen; ÚRÉTTLIGA, adv. *improperly*; ÚRÉTTLIGR, a. *unjust, lawless*; ÚRÉTTR, a. *unright, incorrect*; ÚRÉTTVISS, a. *unrighteous, unjust*.

ÚRIG-HLÝRA, a. indecl. *wet-cheeked, weeping* (poet.).

ÚRIGR (acc. ÚRGAN), a. *wet*.

ÚRIGR, a. *ill-tempered, vicious*.

Ú-RITINN, pp. *unwritten*; ÚRÍFLIGA, adv. *unfavourably*; ÚRÍFLIGR, a. (1) *bad, unfavourable*; (2) *scanty*; ÚRIKBORINN, pp. *of low birth*; ÚRIKMANNLIGA, adv. *humbly*; ÚRIKR, a. *unmigthy, humble*; ÚROTINN, pp. *unwritten*; ÚRÓ, f. *unrest, restlessness, trouble*.

ÚRÓAR-MAÐR, m. *peace-disturber*.

Ú-RÓAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to become restless, unruly*; ÚRÓI, m. = úró; ÚRÓLIGA, adv. *restlessly*; ÚRÓR, a. *restless, uneasy* (hestrinn gorist úrór).

ÚRR (gen. ÚRAR), m. *the ur-ox*; *urus*.

ÚR-RÆÐI, n., see 'órræði'; -SKURÐR, m., see 'órskurðr'.

ÚR-SVALR, a. *wet-cold, cold and dank*; -VÆTA, f. *drizzling rain*, = úr.

Ú-RÝRLIGA, adv. *unscantily, largely*; ÚRÆST, n. *filth, nastiness*; ÚRMÆTLIGR, a. *filthy*; ÚRŒKILIGA, adv. *negligently*; ÚRŒKINN, a. *negligent*; ÚRŒKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to neglect*; ÚRŒKT, f. *neglect, negligence* (ú. boðorða þinna).

ÚRŒKTAR-ÞOKKI, m. *dislike*.

Ú-RÖSKR, a. *slovenly*; ÚSAGÐR, pp. *unsaid*; ÚSAKAÐR, pp. *unhurt* (heill ok ú.); ÚSAKGÆFR, a. *inoffensive*; ÚSALTR, a. *unsalted, fresh*; ÚSAMBÆRILIGR, a. *discordant*; ÚSAMJAFN, a. *unequal*; ÚSAMR, a. *unwilling*; ÚSAMVIRÐILIGR, a. *incomparable*; ÚSAMÞYKKI, n. *disagreement*; ÚSANNA (AÐ), v. *to refute*; ÚSANNLIGR, a. (1) *improbable*; (2) *unjust, unfair*; ÚSANNR, a. (1) *untrue*; (2) *not guilty* (ú. e-s or at e-u); ÚSANNSÆR, a. *unfair*; ÚSAURGAÐR, pp. *undefiled*; ÚSÁINN, pp. *unsown*; ÚSÁRR, a. (1) *not sore, not smarting*; (2) *unwounded*; ÚSÁTT, f. *disagreement, displeasure*; at ú. e-s, *without one's consent*; ÚSÁTTAN, n. = úsátt; ÚSÁTTFÚSS, a. *uncompromising*; ÚSÁTTR, a. *disagreeing, unreconciled*; ÚSEÐJANLIGR, a. *insatiable*; ÚSEKJA, f. *in the phrase*, at usekju, *with impunity*; ÚSEKR, a. *not guilty guiltless*; ÚSÉLIGR, a. *unsightly*; ÚSENDILIGR, a. *not fit to be sent*; ÚSÉNN, pp. *unseen*; ÚSETLIGR, a. *improper, unseemly*; ÚSETTR, pp. *unsettled* (svá at úsett sé málunum); ÚSIÐBLENDR, a. *unsociable*; ÚSIÐLÁTR, a. *unmannered, barbarous, rude*; ÚSIÐLIGR, a. *ill mannered*; ÚSIÐLÆTI, n. *indecency, bad manners*; ÚSIÐR, m. *barbarity*; pl. *immorality*; ÚSIÐSAMLIGR, a. *indecent*; ÚSIÐSEMD, f. *indecency*; ÚSIÐUGR, a. *ill-mannered, wicked, barbarous*; ÚSIÐVANDR, a. *disorderly*; ÚSIGLANDI, pr. p. *not fit for sailing*, of weather; ÚSIGNDR, pp. *without making the sin of the cross*; ÚSIGR, m. *defeat*; hafa, fá ú., *to be defeated*; ÚSI-

GRANLIGR, a. *invincible*; ÚSIGRSAMR, a. *not victorious*; ÚSIGRSÆLL, a. *not victorious*; ÚSIGRVÆNLIGR, a. *not promising victory*; ÚSINNILIGR, a. *not likely to help*; ÚSJALDAN, adv. *not seldom*; ÚSJÁLFRÁÐA, a. *beyond one's own control*; bezt at sér um þat allt, er henni var úsjálfrátt, *best gifted in everything that was not in her own power*; ÚSJÚKR, a. *not ill, well*; ÚSKADDR, pp. *unscathed*.

ÚSKAP, n. (1) *hostility, spleen, ill humour*; (2) pl., úskóp, *evil fate* (verða fyrir úsköpum).

ÚSKAPA-VERK, n. *ill-fated work, deed done by evil fate*.

ÚSKAP-BRÁÐR, a. *calm-minded, well tempered*; -FELLDR, pp. *disagreeable to one's mind, unpleasant*; e-m er -fellt um e-t, *one is displeased with*; -FELLILIGA, adv. *disagreeably*; -GÆFR, a. *not gentle, moody*; -LÉTTR, a. *not light minded*; e-m er -létt, *one is in bad humour*; -LIGA, adv. *enormously*; *immoderately*; -LIGR, a. *against nature's order, monstrous, horrible*; -LÍKR, a. *unlike in temper*; -STÓRR, a. *not proud tempered*; -TÍÐR, a. *not to one's mind*; -VÆRR, a. *restless of temper*; -ÞEKKR, a. *unpleasant*.

Ú-SKEIFLIGR, a. *not awry*; ÚSKEINISAMR, a. *not hurtful*; -HÆTTR, a. *not hurtful*; ÚSKELFDR, pp. *unshaken, undaunted*; ÚSKELFR, a. *untrembling*; ÚSKERÐR, pp. *undiminished, whole, entire*; ÚSKIL, n. pl. *unfair dealings, improper treatment* (gera e-m ú.).

ÚSKILA-MÁÐR, m. *an unreadyman*.

ÚSKIL-FENGINN, pp. *illegitimate* (móðir -fengin); -GETINN, pp. *not born in wedlock*.

Ú-SKILJANLIGR, a. *unintelligible*; Ú-SKILRIKILIGA, adv. *unfairly*; ÚSKILSLIGA, adv. *unjustly*; ÚSKILSAMLIGA, adv. *unjustly*; ÚSKIPTILIGR, a. *indivisible*; ÚSKÍRBORINN, pp. *not born in wedlock*; ÚSKÍRLÍFI, n. *unclean life*; ÚSKÍRR, a. (1) *unclean, impure*; (2) *indistinct* (úskírt mál); ÚSKORAÐR, pp. *unchallenged, without reservation*; ÚSKORINN, pp. *uncut*; ÚSKUGGASAMLIGR, a. *unsuspicious*; ÚSKULDVARR, a. *incautious in incurring debts*; ÚSKUNDI, m. *affront* (gera e-m úskunda); ÚSKÚAÐR, pp. *unshod*; ÚSKYGN, a. *dim-sighted*; ÚSKYGNLEIKI, m. *dim-sightedness*; ÚSKYLDR, a. (1) *not related*; (2) e-m er e-t úskylt, *it is not one's duty, does not concern one*; ÚSKYLDUGR, a. *undue*.

ÚSKYN-SAMLIGA, adv. *unreasonably*; -SAMLIGR, a. (1) *irrational, foolish*; (2) *unintelligent*; -SAMR, a. *foolish*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *unreason*.

Ú-SKYTI (gen. ÚSKYTJA), m. *bad marksman*; ÚSKÝRR, a. (1) *stupid*; (2) *indistinct*; ÚSKÆRLEIKR, m. *want of transparency*; ÚSLEGINN, pp. *unmown*; ÚSLEITILIGA, adv. *unshrinkingly*; drekka ú., *to drink without heeltaps*; ÚSLÉTTA, f. *unevenness*; ÚSLÉTTR, a. *uneven, unlevel*; ÚSLITINN, pp. *untorn, unbroken up*; ÚSLJÓR, a. *not blunt*; ÚSLÓTTIGR, a. *not wily*; ÚSLYNGR, a. *unskilled*; ÚSLÆLIGA, adv. *not slowly, sharply* (höggva ú.); ÚSLŒGR, a. *not sly, not cunning*; ÚSLØKKVILIGR, a. *inextinguishable*; ÚSMÁR, a. *not small, great*; e-m felir e-t úsmátt, *a thing has no difficulties to one*; ÚSNILLD, f. (1) *folly*; (2) *lack of eloquence*; ÚSNJALLR, a. *unskilled, unwise*; ÚSNJÓSAMR, a. *void of snow* (vetr góðr ok ú.); ÚSNOTR, a. *unwise*; ÚSNÖTRMANNLIGR, a. *dull, faint*; ÚSOLTINN, pp. *not hungry*; ÚSÓMI, m. *dishonour, disgrace*; ÚSÓTTNÆMR, a. *not apt to be taken ill*;

ÚSPAKLIGA, adv. *tumultuously*; ÚSPAKLIGR, a. (1) *unwise, foolish*; (2) *unruly, turbulent*; ÚSPAKR, a. (1) *unwise*; (2) *restless, unruly*; ÚSPARLIGA, adv. *unsparingly*; ÚSPARR, a. *unsparing*; ÚSPÁLIGR, a. *unprophetic*; ÚSPEKI, ÚSPEKT, f. *turbulence, uproar*.

ÚSPEKTAR-FERÐ, f. *raid*; -MAÐR, m. *unruly person, peace-disturber*.

Ú-SPILLILIGR, a. *inviolable*; ÚSPILLTR, pp. *inviolate*; *unspoiled*; taka til úspilltra mála, *to fight out in real earnest*; ÚSPURALL, a. *not inquisitive*; ÚSTAÐFASTR, a. *unsteadfast*; ÚSTAÐFESTA, f. *unsteadfastness*; ÚSTARFSAMR, a. *remiss in work, idle*; ÚSTEFLIGA, adv. *disorderly*; ÚSTERKR, a. *not strong, weak*; ÚSTILLING, f. *vehemence*; ÚSTILLTR, pp. *intemperate*; ÚSTUND, f. *disregard* (leggja ú. á e-t); ÚSTYRKJAST (t), v. refl. *to grow infirm*; ÚSTYRKLEIKR, m. *infirmity*; ÚSTYRKR, m. *weakness*; ÚSTYRKR, a. *weak, feeble*; ÚSTYRKT, f. *infirmity*; ÚSTÝRILÁTR, a. *ungovernable*; ÚSTÖÐUGR, a. *unsteady, unsettled*; ÚSTÖÐULIGR, a. *unstable*; ÚSUNDRSKILLIGR, a. *inseparable*; ÚSÚRR, a. *not sour*; ÚSVÁSS, a. *unmild* (úsvást veðr); ÚSVEFNSAMR, a. *not sleepy*; e-m verðr -samt, *one cannot sleep*; ÚSVEFNUGR, a. *not sleepy*; ÚSVÍFINN, a. *coarse, impudent, overbearing*; ÚSVÍFR, a. *coarse, impudent, overbearing*; ÚSVIFRUNGR, m. *enemy*; ÚSVINNR, a. *unwise*; ÚSVIPLIGR, a. *ill-looking*; ÚSVIPT, a. n., see 'ósvipt'; ÚSYKNLIGR, a. *ugly, dismal*; ÚSYNDR, a. *not able to swim*; ÚSYNJU, adv. *without foresight, unwisely*; ÚSÝNLIGA, adv. *invisibly*; ÚSÝNILIGR, a. (1) *invisible*; (2) *unlikely*; (3) *unsightly, ugly*; ÚSÝNN, a. *uncertain* (úsýnar hefndir); ÚSÆBRATTR, a. *not steep towards the sea*; ÚSÆLL, a. *wretched*; ÚSÆLLIGR, a. *joyless, ill-favoured*; ÚSÆTILIGR, a. *intolerable*; ÚSÆTT, f., ÚSÆTTI, n. = úsátt; ÚSŒKILIGR, a. *impregnable*; ÚSŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to dishonour*; ÚSŒMD, f. (1) *disgrace, dishonour*; (2) *impropriety*.

ÚSŒMDAR-HLUTR, m. *contumely*; -ORÐ, n. *unseemly language*.

Ú-SŒMILIGA, adv. *dishonourably, unbecomingly*; ÚSŒMILIGR, a. (1) *unseemly*; (2) *unworthy of* (ú. e-s); ÚSŒMR, a. *unbecoming, unseemly*; ÚSŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to break* (ú. sinn eið); ÚSŒRR, a. *not to be taken, of an oath*; ÚSÖNGVINN, a. *unwilling to chant prayers*.

ÚT, adv. (1) *out, towards the outer side*, opp. to 'inn' (út ok inn með hverjum firði); kalla menn út, *out of doors*; út ór, *out of, out from*; út munninn, *out of the mouth*; (2) *of time*, út jól, *all through Yule*; (3) láta út, *to stand out to sea*; esp. of going out to Iceland from Norway, opp. to 'útan' (far þú til Íslands út); koma út hingat, or simply, koma út, *to come to Iceland*; also of other far countries (fara út til Jórsala); (4) with verbs; brenna út, *to burn out*; bjóða út liði, *to levy troops*.

Ú-TAL, n. *countless number*; ÚTALHLÝÐINN, a. *not heeding advice, hard to persuade*; ÚTALIÐR (ÚTALDR, ÚTALINN), pp. *untold, uncounted*; ÚTALLIGR, a. *innumerable, countless*; ÚTAMDR, pp. *untamed* (hross útamit).

ÚTAN, adv. (1) *from without, from outside*; (2) *from abroad, from Iceland*; fara ú., *to go abroad, from Iceland* (spurði Þórarinn Glúm, hvárt hann ætlaði ú., sem hann var vanr); meðan hann væri ú., *whilst he was abroad*; (3) *without motion, outside*; bæði ú. ok innan, *both outside and inside*; (4) conj. *except, but* (var fólk

allt í svefni ú. móðir hans); (5) as prep. with acc., *without* (ú. frænda ráð); with gen. (ú. sætta); (6) fyrir ú., *outside, beyond*, with acc. (fyrir ú. Þjórsá).

ÚTAN-BORÐS, adv. *overboard* (steypast -borðs); -BORGAR, adv. *without the town*; -BRAUTAR, adv. *out of the way*; -EYGÐR, a. = úteygr; -FERÐ, f. *a journey abroad*; -FJARÐAR, adv. *outside the firth*; -FJÓRÐUNGS, adv. *outside the quarter*; -FÓTAR, adv. *on the outside of the foot (leg)*; -FÖR, f. = útanferð; -GARÐA, adv. *outside the yard (house)*; -GARÐS, adv. *outside the fence*; -GÁTTA, adv. *out of door*; -HERAÐS, adv. *outside the district*; -HREPPS, adv. *out. side the poor district*; -LANDS, adv. *abroad* (þú mant -lands deyja).

ÚTANLANDS-MAÐR, m. *foreigner*; -SIÐIR, m. pl. *outlandish, foreign manners* (eigi kanntu -siðu manna).

ÚTAN-LENDIS, adv. = -lands; -LÆRS, adv. *outside the thigh*; -SÓKNAR, adv. *outside the parish*; -STEFNING, f. *a summons abroad*; -VERTR, a. *outward, outside, outerpart of*.

ÚTAR, adv. compar. *farther out, farther off* (vóru þeir komnir svá langt út, at hætt var at sitja ú.); Hrútr sat ú. frá Höskuldi, *H. sat nearer the door than H*.

ÚT-ARFI, m. *collateral heir*.

ÚTAR-LA, adv. *far out*; -LIGA, adv. *far out*; sitja, -liga, *to sit near the entrance*; -MEIRR, adv. compar. *farther out*.

ÚTARST, adv. compar. *farthest out*.

ÚT-BEIT, f. *grazing* (góð-beit); -BOÐ, n. *levy, conscription, of ships and men* (jarl hafði útboð mikit).

ÚTBOÐA-BRÉF, n. *writ of conscription*.

ÚT-BORÐI, m. *the outboard, seaward side*; -BORG, f. *outworks*; -BRJÓTR, m. *outburst*; -BROTNING, f. *outbreak*; -BURÐR, m. (1) *a beating out*; (2) *exposure* (of an infant); *an exposed child*; -BÚINN, pp. *fitted out*; -BYRÐIS, adv. *overboard*; -DALR, m. *a valley near the coast*, opp. to 'fjalldalr'; -DYRR, f. pl. = útidyrr.

Ú-TEITR, a. *not gladsome*; ÚTEKINN, pp. *not taken, unleased*; ÚTELGDR, pp. *uncarved*; ÚTELJANLIGR, a. *innumerable* (þar verða -lig tákn).

ÚT-EY, f. *out-lying island*; -EYGÐR, a. *gogyle-eyed*; -EYGR, a. *gogyle-eyed*; -FALL, n. *ebbing, ebb, reflux of the tide*.

ÚTFARAR-, gen. from 'útför'; -DRÁPA, f. *a poem on a voyage to Palestine*; -LEYFI, n. *the king's leave to return to Iceland from Norway*; -SAGA, f. *a story of a voyage to Palestine*; -SKIP, n. *a ship for a voyage to Palestine*.

ÚT-FERÐ, f. (1) *a journey to a remote, outlying place*; (2) *journey to Iceland*.

ÚTFERÐAR-LEYFI, n. = útfararleyfi; -SAGA, f. = útfarar-saga.

ÚT-FIRÐIR, m. pl. *the outer fjords*; -FIRI, n. *ebbing*; -FŒRI, n. *exfiedient*; -FŒTTR, a. *splay-footed*, = útskeifr; -FÖR, f. (1) = útferð; (2) *burial* (var hennar -för gör sœmilig eptir fornum sið); -GANGA, f. (1) *a going out* (from a house); (2) *passage*; (3) *payment, discharge*; -GANGR, m. (1) *a going out*; (2) *passage*; -GARÐAR, m. pl. *the outer building*; fœra e-n við -garða, *to throw one to the wall*; fœra e-n um -garða, *to cast one out*; -GJALD, n. (1) *payment, discharge*; (2) *outlay, fine*; -GREIZLA, f. *discharge*; -GRUNN, n. = út-grynni; -GRUNNR, a. *shoaling gradually from the shore*; -GRYNNI, n. *shallowness stretching out from the shore* (sakir straums ok út-grynnis).

ÚTGÖNGU-LEYFI, n. *leave to go out*.

ÚT-GÖRÐ, f. *outfitting*, of a war expedition; -HAF, n. *the out-sea, ocean*; -HÁLFA, f. *outskirts*; -HEIMTA, f. *craving for payment*; -HELLING, f. *outpouring, shedding* (-helling blóðs); -HEY, n. *hay of the unmanured outfields*; -HLAÐA, f. *outlying barn*; -HLAUP, n. *raid, sally, excursion*.

ÚTHLAUPS-MAÐR, m. *raider, pirate*; -SKIP, n. *pirate ship*.

ÚT-HORN, n. *out-skirt, out-corner*; -HVERFR, a. *turned inside out*; -HÝSA (-TA, -T), v. *to deny shelter to a stranger*, with dat.; -HÝSI, n. *outlying house*; -HÖFN, f. *carrying out to Iceland*.

ÚTI, adv. (1) *out, out-of-doors* (ú. ok inni); liggja ú., *to lie in the open air, houseless*; byrgja ú., *to shut out*; verða ú., *to be lost, perish*, in a snowstorm or in a desert; (2) *out at sea*; þeir vóru ú. þrjár vikur, *they were out three weeks*; drekka júl ú., *to hold Yule out at sea*; hafa her ú., *to have a fleet out*; (3) *at an end, over* (nú er ú. sá tími).

ÚTI-BÚR, n. *out-house, store-house*.

ÚTIDYRA-UMBÚNINGR, m. *fittings of the outer-door*.

ÚTI-DYRR, f. pl. *outer door*; -FÉ, n. *cattle that graze outside* in the winter; -FUGL, m. *wild-fowl*, opp. to 'alifugl'; -GANGR, m. *grazing out* in the winter.

ÚTIGANGS-JÖRÐ, f., góð -jörð, *land with good winter-grazing*.

Ú-TIGINN, a. *having no title*; útiginn maðr, *commoner*.

ÚTI-HURÐ, f. *outer door*; -HÚS, n. *out-house*; -KAMARR, m. *an outside privy*; -KLUKKA, f. *outside bell*; -LEGA, f. *'outlying'*, of robbers or highwaymen; *piracy* (Eiríkr blóðøx var í -legu ok í hernaði).

ÚTILEGU-MAÐR, m. *highwayman, pirate*; -VÍKINGR, m. *pirate*; -ÞJÓFR, m. *highwayman*.

Ú-TILHEYRILIGR, a. *improper*; ÚTILI, m. *mischance*; ÚTILLÁTSAMR, a. *un-yielding*; ÚTILLEITINN, a. *inoffensive*; ÚTILTŒKILIGR, a. *inexpedient*.

Ú-TÍÐR, a. *rare, infrequent*.

ÚTÍMA-DAGR, m. *day of misfortune, evil day* (þetta er -dagr).

Ú-TÍMI, m. *evil time, misfortune, affliction* (útímar ok úgæfur); ÚTÍR-LIGR, a. *unsightly, wretched*.

ÚTI-RÓÐR, m. = útróðr; -SETA, f. *a sitting out* in the open air, esp. of wizards for the practice of sorcery.

ÚTISETU-MAÐR, m. *wizard* (sitting out at night).

ÚTI-SKEMMA, f. *an outlying, detached house*; -VIST, f. *a being out at sea*; hafa -vist langa, *a long voyage*.

ÚT-JÖRÐ, *outlying estate*; -KASTALI, m. = -borg; -KIRKJA, f. *outlying church*; -KOMA, f. (1) *coming out*; (2) *arrival in Iceland*; -KVÁMA, f. (1) *coming out*; (2) *arrival in Iceland*; -KVÆMT, a. n., eiga -kvæmt, *to be permitted to return to Iceland*; -LAGA, a. indecl. *outlawed, banished*; -LAGA (AÐ), v. *to deprive one of his possessions* (-laga en af sínu gózi); refl., -lagast, *to be fined*; -LAGÐR, pp. *outlawed, banished*; -LAGR, m. *outlaw*; -LAGR, a. (1) *outlawed, banished*; (2) *having, to pay a fine, fined*, with the fine in dat. (verða -lagr um e-t, þrem mörkum); (3) *forfeited* (þá eru búðirnar -lagar við þann, er landit á); -LAUSN, f. (1) *redemption, from captivity*; (2) *ransom* (bjóda Helju -lausn, ef hón vill láta fara Baldr heim í Asgarð); (3) *dismissal of guests* (vóru ok gjafir stórar at -lausnum); -LÁT, n. (1) *putting out to sea* (þar var Englandsfar albúit til -láts); (2) pl. *outlays*; -LEGÐ, f. (1) *banishment, exile* (reka

e-n í -legð); (2) *fine* (þriggja marka -legð).

ÚTLEGÐAR-MAÐR, m. *exile*; -SÖK, f. *fixable case*; -TÍMI, m. *time of exile*.

ÚT-LEGGJAST, v. refl. *to be fined*; -LEIÐ, f. *the outer course, at sea* = hafleið; -LEIÐI, n. = út-leið; -LEIÐIS, adv. *on the outer course* (snua -leiðis); -LEIZLA, f. (1) *'leading out'* of guests, taking leave of them after an entertainment (veizlan var hin vegsamligsta ok -leizlan hin sköruligsta); (2) *burial* (jarlinn andaðist ok var gör virðulig -leizla hans); -LENDA, f. *outlying estate*, opp. to 'heimaland'; -LENDAST, v. (1) *to travel abroad*; (2) *settle abroad*; -LENDINGR (-S, -AR), m. *foreigner*; -LENDIS, adv. *abroad*.

ÚTLENDIS-MAÐR, m. *foreigner*.

ÚT-LENDR, a. *outlandish, foreign*; -LENZKA, f. *foreign idiom*; -LENZKR, a. = -lendr (þarlenzkr ok útlenzkr).

ÚTLIMA-SMÁR, -STÓRR, a. *having small, large, hands and feet*.

ÚT-LÆGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to banish*; -LÆGR, a. *banished, outlawed*; -LÖND, n. pl. (1) *outlying fields*; (2) *foreign countries* (sem títt var í -löndum); (3) *outlying provinces* (þá bygðust -lönd, Færeyjar ok Ísland); -MESSA, f. *afternoon service*; -MOKSTR, m. *shovelling out, digging*; -NES, n. *outlying ness*; -NORÐR, n. *northwest*; -NYRÐINGR, m. *northwest wind*; -RÁS, n. (1) *sally, sortie* (gera -rásir á hendr e-m); (2) *outlet, outflow*.

Ú-TRAUÐR, a. *not reluctant, willing*; neut., útrautt, as adv. *quite*; ÚTRAUSTR, a. *untrusty, insincere, weak*; ÚTREGR, a. *unreluctant, willing*.

ÚT-REIÐ, f. *riding out, expedition*; -RÓÐR, m. *rowing out to fish* (hann lét þaðan sœkja -róðra).

ÚTRÓÐIRAR-MAÐR, m. *one who rows out to fish, deep-sea fisherman*.

Ú-TRÚ, f. *unbelief, faithlessness*; ÚTRÚAÐR, pp. *unbelieving*; ÚTRÚANLIGR, a. *incredible*; ÚTRÚFASTR, a. *unbelieving*; ÚTRÚLEIKR, m. (1) *faithlessness*; (2) *unbelief*; ÚTRÚLIGA, adv. (1) *unfaithfully*; (2) *incredibly*; ÚTRÚLIGR, a. (1) *incredible*; (2) *suspicious, not to be depended on*; ÚTRÚNAÐR, m. *faithlessness*; ÚTRÚR, a. (1) *faithless*; (2) *unbelieving*; ÚTRYGÐ, f. *faithlessness, falseness*; ÚTRYGGLIGR, a. *not to be trusted*; ÚTRYGGR, a. *faithless, not to be trusted*.

ÚT-RŒÐI, n. = -róðr; -SELDR, pp. *lost* (öllum þótti konungr -seldr, ef hann fœri við annan mann); -SENDING, f. *sending out*; -SIGLING, f. *sailing out to Iceland*; -SJÁR, -SJÓR, m. *the ocean*; -SKAGI, m. = -nes; -SKEIFR, a. *splay-footed*; -SKER, n. *'out-skerry', distant skerry*; -SKÝRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to explain*; -SKÝRING, f. *explanation, interpretation*; -SOG, n. *the backward flow of the surf*; -SÓTT, f. *dysentery*; -STAFR, m. *outward post*; -STRÖND, f. *outlying strand*; -SUÐR, n. *the southwest*, opp. to 'landsuðr'; -SUNNAN, adv. *from the south-west*.

ÚTSUNNAN-VEÐR, n. = útsynningr.

ÚT-SYNNINGR, m. *south-westerly gale*; -VALNING, f. *election*; -VEGA (AÐ), v. *to procure*; -VEGR, m. (1) *a way out*; (2) *expiedient, means of escape* (öngan -veg á hón nema renna undan); (3) *state of affairs* (segir hann konungi allan -veg þann, sem var á); -VER, n. *outlying fishing station*; -VINNA, f. *service at sea*; -VÍGI, n. *out-work*; -VIK, f. *outlying creek*; -VÖRÐR, m. *out-post*; -ÞÝÐING, f. *commentary, interpretation*.

Ú-TÆPILIGA, adv. (1) *unsparingly*; (2) *fully*; kenna ú., *to feel it unmistakably,*

smart sorely; ÚTÆPR, a. *not scant, ample*; ÚTÖLULIGR, a. *countless*; ÚUMRŒÐILIGR, a. *unspeakable*; ÚUMSKIPTILIGR, a. *unchangeable*; ÚNAÐSAMR, a. *discontented*; ÚÚT-SKÝRANLIGR, a. *inexpressible*; ÚVALDR, a. *innocent*; ú. e-s, *not guilty of*; ÚVALTR, a. *not shaky*; ÚVANDAÐR, pp. *common, vile*.

ÚVAND-BLŒTR, a. *easily satisfied*; -FENGINU, a. *not hard to get*; -GÖRR, a. *requiring little pains*.

Ú-VANDI, m. *evil habit*.

ÚVAND-LAUNAÐIR, pp. *easy to repay*; -LEIKINN, pp. *easy to deal with* (sýnist mér nú -leikit við hann); -LIGA, adv. (1) *carelessly*; (2) *not quite* (féll þar -liga út sjórinn).

Ú-VANDR, a. *not difficult, plain*; ú. at e-u, *not particular about a thing*; hversu úvant hann lét gera við sik, *how little pretensions he made*; ÚVANI, m. (1) *want of practice*; (2) *bad habit*; ÚVARANDI, pr. p. *unaware*; ÚVARLIGA, adv. *unwarily*; ÚVARLIGR, a. *unwary, imprudent*; ÚVARMÆLTR, pp. *unwary in speech*; ÚVARR, a. (1) *unaware*; koma at e-m úvörum, kom e-m á úvart, *to come unawares upon one, take one by surprise*; (2) *unwary*; ÚVARUGÐ, f. *unwariness*; ÚVASKR, a. *cowardly*; ÚVEÐR, n. *bad weather, storm*; ÚVEÐRAN, ÚVEÐRÁTTA, f. = úveðr; ÚVEGLIGR, a. *undistinguished, unhonoured*; ÚVEGR, m. *shame, dishonour*; ÚVEITULL, a. *unspending, close*; ÚVENDILIGA, adv. *carelessly, wretchedly, badly*; ÚVENDILIGR, a. *wretched, mean*.

ÚVENDIS-MAÐR, m. *discreditable person* (at gefa slíkum -manni mat).

Ú-VENJA, f. *bad habit*; ÚVERÐR, a. (1) *unworthy, undeserving*; (2) *guiltless* (láta úverða menn gjalda reiði sinnar); ÚVERÐUGR, a. *unworthy, undeserving of* (ú. e-s); ÚVERK, n. *wicked deed*; ÚVERKAN, f., ÚVERKNAÐR, m. = úverk; ÚVESALL, a. *not wretched*; ÚVIÐBÚINN, pp. *unprepared*; ÚVIÐRKVÆMILIGR, a. *unbecoming*; ÚVIÐRSKILJANLIGA, adv. *inseparably*; ÚVILI, m., at úvilja e-s, *against one's good-will*; ÚVILJAÐR, a., ÚVILJANDI, pr. p. *unwilling, unintentional*; ÚVILJUGR, a. *unwilling*, with infin. (ú. vín at drekka); ÚVILLTR, pp. *free from heresy, orthodox*.

ÚVINA-FAGNAÐR, m. (1) *joy to one's foes* (gerðu eigi þann -fagnað, at þú rjúfir sætt þína); (2) *welcoming one's foes* (vér köllum slíka vist -fagnað).

Ú-VINÁTTA, f. *enmity, unfriendliness*; ÚVINDLIGR, a. *not windy*; ÚVINFENGI, n., ÚVINGAN, f. *unfriendliness, bad feeling*; ÚVINGAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to show enmity towards a person* (ek vilda í fyrstu úvingast við þik).

ÚVIN-GJARNLIGA, adv. *in an unfriendly manner*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *unfriendly, hostile*; -LIGA, adv. = úvingjarnliga; -LIGR, a. = úvingjarnligr.

Ú-VINNANLIGR, a. *invincible*.

Ú-VINR, a. *foe, enemy*.

ÚVIN-SÆLA (-DA), v., -sæla sik, *to make oneself disliked*; refl., -sælast = -sæla sik; -SÆLD, f. *unpopularity, disfavour*; -SÆLL, a. *unpopular, disliked*; -VEITTR, a. (1) *hostile, of persons*; (2) *unpleasant, disagreeable, of things*.

Ú-VIRDA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *to disregard, slight*; ÚVIRÐANLIGR, a. *inestimable, huge*; ÚVIRÐILIGR, a. *contemptible, scornful*; ÚVIRÐING, f. *disgrace*; gera ú. til e-s, *to scorn*; ÚVIRÐULIGR, a. = úviðiligr; ÚVIRÐR, pp. *unvalued* (ú. eyrir); ÚVIRKR, a. *out of work, idle*; ÚVISTLIGR, a. *unfit for*

habitation; ÚVIT, n. *insensibility, swoon*; falla í ú., *to faint fall into a swoon*; honum helt við ú., *he was near fainting away*; ÚVITA, a. indecl. *senseless, insane*; ÚVITAND, f. *ignorance*; ÚVITANDI, pr. p. *ignorant of* (ú. e-s); at e-m úvitanda, *without one's knowledge*; þú gerðir þat ú., *unintentionally*; ÚVITI, m. *idiot*; ÚVITR, a. *unwise, foolish*; ÚVITRA, f. *foolishness*; ÚVITRLEIKR, m. *foolishness*; ÚVITRLIGR, a. *foolish*; ÚVITSARNLIGR, a. *foolish*; ÚVITUGR, a. *ignorant of* (ú. e-s); ÚVIZKA, f. *want of foresight, foolishness*; ÚVIZKR, a. *foolish, silly*; ÚVÍÐA, adv. *in but few places*; ÚVÍÐR, a. *narrow in circumference*; ÚVÍGÐR, pp. *unconsecrated*; ÚVÍGLIGA, adv. *in a state unfit for war*; ÚVÍGLIGR, a. *unmartial*; ÚVÍGR, a. (1) *unable to fight, disabled*; (2) ú. herr, *an overwhelming, irresistible host*; ÚVÍKIANLIGR, a. *unyielding*; ÚVÍSA, f. *doutbful bearing, hostility* (sýna sik í úvísu við e-n); ÚVÍSAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to show hostility against* (ú. mót kirkju guðs).

ÚVÍSA-VARGR, m. *a sudden, unforeseen misfortune* (var þat þeim hinn mesti -vargr).

Ú-VÍSLIGR, a. *unwise, foolish*; ÚVÍSS, a. (1) *unwise, foolish*; (2) *ignorant of* (ú. e-s); (3) *unknown* (úvísir eru mönnum hættir hans); (4) *uncertain, doubtful*; ÚVÆGI, f. *overbearing temper*; ÚVÆGILIGA, adv. *unmercifully, violently*; ÚVÆGILIGR, a. *not to be weighed*; ÚVÆGINN, a. *unyielding, headstrong*; ÚVÆGR, a. *unmerciful* (grimmr ok ú.); ÚVÆNKAST (AÐ), v. *to grow less hopeful, of one's chance*; ÚVÆNLIGA, adv. *with small chance of success, unpromisingly, badly*; horfa ú., *to look hopeless*; ÚVÆNLIGR, a. *unpromising, leaving little hope of success*; ÚVÆNN, a. (1) = úvænligr (úvænt ráð); (2) *not to be expected, not likely* (þykkir mér úvænna, at hann komi skjótt á minn fund); ú. til e-s, *unlikely to a thing*; e-t horfir úvænt, *it looks hopeless*; ÚVÆRAST, v. refl. *to become restless*; ÚVÆRÐ, ÚVÆRI, f. *uneasiness, itch*; ÚVÆRR, a. *restless, uneasy*; úvært er mér, *I feel uneasy*; gera e-m úvært, *to make uneasy, harass*; ÚVÆTTR, f. (and m.) *evil spirit, monster*; ÚYFIRFŒRILIGR, a. *impassable*; ÚYFIRSTIGLIGR, a. *insurmountable*; ÚYFIRSTIGANLIGR, a. *insurmountable*; ÚYNDI, n. *feeling of restlessness, irksomeness, discontent* (sumir segja, að hón hafi tortímt sér af úyndi).

ÚYNDIS-ÓRRÆÐI, n. *an extreme measure, dire expedient*.

Ú-ÞAKKLÁTR, a. *ungrateful*; ÚÞAKKLÆTI, n. *ingratitude*; ÚÞAKKNÆMR, a. *unthankful*; ÚÞARFI, a. *needless, wanton*; ÚÞARFLIGA, adv. *harmfully, mischievously*; ÚÞARFR, a. (1) *unsuitable, useless* (ú. e-m); (2) *doing harm to one* (ú. e-m); tíðindi mikil ok úþórf, *very bad news*; ÚÞEFJAN, f. *stench, foul smell*; ÚÞEFR, m. *stench, foul smell*; ÚÞEKKILIGR, a. *repulsive, disagreeable*; ÚÞEKKR, a. *disagreeable* (flestum mönnum ú.); ÚÞEKT, f. (1) *dislike* (leggja ú. til e-s); (2) *a disgusting thing, offensive smell or taste*.

ÚÞEKTAR-FÖR, f. *hateful journey*; -LIGR, a. *offensive, disgusting*; -SVIPR, m. *slight, offence* (sýna e-m -svip).

ÚÞERRI-SAMR, a. *wet* (sumar -samt).

Ú-ÞESSLIGR, a. *not like that*; ÚÞINGFŒRR, a. *unable to go to the þing*; ÚÞINSLIGA, adv. *in a manner unworthy of thee*; ÚÞJÓÐ, f. *evil people, rabble*; ÚÞJÓFLIGR, a. *not likely to be a thief*;

úþokka (að), v. *to disparage*; refl., úþokkast, *to grow angry, annoyed, or discontented (with, or at a person or thing)*; úþokkaðr, pp. *disliked, abhorred*; mér er úþokkat til þeira, *I loathe them*.

úþokka-dæl, f. *filthy hollow*; -fert, f. *hostile journey*; -gripr, m. *nasty thing*; -liga, adv. *discontentedly*; -ligr, a. *dirty, nasty*; -svipr, m. *frowning mien, cross countenance*; -sæll, a. *unpopular, disliked*; -vísa, f. *obscene ditty*.

ú-þokki, m. *dislike, disfavour, displeasure* (fá úþokka e-s, af e-m); úþol, n. *impatience*; úþolandi, pr. p. *intolerable*; úþolanligr, a. *intolerable*; úþoli, m. *restlessness*; úþolinmóðr, a. *impatient*; úþolinmœði, f. *impatience*; úþolinn, a. *unenduring*; úþolligr, a. *unbearable*; úþoran, n. *faint-hearledness*; úþorstlátr, a. *not causing thirst*; úþrifinn, a. *unthrifty, sluggish*; úþrifhatr, m. *slothfulness, slugishness*; úþrjótanligr, a. *never ceasing*; úþrjózkr, a. *not refractory*; úþrotinn, pp. *never tiring*; úþrotligr, a. *never failing*; *inexhaustible*; úþróttligr, a. *feeble*; úþrælsligr, a. *not like a thrall*; úþurft, f. *scathe, harm* (gera e-m e-t til úþurftar).

úþurftar-maðr, m. *ill-doer, offender*.

úþvera-samr, a. *scabbed*.

úþveri, m. *scab, skin disease*; úþykkja, f. = úþykt; úþykkr, a. *not thick*; úþykt, f. *discord, ill-will*; úþyrmiliga, adv. *roughly, harshly*; úþyrmiligr, a. *harsh, unmerciful*; úþyrmir, m. *merciless being*; úþyrstr, a. *not thirsty*; úþýðligr, a. *unfriendly, rough*; úþýðr, a. *unfriendly, rough*; úþægð, f. *dislike*; úþægiligr, a. *disagreeable*; úþægja (-ða, -t), v. *to trouble, vex* (ú. e-m); úþægr, a. *unacceptable*; úþökk, f. *displeasure, reproach*; kunna e-m ú. fyrir e-t, *to be displeased with one on account of something*; úæti, n. *uneatable thing*; úætr, a. *uneatable, unfit to be eaten*; úœðr, a. *impassible to wade* (vatnföll úœð); úœðri, a. compar. *lower in rank*; úœll, a. *not to be fed*; úœrr, a. *not mad*; úöld, f. *bad season, hard times, famine*; úörr, adv. *hesitatingly, slowly* (mæla ú.).

V

VAÐ, n. *wading place, ford* (þar var þá v. á ánni, er nú er ekki).

VAÐA (VEÐ; ÓÐ, ÓÐUM, and VÓÐ, VÓÐUM; VAÐINN), v. (1) *to wade through water, snow, smoke, fire* (v. ár, mjöll, reyk, eld); absol. *to wade through water*; Þórr óð til lands, *Th. waded ashore*; (2) *to rush* (Kolskeggr óð at honum); v. at vígi, *to rush into fight*; v. fram, *to rush forth, in battle*; hann lætr v. stein til eins þeira, *he lets fly a stone at one of them*; hón lét skíran málm v., *threw gold broadcast*; (3) v. uppi, *to appear above water* (óðu limarnar uppi, en rœtrnar í sjónum); fig. *to be overbearing* (þenna tíma óð herra A. mjók uppi).

VAÐ-BJÚGR, a. *falling slack like a fishing-line*; fara -bjúgr fyrir e-m, *to give in*; -HORN, n. *a horn fastened to the gunwale of a boat over which to draw the fishing line*.

VAÐILL (pl. VAÐLAR), m. (1) *wading* (við vás ok vaðla spiltist mjök meinit); (2) *shallow water*, esp. places where fiords or straits can be passed on horseback (var flœðr sævar ok ekki reitt yfir vaðla).

VAÐIL-SUND, n. *shallow sound*.

VAÐINN, pp. *gone, done with, destitute*; vaðin at vilja, *joy-bereft*.

VAÐ-MÁL, n. *a plain woolen stuff, wadmal* (sex alnir vaðmáls).

VAÐR (pl. -IR), m. (1) *fishing-line*; (2) *a line for measuring* (draga vað yfir þveran akrinn).

VAÐ-STEINN, m. *a stone (serving as a lead) on a fishing-line*.

VAF, n. *wrapping*; verða lítill í vafi, *to be small, insignificant*.

VAFI, m. *doubt, uncertainty*.

VAFIN-SKEPTA, f. *an axe with an iron-bound handle*.

VAFKA (AÐ), v. = vafra.

VAFLA (AÐ), v. = vafra.

VAFLANAR-FÖR, f. *vagrancy*.

VAFNINGR, m. *entanglement* (þótti öllum horfa til inna mestu vafninga).

VAFRA (AÐ), v. *to hover about, roam*.

VAFR-LEYSA, f. *nonsense*; -LOGI, m. *flickering flame*.

VAF-SPJÖRR, f. *a strip of cloth wound round the leg instead of stockings*.

VAGA (AÐ), v. *to wag, waddle*.

VAGAR, f. pl. *sledge*; cf. 'vögur'.

VAGGA, f. *cradle* (barn í vöggu).

VAGL, m. *beam*, esp. *an upper cross-beam*; -EYGR, a. *wall-eyed*.

VAGN, m. (1) *vehicle, sledge, wagon, carriage*; (2) *Charles's Wain*.

VAGNA, f. *dolphin or porpoise*, = vögn (sáu þeir vögnu eina).

VAGNA-BORG, f. *rampart of chariots*; -BRAUT, f. *carriage road*; -HVEL, n. *wagon-wheel*; -LÍÐ, n. *host of chariots*; -MEISTARI, m. *master of chariots*.

VAGN-HESTR, m. *chariot-horse*; -HLASS, n. *wągon-load*; -KARL, m. *wagoner*; -SLEÐI, m. *sledge-wain*; -SLÓÐ, f. *wagon-track*.

VAKA (VAKI, VAKTA, VAKAT), v. (1) *to be awake, to keep awake* (hann hefir vakat í alla nótt); v. yfir e-u, *to watch during the night* (v. yfir fé sínu); (2) *to awake*, = vakna (hann bað hann v. skjott).

VAKA (gen. pl. VAKNA), f. (1) *waking* hal-

da vöku sinni, *to keep oneself awake*; (2) *vigil* (fara til hins heilaga Ólafs til vöku); (3) *eve of saint's day*.

VAKKA (AÐ), v. *to stray, hover about*, = vafka (þeir látu v. við skipin).

VAKNA (AÐ), v. *to awake, wake up* (er hann vaknaði, þá rann dagr upp); menn vöknuðu við, er hann gekk út, *men woke up just as he went out*; v. við e-t, *to recognize, recollect* (þá vaknaði konungr við ætt þeira).

VAKNAN, f. *awakening*.

VAKNA-SKEIT, n. *vigil-time*.

VAKR (VÖKR, VAKRT), a. *watchful, alert, wakeful* (v. í bœnahaldi).

VAKR-LIGA, adv. *nimbly*; -LIGR, a. *watchful, lively*; -LYNDR, a. *frisky*.

VAKTA (AÐ), v. *to watch*, with acc.

VAL, n. *choice*; hann spurði hverjar sögur í vali væri, *what stories there were to choose among*; engi váru völ á því, *there was no chance of that*.

VALA-RIPT, f. *French cloth*.

VAL-BAUGAR, m. pl. *French rings, foreign gold*; cf. 'Valir'.

VAL-BLÓÐ, n. *blood from the slain* (valr); -BRÁÐ, f. *flesh of the slain* (manna -bráðir).

VAL-BYGG, n. *foreign barley*.

VAL-BÖST, f. *some part of a sword*.

VALD, n. (1) *power, authority* (þér hafið vald til þess at ráða þessu at sinni); eiga (fá) v. yfir e-m, *to have (get) power over one*; gefast í v. e-s, ganga (koma) á, v. e-s, *to submit to one*; (2) *power, dominion* (þá tók til v. Sviakonungs); (3) pl. völd, *the cause or origin of a thing*; kenni ek þér völd um þat, *I charge it on thee*; af mínum völdum, *of my doing*.

VALDA (VELD, OLLA or VOLDA, VALDIT), v. (1) *to wield*, with dat.; ef ek em svá ústerkr, at ek má eigi v. sverðinu, *that I cannot wield the sword*; (2) *to rule over*; en þar Heimdall kveða v. véum, *there they say H. rules over the fane*; (3) *to cause, be the cause of*, with dat. or absol. (eigi vissu menn, hvat því olli); þessu mun Svanr v., *this must be Swan's doing*.

VALDANDI, VALDARI, m. *wielder, ruler* (sigrs valdari).

VALD-BORG, f. *stronghold*.

VALDI, m., in 'ein-, fólkvaldi'.

VALDI, a., v. e-s = valdr e-s.

VALDR, m. *wielder, ruler*.

VALDR, a., v. e-s, *the cause of, guilty of* (þótt þú sjálfr sér þess eigi v.).

VAL-DREYRI, m. = valblóð; -DREYRUGR, a. *gory with blood of the slain*.

VALDS-LIGR, a. *powerful, mighty*; -MAÐR, m. *mighty man, ruler*.

VAL-DÝR, n. *carrion-beast*, esp. *wolf*; -DÖGG, f. *'the dew of the slain', blood*; -FALL, n. *the fall of the slain*; -FÓÐR, m. *father of the slain, Odin*; -GALDR, m. *charms, spells to raise the dead*; -GJARN, a. *greedy for carrion*, of the wolf; -GLAUMR, m. *the swarm of the slain in Valhalla*; -GRIND, f. *the gate* of Valhalla.

VAL-KNOT, f. *walnut*.

VAL-HÖLL, f. (1) *the hall of the slain, Valhalla*; (2) *a great hall of a king*.

VALIN-KUNNR, a. (1) *impartial*; (2) *honest, respectable*.

VALIR, m. pl. *the inhabitants of France* (other than the Franks); Vala málmr, Vala ript, *gold or costly stuff from France*.

VAL-KYRJA, f. *a chooser of the slain, Valkyrie*; -KÖSTR, m. *a heep of slain*.

VAL-LAND, n. *France*.

VALLARI, m. *destitute person, tramp, beggar*; *vagabond, wanderer*.

VALLAR-SÝN, f. *outward appearance*

(miklir eru þeir at -sýn).

VALL-GANGR, m. *excrements*; -GRÓINN, pp. *grown with turf* (-grónir bakkar); -ÞRÚÐR, a. *proud of gait*.

VAL-MÆR, f. = valkyrja.

VALNESKR, a. *French*, = valskr.

VALR, m. *the slain* (látu þeir búa um val þann, er þar hafði fallit).

VALR (-S, -IR), m. *hawk, falcon*.

VALR, a. *round, oval*.

VAL-RAUÐR, a. *blood-red, crimson*; -RAUF, -ROF, n. *plundering the slain*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. *obscure runes*; -SINNI, n. *the company of the slain*.

VALSKA, f. *the French language*, = völsk tunga; VALSKR, a. *French*; valskar mýss, *rats*.

VAL-SLÖNGVA, f. *'war-sling', catapult*; -STEFNA, f. *war-meeting, battle*; -TIVAR, m. pl. *gods of the slain*.

VALTR, a. *easily upset, unstable, unsteady* (völt er þessa heims hamingja).

VAL-VEIÐR, f. *hawking*.

VALZ-LIGR, a. *proud*, = valdsligr.

VAMM, n. *blemish*, = vömm; leita e-m vamms, *to do one harm*.

VAMMA-FULLR, a. *full of blemishes*; -LAUSS, -VANR, a. *unblemished*.

VAN-, a prefixed particle denoting *lacking, under-, un-*.

VANA (AÐ), v. (1) *to diminish*, opp. to 'auka'; (2) *to disable, spoil, destroy*; (3) refl., vanast, *to wane, fail*.

VAN-AFLI, a. *weak, waning in strength*.

VANA-LIGR, a. *usual, common*; -SÓTT, f. *habitual illness*; -sótt kvenna, *menstruation*; -SÓNGR, m. *usual singing*.

VAN-BURÐA, a. indecl. *born prematurely* (-burða eldi); -BÚINN, pp. *unprepared*.

VANDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to work elaborately, bestow great pains on, prepare carefully* (hón gerði honum ok klæði öll, er mest skyldi v.); vandaðr, *elaborate, highly finished* (vandaðr skipabúnaðr); vandaðar krásir, *choice dainties*; (2) *to pick out the best, choose carefully* (muntu þurfa at v. til ferðar þessar bædi menn ok skip); (3) *to find fault with, be particular about, care, mind*, with a negative (v. lítt um siðu manna); vanda ek eigi, þótt sá sé drepinn, *I mind not though he be killed*; v. um e-t við e-n, *to find fault with one for a thing, complain of*; (4) refl., vandast, *to become difficult, precarious* (þykki mér nú v. málit); impers., vandast um e-t, *it becontes difficult*.

VANDA-, gen. from 'vandi'; -BUNDINN, pp. *closely allied, connected with* (-bundinn e-m); -HLUTR, m. *difficult thing* (eigi lítill -hlutr).

VANDA-, gen. pl. from 'vöndr'; -HÚS, n. *wicker-house*.

VANDA-LAUSS, a. (1) *not difficult, easy*; (2) *unrelated with* (-lauss e-m;) -lausir menn, *strangers*; (3) *free of obligation* (ek vil vera -lauss af, þótt, þú farir heim þangat); e-m er laust við e-n, *one is in no relation to (quite neutral as to) a person*; -LÍTILL, a. *easy*; -MAÐR, m. *relation, friend*, = venzla-maðr; -MÁL, n. *a difficult, complicated case*; -MIKILL, a. *closely connected*; -RÁÐ, n. = vanda-mál.

VANDAR-HÖGG, n. *flogging*.

VANDA-SAMLIGR, a. *difficult*; -SÝSLA, f. *difficult task*.

VANDA-TÍÐIR, f. pl. *customary feasts*.

VAND-BÁLKR, m. *a wall of wands or wicker, wattled partition*.

VAND-BLŒTR, a. *fastidious, difficult to please*; -FENGINN, pp. *difficult to get*; -FŒRR, a. *difficult to pass, of a road*; -GÆTT, pp. n., in the phrase, e-m verðr

-gœtt til e-s, *a thing is difficult to keep or manage*; -hœfi, n. *difficulty, difficult management*; -hœfr, a. *difficult to manage*.

vandi, m. (1) *difficulty, difficult task* (lízt mér þat mikill v.); (2) *responsibility* (ek af sel vanda mér af höndum, hversu sem gefst); (3) *obligation, duty, esp. of relationship*; e-m er v. á við e-n, *one is under obligation to a person* (er þér miklu meiri v. á við Eirik konung en Egil); binda sér vanda við e-n, *to enter into obligation*.

vandi, m. *custom, habit, wont* (leggja e-t í vanda); at (or eptir) vanda, *as usual*.

vandindi, n. pl. *difficulties*.

vand-kvæði, n. *perplexity, trouble*; hitta (koma) í -kvæði, *to get into trouble*; -launaðr, pp. *difficult to reward as is due*.

vand-laupr, m. *basket of wands*.

vand-látr, a. *fastidious, difficult to please*; -liga, adv. (1) *carefully, exactly* (segja -liga frá e-u); gæta e-s liga, *to watch closely*; (2) *completely, fully* (svá -liga týndu þeir sannleikinum, at engi vissi skapara sinn); -líft, a. n. *difficult to live* (e-m er -líft); -lyndi, n. *difficult temper*; -lyndr, a. *difficult of temper*; -læta (-tta, -tt), v. *to be zealous*; -læti, n. *zeal*.

vandlætis-maðr, m. *zealot*.

vand-mæli, n. *difficult question*.

vandr (vönd, vant), a. (1) *difficult, requiring pains and care*; sýndist henni vant at neita þessu boði, *it was a risk to refuse such an offer*; ór vöndu er at ráða, *this is a difficult case*; vera vant við kominn, *to be in a perplexity*; (2) e-m er vant við e-n, *one is under obligation to a person*, = e-m er vandi á við e-n; (3) *careful*; v. at e-u, *particular about* (hversu v. muntu vera at kaupunautum?).

vand-raun, f. *hard trial*.

van-drengr, m. *mean, dishonourable fellow*, = ú-drengr.

vandræða-félag, n. *troublesome fellowship*; -gripr, m. *troublesome thing*; -kostr, m. *dire choice*; -laust, adv. *without troubles*; skildu þeir allir -laust, *they parted without a quarrel*; -líkligr, a. *likely to cause trouble*; -maðr, m. *troublesome person*; -samr, a. *troublesome*; -skáld, n. *troublesome poet*, a nickname.

vand-ræðast (dd), v. refl. *to grumble over, complain of* (-ræðast um e-t).

vandræða-tak, n. *troublesome taking*; -vant, a. n. *difficult*.

vand-ræði, n. *difficulty, trouble, perplexity* (hann leysti hvers manns -ræði); -sénn, pp. *difficult to see*; -sét er við e-u, *it is difficult to be on one's guard against*; -settr, pp. *difficult to place*; -skipaðr, pp. *difficult to man* (-skipaðr mun þér stafninn); -stilltr, pp. *difficult to temper*.

vand-styggr, a. *'wand-shy', flinching from the rod*, of a horse.

vand-tekit, pp. n. *difficult to receive*; -tekit er við e-m, *it is not safe to receive one*; -veittr, pp. *difficult to give*; -virkliga, adv. *painstakingly, carefully*; -virkr, a. *painstaking, careful*; -virkt, f. (1) *good workmanship*; (2) *carefulness, painstaking*; -yrkliga, adv. = vand-virkliga.

van-efni, n. pl. *lack of means*; -farinn, pp. *in a strait*; vér erum -farnir hjá honum, *we are much short of him*; -ferli, n. *things going wrong*; -festr, pp. *badly fastened*; -frægð, f. *disrepute*; -frægja (-ða, -ðr), v. *to bring a bad name on*; -fœri, f. *disability*; -fœrr, a.

(1) *disabled, infirm*; (2) *unable, incapable* (færr em ek til at gera þér veizlu).

VANGA-BEIN, n. *cheek-bone*; -FILLA, f. *skin and flesh of the cheek*; -GULL, n. *earring*; -HÖGG, n. *box on the ear*.

VAN-GEYMA (-DA, -T), v. *to be negligent of*; -GEYMINN, a. *negligent*; -GEYMNI, -GEYMSLA, f. *negligence*.

VANGI, m. *the upper part of the cheek*.

VANGR, m. *field* (cf. 'himinvangr'); frá mínum véum ok vöngum, *from my hearth and home*.

VAN-GÆZLA, f. *negligence*, = van-geymsla; -HAGR, m. (1) *disadvantage*; (2) *misconduct*; -HALD, n. *damage, loss* (bíða -hald af e-m); pl. *ill-luck, thriftlessness*; -HALDIN, pp. *getting, less than one's due, wronged*; -HEIÐR, m. *dishonour*; -HEILA, f. = -heilsa; -HEILIGR, a. *wretched, ill*; -HEILINDI, n. *failing health, illness*; -HEILL, a. (1) *not hale, disabled*; e-m verðr -heilt, *one is taken ill*; (2) *pregnant*; -HEILSA, f. *failing health, illness*; -HENTA, v. *to stand in need of, want* (hann kvad sér -henta annat); -HENTR, a. *not suitable*; e-m er e-t -hent, *it suits him not well*; -HERTR, pp. *not pushed up to one's mettle*; -HLUTA, a. *indecl. unfairly dealt with*; verða -hluta, *to be worsted*; -HLUTR, m. *damage, loss*; -HYGGJA, f. *lack of fore thought*.

VANI, m. *custom, usage*; leggja e-t í vana sinn, *to practice habitually*.

VAN-KUNNANDI, -KUNNASTA, f. *want of knowledge, ignorance*; -LAUNAÐR, pp. *badly rewarded*; -LOFAÐR, pp. *underpraised*; -LUKTR, pp. half-finished; -LYKTIR, f. pl. *neglect*, með (at) -lyktum, *unfinished, half done*; -MÁTTA, a. indecl. *weak, infirm*; -MÁTTIGR, a. *failing in strength*; *unable, impotent*; -MÁTTR, m. *failing strength, illness*; -MEGIN, n. (1) *weakness, illness*; (2) *fainting, swoon*; -MEGINN, a. *feeble, weak*; -MEGN, n. = van-megin; -MEGNA (AÐ), v. *to weaken*; refl., -megnast, *to grow faint*; -MENNA, f., -MENNI, n. *worthless person*; -META, a. indecl. *in a weak, bad condition* (var fótrinn -meta); -METNAÐR, m. *disgrace*; -METTR, pp. *hungry*; -MINNI, n. *forgetfulness*; -MÆLT, pp. n., eiga e-t -mælt, *to have anything unsaid, anything to say*; hvárt sem mér verðr of mælt eða -mælt, *whether I say too much or too little*.

VANR, a. (1) *wont, accustomed* (það hann ganga, til sætis þess, er hann var v. at sitja); v. e-u, *used to a thing*; (2) *usual* (ekki fekk ek minna til bús en vant er).

VANR, a. *lacking, wanting*, with gen.; handar em ek v., *I lack a hand*; vön geng ek vilja, *I walk joyless*; e-s er vant, *something is wanting or missing*; eitt sinn var vant kýr í Þykkvabœ, *a cow was wanting*.

VAN-RÉTTI, n. *loss of right, injury* (þola -rétti); -RŒKILIGA, adv. *carelessly, slovenly*; -RŒKINN, a. *careless, negligent*; -RŒKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to neglect, disregard*; -ROEKNI, f. *lack of care, negligence*; -ROEKT, f. *lack of care, negligence*; -SAMI, m. *dishonour*; -SÉNN, a. *difficult to see*.

VANSI, m. (1) *lack, want* (v. matar ok klæða); (2) *shame, disgrace* (verða fyrir, fá, vansa); (3) *harm, injury*; þeir fengu engar bœtr fyrir vansa sina, *they got no compensation for their hurts*.

VAN-SIGNAÐR, pp. *cursed*; -SKÖR-UNGR, m. *wretched fellow*; -STILLI, n. *lack of moderation, intemperance*; -STILLING, f. *lack of moderation, intemperance*; -STILLTR, pp. (1) *wanting in temper, rash*; (2) *excessive*; -SÆTTI, n. *discord*; -SŒMD, f. *dishonour, contumely*, = úsœmd.

VANTA (AÐ), v. *to want, lack*; impers. with acc. *of the person and thing* (e-n vantar e-t); vantaði þá eigi hesta né aðra hluti, *they wanted neither horses nor other things*.

VAN-TALAT, pp. n. = -mælt; á ek við hvárigan ykkar -talat, *I want to speak to neither of you*; -TALIT, pp. n. *not fully accounted for, short in the tale*; -TEMPRAN, f. *immoderation*; -TRAUST, n. *lack of trust*; -TRÚ, f. *unbelief*; -TRÚAÐR, pp. *unbelieving*; -TRÚNAÐR, m. *distrust*; -TRÚR, a. = -trúaðr; -UNNINN, pp. *unfinished*; -VIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. *disregard, dishonour, put to shame*; -VIRÐA, f. *disgrace, shame*; -VIRÐING, f. *disgrace, shame*; -VIRKJA, f. *defect fault*; -VIZKA, f. *foolishness*.

VANYFLA-SÓTT, f. *habitual illness*.

VAN-YFLI, n. pl. *chronic ailments*.

VAR-, a prefixed particle, = van-.

VARA (AÐ), v. (1) *to warn, caution*; v. e-n við e-u, *to caution one against, bid one beware of* (þú hefir þat ráð upp tekit, er ek varaða þik mest við); v. sik, *to be on one's guard, beware*; (2) refl., varast = vara sik (þeir Þorgils vissu sér engis ótta ván ok vörudust ekki); v. af e-u *to take warning from* (svá at aðrir varist af úförum þinum); v. e-t, *to be on one's guard against, shun, take care not to* (hann varaðist þat mest at koma við landit); bad jarlinn við v., *to be on his guard*.

VARA (-ÐI), v. *to give (one) a foreboding of*; þess varir mik, at, *I have a presentiment that*; þeir kómu þar jafnan fram, er engi mann varði, *where no one expected*; bar hann skjótara at en þá varði, *sooner than they expected*; þá er minnst varir, *when one least expects it*.

VARA, f. *wares*, in Norway chiefly of fur (grá-, skinna-vara), in Iceland of *wadmal* (vara íslenzk).

VARAN, f. (1) *warning*; (2) *shunning*.

VARAR-FELDR, m. *a kind of cloak*; -SKINN, n. *skin current in trade*; -VÁÐ, f. = vöruváð.

VAR-BOÐIT, pp. n. *underbidden, underrated*; -BÚINN, pp. *unprepared*.

VARÐA (AÐ), v. (1) *to warrant, guarantee, answer for*; v. fyrir e-n, *to stand bail for one*; ek vil, at Flosi einn varði við mik, *my will is that F. alone shall be answerable* (for the fines) *to me*; (2) *to bargain for* (S. hefir áðr varðat viðinn fyrir þrjú hundruð einlit); (3) *to be of importance* (ef þér þykkir v. um mína vináttu); v. e-n, *to concern one, be of importance to one* (at segja þér þat, er þik varðar); v. miklu, litlu, engu, *to matter much, little, naught*; hann kvað þá engu þat v., *said it was no business of theirs*; varðar engu um vára aptrkomu, *it does not matter whether we come back or not*; (4) *to guard, watch, defend* (v. land, alla vega); v. e-m e-t, *to ward a thing off from a person withhold it from him*; v. mér bátinn: *to forbid me the boat*, by force; v. e-m, with infin. *to hinder, prevent* (varðar hann fé váru at komast yfir ána); (5) *to be liable to, punishable by* (varðar þat fjörbaugsgarð); hvat varðar, þótt vér reynim, *what risk though we try?*; v. e-m e-t, *to entail as a penalty upon one* (spurði, hvat konu varðaði, ef hón væri í brókum jafnan svá sem karlar); v. við lög, *to be punishable by law* (þat ætla ek við lög v. at vinna á Mikjálsdegi); ok lét v. þriggja marka útlegð, *he asked for a fine of three marks*; (6) *to belong to* (sú jörð er klaustrinu varðaði).

VARÐA, f. *pile of stones, cairn* (hlaða, reisa vörðu).

VARÐ-BERG, n. *'watch-rock', outlook*; ve-

ra á -bergi, *to be on the lookout*; -HALD, n. (1) *holding ward, keeping watch*; vera á -haldi, *to keep watch* (hann skyldi gæta hesta þeira ok vera á -haldi); (2) *custody* (hafa e-n í -haldi).

VARÐHALDS-ENGILL, m. *guardian angel*; -MAÐR, m. *watchman*.

VARÐ-HELGI, f. *sanctuary, asylum*; -HUNDR, m. *watch-dog*; -HÚS, n. *watch-house*.

VARÐI, m. *cairn* = varða (var v. stórr fyrir ofan tjaldit).

VARÐ-KARL, m. *watch-carle, warder*; -KLOKKA, f. *watch-bell*; -LOKKUR, f. pl. *a kind of magic song, charms*; -MAÐR, m. *watchman, warder*; -VEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to keep, preserve*, with dat. (-veita þessum steini); later with acc., svá skal ek þik -veita, at þik skal ekki saka, *I shall take such good care of thee, that no harm shall come to thee*; -veita sik við e-u, frá e-u, *to abstain from*; ef maðr tekr grið ok -veitir þat ekki, *if a man takes up an abode and does not keep it*; (2) *to observe* (-veita guðs boðorðum); -VEIZLA, f. *keeping, custody*; fá e-m fé til -veizlu, *to hand money over to one to keep*.

VARÐVEIZLU-LAUSS, a. *watchless, unguarded*; -MAÐR, m. *warder, keeper*.

VAR-FŒRI, f. *wariness*; -FŒRR, a. *wary, cautious* (Ólafr bað hann vera varfœran).

VARG-DROPI, m. *son of an outlaw*.

VAR-GEFIN, pp. f. *ill-matched*, of a woman; -GOLDINN, pp. *underpaid*.

VARG-HAMR, m. *wolf's skin*; -LJÖÐ, n. pl. *wolf-howlings*.

VARGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *wolf* (trollkona sat á vargi); (2) *thief, robber, miscreant*; eyða vörgum, *to destroy miscreants*; (3) *outlaw* (Eyvindr hafði vegit í véum, ok var hann v. orðinn).

VARG-RŒKR, a. *who is to be hunted down as a wolf*.

VARGS-HOLD, n. *wolf's flesh*.

VARG-SKINN, n. *wolf's skin*.

VARGS-LÍKI, n. *likeness of a wolf* (brugðu Æsir Vala í -líki); -RÖDD, f. *voice (howling) of a wolf*.

VARG-STAKKR, m. *a cloak of wolf's skin* (þeir höfðu -stakka fyrir brynjur); -TRÉ, n. *gallows*.

VARG-ÚLFR, m. *were-wolf*.

VARG-YNJA, f. *she-wolf*; -ÖLD, f. *age (time) of wolves*.

VAR-HALDINN, pp. *unfairly treated*; -HLUTA, a. indecl. verða -hluta fyrir e-m, *to get an unfair share, be wronged*; -HUGI, m. *precaution*; gjalda -huga við e-u, *to beware of*; -HYGÐ, f. *wariness, watchfulness*.

VARI, m. *wariness, precaution*; betri er hinn fyrri varinn, *fore-thought is better than after-thought*; til vara, *by way of precaution*.

VARI, m. *the watery substance of the blood* (vatn, er menn kalla vara).

VARINN, pp. *conditioned* = farinn (svá er mér varit, at).

VARLA, adv. *hardly, scarcely*.

VAR-LAUNAÐR, pp. *insufficiently rewarded*; eiga e-m -launat, *to be in debt to one*; -LEIKA, a. indecl., verða -leika, *to be worsted in a game*; -LEIKI, m. *wariness*; -LEITAT, pp. n. *insufficiently searched* (hafa -leitat e-s); -LIGA, adv. (1) *scarcely, hardly*; (2) *warily* (fara, mæla -liga); -LIGR, a. *displaying wariness, cautious, safe* (þat þótti -ligra).

VARMA-HÚS, n. *a warmed room*.

VARMR, a. *warm*; var honum varmt mjök, *he was very warm*.

VAR-MÆLTR, pp. *cautious in one's language*; cf. 'varorðr'.

VARNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to withhold from one, deny one a thing*, v. e-m e-s (v. e-m liðveizlu, máls, réttinda); (2) v. við e-u, *to abstain from* (v. við kjötvi); varnaði-t við tárum, *she could not forbear weeping*.

VARNAÐAR-BRÉF, n. *letter of protection, safe-conduct*; -MAÐR, m. *warder, guardian*.

VARNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *protection, keeping* (hafði hann tekit mál þeira á. sinn varnað); (2) *warning, caution*; láta sér annars víti at varnaði verða, *to be warned by another's woe*; bjóða, setja e-m varnað ð e-u, *to bid one beware of a thing*; margir hlutir vóru þar til varnaðar mæltir, *were forbidden*; (3) *wares, goods* (Egill lét upp setja skip sín ok fœra varnað til staðar); (4) *household people*.

VARNAN, f. *warning, caution*.

VARNAR-, gen. from 'vörn'; -AÐILI, m. *defendant in a suit*, opp. to 'sóknar-aðili'; -EIÐR, m., -GÖGN, n. pl., -KVIÐR, m. *oath, evidence, verdict for the defence*; -LAUSS, a. *defenceless*; -MAÐR, m. *defender*.

VARNINGR, m. *wares, goods, cargo*.

VAR-ORÐR, a. *wary in one's words, discreet*; cf. 'varmæltr'.

VARP, n. *casting, throwing*, of a net.

VARPA (AÐ), v. *to cast, throw*, with dat. (v. frá sér kyrtlinum); v. öndinni, *to draw a deep breath*.

VARPA, f. *fishing-net*.

VARR (vör. vart), a. (1) *aware*; verða e-s v., verða v. við e-t, *to be aware of, learn, hear*; gera e-n varan við e-t, *to warn a person*; gera vart við e-t, *to draw attention to a thing*; (2) *wary, cautious*; vera v. um sik, *to be on one's guard*; v. við e-t, *on one's guard against*.

VARR-SIMI, m. *the wake of a ship*.

VART, adv. (1) *scantily, poorly* (konur v. búnar); (2) *scarcely*.

VARTA, f. *wart* (þat tekr af vörtur).

VARTARI, m. *strap, thong*.

VAR-ÚÐ, f. *precaution*; gjalda varúð við e-u, *to beware of*.

VARÚÐAR-MÁL, n. pl. *warning words*.

VAR-ÚÐIGR, a. *wary, cautious*.

VARÚÐ-LIGA, adv. *warily*.

VARZLA, f. *surety, caution, guarantee*; ganga í vörzlu fyrir e-n, *to become surety for one*.

VASAST (AÐ), v. refl., v. í e-u, *to be entanged in, meddle with or in a thing* (eigi vil ek v. í slíku).

VASKA (AÐ), v. *to wash the head*, with dat. (v. höfði, honum, sér).

VASK-LEIKR, m. *bravery, valour*; -LIGA, adv. *valiantly*; -LIGR, a. *of brave or gallant bearing*.

VASKR, a. *manly, valiant* (þú ert maðr v. ok vel at þér).

VATN (gen. VATRIS or VATZ), n. (1) *water, fresh water* (spratt þar v. upp); sól gengr at vatni, *the sun sets in the sea*; (2) *fears* (vatnit for niðr eptir kjálkanum á honum); halda vatni, *to forbear weeping*; (3) *lake* (Mjörs er svá mikit vatn, at líkara er sjó); (4) pl., vötn, *large rivers* (hnigu heilög vötn af Himin-fjöllum).

VATNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to water* (v. hestum, fénaði); (2) *to fast on water*, = vatnfasta; (3) impers., land vatnar, *the land disappears under the (horizon at) sea* (þeir sigldu þrjá daga til þess er landit var vatnat).

VATNA-DJÚP, n. *abyss*; -GANGR, m. *inundation, overflow, fall of rain*; -HLAUP, n. *floods, rushing forth of waters*; -VÖXTR, m. *swelling of waters*; -ÞYTR, m. *sound of falling waters*.

VATN-BERI, m. = vatnsberi; -BÓLGINN, a. *dropsical*; -DAUÐR, a. *drowned in fresh water*; -DRAGARI, m. *water-carrier*; -DRAGI, m. *water-carrier*; -FALL, n. (1) *stream, river* (svá mikit -fall sem áin Nið er); (2) *torrents of rain* (-fall fylgdi hér svá mikit ór lopti, at); -FÁTT, a. n. *short of water*; fá -fátt, *to become short of water*; -FASTA (AÐ), v. *to fast on water*; -FASTA, f. *'water-fast'*; -FISKR, m. *fresh-water fish*; -GANGR, m. *swelling of water*; -KAKKI, m. *water-butt*; -KARL, m. *jug*; -KÁLFR, m. *dropsy*; -KER, -KERALD, n. *water-vessel*; -LAUSS, a. = vatnslauss; -ORMR, m. *water-serpent*; -RÁS, f. = vatnsrás.

VATNS-BAKKI, m. *bank or shore of a lake*; -BERI, m. *water-bearer, Aquarius*; -BOTN, m. *upper end of a lake*; -BURÐR, m. *carrying water*; -DRYKKR, m. *drink of water*; -ENDI, m. *end of a lake*; -FALL, n. = vatnfall; -FARVEGR, m. *bed of a river*; -FATA, f. *water-pail*; -HRÍÐ, f. *heavy shower of rain with wind*; -ÍSS, m. *ice on a lake*; -KER, n. *water-vessel*; -KERALD, n. *water-vessel*; -LAUSS, a. *waterless*; -SKÍRN, f. *baptism in water*; -SKORTR, m. *lack of water*; -ÓSS, m. *mouth of a lake* (connected with the sea); -RÁS, f. *water-course*; -SÓTT, f. *dropsy*; -STRÖND, f. *bank of a lake*; -STØKKULL, m. *a brush for sprinkling water*; -VEITA, f. *drain trench, aqueduct*; -VÍGSLA, f. *consecration of water*; -VÍK, f. *creek in a lake*; -ÆÐR, f. *vein of water*.

VATTA (AÐ), v. *to grasp with gloves*.

VATZ-, = vatns-, vaz-.

VAX, n. *wax* (bráðna sem v. við eld).

VAXA (VEX; ÓX or VÓX, ÓXUM or UXUM; VAXINN), v. (1) *to wax, grow* (hann heyrir þat er gras vex á jörðu); v. upp, *to grow up* (þá er hann óx upp); honum vóx eigi skegg, *no beard grew on his chin*; (2) v. eu, *to be overgrown with* (hrísi vex ok hávu grasi vegr, er vætki treðr); (3) *to wax, increase* (veðr, vindr vex); þá er honum óx aldr, *when he grew older*; e-m vex e-t í augu, *a thing grows big in one's eyes*; (4) *to grow greater in fame* (Sigurðr konungr þótti v. mikit af þessi veiziu).

VAX-BLYS, n. *wax-torch*.

VAXINN, pp. (1) *grown up* (v. maðr); (2) *overgrown with* (grasi, skógi, viði, reyri v.); (3) *shapen, formed* (Nóregr er v. með þrem oddum); svá er við vaxit, *the matter stands so*.

VAX-KERTI, n. *wax-candle, wax-light*; -LJÓS, n. *wax-candle, wax-light*; -SPJALD, n. *wax-tablet, for writing on*.

VAXTA-LAUSS, a. *without increase or interest*.

VAXT-SAMR, a. *fruitful, productive*.

VAZ-, (= vats-) the common spelling for 'vatns-'.

VAZTIR, f. pl. *fishing-bank* (á þær v., er hann var vanr at sitja).

VÁ (gen. VÁR), f. *woe, calamity, danger*; þat er lítil vá, *'tis no great harm*; e-m bregðr vá fyrir grön, *one gets a sudden fright* (brá þeim vá fyrir grön, er þeir sá Birkibeina).

VÁ, f. *nook, corner* = vrá.

VÁ (VÁÐA), v. *to blame* (úkynnis þess vár þik engi maðr).

VÁ-BEIÐA, f. *an evil-boding monster*; -BRESTR, m. *a sudden evil-boding crash or sound*; -BÖL, n. *an unlooked for calamity*.

VÁÐ (pl. -AR), f. (1) *stuff, cloth as it leaves the loom* (sat þar kona, sveigði rokk, bjó til váðar); (2) *fishing-net*; (3) pl., váðir, *clothes* (váðir mfnar gaf ek tveimr trémönnum).

VÁÐA-HARK, n. *terrible noise*; -KULDI, m. *perilous cold*; -LIGR, a. *scatheful, per-*

ilous; -samligr, a. = -ligr; -verk, n. *accidental deed*, of an unintentional harm inflicted.

váð-áss, m. *a pole to hang clothes on*; -hœfr, a. *fit for sail* (-hœft veðr).

váði, m. *scathe, danger, peril*, of extreme sudden danger (mér þykkir við váða búit, ef); stýra e-m til ens mesta, váða, *to expose one to the greatest danger*.

váð-ker, n. *a tub in which clothes are stamped or trodden*; -meiðr, m. *clothes-pole* = -áss.

váð-veifliga, adv. *suddenly*.

váð-verk, n. *cloth-making*.

váð-vænligr, a. *perilous*; -vænn, a. *fraught with danger*; straumar váðvænir, *dangerous currents*.

váfa (-ða), v. *to swing, vibrate to and fro, hang*; v. yfir, *to be impending*.

váfa, f. *ghost, spectre, shade*.

vág, f. (1) *balance, scales* (hann biðr Gilla taka vágina); (2) *weight* (v. min af gulli).

vága (að), v. *to dare, venture*.

vá-gestr, m. *dangerous guest*.

vág-föll, n. pl. *the running of blood and matter from a sore*.

vág-glati, m. *destruction*.

vág-marr, m. *'wave-steed', ship*.

vágr (-s, -ar), m. (1) *wave, sea*; (2) *creek, bay*; (3) *matter from a sore*.

vág-rek, n. *wreck, goods drifted ashore* (skyldi þat -rek heita).

vágs-botn, m. *inner end of a bay*.

vág-skorinn, pp. *indented with bays*.

vála (að), v. *to wail*.

válat, n. *misery, destitution* (hón grét mjök fátœki sitt ok v.).

válaðr, a. *wretched, indigent, distressed* (vesall ok v. ok fátœkr).

vá-ligr, a. *hurtful, harmful* (spyrja er bezt til váligra þegna); -lítill, a. (1) *harmless, doing small harm*; (2) *very little, very short, of time*; -ljúgr, m. *disappointment* (nú er mér orðinn -ljúgr at þeim átrúnaði).

válka, n. *tossing to and fro*, esp. at sea (fekk harm þá v. mikit).

válka (að), v. (1) *to toss to and fro, drag with oneself* (eigi hœfir svá gömlum karli at v. svá væna mey); (2) v. e-t fyrir sér, v. e-t í hugnum, *to ponder over*; (3) refl., válkast í e-u, *to wallow in* (þeir höfðu válkazt í róðru ok blóði).

vá-lyndi, n. *ill-will*; -lyndr, a. *ill-natured, scatheful*.

váma, f. *qualm, ailment*.

vámr, m. *a loathsome person*.

ván (pl. -ir), f. *hope, expectation, prospect*; mér er v., at, *I expect that*; er v. e-s, *it is to be expected*; sliks var v., *this was to be looked for*; þeim var ills ván at Þór, *they apprehended evil from Th.*; sem hann hafði áðr sagt á ván, *as he had given to understand*; sem v. var at, *as was to be expected*; vita sér engis ótta vánir, *to apprehend no danger*; konungs var þangat v., *the king was expected there*; e-t stendr til vánar, *it bids fair*; e-t er at vánum, *it is what could be looked for* (ok er þat at vánum við skaplyndi Þorgeirs); vita v. til e-s, *to expect*; hann vissi enga v., at, *he had no expectation that*; eiga barn í vánum, *to have a child in prospect*; draga e-t í v., *to hold out a prospect of*; mörgum þykkir fyrir v. komit, *many think it is past all hope*; þá er allar vánir vóru rannsakaðar, *when all likely places were searched*; dat., vánu, with compar., vánu bráðara, skjótara, *sooner than expected*; vánu verr, *worse than might be expected*.

vána (að), v. *to hope, look for, expect*, =

vænta (ek vána, at góð verði þessi ferð).

VÁNAR-LAUSS, a. *hopeless*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *a person who has a prospect of being saved*; (2) *almsman, beggar*; -VÖLR, m. *beggar's staff* (bera -völ).

VÁN-BIÐILL, m. *a wooer waiting for an answer*.

VÁNDR, a. (1) *bad, wretched* (í vándum klæðum); (2) *bad, wicked* (v. hefi ek verit, en aldri hefi ek þjófr verit).

VÁNDSKA, f., VÁND-SKAPR, m. *wickedness*; *evil conduct*.

VÁNDS-LIGA, adv. *badly*; -LIGR, a. *bad, wicked*; *harmful*.

VÁN-LEYSI, n. *hopelessness*; -LIGR, a. *likely, to be expected*; -LYGI, m. *frustration of hope, disappointment*.

VÁPN, n. *weapon* (vóru sumir vápnum vegnir, sumir grýttir til bana).

VÁPNA (AÐ), v. *to furnish with arms*; v. sik, *to arm oneself*; refl., vápnast, *to take one's arms*.

VÁPNA-AFLI, m. *stores of arms*; -BIT, n. '*weapon-bite*', *wound*; -BRAK, n. *din of arms*; -BURÐR, m. (1) *carrying of arms* (þá var svá lítill -burðr, at ein var stálhúfa þá á alþingi); (2) *fray, shower of weapons in battle*; bar fyrir útan þat skip -burð heiðingja, *their missiles fell outside the ship*; -BÚNAÐR, m. *equipment of arms, armour*; -BÚNINGR, m. *equipment of arms, armour*; -GANGR, m. (1) *clash of weapons*; (2) *shower of missiles*; -GLAM, n., -GNÝR, m. *clash of weapons*; -KISTA, f. *arm-chest*; -MÓT, n. *fight, battle*; -SAMANKVÁMA, f. *meeting of weapons, battle*; -SKIPTI, n. (1) *exchange of weapons*; (2) *exchange of blows* (oss munu öll -skipti þungt ganga); -STAÐR, m. (1) *a place where one may be wounded* (sjá beran -stað á e-m); (2) *weapon-mark, wound*; -STEFNA, f. = -þing; -TAK, n. (1) *weapon-grasping, used to express consent by waving or brandishing the weapons* (œptu upp allir með -taki, at þeir skyldi allir vera útlagir); gera -tak at e-u, *to pass a resolution at a public assembly*; (2) *in the Icel. parliament, the breaking up of the session, when the men resumed their weapons* (þat heitir -tak, er alþýða riðr af alþingi); (3) = -þing; -VIÐSKIPTI, n. = -skipti; -ÞING, n. *muster, wapenshaw* (um morgininn átti konungr -þing ok kannaði lið sitt).

VÁPN-BITINN, pp. *dead by the sword*; -DAUÐR, a. *weapon-dead*, = -bitinn; -DJARFR, a. *gallant*; -FIMI, f. *skill in arms*; -FIMR, a. *dexterous in arms*; -FŒRR, a. (1) *able to bear arms* (M. hafði samnat hverjum manni, er -fœrr var); (2) *fit as a weapon*; -FÖT, n. pl. *armour*; -GÖFIGR, a. *glorious in arms*; -HANZKI, m. *warglove*; -HESTR, m. *war-horse*; -HŒFR, a. *fit for, manageable, as a weapon*; -LAUSS, a. *weaponless, unarmed*; -ROKKR, m. *coat worn above armour*; -SLŒGR, a. = -fimr; -STEINN, m. *stone used as a weapon*; -SŒKJA, v. *to attack*; -SÖNGR, m. *clash of arms*; -VANA, a. indecl. = -lauss.

VÁR, f. *one of the goddesses*.

VÁR, n. *spring*; um várit, á várin, *in the spring* (á várin, er ísa leysir); í vár, *last spring*.

VÁRA (AÐ), v. *to become spring*; impers. (þá er váraði; er vára tók); refl., en er viraðist, gerðist hann hljóðr mjök, *when spring came, he grew very silent*.

VÁRAR, f. pl. *solemn vow, oath*; Helgi á Sváfa veittust v., *H. and S. plighted their faith*; armr er vára vargr, *wretched is the faith-breaker*.

VÁR-DAGAR, m. pl. *spring days*; -FERILL, m. *spring-traveller*; -GÆRA, f. *spring-*

fleece.

VÁR-KUNN, f. (1) *what is to be excused*; er þat nókkur -kunn, at þú verðir oss eigi at liði, *there is some excuse for thee for not helping us*; (2) *compassion, pity*; -KUNNA, v. *to excuse, pity*, = -kynna.

VÁRKUNNAR-BRAGT, n. = -verk; -HUGR, m. *compassionate mind*; -LAUSS, a. (1) *unmerciful*; (2) *inexcusable*; -LEYSI, n. *mercilessness*; -VERK, n. *excusable deed*.

VÁRKUNNIGR, a. *merciful, forbearing, compassionate*.

VÁRKUNN-LÁTR, a. *forbearing*; vera sér -látr um e-t, *to excuse oneself*; -LIGR, a. *excusable*; -LEATI, n. *forbearance, mercy*.

VÁR-KYND, f. = -kunn; -KYNNA (-da, -t), v. (1) *to excuse*; (2) *to pity*.

VÁR-LANGR, a. *as long as in spring*; -LIGR, a. *belonging to the spring*.

VÁRR, poss. pron. *our*; sá v., er, *the one of us who*; skipi hvert várt stýrði *each of us steered his own ship*; fundir várir (-okkrir) Hákonar, *the meeting of H. and myself*.

VÁR-TÍÐ, f., -TÍMI, m. *spring-tide, spring-time*; -VÍKING, f. *freebooting expedition in spring*; -YRKJA (-TA, -T), v. *to do the spring-work, in a household*; -ÞING, n. *spring*; -ÖNN, f. *spring-work*.

VÁS, n. *toil, fatigue, from bad weather* (þola v. ok erfiði); -BÚÐ, f. = vás (var þar hörð vásbúð); -FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *wet (rough) journey*.

VÁ-SJALDAN, adv. *very seldom*.

VÁ-SKAPAÐR, m. *mischief-maker*; -SKEYTR, a. *fickle, shifty*.

VÁS-KLÆÐI, n. pl. *bad-weather clothes*; -KUFL, m. *rain-cloak*; -KYRTILL, m. = -kufl; -SAMR, a. *wet and toilsome*; -STAKKR, m. = -kufl.

VÁ-STIGR, m. *woeful path*.

VÁS-VERK, n. *wet work*; -VIÐRI, n. *bad weather*.

VÁTA-DRÍFA, f. *fall of sleet*; -REYKR, m. *wet reek, steam*.

VÁT-FŒRR, a. *wet to pass, of a road*; -LENDI, n. *wet sail*.

VÁTR, a. *wet* (þeir vóru vátir mjök).

VÁTTA (AÐ), v. *to witness, affirm*.

VÁTTA-LAUST, adv. *without witnesses*.

VÁTT-BÆRR, a. *admissible as a witness*; -LAUSS, a. *unwitnessed*; -NEFNA, f. *calling witnesses*; -NÆMDR, pp. *attested by witnesses*; -ORÐ, n. *evidence, testimony*.

VÁTTR (-S, -AR), m. *witness* (hafa vátta við, nefna vátta).

VÁTT-VISI, f. *testimony*.

VÁTVIÐRA-SAMR, a. *wet* (sumar þetta var illt ok -samt).

VÁT-VIÐRI, n. *wet weather* (þá gerir á skúr mikla ok -viðri).

VÁ-VEIFI, n. *fearful suddenness*; -VEIFIS, adv. *all of a sudden*.

VÁVEIF-LIGA, adv. *suddenly*; -LIGR, a. *sudden* (-ligr hlutir).

VÉ, n. (1) *mansion, house*; byggja vé goða, *to dwell in the homes of the gods*; (2) *temple, sanctuary* (vega víg í véum).

VÉ, n. pl. *standard* (poet.).

VEAR, m. pl. *the gods* (poet.).

VÉ-BÖND, n. pl. *the ropes fastened to stakes* (heslistengr) *by which the court was surrounded*.

VEÐ (gen. pl. VEÐJA), n. *pledge, surety*; setja e-t í v., at veði, *to pledge, give in pledge*; hann bauð at veði alla eign sína, *he offered all his property as a pledge*; leysa (út) v., *to redeem a pledge*; hafa e-t í veði, *to have at stake*; vera í veði, *to be at stake* (líf mitt er í veði).

VEÐ-BRÓÐIR, m. *a plighted brother, confederate*; -FÉ, n. *a bet or wager*; dœmdu þeir, at dvergrinn ætti -féit, *that the*

dwarf had won the wager.

VEÐJA (AÐ), v. *to stake in a wager*, with dat.; þú veðjaði Loki höfði sínu við þann dverg, *then L. wagered his head with that dwarf*; v. um við e-n, *to lay a wager with one* (búinn em ek at v. um við þik, at ek mun finna ljótara fót).

VEÐJAN, f. *wagering, betting*.

VEÐ-MÁLI, m. *pledge, mortgage*; -MÆLA (-TA, -TR), v. *to demand as, bind by a pledge*.

VEÐR, n. (1) *weather* (gott, illt); (2) *wind* (tók at lægja veðrit); sigla (stýra) í v. e-m, *to get to the wind-ward of one, take the wind out of his sail*; (3) *quarter, tack*; veifði hann rœði annars veðrs til, *he steered round with his oar on the other tack*; (4) *the lower air* (þetta smiði var svá mikit vorðit, at þat tók upp ór veðrum); v. rauf upp, *the air cleared up*; (5) *wind, scent*; bersi hafði v. af manninum, *the bear had wind of the man, scented him*; komast við veðri, *to be scented, rumoured*; láta koma v. á e-n um e-t, *to let one get scent of, throw out hints to one about a thing*; staðarmenn mæltu mjök á. v., *hinted broadly*.

VEÐR (gen. -RS and -RAR, pl. -RAR), m. (1) *wether*; (2) *battering-ram*.

VEÐRA-BÁLKR, m. *continuous stormy weather*; -BATI, m. *an improvement in the weather* (heita til -bata).

VEÐRAR-HORN, n. *a wether's horn*.

VEÐRÁTTA, f. *(state of the) weather*.

VEÐR-BELGR, m. *weather-bag*; -BLAKA, f. *breath of wind*; -DAGR, m., einn tíma er -dagr var góðr, *one fine day*; -EYGR, a. *weather-wise*; -FALL, n. *condition (set) of the wind*; -FASTR, a. *weather-bound*; -GNÝR, m. *gust of wind*; -GÓÐR, a. *with a mild climate* (land -gott); -HARÐR, a. *marked by hard weather* (haust -hart); -HIMINN, m. *atmosphere*; -KŒNN, a. *skilful in forecasting the weather, weather-wise*; -LEIKR, m. = veðrátta; -LÍTILL, a. *calm, light*, of wind; -SJÚKR, a. *anxious about the weather*; -SPÁR, a. *weatherwise*; -STÁÐA, f. *direction of the wind*; -SÆLL, a. *blessed with good weather*; -VANA, a. indecl. *lacking favourable wind*; -VANDR, a. *nice as to weather*; -VITI, m. *vane*.

VEÐ-SETJA, v. (1) *to pawn. mortgage* (-setja jarðir sínar); (2) *to hazard, stake* (-setja sik ok fé sitt); -setja sik í þetta mál, *to pleage oneself to (take part in) this case*.

VEFA (VEF; VAF, VÁFUM, VÓFAM, ÓFUM; OFINN, VOFINN), v. (1) *to weave* (v. vef, dúk); (2) *to plait, twist* (v. vandlaup).

VÉ-FANG, n. *division or disagreement in court*; -FENGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to bring about a* véfang, *divide the court in a suit* (þeir munu ok ætla at -fengja brennumálit).

VEFJA (VEF; VAFÐA; VAFIÐR, VAFÐR, VAFINN), v. (1) *to wrap, fold*; v. e-u um höfuð sér, at höfði e-m, *to wrap it round one's head*; hann tók vaðmál ok vafði at sér, *and wrapped it round himself*; v. e-t saman, *to fold or wrap it together* (vóru þar margir tötrar saman vafðir); v. e-t e-u (í e-u, með e-u), *to wrap it up in a thing* (barnit var vafit í dúki); meðal-kafli gulli vafiðr, *a sword-haft wound with gold*; (2) *to entangle, embroil* (þú lætr Egil v. öll mál fyrir þér); (3) refl., vefjast, *to be wrapped* (v. um fœtr e-m) *to straggle* (hrossin höfðu vafizt í einu lœkjarfari); *to be entangled* (vefjast í áhyggjum).

VEÐJAR-MÖTTULL, m. *a costly woven mantle, cloak*; -SKIKKJA, f. *a costly woven mantle, cloak*; -STOFA, f. *weaving-room*.

VEFNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *weaving, woven*

stuff.

VEF-NISTINGAR, f. pl. *sails* (poet.).

VEFR (-JAR, -IR), m. (1) *a web in the loom*; (2) *woven cloth* (dýrir vefir).

VEFTR, m. (1) *woof, weft*; (2) *cloth*.

VEGA (VEG; VÁ, VÁGUM; VEGINN), v. (1) *to lift* (hann vegr heyit upp á herðar sé); v. e-n á bál, *to lift one on the funeral fire*; v. e-n ór skógi, *to inlaw one*; (2) *to weigh* (verðum vér at leita at skálum, ok v. hringinn); fig., skal yðr engi vera traustari vin, þott þér vegit þat lífit, *though ye esteem it little*; (3) *to weigh, be of weikht* (hvert haglkorn vá eyri); (4) *to fence, fight (smite) with a weapon* (hann vá svá skjótt með sverði, at þrú þóttu á lopti at sjá); (5) v. at e-m, *to attack one, fight against one* (ungr skal at ungum vega); (6) *to gain by fighting*; v. sigr, *to gain the victory*; v. sigr á e-m, *to overcome, beat, vanquish*; v. til landa, *to win land weapon in hand*; (7) *to smite, slay, kill*; v. mann, v. víg, *to slay a man*; (8) refl., þat sverð, er sjálft mun vegast, *the sword that will fight of itself*; vást meirr á hlut Grikkja, *the Greeks lost more men*; recipr., vegast, *to slay one another*.

VEGA-BÓT, f. *way-mending*; -MÓT, n. pl. *meeting of roads*.

VEGANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *slayer, killer* (ef v. beiðir sér griða).

VEG-FARANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *wayfarer*.

VEGG-BERG, n., -HAMARR, m. *steep precipitous rock*.

VEG-GIRNI, f. *ambition, vanity*.

VEGGJAÐR, pp. *walled* (veggjaðar ok vígskerðar borgir).

VEG-GJARN, a. *ambitious, vainglorious* (fégjarn ok veggjarn).

VEGGR (gen. -JAR and -S, pl. -IR), m. *wall* (hlaða vegg); fig., var lágr v. undir solina, *the sun was low above the horizon*.

VEGG-SLEGINN, pp. *wedge-formed* (øx -slegin ok þykk).

VEGG-ÞILI, n. *wainscoting* (veggþili vóru tjölduð með fögrum skjöldum).

VEG-LÁTR, a. *stately, high-minded*; -LIGA, adv. *nobly, magnificently*; -LIGR, a. *grand, magnificent*; -LYNDI, n. *generosity*; -LYNDR, a. *generous, high-minded*; -MANNLIGR, a. *magnicent*; -MENSKS, f. *noble manners, generosity*.

VEG-MÓÐR, a. *tired of the journey*.

VEGNA (AÐ), v. *to proceed, go* (v. vel, illa); þeim hafði illa vegnat, *they had done badly, had bad luck*.

VEGNA, gen. pl. (1) tveggja v., *on (from) two sides* (sœkja þeir nú at honum tveggja v.); (2) á (*or* af) v. e-s, *on one's behalf*, also simply, v. e-s, *on one's account or behalf, on the part of*; minna (várra) v., *on my (our) behalf*.

VEG-NEST, n. *traveling provisions*.

VEGR (gen. -AR and -S; pl. -IR and -AR, acc. -U and -A), m. (1) *way, road* (á vegum úti); (2) fig. phrases, koma e-u til vegar, *to bring about*; fara til vegar, *to go, proceed* (ekki mun þér um, at kenna, hversu sem til vegar ferr); ganga (koma) til vegar, *to come to an issue, be decided* (gekk þat ok eigi til vegar); gera endiligan veg á máli, *to bring it to an issue*; venda sínum vegi, *to wend one's way*; (3) *way, mode, manner*; þessir menn munu sœkja oss með eldi, er þeir megu eigi annan veg, *if they cannot (get at us) in any other way*; einn veg, *one way, in the same way*; annan veg, *other-wise* (er annan veg en ek hygg); þann veg, *thus, in that wise* (þetta er ekki þann veg at skilja); hvern veg, *how* (eigi veit ek hvern veg þá mun verða);þótti sinn veg hvárum, *each of the two had his own opinion, they disagreed*; á alla vega, *in every*

way, manner, respect; á marga vega, *in many ways*; (4) *direction*; alla vega, *in all directions, on all sides* (kváðu við lúðrar alla vega í braut frá þeim); skjót annan veg, *in another direction*; snúa hverr síns vegar, *each his own way, in different directions*; flýja viðs vegar, *to flee scattered about*; (5) *side, hand*; eins vegar, *on one side* (var eins vegar sjór); á hœgra (vinstra) veg e-u, *on the right (left) hand of*; tvá vega, *on two sides*.

VEGR (gen. -s), m. *honour, distinction* (er yðr þat v. mikill); til vegs guði, *to the glory of God*.

VEGR, f. pl. *levers*, see 'vög'.

VEG-SAMA (AÐ), v. *to honour, glorify*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *honourably, gloriously* (taka -samliga við e-m); -SAMLIGR, a. *glorious* (-samlig veizla); -SEMD, f. *glory, honour* (veita e-m heiðr ok -semd); -SKARÐ, n. *a flaw in one's honour*.

VEGS-KONA, f. *stately lady* (A. var -kona mikil); -MUNIR, m. pl. *honours, credit, fame*; -ÞJÓNASTA, f. *honourable service*.

VEG-TJÓN, n. *discredit*; -TYLLA, f. *a scrap of honour*.

VEG-VÍSS, a. *acquainted with the road*.

VEG-ÞURÐR, m. *impairment of honour* (vegðurðr eða sœmdarspell).

VEI, interj. *woe*, with dat., v. er mér, *woe is me!* v. verði yðr, *woe to you!*

VEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to catch, hunt* (v. rauðdýri, hreina, fugla); v. fisk, *to catch fish*; (2) *to hunt down an enemy*; fá e-n veiddan, *to get one hunted down*.

VEIÐAR-EFNI, n. *chance of a good catch*; -FŒRI, -TŒKI, n. *hunting-gear, fishing-gear*.

VEIÐI-BRÁÐR, a. *eager to make a catch* (vera of -bráðr); -DÝR, n. *deer, game*; -FANG, n. *catch, haul*; -FANGI, m. *catch, haul*; -FERÐ, f. *a fishing or hunting expedition*; -FÖR, f. *a fishing or hunting expedition*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *fishing- tackle*; -HORN, n. *hunting-horn*; -HUNDR, m. *hound*; -KONA, f. *fisher woman, huntress*; -KONUNGR, m. *hunting king*, a nickname; -LIGR, a. *promising a good catch*; -MAÐR, m. *hunter, fowler, fisher*; -MANNLIGR, a. *hunter-like*; -MATR, m. *meat (food) from game or fishing*; -MÖRK, f. *hunting-forest*.

VEIÐINN, a. *expert in fishing or catching* (allra manna veiðnastr).

VEIÐI-SKAPR, m. *a catch in hunting or fishing*; róa at -skap, *to row out to fish*; munum vér eigi þurfa -skap at kaupa, *to buy fish*; -SPELL, n. *spoiling the catch* (gera -spell); -STAÐA, f. *fishing-place, hunting-ground*; -STÓÐ, f. *fishing-place, hunting-ground*; -VATN, n. *fishing lake*; -VÁN, f. *pospect of a catch*; -VÉLAR, f. pl. *traps or devices used in hunting or fishing*.

VEIÐR (gen. -AR, dat. and acc. -I; pl. -AR), f. *hunting fishing, catch* (öll v. fugl ok fiska); fara á veiðar, *to go out hunting*; í honum. er þó veiðrin meiri, *still there is bigger game in him*.

VEIFA (-ÐA, -T), v. *to wave, swing* (veifði hann Mjöllni morðgjörnum fram); veifði hann rœði, *he pulled the oar*; refl., veifast um lausum hala, *to 'wag a loose tail', be free to do as one pleases*.

VEIFI-SKATI, m. *spendthrift*; engi -skati, *rather close-fisted*.

VEIG (pl. -AR), f. (1) *strong beverage, drink* (hann skal drekka dýrar veigar); (2) *pith, strength* (fór þat líð aptr, er honum, þótti minni veig í).

VEIGAÐR, a. *brocaded* (?).

VEIK-DÓMR, m. *weakness, infirmity*; -LEIKR, m. *weakness, infirmity*; -LIGR, a. *weakly*.

VEIKR, a. *weak* (hornbogi v.).

VEILINDI, n. *disease, ailment*.

VEILL, a. (1) *ailing, diseased* (veill á fótum); (2) *wretched*.

VEINA (AÐ), v. *to wail* (hann veinaði mjök, er hann hafði misst konu sína).

VEINAN, f. *wailing* (óp ok v.).

VEISA, f. *pool, pond of stagnant water* (var v. ein yfir at fara).

VEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) *to grant, give* (v. e-m líð, hjálp, huggun, grið, trygðir); (2) *to help, assist, stand by one* (þeir veittu Gizuri hvíta í hverju máli); (3) *to grant, permit* (Þ. beiddist at sjá gripina, ok þat veitti hón henni); v. e-m bœn, *to grant one a request*; (4) v. veizlu, *to give a feast*; v. brúðkaup e-s, *to hold a wedding*; v. útferð e-s, *to hold a funeral feast*; also absol. *to give a feast or entertainment* (v. stórmannliga, með inni mestu rausn); (5) *to entertain, treat* (konungr veitti sveitungum sínum); (6) *to sustain, support* an indigent person (síra Hafliði veitti þessi góðu konu allt til dauðadags); (7) *of a performance*; v. e-u áhald, *to lay hold on*; v. atfór, heimferð at e-m, *to make an expedition against one*; v. e-m atsókn, *to allack*; v. e-m áverka, *to inflict a wound on*; v. e-m eptirför, *to pursue one*; (8) e-t veitir e-m þungt, erfitt, *it proves hard, difficult for one* (Dönum veitti þungt atsóknin); impers., keisaranum veitti þungt, *the emperor had the luck against him*; e-t veitir erfitt, *it is hard work*; Geirmundi veitti betr, *G. got the better of it, carried the day*; (9) *to happen* (þat veitir sjaldan, optliga, stundum); (10) recipr., veitast at, *to back one another* (vit Egill munum nú v. at); þeir veittust at öllum málum, *they stood by one another in all suits*.

VEITA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to convey, lead (water)*, with acc. or dat. (v. vatn or vatni); v. ánni ór enum forna farveg, *to divert the river from its old course*; impers., veitir vatn til sjóvar, *the rivers trend towards the sea*.

VEITA, f. (1) *draining*; (2) *ditch*; *trench*; (3) = veiti-engi.

VEITALL, a. *giving freely, generous* (v. af peningum).

VEITANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. (1) *giver*; (2) *helper, supporter* (margir vóru veitendr at málum með þorbirni).

VEITARI, m. *giver, donor*.

VEITI-ENGI, n. *a trenched meadow*.

VEITING, f. *grant, gift*.

VEIZLA, f. (1) *grant, gift, allowance*; (2) *help, assistance, backing*, = lið-veizla; (3) *feast, banquet* (veizlan fór vel fram, ok var veitt með miklum kostnaði); (4) *the reception or entertainment* to be given to the Norse king by his landed men (lendir menn) and stewards (ármenn), and to the bishop by the priests; the king was said to 'fara at veizlum, taka veizlur'; (5) *a royal grant, revenue* (fekk konungr honum veizlur miklar); hann hafði áðr haft alla sýsluna suma at veizlu, en suma at léni, *partly as a grant, partly as a fief*.

VEIZLU-BÚNAÐR, m. *preparation for a feast*; -DAGR, m. *banquet-day*; -FALL, n. *failure of a feast*; -FÉ, n. *fee, money paid in lieu of* veizla; -GJALD, n. *fee, money paid in lieu of* veizla; -GØRÐ, f. *feast-giving*; -HÖLL, f. *banqueting-hall*; -MAÐR, m. *one sustained, supported by another* (E. kveðst ekki þurfa at vera hans -maðr); -SKÁLI, m. = -höll; -SPJÓLL, n. pl. *the spoiling of a feast* (gera -spjóll); -STOFA, f. = -höll; -SVEINN, m. *a lad supported by one*; -TAKA, f. *the receiving of a* veizla.

VEKJA (VEK; VAKTA; VAKIÐR, VAKTR, VAKINN), v. (1) *to waken, rouse from sleep* (þorði engi at v. hann); (2) *to stir, rouse* (gør þú eigi þat, son minn, at þú vekir þá, er þeir hafa áðr frá horfit); (3) *to cause, begin* (v. víg, styrjöld); (4) v. upp, *to waken, rouse* (H. vakti upp alla heimamenn sína); fig., hann vakti upp tvá boða mikla; (5) *to start (broach) a question* (E. vakti þat mál við Þórólf); v. til e-s (or v. til um e-t) við e-n, *to raise the question, introduce the mention of a thing with one* (S. konungr vakti þá til um eyrendi sitt við Sigurð jarl); (6) *to make to flow*; v. sér blóð, *to make one's blood flow, open a vein* (nú vekja þeir sér blóð ok láta renna saman dreyra sinn); verjum hendr várar, ef þeir vekja fyrri við oss, *if they be the first to quarrel with us*.

VEKRA (AÐ), v. *to freshen up, rouse*.

VEL, adv. (1) *well* (taka v. við e-m); v. í vexti, *well-grown, well-shapen*; vera v. til e-s, *to be kind to one*; mér gefr vel at skilja, *I understand quite well*; (2) *easily* (þat mætti v. verða þinn bani); (3) *fully, amply, largely* (v. vegnar fimm merkr); faðir hennar hafði v. fé, *plenty of money*; intensive, with adj.; v. flestir, *the most part*; v. mikill, *rather great*; v. tuttugu menn, *twenty and upwards*; hundrað manna eða v. svá, *a hundred or fully that*.

VÉL (pl. -AR), f. (1) *artifice, craft, device*; gørva vélar til e-s, *to contrive some trick to obtain a thing*; við vélar, *with artifice, cunningly*; draga v. at e-m, beita e-n vélum, *to use guile towards one, deal cunningly with one*; (2) *apparatus, machine*; vél til at taka fiska, *a contrivance to catch fish*; vél er menn kalla veðr, *an engine that is called a battering ram*.

VÉLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *defraud, betray* (illt er vin v. þanns þér vel trúir); v. frá honum sverðit, *to get the sword from him (by tricks)*; ek vélta hann ór viti, *I wiled him out of his wit*; (2) v. um e-t, *to deal with, be busy with*; torveldligr um at v., *difficult to deal with*.

VÉLA-KAUP, n. *fraudulent bargain*; -LAUSS, a. *guileless*; -MAÐR, m. *fraudulent* or *deceitful person*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *guilefully, craflily*.

VEL-BORINN, pp., -BURÐUGR, a. *well-born, noble*.

VELDI, n. (1) *power* (með miklu v.); (2) *empire*; Dana-veldi, *Denmark*.

VELDIS-ENGILL, m. *archangel*; -HRINGR, m. *hale round the head of a saint*; -STÓLL, m. *throne*; -SÆTI, n. *throne*; -VÖNDR, m. *sceptre*.

VÉLENDI, n. *gullet, esophagus*.

VÉLENDIS-GANGR, m. *belching*.

VEL-FARANDI, m., VELFARAR-MINNI, n. *farewell cup* (drekka -faranda, -minni).

VEL-FERÐ, f. *well-doing, welfare*; -FERÐUGR, a. *well-behaved, righteous*.

VÉL-FIMI, -FINNI, f. *artifice*.

VEL-GØRÐ, -GØRNING, f., -GØRNINGR, m. *benefit, goodness* (hann þakkaði honum -gørning sinn).

VELGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to warm*.

VÉLI, n. *birds tail*; -FIÐRI, n. *tail-feathers*; -FJÖÐR, f. *tail-feather*.

VÉLINDI, n. pl. *tricks* (gera e-m v.).

VÉLINN, a. *wily, guileful*.

VÉLI-STUTTR, a. *short-tailed*, of a bird.

VELJA (VEL; VALDA; VALIÐR, VALDR, VALINN), v. *to choose, select, pick out* (v. e-n til fylgdar við sik); v. um e-t, *to choose between*; er gott um at v., *there is plenty of choice*; eiga um tvá kosti at v., *to have two alternatives to choose between*; v. e-m hæðilig (hörð) orð, *to speak ignominiously*

to (or of) one; hafa valit líð, *to have picked troops*; refl., veljast til e-s, *to come forward* (völdust margir göfgir menn til þessar ferðar).

VELKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to toss about* (þeir velktu Tuma lengi); impers., velkir e-n í hafi, *one is tossed about on the sea*; refl., velkjast úti, *to be tossed about on the sea*; (2) *to ponder over, consider*; hann sér, at eigi mun duga at v. ráðit, *to waver, hesitate*; v. e-t fyrir sér, *to turn over, revolve, a thing in one's mind*.

VEL-KOMINN, pp. *welcome* (biðja e-n vera -kominn).

VELL, n. *gold*; poet. and in compds.

VELLA (VELL; VALL, ULLUM; OLLINN), v. (1) *to be in a state of ebullition, boil* (rigndi blóði vellanda); (2) *to well up, swarm*; v. möðkum, *to swarm with worms*; ullu út ór ormar, *worms swarmed out*.

VELLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to prepare or cook by boiling* (v. lauk ok grös).

VELLA, f. *boiling heat, ebullition*.

VELL-AUÐIGR, a. *rich in gold, immensely rich* (maðr -auðigr).

VÉL-LAUSS, a. *guileless*; at -lausu, -laust, *without fraud*.

VELL-HEITR, a. *boiling hot*.

VELLINGR, m. *pottage*.

VEL-LYNDR, a. *well-minded*; -MENNING, f. *good upbringing*.

VÉL-ÓTTR, a. *wily, tricky*; -PRETTR, m. *wily tricky*; -RÁÐR, a. *wily*; -RÆÐI, n. *guileful design, deceitful act*; -SAMLIGR, a. *guileful* (með -samligri flærð); -SAMR, a. *wily*.

VEL-SETNING, f. *well-doing, good position*; -SPÁR, a. *good at soothsaying* (völva -spá).

VÉL-STUTTR, a. *short-tailed*.

VELTA (VELT; VALT, ULTUM; OLTINN), v. *to roll, tumble over* (ultu báðir ofan fyrir brekkuna); impers., veltr til vanda, *it goes as usual* (ok valt til vanda, at bœndr flýðu).

VELTA (-LTA, -LTR), v. *to roll, set rolling*, with dat. (v. manna búkum frá fótum jarli); impers., því næst velti skipinu, *she capsized*; refl., veltast, *to turn oneself, revolve* (sól veltist um átta ættir); hestrinn veltist um tólf sinnum, *the horse rolled itself over*; veltast ór konungdómi, jarldómi, *to give up one's kingdom, earldom* (veltist hann þá ór jarldómi ok tók höldsrétt).

VELTI-LIGR, a. *rolling* (-ligt hjól).

VELTING (pl. -AR), f. *rolling, rotation*.

VEL-VILJAÐR, -VILJUGR, a. *benevolent*.

VENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. (1) *to wend, turn* (vendi S. aptr herinum); v. sínum vegi, *to wend ones way* (hann vendir sínum vegi austr til landsenda); (2) *to change, convert* (guð vendi því ok sneri til góðs); (3) absol., *to turn* (þeir vendu þá á þat fjall, er kallat er Vazfell); v. aptr, *to return* (vendi hann aptr sömu leið).

VENDA (AÐ), v. *to change, alter* (v. siðum sínum).

VENDI-LIGA, adv. (1) *carefully* (spyrja -liga at e-u); segja -liga frá tíðindum, *to tell minutely*; (2) *quite, entirely* (svá var -liga upp gengit alit lausafé hans); -LIGR, a. *careful*.

VENGI, n. *pillow, cushion*.

VENJA (VAN; VANDA; VANDR and VANINN), v. (1) *to accustom* (v. e-n e-u *or* við e-t) v. hann við íþróttir ok hæversku, *to teach him, train him in*; v. barn af brjósti, *to wean a child* (þá var hann af brjósti vaninn); (2) *to train animals* (þar keypti Auðunn bjarndýri vel vanit); *to educate children* (var þat almælt, at engi

born væri svá vel vanin); (3) v. komur sínar til e-s, *to visit habitually* (hann venr komur sínar til Ormhildar); v. e-t af e-m, *to unteach one a thing* (kostgæfði hann af þeim at v. öll úkynni); (4) refl., venjast e-u, við e-t, *to get accustomed to, used to* (nú mun ek verða at v. hestinum um hrið; v. við íþróttir); with infin. *to be wont, used to* (vandist E. optliga at ganga til tals við Egil).

VENJA, f. *custom, habit* (þat var v. hans, at); at venju, *as usual*.

VENJU-BRAGÐ, n. *habit*; -LIGA, adv. *usually*; -LIGR, *usual*.

VENZL, n. pl. *relationship, ties of blood or affinity*; fyrir venzla sakir, *for kinship's sake*.

VENZLA-LAUSS, a. *bound by no ties*; -lausir menn, *persons not related, strangers*; -MAÐR, m. *kinsman, relation*, = vandamaðr.

VEPTR, m. woof, = veftr.

VER, n. (1) *station* for taking eggs, fishing, catching seals, &c. (cf. 'egg-, fiski-, sel-, út-ver'); (2) poet. *sea*; fyrir handan v., *beyond the sea*.

VER (gen. pl. -JA), n. *case, cover* (verit var af guðvefjarpelli).

VERA (ER; VAR, VÁRUM or VÓRUM; VERIT), v. (1) *to be, exist*; þeir menn vóru, er, *there were men who*; (2) *to be, happen*; þat var, at hón fór brott, *so it was that she went away*; en er váraði, var þar búskortr, *there was scarcity in the household*; hvat er henni, *what is the matter with her!* þat var einn dag, at, *it happened one day that*; kann (má) v., at, *it is possible, it may be that*; (3) *to last*; meðan þingit væri, *while the Thing lasted*; (4) láta e-n v., *to leave one alone* (lát mik v. ok ger mér ekki illt); bað hann láta v., *begged him to leave it undone, not to do it*; (5) *to dwell, stay*; hann bað hana vera í búð sinni, *he asked her to stay in his booth*; hann var á Höskuldsstöðum um nótt, *he passed a night at H.*; (6) with infin., hlymr var at heyra, *a clattering was to be heard*; þar var at sjá, *there was to be seen*; v. at gera e-t, *to be doing a thing*; kvað hann v. at telja silfr, *said he was counting the money*; denoting necessity, a thing about to happen, or to be done; nú er þeim út at ganga öllum, er leyft er, *now all those must go out to whom leave is given*; er nú eigi Kára at varast, *now there is no need to beware of K.*; nú er þar til máls at taka, at, *now it is to be told that*; nú er at segja frá Skamkatli, *now we must tell of S.*; (7) with a predicate (noun, adj., or adv.); v. konungr, Jarl, biskup, *to be king, earl, bishop*; v. glaðr, sæll, hryggr, ungr, gamall, *to be glad, happy, sad, young, old*; v. vel, illa til e-s, *to be well, ill-disposed towards one*; þat er illa, *it is sad*; vera spakliga í heraði, *to behave gently*; orð kvað þá Vingi þats án veri, *words which he had better not have said*; (8) impers., e-m er varmt, heitt, kalt, *one is warm, cold*; (9) with past participles in passive sense; v. kallaðr, sagðr, tekinn, *to be called, said, taken*; (10) with preps., v. af e-u, *to be off, out of* (v. af klæðum); v. at e-u, *to be busy at*; verkmenn váru at arningu, *they were ploughing*; *to be present* (þar varstu at); ek var at ok vafk, *I was about weaving*; þeir höfðu verit at þrjú sumur, *they had been busy at it for three summers*; v. eptir, *to be left, remain* (A. kvazt vilja v. eptir ok hvílast); v. fyrir, *to lead* (see 'fyrir'); v. til, *to exist*; v. um, undir, see 'um, undir'.

VERA, f. (1) *stay, sojourn*; ef hann á sér í vá veru, *if he has a corner to stay in*; (2)

comfort (slíkt er válaðs v.).

VERALDAR-, gen. from 'veröld'; -AUÐÆFI, n. pl. *worldly riches*; -BYGÐ, f. *the inhabited world*; -FRIÐR, m. *world-peace, universal peace*; -FRÆGR, a. *world-famous*; -GIRND, f., -GLYS, n., -GÓZ, n. *worldly desires, toys, goods*; -HÖFÐINGJAR, m. pl. *the great ones of the world*; -KLERKR, m. = -prestr; -LÁN, n. *worldly grants*; -LIFNAÐR, m. *life in this world*; -LÍF, n. *life in this world*; -LÖG, n. pl. *civil law*; -MAÐR, m. *a man of this world, secular person, layman*; -PRESTR, m. *secular priest*; -RÁÐ, n. pl. *management of worldly affairs*; -RÍKI, n. *worldly rank and power*; -RÍKR, a. *immensely rich*; -SJÓR, m. *the ocean*; -SPEKINGR, m. = -vitringr; -SPEKT, f. *worldly wisdom*; -STARF, n. *worldly business*; -SÆLA, f. *worldly bliss*; -VÁLAÐ, n. *wretchedness of the world*; -VITRINGR, m. *philosopher*; -VIZKA, f. *secular wisdom, worldly knowledge*.

VERALD-LIGR, a. *worldly, secular*.

VERAN, f. *being, essence* (guðlig v.).

VERÐ, n. *worth, price* (galt hann þegar verðit í gulli ok brendu silfri); þetta eru þrenn verð, *three times as much as the thing is worth*; halda e-u til verðs, *to put out for sale*; marka v. á e-u, leggja v. í e-t, *to fix the price of, set a value on*.

VERÐA (VERÐ; VARÐ, URÐUM; ORÐINN, VORÐINN), v. (1) *to happen, come to pass*; ætluðu allir, at þeir myndi tala um mál sitt, en þat varð ekki, *but it came not to pass, it was not so*; þá varð óp mikit at lögbergi, *then there arose a great shout at the Lawhill*; (2) v. e-m, *to happen to, befall one* (slikt verðr opt ungum mönnum); þat varð Skarphéðni, at stökk í sundr skóþvengr hans, *it happened to S. that his shoe-string snapped asunder*; sjaldan verðr víti vörum, *the wary man will seldom make a slip*; e-m verðr þörf e-s, *one comes to be in need of*; (3) *to happen to be, occur*; í lœk þann, er þar verðr, *in the brook that happens to be there*; varð fyrir þeim fjörðr, *they came on a fjord*; v. á leið e-s, *to be on one's path, happen to one*; (4) v. brottu, *to leave, absent oneself* (þeir sá þann sinn kost líkastan at v. á brottu); v. úti, *to go away* (verð úti ok drag ongan spott at oss); *to perish in a storm from cold* (sumir urðu úti); þeim þótti honum seint heim v., *they thought that he was long in coming home*; (5) with acc. *to lose*; kváðust okkr hafa orðit bæði, *said that they had lost us both*; (6) followed by a noun, adj., pp., adv., as predicate, *to become*; þá verðr þat þinn bani, *it will be thy death*; v. glaðr, hryggr, reiðr, *to become glad, sad, angry*; v. dauðr *to die* (áðr Haraldr inn hárfagri yrði dauðr) with participles; ok varð ekki eptir honum gengit, *he was not pursued*; verða þeir ekki fundnir, *they could not be found*; blóð hans varð ekki stöðvat, *the blood could not be staunched*; þeim varð litit til hafs, *they happened to look seaward*; impers., e-m verðr bilt, *one is amazed*; Kolbeini varð ekki fyrir, *K. lost his head, was paralysed*; with adverbs; hann varð vel við skaða sinn, *he bore his loss well, like a man*; jarl varð illa við þetta, *the earl was vexed by this*; (7) with infin., denoting necessity, *one must, needs, is forced, obliged to do*; þat verðr hverr at vinna, er ætlat er, *every one must do the work that is set before him*; þar er bera verðr til grjót, *where stones have to be carried*; verð ek nú flýja, *now I must flee*; (8) with preps., v. af e-u, *to come to pass* (var um rœtt, at hann skyldi leita fara, en eigi varð af); varð ek-

ki af ferðinni, *the journey came to nought was given up*; verðr þetta af, at hann tekr við sveinunum, *the end was that at last he took the boys*; starf ok kostnaðr varð af þessu, *trouble and expenses arose from this*; livat verðr af e-u, *what becomes of*; hvat varð af húnum mínum, *what has become of my cubs?*; v. at e-u, *to become* (v. at undri, undrsjónum); veiztu, hvat þér mun v. at bana, *knowest thou what will be the cause of thy death?*; v. at engu, *to come to nothing*; v. á, *to come on, happen*; þvat sem á yrði síðan, *whatever might happen later on*; e-m verðr á, *one makes a blunder, mistake* (þótti þér ekki á v. fyrir honum, er hann náði eigi fénu?); v. eptir, *to be left* (honum varð þar eptir geit ok hafr); v. fyrir e-u, *to meet with* (v. fyrir goða reiði); *to forebode* (v. fyrir stórfundum); v. fyrir e-m, *to be in one's way*, as a hindrance (því meira sem oss verðr fyrir, því harðara skulu þér niðr koma); v. í, *to happen* (tókust nú upp leikar sem ekki hefði í orðit); v. til e-s, *to come forth to do a thing, be ready to*; en sá er nefndr Hermóðr, er til þeirar farar varð, *who undertook this journey*; v. við e-m, *to respond to* (bið ek þik, at þú verðir við mér, þó at engi sé verðleiki til).

VERÐ-AURAR, m. pl. *medium of payment*; *value given or received*.

VERÐ-GANGR, m. *begging*; -GETA, f. *entertainment, fare*; -GJÖLF, f. *the giving of a meal*.

VERÐ-KAUP, n. *reward*; -KEYPTR, pp. *purchased*; -LAUN, n. pl. *reward*; -LAUNA (AÐ), v. *to reward*; -LAUSS, a. *valueless*; -LEIKR, m. *merit, desert*; esp. pl., hafa -leika til e-s, *to deserve*; eptir -leikum, *according to ones deserts*; -LIGR, a. *valuable*.

VERÐR (gen. VERÐAR), m. *meal* (fá árliga verðar); cf. 'dag-, náttverðr'.

VERÐR, a. (1) *worth*, with gen. (meira þykki mér verð vinátta þin); svá þótti honum mikils um vert, *he took it so much to heart*; mikils v., *much worth*; (2) *worthy, deserving*; v. e-s, *worthy of* (þótti þér hann ekki drápunnar verðr?).

VERÐ-SKYLDA (AÐ), v. *to deserve*; -SKYLDAN, f. *merit, desert*.

VERÐUGR, a. (1) *worthy* (v. e-s); (2) *deserved* (lofuðu allir guð semverðugt var) at verðugu, *deservedly*.

VERÐU-LIGA, adv. *deservedly*; -LIGR, a. *deserved*.

VERÐUNG, f. poet. *king's men*.

VER-FANG, n. *taking a husband*.

VERGA (AÐ), v. *to soil*; refl., vergast, *to be soiled* (kleði hans verguðust).

VER-GJÖRN, a. f. *mad after men*.

VERGR, a. only in superl.; vinna it vergasta, *to do the dirtiest work*.

VERJA (VER; VARÐA; VARIÐR, VARÐR), v. (1) *to defend* (v. sik vel ok frœknliga); v. landit fyrir e-m, *to defend the country against one*; ek man þó engum hlífa, ef ek á hendr mínar at v., *if I have to fight for my life*; (2) v. mál, *to defend a cause*, opp. to sœkja; (3) v. e-t, or v. e-m e-t, *to guard a place, hold it against a comer* (at vísu ætla ek at v. þér ríki mitt); Egill varði dyrrnar, *E. held the door*; v. e-t laga lýriti, *to forbid by a lawful protest*; (4) v. e-u, *to keep away* (Birkibeinar vörðu eldinum ok fengu sløkkt); v. e-m e-u, *to withhold from one*; meyjar ástum muna þér verða of varið, *the maiden's love shall not be denied thee*; (5) refl., verjast, *to defend oneself* (þeir vörðust með drengskap); v. e-u, *to defend oneself against* (þar mœtti hann finngálkni ok varðist því lengi).

VERJA (VER; VARÐA; VARIÐR, VARÐR),

v. (1) *to wrap, enclose*; v. e-n armi, faðmi, *to fold in one's arms, embrace*; mun ek vexa vel blæju at v. þitt líki, *to shroud thy body*; varið, *mounted, adorned* (gulli, silfri, járni varið); (2) v. sverði, *to swing, wield the sword*; (3) v. sér til, *to exert oneself*; en með því at hann varði sér mjök til, þá spruttu honum fœtr á jakanum, *as he exerted himself greatly, his feet slipped on the ice*; (4) *to invest money, lay out, expend* (hann selr jarðir sínar ok verr fénu til útanferðar); vænta ek, at ek hafa þá vel varit, *that I have made a good bargain*; (5) pp. n., varit; áttu svá til varit of menn, at, *thou art so well provided with men that*; þú átt til þess varit, *it is thy nature*; e-m er svá varit, at, *one is so constituted that* (honum var svá v., at hann var undirhyggjumaðr).

VERJA, f. *outer garment, cloak* (hann hafði yfir sér verju, saumaða saman af mörgum tötrum).

VERJANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. *defendant*, opp. to 'sœkjandi'.

VERK, n. (1) *work, business*; vera á verki, *to be at work*; (2) *a piece of work* (v. hefi ek hugat þér); (3) *act, deed*; Gunnarr sagði Njáli v. þessi, *G. told N. of these deeds*.

VERKA (AÐ), v. *to work*; v. sér til e-s, *to deserve by one's deeds*.

VERKA-EFNI, n. = verkefni; -KAUP, n. *wages*, = verk-kaup; -KONA, f. *workwoman, servant*; -LAUN, n. pl. *reward*; -LÝÐR, m. *work people*; -MAÐR, m. = verk-maðr; -NAUÐ, f. *heavy task*.

VERK-DAGR, m. *work-day*; -EFNI, n. *work to be done, task*; -FÁKR, m. = -hestr; -FŒRI, n. *implement, tool*; -FŒRR, a. *able to work*; -HESTR, m. *work-horse, cart-horse*.

VERKI, m. *verse-making*.

VERKJA (-TI, -T), v. impers. *to feel pain, to smart* (eigi er sá heill, er í augun verkir).

VERK-KAUP, n. *wages*; -KONA, f. verkakona; -LAUN, n. pl. *reward*.

VERK-LAUSS, a. *without pain* (verkr), *painless* (sár verklaus).

VERK-LIGR, a. *active, practical* (verkligt líf).

VERKLUNDAR-MAÐR, m. *industrious, hard-working man*; Grettir var lítill -maðr, *G. had little mind for work*.

VERK-MAÐR, m. *workman, labourer*; -maðr góðr, *a good worker*.

VERKNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. *work, badness*; taka upp verknað, *to take to some work*; halda verknaði á hendr e-m, *to put one to work*.

VERK-ÓÐI, a. *mad with pain* (verkr).

VERKR (-JAR, -IR), m. *pain* (hafa verk í augum).

VERK-REKI, m. *servant* (-reki e-s).

VERKS-HÁTTR, m. *working method*.

VERK-SMIÐR, m. *workman*; -SMÍÐ, f. *craft, work*.

VERKSMIÐAR-MAÐR, m. *craftsman* (engi var hann -maðr).

VERK-STJÓRI, m. *overseer*; -STJÓRN, f. *the supervision of work*; -ÞRÆLL, m. *working slave*.

VER-LAUSS, a. (1) *without a husband*; (2) *without a case or cover* (dúnbeðr -lauss); -LIÐAR, m. pl. *men*; vinr -liða, *friend of men, Thor*.

VERMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to warm* (Egill fór til elds at v. sik).

VER-MAÐR, m. *fisherman at an outlying station* (ver).

VERMI, m. *warmth* (hafa verma af eldinum; leita sér verma).

VERMIR, m. = vermi.

VERMIR, m. pl. *the men from Vermaland*, in Sweden.

VERMAKR, a. *from Vermaland*.

VERMSL, n. pl. *never-freezing spring*.

VERNA (AÐ), v. *to protect, defend* (rare).

VERND, f. (1) *protection* (veita e-m v.); (2) *a point for the defence*, = vörn (en í máli vóru engar verndir); (3) = verndan; eiga v. á at gera e-t, *to have a right, title to do a thing*.

VERNDA (AÐ), v. (1) *to protect*; (2) *excuse* (v. sik e-u).

VERNDAN, f. *excuse, subterfuge*.

VERNDARI, m. *protector, defender*.

VERPA (VERP; VARP, URPUM; ORPINN), v. (1) *to throw*, with dat. (hann varp af sér skildinum); hestrinn féll ok varp honum af baki, *threw him off*; hann verpr sér í söðulinn, *he throws himself into the saddle*; v. af sér klæðum, *to throw off the clothes*; v. mœðiliga öndinni, *to draw a deep sigh*; v. orðum (*or* orði) á e-n, *to address* (þessi varp orðum á konung ok spurði); væntir mik þess, at margir verpi þar góðum orðum á mik, *that many men will have good words to say of me*; v. e-n inni, *to shut one in*; impers. *to be thrown*; þar varp út údaun miklum, *a great stench came out*; (2) v. á, *to guess at, calculate* (verpa menn svá á, at latizt hafi níu menn); (3) *to lay eggs* (= v. eggjum); (4) *to cast up* (v. haug eptir fornum sið); þeir urpu haug eptir Gunnar, *they raised a mound over G.*; v. aptr hauginn, *to shut the cairn*; v. vef, *to warp a web* (sá er orpinn vefr ýta þörmum); (5) pp., orpinn; sandi o., *covered with sand*; aldri o., *bent with age*; uppi o. fyrir e-m, *quite overwhelmed, at one's mercy*; (6) refl., urpust flestir vel við orðsending Danakonungs, *they turned a favourable ear to, responded to the call*.

VERPILL (pl. VERPLAR), m. (1) *die* (kasta verplum til fjár sér); (2) *cask* (sumr drykkr var í verplum).

VERPILS-TALA, f. *cubic number*.

VERPLA-KAST, n. *cast (throw) of dice*.

VERR (-S, -AR), m. (1) sing. *husband* (vildi hón ver sínum vinna ofrhefndir); (2) pl., verar, *men* (þú ert æ vísastr vera).

VERR, adv. compar. *worse*; ván u., *worse than expected*; VERST, superl. *worst* (þykki mér þat verst).

VERR-FÉÐRUNGR, m. *a person worse than his father*.

VERRI, a. compar. *worse*; VERSTR, superl. *worst*.

VERS, n. *verse*; Maríu v., *Ave Maria*.

VERSA (AÐ), v. (1) *to put into verse* (v. sögu); (2) *to make verse*.

VERSA-BÓK, f. *a book in verse, poem*; -GØRÐ, f. *verse-making*.

VERSNA or VESNA (AÐ), v. *to get worse* (hlutr e-s versnar).

VER-SÆL, a. f. *happy in one's husband*; -ÞJÓÐ, f. *mankind, men*.

VERÖLD (gen. -ALDAR, pl. -ALDIR), f. (1) *world*; (2) *age*.

VESA, v. *to be*, = vera.

VESALA (AÐ), v. *to make wretched*.

VESALDAR-, genitive from 'vesöld'; -AUKI, m. *increase of wretchedness*; -MAÐR, m. *destitute person*.

VESALINGR (-S, -AR), m. = veslingr.

VESALL (VESÖL or VESUL, VESALT, pl. VESALIR or VESLIR), a. (1) *poor, destitute, wretched* (vesöl arfasáta); (2) with gen. *wretched in respect of* (vesöl eru vér konungs).

VESAL-LÁTR, a. *shabby*; -LIGA, adv. *miserably*; -LIGR, a. *wretched, wretched-looking*; -MANNLIGR, a. = -ligr; -MENNI, n.

paltry person; -menska, f. *stinginess, shabbiness*.

vesast (að), v. refl., *to be wretched and uncomfortable* (Austmenn vesuðust illa).

veski, n. *bag, knapsack*.

vé-skóp, n. pl. *holy ordinances*.

vesl, n. *a kind of cloak*.

vesla (að), v. *to make wretched*; refl., veslast, *to grow wretched, poor*.

veslingr (-s, -ar), m. *a poor, puny person, wretch* (hvat myndi v. þessi varða mér bátinn).

veslings-maðr, m. = veslingr.

veslugr, a. *poor, wretched* (fátœkr ok veslugr landskapr).

vesning, f. *being, essence*.

vestan, adv. (1) *from the west* (ríðu síðan hina sömu leið vestr, sem þeir hófðu v. riðit); v. um haf, *'from west over the sea', from the British Islands*; (2) *on the western side of*, with gen. (v. bœjar); fyrir v., *west of*, with acc. (fyrir v. vötnin).

vestan-ferð, f. journey from the west; -maðr, m. *a man from the west*; -veðr, n. *west wind*; -verðr, a. *western, westerly* (hit þriðja bú átti hann við sjóinn á -verðum Mýrum); -vindr, m. *west wind*.

vestarr, adv. compar. *more to the west* (eigi v. en í Hrútafjörð).

vestar-liga, adv. *toward the west*.

vestastr, a. superl., see 'vestri'.

vest-firðingar, m. pl. *the men from the West-fjords* (Vestfirðir), in Iceland.

vest-firðis, adv. *in the west of a fjord*; -firzka, L *a custom in the West-fjords*; -firzkr, a. *from the West-fjords*.

vest-fyldir, m. pl. *men from the Norse district Vestfold*; -maðr, m. *a man from the West, one from the British Isles*, esp. from Ireland, opp. to 'Austmaðr'.

vestr, n. (1) *the west* (frá vestri ok til norðrs); sá ek fugl fljúga ór vestri, *from the west*; (2) adv. *westwards, west, towards the west* (hvert sinn er þá ríðr v. eða vestan); þykki þér eigi gott v. þar, *there in the west*; sigla v. um haf, *to sail westwards over the sea, to the British Isles*.

vestr-ferð, f. *a journey to the west*; -för, f. *a journey to the west*; -hálfa, f. *the western part or region*; -heruð, n. pl. *the western districts* (of Iceland).

vestri, a. compar. *more westerly* (v. bygð); vestastr, superl. *most westerly* (liggja þessi lönd vestust).

vestr-lönd, n. pl. (1) *the British Isles*; (2) *the Occident*.

vestr-sveitir, f. pl. *the western districts* (of Iceland); -vegr, m. *the 'western way'*, i. e. the British Isles (herja í -veg); -víking, f. *a freebooting expedition to the West* (Vestrlönd); -ætt, f. *the western quarter*, of the heavens (líta í -ætt).

vest-rœna, f. *westerly wind*; -rœnn, a. *westerly* (vindar -rœnir).

vesæla, v. = vesala.

vesæll, a. = vesall.

vesöld (gen. -aldar), f. *misery, wretchedness*.

vetlingr, m. *glove* (cf. 'vöttr').

vetr (gen. vetrar, pl. vetr), m. (1) *winter*; miðr v., *midwinter*; í v., *this winter*; v. verðr mikill, *the winter becomes cold, severe*; á vetri, í vetri, *last winter*; (2) *year* (sextán vetra gamall); tíu vetrum síðarr, *ten years later*.

vetra (að), v. *to become winter*; líðr fram haustinu ok tekr at v., *the winter began to set in, it became wintry*.

vetrar-braut, f. *winter-road*; -dagr, m. *winter-day*; á -dag, *in the winter*; -far, n. *the course (character) of winter* (sagði

hón mönnum forlög sin ok -far ok aðra hluti); -LANGT, adv. *during winter, throughout the winter*; -MEGN, n. *the severest part (the depth) of winter*; -NAUÐ, f. *severe winter*; -RÍKI, n. = vetrar-nauð (-ríki var mikit); -TÍÐ, f. *winter-tide*; -TÍMI, m. *winter-time*.

VETRA-TAL, n. *number of winters, years* (fyrr rosknir at afli en -tali).

VETR-BEIT, f. *winter pasture*; -BJÖRG, f. *winter provender*; -GAMALL, a. *a year old* (-gamalt lamb); -GATA, f. *winter-road*; -GEMLINGR, m. *a sheep a winter old*; -GESTR, m. *winter guest*; -GRIÐ, n. *winter-stay, winter-quarters* (bjóða e-m -grið); -HAGI, m. *winter pasture*; -HRINGR, m. *the milky way*; -HÚS, n. pl. *winter houses*, opp. to 'sel'; -LANGT, adv. = vetrarlangt; -LÍTI, m. *one who has passed a winter, 'winter-old' bear*; -LIGR, a. *wintry*; -LÆGR, a. *lying up in harbour for the winter*.

VETRNÁTTA-HELGR, f. *the first Sunday in the winter-season*; -SKEIÐ, n. *the season when winter sets in*.

VETR-NÆTR, f. pl. *the winter nights* (the three days which begin the winter season); -SETA, f. *winter quarters*; -TAKA, f. *taking a winter-guest*.

VETRTAKS-, or VETRTÖKU-MAÐR, m. *winter-guest*.

VETRUNGR (-S, -AR), m. *an animal one winter old, yearling*, esp. *a calf*.

VETR-VEÐR, n. *winter weather*; -VIST, f. *winter abode, winter quarter*.

VETT, n. *lid of a chest*, see 'vætt'.

VETT-FANGR, -RIM, -VANGR, see vætt-, etc.; VETTUGI, see vættugi.

VÉURR, m. *holy warder*.

VEXA (-TA, -TR), v. *to rub with wax*.

VIÐ or VIÐR, prep. with dat. and acc.; I. with dat. (1) *against*; hann sló honum niðr v. steininum, *he dashed his head against the stone*; hús liggja v. velli, *the houses lie in ruins*; kasta sér niðr v. velli, *to cast oneself down on the ground*; er inn efri kjöptr v. himni, en inn neðri við jörðu, *the upper jaw touches the heaven, the lower the earth*; hann hjó hann upp v. garðinum, *he smote him close by the fence*; skera af sér strenginn við øxinni, *to cut the string, asunder against the axe*; (2) *against, towards*, of direction; horfa v. e-m, *to look towards, face*; (3) *along with* (hann hafði marga smiðu v. sér); (4) *with*, of an instrument (jarl hljóp upp v. sverði); (5) *among*; gengu síðan í sæti sin v. öðrum mönnum, *among other men*; (6) denoting barter, exchange, *against, for* (geta gull v. grjóti); (7) denoting remedy, *against* (hjálpa e-m v. e-u); (8) *against*, denoting contest, warding off (hafa liðsafla v. e-m); hafa (viz. afl) v. e-m, *to be one's match*; (9) ellipt. usages; stinga v. fótum, *to stop*; hrífa v., *to catch hold*; búast v., *to make oneself ready*; risa v., *to withstand*; hvatz hann fiðr v., *whatsoever he may object*; II. with acc. (1) *by, at, close to* (sníða skeggit við hökuna); skjöldr við skjöld, *shield to shield*; v. Sandhólaferju, *at Sandholferry*; v. veginn, *by the wayside*; v. ána, *by the river*; draga segl v. hún, *to hoist the sail to the top*; festa e-n v. meið, tré, *to fasten to a pole, tree*; binda v. fót e-s, *to bind up a broken leg*; dró upp flóka v. austr, *in the east*; (2) of time, *towards, at*; v. solar-setr, *at sunset*; v. sól, *with the sun, at sunrise*; v. aptan, *towards evening*; vera v. aldr, *to be stricken in years*; (3) *at, by* (vera heima v. bú sitt); Hrútr var v. skip um sumarit, *H. stayed by his ship during the summer*; sitja v. stýri, *to sit at the rudder*; styðja

sik v. e-t, *to lean on*; ganga v. staf, *to walk with a staff*; vera v. e-t, *to be present at*; sitja v. drykk, *to sit at drink*; (4) *denoting direction*; í sýn v. bœinn, *within sight of the town*; (5) denoting company, *with* (bauð þeim heim vill alla sína menn); v. annan, þriðja, fjórða mann, *being two, three, four altogether*; (6) *towards (a person or thing), respecting, regarding* (mildr, blíðr, góðr v. e-n); til gæzlu v. e-n: *for keeping, watching one*; hræddr v. e-n, *afraid of one*; (7) of cause, *by, at*; falla v. högg, *to fall by a stroke*; sigla v. stjörnuljós, *to sail by starlight*; verða reiðr v. e-t, *to become wroth at*; (8) *as compared with, set off against* (þrjóta mun okkr illsku v. þik); eigi minna virðr en v. konunginn, *of equal worth with the king*; (9) *according to, after* (gera klæði v. vöxt e-s); v. sik, *in proportion*; hann var skapaðr allr v. sik, *well shaped, symmetrical*; vita, hvat v. sik væri, *to know what was the matter*; (10) denoting means, *with, by* (v. þessar fortölur); tendra eld v. e-t, *to make fire by*; (11) ellipt. usages; bregða við, *to start*; hann þagði v., *he remained silent*; fá v. þrjú skip, *to add three ships*; þurfa v., *to need*; bjarga, hjálpa e-u v., *to help, put right*; koma e-u við, *to bring about*.

VIÐ (gen. -JAR, pl. -JAR), f. *withy, withe*; *collar* (viðjar af gulli).

VIÐA (AÐ), v. *to furnish wood*.

VIÐA, f. (1) *mast* (lét hann reisa viðuna ok draga seglit); láta skip renna at (*or* á) viðum, *to let the ship run under bare poles*; (2) *a high deck or bridge*, amidships on ships of war (Sverrir konungr hljóp upp á viðuna).

VIÐAN, f. *cutting and fetching wood*.

VIÐAR-BULUNGR, m., -BYRÐR, f., -FANG, n. *a pile, burden, armful of wood*; -FLAKI, m. *hurdle (scaffolding) of wood*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *wood-stores*; -HLASS, n. *load of wood*; -HÖGG, n. *wood-cutting*; -LAUF, n. *wood-leaves*; -MARK, n. *mark on a tree*; -RIF, n. *the right of taking faggots*; -RÓT, f. *root of a tree*; -RUNNR, m. *grove*; -TAKA, f. *wood-pilfering*; -TÁG, f. *tough root*; -TÁLGA, f. *wood-cutting*; -TEINUNGR, m. *wand*; -VAL, n. *picked wood*; -VERK, n. *wood-work*; -VÖXTR, m. *young plantation, brushwood*; -ØX, f. *wood-axe*.

VIÐA-VAL, n. *selection of timber*.

VIÐ-BAND, n. *withy-band*.

VIÐ-BÁRA, f. *objection, pretext*; -BEIN, -BEINA, n. *collar-bone*; -BIT, n. *butter*.

VIÐ-BITULL, m. *withy-bridle*.

VIÐ-BJÓÐR, m. *disgust, dislike* (mér er -bjóðr við e-u, um e-ð).

VIÐ-BJÖRN, m. *wood-bear, black bear*.

VIÐ-BLAND, n. *admixture* (taka -bland af e-u).

VIÐ-BORÐI, m. *the broadside turned towards the enemy*; vera (hafa sik) á borða, *to be broadside on, in an an opposed position*.

VIÐ-BRAGÐ, n. (1) *quick movement, start*; skjótligr í -bragði, *on the alert*; seinligr í -bragði, *slow in his movements*; bregða engum -brögðum, *to make no starts, not to stir*; (2) *look, countenance, outward appearance* (skolbrúnn ok nökkut grimmligr í -bragði); -BREKT, a. n. *steep, uphill*, opp. to 'forbrekkis' (var -brekt at ríða at bœnum); -BÚNAÐR, m., -BÚNINGR, m. *preparation*; hafa -búnað, -buning, *to get oneself ready*.

VIÐ-FALL, n. (1) *the lowering of a mast* (viðr); (2) *prosperous issue* (væntir mik, at eigi fái þeir -fall þaðan af); ná öngu -falli, *to come to no conclusion*.

VIÐ-FANG, n. (1) *dealing with*; góðr,

harðr, illr -fangs, *good, hard, bad to deal with*; (2) pl., -föng, *stores, provisions* (en er þat þrýtr, þá mun illt til -fanga).

VIÐFANGA-LAUST, a. n. *without provisions*.

VIÐ-FELLINN, a. *pliant, complaisant* (vera -fellinn við e-n); -FÖR, f. *treatment* (hafa verri -farar); -GANGA, f. *confession* (-ganga synda).

VIÐGØRÐAR-MIKILL, a. *requiring great efforts, dangerous* (veðr var hvasst ok -mikit).

VIÐ-GØRNINGR, m. *treatment* (góðr -gørningr); -HJÁLP, f. *help, support*.

VIÐ-HÖGG, n. *wood-cutting*.

VIÐI-HÆLL, m., see 'víði-hæll'.

VIÐJA, f. *withy*, = við.

VIÐ-KENNING, f. (1) *an additional kenning*; (2) *acknowledgement* (koma til -kenningar sannleiksins); -KOMA, f. *touch*; -KVAÐ, n. = -kveð; -KVÁMA, f. = -koma; -KVEÐ, n. *scream, yell, shriek*; -KŒMILIGA, adv. *becomingly*.

VIÐ-KÖSTR, m. *pile of wood*.

VIÐ-LAGNING, f. *addition*; -LÁTINN, pp. *prepared, ready* (kvezt eigi mundu í annat sinn betr -látinn); -látinn at greiða, *ready to pay*; nú er svá -látit, at, *now things stand so that*; -LEITINN, a. *trying to do one's best, endeavouring* (viðleitinn um allar íþróttir); -LEITNI, f. *endeavour, attempt*; -LÍFI, n. *behaviour, conduct*; -LÍKR, a. *similar*; -LÖGUR, f. pl. *fines*, = viðrlög (miklar viðlögur við manns aftak); -MÆLI, n. (1) *conversation, interview* (veita e-m -mæli); góðr, blíðr -mælis, *affable*; (2) *agreement* (þótti honum eigi haldizt hafa -mæli þeira); -NÁM, n. *resistance* (veita -nám).

VIÐR, prep. with dat. and acc. = við.

VIÐR (gen. -AR; pl. -IR, acc. -U), m. (1) *tree* (hann sá einn íkorna í viðum uppi); (2) *forest, wood*; sól gengr til viðar, *the sun sets*; (3) *felled trees, timber* (nú vil ek at þú takir mjöl ok við); (4) *mast*.

VIÐRA (AÐ), v. (1) *to blow, be such and such*, of the weather; fjöld um viðrir (= viðrar) á fimm dögum, *the weather often changes in five days*; (2) *to snuffle, scent* (refkeilan viðraði í allar ættir).

VIÐR-AUKI, m. *augmentation, addition*; -BORÐI, m. = viðborði; -BÚNAÐR, -BÚNINGR, m. = viðbúnaðr, viðbúningr; -EIGN, f. (1) *dealing with, intercourse*; illr, harðr -eignar, *hard to deal with, ill to manage*; (2) *encounter* (-eign Sigmundar ok Haralds).

VIÐ-REKI, m. *drift of wood*.

VIÐ-RÉTTA, f. *redress, compensation*.

VIÐR-FÖNG, n. pl. = viðfang 2; -GANGA, f. (1) *resistance*; (2) = viðganga; -HENDING, f. *'after-rhyme'*, the latter rhyme-syllable in a verse-line; -HJAL, n. *conversation, talk*; -HJÁLP, f. *help, assistance*.

-VIÐRI, n. *weather*; in compds., haf-, heið-, hvass-, land-, vit-viðri, &c.

VIÐR-JAFNA (AÐ), v. *to compare* (e-t e-u); -KENNING, f. = viðkenning; -KOMNING, f. *compunction*; -KVEÐ, n. = viðkveð; -KVÆMILIGA, a. *becomingly*; -KVÆMILIGR, a. *becoming*; -KŒMILIGR, a. *becoming*; -LIFNAÐR, m. *means of sustenance*; -LIT, n. (1) *a looking towards*; (2) *look, countenance* (Hornbogi var í viðrliti bjartlitaðr).

VIÐRLITA-MIKILL, a. *big to behold*.

VIÐR-LÍFI, n. = -lifnaðr; -LÍKING, f. *comparison, imitation*; -LÍKJAST (t), v. refl. *to imitate*, with dat.; -LÍKR, a. *similar*, = viðlíkr; -LÆGR, a. *near*; var þá -lægt, at, *it was on the verge*; -LÖG, n. pl. *fine, penalty*; -LÖGUR, f. pl. = -lög; -MÆLI, n.

conversation, talking together; -NÁM, n. *resistance*, = viðnám; -NEFNI, n. *surname*; -ORÐ, n. *adverb*; -RŒÐA, f. = viðrœða.

VIÐR-SJÖN, f. *a warning, a thing to be shunned*; -SKIPTI, n. = viðskipti; -SKOTULL, a. *taunting*; -SLAG, n. *the parrying of a blow*; -SÝN, -SÝND, f. = -sjön; -TAKA, f. = viðtaka; -TAL, n. *conversation*; -TALAN, f. *talking together*; -TEKT, f. *reception, receiving*; hafa -tektir góðar, *to be well received*; -TŒKILIGR, a. *susceptible, acceptable*; -VERA, f. *presence*; -VERANDI, pr. p. *present*; -VIST, f. (1) *presence*; (2) *means of sustenance* (öll önnur skepna var skópuð manninum til -vistar); -VÆRI, n. = viðrvist (2).

VIÐ-RŒÐA, f. *conversation, talk*.

VIÐ-SJÁ (pl. -SJÁR), f. *a shunning, wariness* (vóru þá miklar dylgjur ok -sjár með þeim); gjalda (veita) -sjá, *to be on one's guard*; hann gerði at -sjám at finna hann, *he shunned him deliberately*; -SJÁLL, a. *on one's guard against* (við e-u).

VIÐSJÁ-, or VIÐSJÁR-MAÐR, m. *a person to be on one's guard against, to be shunned*; -VERÐR, a. *worth being on one's guard against*.

VIÐ-SKIPTI, n. (1) *dealings*; illr, hœgr, góðr -skiptis, *ill, easy, good to deal with*; (2) plur. *hostile intercourse* (segir honum frá -skiptum þeira Ásgríms); (3) *sexual intercourse* (eiga -skipti við karlmenn).

VIÐSKOTA-ILLR, a. *malicious*.

VIÐ-SKRAF, n. *talk, chat*.

VIÐ-SMJÖR, n. *'wood-butter', (olive) oil* (smurðr helgu -smjöri).

VIÐSMJÖRS-HORN, -KER, n., -KETILL, m. *a horn, vessel, of oil*; -KVISTR, m. *olive branch*; -TRÉ, n. *olive free*.

VIÐ-SPELL, -SPJALL, n. *conversation*; -STAÐA, f. *resistance* (fekk hann enga -stöðu); -SÝND, f. = viðrsýn, viðrsjön; -SŒMANDI, pr. p. *beseeming*; -SŒMING, f. *respects, homage* (veita e-m -sœming); hœgr -sœmingar, *easy to get on with*; -TAKA, f. (1) *reception, receiving* hann fekk þar enga -tóku, *he was rejected*; veita konungi -töku, *to receive the thing*; (2) pl., esp. *hospitality*; vera góðr -takna, *to be a good host*; fá góðar -tökur, *to be well received*; (3) *resistance*, = viðrtaka (var þar lítil -taka); -TAKANDI, m. *receiver*; -TAL, n. *conversation*, = viðrtal; -TEKJA, f. *reception* (fá góðar -tekjur); -TEKT, f. = viðrtekt; -TŒKILIGR, a. *agreeable*.

VIÐTÖKU-MAÐR, m. *receiver*.

VIÐ-VARAN, f. *warning*; -VARNAM, f. *abstinence from* (-varnan fœzlu); -VINDILL, m. *woodbine*; -VÆRI, n. = viðrværi; -VÖRUN, f. = -varan.

VIGG, n. poet. *horse, steed*.

VIGR (pl. VIGRAR), f. poet. *spear*.

VIKA (gen. pl. VIKNA), f. (1) *week*; nú lífa sumarit til átta vikna, *till it was eight weeks to winter*; hin helga v., *Holy-week* (after Whitsun); efsta v., *the last week of Lent, Passion-week*; (2) *sea-mile*, = vika sjóvar, v. sævar (Ólafseyjar liggja út á firðinum hálfa aðra viku undan Reykjanesi).

VIKNA (AÐ), v. *to give way* (v. fyrir, v. við); *of ranks in battle, in wrestling* (gekk L. svá fast fram, at þeir viknuðu fyrir Skotarnir).

VIKÓTTR, a. *bald on the forehead above the temples* (bleikr á hár ok v. snemma).

VIKR, f. *pumice-stone* (fló v. mikil á bœinn í Næfrholt).

VIL (gen. VILJA), n. pl. *entrails*.

VIL, n. (1) *desire, lust* (dul ok v.); (2) í v. e-m, *at one's will, to one's liking* (ráða drauma í v. e-m).

VIL-BJÖRG, f. *good help*.

VILD, f. (1) *will, liking* (eptir várri v.); (2) *favour* (fyrir vildar sakir við lýðinn).

VILDAR-FÓLK, n. *the chosen people*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *the best clothes, state robes*; -LIÐ, n. *the best men, favourites*; -MAÐR, m. *a distinguished man, favourite* (konungr ok mart -manna); -MÆR, f. *favourite maid, maid of honour*.

VILDIS-LÝÐR, m. *the best men*, = vildarlið; -MAÐR, m. = vildarmaðr.

VILDR (compar. VILDRI or VILDARI, superl. VILZTR or VILDASTR), a. (1) *agreeable* (era sá vinr öðrum, er vilt eitt segir); (2) *good, choice*, esp. in compar. and superl. *better, best*; honum var ekki vildara af ván, *he expected nothing better*; vildra sverð, *better sword*.

VIL-GALI, m. *flattery*, = fagrgali.

VILGI, adv. (1) *very*; v. mjök, *very much* (hann kvíddi engu v. mjök); (2) *by no means, not at all* (hann vissi þat v. görla).

VILGIS, adv. *very*, = vilgi (v. opt.).

VIL-HALLR, a. *partial*; segja -hallt, *to give a partial, unfair report* (liðsmenn segja opt -hallt, ok segja þat, er þeir vildi at væri).

VILI (gen. VILJA), m. (1) *will, wish, desire* (sigrsæll er góðr v.); (2) *disposition, mind* (vera e-m með góðum vilja); (3) *delight, joy*; vanr vilja, *joyless*.

VILI-SESS, m. *pleasant seat* (?).

VILJA (VIL, VILDA, VILJAT), v. (1) *to will, wish*, with infin. (nú vil ek spyrja yðr); Austmaðr kvazt vildu (pret. infin.) fyrir hafa land, *the Easterling said he wished to have land for (the ship)*; with the infin. *left out or understood*; vildi Aðalráðr hann ekki þar, *A. wished him not (to be) there*; hón vildi hann feigan, *she wished him dead*; with subj., viltu, at ek fara til eyjanna, *wilt thou that I shall go to the islands*; (2) with acc. *to wish, want* (eigi vil ek þessa); hvat vilt þú honum, *what dost thou want with him?*; v. hverjum manni gott, *to wish good to everybody*; v. heldr, *to prefer* (viltu heldr dóminn?); (3) impers., var sigit inn eptir firðinum svá sem vera vildi, *as best might be, at random*; þá er vel vildi, *when the luck was fair*; (4) v. e-m, *to favour one* (þat er ván, at þér mundi sœmdin v.); (5) v. til, *to happen* (ef þat á. til at v.); (6) refl., þeir viljast eigi við oss, *they bear no good will towards us*.

VILJAÐR, a. (1) *willing, inclined*; nú væra ek á þat v. at, *I should like to*; skal ek eigi vera verr v. en hann, *I shall not be less eager (less ready) than he*; (2) *intentioned, disposed* (at drottning mundi miklu verr viljuð); vera e-m vel v., *well disposed towards one*; e-m er lítt viljat til e-s, *one does not like a person*; játta því nökkuru, er þeim væri eigi vel viljat, *not to their liking*.

VILJA-GÓÐR, a. *well disposed*; -LAUSS, a. *joyless*; -LEYSA, f., -LEYSI, n. *want of will*; -LIGR, a. *voluntary*.

VILJAN-LIGA, adv. *willingly*; -LIGR, a. *willing*.

VILJARI, a. compar., VILJASTR, a. superl. = vildari, vildastr, see 'vildr'.

VILJUG-LIGA, adv. *readily*.

VILJUGR, a. (1) *willing, ready* (v. til e-s); (2) *to one's liking* (hvárt sem henni væri þat viljugt eða miðr).

VILKIT, a. n., poet. *not good, dismal*.

VILLA, f. (1) *error, falsehood*; (2) *heresy*; (3) *delusion*.

VILLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to lead astray* (nótt hefir mik villt); ok er svá villt fyrir mér, at, *I am so bewildered that*; (2) *to falsify, counterfeit* (v. heimildir á. fé); villtar

rúnar, *dark, obscure runes*; rísta (rúnar) villt, *to mis-write, write wrong*; v. leitina fyrir e-m, *to confound the search, put one on a wrong scent*; (3) refl., villast, *to go astray, lose one's way* (hafði hann villzt ok snúizt frá guði); with gen., nú villtust þeir vegar, *now they lost the road*; villtust hundarnir farsins, *the hounds lost the track*; þeim öllum villtist sýn, at engi þeira mátti finna hann, *they were all so bewildered that none of them could find him*.

VILLI-BRÁÐ, f. *venison*; -DÝR, n. *wild beast*; -ELDR, m. *wild-fire*; -FYGLI, n. *wild fowl*; -FŒRR, a. *bewildering, difficult to find the way* (var þeim -fœrt til bœjarins); -GRAÐUNGR, m. *wild bull*; -GÖLTR, m. *wild boar*; -RÁÐA, a. indecl. *bewildered*; -SAUÐR, m. *wild sheep*; -SKÓGR, m. *wild forest*; -SKÝ, n. *bewildering cloud*; -STÍGR, m. *wild false path*; -SVIN, n. *wild boar*.

VILLR, a. (1) *wild, false* (hverfa af villum götum); (2) *bewildered, erring, astray*; fara v., fara villt, *to go astray* (hann fór v. um stórar merkr ok úkunnar); (3) *perplexed, uncertain* (þeir urðu villir á hvára hönd þeim sjór skyldi liggja); with gen., fara v. vegar, *to go astray*.

VILLU-ÁTRÚNAÐR, m. *false belief, unbelief*; -BISKUP, m. *false bishop*; -BÖND, n. pl. *bonds of error*; -DÓMR, m. *error*; -DRAUMR, m. *false dream*; -DÝR, n. = villidýr; -EFNI, n. *cause of error*; -FULLR, a. *erroneous*; -GATA, f. *wrong path*; -KARL, m. = -maðr; -KAST, n. *wrong throw*; -KEISARI, m. *false (heretic) emperor*; -LAUSS, a. *free from error, orthodox*; -MAÐR, m. *heretic*; -NÓTT, f. *night of error*; -SAMLIGR, -SAMR, a. *erroneous, false*; -SPÁMAÐR, m. *false prophet*; -STÍGR, m. = villistígr; -TRÚ, f. *unbelief, heresy*; -VEGR, m. *way of error*.

VIL-MÁL, -MÆLI, n. *kind word, word of good will* (hafa -mæli við e-n); -MÆLTR, pp. *speaking to one's liking* (vera -mæltr e-m).

VILNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to make concession to, favour one* (þau ein kaup höfðu þeir við átzt, at þeim var eigi vilnat í); (2) refl., vilnast e-s, *to hope for, wish for, a thing* (vilnaðist bann jafnan guðs miskunnar).

VILNAÐR (gen. -AR), m. (1) *joy, comfort*; (2) *hope*.

VILNAN, f. = vilnaðr; iðrast með v., *to repent with hope*.

VILT, a. n. from 'vildr' and 'villr'.

VIMPILL, m. *'wimple', veil*.

VIN (gen. -JAR), f. *meadow*.

VIN, m. *friend*, = vinr.

VINA, f. *female friend*.

VINA-BOÐ, n. *feast of friends*; -FUNDR, m. *meeting of friends*; -SKIPTI, n. *change of friends*; -STYRKR, m. *strength, backing of friends*; -VANDR, a. *particular as to friends*; -VEIZLA, f. = -boð.

VINÁTTA, f. *friendship* (binda, halda, vináttu við e-n).

VINÁTTA-BOÐ, n. *friendly offer, offer of friendship*; -BRAGÐ, n. *friendly turn*; -HEIT, n. *promise of friendship*; -KVEÐJA, f. *friendly greeting*; -MARK, n. *token of friendship*; -MÁL, n. *message, intercourse, of friendship*; -MERKI, n. = -mark; -SAMLIGR, a. *friendly, amicable*.

VIN-BEIN, n. *collar-bone*, = viðbein (lestist vinbein hans).

VINDA (VIND; VATT, UNDUM; UNDINN), v. (1) *to twist, wring, squeeze*; v. klæði sín, *to wring one's wet clothes*; v. sik = v. kleði sín (vóru allir vátir ok tóku at v. sik); v. e-t sundr, *to break, snap asunder* (hann vatt ljáinn í sundr milli handa sér); (2) *to*

wind, twist; v. vef, *to wind the woof*; þær ór sandi síma undu, *they wound a rope out of sand*; (3) *to wind, hoist up by means of a* 'vindáss'; v. segl, *to hoist sail* (þeir undu segl sín.); v. upp akkeri, *to weigh anchor*; vindum af ræfrit af skálanum, *let us pull the roof off the hall*; (4) *to turn, swing*; höfði vatt þá Gunnarr ok Högna til sagði, *G. turned his head and spoke to H.*; v. eldskíðu í næfrarnar, *to hurl a burning brand on the roof*; vindr upp sjóðnum, *he suddenly lifted up the money-bag*; (5) refl., vindast, *to make a sudden movement, turn oneself quickly*; pres. 'vizt' (í því kemr Þorgerðr inn, ok vizt Helgi við fast ok fellr ofan af þilinu).

VINDA, f. *hank of yarn*.

VINDA-BRÚ, f. *draw-bridge*.

VINDANDI, f. *the use of v* (vend) *before r, as in* v-rangr, v-reiðr.

VIND-AUGA, n. *window*, = vind-gluggr.

VIND-ÁSS, m. *winding-pole, windlass* (þeir undu með -ásum).

VIND-BELGR, m. *wind-bag, bellows*; -BLAKA, f. *wind-flow, breeze*; -BLÁSINN, pp. *distended by the wind*; -BLÁSTR, m. *wind-blast*; -BLÆR, m. *light air, breath*; -FULLR, a. *windy*; -GLUGGR, m. *window*; -GUL, n. *air, wind. breeze*; -HEIMR, m. *world of the winds the air*; -HJÁLMR, m. *'wind helmet', the sky*.

VINDINGR, m. *strips of cloth for winding round the leg*.

VIND-KALDR, a. *wind-cold*.

VINDLA (AÐ), v. *to wind up* (v. ull).

VIND-LAND, n. *the land of the Wends*.

VIND-LAUSS, a. *windless, calm* (veðr var -laust A sjákyrt).

VIND-LENZKR, a. *Wendish*.

VINDLI, m. *wisp* (fjúka sem v.).

VIND-LIGR, a. *windy* (veðr var -ligt); -LÍTILL, a. *light of wind, calm* (veðr vóru vindlítil).

VINDR (-S or -AR), m. (1) *wind*; v. var á norðan, *it blew from the North*; (2) *air* (gekk svá milli úvina sinna náliga sem hann œði vind).

VINDR, m. *winding-stairs*.

VINDR (VIND, VINT), a. *awry*.

VINDR, m. pl. *the Wends*.

VINDS-BLÆR, m. = vindblær; -BYLR, m. *gust of wind*; -FULLR, a. = vind-fullr; -GNÝR, m. *squall of wind*.

VIND-SKEIÐ, f. *barge-board*.

VIND-STŒÐI, n. *the direction of the wind*; -SVALR, a. = -kaldr.

VINDUGR, a. *exposed to the wind* (ek hekk vin[d]ga meiði á).

VIND-VERSKA, f. *the Wendish language*; -VERSKR, a. *Wendish*.

VIND-ÞROTINN, pp. *short of wind*; -ÞURR, a. *wind-dry, air-dried* (viðr -þurr); -ÆÐAR, f. pl. *'wind-veins', the arteries*; -ÖLD, f. *'wind-age', a time of tempests*.

VIN-FASTR, a. *steadfast as a friend*; -FENGI, n. *friendship*; -FESTI, f. *steadfastness in friendship*.

VINGAÐR, pp. *standing in friendly relations* (vel var Sveinn jarl v. við lenda menn).

VINGAN, f. *friendliness, friendship*.

VINGANAR-HEIT, n. pl., -MÁL, n. pl., -ORÐ, n. pl., -SVIPR, m. *promise, assertions, words, look of friendship*.

VINGAST (AÐ), v. *to make friends*; v. við e-n, til e-s, *to enter into friendship, or friendly relations, with a person*.

VIN-GJARNLIGA, adv. *friendly, kindly*; -GJARNLIGR, a. *friendly, kind*; -GJÖF, f. *friendly gift*; -GÓÐR, a. *kind towards one's friends*; neut. -gott, *friendliness* (heldr vil ek gjalda féit, ok mun -gott í móti koma);

-gott var með þeim, *they were good friends*; eiga -gott við e-n, *to be good friends with a person*.

VINGULL, m. *a horse's male organ*.

VIN-GÆFR, a. *procuring friends* (mun oss sjá sigr ekki -gæfr vera); -GŒÐI, n. *kindness, amiability*; -HALLR, a. (1) *partial*; eigi var hann -hallr í dómum, *he was no respecter of persons in his decisions*; (2) = -hollr; -HOLLR, a. *true, steadfast as a friend, affectionate as a friend*; -hollr e-m, *friendly towards one*; -KAUP, n. *acquisition of a friend* (honum þótti í þér mest -kaup); -KONA, f. *female friend*; -LAUSS, a. *friendless*; -MARGR, a. *having many friends*; -MAL, -MÆLI, n. *friendly words, assertions* (Egill þakkaði konungi gjafar ok -mæli).

VINNA (VINN; VANN, UNNUM, UNNINN), v. (1) *to work, labour, do work* (Ásmundr vildi lítit v.); v. á akri ok plœgja, *to work in the field and plough*; (2) *to work, till, cultivate* (v. akr, jörðina); (3) *to work, perform, do*; v. verk sin, *to do one's work*; þat verðr hverr at v., er ætlat er, *every one must do the work that is set before him*; þér hafið mikit stórvirki unnit, *ye have done a great deed*; v. eið, sœri, *to take an oath*; v. bœtr á e-u, *to redress*; v. e-m beinleika, beina, *to show hospitality to one*; v. e-m geig, bana, *to work harm, death, to one*; v. e-m úsœmd, *to bring shame, disgrace on one*; v. e-m bót (illt), *to do one good (harm)*; v. e-m hefnd, *to take revenge on*; (4) v. e-m, *to wait upon, attend to, tend* (Höskuldr bað hana vinna þeim hjónum); (5) *to win, gain*; v. orrustu, sigr, *to gain a battle, victory*; v. sigr á e-m, *to obtain a victory over, defeat, one*; (6) *to win, conquer* (v. land, borgir, skip); v. e-t aptr, *to recover by conquest, reconquer* (v. aptr þat ríki, er látit er); (7) *to overcome, master, get the better of* (þeir ætla, at þeim muni illa sœkjast at v. oss); (8) *to avail* (veit ek eigi, hvat þat vinnr); e-t vinnr e-m þörf, *it suffices, is sufficient for one* (þörf vinnr hverjum presti at segja eina messu); v. e-m at fullu, *to be quite sufficient for one, do away with, kill* (tók hann sótt þá, er honum vann at fullu); (9) *to withstand*, with dat., = v. við e-u; sköpum viðr (= vinnr) manngi, *no man can withstand his fate*; (10) followed by an adj. or pp., *to make* (v. e-n sáran, reiðan, barðan, felldan); vann hann yfirkominn Harald, *he succeeded in vanquishing H.*; v. hefnt, *to take revenge*; v. annat, *to prove*; (11) *to reach* (smíðuðu einn stöpul, þann er þeir ætluðu at v. skyldi til himins); (12) with preps., v. at e-u, *to be busy with* (v. at heyi); v. at svínum, sauðfé, *to tend swine, sheep*; fá ekki at unnit, *to effect nothing* (ekki munu þér fá at unnit svá búit); v. at e-m, *to do away with, kill* (þat var markat á tjaldinu, at Sigurðr vann at Fáfni); v. e-t á, *to do, effect* (höfum vér mikit á unnit í várri ferð); v. á e-m, *to do one bodily injury*, = v. áverka á e-m (með þann hug at v. á Gunnari); v. e-t til e-s, *to do one thing in order to obtain or effect another* (vildi hann v. þat til sættar með þeim brœðrum); þat vil ek til vinna, *that I am ready to do*; v. til e-s, *to make oneself worthy of, deserve* (v. til dauða); v. til fjár ok frægðar, *to act so as to gain money and fame*; v. við e-u, *to withstand* (mátti hann ok eigi við sköpum v. né sínu aldrlagi); v. e-n yfir, *to overcome*; (13) refl., vinnast, *to last, suffice*; meðan dagrinn vannst, *as long as the day lasted*; Illugi elti hann meðan eyin vannst, *to the end of the island*; festrin vannst eigi

til jarðar, *the rope was not long enough to touch the ground*; þar sátu konur úti frá sem vannst, *as there was room*; ek vinnst eigi til þér at launa, *I am unable to reward thee*; ekki unnust þau mjök fyrir, *they did little to support themselves*; recipr., vinnast á, *to wound one another*.

VINNA, f. *work, labour*; vera at vinnu, *to be at work*.

VINNANDI (pl. -ENDR), VINNARI, m. *worker*.

VINNINGR, m. *gain, profit*.

VINNU-FULLR, a. *having plenty of work*; -FŒRR, a. *able to work*; -GÓÐR, a. *clever at work*; -GREIFI, m. *over-seer*; -HJÚN, n. pl. *work-people, servants* on a farm; -LÍTILL, a. *doing little work*; -MAÐR, m. *labourer, man-servant* on a farm.

VINR (-AR, -IR), m. *friend*; í þörf skal vinar neyta, *a friend in need is a friend indeed*; hverr á sér vin með úvinum, *every one has a friend among foes*; vera e-m í vina húsi, *to be one's friend*.

VIN-RAUN, f. *proof of friendship*; -RÆÐI, n. pl. *friendliness*, = vinsemd; -SAMLIGA, adv. *in a friendly manner*; -SAMLIGR, a. *friendly, amicable*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *friendliness*; -SENDING, f. *friendly message or gift sent*; -SKAPR, m. *friendship*; -SLIT, n. pl. *breach of friendship* (þetta mun okkr verða at -slitum); -SPELL, n. *spoiling, of friendship*.

VINSTRI, a. compar. *the left* (á v. hlið, til v. handar).

VIN-SÆLAST (D), v. refl. *to endear oneself to* (-sælast e-m); -SÆLD, f. *popularity* (tóku við slíkt at vaxa -sældir hans); -SÆLL, a. *blessed with friends, beloved, popular* (hann var -sæll af öllum mönnum); maðrinn var miklu -sælli en áðr, *much more liked than before*; -TENGDR, pp. *bound in friendship*; -TRAUST, n. *trust in a friend*; -VEITTLIGA, adv. *kindly, in a friendly manner*; -VEITTLIGR, a. *friendly*; -VEITTR, a. (1) *given in a friendly spirit, agreeable, favourable* (byrinn ekki -veittr); nú mun ek gera þér um -veitt, *now I will do thee a friendly turn*; (2) of persons, *friendly amiable* (úvandblœtr ok -veittr at veizlum).

VINZA (AÐ), v. *to winnow* (v. korn).

VIN-ÞURFI, a. *in want of a friend*.

VIPR, f. pl. *child's toys* (barna v.).

VIPTA, f. *woof weft* = veptr.

VIRÐA (-RÐA, -RÐR), v. (1) *to fix the worth of a thing, to tax, value* (síðan vóru virð fé Haflgerðar); (2) fig., *to value, estimate* (þat kann engi v. nema guð einn); with gen., v. e-t mikils, *to rate highly, think much of*; v. lítils, *to think or make light of*; v. e-t engis (einskis), *to make nothing of*; v. e-t með sjálfum sér, *to bethink oneself of, consider*; konungr virði mest skáld sín, *he held his poets in the highest estimation*; virði jarl hann vel, *the earl showed him great honour*; v. til, *to pay heed to, regard*; hann kveðst vilja v. til enn heilaga Jacobum postola, *he said he would respect the sanctity of St. James*; v. e-t til e-s, *to consider (deem) as* (v. e-t til útrúleika við e-n); v. e-t vel, illa fyrir e-m, *to put it to his credit, discredit*; (3) refl., virðast vel, *to be highly esteemed* (hann virðist hvervetna vel); impers., virðist öllum mönnum vel til hans, *everybody liked him*; virðist oss svá, sem minnkaðist vár sœmd í því, *it seems to us, we think that …*; virðist hann konunginum afbragðsmaðr, *the king thought him to be an exceptional man*.

VIRÐAR, m. pl., poet. *men*.

VIRÐI-LIGA, adv. *worthily, honourably*;

-LIGR, a. (1) *worthy, worshipful*; (2) *stately, imposing* (-ligr maðr); (3) of things, *fine, splendid* (-ligr bústaðr).

VIRÐING, f. (1) *valuation* (at lögligri virðingu); (2) *reputation, honour*; gera e-m þá v., *to do that honour to one*; leggja v. á e-n, *to make much of one*; (3) *opinion, esteem*; at minni v., *in my opinion*.

VIRÐINGA-MAÐR, m. *a man of distinction or rank*; -MIKILL, a. *distinguished, worshipful*.

VIRÐINGAR-FÖR, f. *honourable journey*; -GJARN, a. *ambitious*; -HEIMBOÐ, n. *honourable invitation*; -HLUTR, m. *great credit* (hafa -hlut af e-u); -KONA, f. *worthy lady*; -LAUSS, a. *without honour, rank, or distinction*; -MAÐR, m. *appraiser*; -MUNR, m. *disparity in rank*; -RÁÐ, n. (1) *respectable estate or condition*; (2) *honourable plan*; -VÆNLIGR, -VÆNN, a. *honourable*.

VIRÐINGA-SAMR, a. *ambitious*.

VIRÐI-SAMR, a. *vain-glorious*.

VIRÐU-LIGA, adv. *respectfully* (kveðja e-n -liga); *magnificently* (búast -liga); -LIGR, a. *worthy, fine, splendid*.

VIRGILL, m. *halter* (var v. dreginn á háls honum).

VIRGIL-NÁR, m. *a corpse on a gallows*.

VIRKI, n. (1) *work*, = verk; esp. in compds., ill-, spell-, stór-, þrek-virki; (2) *stronghold, castle*.

VIRKIS-ARMR, m. *wing of a castle*; -MAÐR, m. *defender in a castle*.

VIRKJA (-TI, -T), v. impers. = verkja.

VIRKR, a. (1) *working*; in compds., góð-, harð-, mikil-, stór-; virkr dagr, *work-day, week-day*; (2) *careful, painstaking* (v. at e-u); (3) v. e-m, *valued by, dear to* (kærr var hann ok v. konunginum).

VIRKT, f. (1) *tender care*; Ástríðar lækna̧ði hann með mikilli v.; hann bað af þeim (= h. bað þá) virkta vinum sínum ok frændum, *he recommended his friends and kinsmen to their special charge*; ok bað honum virkta við konunginn áðr þeir skildi, *recommended him to the king before they parted*; (2) *good wishes*; biðja e-m virkta, *to wish one all good wishes* (Ásdís bað honum margra virkta); (3) *fondness, affection*; spurði, hverja hluti H. hefði, þá er honum væri mest v. á, *which were dearest to him*; leggja á þá alla v., *to cherish them in every way*; hafa e-n í kærleik ok virktum, *to hold one in love and affection*; (4) af *or* með v., af *or* með virktum, *with special care* (hann lét gera skip af virktum).

VIRKTA-LIÐ, n. = -menn; -MAÐR, m. *a chosen man, favourite man* (-menn Sveins konungs); þeir kváðu hann vera -mann, *they said he was a capital man*; -RÁÐ, n. *excellent advice*; -VEL, adv. *very well*; -VINR, m. *intimate friend*.

VIRKU-LIGA, adv. *carefully*.

VIRTR, n. *wort* (in brewing).

VISINN, a. *wizened, withered*.

VISK, f. wisp (hálm-visk, sef-visk).

VISNA (AÐ), v. *to wither* (hönd visnaði; visnuð hönd).

VISSA, f. *certain knowledge, certainty* (hafa vissu af e-u); gera e-m vissu af e-u, *to give notice* of.

VISSU-LIGA, adv. *certainly* (vita -liga); -LIGR, a. *certain* (-lig ván).

VIST (pl. -IR), f. (1) *stay*; hann fór til vistar til Hliðarenda, *he went to stay at H.*; hann var vistum með föður sínum, *he stayed with his father*; (2) *abode* (margar eru þá vistir góðar ok margar illar); veita e-m v., *to lodge one*; (3) *food, provisions*, often in pl.; ønga v. þarf hann, *he*

requires no food; v. ok drykkr, *meat and drink*; Hrapp þraut vistir í hafi, *H. ran short off provisions at sea*.

VISTA (AÐ), v. (1) *to lodge, find lodgings and food for* (hann vistar kaupmenn nær skipi); (2) *to furnish with food, provisions* (þat var þá háttr, at menn vistuðu sik sjálfir til þings); (3) refl., vistast, *to take up a fixed abode, stay, sojourn* (hann vildi hér v. um sumarit).

VISTA-BYRÐINGR, m. *store-ship*; -FANG, n. *provisions stores*; -FAR, n. *domicile*; -FÁTT, a. n. *running short of provisions* (hann hafði, or honum var, -fátt); -FERLI, n. = -far; -FÆÐ, f. *lack of provisions*; -GJALD, n. *contribution in food* (leggja -gjald á e-n); -GNÓTT, *plenty of provisions*; -LAUSS, a. *without provisions*; -LEYSI, n. *lack of provisions*; -MALR, m. *provision-bag*.

VISTAR-FAR, n. *domicile*; fara -farl á e-n stað, *to go to stay at a place*; -GØRÐ, f. *fare* (eigi er hér vönd -gørð); -LAUN, n. pl. *board-wages*; -MAÐR, m. *lodger, boarder*; -TAKA, f. *forag ing*; -TEKJA, f. *sojourning, boarding* (bjóða e-m marga kosti um -tekju); -VEIZLA, f. *boarding or housing of a person*; -VERA, f. *sojourn*.

VISTA-SKIP, n. *provision-ship*; -SKORTR, m. *want of provisions*.

VIST-FANG, n. = vistafang; -FASTR, a. *having a fixed abode*; -LAUSS, a. *homeless, with no fixed domicile* (ek em maðr -lauss).

VISUNDR (gen. -S or -AR, pl. -AR) m. *bison-ox*.

VIT, n. (1) *consciousness*; hafa v. sitt, vita vits síns, *to be in one's senses, be conscious*; (2) *intelligence, cognizance*; á. fárra (allra) manna viti, *within few (all) men's knowledge*; (3) *wit, understanding, reason*; vel viti borinn, *with a good understanding*; ganga af vitinu, *to go out of one's wits, go mad* (hann varð svá hræddr, at hann gekk náliga af vitinu); þat er mitt v., at, *it is my opinion that*; (4) *sense, organ of sense* (ekki v. manns heyrirnema eyru); (5) pl., *a place where a thing is kept, receptacle* (varðveita e-t í vitum sínum); (6) *visiting, searching*; fór M. jarl vestr um haf á v. ríkis sins, *M. returned to his kingdom*; ríða á v. sín, *to look after one's own affairs*.

VIT or VIÐ, pers. pron. dual, *we two*.

VITA (VEIT, VISSA, VITAÐR), v. (1) *to have sense, be conscious* (hann var enn eigi ørendr, en vissi þó ekki); with gen., gráðugr halr, nema geðs viti, *unless he has his senses about him*; (2) *to know*; engi vissi skapara sinn, *no one knew his maker*; þeir er vel mart vitu, *those who know many things*; v. sik saklausan, *to know oneself to be innocent*; veizt þú, hvat þér man verða at bana, *dost thou know what will be the cause of thy death?*; v. skyn á e-m, *to know one*; Flosi kvaðst eigi v. skyn á, hverir lögmenn væri beztir, *F. said that he knew nothing about who were the best lawyers*; v. ván *or* vánir e-s, *to expect, look for* (G. vissi slíks matar þar ekki ván); v. fram, *to be prescient, know the future*; veit þat trúa min, *upon my faith!*; (3) *to see, try to find out* (bað þá v., hvat af Gretti yrði); vittu, ef þú hjálpir, *see if thou canst help*; vit, at þá náir sverði því, *try to get that sword*; (4) *to look, be turned towards*; v. upp, fram, aptr, *to look (be turned) upwards, forwards, backwards*; v. móti sólu, at sjánum, *to face the sun, the sea*; v. til norðrættar, *to look north*; ormahöfuð öll vitu inn í húsit, *all the heads of the serpents look into the hall*;

with gen., þeir fundu vínvið allt þar sem holta vissi, *they found the vine wherever there was woodland*; (5) *to come under a certain head*; sökin veit til lands-laga, en ekki til Bjarkeyjar-réttar, *the case comes under the country-law, and not under the town-law*; (6) *to bode, betoken*, with gen. (ekki vita slík orð lítils); þat mun eigi øngra tíðinda v., *this betokens no small tidings*; (7) *to mean, have such and such bearing*; hvat veit óp þetta, *what means this shouting?*; eigi veit þannig við, *that is not the case*; seg mér hit sanna, hversu við veit, *how things stand*; ok rœddu um þat, at nú mundi vel v., *that things were likely to take a good turn*; (8) with preps., v. af e-u, *to know of* (ekki vissi á. af kaupi þeira); v. e-t at sér, *to know oneself to be guilty of*; v. e-t eptir sér = v. e-t at sér (v. eptir sér slíkan glœp); v. e-t frá sér, *to be conscious (sensible) of* (ek var svá syfjaðr, at ek vissa fátt frá mér); v. e-t fyrir, *to know beforehand* (ørlög sín viti engi maðr fyrir); v. til e-s, v. til um e-t, *to know of* (ekki vissu landsmenn til um ferð Þórólfs); v. ekki til sín, v. ekki til manna, *to have lost consciousness, one's senses*; recipr. *to know of an another* (þeir vissust jafnan til í hafinu); v. um e-t, *to make inquiries about* (fara at v. um e-t); *to know about* (eigi veit ek um gaman þetta); v. e-t við e-n, *to get to know a thing, from one* (mun ek v. við skipverja mina, hvat þeim sýnist ráð).

VITAÐR, pp. (1) *known, proved*; (2) *marked out* (sá er þeim völlr of v.).

VITA-KARL, m. *beacon-watchman*.

VITAND, f. *knowledge, privity* (var þat gört með yðvarri v. ok ráði); at minni (várri) v., *to my (our) knowledge*.

VITAN-LIGR, a. *known* (-ligr e-m).

VITA-VÖRÐR, m. *beacon-watch*.

VIT-FÁTT, a. n. *short of wit* (e-m verðr -fátt); -FIRRING, f. *insanity, madness*.

VITI, m. (1) *token, mark, signal*; þat þótti eigi góðs v., *it boded nothing good*; (2) as a naut. term; hafa vita af landi, *to stand so near land as to be aware of it*; (3) *a beacon*, kindled as a warning signal (brenna, kveikja, kynda vita).

VITJA (AÐ), v. *to go to a place, to visit* (tók hann þat ráð at v. eigi optarr til Íslands); with gen., v. frænda sinna, *to visit one's kinsmen*; at þeir mundi koma ok v. Gizurar, *fiay G. a visit, attack him at his home*; þóttust þeir vita, hvar hans var at v., *where he was to be found*; þeir vitja graðungsins, *they went to fetch the bull*; v. ráðahags, ráðs, *to come to fetch one's bride*; v. einkamála, heita, *to come to claim the fulfilment of an agreement, or promise*.

VITJAN, f. *visit* (hafið þér veitt oss sæmd með v. yðvarrar tignar).

VITKAST (-AÐ), v. refl. (1) *to recover one's senses*; (2) *to recover from a swoon* (úvit).

VITKI, m. *wizard*; vitka líki, *in the form of a wizard*.

VIT-LAUSA, f. = -leysa; -LAUSS, a. (1) *mad* (hann hleypr þegar sem hann sé vitlauss); (2) *unconscious, senseless* (Ölvir lá þar -lauss, en Bárðr veginn); (3) *foolish* (-lauss ok illviljaðr); -LEYSA, f. *madness, nonsense*; -LEYSI, n. *madness, nonsense*; -LEYSINGR, m. *a witless, foolish person*; -LÍTILL, a. *small-witted*; -MAÐR, m. *a man of great intellect, clever man*; -MENNI, n. *a man of great intellect, clever man*; -MIKILL, a. *of great intellect, clever*.

VITNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to witness, attest*, with acc. (v. málit); (2) v. undir e-n, *to call one*

as a witness.

VITNA-LAUST, adv. *without witnesses*.

VITNESKJA, f. *signal, sign* (góð v.).

VITNI, n. (1) *witness, testimony*; bera v., *to bear witness*; bera e-m gott v., *to bear one good witness*; (2) = váttr, *witness*, of persons; nefna v., *to call witnesses*; (3) *evidence, outward mark, or sign* (var þar orpinn sá haugr til vitnis).

VITNIR (gen. -IS), m. poet. *wolf*.

VITNIS-BURÐR, m. *a bearing witness*; *giving evidence, testimony*; -BŒRR, a. *able to bear witness*; -FASTR, a. *proved by evidence*; -FJALL, n. *the mount of the covenant*; -LAUSS, a. *unattested* (-lausar sögur); -MAÐR, m. *witness*, = váttr; -ÓRK, f. *the ark of the covenant*.

VIT-ORÐ, n. (1) *knowledge* (ekki var margra nianna -orð á hans ætterni) vera á (í, með) e-s -orði, *to be known to one* (þat var á margra manna -orði); (2) *privity* (vera í ráðum ok -orðum með e-m um verk).

VITORÐS-MAÐR, m. *a person cognizant* (-maðr þess verks).

VITR (acc. VITRAN), a. *wise* (v. maðr).

VITRA, f. (1) wisdom, *sagacity*; (2) *knowledge* (v. góðs ok ills).

VITRA (AÐ), v. *to manifest, reveal* (v. mönnum úorðna hluti); refl., vitrast, *to reveal oneself, appear in a dream or vision* (mikit er um fyrirburði slíka, er hann sjálfr vitrast okkr).

VITRAN, f. (1) *revelation*; (2) *vision, appearance in a dream*.

VITRINGR (-S, -AR), m. *wise man, sage* (var þorgnyr inn mesti v.).

VITR-LEIKR, m. *wisdom, sagacity*.

VITRLEIKS-MAÐR, m. = vitringr.

VITR-LIGA, adv. *wisely, with wisdom*; -LIGR, a. *wise, judicious, sensible* (-lig stjórn, ráðagørð); -MÁLL, a. *wise in speech* (hon er væn ok -mál).

VITS-MUNIR, m. pl. *sense, sagacity*; koma á -muni við e-n, *to outwit one*.

VIT-STOLA, a. indecl., -STOLINN, pp. *out of one's mind, insane*.

VITT, n. *sorcery, charms*.

VITTA (-TTA), v. poet. *to bewitch, charm* (vitti hon ganda).

VITTA-FULLR, a. *full of charms*.

VITTUGR, a. *skilled in witchcraft*.

VITUGR, a. *sensible, clever*.

VITUND, f. = vitand.

VIT-VANDR, a. *requiring cleverness*.

VIZKA, f. *wisdom, sagacity*.

VIZKR, a. *clever, sensible* (vel v.).

VIZKU-BRAGÐ, n. *wise contrivance*; -LIGA, adv. *wisely*; -LIGR, a. *wise*; -MAÐR, m. *wise man*; -MUNR, m. *difference in wit*; -SAMLIGR, a. *wise*; -TRÉ, n. *the tree of knowledge*.

VÍÐA (-ARA, -AST), adv. (1) *widely far and wide, in many places* (vóru þeir því ágætari ok víðfrægri sem þeir fóru víðara); víðast um veröldina *(in the wide world)* fannst eigi sá maðr; (2) *largely, extensively* (hann ló v. frá).

VÍÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to widen* (braut ísinn ok víddi vökina).

VÍÐATTA, f. *wideness, openness, of a* district (farið nú á viðáttu jarðar).

VÍDD, f. *width, wideness, extension*.

VÍÐERNI, n. *extension, extent*.

VÍÐ-FAÐMR, a. *extensive, far-reaching*; -FLEYGR, a. *wide-flying*; -FRÆGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to make widely known*; -FRÆGR, a. *far-renowned, famous*; -FÖRLI, f. *extensive travelling*; -FÖRULL, a. *far-travelling*.

VÍÐI-HÆLL, m. *a peg of willow*.

VÍÐIR (gen. -IS), m. *willow* (sjá dalr er mjök víði vaxinn).

VÍÐKA (AÐ), v. *to widen*.

VÍÐ-LEIKR, m. *width, extent*; -LENDA (-NDA), v. *to extend, enlarge a territory*; -LENDI, n. *broad lands, wideness of lands, extent*; -LENDR, a. *having extensive lands*, of a king.

VÍÐR, a. *wide, large, extensive* (víðir skógar); á víða vega, *widely abroad, broadcast*; víðs vegar, *in all directions* (flýja, dreifast víðs vegar); víðs fjarri, *far away*.

VÍÐ-LÆSS, a. *far-roaming*; of deer; -SÝNN, a. *with wide prospect* (á haugum nökkurum, þar sem -sýnt var).

VÍF, n. poet. *woman, wife*.

VÍFANDI, pr. p., in the phrase, koma at v., *to arrive as by chance*.

VÍFINN, a. *given to women*.

VÍFL, f. *cudgel, bat*, used in washing.

VÍG, n. (1) *fight, battle*; eiga v. móti e-m, *to fight against*; eiga v. saman, *to have a fight together*; verja e-t vígi, *to defend by fighting*; (2) *homicide, man-slaughter* (vega v.).

VÍGA-FAR, n. *battle, slaughter* (úfriðr ok -far); -FERÐI, n., -FERÐIR, f. pl., -FERLI, n. pl. *man-slayings* (man þetta upphaf -ferla þinna); -GUÐ, n. *god of battle*; -HUGR, m. = víghugr; -MAÐR, m. *a fighting man*; -maðr mikill, *a great manslayer*.

VÍG-ÁSS, m. *war-beam*, for defence (þeir höfðu -ása í dyrum); -DJARFR, a. *daring in fight, stout-hearted*; -DRÓTT, f. *warriors*; -FIMI, f. *skill in arms*; -FIMR, a. *skilled in feats of arms*; -FLAKI, m. *mantlet of boards*; -FLEKI, m. (1) = -flaki; (2) = -gyrðill; -FREKR, a. *eager for fight*; -FRŒKN, a. *martial, gallant*; -FŒRR, a. *able to fight*; -GYRÐILL, m. *a shelter used on ships during battle*; -GYRÐLA (AÐ), v. *to protect, fortify with* 'víggyrðlar'; -HESTR, m. *war-horse*; -HUGR, m. *warlike (murderous) mood*.

VÍGI (gen. pl. VÍGJA), n. (1) *vantage ground, stronghold* (klettrinn var víðr ofan ok v. gott); (2) *the bulwarks or gunwale* of a ship.

VÍGIS-MUNR, m. *difference in vantage-ground* (þar var svá mikill -munr, at þar mundi ekki vinna bergit).

VÍGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to hallow, consecrate*, in a heathen sense (tók upp hamarinn Mjölni ok vígði hafrstökurnar); (2) in a Christian sense, *to consecrate, ordain* (vígja biskup, prest, djákn; vígja e-n til biskups, prests, konungs).

VÍG-KŒNI, f. = -fimi; -KŒNN, a. = -fimr; -KŒNSKA, f. = -kœni; -LEYSI, n. *defencelessness*; -LIÐ, n. *warriors*; -LIGR, a. *martial, doughty*; -ligr á velli at sjá, *of martial appearance*; -LJÓSS, a. *having daylight for fighting*, (þá var þó svá kveldat, at eigi var -ljóst); -MAÐR, m. *warrior*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *martially*; -MANNLIGR, a. *martial*; -MÁLUGR, a. *given to talk of battle*; -MÓÐR, a. *weary in battle*; -NEST, n. poet. *armour* (?); -nesta böl, *sword or spear*.

VÍGR, a. (1) *in fighting condition, able to fight* (hafa með oss alla víga. menn); v. vel, *well skilled in arms*, (2) þeir drápu karla þá, er vígt var at, *they smote the men that might be slain*.

VÍG-REIÐR, a. *in warlike mood*; -RISINN, a. *gallant in war*; -RISNI, f. *prowess in arms*; -ROÐ, n., ROÐI, m. *glow of war* (verpr -roða um víkinga).

VÍGSAKAR-AÐILI, m. *prosecutor in a suit for manslaughter*; -BŒTR, f. pl. = vígs-bœtr.

VÍGS-BŒTR, f. pl. *compensation for manslaughter*; -GENGI, n. *backing one in battle* (veita e-m -gengi); -GJÖLD, n. pl. = vígs-bœtr.

VÍG-SKARÐA (AÐ), v. *to furnish with ramparts, fortify*; -SKÁR, a. *exposed to war* (-skátt ríki); -SKERÐR, pp. *furnished with* 'vígskörð'; -SKÖRÐ, n. pl. *battlements, ramparts*.

VÍGSLA, f. *consecration, ordination* (taka vígslu af biskupi).

VÍG-SLOÐI, m. *the section of law treating of battle and manslaughter*.

VÍGSLU-DAGR, -EIÐR, m. *day, oath of consecration*; -FAÐIR, m. *ordaining father* (of a bishop); -GULL, n. *coronation ring*; -GØRÐ, f. *performance of ordination*; -HRÚTR, m. *sacrificial ram*; -HÖND, f. *ordaining hand*; leggja -hendr yfir e-n, *to lay hands on*, of a bishop; -KAUP, n. *coronation fee*; -KLÆÐI, n. pl. *consecration robes*; -MAÐR, m. *one in holy orders*; -SKRÚÐ, n. *coronation robes*; -SVERÐ, n. *coronation sword*; -VATN, f. *holy water*.

VÍGS-MÁL, n. *a suit for manslaughter*.

VÍG-SPÁR, a. *boding of war*; -SPJÖLL, n. pl. *tidings of war*.

VÍGS-VÍTI, n. *punishment for manslaughter*.

VÍG-SÖK, f. *suit of manslaughter*; -TÓL, n. pl. *murderous tools*; -TÖNN, f. *canine tooth, tusk*; -VÉL, f. *war-trick, war-engine*; -VÖLLR, m. *battle-field*; -VÖLR, m. *'battle-stick', weapon*; -ÞRIMA, f. *din of battle*; -ÞROT, n. *end of the battle*; -ÆSA, v. *to furnish with* vígásar; -ÓR, f. *a kind of dart*.

VÍK (gen. VÍKR, pl. VÍKR), f. *inlet, small bay*; róa v. á e-n, *to row one round, get the better of one*.

VÍKING, f. *freebooting voyage, piracy*, (hann var í v. á sumrum ok fekk sér fjár); liggja í víkingu ok hernaði, *to be engaged in freebooting expedition and warfare*; fara í v., *to go out on a freebooting expedition*.

VÍKINGA-BŒLI, n. *haunt of sea-rovers (vikings)*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *chief of vikings*; -LIÐ, n. *company of vikings*; -SKEIÐ, f., -SKIP, n. *viking's ship*.

VÍKINGLIGR, a. *like a viking*.

VÍKINGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *freebooter, sea-rover, pirate, viking* (Flóki Vilgerðarson hét maðr, hann var v. mikill); (2) in later times, *robber, highwayman*.

VÍKINGS-EFNI, n. *one likely to become a great viking*.

VÍKINGSKAPR (gen. -AR), m. *piracy*.

VÍKJA (VÍK; VEIK, VIKUM; VIKINN), v. (1) *to move, turn*, with dat. (sveinninn mátti hvergi v. höfðinu); hann veik sér hjá dyrunum, *he passed by the door*; v. e-m af hendi, *to turn one off, dismiss*; v. e-u af sér, *to decline* (A. veik því af sér); v. e-u til ráða (atkvæða) e-s, *to hand it over to one's decision*; v. tali, rœðu, máli til e-s, *to turn one's speech to one, address oneself to one*; v. til e-s, *to mention, refer to* (hefr hann svá kvæðit, at hann víkr til Ólafs konungs); v. til við e-n, *to broach it to one*; v. á e-t, *to hint at* (Þ. víkr á nökkut í Þorgeirsdrápu á misþokka þeira); v. á við e-n = v. til við e-n; víkja svá bœkr til, at, *the books indicate that*; (2) *to move, go* (þeir víkja þegar eptir þessum mönnum); v. aptr, *to return* (þeir víku aptr ok leita þeira); hann veik heim, *he returned home*; v. til norðrættar, *to trend north* (þat ríki víkr til norðrættar); v. inn til hafnar, *to veer round and seek harbour* (önnur skipin viku inn til hafna af leiðinni); v. eptir e-m, *to follow one's example*; v. eptir e-u, *to yield to* (v. eptir freistingu fjándans); (3) impers. *to turn, trend*; landinu víkr til landnorðrs, *the land trends to north-east*; svá veik viðr veginum, at þar var hraungata mikil, *the road was of this nature*; nú veik svá við, at liðit fór yfir á eina mik-

la, *now it came to pass*; nú víkr sögunni vestr til Breiðafjarðardala, *now the story turns west to B.*; en þar veik annan veg af, *it turned out quite another way*; (4) refl., víkjast, *to turn oneself*; v. aptr, *to return*; hón sat ok veikst eigi, *she sat and stirred not*; v. eptir e-u, *to turn after, imitate*; v. undan e-u, *to evade, decline*; v. undan við e-n, *to refuse one*; v. undir hlýðni við e-n, *to do homage to*; v. við e-t, *to respond to* (kvað hann vel hafa vikizt við sína nauðsyn).

VÍKJANLIGR, a. *yielding, pliant*.

VÍKVA, v. = víkja (v. skapi sínu til e-s).

VÍK-VERJAR, m. pl. *the men from the district* 'Vík' *in Norway*; -VERSKR, a. *from the* 'Vík', of persons.

VÍL, n. *wisely, wretchedness* (v. ok erfiði); -MÖGR, m. *wretch, bondsman*; -SIÐR, m. *misery, distress*; -SINNI, n. *misery, distress*; -sinnis spá, *evil prophecy*; -STÍGR, m. *path of misery, woeful path*.

VÍN, n. *wine*; -BELGR, m. *wine-bag*; -BER, n. *grape*; -BERILL (pl. -BERLAR), m. *wine-vessel*.

VÍNBERJA-KÖNGULL, m. *bunch of grapes*.

VÍN-BYRLI, m. *cup-bearer*; -DROPI, m. *drop of wine*; -DRUKKINN, pp. *drunken with wine*; -DRYKKJA, f. *wine-drinking*; -DRYKKR, m. *drink of wine*; -FAT, n. *wine-vat*; -FÁTT, a. *shortage of wine, scarcity of wine*; -FERILL, m. *wine-vat*; -GARÐR, m. *vineyard*.

VÍNGARÐS-FÁGARI, m. *vine-dresser*.

VÍN-GUÐ, m. *the wine-god, Bacchus*; -HÚS, n. *wine-house*; -HÖFUGR, a. *heavy with wine* (skálir vínhöfgar); -KAGGR, m. *wine-jar*; -KER, n. *wine-beaker*; -KJALLARI, m. *wine-cellar*.

VÍN-LAND, n. *Wineland, part of North America* (Vínland it góða).

VÍNLANDS-FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *expedition to Wineland*.

VÍN-LAUKR, m. *a kind of grass or herb*; -LAUSS, a. *wineless*; -LEYSI, n. *lack of wine*; -ÓÐR, a. *wine-mad, drunk*; -ÓRAR, m. pl. *wine-ravings*; -POTTR, m. *wine-pot*; -TRÉ, n. *vine, vine-plant*; -TUNNA, f. *wine-cask*; -VIÐI, n., -VIÐR, m. *vine*, = -tré; -ÞRÖNG, f. *wine-press*.

VÍRA-VIRKI, n. *'wire-work', filigree*.

VÍRR, m. *wire, thread of metal*.

VÍSA (AÐ, rarely -TA, -T), v. *to show, point out, indicate*; v. e-m leið, *to show one the way*; v. augum í e-n, *to direct, fix the eyes on one*; v. hundi at mann í, *to set a hound on a person*; v. e-m til sætis, *to show one where to sit*; v. e-m til landskostar, *to direct one to the best of the land*; þeir vísuðu honum til Kols, *they showed him the way to Kol, told him where he was to be found*; v. e-m til vegar, *to show one the road*; v. e-m frá, *to send one away, reject an application*; v. á e-t, *to point at, indicate* (fleiri eru þau tíðindi, er kvæðit vísar á); v. svá til, at, *to indicate* (vísa ok svá til enskar bœkr, at); impers., vísar svá til í sögu Bjarnar, *it is indicated, referred to, in the story of B.*; with infin., v. e-m at gera e-t, *to tell, prompt one to do a thing*.

VÍSA, f. *verse, strophe, stanza* (hann orti kvæði ok eru þessar vísur í).

VÍSA-EYRIR, m. *fixed, regular income*.

VÍSAN, f. *direction, instruction* (nú skulu þeir fara eptir minni v.).

VÍSA-VÁN, f. *a thing sure to happen*.

VÍS-BENDING, f. *signal*; gera e-m -bending, *to give one a signal*; -DÓMR, m. (1) *knowledge, intelligence*; bera fullan (sannan) -dóm á e-t, *to know for certain*; (2) *wisdom, wise talk*, opp. to 'heimska'.

VÍSDÓMS-FULLIR, a. *full of wisdom, wise*; -KONA, f. *wise woman, sibyl*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *sage*; (2) *soothsayer, prophet*; -MEISTARI, m. *magician*.

VÍSENDI, n. pl. = vísindi.

VÍS-EYRIR, m. *a king's regular revenue*; cf. 'vísa-eyrir'.

VÍSI, m. poet. *leader, chief*.

VÍSINDA-BÓK, f. *learned book*; -KONA, f. *wise woman, sibyl*; -MAÐR, m. *soothsayer*; -SVÖR, n. pl. *answers information*; -TRÉ, n. *the tree of knowledge*; -VEGR, m. *the way of knowledge or truth*.

VÍSINDI, n. pl. (1) *knowledge, intelligence*; taka v. af e-u, *to draw information from a thing*; svá er sagt í fornum vísindum, at, *in old lore (in old songs) it is said that*; hann (viz. Mímir) er fullr af vísindum, *he is full of wisdom (knowledge)*; vita e-t með vísindum at segja, *to know for certain*; (2) *revelation* (urðu mörg v sýnd mönnum í draumum); (3) *magic art* (fara með vísindum ok spádóm).

VÍSIR, m. (1) *leader, king*, = vísi; (2) *sprout* (sýndist mér vísirinn vaxa).

VÍS-LEIKIR, m. *knowledge, wisdom*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *for certain* (vita -liga); (2) *wisely*; -LIGR, a. *certain, sure, safe* (þykkir mér vísligra at fara aptr í ríki mitt).

VÍSS, a. (1) *certain* (þótti honum sér þá vísari dauði en líf); þótt ek vita vísan bana minn, *though I know my death is sure*; verða e-s v., *to ascertain, become aware of* (ek mun þessa brátt v. verða af konungi); impers., þessa mun aldri víst verða, *this will never be known*; verða e-s v. um e-t, af e-u, *to get some information of, as to*; víss vitandi, *knowingly, intentionally*; (2) *wise* (I. var inn vísasti maðr í öllu); (3) *known* (nú liðu svá sex vetr, at þetta varð eigi vist); (4) neut. as adv., vita e-t víst, *to know for certain*; þat vil ek víst, *surely I will*; víst eigi, *certainly not, by no means*; at vísu, *certainly, surely* (hann hefir þat at vísu í hug sér); til víss, *for certain* (sjá, vita kenna e-t til víss) fyrir víst = til víss; *acquainted with* (dvergar veggbergs vísir).

VÍSU-HELMINGR, m. *half a strophe*; -LENGD, f. *length of a strophe*; -ORÐ, n. *a line of a strophe*.

VÍS-VITAÐR, pp. *known for certain*.

VÍTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to fine, sconce* (vít-tr ertu nú skáld, er þú kemr eigi undir borð).

VÍTA-VERÐR, a. *worthy of punishment or fine*.

VÍTI, n. (1) *punishment*; skapa e-m v. fyrir e-t, *to punish one for a thing*; fá, taka v., *to suffer punishment* (Þorgils segir, at hún skal v. fyrir taka); láta sér annars v. at varnaði, *to be warned by another's woe*; (2) *fine, mulct*, = févíti (gjalda v.); (3) *sconce*, = borðvíti; en er kom at jólum, vóru v. upp sögð, *but when Yule came the sconces were declared*.

VÍTIS-HORN, n. *sconce-horn or cup*; -LAUSS, a. *without punishment, blameless*; -LEYSI, n. *impunity*.

VÍTKA, v. *to blame* (v. e-n e-s).

VÍTT, adv. *far*, = víða.

VÍXL, n., *only in the phrase*, á víxl (1) *passing by one another in opposite directions* (bryggjur svá breiðar, at aka mátti vögnum á, v.); (2) *across*; standa á v. fótunum, *to stand cross-legged*.

VÍXLINGR, m. *changeling*, = skiptingr.

VÍXTR or VÍXLTR, pp. *changed*, of a changeling (at hann myndi v. vera).

VOGA (AÐ), v. *to dare, venture*.

VOLDUGR, a. *powerful*, = völdugr.

VÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to clothe*.

VÆGÐ (pl. -IR), f. *mercy, forbearance*

(eiga øngrar vægðar ván).

VÆGTAR-LAUSS, a. *merciless, exacting*; -LAUST, adv. *without mercy*.

VÆGI, n. *weight, moment*; vera lítils vægis, *to be of small moment*.

VÆGI-LIGA, adv. *forbearingly, leniently*; -LIGR, a. *forbearing, lenient* (-ligr dómr).

VÆGINN, a. *lenient, yielding*.

VÆGJA (-ÐA, -T), v. (1) *to give way to*, with dat.; v. göngunni, *to yield the road*, when two meet one another; (2) absol., *to give way, yield* (jafnan vægir hinn vitrari); v. fyrir e-m, *to give way to one* (hón kvaðst aldri v. skyldu fyrir Hallgerði); v. eptir e-m, v. við e-n, *to yield to one*; (3) *to temper*, with dat. (v. reiði sinni); v. dómum, *to temper judgement*; v. orða atkvæðum, *to forbear from words*; (4) *to spare*, with dat. (Þorkell bað jarl v. bóndum); (5) refl., vægjast, *to yield, give way* (betra er at v. tit góðs en bægjast til ills); v. til við e-n, *to give way to one*.

VÆGJA (-ÐI, -T), v. impers. *to emit matter* (vágr), *suppurate* (hendr hans hafði vægt ok fœtr).

VÆG-LEIÐINN, a. = væginn (við e-n).

VÆGR, a. *nicely balanced*, of scales (vægar skálir).

VÆL, n. *wailing*.

VÆLAN, f. *wailing*.

VÆLA (AÐ), v. *to wail*.

VÆNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) *to give one hope of*, v. e-m e-s *or* e-u (v. e-m miskunnar ok eilífrar dýrðar); (2) *to ween, think* (í kveld væni ek, at ek heiti Úfeigr); impers., e-n vænir, at, *one thinks that* (vænir mik nú, at þeir hafi aptr snúit); (3) v. e-n e-u, *to charge one with a thing* (v. e-n lygi); (4) refl., vænast e-s *or* e-u, *to hope for* (vænist hann ok øngra manna liðveizlu); v. e-u, *to boast of*.

VÆND (pl. -IR), f. *prospect, expectation* (er í þær vændir komit, at).

VÆNDIS-FÓLK, n. *wicked people*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *wicked, bad chief*; -KONA, f. *harlot*; -MAÐR, m. *miscreant*.

VÆNG-BROTINN, pp. *broken-winged*.

VÆNGI, m. *cabin on board a ship*.

VÆNGJAÐR, a. *furnished with wings*.

VÆNG-KNÚI, m. *the wing joint*.

VÆNGR (-JAR, -IR), m. (1) *wing* (með vængjunum huldi hann landit allt); (2) *wing of a budding*, esp. of a church.

VÆNI, n. *prospect*; þótti öllum mikils ills af v., *every one thought that much evil might be looked for*.

VÆNING (pl. -AR), f. *imputation*.

VÆNKAST (AÐ), v. *to bid fair, look well, take a good turn* (þykkir þeim v. um sinn hag).

VÆN-LEIKR, m. *bodily beauty* (þá var þeim eintalat um Helgu, ok lofaði hann mjök -leik hennar).

VÆNLEIKS-MAÐR, a. *a fine man*.

VÆN-LIGA, adv. *hopefully, promisingly*; -LIGR, a. *hopeful, promising, fine* (mikill maðr ok -ligr).

VÆNN, a. (1) *likely, to be expected* (er vænst, at liðnar sé mínar lífsstundir); (2) *bidding fair, likely to succeed* (eigi mundi í annat sinn vænna at fara at jarli); hér ferr vænt at, *here it goes fairly*; (3) of persons, *hopeful, promising* (Björn þótti v. til höfðingja);(4) *fair to behold fine, beautiful* (væn kona ok kurteis); of things, *fine* (kross v. með líkneskjum).

VÆNTA (-NTA, -NT), v. (1) *to give one hope of*, v. e-m e-u (ek vænti þér sættinni, en ek heit eigi); (2) *to hope for, expect*, with gen. (væntum vér oss góðra viðtakna); v. til e-s, *to hope for*; v. í e-u, *to hope in, set one's hope in* (væntum í hans

miskunn); (3) impers., (þess) væntir mik, at, *I expect (hope) that* (væntir mik enn, at honum fari vel).

VÆNTING, f. *hope, expectation*.

VÆPNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to arm*.

VÆR, pron. *we*, = vér.

VÆRA, f. *snugness, warmth*.

VÆRÐ, f. *rest, tranquility* (samfarar þeira vóru eigi með værðum).

VÆRI, n. *abode, shelter* (þeir átu hvárki vist né v. í Víkinni).

VÆRINGJA-LIÐ, n. *the body of the Værings*; -LÖG, n. pl. *the league, guild of the V.*; -SETA, f. *the guard of the V.*

VÆRINGJAR, m. pl. *Varangians*, Northern warriors who served as bodyguard to the emperors of Constantinople.

VÆR-LEIKR, m. *rest, peace, tranquillity*.

VÆRR, a. (1) *snug*, comfortable, *peaceful* (samfarar þeira vóru eigi værar); í væru ranni, *in the peaceful hall*; honum gerðist ekki mjök vært, *he did not feel much at ease*; (2) neut., vært, *fit to be or stay at a place* (þér er ekki vel vært hér í landi); eigi er ykkr saman vært, *ye cannot live together*.

VÆRU-GJARN, a. *fond of rest and warmth*.

VÆSTR, pp. *worn out by wet and toil* (kómu þeir væstir til bœjar).

VÆTA, f. *wet, sleet, rain* (vóru vætur miklar bæði nætr ok daga).

VÆTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to wet, make wet* (at v. allan senn dúkinn).

VÆTR, n. indecl. *nought*; hyggst v. hvatr fyrir, *a valiant man fears nothing*; with gen., v. manna, *no man*; v. véla, *no fraud*.

VÆTT (pl. -IR), f. (1) prop. *weight* (þat fé allt, er at vættum skal kaupa); (2) of a definite weight, in Norway = 1/24 of a 'skippund'; in Iceland = 80 lbs. (þrjár vættir ullar).

VÆTT, n. *lid of a chest or shrine*.

VÆTTA (-TTA, -TT), v. = vænta.

VÆTT-FANGR, m., see 'vættvangr'.

VÆTTI, n. *witness, testimony* (bera v.; fœra fram v. sín).

VÆTTIS-BURÐR, m. *bearing witness*.

VÆTTKI (gen. VÆTTKIS, VÆTTUGIS; dat. VÆTTUGI), n. *no whit nothing, nought*, = ekki vætta; hafða ek þess v. vífs, *I got no favour from that lady*; vættugis verðr, *worthless*; varr at vættugi, *fearing nothing*.

VÆTTR (pl. -IR), f. (1) *wight, being*; þegi þú, rög v., *hold thy tongue, vile being*; (2) esp. *a supernatural being*; hjálpi þér hollar vættir, *way the gracious powers help thee*; heiðnar vættir, *heathen fiends*; illar vættir, *evil beings*; (3) ekki vætta, *no whit, nothing at all* (höfðu þeir ekki vætta at sök); as adv. *not at all* (ekki vætta hræddr); øngu vætta vildi hann eira, *he would not spare anything*.

VÆTT-RIM or VETT-RIM, f. *? a ridge along the middle of a sword-blade*.

VÆTT-VANGR, m. *the spot where a battle, assault, or manslaughter has taken place*.

VÆTTVANGS-BJARGIR, f. pl. *the aiding or abetting an assault on the very spot*; -BÚAR, m. pl. *neighbours to the scene of action, to be summoned as* 'búar'.

VÆTU-DRIFA, f. *sleet*; -LOPT, n. *moist air*; -SUMAR, n. *wet summer*.

VŒÐR, a. *fordable*, = œðr.

VÖÐULL (pl. VÖÐLAR), m. = vaðill.

VÖÐVA-SÁR, n., -SKEINA, f. *flesh-wound, slight wound*.

VÖÐVI, m. *muscle* (Grettir hjó til hans á lærit hœgra svá at ór tók allan vöðvann).

VÖG (pl. VEGR), f. *lever*.

VÖGN (pl. VAGNIR), f. *a kind of whale, a dolphin or grampus*.

VÖGN-, VÖGNU-HVALR, m. = vögn.

VÖGUR, f. pl. *bier, hand-barrow*.

VÖK (gen. VAKAR, pl. VAKIR and VAKAR), f. *a hole, opening in the ice* (hann hratt hestinum í v. eina).

VÖKNA (AÐ), v. *to become wet*.

VÖKÓTTR, a. *full of holes*, of ice.

VÖKR (acc. -VAN), a. *wet, moist* (þeira líkamir eru vökvir ok vátir).

VÖKU-, gen. from 'vaka'; -LÍÐ, n. *watching-people, scouts*; -MAÐR, m. *watchman*; -NÓTT, f. *watchful night*.

VÖKU-, gen. from 'vökva'; -SAMR, a. *moist*; -SKORTR, m. *want of moisture*.

VÖKVA (gen. VÖKU), f. *moisture, humidity*.

VÖKVI, m. *moisture, humidity*.

VÖKVA (AÐ), v. (1) *to moisten, water* (v. landit, pálmviðinn); (2) = vekja; v. sér blóð, *to make blood flow*.

VÖKVI, m. *moisture, fluid*, = vökva.

VÖLDUG-LEIKR, m. *power, authority*; as a title, yðvarr -leikr, *your highness*.

VÖLDUGR, a. *mighty, powerful* (v. ok mikils ráðandi).

VÖLDUG-SKAPR (-AR), m. = völdugleikr.

VÖLDU-LIGA, adv. *proudly* (láta -liga); -LIGR, a. *powerful*.

VÖLLR (gen. VALLAR, dat. VELLI; pl. VELLIR, acc. völlu), m. (1) *field, (level) ground* (þar vöru víða vellir sléttir); kasta sér niðr við vellinum, *to cast oneself down flat on the ground*; leggja e-n við *(or* at) velli, *to lay one level with the ground, kill one*; hús mín liggja við velli, *my house lies an the ground, is demolished*; lauss á velli, *loose in the ranks, not steady*; fastr á velli, *firm, steady*; vígligr á velli at sjá, *martial to look at*; friðr, mikill á velli, *of fine, stout, appearance*; (2) *manured field, meadow* (reiða á völl).

VÖLR (gen. VALAR, dat. VELI; pl. VELIR, acc. VÖLU), m. *round stick, staff*; cf. 'hjálm-, rið-, vígvölr'.

VÖLU-LEIÐI, n. *sibyl's barrow*.

VÖLUNDR (-AR, -AR), m. *master smith, great artist* (Hrafn var v. at hagleik bæði at tré ok at járni).

VÖLVA (gen. VÖLU; pl. VÖLUR), f. *prophetess, sibyl, wise woman, witch* (fóru þá um landit spákonur, er kallaðar vóru völur).

VÖMB (gen. VAMBAR), f. *'womb', belly, paunch*; kýla vömbina, *to fill the belly*.

VÖMM (gen. VAMMAR), f. *disgrace*.

VÖNDLA (AÐ), v. *to make up into a bundle* (v. e-t upp).

VÖNDR (gen. VANDAR, dat. VENDI; pl. VENDIR, acc. VÖNDU), m. (1) *wand, switch, twig* (sverðit beit eigi heldr en vendi berði um); snúa vönd í hár e-m, *to twist a wand in one's hair*, preparatory to beheading a culprit; (2) *stripe*, in cloth (segl stafat vendi blám ok rauðum).

VÖNDULL, m. *bundle of hay* (tóku þeir vöndul heys fyrir hvern hest).

VÖR (gen. VARAR, pl. VARAR), f. (1) *a fenced-in landing-place* (sigla ór vörum); (2) *wake*; (3) = vörr, m.

VÖRÐ (pl. VARÐIR), f. poet. *woman*.

VÖRÐR (gen. VARÐAR, dat. VERÐI; pl. VERÐIR, acc. VÖRÐU), m. (1) *ward, warder* (Heimdallr er v. goða); hafa á sér vörðu, *to have watches out* (þeir höfðu á, sér vörðu; Sverrir konungr hafði fengit njósn af, hvar verðir þeira vöru); (2) *guard, watch*; halda vörð, *to keep watch or guard*; ganga á vörð, *to mount guard*; vera á verði, *to be on guard*; veita e-u vörð, *to watch, take care of*.

VÖRN (gen. VARNAR, pl. VARNIR), f. (1)

defence (mun hans v. uppi, meðan landit er byggt); til varnar, *for defence* (þeir höfðu engan liðskost til varnar); (2) in law, *defence*, opp. to 'sókn'; bjóða til varna, *to call on the defendant to begin his pleadings*; færa v. fram fyrir mál, *to act for the defendant in a suit*; (3) *a point for the defence, exception*; Ásgrími tókst svá til, at v. var í máli hans, *that there was a flaw in his suit*.

VÖRNUÐR, m. *warning* (bjóða vörnuð); cf. 'varnaðr' (2).

VÖRPU-LIGR, a. *of stout, stately appearance* (inn -ligsti maðr).

VÖRR (gen. VARRAR, pl. VARRAR, VARRIR), f. *lip*; vörr in efri, neðri, *the upper, lower lip*; G. beit á vörrinni, *G. bit his lip*.

VÖRR (gen. VARRAR, dat. VERRI; pl. VERRIR, acc. VÖRRU), m. *a pull of the oar* (er þeir höfðu fá vörru róit frá landi); þeysa vörru, *to pull with might and main* (ríkuliga hygg ek þá vörru þeysa).

VÖRU-HLAÐI, m. *pile of wares* (vara); -SEKKR, m. *sack (pack) of wadmal*; -SMÍÐI, n. *work in wood or metal*; -VÁÐ, f. *marketable cloth, common wadmal*; -VIRÐR, a. *marketable*.

VÖRZLU-MAÐR, m. *warranter, surety*.

VÖTTR (gen. VATTAR, dat. VETTI; pl. VETTIR, acc. VÖTTU), m. *glove* (hafa vöttu á höndum).

VÖXTR (gen. VAXTAR, dat. VEXTI; pl. VEXTIR, acc. VÖXTU), m. (1) *growth, increase*; ganga (fara) í vöxt, *to increase*; (2) *increase, interest*; taka fé til vaxta, *to make it productive*; (3) *size, stature* (mikill, lítill vexti); haffœranda skip at vexti, *a sea-going ship in size*; (4) *way of growth, shape* (líkr e-m á vöxt ok viðbragð); (5) *condition, state, the circumstance of a case* (hann sagði honum alla vöxtu, sem á vóru um þeira eyrendi); svá er mál með vexti, at, *the case stands so that*.

VÖXTULIGR, a. *big, of great size*.

VÖZT (pl. VAZTIR), f., see 'vaztir'.

Y

yðarr or yðvarr, poss. pron. *your*; yður fór, *your journey*; yðvart ríki, *your kimgdom*; tvá hesta skal hafa hverr yðarr, *each of you shall have two horses*.

ydda (yddi), v. *to show the point on the other side* (S. lagði sverðinu í gegnum hann, svá at út yddi um bakit).

yðr, pron., dat. and acc. pl. *you*.

yfir, prep. with dat. and acc.; I. with dat. *over, above* (hvers manns alvæpni hekk y. rúmi hans); sitja y. borðum, *to sit at table*; s. yfir málum manna, *to sit at, attend to cases, as judge*; konungr y. Englandi, *king over E.*; vaka y. e-m, *to wake or watch over*; II. with acc. (1) *over, above* (Skaði tók eitr-orm, ok festi upp y. hann); hann tók y. sik skikkjuna, *he put on the mantle*; komast y. e-t, *to come by a thing*; (2) *over, across, through* (síðan fóru þeir y. Norðrá); (3) fig. *over, beyond*; hafa vöxt y. e-n, *to have growth over, be taller than*; fram y. aðra menn, *beyond, above other men*; (4) adverbial usages, sá kvittr kom y., *passed over*; kveld kemr y., *evening draws on*.

yfir-afli, m. *superior force*; -afligr, a. *over-strong, very strong*; -band, n. *string to fasten the mouth of a bag*; -berligr, a. surpassing, extraordinary; -berr, a. surpassing, extraordinary; -biskup, m. *high priest*; -bjóða, v. *to rule over*; -boð, n. *rule, command, authority*; -boðari, m. *superior, master*; -bóði, m. *superior, master*; -bót, f. (1) *penance, penitence* (iðran ok -bót); (2) pl., -bœtr, *compensation, atonement* (bjóða e-m sætt ok -bœtr); -bragð, n. (1) *outward look, appearance, demeanour*; með miklu -bragði, *of very imposing demeanour, magnificent*; (2) *show, pretence, outer appearance* (með sáttgjarnligu -bragði); (3) *surface* (allt jarðarinnar -bragð).

yfirbragð-ligr, a. *extraordinary*.

yfirbragðs-lítill, -mikill, a. *poor, grand, in look or appearance*.

yfir-breizl, n. *coverlet*; -breizla, f. *coverlet*; -buga (að), v. *to overcome, surpass*; -burðr, m. *excess* (-burðr um þat, er lögin segja); -bæriliga, adv. *surpassing*; -bæriligr, a. *surpassing*; -bœta (-tta, -ttr), v. *to atone for*; -dómandi, -dómari, m. *over-judge*.

yfirdrepskapr (gen. -ar), m. *dissimulation, pretence*.

yfir-dróttning, f. *sovereign queen*; -engill, m. *archangel*; -faðir, m. *patriarch*; -fat, n. *over-garment*; -ferð, f. *a passage over or through a country*; *visitation*.

yfirferðar-illr, a. *difficult to pass*.

yfir-færiligr, a. *passable*; -för, f. (1) = yfirferð (banna e-m fór); (2) *visitation* (hafa -fór um sýslu sína); -ganga, f. (1) *passing through*; (2) *transgression*; -gangr, m. (1) *passing through*; (2) *overbearing conduct, tyranny, oppression*.

yfirgangs-maðr, m. *lordly man*.

yfir-gefa, v. *to forsake, abandon*; -girnd, f. *excessive ambition*; -gjarn, a. *ambitious*; -gjarnligr, a. *ambitious*; -gnæfa (-ða, -t), v. (1) *to hang over*, with dat.; (2) *to impend, threaten*; -gyðingr, m. *Pharisee*.

yfirhafnarlauss, a. *without an upper*

garment (vápnlausir ok -lausir).

YFIR-HLAUP, n. *skipping*; -HYLMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to hide*; -HÖFÐINGI, m. *over-captain, ruler*; -HÖFN, f. *over-coat*; -KENNIMAÐR, m. *high-priest*; -KLERKR, m. *over-clerk, one of the highest clergy*; -KLÆÐI, n. *over-cloak*; -KOMA, v. *to overcome*; geta -komit e-n, fá e-n -kominn, *to manage to overcome one*; -kominn af mœði, *exhausted*; -KONUNGR, m. *supreme king*; -KUSSARI, m. *corsair-chief*; -LAND, n. *land on the other side*; -LÁT, n. *honour, favour*; hafði S. minnst -lát, *S. was made least of*; -LEÐR, n. *upper leather*, of shoes; -LESNING, f. *perusal*; -LIGR, a. *lying above, celestial*; -LIT, n. *look, personal appearance* (-lit hennar ok kurteisi); esp. in pl., líkr feðr sínum at -litum ok skaplyndi; -LITR, m. = -lit; -LÆTI, n. = -lát; vera með e-m í miklu, góðu -læti, *to be in high favour with one*; -MAÐR, m. *superior, master* (Ólafr er betr til -manns fallinn en mínir synir); -MANNLIGR, a. *chieftain-like*; -MEISTARI, m. *head-master*; -PORT, n. *lintel*, = ofdyri; -RÁÐANDI, m. *master, commander* (-ráðandi skipanna); -REIÐ, f. *'riding over', visitation*; -SETA, f. (1) *task, business* (ekki ætlaða ek, at þat væri min -seta at dœma milli þeira); (2) *nursing a sick person*.

YFIRSETU-KONA, f. *midwife*.

YFIR-SJÓN, f. (1) *supervision, inspection*; (2) *appearance, look*; -SKIKKIA, f. *over-cloak*; -SKIPAN, f. *authority*; -SKYGNARI, m. *supervisor*; -SLOPPR, m. *outer gown*; -SÓKN, f. = -ferð; -STERKARI, a. compar. *stronger*; verða, -sterkari, *to get the upper hand*; -STIGINN, pp. *overcome*; -STIGNING, f. *hyperbaton*; -STÍGARI, m. *conqueror*; -STÓRMERKI, n. pl. *great wonders*; -STÖPLAN, f. *transgression, infringement*; -SÝN, f. (1) *appearance, look* (friðr at -sýn); (2) *superintendence*; -SÝND, f. = -sýn I; ljótr -sýndar = l. at -sýn; -SÖGN, f. *decision*; -SÖNGR, m. *singing, service*; -TAK, n. *transgression*; -TAKA, v. = taka yfir; -TYRMA (-DA, -DR), v. *to overwhelm*; -VALD, n. (1) *power, rule* (Sveinn jarl hafði -vald í Nóregi); (2) *the authorities* (-vald staðarins); -VARP, n. *outward show*; -VETTUGIS, adv. *to excess*; -VINNA, v. *to vanquish, overcome*; -VÆTTIS, adv. *exceedingly*; -VÆTTLIGR, a. *exceedingly great*.

YFRINN, a. *over-great, abundant, large*, = ýrinn, œrinn (nil eru ok yfrin efni til, því at ekki skortir oss lið); neut. as adv. *very* (yfrit mikill, djarfr, lengi).

YGGJUNGR, m. *'the wise one'*; y. ása, *Odin*.

YGGR, a. *anxious* (yggt vas þeim síðan).

YGLA (-DA, -DR), v. *to wrinkle*; hann yglir brýnn, *he knits the brows, he frowns*; refl., yglast á e-n, *to frown at or upon one* (konungrinn ygldist á sveininn); YGLDR, pp. *frowning*.

YGLI-BRÚN, *frowning brow*.

YKKARR, possess. pron., dual, *your*; ferð ykkur, *your journey*; hvárngan ykkarn Hákonar jarls mun hann spara, *he will spare neither of you, neither Hacon nor thee*.

YLFSKR, a. *wolfish, treacherous*.

YLGJAST (Ð), v. refl. *to frown, look gloomy* (tekr veðrit at y.).

YLGR (gen. YLGJAR, dat. and acc. YLGI), f. *she-wolf* (kom þar y. ein).

YLJA (AÐ), v. *to warm*, = verma.

YLMAST (D), v. *to chafe, rage* (er hann fann þat, ylmdist hann í móti).

YLR (-JAR, -IR), m. *warmth*.

YL-SAMLIGR, a. *warm*.

YMJA (YM, UMDA, UMIT), v. *to whine,*

cry (svá bar hann prúðliga sóttina, at engi maðr heyrði hann y.) ymr it aldna tré, *the old tree grows* umdu ölskálir, *the ale-beakers rang*.

YMNI, m. *hymn* (syngja helga ymna).

YMR, m. *humming-sound, groaning* (þá heyrðu þau ym mikinn ok gný) ára y., *splashing of oars*.

YMTA (AÐ), v. *to talk of, mutter*.

YMTR, m. *rumour* (y. leikr í e-u).

YNDI, n. *delight, happiness*; njóta yndis, *to enjoy happiness, live in bliss*; þeira samfarar urðu ekki at y., *their married life was not happy*; nema, festa y. á e-m stað, *to feel happy in a place*; ok hvárki nam hann y. á Íslandi né í Nóregi, *he found no rest in Iceland or in Norway*.

YNDI-FALL, n. *bereavement*; -LIGA, adv. *charmingly*; -LIGR, a. *pleasurable* (með fagnaði ok -ligu lífi).

YNDIS-BÓT, f. *increase of bliss*; -STAÐR, m. *place of bliss* (of Eden).

YNGLINGR, m. *young-person, youth*.

YNNI-LIGR, a., -SAMLIGR, a. *lovely*.

YPPA (-TA, -T), v. *to lift up, raise*; y. hurðum, *to open the doors*; y. hans lofi, *to extol him*.

YPPI-MANNLIGA, adv. *like a great man* (þeir létu hit -mannligasta).

YR, prep. *out of*, = ór, úr, or.

YRKIS-EFNI, n. pl. *subject of a poem*.

YRKJA (YRKI, ORTA, ORTR), v. (1) *to work*, esp. *to fill, cultivate* (y. jörðina, landit); (2) *to make verses* (y. kvæði, drápu, lof, níð, háðung um e-n); absol., hann var kærr konungi ok orti vel, *he was beloved by the king, and a good poet*; (3) y. á e-t, *to set about*; en er þeir fundust, ortu bœndr þegar á til bardaga, *the peasants at once set upon them*; Eiríkr jarl orti ekki á at berjast við Erling, *Eirik made no attempt to fight Erling*; y. á e-n, *to work upon*; hvárki eldr né járn orti á þá, *neither fire nor iron did them any harm*; y. orða á e-n, *to address one, speak to one* (hann svaraði stirt ok strítt, þá er menn ortu orða á hann); (4) refl., yrkist í um e-t, *it begins*; (gerist nú svá sem dœmi finnast til, at á ortist um mannfallit); recipr. *to attack one another* (síðan fylktu þeir liði sínu ok ortust á ok börðust); þeir ortust á vísur, *they competed in verse-making*.

YRKR, a. *working, when one may work* = virkr (yrkir tímar).

YRMLINGR, m. *'wormling', little snake* (ötul augu sem yrmlingi).

YRMT, a. n. *swarming with vermin* (hér er víða y.).

YSS, m. *noise, bustle of a crowd* (þá var yss mikill í skálanum).

YSTAST, v. refl. *to curdle* (þat rennr saman ok ystist sem mjölk).

YTRI, better ÝTRI, a. compar., YZTR, better ÝZTR, superl. *outer, outermost*.

YXN, m. pl. or n. pl. *oxen*, see 'uxi'.

YXNA, a. indecl. *in heat* (kýr y.).

YXNA-FLOKKR, m. *a herd or drove of oxen*; -LIKI, n. *the shape of oxen*; -RÉTTR, m. *oxfold*.

YXNI, n. *ox* (y. fimm vetra gamalt).

YXNIS-FALL, n. *carcass of an ox*; -HÚÐ, f. *hide of an ox*; -HVARF, n. *disappearance of an ox*.

YZTR, a. superl., see 'ytri'.

Ý

ý-bogi, m. *a yew-tree bow*.

ýðgi, f. *mind, disposition* (harðýðgi, grunnýðgi).

ýfa (-ða, -ðr), v. *to rip up* (ý. mál); refl., ýfast, *to become ruffled, get angry* (þótti mér sá björninn, er fyrir varð, ý. mjök); tók at ý. með þeim, *they began to be on bad terms*; ý. við e-n, *to provoke one, pick a quarrel with one* (Magnús son hans ýfðist mjök við Harald).

ýfinn, a. *ruffled, wroth, angry*.

ýfis-orð, n. pl. *irritating or ruffling words, taunts*.

ýgjast (ð), v. *to grow vicious*, of a bull (graðungrinn tók at ý.).

ýgr, a. *fierce, gruff, stern*.

ýja (úði), v. *to swarm, teem*.

ýki (dat. pl. ýkjum), n. (1) *exageration* (telja e-t með ýkjum); (2) *aggravation*.

ýkva, v. = víkva, víkja.

ýla (-da, -t), v. *to howl, yelp*, of dogs, wolves; ýla, f. *howl, howling*.

ýlda, f. *decay, rottenness, stench*.

ýling, f. *howling*.

ýmis-leikr, m. *fickleness, mutability*; -liga, adv. *variously*; -ligr, a. *various, diverse* (-ligir dauðligir hlutir, -ligar þjóðir).

ýmiss (neut. ýmist; pl. ýmissir, ýmissar, usually contracted ýmsir or ymsir, ýmsar or ymsar, neut. ýmis, ýmsi or ýms), a. *now this, now that* (ýmist hann hugði); hann gerði ýmist, hjó eða lagði, *he cut and thrust alternately*; esp. pl. *various, sundry, now these, now those, by turns* (höfðu ymsir sigr); í ymsum stöðum, *in various places*; reka kaupferðir til ýmissa landa, *to go on trading expeditions to various countries*; einir ok ýmissir, *one and another, sundry*; allir ok þó ýmissir, *all by turn*; ýmist … eða, *now … now, sometimes … sometime* (Bolli var ýmist í Tungu eða at Helga felli).

ýr (gen. ýs, dat. ý), m. (1) *yew tree*; (2) *bow of yew*, = ýbogi.

ýra (-ða), v. *to shed in small drops*; refl., ýrast, *to drizzle*; ýrðist dögg reyfit, *dew settled on the fleece*.

ýrinn (contr. from 'yfrinn'), a. *abundant*, = yfrinn, œrinn.

ýsa, f. *haddock*.

ýskja (-ta, -t), v. = œskja.

ýta (ýtta, ýtt), v. (1) *to push out, launch* (ý. báti, skipi); ý. e-u at e-m í hönd e-m, *to push it towards one*; (2) *to put out to sea, start on a voyage* (þat skal yðr kunnigt gera, at vé ýttum af Nóregi).

ýtar, m. pl., poet. *men* (ýta synir).

ýtri, ýztr, see 'ytri', 'yztr'.

Þ

ÞAÐAN, adv. (1) *thence, from there* (þ. heldu þeir suðr til Danmerkr); þ. af = þ. (þ. af falla ár þær, er svá heita); hón var skamt þ. á veizlu, *she was a little way off, at a feast*; (2) fig., þ. mátti skilja, *thence it could be understood*; skulu vér þ. at vera, *we will be on that side*; þ. af veit ek, *therefrom I know*; allan helming, eða þ. af meira, *a full half and even more*; (3) of time, *after that* (þ. eru tólf nætr til Þorláks-messu); þ. af, þ. frá, þ. í frá, *from that time* (þ. af varð hann hinn grimmasti).

ÞAÐRA, adv. *there*, = þar.

ÞAFÐR, pp., see 'þefja'.

ÞAGA, f. *silence*, in 'endr-þaga'.

ÞAGALL, a. *silent*, = þögull.

ÞAGAT, adv. *thither*, = þangat.

ÞAGGA (AÐ), v. *to silence, put to silence* (þ. mann, börn).

ÞAG-MÆLSKR, a. *silent, discreet*.

ÞAGNA (AÐ), v. *to become silent* (konungr þagnar við); síðan er hann þagnaði, *when he left of speaking*.

ÞAGNAR-, gen. from 'þögn'; -HALD, n. *keeping silent*; -STUND, f. *pause*; -TÍMI, m. *time of silence*.

ÞAK, n. (1) *bed-cover*; (2) *thatch, roof*.

ÞAKIÐR, pp. from 'þekja'; kunna mjöt þakinna næfra, *to know how many bark-flakes to use in thatching*.

ÞAKKA (AÐ), v. *to thank* (þ. e-m e-t).

ÞAKKAN, f. *thanking, thanks*.

ÞAKK-LÁTLIGR, a. *grateful* (-látlig tár); -LÁTR, a. *thankful, grateful*; -LÆTI, n. *thank-fulness, gratitude*; -NÆMR, a. = -látr; -SAMLIGA, adv. *thankfully, gratefully*; biðja -samliga, *to be, hard*; -SAMLIGR, a. *thankful, grateful*.

ÞAK-LAUSS, a. *thatchless, roofless*; -NÆFRAR, f. pl. *bark used for thatching*; -VANA, a. indecl. = -lauss.

ÞAMBAR-SKELFIR, m. *paunch-shaker*, a nickname.

ÞANG, n. *sea-weed, sea-wrack*.

ÞANGAT, adv. *thither, to that place* (hann hleypr þ.); hingat ok þ., *hither and thither*; þ. til, *till that time*.

ÞANGAT-FERÐ, -FÖR, f. *a journey thither*; -KOMA, f. *a coming thither arrival*.

ÞANG-FLOTI, m. *drift of sea-weed*; -SKURÐR, m. *cutting of sea-weed*.

ÞANNIG, ÞANNUG, ÞANNINN, adv. = þann veg; (1) *that way, thither* (þeir höfðu þ. farit kaupferð); (2) *this way, thus, so* (Þorkell grunar, hvárt þ. mun farit hafa).

ÞANNS = þann es, þann er.

ÞAR, adv. (1) *there, at that place* (þ. var fjölmenni mikit); þ. er, þ. sem, *there where*; þeir þóttust þar eiga allt traust er hann var, *they thought that all their hope was there where he was*; fig. *there, in that case, at that point* (lýkr þar viðskiptum þeira); þ. sem, þ. er, *whereas*; þú gerir þik góðan, þ. sem þú ert þjófr ok morðingi, *whereas thou art both thief and murderer*; mun F. annat ráð taka, þar sem hann hefir drepit Njál föðurbróður minn, *seeing that he has killed N.*; (2) *there, thither* (var þat ákveðit nær konungr skyldi þar koma); (3) with prep. = an oblique case of the demonstrative pronoun þ. af, *therefrom, from that*, = af því þ. *at, thereat*; þ. á, *thereupon*; þ. eptir, *after that,*

thereafter; þ. fyrir, *therefore*; þ. í, *therein*; þ. í móti, *in return* (þ. í móti vil ek eiga hálft dýrit); þ. með, *therewith, besides*; þ. ór, *there from, there out of*; þ. til, *thereto*; þ. til er, *to the place where* (O. gekk þ. til, er H. var); *till, until* (konungr ríðr langa leið til er hann finnr eitt hús); þ. um, *about that*, = um þat (verið eigi þ. um hugsjúkir); þ. undir, *there underneath*; þ. út í frá, *furthermore, besides*; þ. við, *thereby, by that*; þ. yfir, *there above*.

ÞARA-BRÚK, n. *heap of sea-weed*; -NYTJAR, f. pl. *the use of sea-weed*.

ÞAR-BORGARMAÐR, m. *inhabitant of that town*.

ÞARFA (AÐ), v. impers., e-m þarfar e-t, *it is necessary for one, one is in want of* (fekk svá mikinn fjárhlut sem honum þótti sér þ.).

ÞARFA-GANGR, m. *urine, excrement*.

ÞARFI, a. *needing, in want of* (þá er hann þykkist liðs þ. vera).

ÞARFINDI, n. pl. *things needful, necessaries* (keypti sér mat ok önnur þ.).

ÞARF-LAUSA, f. = -leysa; -LAUSLIGR, a. *needless*; -LAUSS, a. *needless, useless* (-laust eyrendi); at -lausu, *needlessly*; -LÁTLIGA, adv. *meekly, humbly*; -LÁTR, a. *humble*; -LEYSA, f. *needlessness* (láta þat mart eptir börnum, er -leysa er); -LEYSI, n. = -leysa.

ÞARFLEYSU-, in compounds, *useless, mischievous* (-erendi, -forvitni, -glens, -hugsan, -tal, -upphlaup).

ÞARF-LIGA, adv. *humbly* = -látliga; -LIGR, a. *useful*.

ÞARFNA (AÐ), v. *to be needful, necessary*; refl., þarfnast, *to lack, want, be without*, with acc. (svá at vit þarfnimst eigi alla góða hluti).

ÞARFHAN, f. *need, want*.

ÞARFR, a. *useful* (hann var þeim þ.).

ÞARF-SAMLIGA, adv. *duly, gratefully*; -SÆLL, -SÆLLIGR, *useful, profitable*.

ÞARI, m. *sea-weed*.

ÞAR-KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. *coming there, arrival*; -KOMINN, pp. *arrived there*; -LANDS, adv. *in that land*.

ÞARLANDS-HÖFÐINGI, -MAÐR, m. *a chief, native, of that land*.

ÞAR-LENDR, -LENZKR, a. *native*.

ÞARMR (-S, -AR), m. *gut, intestine*; cf. 'endaþarmr', 'smáþarmar'.

ÞARNA, adv. *there* (menn fara þ.).

ÞARNAST (AÐ), v. refl., see 'þarfna'.

ÞARS, adv. = þar es, see 'þar'.

ÞAR-VERA, -VIST, f. *sojourn (staying) there, at that place*.

ÞAT, pron. (1) neut. *from* 'sá', *that, it* (þ. var einhverju sinni, at); (2) *so* = svá (sagðist hann mundu vera þeim þ. úþarfr sem hann mætti); (3) conj. *that*, = at (sagði sönn tíðindi af ferðum Þorgils ok þat hann hafði eltan Hrafn á fjöll upp).

ÞAT-KI, *'that not'*; þatki at, *when … not* (til hvers skal ek þjóna honum lengr, þatki at ek fá mála minn falslaust); *not even that* (þatki at þú hafir brœkr þinar).

ÞATZ = þat es, þat er, = þaz.

ÞATZTU = þat es þú, *that which thou*.

ÞAULAR, f. pl. *complicated state of things*; mæla sik í þ., *to talk oneself into troubles*.

ÞAULAR-VÁGR, m. *winding creek* (róum út ór þessum -vági).

ÞAUSN, f. *bustle, wild fray, tumult*.

ÞAUSNA-LAUSS, a. *without tumult*.

ÞAZ = þatz, þat es, þat er.

ÞÁ, adv. (1) *then, at that time* (var hón þá fjórtán vetra gömul); þá er, þá es, *when* (Y. var með þorvaldi, þá er Einarr var veginn); þá ok þá, *at every moment* (létu

sem þeir mundi fara norðir þá ok þá); (2) *then, there-upon* (et næsta Gunnari sat Njáll, þá Skarphéðinn, þá Helgi, þá Grimr); (3) *then, in that case* (þykki mér þá vel sýslat, ef þú heyrir orð Svíakonungs); (4) pleonastic, beginning the apodosis, *then* (ok er Illugi bjóst, þá sat Gunnlaugr í stofu); en af því at…, þá, þá hann miskunn af konunginum, *but because…, then he received mercy from the king*; (5) *when*, = þá er (ferr nú til Arna, þá konungr er þar at veizlu).

þá, f. *thawed ground* (þeir reka spor sem hundar bæði á þá ok hjarni).

þá-fjall, n. *'thawed fell'*; henda hrein á -fjalli, *to catch a reindeer on the thawing hill-side*.

þá-leiðar, -leiðis, adv. *that way, thus*, = á þá leið.

þána (að), v. *to thaw*, = þiðna.

þás, conj. *when*, = þá es, þá er.

þáttr (gen. **þáttar**, pl. **þættir**, acc. **þáttu**), m. (1) *a single strand of a rope* (skar í sundr átta þáttuna í festinni); fig., þættir ættar minnar, *strands of my race*; (2) *section, division*, esp. a section of law (kristinna laga þ.); (3) *short story* (Þ. Orms Stórólfssonar).

þefa (að), v. *to smell, sniff*.

þefaðr, pp., illa þ., *ill-smelling, foul*.

þefan, f. *smelling, smell*.

þef-góðr, a. *sweet-smelling*.

þefja (**þafða, þafðr**), v. *to stir, thicken*; remains only in the pp.; hann hafði þá eigi þafðan sinn graut, *he had not cooked his porridge thick*.

þefja (að), v. (1) *to smell*; (2) *to emit a smell* (min fœzla þefjar betr hverjum ilm).

þefjaðr, pp. *smelling* (vel þ.).

þefka (að), v. *to smell*, = þefja.

þef-lauss, a. *smell-less, vapid*.

þefr, m. (1) *smell*; (2) *taste*.

þega, f. *present, gift* (dýrlig þ.).

þegar, adv. (1) *at once, forthwith* (hón gekk þ. til hans); þá var hann þ. fjarri, *then he was already far away*; þ. á unga aldri, *when quite young*; þ. í stað, *at once*; Þ. bar merkit þ. eptir honum, *immediately after him*; (2) þ. er, þ. es, þ. sem, þ. at, *as soon as*; (3) = þ. er (þ. Skapti vissi þetta, gekk hann til búðar Snorra goða).

þegars = þegar er, *as soon as*.

þegat, adv. = þangat, þagat.

þegja (**þegi, þagða, þagat**), v. *to be silent* (R. þagði við); þegi þú!, *be silent!*; with gen., þegi þú þeira orða, *keep silence from such words, speak not so*; þ. yfir e-u, *to keep silent about, conceal* (kvað hana hølsti lengi hafa, þagat yfir svá góðri ætt).

þegn, m. (1) *thane, franklin, freeman, man*; Mörðr kvaddi oss kviðar þegna níu, *M. summoned us nine franklins on this inquest*; hann lézt eigi vita, hverr þ. hann væri, *he said he knew not what person he was*; þ. ok þræll, *freeman and bondman, all men*; ek ok mínir þegnar, *I and my men*; (2) *a good (liberal) man* (svá er sagt, at hann sé ekki mikill þ. við aðra menn af fé sínu); (3) *liegeman, subject* (þeir játuðu skattgjöfum ok gerðust konungs þegnar).

þegn-gildi, n. *the weregild for a* 'þegn' 3.

þegnskapar-maðr, m. *liberal man*.

þegn-skapr, m. (1) *honour*; leggja (fela) e-t undir -skap sinn, *to swear upon one's honour, pledge one's honour to a thing*; (2) *liberality, generosity* (honum eyddist fé fyrir-skapar sakir); reyna -skap Flosa, *to put Flosi's generosity to the proof*; **-skylda**, f. *the duty of a thane towards his liege*

lord, allegiance (játa e-m -skyldu).

ÞEIMA, old dat., sing. and plur., = þessum, *to this, to these* (á þ. bœ, á þ. mánuðum).

ÞEIMON, ÞEIMUN, *all the* = þeim mun (þ. harðara).

ÞEIMS = þeim es, þeim er.

ÞEIR (ÞÆR, ÞAU), demonstr. pron. pl. *they, those*, answering to the sing. 'sá, sú, þat', and 'hann, hón, þat'; (1) the neut. pl. 'þau' as collective for a masc. and fem.; síðan gengu þau (sc. Njáll and Bergthora) inn bæði; (2) 'þeir' is frequently used before an adv., or a prep. with its complement; þeir norðr þar, *those there in the north*; þeir fyrir austan árnar, *those east of the rivers*; (3) pleonast. before the names of two or more persons; þau Ásgerðr ok Þorsteinn, *Asgerd and Thorstein*; börn þeira Hildigunnar ok Kára váru þeir Starkaðr ok Flosi, *the children of H. and K. were these, S. and F.*; þeir feðgar, *father and son*; (4) ellipt., before the name of a single person; þeir Oddr, O. *and his men*; frá skiptum þeira Þórðar, *about the dealings of Thord and Björn*; þau Asgerðr, *Asgerd and her son (Thorstein)*.

ÞEIRS = þeir es, þeir er, *those who*.

ÞEISTI, m. *black guillemot*.

ÞEKJA (ÞAK; ÞAKTA; ÞAKIÐR, ÞAKTR, ÞAKINN), v. *to thatch, cover*; skjöldum er salr þakiðr, *the hall is thatched with shields*; þ. sundit alt með skipum *to lay the ships right across the sound*.

ÞEKJA, f. *thatch, roof*.

ÞEKKI-LIGA, adv. *with grace*; -LIGR, a. *handsome*; eigi -ligr, *ill-favoured*.

ÞEKKJA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to perceive, espy, notice* (ok er konungr þekkir, at sveininn er heill); þás bani Fáfnis borg of þátti (old pret. = þekti), *when Fafnir's slayer espied the burg*; (2) *to comprehend* (mátt þú nú þat þ., er fyrr sagða ek þér); (3) *to know, recognize* (þóttist hón þ. barnit); (4) refl., þekkjast e-t, *to comply with, consent to, accept of* (þeir þektust þetta boð gjarna); þ. e-m, *to please*; megi þér (dat.) mitt líf þ., *may it please thee*.

ÞEKKR, a. *agreeable, liked*; þ. e-m *or* við e-n (þýðr em ok þ. við sína menn).

ÞEKT, f. *agreeableness*.

ÞEKTA (-KTA), v. *to silence*; hann þekti menn af orðum þessum, *he forbade men to utter these words*.

ÞEL, n. *the inner and finer wool*.

ÞÉL, f. *file* (þ. er smiðar-tól).

ÞÉLA (AÐ), v. *to file*, = sverfa.

ÞELA-HÖGG, n. *ice-hoe*; -LAUSS, a. *unfrozen, thawed*, of the ground (illt yfirferðar, þá er þelalaust er).

ÞEL-HÖGG, n. = þelahögg.

ÞELI, m. *frozen ground, frost in the ground* (var þá allr þ. ór jörðu).

ÞELLI, n. *fine-wood*; -SAFI, n. *the sap of a young pine-trees* (þeir átu -safa); -VIÐI, n. *pine-trees*.

ÞÉNA (AÐ, or -TA), v. *to serve*.

ÞÉNARI, m. *servant*.

ÞÉNASTA, f. *service*, = þjónusta.

ÞENGILL, m. poet. *prince, king*.

ÞENJA (þen; þandi; þaniðr, þandr, þaninn), v. *to stretch, extend* (þ. skinn, húð); þ. vömbina, *to distend, fill the belly*.

ÞERFI-LIGR, a. *useful, convenient*.

ÞERMLAST (AÐ), v. refl. (1) *to lack, miss, want*, with gen. (þá er maðr þermlast síns gripar); (2) *to differ from*, with dat. (allt mál þat, er þerm. last alþýðligu orðtaki).

ÞERMS-LIGR, a. *meet, fit*.

ÞERNA, f. (1) *tern*; (2) *maid-servant*.

ÞERRA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to dry, make dry*

(þ. hey, föt); (2) *to dry, wipe* (griðkona þerði fœtr sína á þúfu); hann þerði blóðit af andlitinu, *he wiped the blood off the face*; hón tók skikkjuna ok þerði með blóðit alit, *and wiped off all the blood with it*; þ. sér á e-u, *to wipe oneself on or with a thing*.

ÞERRA, f. *towel*, = handklæði.

ÞERRA-LEYSI, n. *want of dry weather*.

ÞERRI-DAGR, m. *dry day*; -LEYSA, f. *wet season*.

ÞERRILEYSU-SUMAR, n. *wet summer*.

ÞERRIR (gen. -IS, pl. -AR), m. (1) *drying*; breiða e-t til þerris, *to spread it out for drying*; (2) *dry weather* (um haustit kómu þerrar góðir).

ÞERRI-SAMR, a. *good for drying*, of a season; -SUMAR, n. *dry summer* (= þerrisamt sumar).

ÞESS, gen. sing. from 'sá, þat'; (1) denoting mode, kind, manner, *so, thus, of that kind* (sér þú nú þess, er þér þykki með undarligu móti); hefi ek nökkut þ. gört, at þér mislíki, *have I done aught that it should mislike thee?* (2) þ. er, *in so far as* (hón var allra kvenna kurteisust at öllum hlutum, þ. er hann hafði spurt); þ. þó, at, *yet so that* (vilda ek helzt hafa atferð ok höfðingskap Hrólfs kraka, þ. þó, at ek helda allri kristni ok trú minni); (3) with a compar. *the more, so much the more*, = því (þ. meirr er hinn drekkr, þ. meirr þyrstir hann).

ÞESS-HÁTTAR, gen. *of that kind*.

ÞESSI (ÞESSI, ÞETTA), demonstr. pron. *this* (þ. kona, or kona þ.); í þessu, *in this moment*.

ÞESS-KONAR, gen. *of that kind*; -LIGA, adv. *on this wise*; -LIGR, a. *of such appearance, such* (-ligr er varningr þinn).

ÞÉTT-LIGR, a. *tight* (skipin eigi -lig).

ÞÉTTR, a. *tight, watertight*, opp. to 'lekr' (í skinnbrókum þéttum).

ÞEYGI, conj. *yet not*, = þó eigi; þ. Guðrún gráta mátti, *yet G. could not weep*; þeygi … þótt, *not … althouah*.

ÞEYR (gen. þeys, pl. þeyir), m. *thaw*.

ÞEYSA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) *to spirt out, gush forth* (þeysti E. upp ór sér spýju mikla); (2) *to make rush on* (þá þeysti hann líð sitt at þeim fram); þ. reiðina, *to ride at a gallop*; with dat. (þ. út úvígum her ór borginni); absol., þeir þeystu þá sem harðast at þeim, *they rushed violently on them*; (3) refl., þeysast, *to dash, rush on* (þá þeystist eptir allr múgrinn).

ÞEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to make sound*; þ. lúðr, *to blow the trumpet*.

ÞEY-VIÐRI, n. *thawing weather, thaw*, = þeyr.

ÞIÐ or ÞIT, dual. *ye*.

ÞIÐINN, a. *thawed free from ice*.

ÞIÐNA (AÐ), v. *to thaw, melt away* (fyrr en ísa leysti ok sjár tœki at þ.).

ÞIÐURR (gen. ÞIÐURS, pl. ÞIÐRAR), m. *wood-grouse, capercailye*.

ÞIGGJA (ÞIGG; ÞÁ, ÞÁGUM; ÞEGINN), v. (1) *to receive, accept of*; þ. e-t af e-m, at e-m, *to receive (get) from one, at one's hands*; þ. e-t at gjöf, *to receive as a present*; þ. e-n undan, *to get one relieved, set free* (ef þér vilit þessa menn undan þ.); (2) absol., *to take lodging, receive hospitality for a night* (þigg þú hér, Sigurðr!); (3) *to accept* (þóttist jarl þá vita, at Óðinn mundi þegit hafa blótit).

ÞIKKJA, v.; see 'þykkja'.

ÞIL, n. = þili; -FAR, n. *deck of a ship*; -FJÖL, f. *deal-board*.

ÞILI, n. *wainscot, panel, board, partition* (þeir brutu upp þilit).

ÞILI-VIÐR, m. *wainscot*.

ÞILJA (ÞIL; ÞILDA; ÞILITIR, ÞILDR, ÞILINN), v. *to cover with deals, to board, plank*.

ÞILJA, f. *deal, plank, planking*, esp. on a ship; pl. *the deck* (far þú undir þiljur niðr).

ÞING, n. (1) *assembly, meeting*; esp. for purposes of legislation, *a parliament*; slíta þingi, segja þ. laust, *to dissolve a meeting*; (2) *parish*; (3) *district, county, shire*; vera í þingi goða, *to be in the district of such and such a* 'goði', *to be his liegeman, in his jurisdiction*; (4) *interview*, of lovers; vera í þingum við konu, *to have a love intrigue with a woman* (þat var talat, at Þorbjórn væri í þingum við Þórdísi); (5) in pl. *things articles, valuables* (síðan tók hón þing sín, en Þorsteinn tók hornin).

ÞINGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to hold a meeting* (konungar tóku þar veizlur ok þinguðu við bœndr); (2) *to consult, discuss* (ekki veit ek, hvat þeir þinga); þeir þinguðu um, hvat at skyldi gøra, *they discussed what was to be done*.

ÞINGA-MENN, m. pl. *the housecarles or bodyguard* of King Canute and his successors in England.

ÞINGAN, f. *debate, holding counsel*.

ÞINGA-PRESTR, m. *vicar of a parish*.

ÞINGAT, adv. *thither*, = þangat.

ÞING-BOÐ, n. *'assembly-summons'*, in the shape of a *stick, cross*, or *axe*; -BORINN, pp. *presented at an assembly*; -BREKKA, f. *bank or slope at an assembly-place*; -DEILA, -DEILD, f. *a quarrel at a public meeting*.

ÞINGFARAR-KAUP, n. *a fee for travelling to the parliament*.

ÞING-FASTR, a. *belonging, to a certain county* (þing); -FERÐ, f. *journey to the* 'þing'; -FESTI, f. *domicile in a þing-community*; -FŒRR, a. *able to go to a public assembly*; eiga -fœrt = eiga -gengt; -FÖR, f. = -ferð; -GENGT, a. n., in the phrase, eiga -gengt, *to have free admission to the* 'þing'; -HÁ (pl. -HÁR), f. *a* þing-*district or community* (konungr fór í allar -hár ok kristnaði þarallan lýð); -HEIMR, m. *the assembly* at a 'þing'; -HELGR, f. (1) *the consecrated precincts or boundary of a public assembly*; (2) *the ceremony of hallowing an assembly*; -HEYJANDI, m. *a* 'þing-*performer*', any person who visits a 'þing', on a summons to perform any public duty; -HÚS, n. *a house in which a meeting is held*, esp. *a Jewish synagogue*; -KOSTR, m. = -veizla; -LAG, n. *the public standard of value, as fixed at a* 'þing'; -LAUSNIR, f. pl. *the dissolution of a parliament* (skal hann eigi fara af þingi fyrir -lausnir); -LOGI, m. *one who breaks his engagement to attend a meeting*; -LOK, n. *the conclusion (end) of a* 'þing'; -MAÐR, m. (1) *a person present at an assembly, a member of parliament*; (2) *a liegeman belonging to this or that* þing-*community* (þeir vóru -menn Þorgeirs goða).

ÞINGMANNA-LEIÐ, f. *the* way taken in *riding to the* 'þing'; -LIÐ, n. *the king's housecarles in England*.

ÞING-MARK, n. (1) *the boundary or precincts of a public assembly*; (2) *district jurisdiction* (ef maðr tekr hjú ór öðru -marki); -MÓT, n. *a public meeting*; -NEST, n. *provisions on a journey to the* 'þing'; -REIÐ, f. *a riding to attend parliament*; -REITT, a. n., *in the phrase*, eiga -reitt = eiga -fœrt; -RIKR, a. *influential in the parliament*; -ROF, n. *dissolution of a public meeting*.

ÞINGS-AFGLÖPUN, f. *contempt of the* 'þing'; -BOÐ, n. = þingboð.

ÞINGSKAPA-BÁLKR, -ÞÁTTR, m. *the section of law relating to* 'þingsköp'.

ÞING-SKÖP, n. pl. *the rules or regulations of a parlament*; -SÓKN, f. = -há; -STAÐR, m. *a place where a parliament is held*; -STEFNA, f. *a summons to a* 'þing'; -STÖÐ, f. = -staðr; -TAK, n. *the passing of a law by a public meeting*.

ÞINGU-NAUÐR, m. (1) *a member of a community or* 'þing'; (2) *parishioner*.

ÞING-VEIZLA, f. *entertainment at an assembly*; -VIKA, f. *the week during which the parliament sits*; -VIST, f. = -festi; -VÍTI, n. *a fine for not appearing when summoned*; -VÆRT, a. n., *in the phrase*, eiga -vært, *to be allowed to be present at a* 'þing', *of an outlaw*; -VÖLLR, m. '*parliament-field*', *a place where the* 'þing' *sat*.

ÞINIG, ÞINNIG, adv. poet. *hither*, = þenna veg.

ÞINN (ÞIN, ÞITT), possess. pron. *thy, thine*; þ. heljar-karl, *thou hell-carle!*; hundrinn þ., *thou dog!*

ÞINNIG, adv.; see 'þinig'.

ÞINULL, m. *the edge-rope of a net*.

ÞINURR, m. (1) a kind of *resinous fir-tree*; (2) fig. *bow*.

ÞISTILL, m. *thistle* (þistlar ok illgresi).

ÞIT or ÞIÐ, dual, *ye two*, = it, ið.

ÞÍÐA (ÞÍDDA, ÞÍDDR), v. *to melt, thaw* (síðan vóru eldar görvir ok þídd klæði manna).

ÞÍÐNA (AÐ), v.; see 'þiðna'.

ÞÍÐR, a. *not ice-bound, thawed* (ísum þakt eða þítt); meðan áin er þíð, *whilst the river is open*.

ÞÍNSLIGR, a. *like thee*.

ÞÍSL, f. poet. *cart-pole*.

ÞJAKAÐR, pp. *exhausted, worn* (þ. af kulda, göngu ok erviði).

ÞJARFR, a. (1) *unleavened, of bread*; (2) *fresh, of water*; (3) *insipid, flat*.

ÞJARKA, f. *quarrel* (gøra þjörku).

ÞJARMA (AÐ), v. *to handle roughly* (þ. at e-m).

ÞJÁ (ÞJÁ, ÞJÁÐA, ÞJÁÐR), v. *to constrain, enthral, enslave*; hann var þjár til vinnu, *he was forced to work as a bondsman*.

ÞJÁKAÐR, pp. = þjakaðr.

ÞJÁLMI, m. *snare, trap, toil*.

ÞJÁN, f. *bondage, servitude, oppression* (þján á þrældómr).

ÞJÁNING, f. *affliction, distress*.

ÞJOKK-LIGA, adv. *frequently, often*.

ÞJOKKR, a. *thick, dense*, = þykkr.

ÞJÓ, n. *the thickest part of the thigh*.

ÞJÓÐ (pl. -IR), f. *people, nation* (allar þjóðir ok tungur); þ. eru þrír tigir, *thirty make a* 'þjóð'; þ. veit, ef þrir 'ro, *what three know, all the world (soon) knows*.

ÞJÓÐANN, m. poet. *prince, ruler*.

ÞJÓÐ-Á, f. *great river, chief river*; -BRAUT, f. *high road*; -DRENGR, m. *good man, brave fellow*; -GATA, f. = -braut; -GÓÐR, a. *very good, excellent*; -HAGR, a. *masterly in skill or craft*; -HLIÐ, n. *public (main) gate*; -KONUNGR, m. *great king, sovereign*; -KUNNR, a. *very famous*; -LAND, n. *great country*; -LEIÐ, f. *high road*, esp. on the sea (sigldu þeir -leið til líðandisness); -LEIÐR, a. *much hated, execrated*; -LYGI, f. *great lie, slander, calumny*; -LÖÐ, f. *hearty welcome*; -MENNI, n. *brave man*; -MÆRR, a. *glorious*; -NÝTR, a. *very excellent*; -RÁÐ, n. *excellent plan* (þetta þykkir mér -ráð); -SKÁLD, n. *great poet*; -SMIÐR, m. *master-craftsman, great artist*; -STEFNA, f. *a meeting of the whole people, public meeting*; -STERKR, a. *very strong*; -SÝNILIGA, adv. *in the sight of all people, openly*; -SÝNILIGR, a. *open, clear, vehement*; -VEGR, m. *high road*, = -braut;

-vel, *very well, excellently*; -vitnir, m. poet. *the great wolf*.

þjófa (að), v. *to call one a thief*.

þjóf-laun, f. *thievish concealment of a thing*; -ligr, a. *thievish*.

þjófnaðr (gen. -ar), m. *theft*.

þjófr (-s, -ar), m. *thief*.

þjófs-augu, n. pl. *thief's eyes*.

þjóf-skapr, m. *theft*; -snara, f. *thief's halter* (hanga í -snöru).

þjófs-nafn, n. *the name of a thief*; -nautr, m. *a partaker with thieves* (illa er þá, ef ek em -nautr).

þjóf-sók, f. *a charge or accusation of theft*; -stolinn, pp. *stolen*.

þjó-hnappr, m. *buttock*; -leggr, m. *the thigh bone*.

þjóna (að), v. (1) *to serve* (settist hann heima ok þjónaði ekki konungi); þ. til e-s, *to serve, pay homage to* (kvaðst hann skyldr at þ. til konungs); *to deserve* (launa þeim sem þeir hafa til þjónat); þ. undir e-n, *to serve under one*; (2) *to attend on as a servant, wait on* (hón þjónaði honum eigi verr enn bónda sínum).

þjónan, f. *service, attendance*.

þjónasta, f. = þjónosta, þjónusta.

þjónka (að) v. *to serve*, = þjóna.

þjónkan, f. *service*, = þjónan.

þjónn (-s, -ar), m. *servant, attendant*.

þjónosta, þjónusta, f. (1) *service* (vera í e-s þjónostu); (2) *divine service* (guðs þ.); (3) *the eucharist*.

þjónosta (að), v. *to serve*, esp. *to administer the sacrament to one*.

þjónostu-bundinn, pp. *bound in service or allegiance*; -embætti, n. *divine service*; -fólk, n. *servant-folk*; -fullr, a. *serviceable, ready to serve*; -gjóld, n. pl. *wages for service*; -gørð, f. *divine service*; -kona, f. *female servant*; -lauss, a. (1) *without sacrament*; (2) *without divine service*; -maðr, m. *man-servant*; -mjúkr, a. *officious, obliging*; -mær, f. *maid-servant*; -samr, a. *ready to serve*; -semd, f. *readiness to serve*; -skyldr, a. *in duty bound*; -sveinn, m. *page, male servant*; -tekja, f. *taking of the sacrament*; -verk, n. *performance of service* (gera -verk).

þjónusta, f. = þjónosta.

þjórr (-s, -ar), m. *bull*.

þjós, f. *carcass of a whale*, = fjós.

þjóstr, m. *anger, fury, vehemence*.

þjóst-samliga, adv. *furiously*.

þjóta (þýt; þaut, þutum; þotinn), v. (1) *to emit a loud or whistling sound*, of the wind, surf, waves, leaves of trees; øxin þaut, *the axe whistled*; á þaut af þjósti, *a river roared with fury*; reiðar-þrumur þjóta, *the thunder roars*; úlfar, vargar þjóta, *the wolves howl*; þ. í horn, *to blow a horn or trumpet* (áðr halr hugfullr í horn um þaut); (2) *to rush*; þ. upp, *to dart up, start up* (þá þutu upp allir); (3) þ. á, *to burst on one like a storm*, = dynja á (varði mik trautt, at svá skjótt mundi á þjóta, sem nú er).

þjótandi, f. the name of a *vein*.

þjörku-drjúgr, a. *quarrelsome*.

þoka, f. *fog*; *mist* (væta mikil ok þ.).

þoka (að), v. (1) *to move*, with dat. (Hrútr þokaði nú bústað sínum); (2) *to move oneself, move*, = þokast þ. at e-m, *to go near to, approach*; fram þoki herr, *let the men move forwards*; þú skalt þ. fyrir konu þessi, *thou shall give place to this woman*; þ. undan e-m, *to give way, yield to one*; þokar áleiðis um e-t, *it goes well* (húskarlinn kvað vel þ. áleiðis um heilsu manna); afleiðis þokar um kurteisi karlanna, *it goes backwards with the manners if men*; (3) *to change, alter* (eigi skal for-

num samkomu-málum þ.); (4) refl., þokast, *to be displaced* (þokast þá nökkut steina-sørvit); lítt þokaðist á um mannfallit, *it made little progress*.

ÞOKKA (AÐ), v. (1) *to think so and so of, like*; ymsa vega þokka menn þat, *men think variously of it*; konungr þokkar ekki mitt mil, *he likes it not*; (2) þ. með e-m, *to side with one, take one's part* (hvárra líðsmenn þokkuðu með sínum höfðingja); (3) refl., þokkast, *to be liked* (hann kemr sér í tal við menn, ok þokkaðist hann vel).

ÞOKKA-BÓT, f. *reparation, redress*.

ÞOKKAÐR, pp., þ. e-m, af e-m, *liked by one*; illa þ., *ill-liked*.

ÞOKKA-GÓÐR, a. *engaging, amiable*; -GŒÐI, n. *favour, grace*; -KONA, f. *mistress, paramour*; -MAÐR, m. *lover*; -MÓT, n. *good favour, grace*; -SAMR, a. *well-liked, popular* (-samr af e-m); -SÆLD, f. *popularity*; -SÆLL, a. *in good favour, well-beloved* (-sæll af alþýðu).

ÞOKKI, m. (1) *thought, opinion*; (2) *liking*; leggja þokka til e-s, á e-n, *to take a liking for* (Leifr lagði þokka á konu þú, er Þórgunna hét); mér er þú vel í þokka, *I like thee well*; (3) *consent, good-will* (hann tók riki með alþýðu þokka of síðir); (4) *enmity, discord*, = þykkja.

ÞOKKNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to please, be acceptable*, with dat.; Ólafi þokknaðist vel tal þeira, *O. was well pleased with their talk*.

ÞOKKULIGR, a. *agreeable*.

ÞOKU-FULLR, a. *foggy, misty*; -LAUSS, a. *free from fog, clear*; -MYRKR, n. *murky fog*; -MYRKVI, m. = þoku-myrkr; -SAMR, a. *foggy*; -VEÐR, n. *foggy, weather*.

ÞOL, n. *patience, endurance* (hann bað Sturlu hafa þ. við ok bíða); þat er einskis manns þ., *no man can bear that*; cf. 'úþol'.

ÞOLA (ÞOLDA, ÞOLT or ÞOLAT), v. (1) *to bear, endure, suffer* (þ. högg, mannraun dauða); reyna, hvárt hann þyldi járn eða eigi, *to try whether he could bear iron or not*; þ. hart, *to suffer hardship*; hversu þoldi S. í brennunni, *how did S. bear the burning?*; (2) þ. e-m e-t, *to bear it at one's hand* (kann verap at þá sá nökkurir svá röskvir, at ei þoli jarli allan ósóma); þ. eigi lög, *not to bear the law*; eigi skal þat, ok skal þ. Snorra lög, *S. shall have the benefit of the law*; (3) *to feel at rest, be still or quiet*; þá œðist dýrit svá at þat þolir hvergi, *so that it has no rest*; fylgdi svá mikill verkr, at hann mátti hvergi kyrr þola, *so great pain that he could nowhere remain quiet*.

ÞOLANLIGR, a. *tolerable, to be tolerated*.

ÞOLIN-MÓÐLIGA, adv. *with patience*; -MÓÐR, a. *patient*; -MŒÐI, f. *patience, long-suffering*.

ÞOLINN, a. *lasting, durable*; *enduring* (þrekinn ok þ. við vás ok erviði).

ÞOL-LEYSI, n. *lack of endurance*; -LIGR, a. *tolerable*, = þolanligr.

ÞOLLR, m. *fir-tree, tree* in general.

ÞOL-RAUN, f. *trial of one's patience*.

ÞOPTA, f. *rowing bench, thwart*.

ÞOPTI, m. *bench-fellow*.

ÞORA (ÞORÐA, ÞORAT), v. *to dare, have the courage to do a thing* (þorði hann þó ekki at synja þeim gistingar).

ÞORAN, f. *daring, courage*.

ÞORAN-RAUN, f. *trial of courage*.

ÞORI, m. *the greater part, main part* (alir þ. liðsins; mestr þ. manna).

ÞORN (-S, -AR), m. (1) *thorn* (þornar ok þistlar); (2) *spike*, esp. *the tongue of a buckle, pin of a brooch* (þorni n í belti); (3) *the letter* þ.

ÞORNA (AÐ), v. *to become dry, dry -up*.

ÞORN-GJÖRÐ, f. *crown of thorn*; -RUNNR, m. *thorn-bush*.

ÞORP, n. (1) *an isolated farm*; (2) in foreign countries, *a thorp or village* (Írar hlaupa saman í eitt þ.); (3) *an open, unsheltered place* (hrørnar þöll, sú er stendr þorpi á).

ÞORPARA-LIGR, a. *boorish, clownish*; -SKAPR, m. *clownishness*.

ÞORPARI, m. *cotter, peasant, boor, churl* (þorparar ok verkmenn).

ÞORP-KARL, m. *churl*; -KARLLIGR, a. *churlish, clownish*.

ÞORRA-BLÓT, n. *the great sacrifice when Thorri began* (in heathen times).

ÞORRI, m. *the fourth winter month*, the first after midwinter.

ÞORSKR (-S, -AR), m. *cod, codfish*.

ÞORSTA-DRYKKR, m. *a draught for slaking the thirst*; -FULLR, a. *thirsty*.

ÞORSTI, m. *thirst*.

ÞORST-LAUSS, a. *not thirsty*; -LÁTR, a. *given to thirst, thirsty*.

ÞOT, n. *rush*; in phrase, sitja (standa) í þot við e-n, *to sit (stand) ready to make (? or meet) an attack*.

ÞÓ, adv. (1) *yet, though, nevertheless, still* (þeir vóru síð búnir ok sigldu þó í haf); (2) connected with other particles; ok þó, *and besides, and even, to boot* (í Nóregi er lítil bygð ok þó sundrlaus); mörgum mönnum ófróðum ok þó óvitrum, *ill-informed and unwise as well*; er þó, *since yet, considering that* (kvazt hjá bóndum skyldu vera, er þó buðu þeir honum svá góða kosti); (3) conj., þó at, contracted þót, þótt, *although, even though*, with subj. (hann rengdi til augum, þó at úskygn væri); halda máttu þessu sæti, þótt hón komi sjalf til, *though she comes herself into the hall*; dropping the 'at'; þó þú sért lítillar ættar, *although thou art of low extraction*.

ÞÓF, n. (1) *crowding, thronging, pressing*; leiðist mér þ. þetta, *this crowding wearies me*; (2) *wearisome, endless struggle* (þar kemr enn þófinu, at).

ÞÓFA-HATTR, m. *felt hood*; -HÖTTR, m. *felt hood*; -STAKKR, m. *felt cloak*.

ÞÓFI, m. (1) *felt*; (2) *saddle-cloth of felt*.

ÞÓKNAST, see 'þokknast'.

ÞÓPTA, see 'þopta'.

ÞÓRR, m. the god *Thor*.

ÞÓRS-DAGR, m. *Thursday*.

ÞÓTT, conj. contr. from þó at, *although*; see 'þó' 3.

ÞÓTA-BRAGÐ, n. *angry look*.

ÞÓTTI, m. (1) *thought, mind*; (2) *displeasure, anger*.

ÞÓTTR, m. = þótti; mæla sinn þótt, *to tell one's mind*.

ÞÓTTU, = þótt (þó at) þú.

ÞRAMMA (AÐ), v. *to trudge, trample*.

ÞRAMMAN, ÞRÖMMUN, f. *trampling*.

ÞRAP or ÞRAPT, n. *quarrel*.

ÞRASA (pres. ÞRASI), v. *to talk big, to rage* (hví þrasir þú svá, Þórr!).

ÞRAUT (pl. -IR), f. *hard strugggle, great exertion, labour, hard task* (ek mun láta þik vinna til ráðahags þessa þrautir nökkurar); þola þrautir, *to suffer hardships*; gera þ. til e-s, *to try hard*; berjast til þrautar, *to fight to the end*.

ÞRAUTAR-LAUST, adv. *without a struggle, without resistance*.

ÞRAUT-GÓÐR, a. *good in straits*; -LAUST, adv. = þrautarlaust.

ÞRÁ (ÞRÁ, ÞRÁÐA, ÞRÁÐR), v. *to long, yearn* (slá ekki slíku á þik, at þ. eptir einni konu); refl., þrást á e-t, *to long for a thing*.

ÞRÁ, f. *longing, yearning*; leggja þrár í e-t, *to yearn after a thing*.

ÞRÁ, n. *obstinacy* (Hrafn harðnaði í sínu þrái við biskup); í þ. e-m, *in defiance of, in spite of* (gerði þat hverr í þ. öðrum); honum þótti þat mjök gert í þ. sér, *in his despite, in order to thwart him*; ganga á þ., *to veer round and become contrary*, of wind (því næst gekk veðr á þ.).

ÞRÁ-BEITING, f. *continual tacking*; -BŒNI, f. *persistence in praying or asking*; -BŒNN, a. *persistent in prayer or entreaty*.

ÞRÁÐR (gen. ÞRÁÐAR; pl. ÞRÆÐIR, acc. ÞRÁÐU; nom. and acc. also ÞRÆÐR), m. *thread*.

ÞRÁ-FYLGINN, a. *persevering, persistent*; -GIRNI, f. *obstinacy*; -GJARN, a. *obstinate*; -GJARNLIGA, adv. *obstinately*; -HALDA, v. *to holdfast, stick to* (á e-u); -HALDR, a. *obstinate, stubborn*.

ÞRÁI, m. *obstinacy*, = þrá (n.).

ÞRÁ-LÁTR, a. *stubborn, obstinate*; -LEIKR, m. *perseverance*; -LIGA, adv. (1) *obstinately* (neita e-u -liga); (2) *incessantly, continuously*; -LIGR, a. *continuous, incessant*; -LÍFR, a. *tenacious of life*; -LUNDAÐR, a. = þrá-lyndr; -LYNDAST, v. refl. *to be obstinate in a thing* (í e-u); -LYNDI, n. *stubbornness*; -LYNDR, a. *obstinate, stubborn*; -LÆTI, n. = -lyndi; -MÆLI, n. *obstinate talk*.

ÞRÁR (ÞRÁ, ÞRÁTT), a. *stubborn, obstinate* (þótt þú sér svá þ., at þú vilir engis manns ráði hlýða); neut., þrátt as adv., *frequently*.

ÞRÁ-REIP, n. *tight or strong rope* (?); -RÆKILIGR, a. *obstinate*; -RÆKR, a. *persistent*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *perseveringly, obstinately* (neita -samliga); -SETA, f. *long sitting*; -VIÐRI, n. *a constant adverse wind*; -YRÐI, n. pl. *obstinate speech* = -mæli.

ÞREF, n. a kind of *upper floor*; fig., kemr nú á þ. um draumana, *the (dismal) dreams come again*.

ÞRE-FALDA (AÐ), v. *to triple*; -FALDAN, f. *a making threefold*; -FALDLIGA, adv. *trebly*; -FALDR, a. *threefold*.

ÞREFT, m. *a number of sheaves, thrave*.

ÞREIFA (AÐ), v. *to feel with the hand, touch* (far þú hingat ok vil ek þ. um þik); þ. í hönd e-m, *to shake one's hand*; refl., þreifast fyrir, *to feel for oneself, grope along*.

ÞREIFANLIGR, a. *tangible*.

ÞREK, n., poet. ÞREKR, m., *pith, strength, courage, daring* (eigi hófum ver þrek til at berjast við Þorstein) hafa þrek við e-m, *to be a match for*.

ÞREKAÐR, pp. *worn, exhausted*.

ÞREK-FÖRLAÐR, pp. *with failing courage or strength* (poet.).

ÞREKINN, a. strong, *enduring*.

ÞREKKÓTTR, a. *dirty, filthy*.

ÞREKKR, m. *dirt filth*.

ÞREK-LAUSS, a. *pithless*; -LEYSI, n. *lack of fortitude, pithlessness*; -LIGA, adv. *strongly, stoutly*; -LIGR, a. *strong. stout of frame*; -MAÐR, m. *a stout, strong man*; -MANNLIGA, adv. *stoutly*; -MIKILL, a. *strong, valiant*.

ÞREKR, m. = þrek (mikill þ. ok afl).

ÞREK-RAUN, f. *trial of strength or courage* (þetta var mikil -raun).

ÞREKU-LIGR, a. = þrekligr.

ÞREK-VANA, a. indecl. *destitute of strength*; -VIRKI, n. *deed of derring-do* (þetta er hit mesta -virki).

ÞRENNING, f. *trinity*, esp. *the Trinity* (þrenningar trúa); ÞRENNINGAR-MESSA, f. *Trinity-Sunday*.

ÞRENNR, a. *trifile, threefold*; plur. in distrib. sense, *three*; þrennar tylftir í

fjórðungi hverjum, *three twelves in each quarter*; þetta eru þrenn verð, *three times the price*.

ÞREP, n., ÞREPI, m. *ledge*.

ÞRESKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to thresh*.

ÞRESKÖLDR (gen. -ALDAR, dat. -ELDI; pl. -ELDIR, acc. -ÖLDU), m. (1) *threshold*; (2) *an isthmus* or *ridge flooded at high water*.

ÞRETTÁN, card. numb. *thirteen*; ÞRETTÁNDI, ord. numb. *the thirteenth*.

ÞRE-VETR, a. *three winters (or years) old* (þeir vóru -vetrir).

ÞREYJA (ÞREY, ÞREYÐA, ÞREYÐR), v. *to feel for, desire, yearn after*.

ÞREYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to prosecute a thing stoutly to strive hard in a thing*; þ. leik, rás við e-n, *to contend in a game, run a race with one*; þ. kapp-sigling, *to sail a race*; þ. drykkju við e-n, *to vie in drinking with one*; þ. á drykkjuna, *to strive hard to drink*; þ. e-t með kappmælum, *to dispute eagerly*; þ. lög um e-t, *to contend at law*; jarlarnir þreyttu þetta með sér, *it came to high words between them*; þeir þreyttu at komast inn í borgina, *they tried hard to get into the burgh*; þ. hest sporum, *to prick the horse with the spurs*.

ÞREYTTR, pp. *exhausted, worn out*; þótt hann sé mjök at þ., *though he be sorely tried*.

ÞRIÐI (gen., dat., acc. ÞRIÐJA, pl. ÞRIÐJU), ord. numb. *the third*; í þriðja sinn, *for the third time*.

ÞRIÐJA-BRŒÐRA, indecl. *fourth (male) cousins*; -BRŒÐRI, m. *fourth cousin*.

ÞRIÐJUNGA-SKIPTI, n. *a division into three parts*.

ÞRIÐJUNGR, m. *the third part*; aukast þriðjungi, *to be increased by a third*.

ÞRIÐJUNGS-AUKI, m. *an increase by a third*; *the third part the wife was entitled to of the joint property*.

ÞRIF, n. pl. *thriving condition, well doing, prosperity*; standa e-m fyrir þrifum, *to stand in the way of one's well-doing*; verða at þrifum, *to become prosperous*.

ÞRIFGAST (AÐ), v. *to thrive*, = þrífast.

ÞRIF-GJAFARI, m. *giver of good things*; -GJAFI, m. = -gjafari; -GJÖFT, f. *gift of grace salvation*.

ÞRIFINN, a. (1) *active*; (2) *well-favoured* (þ. af sinum líkam).

ÞRIF-LIGA, adv. (1) *deftly, briskly* (eta -liga); (2) *neatly, carefully* (-liga búinn); -LIGR, a. *thrifty, well-looking*; -MANNLIGR, a. -ligr.

ÞRIFNAÐAR-LAUSS, a. *miserable, wretched*; -MAÐR, m. *a well-to-do (prosperous) man*.

ÞRIFNAÐR, m. *thriving, prosperity, success in life*.

ÞRIF-SAMLIGR, a. *wholesome*; -SAMR, a. *thriving, prosperous*; -SEMD, -SEMI, f. *prosperity, welfare*.

ÞRIFT, f. = þrif, þrifnaðr.

ÞRISKJA (-TA, -TR), v. = þreskja.

ÞRÍ-ANGAÐR, a. *three-forked*; -BOGINN, pp. *thrice bent*; -BREIÐR, a. *of triple breadth, of cloth*; -BRYDDR, pp. *with threefold mounting*; -DEILA (-DA, -DR), v. *to divide into three parts*; -ENGDR, pp. *three-pronged*.

ÞRÍFA (ÞRÍF; ÞREIF, ÞRIFUM; ÞRIFINN), v. (1) *to catch, grasp, to take hold of suddenly* (þ. e-n, eptir e-m, í e-n, til e-s); þ. á e-m, *to lay hands on*; (2) refl., þrífast, *to thrive* (hann bað bann illa fara ok aldri þ.).

ÞRÍ-FALDA (AÐ), v. *to make threefold*; -FALDR, a. *threefold*; -FORN, a. *thrice-old, three years old* (-fornt smjör); -FŒTTR, a.

three-legged; -GILDA (-lda, -ldr), v. *to pay three-fold*; -GREINDR, pp. *three-branched*; -HENDR, a. *with three rhyming syllables in each line*; -HYRNDR, pp. *three-horned, triangular*; -HYRNINGR, m. *triangle*; -HÖFÐAÐR, pp. *three-headed*; -KVÍSLAÐR, pp. *three-branched*; -MENNINGR, m. *second cousin*; -MERKINGR, m. *a ring weighing three ounces*; -MÚTAÐR, pp. *thrice moulted*; -NÆTTR, a. *three nights old*.

ÞRÍR (ÞRJÁR, ÞRJÚ), card. numb. *three*.

ÞRÍ-SKAFINN, pp. *thrice polished*; -SKEPTR, pp. *(wadmal) of three strands*; -SKEYTA, f. *triangle*; -SKIPTA (-PTA, -PTR), v. *to divide into three parts*; -TUGANDI, ord. numb. *the thirtieth*; -TUGR, a. (1) *aged thirty* (-tugr at aldri); (2) *having thirty oar-benches*; (3) *of thirty* (fathoms, ells).

ÞRÍTUG-SESSA, f. *a ship having thirty oar-benches*.

ÞRÍTØG-NÁTTR, a. *of thirty nights*.

ÞRÍ-TØGR, a. = þrítugr; -VETR, a. þrevetr; -VÆGR, a. *of triple weight*; -ÆRR, a. *three years old*.

ÞRJÓTA (ÞRÝT; ÞRAUT, ÞRUTUM; ÞROTINN), v. impers.; (1) þrýtr e-t (acc.) *it fails, comes to an end*; en er veizluna þrýtr, *when it came to the end of the banquet*; þar til er þraut dalinn, *till the dale ended (among the hills)*; þar til er þraut sker öll, *till there was an end of all the skerries*; seint þrýtr þann, er verr hefir, *the man with a bad case has a hundred excuses*; (2) with acc. of person and thing (e-n þrýtr e-t); en er hann (acc.) þraut orendit, *when breath failed him*; Hrapp þraut vistir í hafi, *H. ran short of food at sea*; (3) *to become exhausted, fail*; mara þraut óra, *our steeds were exhausted*.

ÞRJÓTKAST (AÐ), v. = þrjózkast.

ÞRJÓT-LYNDI, n. *stubbornness*; -LYNDR, a. *refractory stubborn*.

ÞRJÓTR, m. (1) *knave*; (2) *defiance*; bjóða e-m þrjót, *to bid defiance to one*.

ÞRJÓZKA, f. *refractoriness, obstinacy*.

ÞRJÓZKAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to be refractory or rebellious*.

ÞRJÓZKR, a. *refractory*.

ÞROSKAÐR, pp. *grown up, adult*.

ÞROSKA-MAÐR, m. *a stout, vigorous man*; -MIKILL, a. *vigorous*; -MUNR, m. *difference in vigour*; -SAMR, a. *manly, vigorous*.

ÞROSKAST (AÐ), v. *to grow up to full age, live to be a man*.

ÞROSKA-VÆNLIGR, a. *promising*.

ÞROSKI, m. (1) *maturity, full age, manhood* (sveinninn var snimma með miklum þroska); (2) *promotion, advancement* (ek em því fegnust, at þinn þ. mætti mestr verða).

ÞROSKR, a. *vigorous, mature, full-grown* (enn þroski Njarðar sonr).

ÞROSKULIGR, a. *vigorous* (snemma þ., mikill ok sterkr).

ÞROT, n. *lack, want* (þar er ekki þ. átu); at þrotum kominn, *worn out, exhausted* (þeir vóru þá allir at þrotum komnir of matleysi).

ÞROTA (AÐ), v. impers., e-n þrotar e-t, *one runs short of a thing* (ef þik þrotar föng); ráðin þrotar fyrir honum, *there is a lack of counsel for him, he is at his wit's end*.

ÞROTI, m. *swelling, tumour*.

ÞROTINN, pp. from 'þrjóta', *at an end, past, gone* (get ek, at þrotin sé þín mesta gæfa); þ. at drykk, *out of drink*; hestrinn var þ., *quite exhausted*; en er allir vóru þrotnir á at biðja hann til, *when all were tired of begging him*.

ÞROTNA (AÐ), v. *to run short, dwindle away, come to an end* (Hreiðarr sá, at þeirra kostr mundi brátt þ.).

ÞROTNAÐR, m., ÞROTNAN, f. *vanishing*, vera í þrotnan, *to be waning*.

ÞROT-RÁÐI, a. *destitute, helpless*.

ÞROTS-MAÐR, m. *destitute person, pauper*.

ÞRÓ (pl. ÞRŒR, ÞRÓAR), f. *hollowet wood or stone, trough*.

ÞRÓAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to wax, increase, grow*; metnaðr honum þróast, *pride waxes in him*.

ÞRÓTTIGR, a. *powerful, mighty*.

ÞRÓTT-LAUSS, a. *pithless, powerless*; -LEYSI, n. *want of strength*; -LIGA, adv. *mightily, forcibly*; -MIKILL, a. *doughty, strong*.

ÞRÓTTR (gen. -AR), m. *strength, might, valour, firmness* (sannliga er skekinn þ. ór yðr).

ÞRÓTT-SINNI, n. *endurance, vigour*; -ÖFLUGR, a. *mighty. powerful*.

ÞRUMA, f. *clap of thunder* (reiðar þ.).

ÞRUMA (AÐ), v. *to rattle*.

ÞRUMA (ÞRUMI, ÞRUMÐA, ÞRUMAT), v. (1) *to stand, sit fast*; þars Valhöll víð of þrumir, *stands spacious*; þ. yfir öldrinn, *to hover over banquets*; (2) *to stay behind, loiter, mope*.

ÞRUNGINN, pp. from 'þryngva', (1) *stifled, oppressed, moody* (þrungin góð); þrungin dœgr, *dismal days*; (2) *full of, fraught with*; Hélu þ., *thick with rime*; hleifr þ. sáðum, *a loaf full of bran*; þ. mœði, *swollen with anger*; dynr var í garði, dröslum of þrungit, *crowded with horses*.

ÞRÚÐ-HAMARR, m. *strong hammer*.

ÞRÚÐ-HEIMR, m. '*the strong abode*', the habitation of Thor.

ÞRÚÐIGR, ÞRÚÐINN, a. *strong*; *powerful, mighty*.

ÞRÚÐ-ÆÓÐUGR, a. *heroic of mood*; -VALDR, m. *the mighty ruler* (Thor).

ÞRÚÐ-VANGR, m. = -heimr.

ÞRÚGAN, f. *compulsion* (þ. laganna).

ÞRÚTINN, a. *swollen, oppressed*.

ÞRÚTNA (AÐ), v. (1) *to swell* (fótrinn þrútnaði mjök); (2) *to increase, wax* (þrútnar at um e-t).

ÞRÚTNAN, f. *swelling*.

ÞRÚTULIGR, a. *swollen in the face*.

ÞRYMILL, m. *a hard knot in the flesh*.

ÞRYMJA (ÞRUMDA), v. *to lie, extend, spread* (þrymr of öll lönd ørlögsímu).

ÞRYNGVA (ÞRYNG; ÞRÖNG, ÞRUNGUM; ÞRUNGINN), v. (1) *to press, thrust* (þistill, sá er var þrunginn í ónn ofanverða); (2) *to rush, press onward*, = þröngvast (ok er liðit þröng í milli skipanna, þá brast niðr undir þeim íssinn); see 'þrunginn'.

ÞRYSVAR, adv. *thrice, three times*.

ÞRÝSTA (-STA, -STR), v. (1) *to thrust, press* (þá tók H. konungr á öxl honum hendinni ok þrýsti); B. þrýstir at Eyjúlfi fast, *B. thrust E. hard*; hann þrýsti knénu við steininn, *he pressed his knee against the stone*; (2) *to force, compel* (þ. e-m til e-s).

ÞRÝSTILIGR, a. *stout, robust*.

ÞRÝSTING, f. *pressure, compulsion*.

ÞRÆLA-EINI, n. pl. *persons to be made slaves of*; -FÓLK, n. *thralls, slaves*; -TALA, f., hafa e-n í -tölu, *to treat one as a slave*; -ÆTT, n. *family of slaves*; sú kona er eigi -ættar, *that woman is of no mean extraction*.

ÞRÆL-BAUGR, m. *money paid as weregild for a thrall*; -BORINN, pp. *thrall-born*; -DÓMR, m. *thraldom*.

ÞRÆLKA (AÐ), v. *to enthral*.

ÞRÆLKAN, f. *thraldom* (leiða e-n í þ.).

ÞRÆLL (-S, -AR), m. *thrall, slave*; fig. *wretch, scoundrel*.

ÞRÆLS-EFNI, n. *a person to be made a slave of*; -GJÖLD, n. pl. *weregild for a thrall*; -JAFNINGI, m. *thrall's equal*; -KONA, f. *thrall's wife*; -LIGR, a. *slavish*; -NAFN, n. *name of a thrall*; bera -nafn, *to be called thrall*; -VERK, n. *work of a thrall*.

ÞRÆTA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to wrangle, litigate*; þ. e-s, *to gainsay, contradict, deny* (eigi mun ek þess þuifa at þ.); þ. um e-t, *to wrangle about* (um þetta þrættu þeir); þ. í móti, *to gainsay contradict*.

ÞRÆTA, f. *quarrel, wrangling, litigation* (þar sló í þrætu).

ÞRÆTINN, a. *litiguous contradictory*.

ÞRÆTNI, f. *disputatiousness*.

ÞRÆTU-BÓK, f. *book of dialectics*; -DÓLGR, m. *quarrelsome litigant*; -FULLR, a. *disputatious*; -HAGI, m. *disputed pasture*; -LIGR, a. *dialectical*; -lig íþrótt, *art of dialectics*; -MAÐR, m. (1) *disputer, disputant*; (2) *schismatic*; -MÁL, n. *litigation*; -PÁFI, m. *schismatic pope*; -SAMLIGR, a. *contentious*; -STERKR, a. *strong in dispute*.

ÞRÖMMUN, f. *trampling*, = þramman.

ÞRÖMR (gen. ÞRAMAR, dat. ÞREMI; pl. ÞREMIR, acc. ÞRÖMU), *brim, edge, verge* (kominn á heljar þröm).

ÞRÖNG (pl. ÞRÖNGVAR), f. (1) *throng crowd* (varð þ. mikil); (2) *narrow place* (sumir vörðust í þröngunum); (3) fig. *straits* (alla þá þ. ok nauð, er hann þoldi); (4) *short breath and cough* (þá setti at honum þ. mikla).

ÞRÖNG-BRJÓSTAÐR, a. *mean-spirited*.

ÞRÖNGÐ, f. = þröng.

ÞRÖNG-FŒRR, a. *narrow to pass*.

ÞRØNGING, f. = þrøngving.

ÞRÖNG-LEIKR, m. *narrowness*; -LENDI, n. *narrow land*; -LENDR, a. narrow, of a land (þar var svá þröng-lent); -LIGA, adv. *narrowly, in straits*; -MEGINN, a. *oppressed*.

ÞRÖNGR (acc. -VAN and -AN), a. (1) *narrow, close, tight* (vefjar-upphlutr þ.); skógrinn var þ., *the wood was thick*; (2) *thronged, crowded* (þröngt var á skipinu).

ÞRÖNG-RÝMT, a. n. *narrow (scanty) land* (hafa þröng-rýmt).

ÞRØNGSL, n. pl. *straits, distress*.

ÞRØNGVA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to press on one* (þ. e-m); with acc., hann tók at þ. mik mjók, *he took and pressed me hard*; (2) *to straiten, tighten* (þ. kosti e-s); impers., er Ribbungar sá, at alla vega þrøngði kosti þeira, *that on all sides their means were straitened*; (3) þ. e-m til e-s, *to force one to a thing*; þ. e-m undir sik, *to subdue one by force*; þ. e-t út af e-m, *to extort from one*; (4) refl., þrøngvast, *to throng, press forward* (þeir réðust í móti ok þrøngðust at vaðinu); loftit þrøngvist ok þykknar, *the air waxes close and thickens*.

ÞRØNGVING, f. *straits*; fig. *distress*.

ÞRØNGVINGAR-ÞÉL, f. *file of adversity*.

ÞRØSKÖLDR, m. = þreskölðr.

ÞRÖSTR (gen. ÞRASTAR; dat. ÞRESTI pl. ÞRESTIR, acc. ÞRÖSTU), m. *thrush*.

ÞUKLA (AÐ), v. *to feel, touch* (þ. sullinn *or* á sullinum); var svá til þuklat, at, *it was handled so that*.

ÞULA, f. *rhapsody, rigmarole*; Rígs þ., *the Lay of Rig*.

ÞULAR-STÓLL, m. *wise-man's chair*.

ÞULR (gen. -AR), m. *wise-man, sage*.

ÞUMAL-FINGR, m. *thumb-finger*; -TÁ, f. *the great toe*; -ÖLN, f. *thumb-ell*.

ÞULNIUNGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *the thumb* (of a glove); (2) *inch*.

ÞUNGA (AÐ), v. *to load* (þ. skip sitt) þungð kona, *a woman with child*; Þórey var mjök þungð, *Th. was far advanced*.

ÞUNGA-FULLR, a. (1) *heavy* (-fullr svefn); (2) *burdened, oppressed*.

ÞUNGAN, f. *burden*.

ÞUNGA-VARNAÐR, -VARNINGR, m. *heavy goods*.

ÞUNG-BÝLT, a. n., e-m verðr -býlt, *one has troublesome neighbours*; -BÆRR, a. *heavy to bear, burdensome*; -EYGR, a. *heavy-eyed, dim-eyed*; -FŒRAST, v. refl., *to become heavy, infirm*; -FŒRR, a. (1) *heavy to move*; (2) *infirm* (þórir var gamall ok -fœrr); -GENGT, a. n. *difficult to walk* (e-m verðr -gengt).

ÞUNGI, m. (1) *heaviness, weight* (Ginnungagap fylltist með þunga og höfugleik íss ok hrims); (2) *burden, encumbrance* (verðr mér heldr at því þ. en gagn); (3) *load, cargo* (Þórir spurði, hvat þunga Ásbjörn hefði á skipinu); (4) *heaviness, drowsiness* (þótt þunga eðr geispa slái á hann).

ÞUNGLEIKA-ALDR, m. *age of infirmity*.

ÞUNG-LEIKR, m. *heaviness, infirmity*; -LIGA, adv. *heavily* (Njáll tók þessu -liga); vera -liga haldinn, *to be very* ill; -LIGR, a. *heavy, difficult* (eigi lízt mér þetta mál -ligt); -LÍFR, a. *heavy in the body*; -MEGINN, a. *oppressed* (þeir vóru fáir ok -megnir).

ÞUNGR, a. (1) *heavy, weighty* (þótti mér hann nökkurs til þ.); þ. á baki, *heavy to carry on horseback*; skip þungt undir árum, *heavy to pull with oars*; (2) fig. *heavy, oppressive* (mannfæðin var hin þyngsta); honum vóru augu þung, *he was heavy-eyed*; með þungu yfirbragði, *with a gloomy mien*; henni féll þungt til fjár, *her money affairs were bird*; e-m veitir þyngra, *one gets the worst of it*; fá þungt af e-m, *to suffer hard treatment from one*; mér er þungt, segir Eyjólfr, *I do not feel well, says E*.

ÞUNG-REIÐR, a. *heavy to ride through*; -RÆÐR, a. *difficult, laborious*; -YRKR, a. *hard, severe*.

ÞUNN-BYGÐR, pp. *thinly inhabited*; -BÝLT, a. n. *thinly peopled with farms*; -EGGJAÐR, a. *thin-edged*; -GEÐR, a. *weak-minded, fickle*; -HÁRR, a. *thin-haired*; -HEYRÐR, pp. *keen of hearing*; -LEITR, a. *thin-faced*; -MEGINN, a. *weak, feeble*.

ÞUNNR, a. *thin*; þunnt hár, *thin hair*; þunn ox, *a thin-edged axe*; þurint veðr, *clear weather*; þegja þunnu hljóði, *to keep a watchful silence*.

ÞUNN-SKAFINN, pp. *thin-scraped*; -SKIPAÐR, pp. *thinly manned*; -SLEGINN, pp. *thinly beaten, thinly mounted*; -VANGI, m. *the temple*.

ÞURÐR (gen. -ar), m. *decrease, waning* (ekki fara í þurð draumarnir).

ÞURFA (ÞARF, ÞURFTA, ÞURFT), v. (1) *to need, want* (ekki þarft þú at ganga í hús mín); with gen., þ. e-s, *or* þ. e-s við, *to stand in need of* (ek þyrfta nú guðs miskunnar); Gunnarr kvað einskis mundu við þ., *G. said there was no need of anything*; (2) impers., þess þarf (við), *it is needed*; þess þyrfti, at, *it would be necessary that*; with acc. (hversu marga munu vér menn þ.); ekki var sá leikr, er nökkurr þyrfti við hann at reyna, *it was no use for anybody to strive with him in any game*.

ÞURFA-MAÐR, m. *poor man, needy person* (-mannatíund).

ÞURFANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. = prec.

ÞURFI *or* ÞURFA, a. *wanting, in need of* (liðs þíns væra ek þá þ.).

ÞURFSAMR, a. *helping* (e-m).

ÞURFT, f. (1) *need, want, necessity*; (2) *necessary discharge* esp. urine; ganga innar þynnri þurftarinnar, *to make water*.

ÞURFTUGR, a. (1) *in need of* (nú em ek þ. yðars fulltings); (2) *poor, indigent* (gamall maðr ok þ.).

ÞURFTULIGR, a. *useful, profitable*.

ÞURKA (AÐ), v. *to dry, make dry* (gerðu þeir mikinn eld ok þurkuðu sik).

ÞURKA, f. (1) *drought, dryness*; (2) *towel*.

ÞURKAN, f. *drying* (Karlsefni lagði viðinn til þurkanar).

ÞURKU-SAMR, a. *dry* (-samt sumar).

ÞURR, a. *dry* (hrár viðr eða þ.); þ. klæði, *dry clothes*; ganga þurrum fótum (*or* þurt) yfir ána, *with dry feet, without wetting the feet*; sitja þurt um allar vitundir, *to be clear of all cognizance*; á þurru, *on dry land*; fasta þurt (or við þurt), *to fast on fish and vegetable food*.

ÞURRA-FROST, n. *dry frost*.

ÞURR-FASTA, f. *fasting on fish and vegetable food*; -FASTA (AÐ), v. *to fast on fish and vegetable food*; -FJALLR, a. *dry-skinned, in dry clothes*; -FŒTIS, adv. *without wetting the feet*; -LEIKR, m. *dryness*; -LENDI, n. *dry land*; -LENDR, a. *with dry soil* (jörð -lend); -LIGR, a. *dry* (veðr gott ok -ligt); -LYNDI, n. *dryness, surliness*; -VIÐRI, n. *dry weather*.

ÞURS or ÞUSS, m. *giant, ogre, monster* (líkir þursum at vexti); þursa ráðbani '*slayer of giants (Thor)*.

ÞURS-LIGR, a. *like a giant*.

ÞÚ (gen. ÞÍN, dat. ÞÉR, acc. ÞIK; pl. ÞÉR or ÉR, gen. YÐAR, dat. and acc. YÐR), *thou*.

ÞÚFA (gen. pl. ÞÚFNA), f. *mound, knoll* (H. sat við þúfu eina).

ÞÚS-HUNDRAÐ, n. = þúsund.

ÞÚST, n. *flail*.

ÞÚSTR, m. (1) *stick*; (2) *chafing, anger, enmity* (þótti honum mjök vaxa þ. milli manna í heraðinu).

ÞÚSUND (pl. -IR), f. *thousand*.

ÞVARA, f. *pot-stick, stirrer*.

ÞVARI, m. *bolt, spear*.

ÞVÁ (ÞVÆ; ÞÓ, ÞÓGUM; ÞVEGINN), v. (1) *to wash* (þ. lík, sár manna, höfuð sitt); þ. sík *or* þ. sér, *to wash oneself*; (2) *to remove by washing*.

ÞVÁTT-APTANN, m. *Saturday evening*.

ÞVÁTTARI, m. *washer*.

ÞVÁTT-DAGR, m. *Saturday*; -KONA, f. *washer-woman*; -NÓTT, f. *Saturday nikht*.

ÞVÁTTR (gen. ÞVÁTTAR, dat. ÞVÆTTI), m. (1) *wash, washing* (kona nökkur fór með klæði til þváttar); (2) *clothes washed at one time, washing* (hengja upp þvátt).

ÞVATT-STEINN, m. *washing-stone*; -VÍFL, n. *bat used in washing*.

ÞVEITA (-TTA, -TT), v. *to hurl, fling*.

ÞVEITI, n. *a small weight of silver*.

ÞVENGR (-JAR, -IR), m. *thong, latchet*.

ÞVERAST (AÐ), v. *refl. to move athwart, aside* (þveraðist Steinarr fram á bakkann).

ÞVER-Á, f. *side river, tributary river*; -BAK, n., um -bak, *across a horse's back*; -BRESTR, m. *cross chink*; -BROT, n. *a break across, breach*; -DALR, m. *side dale*; -FETA (AÐ), v. *to go aslant*; -FINGR, m. *finger's breadth*; -FJÖRÐR, m. *cross-fjord, side-fjord*; -GYRIÐINGR, m. *cross-girding*; -HØGGR, a. *cut across, steep, abrupt*; -HÖND, f. *hands breadth*; -KNÝTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. *to refuse flatly*; -KOMINN, pp. *in an awkward position*; -KYRFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to divide (a house) across or transversely*, opp. to 'at endilöngu'; -LIGA, adv. *'athwart', flatly* (neita, synja, taka e-u

-liga); -lyndi, n. *refractoriness, wrong-headedness*; -lyndr, a. *wrong-headed, refractory*; -neita (að), v. *to deny flatly*; -pallr, m. *cross dais, the high-floor at the halls end*.

þverr, a. (1) *athwart, transverse*, opp. to 'endilangr' (tjalda um þveran skálann); lá hverr um annan þveran, *in heaps*; fara þ. á fœti at e-u, *to be unwilling for a thing*; beita þvert, *to sail close-hauled, near the wind*; (2) *adverse, contrary* (veðr hörð ok þver); (3) *cross, obstinate*; hann kvazt ekki þ. vera í því at selja skipit, *he said he would not be hard about selling the ship*; setja þvert nei fyrir, *to deny flatly*; ek vil þó eigi þvert taka, ef þér er lítit um, *I will not take it crossly, if it is not to thy mind*.

þverra (þverr; þvarr, þurrum; þorrinn), v. *to wane, grow less, decrease* (í þenna tíma þurru mjök vinsældirValdemars konungs).

þverra, v. *to make to decrease*.

þvers, adv. *across, athwart*; hann snýr þ. af leiðinni, *he turns abruptly away from the path*; þ. í móti e-u, *quite contrary to*.

þver-skeytingr, m. *cross-wind, side-wind*; -skipa, adv. *athwart the ship*; -skurðr, m. *transverse cut*; -skytningr, m. = -skeytingr; -slag, n. *cross-stroke*; -stigr, m. *cross-path, side-path*; -stræti, n. *cross-street*; -syll, f. *cross-sill*.

þverst or later þvest, n. *the lean flesh underneath the blubber of a whale*.

þver-taka, v. *to deny flatly*, = taka e-u þvert; -tré, n. *cross-tree*; -úð, f. (1) *discord*; (2) *disobedience*; -vegr, m. *cross-way*; á -veginn, *across, cross-wise, athwart*; -þili, n. *crossdeal, transverse partition*.

þvinga (að), v. (1) *to weigh down, oppress*; (2) *to compel, force*.

þvingan, f. *oppression, hardship* (til þvingunar ok ófrelsis).

þvis, interj. (hvis, þ., af tjöldin!).

þviti, m. *a kind of stone* (tóku þeir mikinn stein; sá heitir þ.).

því (prop. dat. from 'þat'), adv. and conj. (1) *therefore* (varð þ. ekki af ferðinni); af þ., *therefore*; (2) af þ. at, þ. at, *because, for* (tókst eigi atreiðin, því at búendr frestuðu); (3) þ. at eins, *only on that condition* (4) *why*, = hví (only in later texts); (5) with compar., *the*; hann var þ. ástsælli sem hann var ellri, *he was the more beloved the older he grew*.

þvígit = því-gi at; with compar. *not the*; þ. fleira, *not the more, no more*.

því-líkr, a. *'such-like', such* (mundi engi eiga -líkan hest).

þvísa, old dat. sing. neut., = þessu; í þ. ljósi, *in this light, in this world*.

þykk-byrt, a. n., hafa -byrt, *to have thick, stout armour*; -býlt, a. n. *thick-set, studded, with hamlets*; -farit, pp. n., gera -farit, *to make frequent visits*.

þykkja (þykki, þótta, þótt), v. (1) *to be thought to be, seem to be, be esteemed or reckoned as*; hón þótti beztr kostr, *she was thought the best match*; (2) with dat. *it seems to one, one thinks* (þykki mér ráð, at þú farir at finna Gizur hvíta); e-m þykkir at e-u, *one feels hurt at, takes it to heart, is displeased with* (þótti mönnum mikit at um víg Kjartans); mér þykkir fyrir (*or* fyr) e-u, *I dislike, am unwilling to* (mér þykkir meira fyrir en öðrum mönnum at vega menn); e-m þykkir mikit um e-t, *one takes it much to heart* (honum þótti svá mikit um fall Ólafs konungs, at); e-m þykkir mikit undir e-u, *one thinks it of great importance* (mikit þótti spökum

mönnum undir því, at); impers., vilda ek, at þér þœtti eigi verr, *I wish that thou wouldst not take it amiss*; þótti sinn veg hvárum, *they disagreed*; þykki mér sem undan sé gaflveggrinn, *it seems to me as though the gable-wall were down*; þótti mér þeir sœkja at (= sem þeir sœkti at), *methought they pressed hard on me*; (3) refl., þykkjast, *to seem to oneself, think oneself, think* (en ek þykkjumst þó mjök neyddr til hafa verit); hann þykkist einn vita allt, *he thinks he alone knows everything*; þykkist hann mjök fyrir öðrum mönnum, *he thinks himself far above other men*; en Brynhildr þykkist brúðr var-gefin, *but B. will think she is ill-matched*.

ÞYKKJA, f. (1) *thought*; *liking, sentiment, disposition*; fóru þykkjur þeira saman, *their sentiments went together*; (2) *dislike, displeasure* (leggja þykkju á e-n *or* e-t).

ÞYKKJAST (T), v. refl. *to take offence at, take amiss, get angry with* (þ. við e-t orvið e-n).

ÞYKKJU-DRÁTTR, m. *discord*; -LAUSS, a. *good-natured, careless, easy*; -MIKILL, a. *choleric of temper*.

ÞYKK-LEIKR, m. *thickness*; -LEITR, a. *chubby-faced*; -LIGA, adv. *proudly, sulkily* (svara -liga); -MIKILL, a. *very thick*, of weather.

ÞYKKNA (AÐ), v. *to thicken, become thick* (tók veðrit at þ.).

ÞYKKR, m. *thwack, hurt*.

ÞYKKR (acc. -VAN), a. *thick*, = þjokkr (garðr fimm feta þ.); þykkt veðr, *thick weather*; þ. skógr, *dense forest*; þykkt hár, *thick hair*.

ÞYKK-RÖGGVAÐR, pp. *thick-furred*; -SETTR, pp. *thick-set, thick-ranked*; -SKIPAÐR, pp. *thickly manned*; -SKÝJAÐR, pp. *thick-clouded*; -VARRAÐR, pp. *thick-lipped*; -VAXINN, pp. *thick-set, stout of growth*.

ÞYKT, f. *thickness, denseness*.

ÞYKT, f. *resentmnent, displeasure*.

ÞYLJA (ÞYL; ÞULDA; ÞULIÐR, ÞULINN), v. *to speak, recite, chant*; *to mutter to oneself*; þ. í feld sinn, *to murmur into one's cloak*; refl., þyljast um, *to mutter to oneself*.

ÞYNGD, f. (1) *heaviness, weight*; (2) *illness, sickness* (H. tók þá þ. mikla ok lá þó eigi); (3) *troubles* (síðan er vér mistum skipa várra, er oss hefir öll þ. af staðit).

ÞYNGING, f. *burden, heaviness*.

ÞYNGJA (-DA, -DR), v. *to weigh down, make heavy*; impers., sóttinni þyngir, *the illness grows worse*; þyngir e-m, *one grows worse (from illness)*; *one grows heavy from sleep*; refl., þyngjast, *to grow heavy, adverse* (tekr nú bardaginn at þ.); e-m þyngist = e-m þyngir (þá tók honum at þyngjast).

ÞYNGSL, n. pl. (1) *burden*; gera e-m þ., vera e-m til þyngsla, *to be a burden to one*; (2) *heavy affliction* (mér þykkir illt, at menn hljóti svá mjök þ. af mér).

ÞYNNA (-TA, -TR), v. *to make thin*; impers., þynnir kóf, þoku, *the fog begins to lift*.

ÞYRJA (ÞURÐA), v. poet. *to sweep, rush*.

ÞYRMA (-DA, -T), v. (1) *to deal reverently with, show respect to, keep, observe*, with dat. (þ. eiðum, griðum); þ. hátíð, *to respect the holy-day*; (2) *to show mercy to, spare* (þ. úvinum sínum); (3) refl., þyrmast, *to display forbearance*; konungr bað hann, at hann skyldi þ. við Magnús konung, *to forbear from violence towards king M.*

ÞYRMI-LIGA, adv. *gently, forbearingly*.

ÞYRM-LIGA, -SAMLIGA, adv. = þyrmiliga

(bundinn eigi -samliga).

ÞYRNA-FULLR, a. *full of thorns*.

ÞYRNI-HJÁLMR, m. *thorn-helmet*; -KORÓNA, m. *crown of thorns*.

ÞYRNIR (pl. ÞYRNAR), m. *thorn*.

ÞYRNI-TRÉ, n. *thorn-bush*.

ÞYRPAST (T), v. refl. *to crowd, throng* (þyrptust menn at honum).

ÞYRSKLINGR, m. *codling*.

ÞYRSTA (-STI, -ST), v. impers., mik þyrstir, *I am thirsty* (hana þyrsti at meirr; þar þyrstir jörðina).

ÞYRSTR, a. *thirsty* (þ. til e-s, í e-t).

ÞYS-HÖLL, f. *a crowded hall*.

ÞYSJA (ÞYS, ÞUSTA ÞUST), v. *to rush* (þustu þeir þá fram ór skóginum).

ÞYS-MIKILL, a. *noisy, uproarious*.

ÞYSS, m. *noise, uproar, riot* (þá gerðist þ. mikill í bœnum).

ÞYTR, m. *noise, whistling sound* (þ. vatna); þ. smábarna, *cries, wailings*.

ÞÝ (gen. -JAR, dat. -JU; pl. -JAR), f. *bondmaid, bondwomnan*.

ÞÝ-BORINN, pp. *born of a bondwoman*.

ÞÝÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. (1) *to win over, attach*; þ. sér, *to attach to oneself* (hann ferr víða um lönd ok þýddi sér fólkit); (2) *to explain, interpret* (þ. draum); (3) *to signify* (hvat ætlar þú þenna draum þ.?); (4) refl., þýðast e-n, *to attach oneself to, associate with one*; þ. e-n með vináttu, *to be on a friendly footing with one*; þ. e-m = þ. e-n; Uni þýddist þórunni, dóttur Leiðólfs, *U. paid court to Th., daughter of L.*; þ. til e-s, undir e-n, *to attach oneself to, pay homage to, submit to* (vildu þeir heldr þ. undir hans konungdóm en undir Svía-konung; þýddust til hans margir höfðingjar af öðrum löndum).

ÞÝÐA, f. *attachment, love*.

ÞÝÐERSKA, -ESKA, f. = þýðverska.

ÞÝÐERSKR, -ESKR, a. = þýðverskr.

ÞÝÐING, f. (1) *interpretation, translation*; (2) *sense, meaning*.

ÞÝÐ-LEIKR, m. *attachment, affection*; -LIGR, a. *attached, affectionate*; -LÆTI, n. = -leikr.

ÞÝÐR, a. *kind, affectionate, affable*.

ÞÝÐ-VERSKA, f. (1) *German language or custom*; (2) *Germany* (= þýðverskuland); -VERSKR, a. *German*.

ÞÝFÐ, f. (1) *theft*; (2) *stolen goods*.

ÞÝFÐR, pp. *covered with little hillocks* (þúfur), *uneven, of a field* (þar var þýft mjök).

ÞÝFI, n. *theft, stolen goods*.

ÞÝFI-GJÖLD, n. pl. *a fine for theft*.

ÞÝFSKA, f. *theft, stolen goods*.

ÞÝZKR, a. = þýðverskr (þ. söðull).

ÞÆGILIGR, a. *acceptable, agreeable*.

ÞÆGINDI, n. pl. *pleasure*; gera e-m e-t til þæginda, *to do a thing to please one*.

ÞÆGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to make acceptable*; (2) *to push roughly, shove*, with dat.; Þorsteinn þægir honum íbekkinn, *Th. pushes him roughly on the bench*.

ÞÆGR, a. *acceptable, agreeable*.

ÞŒFA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to full* (þ. klæði); (2) *to press*; þ. e-n um liðsbeina, *to press one for help*; (3) *to walk heavily, lumber* (þœfði hón þá ofan til árinnar); (4) refl., þœfast við, *to quarrel, squabble*; þ. til e-s, *to struggle (fight) for a thing* (eigi mun ek lengi þ. til hvílunnar við þik).

ÞŒFA, ÞŒFÐ, f. *quarrel, squabble*.

ÞŒFNI, f. *disposition to quarrel*.

ÞÖGN (gen. ÞAGNAR), f. *silence*; slær á e-n, *one is struck dumb*.

ÞÖGULL, a. *habitually silent, taciturn*.

ÞÖKK (gen. ÞAKKAR, pl. ÞAKKIR), f. (1) *pleasure, liking*; gera e-t til þakka e-s, *to one's liking, to please a person*; (2) *thanks*

(Auðr tók þat með þökkum); mér er þ. á e-u, *I am thankful for a thing*; kunna e-m þ. fyrir e-t, *to be much obliged to one for a thing*; gera guði þakkir fyrir e-t, *to thank God for a thing*.

ÞÖLL (gen. ÞALLAR), f. *young fir-tree*.

ÞÖMB (gen. ÞAMBAR), f. *paunch*.

ÞÖN (gen. ÞANAR, pl. ÞANIR), f. *tenter, stretcher* (þeir tóku gærur af þönum).

ÞÖNGULL (pl. ÞÖNGLAR), m. *stein of tangle* (S. greip upp einn þöngulinn).

ÞÖRF (gen. ÞARFAR, pl. ÞARFAR), f. *want, need, necessity*; e-s er þ., *a thing is wanted, is necessary* (hón kvað þess litla þ.); e-m er e-s þ., e-m er þ. á e-u, *one is in need of*; þá er þ. verðr, *when wanted*; ef gørast þarfar þess, *if need be*; þola þ. e-s, *to be in want of*; fjár síns, er fengit hefir, skylit maðr þ. þola, *a man should not stint himself of money he has made*; þörfum meirr, *more than wanted, excessively*; e-t kemr vel í þarfar, *it comes to good use, comes in when wanted*; vinna þ., *to suffice*; kunna þ. (with infin.), *to long to, feel impelled to*.

ÞÖRF-GI, poet. *no need, not needed*.

Æ

æ, interj. *ah! o! oh!* (denoting pain).

æ, adv. (1) *aye, ever, always* (við vín eitt Óðinn æ lifir); æ ok æ, *for ever and ever*; æ jafnan, *forever and aye*; (2) with compar.; gljúfrin vóru æ því breiðari er ofarr dró, *the ravine became ever the broader the higher one went up*; æ sem fyrst, *the soonest possible*; (3) *never* (æ menn hann sjálfan um sjá).

æða-blóð, n. *blood running in the veins*; taka e-m -blóð, *to bleed one*.

æða-fugl, m. *eiderbird*, = æðr.

æðr (gen. æðar, dat. and acc. æði; pl. æðar), f. *eiderduck*.

æðr (gen. æðar, dat. and acc. æði; pl. æðar), f. *vein* (blóð hans var allt ór æðum runnit).

æðra, f. *fear, despondency, despair*; mæla æðru, *to utter words of despair*.

æðrast (að), v. refl. *to falter from fear, lose heart* (eigi skyldim vér æ. at leggja til bardaga).

æðru-orð, n. *word of fear* (engi maðr skyldi þar -orð mæla).

æfar, adv. *very, exceedingly*,= afar.

æfi, f. *age*, etc., see 'ævi'.

æfintýr, n., see 'ævintýr'.

ægir (gen. ægis), m. (1) *the sea, ocean, main*; sól gengr í ægi, *the sun sets in the sea*; (2) *the giant* Ægir, *the husband of Ran*; Ægis dœtr, the *daughters of Æ.*, *the waves, billows*.

ægi-sandr, m. *sea-sand*.

æja (æ, áða, áð), v. *to rest and bait* (æ. hestum sínum); absol., þeir áðu í Kerlingardal, *they baited their horses in Carlinedale*.

æligr, a. *vile, wretched*.

æ-lífr, a. *eternal*, = eilífr.

ær (gen. ær, dat. and acc. á; pl. ær, gen. á, dat. ám), f. *ewe* (kýr ok ær).

æra, f. *honour* (engrar æru verðr).

æra (-ða, -t), v. *to row, pull* (from 'ár', *oar*); æ. undan e-m, *to row away from, retreat before, one*.

æra (-ða, -t), v. *to give a good crop* (from 'ár', *year*); impers., ærir akr (acc.), *the field becomes fertile*.

ær-ligr, a. *honest* (for. and late).

-ærr, a. *-oared*, in compds.

ært, a. n., in the phrase, vel æ., illa æ., *a good, bad year or season*.

æru-fullr, a. *worthy*; -lauss, a. *dishonest*; -ligr, a. *honourable*.

æs (pl. -ar), f. *thread-hole in a shoe*.

ærsta (æsta, æstr), v. *to ask, demand, request* (æ. e-n e-s); æ. sór griða, *to ask for a truce*.

æta, f. *eater*, in 'mann-æta'.

-æti, n. *edible thing*, in 'úæti'.

æ-tíð, adv. *at every time, ever*.

ætla (að), v. (1) *to think, mean, suppose* (munu þeir æ., at vér hafim riðit austr); hann ætlaði henni líf en sér dauða, *he expected life for her, but death for himself*; (2) *to intend, purpose* (ek ætla ok styrkja Gunnar at nökkuru); þeir ætluðu ekki lengra í kveld, *they did not intend to go any farther to-night*; þat verðr hverr at vinna, er ætlat er, *every one must do the work that is set before him*; æ. e-m e-t, *to set apart for one, allot to one* (hann ætlaði þrælum sínum dagsverk); *to intend a thing for one* (hann keypti þar pell ágætt,

er hann ætlaði Ólafi konungi); *to expect from one, suspect one of* (þér mundi þat engi maðr æ.); æ. sér hóf, *to keep within bounds*; æ. sér (with infin.), *to intend, purpose* (ef hann ætlar sér at keppa við oss); suðr ætla ek mér at ganga, *I intend to go south* (to Rome); æ. fyrir (with infin.), *to intend* (eru þat hin mestu firn, at þér ætlið fyrir at leggja á allt fólk ánauðarok); æ. e-t fyrir, *to foredoom, foreordain* (þat mun verða um forlög okkur sem áðr er ætlat fyrir); æ. fyrir sér, *to think beforehand, expect* (mart verðr annan veg en maðrinn ætlar fyrir sér); æ. til e-s staðar, *to intend to go to a place* (þeir sigldu nú ok ætla, til Miklagarðs); æ. til e-s, *to reckon upon, expect* (eigi þarftu til þess at æ., at ek ganga við frændsemi við yðr); hann tók sér bústað ok ætlaði þar landeign til, *he destined a piece of land for that purpose*; (3) refl., ætlast, *to intend, purpose*, = ætla sér (hann ætlast at fara til Jómsborgar); æ. e-t fyrir, *to intend to do a thing* (vér skulum halda til njósn, hvat Ólafr ætlast fyrir).

ÆTLAN, f. (1) *thought, meaning, opinion* (hverja æ. hafið þér um úfrið þenna); (2) *plan, design* (brást sú æ., sem áðr var gör um atlöguna); (3) *reason, meaning*; þat er engi æ., *there is no use thinking of that*; (4) *estimate* (mevi fjöldi en hœgt væri at telja eða æ. á koma).

ÆTLANAR-MAÐR, m. *steward*, = bryti, ráðsmaðr; -VERK, n. *task*.

ÆTNI, f., -LÖSTR, m. *gluttony*.

ÆTR, a. *eatable* (allt þat er ætt er).

ÆTT (pl. -IR), f. (1) *quarter of the heaven, direction*, = átt (flugu þau í brott bæði samt í sömu æ.); (2) *one's family, extraction, pedigree* (hann var scenskr at æ.); þaðan eru komnar þræla ættir, *the race of thralls*; telja æ. til e-s, *to trace one's pedigree to*; e-t gengr í æ., *it is hereditary*; (3) *generation* (í ina þriðju eða fjórðu æ.).

ÆTTAÐR, pp. *descended* (hón var ættuð ór Mostr); æ. vel, *well-born, of good family*.

ÆTTAR-BRAGÐ, n. *family trait*; -BŒTIR, m. *betterer of one's family*; -FERÐ, f. *origin, descent*; -FYLGJA, f. *family guardian spirit*; -GIFT, f. *family luck*; -GRIPR, m. *heirloom*; -HAUGR, m. *family cairn, family tomb*; -HÖGG, n. *family blow, calamity*; -MÓT, n. *family likeness* (er þat -mót með okkr); -NAFN, n. *hereditary title*; -RÉTTR, m. *hereditary right*; -RÍKI, n. *hereditary kingdom*; -SKARÐ, n. *a loss (by death) in a family*; -SKÖMM, f. *a disgrace to a family* (of a person); -SPILLIR, m. family *spoiler, disgracer*; -SVIPR, m. = -mót; -TAL, n., -TALA, f. *pedigree, genealogy*.

ÆTT-BÁLKR, m. *lineage, family*; -BOGI, m. *lineage*; -BORINN, pp. (1) *born, native*; þar -borinn í Þrándheimi, *a native of Th.*; vel -borinn, *well-born, of good* family; (2) *born to, entitled to by birth*; -borinn til lands, *a rightful heir of the land*; (3) *legitimate* (sonr -borinn).

ÆTTERNI, n. (1) *descent, extraction, origin* (ekki var margra manna vitorð á hans æ.); suðreyskr at æ., by *birth*; telja æ. til e-s, *to reckon one's pedigree up to a person*; (2) *family, kindred, kinsmen* (þar er æ. hans allt).

ÆTT-FÓLK, n. *relations, kinsmen*; -FRÓÐR, a. *well versed in pedigrees*; -FŒRSLA, f. *adoption*; -GANGR, m. *succession*; -GEIGR, m. *family calamity*; -GENGR, a. *characteristic of one's family, born in the blood* (e-m er e-t -gengt); -GÓÐR, a. *of good family*; -GŒÐI, n. *goodness of origin, rank, high birth*; -GÖFUGR, a. *of noble*

extraction; -HAGI, m. = átthagi; -HRINGR, m. *lineage, pedigree*.

ÆTTINGI (pl. -JAR), m. *kinsman*.

ÆTT-JÖRÐ, f. *native country*; -KVÍSL, f. *a line, branch of family*; -LAND, n. *one's native land*; -LEGGR, m. *stem, lineage*; -LEIÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. *to legitimate* (a natural child); -LEIÐING, f. *legitimation* (of a natural child); -LEIÐINGR, m. *a legitimated child*; -LEIFÐ, f. *patrimony*; -LERA, a. indecl. *degenerate*; -LERI, m. *a degenerate person, a discredit to a family*; -LIÐR, m. *a link in* a *pedigree*; -MENN, m. pl. *kinsmen*; -NAFN, n. *a (Christian) name usual in a family*; -NIÐR, m. *descendant*; -RIF, n. = -leggr; -SMÁR, a. *of low extraction*; -STÓRR, a. *high-born*; -STŒRI, f. *greatness of extraction*; -VÍG, n. *slaying of a kinsman*; -VÍSI, f. *knowledge of genealogies*.

ÆVA, adv. (1) *never* (sá er æ. þegir); Gísli kvað þá vísu, er æ. skyldi, *G. repeated a verse that he never should*; (2) *at any time, ever*; æ. ekki, *never*, = æva-gi; (3) *not* (jörð fannst æ. né upphiminn).

ÆVA-GI, adv. *never*, = æva ekki.

ÆVAR, adv. = afar, æfar.

Æ-VERÐLIGR, a. *everlasting*.

ÆVI (gen. ÆVI), f. (1) *age, time*; hann var konungr yfir Nóregi langa æ., *for a long time*; um aldr ok æ., *for ever and ever*; alla æ., *for all time, ever*; in forna (nýja) æ., *the old (new) era*; (2) *lifetime* (helzt þat allt um hans æ.); (3) *a life-story, biography* = ævi-saga (hann ritaði æ. Nóregs konunga).

ÆVI-DAGAR, m. pl. *life-days*; -LIGA, adv. *for ever*; -LIGR, a. *everlasting*; -LOK, n. pl. *life's end, death*.

ÆVIN-LENGD, f. *a life's course*; -LIGA, adv. *for ever*; -LIGR, a. *everlasting*; -RÚNAR, f. pl. *everlasting runes or mysteries*; -TRYGÐIR, f. pl. *everlasting truce* (aldrtrygðir ok -trygðir).

ÆVINTÝR, n. (1) *adventure*; vita sitt eptirkomanda ævintýr, *to know one's future lot*; (2) *tale, story*.

ÆVINTÝRR, m. = ævintýr.

ÆVI-SAGA, f. *life, biography*.

ÆZKA, f. *relationship, kinship* (vera í æzku við e-n).

ÆZKATR, pp. = ættaðr.

ÆZLI, n. *carrion*.

Œ

ŒÐA (ŒDDA, ŒDDR), v. *to make furious*; mostly refl., œðast, *to become frantic or furious* (hestrinn œddist ok sleit reipin).

ŒÐI, f. (1) *rage, fury* (R. spratt upp af œ. mikilli ok mælti); (2) *madness, frenzy*.

ŒÐI, n. *nature, disposition, mind*, also *manners* (hann hafði mjök á sér kaupmanns œ.); er þat ok ekki við þitt œ., *it does not suit thee*.

ŒÐI-FULLR, a. *furious*; -SARALIGR, a. = -fullr; -STORMR, m. *furious gale*; -STRAUMR, m. *furious current*; -VEÐR, n. = -stormr; -VERKR, m. *furious pain*; -VINDR, m. = -veðr.

ŒÐR, a. *that may be waded, fordable*, = vœðr (áin var eigi œð).

ŒÐRI, a. compar., ŒZTR, a. superl. *higher, highest*; (1) *in a local sense*; uppi ok niðri leitaða ek œðra vegar, *up and down I sought for the higher road*; œðra öndvegi, œðri bekkr, *the upper high-seat, higher bench*, opp. to úœðra ö., úœðri b., *the lower high-seat or bench*; (2) fig. *higher (highest) in rank* or *dignity* (tólf hofgoðar vóru œztir).

ŒFI-MAÐR, m. *man of violence*.

ŒFR, a. *vehement, angry, chafing* (var þá konungar svá œ. ok œrr, at).

ŒGI-LIGA, adv. *terribly, threateningly*; -LIGR, a. *terrible, awful*.

ŒGIR (gen. -IS), m. *frightener, terrifier* (Engla œ., gumna œ.).

ŒGIS-HEIMR, m. poet. *this world*; -HJÁLMR, m. *helmet of terror*; bera -hjálm yfir e-m, *to hold one in awe and submission*; bera -hjálm í augum, *to have a terror-striking glance*.

ŒGJA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. (1) *to make terrible, exaggerate*; mjök hafa þessir œgðir verit í frásögnum, *made more terrible than they are*; (2) *to scare, frighten*, with dat. (œgir mér ekki þetta fégjald); impers., e-m œgir, *one is afraid* (er eigi þat, at þér œgi við mik at berjast?); (3) *to threaten*; hón œgði mér af afbrýði, *she threatened me in her jealousy*; œ. e-m píslum, *to threaten with tortures*.

ŒGR, a. *terrible*, = ógurligr.

ŒLILIGR, a. *fit to be brought up*.

ŒLL, a. *fit to be fed or harboured*.

ŒMTA (-MTA, -MT), v. *to mutter* (kerlingin œmtir við innar í húsinu); œ. e-u or e-m, *to say a word to, pay attention to, take heed of*.

ŒPA (-TA, -T), v. *to cry, shout* (bónda múgurinn œpti ok kallaði, at þeir vildi hann til konungs taka); œ. upp, *to shout out*; œ. at e-m, œ. á e-n, *to call, cry out to one*; with acc., œ. heróp, sigróp, *to raise a war-cry, a shout of victory*.

ŒRA (-ÐA, -ÐR) v. *to madden, make mad* (illr andi œrði Saul); refl., œrast, *to run mad, run wild* (œrast nú hestarnir báðir).

ŒRI, a. compar. *younger* (engi maðr œ. en átján vetra gamall).

ŒRI-LIGA, adv. *furiously, madly* (láta -liga); -LIGR, a. *mad, absurd*.

ŒRINN, a. *sufficient*, = ýrinn, yfrinn (œrin var nauðsyn til þessa verks); er þat ok œrit eitt, at, *it is quite sufficient that*; œrit fagr, *fair enough* til œrins, *sufficiently*.

ŒRR, a. *mad furious* (œ. ok ørvita).

ŒRSL, n. pl. *madness, frenzy*; taka œ.,

to run mad; hann gerði þat eigi í ærslum, *in fits of madness*; stormr mikill með ærslum, *a violent gale*.

ÆRSLA, f. *madness, fury*.

ÆRELA-FULLR, a. *raging, raving* (-full grimd móður þinnar); -LÆTI, n. pl. *ravings*; -SÓTT, f. *madness*.

ÆSA (-TA, -TR), v. *to stir up, excite*; æ. úfrið, *to stir up war*; æ. e-n fram, *to egg on*; impers., æsti storminn svá, at, *the storm became so violent, that*; refl., æsast, *to be stirred up, swell* (vötn æsast, eldr æsist).

ÆSI-, with adjectives and nouns, *violently, very* (-mikill, -hvatlig); -FROST, *a sharp frost*.

ÆSI-LIGA, adv. *violently, furiously* (falla vötnin -liga); -LIGR, a. *vehement* (-lig sótt).

ÆSING, f. *vehemence, fury* (með svá miklum æsingi, at).

ÆSINGR, m. *vehemence, fury* (með svá miklum æsingi, at).

ÆSIR, m. *inciter, stirrer, ringleader*.

ÆSKA, f. *youth, childhood*.

ÆSKI-LIGA, adv. *to one's wishes*; -LIGR, a. *to be wished* (-lig hvíld); -ligr sonr, *an adopted son*.

ÆSKINGAR-SONR, m. = óskasonr.

ÆSKJA (-TA, -TR), v. *to wish* (þess æski ek, at ek óðlist ilíft elíf eptir dauðann); æ. e-m e-s (*or* e-t), *to wish a thing, for one*.

ÆSKU-ALDR, m. *youthful days or age, youth*; -BLÓMI, m. *flower of youth*; -BRAGÐ, n. *youthful trick*; -FULLR, a. *youthful*; -GLEÐI, f. *glee of youth*; -MAÐR, m. *a youth*; -MÓT, n. *youth-dress*; -SKEIÐ, n. *the prime of life*; vera af -skeiði, *to be no longer a young man*; -SYND, f. *sin of one's youth* (-syndir mínar ok óvizkur).

ÆSTR, pp. *excited, eager, ardent*; æ. á ímu, *eager for fight*; neut. æst as adv. = æsiliga.

ÆXI, n. *excrescence* (on the body).

ÆXLA (ÆXLTA or ÆXTA, ÆXLTR or ÆXTR), v. *to cause to increase* (dvergrinn lézt mega æ. sér fé af bauginum); æxti hón öldrykkjur, *she made a great ale-drinking*.

ÆXLA (AÐ), v. = æxla (æxlta).

ÆXLING, f. *increase*.

Ö, Ø

ÖÐLAST or ØÐLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to win, gain as property, get for oneself* (ef þú vill ö. ástir mínar).

ØÐLI, n. *origin, extraction*, = eðli.

ØÐLI, in the phr. at aldar øðli, *in everlasting possession*.

ÖÐLINGR, m. *a noble captain, prince*.

ÖÐRU-VÍS, -VÍSA, -VÍSI, -VÍSU, adv. *otherwise, in another manner*.

ÖFGA (AÐ), v. (1) *to reverse* (allir stafir eru öfgaðir þess nafns [Eva] ok gört af Ave); (2) *to distort, misrepresent* (ö. orð e-s).

ÖFLGAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to get strong, wax* (þá öflgaðist ágirni til fjár); ö. í móti e-m, *to rise strong against*.

ÖFLUGR, a. *strong, powerful* (mikill vexti ok ö.); leggja öfiga hönd á e-n, *to lay violent hands on one*.

ÖFLUN, f. *gain*, = aflan.

ÓFLUNAR-MAÐR, m. *a good steward*.

ØFRI, ØFSTR, see 'efri', 'efstr'.

ÖFUGR, a. (1) *turned the wrong way with the tail* or *back foremost*; ganga, hlaupa ö., *to walk, leap backward*; drepa, höggva öfgri hendi, *with the back of the hand*; (2) *unkind, harsh* (mæla öfugt orð til e-s).

ÖFUND, f. *grudge, envy, ill-will, hatred* (sakir öfundar við Nóregs konung); e-m leikr (vex) ö. á e-u, *one envies, feels envy at*; verk þat var með hinni mestu ö., *that act was the object of the greatest indignation*.

ÖFUNDA (AÐ), v. *to envy, bear a grudge against* (ö. e-n); ö. vinsæld e-s, *to envy his popularity*; ö. e-n við e-n, *to disparage one*.

ÖFUNDAR-ANDI, m. *malice*; -BLÓÐ, n. *blood shed in enmity*; -BRAGÐ, n. *malicious trick*; -FÉ, n. *money which is a cause of envy*; -FLOKKR, m. *a troop of ill-wishers* (-menn); -FULLR, a. *full of envy*; -GREIN, f. *hostile quarrel*; -KENT, a. n., e-m er -kent til e-s, *one bears malice to a person*; -KRÓKR, m. *malicious trick*; -LAUSS, a. *unenvied*; -MAÐR, m. *ill-wisher, enemy*; -MÁL, n. *slander, calumny*; -ORÐ, n. pl. *words of envy, slander*; -SAMR, a. *envious*; -VERK, n. *work of envy*; -ÞÁTTR, m. = -verk.

ÖFUND-FULLR, a. *envious*; -KENT, a. n. = öfundar-kent (e-m er -kent við e-n); -LAUSS, a. *unenvied*; -SAMLIGA, adv. *enviously*; -SAMR, a. (1) *envious*; (2) *causing envy, envied*; -SJÚKR, a. *envious, jealous*; -SÝKI, *f. envy*.

ÖFÚSA, f. *thanks, gratitude*, = aufúsa.

ÖFÚSU-GESTR, m. *a welcome guest*.

ÖGN (gen. AGNAR, pl. AGNAR, AGNIR), f. *chaff, husks* (blanda agnar ok sáðir við brauð).

ÖGR, n. *inlet, small bay*.

ØKKVINN, a. *thick, clodded* (ø. hleifr).

ÖKLA (pl. ÖKLU), n. *ankle*.

ÖKLA-ELDR, m. *a fire reaching to the ankles*; -LIÐR, m. *ankle-joint*.

ÖKUL-BRŒKR, f. pl. *breeches reaching down to the ankles*; -SKÚAÐR, pp. *wearing shoes up to the ankles*.

ÖKU-VEGR, m. *carriage road, cart road* (-vegrinn var ekki breiðr).

ÖKVISI, m., see *'aukvisi'*.

ÖL (dat. ÖLVI, gen. pl. ÖLVA), n. *ale*.

ÖL-BEKKR, m. *ale-bench, drinking-*

bench; sitja á -bekki, *to sit drinking*.

ÖL-BOGI, m., see 'ölnbogi'.

ÖL-BÚÐ, f. *ale-booth*.

ÖLD (gen. ALDAR, pl. ALDIR), f. (1) *time, age* (var ö. hans góð landsfólkinu); of allar aldir, *through all ages*; at alda øðli, *to everlasting possession, for ever*; (2) *cycle, period*; gamla ö., *the old cycle*; (3) poet., *men, people*; alda börn, *children of men*.

ÖLDR, n. (1) *ale* (drekka öldr); (2) *drinking-party* (at öldri ok at áti).

ÖLDR-MÁL, n. pl. *talk over ale*.

ÖL-DRUKKINN, pp. *drunk with ale*; -DRYKKJA, f. *ale-drinking*; -DRYKKJAR, m. pl. *drinking-mates*.

ÖLDUNGR (-S, -AR), m. (1) *elder, alderman*; *senator*; (2) *hero, champion* (mikinn öldung höfum vér hér at velli lagt); (3) *old bull*.

ÖLDUNGA-HÚÐ, f. *hide of an old bull* (hann lætr breiða eina -húð).

ÖLDUR-MAÐR, m. *alderman, man of rank*; -MANNLIGR, a. *aldermanlike, portly, venerable*.

ÖL-EYSILL, m. *ale-ladle*; -FÖNG, n. pl. *ale-stores*; -GÖGN, n. pl. *drinking vessels*; -GØRÐ, f. *ale making, brewing*.

ÖLGØRÐAR-MAÐR, m. *brewer*.

ÖL-HITA, f. *ale-brewing*; -HORN, n. *alehorn, drinking-horn*; -KÁTR, a. *merry with ale*; -KELDA, f. *mineral well*; -KER, n. *ale-cask*; -KJÓLL, m. *ale-cauldron*; -KRÁSIR, f. *ale-dainties*.

ÖLLUNGIS, adv. *altogether, quite*.

ÖL-MÁL, n. pl. *talk over ale, table-talk*; -MÓÐR, a. *dull with drink*.

ÖLMUSA, f. (1) *alms, charity* (gera. e-m ölmusu); (2) *imbecile person* (eru þér þó ölmusur hjá mér).

ÖLMUSU-BARN, n. *pauper child*; -GJARN, a. *charitable*; -GJÖF, f. *alms-giving*; -GÓÐR, a. = -gjarn; -GŒÐI, f. *charitableness*; -KONA, f. *poor woman*; -MAÐR, m. *almsman*; -MOLI, m. *crumb of charity* (þurfandi -mola).

ÖL-MÆLI, n. = ölmál, öldrmál.

ÖLN (gen. ALNAR, pl. ALNAR, ALNIR), f. (1) *fore-arm*; (2) *cubit, ell*.

ÖLNBOGA-BÓT, f. *the hollow of the arm*; cf. 'knésbót'.

ÖLN-BOGI, m. *elbow*.

ÖL-ÓÐR, a. *drunk* (hann varð -óðr).

ÖLR, a. *drunk* (ö. ek varð).

ÖLR, m. *alder-tree*, = elrir.

ÖL-REIFR, a. = -kátr; -RÚNAR, f. pl. a kind of *runes*; -SELJA, f. *a female cup-bearer*; -SIÐR, m. *a custom at a drinking-party*; -SKÁL, f. *ale-cup*; -STOFA, f. *ale-room, drinking-hall*.

ÖLSTR, n. *alder-bush (?)*.

ÖL-TEITI, f. *cheer, merriment, over drink*; -TEITR, a. = -kátr; -TÓL, n. *drinking-vessel*.

ÖL-ÚÐ, f. *sincerity, affection*; taka við e-m með -úð, *to give one a hearty reception*; veita með -úð, *to give hospitable treatment*.

ÖLÚÐAR-VIN, m. *sincere friend*.

ÖLVAÐR, pp. *worse for drink, tipsy*.

ÖL-VÆRÐ, f. = ölúð (taka við e-m með -værð); -VÆRLIGA, adv. *heartily*; -VÆRR, a. *affectionate, kind*.

ÖMBUN, f. *payment for service reward, return* (ef þeir mætti hafa ö. erfiðis síns).

ÖMBUNA (AÐ), *v. to reward, make a return for* (ö. e-m e-t).

ÖMBUNARI, m. *rewarder*.

ÖMSTR, m. *stack, rick*, = amstr.

ÖMURLIGR, a. *detestable, disgusting*.

ÖND, f. *porch*, = anddyri.

ÖND (gen. ANDAR, pl. ENDR and ANDIR), f. *duck* (fundu þeir þar andir

margar; endr ok elptr).

ÖND (gen. ANDAR, dat. ÖND and ÖNDU; pl. ANDIR), f. (1) *breath*; draga öndina, *to draw breath*; verpa, varpa öndu, *to draw a sigh*; (2) *breath, life*; týna öndu, *to lose breath, die*; fara öndu e-s, *to put to death*; (3) *soul*; fela guði ö. sína á hendi, *to give over one's soul into God's hands*.

ÖND- = and-, before v and u.

ÖNDÓTTR, a. *fiery, awful*, of the eyes.

ÖNDUGI, n. *the high-seat*, = öndvegi.

ÖNDURÐR, a. = öndverðr.

ÖNDURR, m. = andri.

ÖND-VEGI, n. *high-seat* (sitja í -vegi).

ÖNDVEGIS-HÖLDR, -MAÐR, m. *the man sitting in the high-seat* (öndvegi) *opposite to the lord of the house, the king's first man*; -SÚLA, f. *high-seat post or pillar*.

ÖND-VERÐA, f. *beginning* (fyrir -verðu heims þessa); -VERÐLIGA, adv. *early, at the outset*; -VERÐR and -URÐR, a. (1) *standing face to face* (-urðir skulu ernir klóast); (2) *lying in front*; í -urðri fylkingu, *in the front of the battalion*; (3) of time, *coming first, earlier, former* (part of a period); á -verðum vetri, *in the beginning of the winter*; bæði -verðar nætr ok ofan-verðar, *both in the beginning and end of the night*; af -verðu, *from the beginning*; fyrir -verðu, *at the outset*.

ØNGD, f. *strait, affliction*.

ÖNG-, ØNG-LEIKI, m. *straitness, narrowness*; -LIGA, adv. *in straits* (-liga staddr).

ØNGR (acc. -VAN), pron. *none*, = engi.

ÖNGR and ØNGR, a. *narrow, strait*.

ÖNGULL (pl. ÖNGLAR), m. *fish-hook*.

ØNGVA (-ÐA, -ÐR), v. *to straiten, oppress* (ø. e-m).

ÖNGVA (AÐ), v. *to press* (ö. saman).

ÖNGVAR, f. pl. *straits*; aka ór öngum, *to get out of a strait*.

ØNGVING, f. *distress, affliction*.

ÖNG-VIT, n. *fainting-fit, swoon*, = úvit (falla í -vit); -VÆRR, a. *in anguish, distressed*; -ÞVEITI, n. *straits*; koma í -þveiti, *to get into a strait*.

ÖNN (gen. ANNAR, pl. ANNIR), f. (1) *work, business, trouble*; harin var í mikilli ö., *very busy*; fá e-m ö., *to give one trouble*; (2) pl. annir, *working season*, esp. *the hay-making season* (en þetta var of annir).

ÖNN, f. for 'önd' = anddyri (?).

ÖNN-KOSTR, m., in the phrase, fyrir -kost, *intentionally, purposely*; sigla skipi á sker fyrir -kost, *to run a ship ashore purposely*.

ÖNNUGR, a. *busy* (ö. í e-u).

ÖNNUNGR, m. *labourer, toiler*.

ÖNNUNGS-VERK, n. *hard work*.

ÖR (gen. -VAR, pl. -VAR), f. *arrow*; skjóta öru, *to shoot an arrow*; frequently used as a token sent round to summon a meeting (skera ör, skera ör upp); cf. 'herör'.

ØR-, a prefixed particle, prop. = ór; also spelt eyr-, er- (eyrendi, erendi).

ØR-BJARGA, a. indecl. *helpless*.

ÖRÐ (gen. ARÐAR), f. *crop, produce*.

ÖRÐGA or ÖRGA (AÐ), v. *to raise, lift* (ö. augum); örðgast upp sem leo, *to rise to one's feet like a lion*.

ÖRÐIGR, a. (1) *erect, upright, rising on end*; ríss hestrinn ö. undir honum, *the horse rears under him*; (2) fig. *difficult, arduous* (en hitt mun mér örðigra þykkja at lúta til Selþóris); (3) *harsh, hard* (sumt þykkir heldr örðigt í orðum konungs).

ÖR-DRAG, n. *arrow-shot*, used to express distance (Sveinki mun eigi flýja eitt -drag).

ØR-EIGÐ, f. *utter poverty, destitution*; -EIGI, m. *indigent (destitute) person*; a. indecl. *destitute, poor*; -EIGN, f. = -eigð

(öreignarinnar eldr).

ØR-ENDI (from 'ør' and 'önd'), n. (1) *breath*; e-n þrýtr -endit, *one's breath fails, one loses breath*; Þórr þreytir á drykkjuna, sem honum vannst til -endi, *Thor drank hard while his breath lasted*; (2) *strophe, stanza* (of a poem); cf. 'erendi, eyrendi, eyrindi'; -ENDR, a. *having breathed one's last, dead* (hón hné í fang bónda sínum ok var þá -end); cf. 'eyrendr'.

ÖR-FALR, m. *socket of an arrow-head*.

ØR-FERÐ, f. *fate, doom*; -FIRI, n., -FJARA, f. *an out-going, ebbing*.

ÖRGA (AÐ), v. = örðga (ö. augunum).

ØR-GÁTI, m. *cheer, fare*.

ÖRGLAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to rise up* (hann örgiaðist þegar á fœtr).

ØR-GRYNNI, n. *countless multitude*, = úgrynni; -HILPR, a. *helpless*; -JARTA, a. indecl. *out of heart, having lost heart*; -HÓF, -HŒFI, n. = -óf, -œfi.

ÖRK (gen. ARKAR and ERKR, pl. ARKIR), f. (1) *ark, chest* (gengr Vigdís inn ok til erkr þeirar, er Þ. átti); (2) *coffin*.

ÖRKU-FÓTR, m. *the foot of a chest*.

ØRKN, n. a kind of *seal*.

ØR-KOLA, a. indecl. *burnt out*; fig., verðr -kola fyrir mörgum, *many are at the end of their resources*; -KOSTA, f. *good fare, provisions*; -KOSTR, m. (1) *resource, means*; (2) *abundance* (-kostr hvera); -KUML, -KUMBL, n. *lasting scar, bodily blemish, maiming, mutilation* (lifa við -kuml); -KUMLA (AÐ), v. *to maim, mutilate*; -kumlaðr maðr, *a maimed invalid*.

ØRKUMLA-LAUSS, a. *unmaimed, unblemished*; sá maðr féll ok varð aldri -lauss meðan hann lifði, *he was ever after a cripple so long as he lived*; -MAÐR, m. = ørkumlaðr maðr.

ØR-KUNNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to degenerate*; -KYMSL, n. *maim* = -kuml; -KYNJA, a. indecl. *degenerate*; -KYNJAST (AÐ), v. *to degenerate* (-kynjazt hefir þú ok afspringi föður þíns með þér).

ØRLAGS-ÞRÁÐR, m. *thread of life*.

ÖR-LÁTR, a. *open-handed*; -LEIKR, m. *liberality, munificence*.

ØR-LENDAST, -LENDIS, -LENDR, a., see 'erlendast', &c.

ÖR-LIGA, adv. *largely, abundantly*; -LIGR, a. *abundant* (-ligr ávöxtr); -LYNDI, f. *bountiful mind*; -LYNDR, a. (1) *bountiful, liberal, free-handed*; (2) *impetuous, headstrong*; -LÆTI, n. *liberality, charitableness*.

ØR-LYGI, n. *fight, war*; -LÖG, n. pl. *fate, doom, fortunes* (segja fyrir, sjá fyrir, -lög manna); þat er likast, at liðin sé min -lög, *that my life-time is at an end*; ef nornir ráða -lögum manna, *if the Norms rule over the fortunes of men*.

ØRLÖG-LAUSS, a. *futureless, with fortune still undecided*; -SÍMU, n. pl., -ÞÆTTIR, m. pl. *threads, strands of fate* (snøru af afli -þáttu).

ÖR-MALR, m. *arrow-case, quiver*.

ÖR-MÁLUGR, a. *hasty of speech*.

ØR-MUL, n. pl. *remnants, traces* (engi -mul fundust af Háreki).

ÖR-MÆLIR, m. *quiver*, = örva-mælir.

ÖRN (gen. ARNAR, pl. ERNIR, acc. ÖRNU), m. *eagle* (gunni at heyja ok glaða örnu).

ØRNA, gen. pl.; see 'erendi'.

ØR-NAFN, -NEFNI, n. *local name* (hann skyldi af hans nafni ørnefni gefa).

ÖR-OÐR, a. *hasty of speech, frank, outspoken*, = örmálugr.

ØR-ÓF, n. *immensity* (-óf manna ok vápna); -ófi vetra áðr væri jörð of sköpuð, *winters unnumbered ere earth was fashioned*.

ØRR, n. *scar* (hann hafði ø. í andliti).

ÖRR (acc. ÖRVAN), a. (1) *swift, ready*; neut., ört, *fast*; ísinn rak svá ört, at, *the ice drifted so fast, that*; (2) *liberal, open-handed* (allra manna örvastr); neut., ört, *fully, quite*; eigi ört hálfr fjórði tugr manna, *not quite thirty-five men*; (3) *active, energetic*.

ØRRÓTTR, a. *scarred, covered with scars* (hendr ørróttar).

ØR-SAUÐI, a. *sheepless*, = sauðlauss; -SEKR, a. *'clear of guilt', free*; -SKAMMA, a. indecl. *shameless, unblushing*; -SKEMD, f. *a great shame, disgrace*; -SKEMMILIGA, adv. *shamelessly, unblushingly*.

ØRSKIPTA-MAÐR, m. *an eccentric, overbearing person*.

ØR-SKIPTI, n. pl. *eccentricity, strange affairs*; segja frá nökkurs konar -skiptum, *to relate strange things*.

ÖR-SKOT, n. *arrow-shot*, = -drag.

ÖRSKOTS-HELGR, f. *asylum or sanctuary within arrow-shot*; -LENGD, f. *range of an arrow*.

ÖR-SKREIÐR, a. *swift-gliding*, of a ship (skipin vóru örskreið).

ØR-TAKA, a. indecl. *losing one's grasp*; verða -taka, *to lose hold*.

ØRTOG, f. *an old Norse weight*, = *a third part of an ounce* (eyrir).

ØR-UGGA (AÐ), v. *to comfort*; -ugga sik, *to cheer one's heart, take heart*.

ØRUGG-LEIKR, m. (1) *security, confidence*; (2) *fearlessness*; -LIGA, adv. *unfailingly, without fear, boldly*.

ØR-UGGR, a. (1) *out of danger, safe, secure*; (2) *fearless, undaunted* (-uggr í framgöngu); (3) *resolved* (þeir vóru -uggir í því at firrast Nóreg sem mest); (4) *trusty, to be relied on* (gefið eignir þeim, sem yör eru -uggir); of things, *safe* (-uggr íss, -uggt fylgsni).

ÖRVA (AÐ), v. *to incite*.

ÖRVA-DRIF, n., -DRIFA, f, *shower of arrows*; -FLUG, n. *flight of arrows*; -MALR, -MELR, -MÆLIR, m. *quiver*.

ÖRVAR-BOÐ, n. *a message or summons by an arrow*; -DRAG, n. = ördrag; -OÐR, m. *arrow-point, arrow-head*; -SKAPT, n. *shaft of an arrow*; -SKOT, n. = örskot; -SKURÐR, m. *despatching an arrow-message*; -ÞING, n. *an assembly summoned by means of an arrow-message*.

ØR-VASI, a. *decrepit, worn out* (gamall ok allnær -vasi at aldri); á -vasa aldri, *in one's old age*.

ØRVENDR, a. *left-handed* (ø. maðr).

ØR-VERPI, n. *decrepitude* (?).

ØR-VILNAN, f. *despair, despondency*; -VILNAST (AÐ), v. refl. *to despair* (-vilnast e-s); -VITI, a. *out of one's senses, frantic, mad*; banvænn ok nær -viti, *sinking fast and well-nigh senseless*; -VINAN, f. *vinegar*; -VÆNA, f. *anything beyond hope*; mér er Sveins á engri stundu -væna, *I may expect S. at any time*; -VÆNI, n. *'non-expectation'*; vissi engi hans náttstað, ok engi hans -væni, *nobody knew when he might not be expected, no one fell safe from him*; -VÆNLIGA, adv. *feignedly*; láta -vænliga, *to feign, make believe*; -VÆNN, a. *beyond expectation, past hope*; fyrir hann var einskis -vænt, *anything might be expected from him*; eigi er -vænt, at, *it is not unlikely, it is to be looked for, that* (eigi er -vænt, at skjótt steypist hans riki); -VÆNTA (-NTA, -NT), v. *to despair*, with gen.; einskis ills -vænti ek fyrir yðr, *there is no wicked thing that may not be expected from you*; -vænta sér e-s, *to despair of*; refl., -væntast e-s = -vænta sér e-s; -VÆNTAN, f. *despair, hopelessness*; -VÆTTA, v. =

-vænta (Danir ørvæntu sér sigrs).

ØRÞRIF-RÁÐA, a. indecl. *destitute of expedients, at a loss what to do* (Vagn verðr eigi -ráða).

ØRÞRIFS-RÁÐI, a. = ørþrifráða.

ØR-ŒFI, n. *an open, harbourless coastland* (fyrir hafnleysis sakir ok -œfis).

ÖSKRA (AÐ), v. *to roar, bellow*.

ÖSKRAN, f. *roaring, bellowing*.

ÖSKRAN-LIGR, a. *horrible*, = öskur-ligr (óp mikit ok -ligt).

ÖSKU-, gen. from 'aska'; -BAKAÐR, pp. *baked in ashes*; -DAGR, m. *Ash Wednesday*; -DREIFÐR, pp. *besprinkled with ashes*; -DYNGJA, f. *heap of ashes*; -FALL, n. *fall of ashes* (from a volcano); -FÖLR, a. *ash-pale, pale as ashes*; -HAUGR, m. = -dyngja; -ÓÐINS-DAGR, m. = -dagr.

ÖSKUR-LIGA, adv. *horribly, hideously* (œpa -liga); -LIGR, a. *hideous, terrible* (belja -ligri röðu).

ÖSLA (AÐ) v. *to wade or splash* (hón öslar aptr til meginlands).

ÖSNU-LIGR, a. *like a she-ass*; -ligr kvernsteinn, *the upper mill-stone* (mola asinaria).

ÖSP (gen. ASPAR, pl. ASPIR), f. *aspen-tree* (einstœð sem ö. í holti).

ÖTU-FŒRR, a. *able to fight*, of a horse.

ØX (gen. ØXAR, EXAR, dat. and acc. ØXI, EXI, pl. ØXAR, EXAR), f. *axe* (hann hafði í hendi øxi mikla).

ØXA (AÐ), v. *to cut or shape with an axe* (ø. kirkjuvið).

ØXAR-EGG, f. *edge of an axe*; -HAMARR, m. *back of an axe*.

ØXARHAMARS-HÖGG, n. *a blow with the back of an axe*.

ØXAR-HYRNA, f. *the hooked point of an axe-blade*; -SKAPT, n. *handle of an axe*; -TÁLGA, f. *cutting with an axe* (hvárki hamarshögg né -tálga).

ØXA-TRÉ, n. *a beam on the house-wall for hanging up axes*.

ÖXL (gen. AXLAR, pl. AXLIR), f. (1) *shoulder-joint, shoulder* (hendr blóðgar upp til axla); hann hafði øxi um öxl, *he carried an axe over his shoulder*; sat Þorkell upp við ö., *TH. sat half up, leaning on his arm*; líta um ö., *to look over one's shoulder*; (2) fig. *the shoulder of a mountain* (en er þeir kömu inn fyrir öxlina); (3) *axel* = öxull.

ØXN, m. pl., see 'oxi'.

ÖXULL, m. *axle* (himinn sýnist um þær veltast sem hvel um öxul).

ÖXUL-TRÉ, n. *axle-tree*.